

$$f(x) = \frac{x+3}{x^2+6x+10} = \frac{x+3}{(x+3)^2+1} \Rightarrow F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{x+3}{(x+3)^2+1}\right\} = e^{j3\omega} \mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{x}{x^2+1}\right\}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{e^{-a|x|}\} = \frac{2a}{\omega^2+a^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{F}\{e^{-|x|}\} = \frac{1}{\omega^2+1} \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{1}{x^2+1}\right\} = \pi e^{-|\omega|}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{x}{x^2+1}\right\} = j \frac{d}{d\omega} \pi e^{-|\omega|} = -j\pi \text{sign}(\omega) e^{-|\omega|}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{F(\omega) = -j\pi \text{sign}(\omega) e^{-|\omega|+j3\omega}}$$

(۱)

$$\Lambda(t) = \Pi(t) * \Pi(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Pi(t-\tau) \Pi(\tau) d\tau = \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{+\frac{1}{2}} \Pi(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$t < -1 \Rightarrow \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{+\frac{1}{2}} 0 d\tau = 0$$

$$-1 < t < 0 \Rightarrow \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{t+\frac{1}{2}} d\tau = t+1$$

$$0 < t < 1 \Rightarrow \int_{t-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} d\tau = 1-t$$

$$1 < t \Rightarrow \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{+\frac{1}{2}} 0 d\tau = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pi(t) * \Pi(t) = \Lambda(t)$$

(۲)

الف)

$$\mathcal{F}\{\Pi(t)\} = \text{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}\{\Lambda(t)\} = \mathcal{F}\{\Pi(t) * \Pi(t)\} = \mathcal{F}\{\Pi(t)\} \mathcal{F}\{\Pi(t)\} = \boxed{\text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right)}$$

ب)

(۳)

$$(j\omega)^2 Y(\omega) + 5(j\omega) Y(\omega) + 4Y(\omega) = \frac{1}{j\omega + 4}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(\omega)((j\omega)^2 + 5(j\omega) + 4) = \frac{1}{j\omega + 4} \Rightarrow Y(\omega)(j\omega + 4)(j\omega + 1) = \frac{1}{j\omega + 4} \Rightarrow Y(\omega) = \frac{1}{(j\omega + 4)^2(j\omega + 1)}$$

$$= \frac{A}{(j\omega + 4)^2} + \frac{B}{j\omega + 4} + \frac{C}{j\omega + 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(\omega) = \frac{-\frac{1}{3}}{(j\omega + 4)^2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{9}}{j\omega + 4} + \frac{\frac{1}{9}}{j\omega + 1} \Rightarrow \boxed{y(t) = \left(-\frac{1}{9}e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{9}e^{-t} - \frac{1}{3}te^{-4t}\right)u(t)}$$



(۴)

(الف)

$$F(j\omega) = \frac{5 + j3\omega}{2 - 3\omega^2 + j(3\omega - \omega^3)} = \frac{5 + j3\omega}{(2 + j\omega)(1 - \omega^2 + j\omega)} = \frac{5 + j3\omega}{(2 + j\omega)(1 + j\omega + (j\omega)^2)}$$

$$= \frac{A}{2 + j\omega} + \frac{B}{\left(\frac{1+j\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + j\omega} + \frac{C}{\left(\frac{1-j\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + j\omega} \Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{3}, \quad B = \frac{1}{6} + j\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{6}, \quad C = \frac{1}{6} - j\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) = \left[ -\frac{1}{3}e^{-2t} + \left(\frac{1}{6} + j\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{6}\right)e^{-\left(\frac{1+j\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)t} + \left(\frac{1}{6} - j\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{6}\right)e^{-\left(\frac{1-j\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)t} \right] u(t)$$

(ب)

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{\frac{6}{\omega} \sin(4\omega)\right\} = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{24 \frac{\sin(4\omega)}{4\omega}\right\} = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{24 \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{8\omega}{2\pi}\right)\right\}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{\Pi(x)\} = \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{24 \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{8\omega}{2\pi}\right)\right\} = 3\Pi\left(\frac{x}{8}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{\frac{6}{\omega} \sin(4\omega) e^{j2\omega}\right\} = 3\Pi\left(\frac{x+2}{8}\right)$$

(۵)

(الف) فوریه تابع داده شده برابر است با:

$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-at} e^{-j\omega t} dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t(a+j\omega)} dt = \frac{1}{a+j\omega}$$

$$\frac{dF(\omega)}{d\omega} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -(jt) f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \Rightarrow j \frac{dF(\omega)}{d\omega} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

بنابراین تبدیل فوریه  $g(t) = tf(t)$  برابر است با  $G(\omega) = j \frac{dF(\omega)}{d\omega}$  در نتیجه تبدیل فوریه: $g(t) = te^{-2t}u(t)$  برابر است با:

$$G(\omega) = j \frac{d}{d\omega} \left( \frac{1}{2 + j\omega} \right) = \frac{1}{(2 + j\omega)^2}$$

حال از قضیه پارسوال استفاده میکنیم:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |g(t)|^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |G(\omega)|^2 d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left| \frac{1}{4 - \omega^2 + j4\omega} \right|^2 d\omega \Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} [te^{-2t}u_{-1}(t)]^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\omega^2 + 4)^2} d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\omega^2 + 4)^2} d\omega = 2\pi \int_0^{\infty} t^2 e^{-4t} dt$$

انتگرال آخر را از طریق جز به جز حل میکنیم:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\omega^2 + 4)^2} d\omega = 2\pi \left( \left[ -\frac{t^2}{4} e^{-4t} \right]_0^{\infty} + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-4t} dt \right) = 2\pi \left( \left[ -\frac{t^2}{4} e^{-4t} - \frac{t}{8} e^{-4t} \right]_0^{\infty} + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-4t} dt \right) = \frac{\pi}{16}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\omega^2 + 4)^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{32}$$



(۶)

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$X(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

(الف)

$$I_0 = X(0) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) dt = 11$$

(ب)

$$I_1 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(\omega) d\omega = 2\pi x(0) = 2\pi \frac{0+2}{2} = 2\pi$$

(ج)

$$I_2 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X^2(\omega) d\omega$$

$$x(t) * x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X^2(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t-\tau) x(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X^2(\omega) d\omega = 2\pi \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(-\tau) x(\tau) d\tau = 0$$

(د)

$$I_3 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \omega^2 X(\omega) e^{j6\omega} d\omega$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{d^n}{dt^n} x(t)\right\} = (j\omega)^n X(\omega) \Rightarrow \omega^2 X(\omega) = -\mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t)\right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \omega^2 X(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

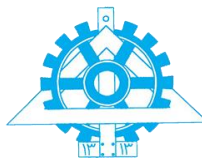
$$\Rightarrow I_3 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \omega^2 X(\omega) e^{j6\omega} d\omega = -2\pi \left. \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) \right|_{t=6} = 2\pi \delta(t-6)|_6 = 2\pi \delta(0) = \infty$$

(ه)

$$I_4 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

$$\text{Parseval: } \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt$$

$$\Rightarrow I_4 = 2\pi \left( \int_0^1 4dt + \int_1^2 9dt + \int_2^4 4dt + \int_4^6 (36 - 12t + t^2) dt \right) = \frac{142\pi}{3}$$



(و)

$$I_5 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \operatorname{Re}\{X(\omega)\} e^{j\omega} d\omega$$

$$\operatorname{even}\{x(t)\} = x_e(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{Re}\{X(\omega)\} e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$I_5 = 2\pi x_e(1) = \pi x(1) = \pi \frac{3+2}{2} = \frac{5\pi}{2}$$

(ف)

(الف) از طرفین تبدیل فوریه می‌گیریم:

$$((j\omega)^3 + 6(j\omega)^2 + 11(j\omega) + 6)Y(\omega) = \frac{12}{j\omega + 4}$$

$$(j\omega + 1)(j\omega + 2)(j\omega + 3)Y(\omega) = \frac{12}{j\omega + 4}$$

$$Y(\omega) = \frac{12}{(j\omega + 1)(j\omega + 2)(j\omega + 3)(j\omega + 4)} = \frac{A}{j\omega + 1} + \frac{B}{j\omega + 2} + \frac{C}{j\omega + 3} + \frac{D}{j\omega + 4}$$

$$A = Y(\omega)(j\omega + 1)|_{j\omega=-1} = \frac{12}{(-1+2)(-1+3)(-1+4)} = 2$$

$$B = Y(\omega)(j\omega + 2)|_{j\omega=-2} = \frac{12}{(-2+1)(-2+3)(-2+4)} = -6$$

$$C = Y(\omega)(j\omega + 3)|_{j\omega=-3} = \frac{12}{(-3+1)(-3+2)(-3+4)} = 6$$

$$D = Y(\omega)(j\omega + 4)|_{j\omega=-4} = \frac{12}{(-4+1)(-4+2)(-4+3)} = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(\omega) = \frac{2}{j\omega + 1} + \frac{-6}{j\omega + 2} + \frac{6}{j\omega + 3} + \frac{-2}{j\omega + 4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y(t) = (2e^{-t} - 6e^{-2t} + 6e^{-3t} - 2e^{-4t})u(t)}$$

(ب)

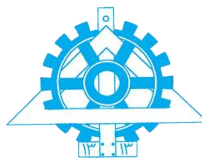
$$|Y(\omega)| = \frac{12}{\sqrt{1+\omega^2}\sqrt{4+\omega^2}\sqrt{9+\omega^2}\sqrt{16+\omega^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Y(\omega)|^2 d\omega = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y^2(t) dt$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{144 d\omega}{(1+\omega^2)(4+\omega^2)(9+\omega^2)(16+\omega^2)} = 2\pi \int_0^{\infty} (2e^{-t} - 6e^{-2t} + 6e^{-3t} - 2e^{-4t})^2 dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\omega}{(1+\omega^2)(4+\omega^2)(9+\omega^2)(16+\omega^2)}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{72} \left[ -2e^{-2t} + 8e^{-3t} - 15e^{-4t} + 16e^{-5t} - 10e^{-6t} + \frac{24}{7}e^{-7t} - \frac{1}{2}e^{-5t} \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{\pi}{1008}$$



(۸)

$$F_c(\omega) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} \cos(bx) \cos(\omega x) dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} \frac{\cos((b+\omega)x) + \cos((b-\omega)x)}{2} dx$$

انتگرال را به روش جزء به جزء حل می کنیم.

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^{-ax} \cos(bx) dx &= \frac{1}{b} e^{-ax} \sin(bx) + \frac{a}{b} \int e^{-ax} \sin(bx) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{b} e^{-ax} \sin(bx) + \frac{a}{b} \left( -\frac{1}{b} e^{-ax} \cos(bx) - \frac{a}{b} \int e^{-ax} \cos(bx) dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{b} e^{-ax} \sin(bx) - \frac{a}{b^2} e^{-ax} \cos(bx) - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \int e^{-ax} \cos(bx) dx \\ &\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} \cos(bx) dx = \frac{a}{a^2 + b^2} \\ \Rightarrow F_c(\omega) &= \frac{a}{a^2 + (b+\omega)^2} + \frac{a}{a^2 + (b-\omega)^2} = \frac{a^3 + ab^2 + a\omega^2}{a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + 2a^2\omega^2 + b^4 + \omega^4 - 2b^2\omega^2} \end{aligned}$$

(۹)

$$\text{comb}(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(x-n)$$

comb(x) is a periodic function with  $T = 1$ 

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow c_n &= \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{+\frac{1}{2}} \delta(x) e^{-i2n\pi x} dx = 1 \Rightarrow \text{comb}(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{i2n\pi x} \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}\{\text{comb}(x)\} = \mathcal{F}\left\{ \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{i2n\pi x} \right\} \\ &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi \delta(\omega - 2n\pi) = 2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - 2n\pi) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta\left(\frac{\omega - 2n\pi}{2\pi}\right) = \text{comb}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) \end{aligned}$$