



(۱)

(الف)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin(\pi x), & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0, & 2 < x \leq 4 \end{cases} \quad T = 4$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 \sin \pi x e^{-j\frac{n\pi}{2}x} dx = \frac{1}{8j} \int_0^2 \left(e^{j\left(\pi - \frac{n\pi}{2}\right)x} - e^{-j\left(\pi + \frac{n\pi}{2}\right)x} \right) dx = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{(\pi - \frac{n^2}{4})} \quad n \neq 2, -2$$

$$c_2 = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 \sin \pi x e^{-j\pi x} dx = \frac{1}{4j}$$

$$c_{-2} = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 \sin \pi x e^{+j\pi x} dx = \frac{-1}{4j}$$

(ب)

$$g(x) = x^2 \quad -1 < x < 1 \quad T = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_n &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 x^2 e^{-jn\pi x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{-x^2}{jn\pi} e^{-jn\pi} \right) \Big|_{-1}^1 + \frac{2}{jn\pi} \int_{-1}^1 x e^{-jn\pi x} dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{jn\pi} \int_{-1}^1 x e^{-jn\pi x} dx = \frac{1}{jn\pi} \left(\left(\frac{-x}{jn\pi} e^{-jn\pi} \right) \Big|_{-1}^1 + \frac{1}{jn\pi} \int_{-1}^1 e^{-jn\pi x} dx \right) = \frac{2(-1)^n}{\pi^2 n^2} \quad n \neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$c_0 = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3}{6} \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{1}{3}$$



(ج)

$$h(x) = e^{-|x|} \cos(20\pi x) \quad -2 < x < 2 \quad T = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_n &= \frac{1}{8} \left(\int_{-2}^0 e^x (e^{j20\pi x} + e^{-j20\pi x}) e^{-j\frac{n\pi}{2}x} dx + \int_0^2 e^{-x} (e^{j20\pi x} + e^{-j20\pi x}) e^{-j\frac{n\pi}{2}x} dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{e^{(1+20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})x}}{(1+20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})} + \frac{e^{(1-20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})x}}{(1-20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})} \right) \Big|_{-2}^0 \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{e^{(-1+20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})x}}{(-1+20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})} + \frac{e^{(-1-20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})x}}{(-1-20j\pi-j\frac{n\pi}{2})} \right) \Big|_0^2 \\ &= \frac{(e^{-2} + 1)}{2(1 + 400\pi^2 + \frac{n^2\pi^2}{4} - 20\pi^2 n)} \end{aligned}$$

(۲)

(الف)

$$T = 4 \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{k\pi}{2}$$

$$c_n = \begin{cases} jk & , \quad |k| < 3 \\ 0 & , \quad \text{در غیر این صورت} \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = -2je^{-j\pi x} + -je^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}x} + 0 + je^{j\frac{\pi}{2}x} + 2je^{j\pi x} = -2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right) - 4\sin(\pi x)$$



(ب)

$$c_k = \begin{cases} 0, & k = 0 \\ \frac{2}{k\pi} \sin\left(\frac{9k\pi}{40}\right) \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{40}\right), & \text{در غیر این صورت} \end{cases}$$

$$c_k = \begin{cases} 0, & k = 0 \\ \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{5}\right)}{k\pi}, & \text{در غیر این صورت} \end{cases}$$

$$c_k = c_1 + c_2$$

$$c_{1k} = \begin{cases} 0, & k = 0 \\ \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right)}{k\pi}, & \text{در غیر این صورت} \end{cases}$$

با توجه به اسلاید ۱۷۵ می‌دانیم:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} A, & x < \left|\frac{d}{2}\right| \\ 0, & \left|\frac{d}{2}\right| < x < \left|\frac{T}{2}\right| \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow c_k = \frac{Ad}{T} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi d}{T}\right)}{\frac{n\pi d}{T}}$$

پس داریم:

$$f_1(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x < \left|\frac{1}{2}\right| \\ 0, & \left|\frac{1}{2}\right| < x < |2| \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow c_k = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right)}{k\pi} \quad c_0 = \frac{1}{4}$$

با جمع کردن این تابع با تابعی که تنها افست متفاوتی با این تابع دارد می‌توان مقدار c_0 را صفر کرد:



$$g_1(x) = f_1(x) - \frac{1}{2} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad c_k = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right)}{k\pi} \quad c_0 = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$h_1(x) = \frac{f_1(x) + g_1(x)}{2} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad c_{1k}$$

به همین ترتیب برای c_{2k} داریم:

$$c_{2k} = \begin{cases} 0 & , \quad k = 0 \\ \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{5}\right)}{k\pi} & , \quad \text{در غیر این صورت} \end{cases}$$

$$f_2(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x < \left|\frac{4}{5}\right| \\ 0, & \left|\frac{4}{5}\right| < x < |2| \end{cases} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad c_k = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{5}\right)}{k\pi} \quad c_0 = \frac{2}{5}$$

با جمع کردن این تابع با تابعی که تنها افست متفاوتی با این تابع دارد می توان مقدار c_0 را صفر کرد:

$$g_2(x) = f_2(x) - \frac{4}{5} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad c_k = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right)}{k\pi} \quad c_0 = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$h_2(x) = \frac{f_2(x) + g_2(x)}{2} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad c_{2k}$$



(۳)

(الف)

$$x(t) = \sum_k^{odd} C_k e^{jk \frac{2\pi t}{T}}$$

$$x\left(t + \frac{T}{2}\right) = \sum_k^{odd} C_k e^{jk \frac{2\pi(t+\frac{T}{2})}{T}} = \sum_k^{odd} C_k e^{jk \frac{2\pi t}{T}} e^{jk\pi}$$

As we know: $e^{jk\pi} = -1 \rightarrow x(t + T/2) = -x(t)$

(ب)

$$c_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^{T/2} x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt + \frac{1}{T} \int_{T/2}^T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^{T/2} \left(x(t) + x\left(t + \frac{T}{2}\right) e^{-jk\pi} \right) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^{T/2} \left(x(t) + x\left(t + \frac{T}{2}\right) (-1)^k \right) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt \rightarrow \text{if } k \in \text{even} \rightarrow c_k = 0$$



(۴)

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-jnx} dx$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi} e^{(a-jn)x} dx + \int_{-\pi}^0 e^{-(a+jn)x} dx \right)$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{a-jn} (e^{(a-jn)\pi} - 1) + \frac{1}{a+jn} (e^{(a+jn)\pi} - 1) \right]$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2\pi(a^2 + n^2)} [(a+jn)e^{(a-jn)\pi} - (a+jn) + (a-jn)e^{(a+jn)\pi} - (a-jn)]$$

As you know $e^{jn\pi} = (-1)^n$ so we have:

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2\pi(a^2 + n^2)} (2a(-1)^n e^{a\pi} - 2a)$$

$$\rightarrow c_n = \frac{a}{\pi(a^2 + n^2)} ((-1)^n e^{a\pi} - 1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{(-1)^n e^{5\pi} - 1}{n^2 + 25} \right]^2 = Y \quad (a=5)$$

از رابطه پارسوال می دانیم

$$\frac{1}{T} \int_T |f(x)|^2 dx = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |c_n|^2 = c_0^2 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |c_n|^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2a|x|} dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 e^{-2ax} dx + \int_0^{\pi} e^{2ax} dx \right) = c_0^2 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (|c_n|)^2$$



$$= \frac{1}{10\pi} (e^{10\pi} - 1) = \frac{(e^{5\pi} - 1)^2}{25\pi^2} + \frac{50}{\pi^2} Y$$

$$\rightarrow Y = \frac{e^{10\pi(2.5\pi-1)} + 2e^{5\pi-(2.5\pi+1)}}{1250}$$

(۵)

$$\sin^3(x) = \left(\frac{e^{jx} - e^{-jx}}{2j} \right)^3 = \frac{e^{3jx} - 3e^{jx} + 3e^{-jx} - e^{-3jx}}{-8j}$$

$$\frac{1}{T} \int_T |f(x)|^2 dx = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |c_n|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^6(x) dx = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |c_n|^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin^6(x) dx = \left(\left| \frac{1}{-8j} \right| \right)^2 + \left(\left| \frac{3}{8j} \right| \right)^2 + \left(\left| \frac{-3}{8j} \right| \right)^2 + \left(\left| \frac{1}{8j} \right| \right)^2$$

$$\rightarrow \int_0^{\pi} \sin^6(x) dx = \frac{5\pi}{16}$$



(۶)

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \frac{\sinh(a\pi)}{\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cdot in}{(a - in)} e^{inx} \\
 A &= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f'(x) e^{2ix} dx + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |f(x)|^2 dx \\
 &= 2\pi \times \frac{\sinh(a\pi)}{\pi} \times \frac{(-1)^{-2} \cdot (-2)i}{(a - i(-2))} + 2\pi \times \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left| \frac{\sinh(a\pi)}{\pi(a - in)} \right|^2 \\
 &= 2\pi \times \frac{\sinh(a\pi)}{\pi} \times \frac{-2i}{(a + 2i)} + 2\pi \times \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sinh^2(a\pi)}{\pi^2(a^2 + n^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

(۷)

$$f(x, y) = x^2 y - xy^2 \quad 0 < x < \pi, \quad 0 < y < \pi$$

$$f(x, y) = A_0(y) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [A_n(y) \cos(2nx) + B_n(y) \sin(2nx)]$$

$$A_0(y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 y - xy^2 dx = \frac{\pi^2}{3} y - \frac{\pi}{2} y^2$$

$$A_n(y) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (x^2 y - xy^2) \cos(2nx) dx$$



$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi} x^2 y \cos(2nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} xy^2 \cos(2nx) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(y \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cos(2nx) dx + y^2 \int_0^{\pi} x \cos(2nx) dx \right)$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$A_n(y) = \frac{y}{n^2}$$

$$B_n(y) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (x^2 y - xy^2) \sin(2nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi} x^2 y \sin(2nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} xy^2 \sin(2nx) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(y \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \sin(2nx) dx + y^2 \int_0^{\pi} x \sin(2nx) dx \right)$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$B_n(y) = \frac{-\pi y}{n} + \frac{y^2}{n}$$



$$A_0(y) = a_{00} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} [a_{m0} \cos(2my) + b_{m0} \sin(2my)]$$

$$a_{00} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\pi^2}{3} y - \frac{\pi}{2} y^2 dy = 0$$

$$a_{m0} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi^2}{3} y - \frac{\pi}{2} y^2 \right) \cos(2my) dy$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$a_{m0} = \frac{-\pi}{2m^2}$$

$$b_{m0} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi^2}{3} y - \frac{\pi}{2} y^2 \right) \sin(2my) dy$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$b_{m0} = \frac{\pi^2}{6m}$$

$$A_n(y) = a_{0n} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} [a_{mn} \cos(2my) + b_{mn} \sin(2my)]$$

$$a_{0n} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{y}{n^2} dy = \frac{\pi}{2n^2}$$



$$a_{mn} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{y}{n^2} \cos(2my) dy$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$a_{mn} = 0$$

$$b_{mn} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{y}{n^2} \sin(2my) dy$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$b_{mn} = \frac{-1}{mn^2}$$

$$B_n(y) = c_{0n} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} [c_{mn} \cos(2my) + d_{mn} \sin(2my)]$$

$$c_{0n} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{-\pi y}{n} + \frac{y^2}{n} \right) dy = \frac{-\pi^2}{6n}$$

$$c_{mn} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{-\pi y}{n} + \frac{y^2}{n} \right) \cos(2my) dy$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$c_{mn} = \frac{1}{m^2 n}$$



$$d_{mn} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{-\pi y}{n} + \frac{y^2}{n} \right) \sin(2my) dy$$

با استفاده از روش جزء به جزء داریم:

$$d_{mn} = 0$$

و در آخر ضرایب بدست آمده را در رابطه ی زیر جایگذاری می کنیم:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x, y) &= a_{00} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_{0n} \cos(2nx) + c_{0n} \sin(2nx)) \\ &\quad + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} (a_{m0} \cos(2my) + b_{m0} \sin(2my)) \\ &\quad + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_{mn} \cos(2nx) \cos(2my) + b_{mn} \cos(2nx) \sin(2my) \\ &\quad + c_{mn} \sin(2nx) \cos(2my) + d_{mn} \sin(2nx) \sin(2my)) \\ f(x, y) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\pi}{2n^2} \cos(2nx) - \frac{\pi^2}{6n} \sin(2nx) \right) \\ &\quad + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\pi}{2m^2} \cos(2my) + \frac{\pi^2}{6m} \sin(2my) \right) \\ &\quad + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{mn^2} \cos(2nx) \sin(2my) + \frac{1}{m^2n} \sin(2nx) \cos(2my) \right) \end{aligned}$$