# **Ephedra**

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EPHEDRA - EPHEDRA SINICA Help on accessing alternative formats, such as Portable Document Format ( PDF), Microsoft Word and PowerPoint (PPT) files, can be obtained in the alternate format help section. (PDF Version - X KB) This monograph is intended to serve as a guide to industry for the preparation of Product Licence Applications (PLAs) and labels for natural health product market authorization. It is not intended to be a comprehensive review of the medicinal ingredient. Notes Text in parentheses is additional optional information which can be included on the PLA and product label at the applicant's discretion. The solidus (/) indicates that the terms and/or statements are synonymous. Either term or statement may be selected by the applicant. Compliance with Precursor Control Regulations: The Precursor Control Regulations (PCR) (JC 2019) allows Canada to fulfill its international obligations with respect to the United Nations Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances, 1988, and provides a framework for the regulation of activities involving precursor chemicals which can be used in the production of illicit drugs and substances. Under the PCR, regulated chemicals are grouped into two classes: Class A and Class B. For Class A precursors such as ephedra, ephedrine, and/or products containing them, persons wishing to be involved in activities such as importation, exportation, production, packaging, selling, and/or providing must first obtain a licence. Further information regarding compliance with the PCR, including application forms and guidance documents pertaining to the application for a Class A precursor licence, is available at: http://www.healthcanada.gc.ca/precursors. Date August 5, 2019 Proper name(s), Common name(s), Source material(s) Table 1. Proper name(s), Common name(s), Source material(s) Proper name(s) Common name(s) Source material(s) Proper name(s) Part(s) Preparation Ephedra sinica Cao ma-huang Chinese ephedra Chinese joint-fir Ephedra Ma-huang Ephedra sinica Branch Branchlet Stem Dried References: Proper name: USDA 2019, McGuffin et al. 2000; Common names: USDA 2019, Brinker 2010, Blumenthal et al. 2000, McGuffin et al. 2000; Source materials: Hoffman 2003, DerMarderosian and Beutler 2002, Blumenthal et al. 2000, Liguo et al. 1999. Route of Administration Oral Dosage Form(s) This monograph excludes foods or food-like dosage forms as indicated in the Compendium of Monographs Guidance Document. Acceptable dosage forms for the age category listed in this monograph and specified route of administration are indicated in the Compendium of Monographs Guidance Document. Use(s) or Purpose(s) Used in Herbal Medicine as a decongestant/to relieve nasal congestion (due to hay fever/allergic rhinitis/allergies/sinusitis/the common cold/flu) (Mills and Bone 2005; Mehendale et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Blumenthal et al. 2000; BHP 1983). Dose(s) Subpopulation(s) Adults 18 years and older Quantity(ies) Methods of preparation: Standardized extracts Extract providing 8 - 32 milligrams of I-Ephedrine, per day; Not to exceed 8 milligrams of I-Ephedrine per single dose; and Quantity crude equivalent 400 - 1,600 milligrams of dried branchlet and/or branch, and/or stem, per day (HC 2008; HC 2007; MHRA 2005; US FDA 2004; Pickup et al. 1976). Direction(s) for use No statement required. Duration(s) of Use Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician for use beyond 7 days (Mills and Bone 2005; US FDA 2004; Blumenthal et al 2000). Risk Information Caution(s) and warning(s) Keep out of reach of children. Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician if symptoms persist or worsen. Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are pregnant or breastfeeding (Hackman et al. 2006; Kuczkowski 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Coffey et al. 2004; Greenway et al. 2004; Haller et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Boozer et al. 2002; Boozer et al. 2001; Brinker 2001; Kalman et al. 2000). Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are taking medication and/or natural health products for allergy symptoms, asthma, cough/cold, or weight control (Hackman et al. 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Naik and Freudenberger 2004; Boozer et al. 2002; Boozer et al. 2001). Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are taking other products containing caffeine, ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine (Brinker 2010; Hackman et al. 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Greenway et al. 2004; Naik and Freudenberger 2004; Boozer et al. 2002; Brinker 2001; Haller and Benowitz 2000; Kalman et al. 2000). Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you have a cardiovascular disease, diabetes, difficulty in urination due to prostate enlargement, glaucoma, thyroid problems, seizure disorders, or pre-existing psychiatric

conditions (Brinker 2010; Hackman et al. 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Bensky et al. 2004; Coffey et al. 2004; Greenway et al. 2004; Haller et al. 2004; Hioki et al. 2004; Mehendale et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Williamson 2003; Boozer et al. 2002; Boozer et al. 2001; Brinker 2001; Blumenthal et al. 2000; Kalman et al. 2000; BHP 1983). Contraindication(s) Do not use this product if you are taking or have taken monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors in the past two weeks (Brinker 2010; Greenway et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Brinker 2001; Blumenthal et al. 2000; Kalman et al. 2000; Dingemanse et al. 1996; Dawson et al. 1995; Elis et al. 1967). Known adverse reaction(s) Stop use in case of restlessness, irritability, dizziness, tremors, severe headache, insomnia, loss of appetite, nausea, rapid heartbeat, shortness of breath, and/or disturbance of urination (Bensky et al. 2004; Mehendale et al. 2004; Shekelle et al. 2003; Boozer et al. 2001; McGuffin et al. 1997; Astrup et al. 1992). Non-medicinal ingredients Must be chosen from the current Natural Health Products Ingredients Database (NHPID) and must meet the limitations outlined in the database. Storage conditions Store protected from light and moisture (BP 2009; USP 32 2009; Ph. Eur. 2007). Specifications The finished product specifications must be established in accordance with the requirements described in the Natural and Non-prescription Health Products Directorate (NNHPD) Quality of Natural Health Products Guide. The medicinal ingredient must comply with the requirements outlined in the NHPID. References Cited Astrup A, Buemann B, Christensen N J, Toubro S, Thorbek G, Victor O J, Quaade F. 1992. The effect of ephedrine/caffeine mixture on energy expenditure and body composition in obese women. Metabolism 41(7):686-688. Bensky D, Clavey S, Stoger E, Gamble A. 2004. Chinese Herbal Medicine: Materia Medica, 3rd edition. Seattle (WA): Eastland Press. 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Available from: https://npgsweb.ars-grin.gov/gringlobal/taxonomydetail.aspx?15236#common US FDA 2004: United States Food and Drug Administration. Final Rules Declaring Dietary Supplements Containing Ephedrine Alkaloids Adulterated Because They Present an Unreasonable Risk; Final Rule [online]. Federal Register, Volume 69, Number 28, February 11, 2004, Rules and Regulations, Docket Number 1995N-0304. Rockville (MD): United States Department of Health and Human Services, U.S. Food and Drug Administration. [Accessed 2019 June 21]. Available from: https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2004-02-11/pdf/04-2912.pdf USP 32: United States Pharmacopeial Convention. 2009. United States Pharmacopeia and the National Formulary (USP 32 - NF 27). Rockville (MD): The United States Pharmacopeial Convention. Williamson EM. 2003. Potter's Herbal Cyclopaedia: The Authoritative Reference Work on Plants with a Known Medical Use. Saffron Walden (GB): The C.W. Daniel Company Limited. 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http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fniah-spnia/nihb-ssna/provide-fournir/pharma-prod/med-list/04-00-eng.php HC Health Canada Guidance Document: Nonprescription oral paediatric cough and cold labelling standard. Health Products and Food Branch (HPFB). Ottawa (ON): Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada. HC 2009: Natural Health Products Ingredients Database. Ingredient Search: ephed [online]. Ottawa (ON). Natural Health Products Directorate, Health Canada. [Accessed 2009 November 27]. Available from: http://webprod.hc-sc.gc.ca/nhpid-bdipsn/ingredsReq?srchRchTxt=ephed&srchRchRole=-1■=eng Herridge CF, a'Brook MF. 1968. Ephedrine psychosis. British Medical Journal 2:160. Hutchins GM. 2001. Correspondence: Dietary supplements containing ephedra alkaloids. The New England Journal of Medicine 344(14):1094-1100. IOM 2002: Institute of Medicine. 2002. Dietary Reference Intakes for Energy, Carbohydrate, Fiber, Fat, Fatty Acids, Cholesterol, Protein, and Amino Acids. Washington (DC): The National Academy of Sciences. Jacobs KM, Hirsch KA. 2000. Psychiatric Complications of Ma-Huang. Psychosomatics 41(1):58-62. Katz JL. 2000. A psychotic manic state induced by an herbal preparation. Psychosomatics 41 (1):73. Kim HK, Choi YH, Chang WT, Verpoorte R. 2003. Quantitative analysis of ephedrine analogues from ephedra species using 1H-NMR. Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin 51(12):1382-1385. Kitani Y, Zhu S, Omote T, Tanaka K, Batkhuu J, Sanchir C, Fushimi H, Mikage M, Komatsu K. 2009. Molecular analysis and chemical evaluation of ephedra plants in Mongolia. Biological & Pharmaceutical Bulletin 32 (7):1235-1243. Laitinen LA, Empey DW, Bye C, Britton MG, McDonnell K, Hughes DTD. 1982. A comparison of the bronchodilator action of pseudoephedrine and ephedrine in patients with reversible airway obstruction. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology 23:107-109. Lake CR, Tenglinet R, Chernow B, Holloway, H. 1983. Psychomotor stimulant-induced mania in a genetically predisposed patient: a review of the literature and report of a case. Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology 3(2):97-100. Lambert MT. 1987. Paranoid psychoses after abuse of proprietary cold remedies. British Journal of Psychiatry 151:548-550. Maglione M, Miotto K, Iguchi M, Jungvig L, Morton SC, Shekelle PG. 2005. Psychiatric effects of ephedra use: an analysis of Food and Drug Administration reports of adverse events. American Journal of Psychiatry 62(1):189-191. MHRA 2009: MHRA Public Assessment Report - Controlling the risk of misuse of medicines containing pseudoephedrine and ephedrine. 2009. London (GB): Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency. Miller SC, Waite C. 2003. Ephedrine-type alkaloid-containing dietary supplements and substance dependence. Psychosomatics 44(6):508-511. Mills S. Bone K. 2000. Principles and Practice of Phytotherapy. Toronto (ON): Churchill Livingstone. Mizoguchi H. Wilson A, Jerdack GR, Hull JD, Goodale M, Grender JM, Tyler BA. 2007. Efficacy of a single evening dose of syrup containing paracetamol, dextromethorphan hydrobromide, doxylamine succinate and ephedrine sulfate in subjects with multiple common cold symptoms. International Journal of Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics 45(4):230-236. Munns GF, Aldrich CA. 1927. Ephedrine in the treatment of bronchial asthma in children. Journal of the American Medical Association 88(16):1233. Nadir A, Agrawal S, King PD, Marshall JB. 1996. Acute hepatitis associated with the use of a Chinese herbal product, Ma-huang. American Journal of Gastroenterology 91(7):1436-1438. NAPRA 2009: Outline of National Drug Schedules. Search: ephedr [online]. Ottawa (ON). National Association of Pharmacy Regulatory Authorities. [Accessed 2009 December 17]. Available from: http://napra.ca/pages/Schedules/Search.aspx NLM 2009: United States National Library of Medicine. ChemIDplus Advanced [online]. 2009. Search terms: Pseudoephedrine, Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride, Pseudoephedrine Sulfate. Bethseda (MD): Specialized Information Services, United States National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, United States Department of Health & Human Services. [Accessed 2009 November 20]. Available from: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/NLM /chemidheavy.jsp O'Neil MJ, Smith A, Heckelman PE, Budavari S, editors. 2009. The Merck Index [Online]: An Encyclopedia of Chemicals, Drugs, and Biologicals, 14th edition. Whitehouse Station (NJ): Merck & Co., Inc. [Accessed 2010 Available 01].

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Huang, an herbal source of Ephedrine. Mayo Clinic Proceedings 77:12-16. Shekelle PG, Hardy ML, Morton SC, Maglione M, Mojica WA, Suttorp MJ, Rhodes SL, Jungvig L, Gagné J. 2003. Efficacy and safety of ephedra and ephedrine for weight loss and athletic performance: a meta-analysis. Journal of the American Medical Association 289(12):1537-1545. Slodki SJ, Montgomery CA. 1965. Clinical comparison of Oxymetazoline and Ephedrine in nasal congestion. Current Therapeutic Research, Clinical and Experimental 7:19-22. Song HJ, Shim KN, Ryu KH, Kim TH, Jung SA, Yoo K. 2008. A case of ischemic colitis associated with the herbal food supplement ma huang. Yonsei Medical Journal 49(3):496-499. TGA 2008: Australian Therapeutic Goods Administration. Personal Import Scheme for Unapproved Medicines [online]. Symonston (AU): Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing, Therapeutic Goods Administration. [Accessed 2009 November 23]. Available from: http://www.tga.gov.au/import/persimp.htm Theoharides TC. 1997. Sudden death of a healthy college student related to ephedrine toxicity from a Ma Huang-containing drink. Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology 17(5) 437-439. UMC 1997: Uppsala Monitoring Centre. WHO Collaborating Centre for International Drug Monitoring. ADRAC Bulletin, Volume 16, Number 4, November 1997. [Accessed 2009] November 20] Available from: http://www.who-umc.org/DynPage.aspx?id=14325 US FDA 1993: United States Food and Drug Administration. Cold, Cough, Allergy, Bronchodilator and Antiasthematic Drug Products for Over-the-Counter Human Use; Amendment of Final Monograph for OTC Bronchodilator Drug Products [online]. Federal Register, Volume 58, Number 201, October 20,1993, Final Rule. Docket Number 91N-0323. Rockville (MD): Department of Health and Human Services, U.S. Food and Drug Administration. [Accessed 2009 November 23]. Available from: http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/Developme ntResources/Over-the-CounterOTCDrugs/StatusofOTCRulemakings/ucm116064.pdf US FDA 1997: United States Food and Drug Administration. Dietary Supplements Containing Ephedrine Alkaloids [online]. Federal Register, Volume 62, Number 107, June 4,1997, Proposed Rule. Docket Number 95N-0304. Rockville (MD): Department of Health and Human Services, U.S. Food and Drug Administration. [Accessed 2009 November 23]. Available from: http://frwebgate1.access.gpo.gov/cgi-bin/TEXTgate.cgi?WAISdocID=999886443355+0+1+ 0&WAISaction=retrieve Vahedi K, Domigo V, Amarenco P, Bousser MG. 2000. Ischaemic stroke in a sportsman who consumed MaHuang extract and creatine monohydrate for body building. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery, and Psychiatry 68:112-113. Walton R, Manos GH. 2003. Psychosis related to Ephedra-containing herbal supplement use. Southern Medical Journal 96(7):718-20. White LM, Gardner SF, Gurley BJ, Marx MA, Wang PL, Estes M. 1997. Pharmacokinetics and cardiovascular effects of ma huang (Ephedra sinica) in normotensive adults. The Journal of Clinical Pharmacology 37:116-122. Whitehouse AM, Duncan JM. 1987. Ephedrine psychosis rediscovered. British Journal of Psychiatry 150:258-261. Whitfield AGW, Arnott WM, Waterhouse JAH. 1950. The effect of Ephedrine in asthma and emphysema. Quarterly Journal of Medicine 19(76): 319-326. Wingert WE, Mundy LA, Collins GL, Chmara ES. 2007. Possible role of pseudoephedrine and other over-the-counter cold medications in the deaths of very young children. Journal of Forensic Science 52(2):487-490. Zahn K, Li R, Purssell R. 1999. Cardiovascular toxicity after ingestion of "Herbal Ecstacy." The Journal of Emergency Medicine 17(2):289-291. Report a problem on this page Date modified: 2019-03-01

# **MEDICINAL INGREDIENT(S)**

Must be chosen from the current Natural Health Products Ingredients Database (NHPID) and must meet the limitations outlined in the database. Storage conditions Store protected from light and moisture (BP 2009; USP 32 2009; Ph. Eur. 2007).

## **DOSAGE FORM(S)**

Acceptable dosage forms for the age category listed in this monograph and specified route of administration are indicated in the Compendium of Monographs Guidance Document.

Caution(s) and warning(s) Keep out of reach of children. Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician if symptoms persist or worsen. Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are pregnant or breastfeeding (Hackman et al. 2006; Kuczkowski 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Coffey et al. 2004; Greenway et al. 2004; Haller et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Boozer et al. 2002; Boozer et al. 2001; Brinker 2001; Kalman et al. 2000). Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are taking medication and/or natural health products for allergy symptoms, asthma, cough/cold, or weight control (Hackman et al. 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Naik and Freudenberger 2004; Boozer et al. 2002; provider/health 2001).Consult a health care practitioner/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are taking other products containing caffeine, ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine (Brinker 2010; Hackman et al. 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Greenway et al. 2004; Naik and Freudenberger 2004; Boozer et al. 2002; Brinker 2001; Haller and Benowitz 2000; Kalman et al. 2000). Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you have a cardiovascular disease, diabetes, difficulty in urination due to prostate enlargement, glaucoma, thyroid problems, seizure disorders, or pre-existing psychiatric conditions (Brinker 2010; Hackman et al. 2006; Mills and Bone 2005; Bensky et al. 2004; Coffey et al. 2004; Greenway et al. 2004; Haller et al. 2004; Hioki et al. 2004; Mehendale et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Williamson 2003; Boozer et al. 2002; Boozer et al. 2001; Brinker 2001; Blumenthal et al. 2000; Kalman et al. 2000; BHP 1983). Contraindication(s) Do not use this product if you are taking or have taken monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors in the past two weeks (Brinker 2010; Greenway et al. 2004; Hoffman 2003; Brinker 2001; Blumenthal et al. 2000; Kalman et al. 2000; Dingemanse et al. 1996; Dawson et al. 1995; Elis et al. 1967). Known adverse reaction(s) Stop use in case of restlessness, irritability, dizziness, tremors, severe headache, insomnia, loss of appetite, nausea, rapid heartbeat, shortness of breath, and/or disturbance of urination (Bensky et al. 2004; Mehendale et al. 2004; Shekelle et al. 2003; Boozer et al. 2001; McGuffin et al. 1997; Astrup et al. 1992).

### **NON-MEDICINAL INGREDIENTS**

Must be chosen from the current Natural Health Products Ingredients Database (NHPID) and must meet the limitations outlined in the database. Storage conditions Store protected from light and moisture (BP 2009; USP 32 2009; Ph. Eur. 2007).

## **STORAGE CONDITION(S)**

Store protected from light and moisture (BP 2009; USP 32 2009; Ph. Eur. 2007).

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

The finished product specifications must be established in accordance with the requirements described in the Natural and Non-prescription Health Products Directorate (NNHPD) Quality of Natural Health Products Guide. The medicinal ingredient must comply with the requirements outlined in the NHPID.

### REFERENCES

Route of Administration Oral

Proper name(s)	Common name(s)	Source material(s)		
Proper name(s)	Part(s)	Preparation		
Ephedra sinica	Cao ma-huangChinese ephedraChinese joi	nt <b>EipEpdiæds#N/tæ</b> huang	BranchBranchletStem	Dried