

$$U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0, \quad 0 < x < a, \quad 0 < y < b$$

$$\begin{cases} U(0, y) = 0 \\ U_x(a, y) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} U(x, 0) = 0 \\ U(x, b) = U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Guess: } U(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Y(y) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) \Rightarrow U_{xx} + U_{yy} = \sum_n \left(Y''(y) - \frac{\pi^2(2n-1)^2}{4a^2} Y(y) \right) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) = 0$$

$$\text{ODE: } Y''(y) - \frac{\pi^2(2n-1)^2}{4a^2} Y(y) = 0, \text{ BC1: } Y(0) = 0 \Rightarrow Y_n(y) = a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi y\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow U(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi y\right) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right)$$

$$\text{BC2: } U(x, b) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) = U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \Rightarrow b_n = \begin{cases} U_0 \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{\pi b}{2a}\right), & n = 1 \\ 0, & n \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{U(x, y) = U_0 \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{\pi b}{2a}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{\pi y}{2a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2a}\right)}$$

$$U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0, \quad 0 < x < a, \quad 0 < y < b$$

$$\begin{cases} U(0, y) = 0 \\ U_x(a, y) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} U(x, 0) = U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \\ U(x, b) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Guess: } U(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Y(y) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) \Rightarrow U_{xx} + U_{yy} = \sum_n \left(Y''(y) - \frac{\pi^2(2n-1)^2}{4a^2} Y(y) \right) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) = 0$$

$$\text{ODE: } Y''(y) - \frac{\pi^2(2n-1)^2}{4a^2} Y(y) = 0, \text{ BC2: } Y(b) = 0 \Rightarrow Y_n(y) = a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi(b-y)\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow U(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi(b-y)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right)$$

$$\text{BC1: } U(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) = U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \Rightarrow a_n = \begin{cases} U_0 \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{\pi b}{2a}\right), & n = 1 \\ 0, & n \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{U(x, y) = U_0 \operatorname{csch}\left(\frac{\pi b}{2a}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{\pi(b-y)}{2a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2a}\right)}$$

$$U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0, \quad 0 < x < a, \quad 0 < y < b$$

$$\begin{cases} U_x(0, y) = 0 \\ U(a, y) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} U(x, 0) = U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \\ U(x, b) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Guess: } U(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Y(y) \cos\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) \Rightarrow U_{xx} + U_{yy} = \sum_n \left(Y''(y) - \frac{\pi^2(2n-1)^2}{4a^2} Y(y) \right) \cos\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) = 0$$

$$\text{ODE: } Y''(y) - \frac{\pi^2(2n-1)^2}{4a^2} Y(y) = 0, \text{ BC2: } Y(b) = 0 \Rightarrow Y_n(y) = a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi(b-y)\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow U(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi(b-y)\right) \cos\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right)$$

$$\text{BC1: } U(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \cos\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) = U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \Rightarrow a_n = \frac{2}{a} \text{csch}\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \int_0^a U_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2a}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right) dx$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} \left[U_0 \text{csch}\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{n-1}{a}\pi x\right)}{(n-1)\pi} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{n}{a}\pi x\right)}{n\pi} \right) \right]_0^a = U_0 \text{csch}\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \left(\frac{(-1)^{n-1} - 1}{(n-1)\pi} + \frac{(-1)^{n-1} + 1}{n\pi} \right), & n \neq 1 \\ \frac{2U_0}{\pi} \text{csch}\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right), & n = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{U(x, y) = \frac{2U_0}{\pi} \text{csch}\left(\frac{\pi b}{2a}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{\pi(b-y)}{2a}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{2a}\right) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} U_0 \text{csch}\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \left(\frac{(-1)^{n-1} - 1}{(n-1)\pi} + \frac{(-1)^{n-1} + 1}{n\pi} \right) \sinh\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi b\right) \cos\left(\frac{2n-1}{2a}\pi x\right)}$$

$$u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}u_r + \frac{1}{r^2}u_{\theta\theta} = 0, \quad 1 < r < 2, \quad 0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

$$\begin{cases} u_{\theta}(r, 0) = 0 \\ u_{\theta}(r, 2\pi) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} u(1, \theta) = 1 - \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right) \\ u(2, \theta) = \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Pi(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & -\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

با تغییر متغیر $r = e^{-t}$ داریم:

$$u_{tt} + u_{\theta\theta} = 0$$

$$\text{Guess: } u(r, \theta) = T_0(t) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) \Rightarrow u_{tt} + u_{\theta\theta} = \ddot{T}_0(t) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\ddot{T}_n(t) - \frac{n^2}{4}T_n(t)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) = 0$$

$$\text{ODE: } \begin{cases} \ddot{T}_0 = 0 \Rightarrow T_0(t) = c_0 t + d_0 = -c_0 \ln(r) + d_0 \\ \ddot{T}_n(t) - \frac{n^2}{4}T_n(t) = 0 \Rightarrow T_n(t) = c_n e^{-\frac{n}{2}t} + d_n e^{\frac{n}{2}t} = c_n r^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n r^{-\frac{n}{2}} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(r, \theta) = -c_0 \ln(r) + d_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (c_n r^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n r^{-\frac{n}{2}}) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right)$$

$$u(1, \theta) = d_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (c_n + d_n) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) = 1 - \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow d_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(1 - \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right)\right) d\theta = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\theta + \int_{\frac{3\pi}{2}}^{2\pi} d\theta\right) = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow d_0 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow c_n + d_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(1 - \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta + \int_{\frac{3\pi}{2}}^{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta\right) = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right)\right) = g_n$$

$$u(2, \theta) = -c_0 \ln(2) + d_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (c_n 2^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n 2^{-\frac{n}{2}}) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) = \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow -c_0 \ln(2) + d_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2 d\theta = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow c_0 = \frac{1}{\ln(2)} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{6 \ln(2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow c_n 2^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n 2^{-\frac{n}{2}} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2 \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta = \frac{8}{n^2 \pi^2} (1 + (-1)^n) = h_n$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} c_n + d_n = g_n \\ c_n 2^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n 2^{-\frac{n}{2}} = h_n \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(r, \theta) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6 \ln(2)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r^{\frac{n}{2}} - r^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}} - 2^{-\frac{n}{2}}} \left(\frac{8}{n^2 \pi^2} (1 + (-1)^n) \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{2}{r}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} - \left(\frac{2}{r}\right)^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}} - 2^{-\frac{n}{2}}} \left(\frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right) \right) \right) \right) \cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 u(r, \theta)}{dr^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{du(r, \theta)}{dr} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d^2 u(r, \theta)}{d\theta^2} = 0, \quad 1 < r < 2, \quad 0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

$$\begin{cases} u(r, 0) = 0 \\ u(r, 2\pi) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} u(1, \theta) = \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right) \\ u(2, \theta) = 1 - \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Pi(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & -\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

با تغییر متغیر $r = e^{-t}$ داریم:

$$u_{tt} + u_{\theta\theta} = 0$$

$$\text{Guess: } u(r, \theta) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) \Rightarrow u_{tt} + u_{\theta\theta} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\ddot{T}_n(t) - \frac{n^2}{4} T_n(t) \right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) = 0$$

$$\text{ODE: } \ddot{T}_n(t) - \frac{n^2}{4} T_n(t) = 0 \Rightarrow T_n(t) = c_n e^{-\frac{n}{2}t} + d_n e^{\frac{n}{2}t} = c_n r^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n r^{-\frac{n}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(r, \theta) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(c_n r^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n r^{-\frac{n}{2}} \right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right)$$

$$u(1, \theta) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (c_n + d_n) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) = \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow c_n + d_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \Pi\left(\frac{\theta - \pi}{\pi}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta \right) = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right) \right) = g_n$$

$$u(2, \theta) = 1 - \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(c_n 2^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n 2^{-\frac{n}{2}} \right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow c_n 2^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n 2^{-\frac{n}{2}} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\pi^2}(\theta - \pi)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right) d\theta = \frac{16}{n^3 \pi^3} (1 - (-1)^n) = h_n$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} c_n + d_n = g_n \\ c_n 2^{\frac{n}{2}} + d_n 2^{-\frac{n}{2}} = h_n \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(r, \theta) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r^{\frac{n}{2}} - r^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}} - 2^{-\frac{n}{2}}} \left(\frac{16}{n^3 \pi^3} (1 - (-1)^n) \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{2}{r}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} - \left(\frac{2}{r}\right)^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}} - 2^{-\frac{n}{2}}} \left(\frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right) \right) \right) \right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{2}\theta\right)$$

$$u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}u_r + \frac{1}{r^2}u_{\theta\theta} = 0$$

$$u(a, \theta) = \begin{cases} u_0, & 0 \leq \theta < \pi \\ 0, & \pi \leq \theta < 2\pi \end{cases}$$

$$u_{tt} + u_{\theta\theta} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\dot{T}(t)}{T(t)} = -\frac{\Theta''(\theta)}{\Theta(\theta)} = n^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \ddot{T}(t) - n^2 T(t) = 0 \\ \Theta''(\theta) + n^2 \Theta(\theta) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n(t) = \begin{cases} c_0 - d_0 t = c_0 + d_0 \ln(r) \\ c_n e^{-nt} + d_n e^{nt} = c_n r^n + d_n r^{-n} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Theta_n(\theta) = \begin{cases} a_0 \theta + b_0 \\ a_n \cos(n\theta) + b_n \sin(n\theta) \end{cases}$$

$$r = 0 \text{ is in the domain} \Rightarrow d_0 = 0, \quad d_n = 0, \quad u(r, \theta) \text{ has to be periodic} \Rightarrow a_0 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow u(r, \theta) = \tilde{c}_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} r^n (\tilde{a}_n \cos(n\theta) + \tilde{b}_n \sin(n\theta))$$

$$u(a, \theta) = \begin{cases} u_0, & 0 \leq \theta < \pi \\ 0, & \pi \leq \theta < 2\pi \end{cases} \Rightarrow \tilde{c}_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^\pi u_0 d\theta = \frac{u_0}{2}$$

بررسی تعامد:

$$\int_0^{2\pi} u(a, \theta) \cos(m\theta) d\theta = \frac{u_0}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(m\theta) d\theta + \int_0^{2\pi} a^n (\tilde{a}_n \cos(n\theta) + \tilde{b}_n \sin(n\theta)) \cos(m\theta) d\theta = u_0 \int_0^\pi \cos(m\theta) d\theta = 0 + a_m a^m \pi \Rightarrow a_m = 0$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} u(a, \theta) \sin(m\theta) d\theta = \frac{u_0}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin(m\theta) d\theta + \int_0^{2\pi} a^n (\tilde{a}_n \cos(n\theta) + \tilde{b}_n \sin(n\theta)) \sin(m\theta) d\theta = u_0 \int_0^\pi \sin(m\theta) d\theta = \frac{u_0}{2} \left[\frac{\cos(m\theta)}{m} \right]_0^{2\pi} + b_m a^m \pi$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2u_0}{m} = b_m a^m \pi \text{ for odd } m = 2n - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{u(r, \theta) = \frac{u_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2u_0}{(2n-1)\pi} \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{2n-1} \sin((2n-1)\theta)}$$

$$f_{xx} - \frac{1}{\pi^2} f_{tt} = \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} x^2 - \frac{1}{\pi} x + 2 \right) \sin(t) u(t) - 2tu(t), \quad 0 < x < \pi, \quad 0 < t$$

$$\begin{cases} f(x, 0) = 0 \\ f_t(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} f(0, t) = e^{-t} u(t) \\ f(\pi, t) = e^{-(t-1)} u(t-1) \end{cases}$$

$$u(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \mathfrak{u}_t \in \mathfrak{L}^2$$

$$F_{xx}(x, s) - \frac{s^2}{\pi^2} F(x, s) = \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} x^2 - \frac{1}{\pi} x + 2 \right) \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{2}{s^2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} F_h(x, s) = k_1 e^{-\frac{s}{\pi} x} + k_2 e^{\frac{s}{\pi} x} \\ F_p(x, s) = Ax^2 + Bx + C \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{s^2}{\pi^2} A = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} \\ -\frac{s^2}{\pi^2} B = -\frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} \\ 2A - \frac{s^2}{\pi^2} C = \frac{2}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{2}{s^2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} A = -\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 + 1)} \\ B = \frac{\pi}{s^2(s^2 + 1)} \\ C = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow F_p(x, s) = \frac{\pi x - x^2}{s^2(s^2 + 1)}$$

$$f(0, t) = e^{-t} u(t) \Rightarrow F(0, s) = \frac{1}{s + 1}, \quad f(\pi, t) = e^{-(t-1)} u(t-1) \Rightarrow F(\pi, s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s + 1}$$

$$\begin{cases} F(0, s) = k_1 + k_2 = \frac{1}{s + 1} \\ F(\pi, s) = k_1 e^{-s} + k_2 e^s = \frac{e^{-s}}{s + 1} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} k_1 = \frac{1}{s + 1} \\ k_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow F(x, s) = \frac{1}{s + 1} e^{-\frac{x}{\pi} s} + \frac{\pi x - x^2}{s^2} - \frac{\pi x - x^2}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f(x, t) = e^{-\left(t - \frac{x}{\pi}\right)} u\left(t - \frac{x}{\pi}\right) + (\pi x - x^2) t u(t) - (\pi x - x^2) \sin(t) u(t)}$$

$$f_{xx}-\frac{1}{\pi^2}f_{tt}=\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}x^2-\frac{1}{\pi}x+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sin(2t)\,u(t)-tu(t),\qquad 0<x<\pi,\qquad 0<t$$

$$\begin{cases} f(x,0)=0 \\ f_t(x,0)=0 \end{cases},\qquad \begin{cases} f(0,t)=e^{-2t}u(t) \\ f(\pi,t)=e^{-2(t-1)}u(t-1) \end{cases}$$

$$u(t)=\begin{cases} 1, & 0\leq t \\ 0, & t\leq 0 \end{cases}\Rightarrow \mathfrak{u}_{\mathfrak{t}}\in \mathfrak{L}^1_{\mathfrak{t}}$$

$$F_{xx}(x,s)-\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}F(x,s)=\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}x^2-\frac{1}{\pi}x+\frac{1}{2}\right)\frac{2}{s^2+4}-\frac{1}{s^2}\Rightarrow \begin{cases} F_h(x,s)=k_1e^{-\frac{s}{\pi}x}+k_2e^{\frac{s}{\pi}x} \\ F_p(x,s)=Ax^2+Bx+C \end{cases}$$

$$\left\{\begin{array}{l} -\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}A=\frac{1}{\pi^2}\frac{2}{s^2+4} \\ -\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}B=-\frac{1}{\pi}\frac{2}{s^2+4} \\ 2A-\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}C=\frac{1}{s^2+4}-\frac{1}{s^2} \end{array}\right.\Rightarrow \begin{cases} A=-\frac{2}{s^2(s^2+4)} \\ B=\frac{2\pi}{s^2(s^2+4)} \\ C=0 \end{cases}\Rightarrow F_p(x,s)=\frac{2(\pi x-x^2)}{s^2(s^2+4)}$$

$$f(0,t)=e^{-2t}u(t)\Rightarrow F(0,s)=\frac{1}{s+2},\qquad f(\pi,t)=e^{-2(t-1)}u(t-1)\Rightarrow F(\pi,s)=\frac{e^{-s}}{s+2}$$

$$\left\{\begin{array}{l} F(0,s)=k_1+k_2=\frac{1}{s+2} \\ F(\pi,s)=k_1e^{-s}+k_2e^s=\frac{e^{-s}}{s+2} \end{array}\right.\Rightarrow \begin{cases} k_1=\frac{1}{s+2} \\ k_2=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow F(x,s)=\frac{1}{s+2}e^{-\frac{x}{\pi}s}+\frac{\pi x-x^2}{2s^2}-\frac{\pi x-x^2}{2(s^2+4)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f(x,t)=e^{-2\left(t-\frac{x}{\pi}\right)}u\left(t-\frac{x}{\pi}\right)+\frac{\pi x-x^2}{2}tu(t)-\frac{\pi x-x^2}{4}\sin(2t)\,u(t)}$$

$$f_{xx}-\frac{1}{\pi^2}f_{tt}=\sin(x)\left(tu(t)-\left(1+\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)\sinh(t)\,u(t)\right),\qquad 0<x<\pi,\qquad 0<t$$

$$\begin{cases} f(x,0)=0 \\ f_t(x,0)=0 \end{cases}, \qquad \begin{cases} f(0,t)=e^{-t}u(t) \\ f(\pi,t)=e^{-(t-1)}u(t-1) \end{cases}$$

$$u(t)=\begin{cases} 1, & 0<t \\ 0, & t<0 \end{cases}\Rightarrow \mathfrak{u}_{\frac{1}{2}}\mathfrak{e}_{\frac{1}{2}}\mathfrak{u}$$

$$F_{xx}-\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}F=\sin(x)\left(\frac{1}{s^2}-\left(1+\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)\frac{1}{s^2-1}\right)\Rightarrow \begin{cases} F_h(x,s)=k_1e^{-\frac{s}{\pi}x}+k_2e^{\frac{s}{\pi}x} \\ F_p(x,s)=A\cos(x)+B\sin(x) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} -A\left(1+\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}\right)=0 \\ -B\left(1+\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}\right)=\frac{1}{s^2}-\left(1+\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)\frac{1}{s^2-1}=-\frac{1+\frac{s^2}{\pi^2}}{s^2(s^2-1)} \end{cases}\Rightarrow \begin{cases} A=0 \\ B=\frac{1}{s^2(s^2-1)} \end{cases}\Rightarrow F_p(x,s)=\frac{\sin(x)}{s^2(s^2-1)}$$

$$f(0,t)=e^{-t}u(t)\Rightarrow F(0,s)=\frac{1}{s+1},\qquad f(\pi,t)=e^{-(t-1)}u(t-1)\Rightarrow F(\pi,s)=\frac{e^{-s}}{s+1}$$

$$\begin{cases} F(0,s)=k_1+k_2=\frac{1}{s+1} \\ F(\pi,s)=k_1e^{-s}+k_2e^s=\frac{e^{-s}}{s+1} \end{cases}\Rightarrow \begin{cases} k_1=\frac{1}{s+1} \\ k_2=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow F(x,s)=\frac{e^{-\frac{x}{\pi}s}}{s+1}+\sin(x)\left(\frac{1}{s^2-1}-\frac{1}{s^2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f(x,t)=e^{-\left(t-\frac{x}{\pi}\right)}u\left(t-\frac{x}{\pi}\right)+\sin(x)\left(\sinh(t)\,u(t)-tu(t)\right)}$$

$$u - v = (x - y)(x^2 + 4xy + y^2) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_x - v_x = (x^2 + 4xy + y^2) + (x - y)(2x + 4y) \\ u_y - v_y = -(x^2 + 4xy + y^2) + (x - y)(4x + 2y) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u_x = v_y \\ u_y = -v_x \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_x - v_x + u_y - v_y = 6x^2 - 6y^2 = 2u_y \Rightarrow u(x, y) = 3x^2y - y^3 + g(x) \\ u_x - v_x - u_y + v_y = 12xy = 2u_x \Rightarrow u(x, y) = 3x^2y + h(y) \end{cases} \Rightarrow h(y) = -y^3 + g(x) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} g(x) = c \\ h(y) = -y^3 + c \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u(x, y) = 3x^2y - y^3 + c \\ v(x, y) = 3xy^2 - x^3 + c \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{f(z) = -iz^3 + c(1 + i)}$$

$$u - v = e^x(\cos y - \sin y) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_x - v_x = e^x(\cos y - \sin y) \\ u_y - v_y = -e^x(\cos y + \sin y) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u_x = v_y \\ u_y = -v_x \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_x - v_x + u_y - v_y = -2e^x \sin y = 2u_y \Rightarrow u(x, y) = e^x \cos y + g(x) \\ u_x - v_x - u_y + v_y = 2e^x \cos y = 2u_x \Rightarrow u(x, y) = e^x \cos y + h(y) \end{cases} \Rightarrow g(x) = h(y) = c \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u(x, y) = e^x \cos y + c \\ v(x, y) = e^x \sin y + c \end{cases}$$

$$f(z) = e^x(\cos y + i \sin y) + c + ic = \boxed{e^z + c(1 + i)}$$

$$f'(z) = u_x + iv_x = v_y - iu_y \Rightarrow \operatorname{Re}(f'(z)) = u_x = v_y = 3x^2 - 4y - 3y^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u(x, y) = x^3 - 4xy - 3xy^2 + g(y) \\ v(x, y) = 3x^2y - 2y^2 - y^3 + h(x) \end{cases}$$

$$u_y = -v_x = -4x - 6xy + g'(y) = -6xy - h'(x) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} h'(x) = 4x + c \\ g'(y) = -c \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} h(x) = 2x^2 + cx + d \\ g(y) = -cy + e \end{cases}$$

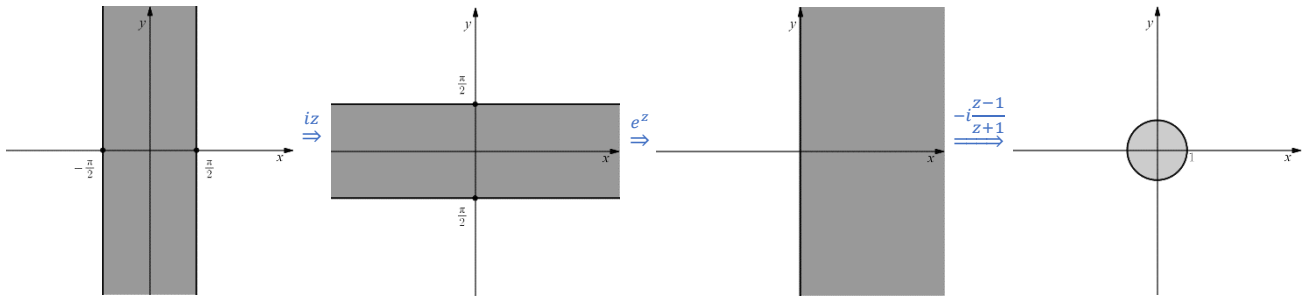
$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u(x, y) = x^3 - 4xy - 3xy^2 - cy + e \\ v(x, y) = 3x^2y - 2y^2 - y^3 + 2x^2 + cx + d \end{cases}$$

$$f'(0) = 0 \Rightarrow c = 0$$

$$f(1 + i) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 - 4 - 3 + e = 0 \\ 3 - 2 - 1 + 2 + d = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} e = 6 \\ d = -2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow f(z) = (x^3 - 4xy - 3xy^2 + 6) + i(3x^2y - 2y^2 - y^3 + 2x^2 - 2)$$

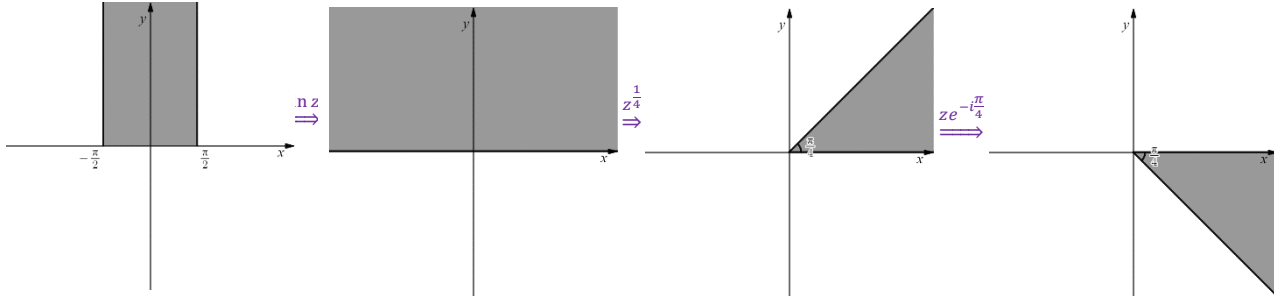
$$f(z) = (x + iy)^3 + 2i(x + iy)^2 + 6 - 2i = \boxed{z^3 + 2iz^2 + 6 - 2i}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)} = -i \frac{e^{i\frac{z}{2}} - e^{-i\frac{z}{2}}}{e^{i\frac{z}{2}} + e^{-i\frac{z}{2}}} = -i \frac{e^{iz} - 1}{e^{iz} + 1}$$



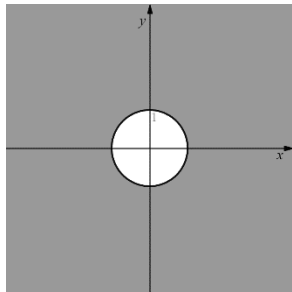
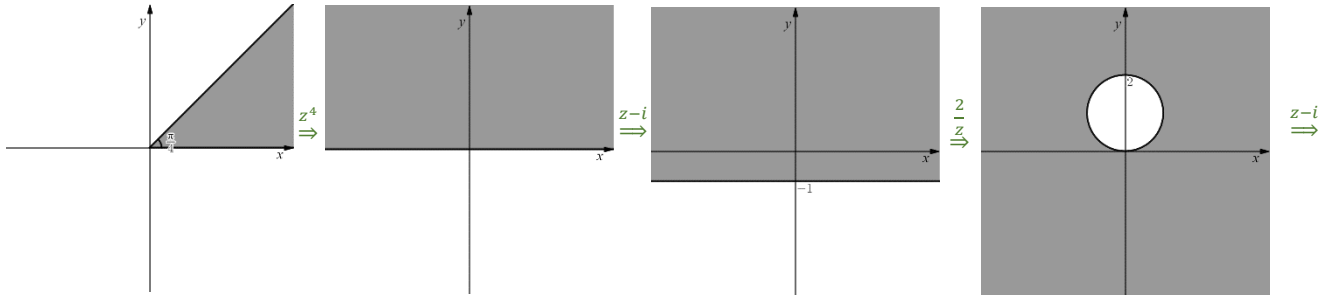
$$D_w = \{w \mid |w| \leq 1\}$$

$$w = e^{-i\frac{\pi}{4}}(\sin z)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$



$$D_w = \left\{w \mid -\frac{\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq 0\right\}$$

$$w = \frac{z^4 + i}{iz^4 + 1} = -i \frac{z^4 + i}{z^4 - i} = -i \left(1 + 2 \frac{i}{z^4 - i}\right) = \frac{2}{z^4 - i} - i$$



$$D_w = \{w \mid |w| \leq 1\}$$