

UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON

PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT 2

COSC 6326
Distributed Algorithms

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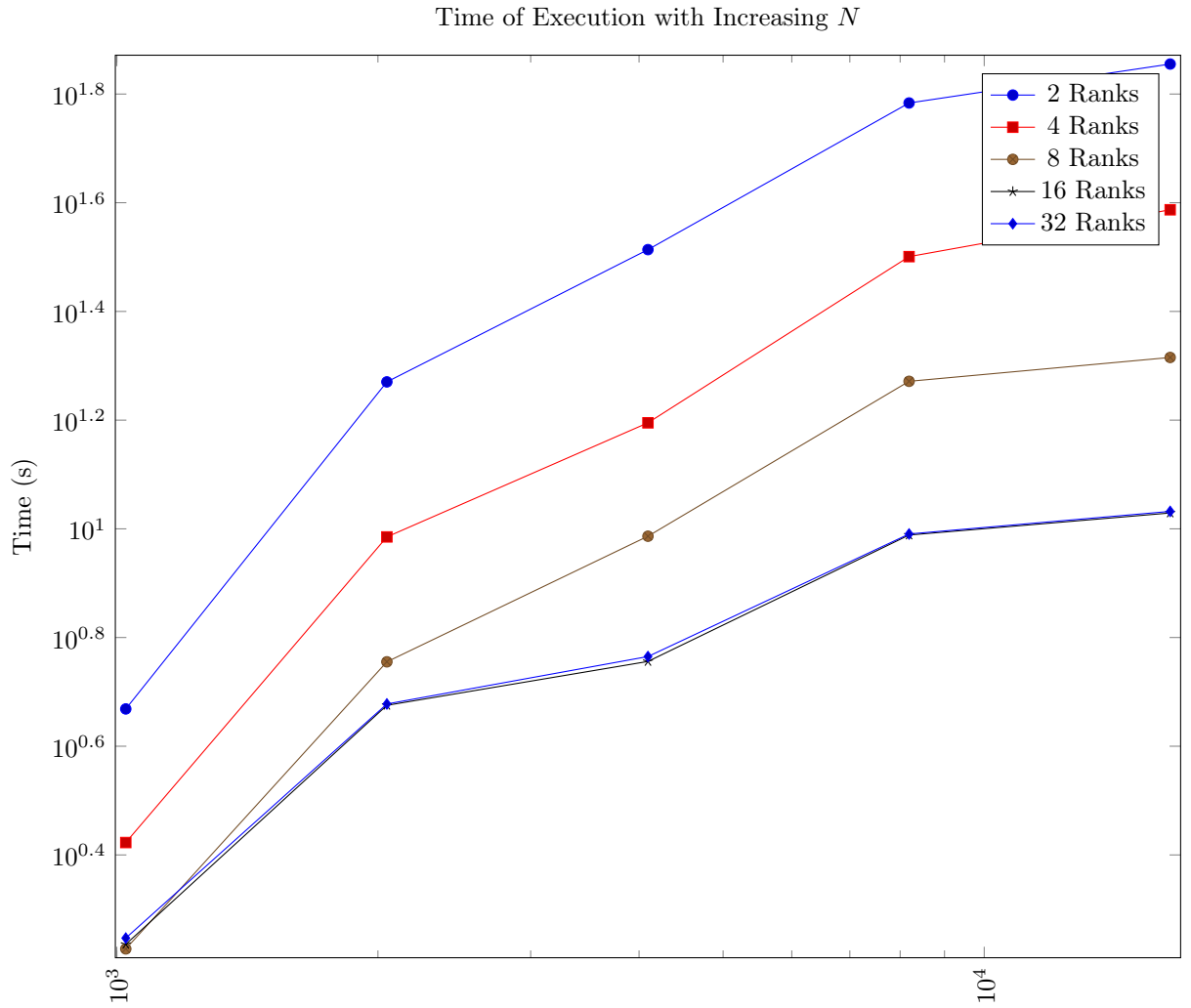


Figure 1: Runtime of the algorithm based on number of ranks and each real-world graph.

1 Algorithm

The pseudocode of the algorithm is described in Algorithm 1.

2 Analysis

All edges are traversed at most two times. So the message complexity is $O(|E|)$. Nomination phase takes $O(|C|)$ where $|C|$ is the number of components of the graph.

3 Evaluation

Runtime of the graph is described in Figures 1 and 2.

4 Acknowledgement

The code was executed by **UH's Sabine cluster**. I should thank *CACDS/IT* for their support, provision, and maintenance of *Sabine* cluster.

References

Algorithm 1 Distributed BFS By Flooding

```
1: Coordinator (Machine with rank 0) begins Nominating phase by sending nominate message.
2: while Not Ended do
3:   Receive message  $m$  with type  $t$  and sending node  $v$ , sending machine  $k$ , target node  $u$ .
4:   if  $t == \text{nominate}$  then
5:     Select a node  $w$  which is not visited
6:     If no  $w$  found,  $w = \text{Null}$ 
7:     Send  $w$  to coordinator.
8:   end if
9:   if  $t == \text{nominate}$  and rank == coordinator then
10:    Collect all nominations and select a nominee  $w$  at random.
11:    Send a bfs message to  $M(w)$  with parent  $p = \text{coordinator}$ .
12:   end if
13:   if  $t == \text{broadcast}$  then
14:     if parent[ $u$ ] == Null then
15:       return accepted to  $M(v)$ .
16:       broadcast bfs message to all the edges of  $u$ .
17:       add all of children to  $q[u]$ .
18:     else
19:       return rejected to  $M(v)$ .
20:     end if
21:   end if
22:   if  $t == \text{accepted}$  then
23:     do nothing.
24:   end if
25:   if  $t == \text{rejected}$  then
26:     remove  $v$  from  $q[u]$ .
27:     if  $|q[u]| == 0$  then
28:       send done to  $M(p[u])$ 
29:     end if
30:   end if
31:   if  $t == \text{done}$  then
32:     if rank == coordinator then
33:       begin nomination.
34:       increase component count.
35:       if if all nodes return Null then
36:         output component count
37:         broadcast finish
38:       end if
39:     else
40:       remove  $v$  from  $q[u]$ .
41:       if  $|q[u]| == 0$  then
42:         send done to  $M(p[u])$ 
43:       end if
44:     end if
45:   end if
46: end while
```

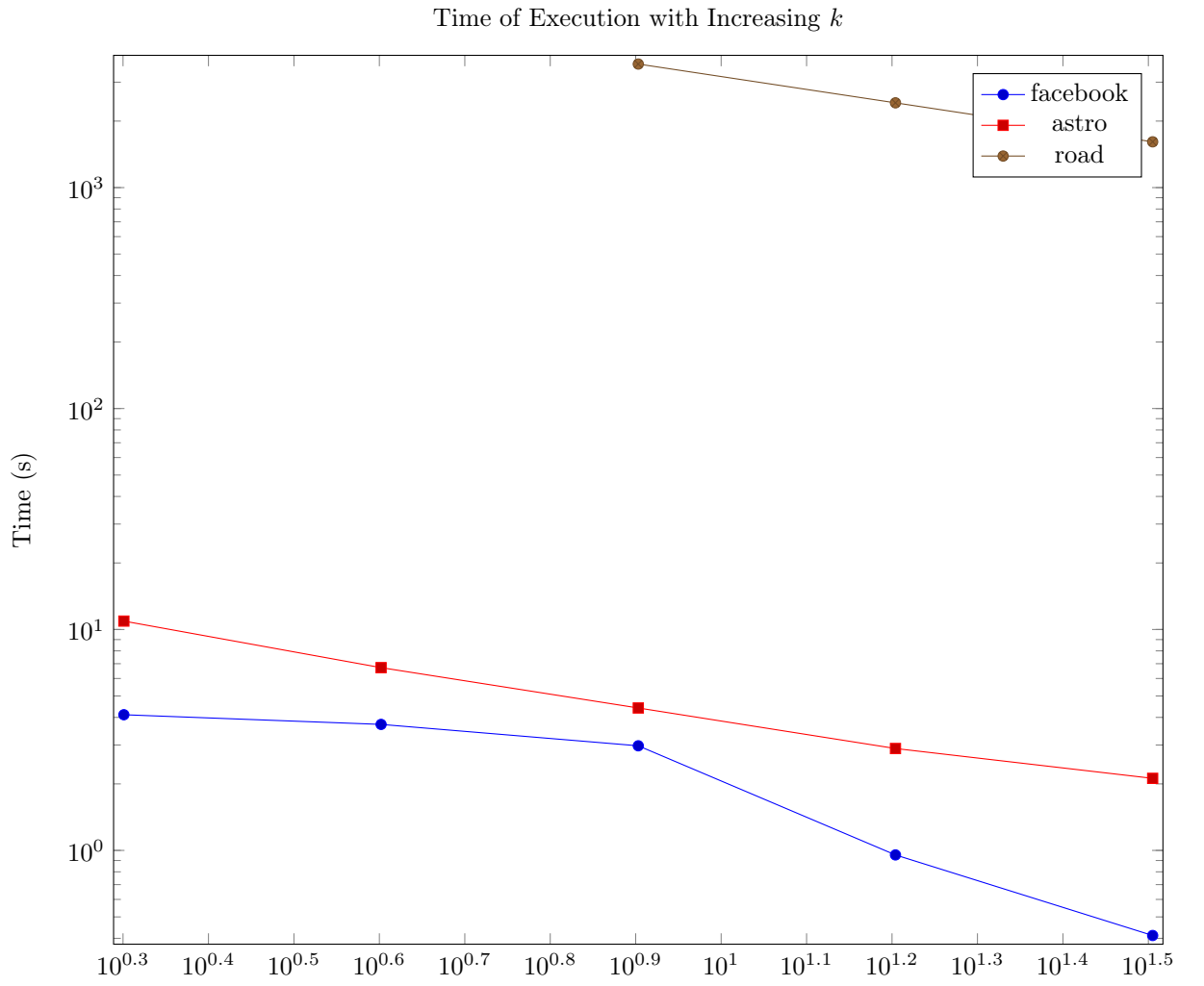


Figure 2: Runtime of the algorithm based on number of nodes and size of ranks.