



**HACETTEPE UNIVERSITY ENGINEERING
DEPARTMENT
COMPUTER ENGINEERING**

LESSON

BBM204 PROGRAMMING LAB.

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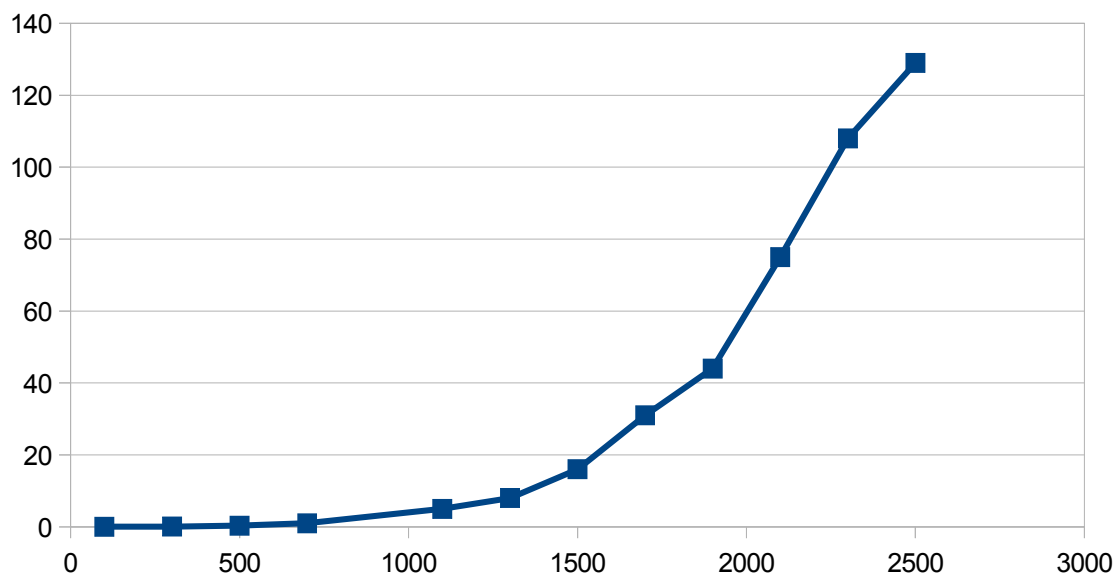
NUMBER: 21228104

ALGORITHM'S TIME

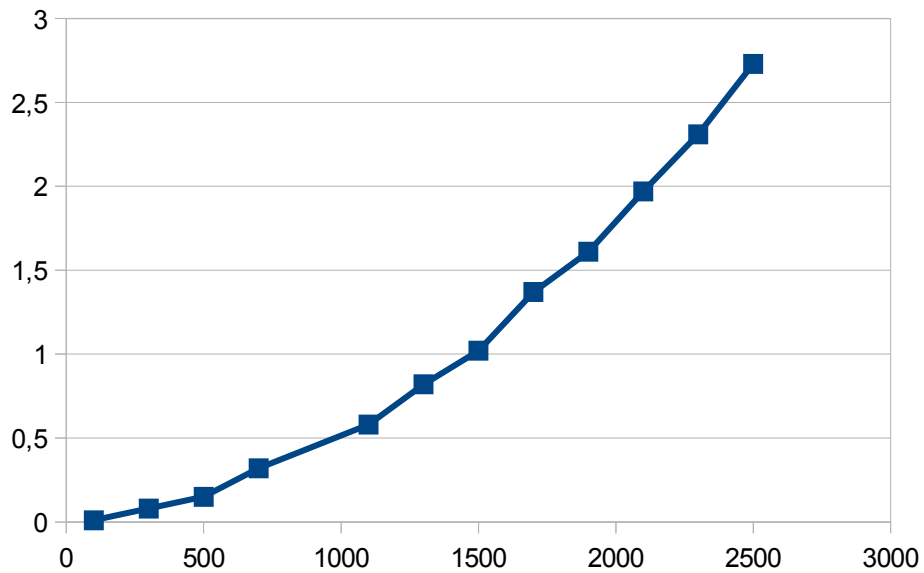
	100	300	500	700	1100	1300	1500	1700	1900	2100	2300	2500	
Matrix Mul.	0,01	0,07	0,3	1	5	8	16	31	44	75	108	129	s
Bubble Sort	0.01	0.08	0.15	0.32	0.58	0,82	1,02	1,37	1,61	1,97	2,31	2,73	ms
Finding Max Element	0.13	0.32	0.30	0.37	0.56	0.65	0.74	0.84	0.92	1,01	1,14	1,2	10^{-6} s
Merge Sort	0.84	2,48	3,73	4,38	7,75	9,44	10,93	12,87	14,2	15,39	16,19	17,94	10^{-6} s
Binary Search	0,76	0,92	0,97	1,02	1,11	1,13	1,14	1,12	1,15	1,19	1,21	1,25	10^{-6} s

Thats algorithms is very speed. But Algorithms's time complexity changing some state. Because of that thats algorithm have diffirent memory requirements and time complexity. Binary Search Algorithm searching quickly , bubble sort and merge sort algorithms are sorting unsorted array , finding max. element is finding search number in unsorted array.

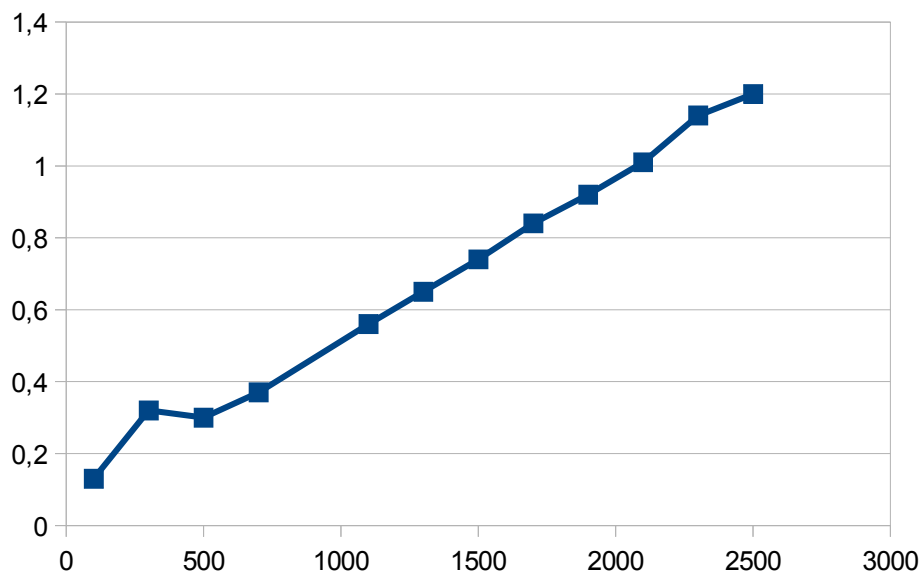
Matrix Multiplication ALGORITHM (ms)



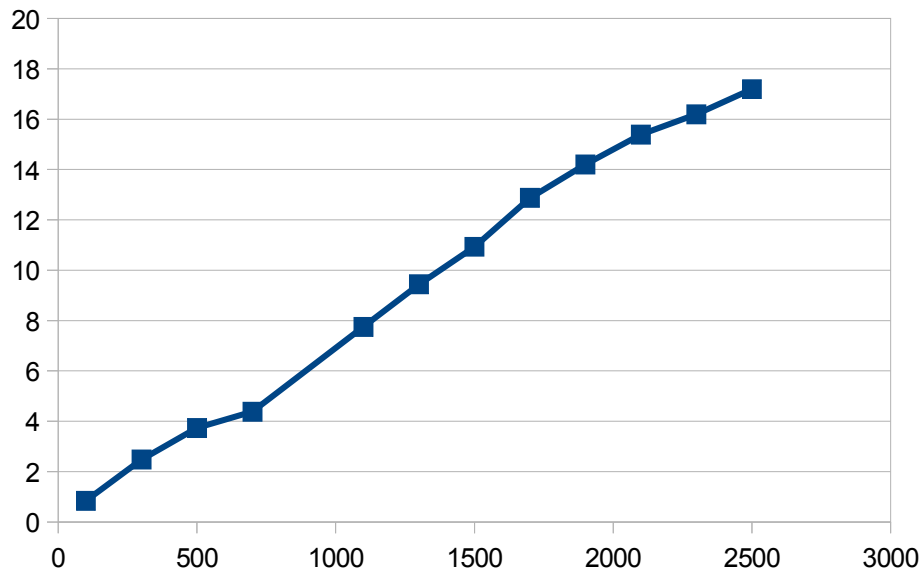
BUBBLE SORT ALGORITHM (ms)



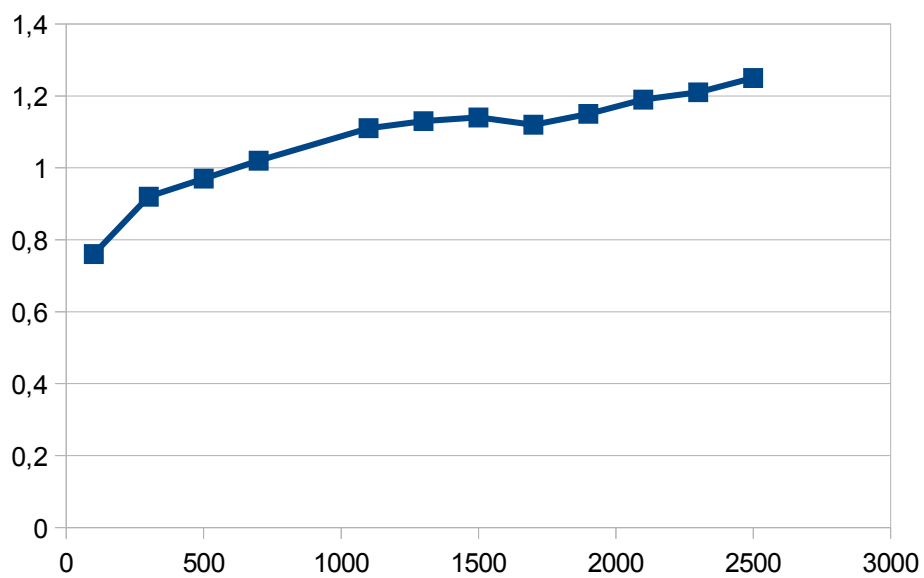
FINDING MAXIMUM ELEMENT ALGORITHM (10 ⁻⁶ s)



MERGE SORT ALGORITHM (10^{-6} s)



BINARY SEARCH ALGORITHM (10^{-6})



ALGORITHMS ANALYSIS

Matrix Multiplication

	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
for (i=0; i<n; i++) {	c1	n
for (j=0; j<n; j++) {	c2	n*n
for (k=0; k<n; k++) {	c3	n*n*n
sum = sum + (matrixOne[i][k] * matrixTwo[k][j]);	c4	n*n*n
}		
multiplicationMatrix[i][j] = sum;	c5	n*n
sum =0;	c6	n*n
}		
}		

Total Cost : $c1*n + c2*n*n + c3*n*n*n + c4*n*n*n + c5*n*n + c6*n*n$
Time complexity : $O(n^3)$

Bubble Sort

	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
for (i=0; i<(n-1); i++) {	c1	n
for (j=0; j<(n-i-1); j++) {	c2	n*(n-1)
if (bubbleArray[j] > bubbleArray[j+1]) {	c3	n*(n-1)
swap = bubbleArray[j];	c4	n*(n-1)
bubbleArray[j] = bubbleArray[j+1];	c5	n*(n-1)
bubbleArray[j+1] = swap;	c6	n*(n-1)
}		
}		
}		

Total Cost : $c1*n + c2*n*(n-1) + c3*n*(n-1) + c4*n*(n-1) + c5*n*(n-1) + c6*n*(n-1)$
Time complexity : $O(n^2)$

Finding Maximum Element

	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
maxElement = maxElementArray[0];	c1	1
for (i=0; i<n; i++) {	c2	n
if (maxElementArray[i] > maxElement) {	c3	n
maxElement = maxElementArray[i];	c4	n
}		
}		

Total Cost : $c1 + c2*n + c3*n + c4*n$
Time complexity : $O(n)$

Merge Sort

	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
<code>int i , leftSize, rightSize, mid;</code>	c1	1
<code>if(size <2)</code>	c2	1
<code> return;</code>	c3	1
<code>mid = (size/2) ;</code>	c4	1
<code>leftSize = mid ;</code>	c5	1
<code>rightSize = size - mid;</code>	c6	1
<code>int leftMergeArray[] = new int[leftSize];</code>	c7	1
<code>int rightMergeArray[] = new int[rightSize];</code>	c8	1
<code>for(i=0;i<mid;i++)</code>	c9	n/2
<code> leftMergeArray[i] = mergeArray[i];</code>	c10	n/2
<code> for(i=mid;i<size;i++)</code>	c11	(n/2) * (n/2)
<code> rightMergeArray[i - mid] = mergeArray[i];</code>	c12	(n/2) * (n/2)
<code>mergeSort(leftMergeArray,leftSize);</code>	c13	1
<code>mergeSort(rightMergeArray,rightSize);</code>	c14	1
<code>merge(leftMergeArray,rightMergeArray,mergeArray);</code>	c15	1

Total Cost : c1 +c2 +c3 +c4 +c5 +c6 +c7+ c8 +c9*(n/2) +c10*(n/2)
+c11*(n/2)*(n/2) +c12*(n/2)*(n/2) +c13 +c14 +c15
Time complexity : O(n^2)

Merge

	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
<code>int i=0,j=0,k=0;</code>	c1	1
<code>int leftMergeSize = leftMergeArray.length;</code>	c2	1
<code>int rightMergeSize = rightMergeArray.length;</code>	c3	1
<code>while(i < leftMergeSize && j < rightMergeSize){</code>	c4	n/2
<code> if(leftMergeArray[i] <= rightMergeArray[j]){</code>	c5	n/2
<code> mergeArray[k] = leftMergeArray[i];</code>	c6	n/2
<code> i++;</code>	c7	n/2
<code> k++;</code>	c8	n/2
<code> }</code>		
<code> else if(leftMergeArray[i] > rightMergeArray[j]){</code>	c9	n/2
<code> mergeArray[k] = rightMergeArray[j];</code>	c10	n/2
<code> j++;</code>	c11	n/2
<code> k++;</code>	c12	n/2
<code> }</code>		
<code>}</code>		
<code>while(i < leftMergeSize){</code>	c13	n/2
<code> mergeArray[k] = leftMergeArray[i];</code>	c14	n/2
<code> k++;</code>	c15	n/2
<code> i++;</code>	c16	n/2
<code>}</code>		
<code>while(j < rightMergeSize){</code>	c17	n/2
<code> mergeArray[k] = rightMergeArray[j];</code>	c18	n/2
<code> j++;</code>	c19	n/2
<code> k++;</code>	c20	n/2
<code>}</code>		
<code>return mergeArray;</code>	c21	1

Total Cost : c1 +c2 +c3 +c4*(n/2) +c5*(n/2) +c6*(n/2) +c7*(n/2) + c8*(n/2)
+c9*(n/2) +c10*(n/2) +c11*(n/2) +c12*(n/2) +c13*(n/2) +c14*(n/2) +c15*(n/2)
+c16*(n/2) +c17*(n/2) +c18*(n/2) +c19*(n/2) +c20*(n/2) +c21
Time complexity : O(n)

Binary Search

	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
<code>while(first <= last){</code>	c1	n
<code>if(binaryArray[middle] < searchNumber){</code>	c2	n
<code>first = middle +1;</code>	c3	n
}		
<code>else if(binaryArray[middle] == searchNumber){</code>	c4	1
<code>System.out.println(searchNumber +</code>	c5	1
<code>" founded. Position is"</code>		
<code>+ (middle +1) + ".\n");</code>		
<code>break;</code>	c6	1
}		
<code>else{</code>	c7	n
<code>last = middle -1;</code>	c8	n
}		
<code>middle = (first + last)/2;</code>	c9	n
}		
<code>if(first > last){</code>	c10	1
<code>System.out.println("Search number not found.\n");</code>	c11	1
}		

Total Cost : $c1*n + c2*n + c3*n + c4 + c5 + c6 + c7*n + c8*n + c9*n + 10 + c11$
Time complexity : $O(n)$

REFERENCES

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- <http://codereview.stackexchange.com/questions/64711/merge-sort-an-integer-array>
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