



(۱)

$$\int_0^{\infty} y(\omega) \sin(\omega x) d\omega = \text{sign}(x) \begin{cases} x^2 & |x| \leq 1 \\ \delta(|x| - 1) & |x| = 1 \\ 0 & \text{o.w} \end{cases}$$

تابع فرد است، بنابراین:

$$A(\omega) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^1 x^2 \sin(\omega x) dx + \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(\omega) \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\left[-\frac{x^2 \cos(\omega x)}{\omega} \right]_0^1 + \int_0^1 \frac{2x \cos(\omega x)}{\omega} dx \right) + \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(\omega) \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\left[-\frac{x^2 \cos(\omega x)}{\omega} + \frac{2x \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2} \right]_0^1 - \int_0^1 \frac{2 \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2} dx \right) \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{x^2 \cos(\omega x)}{\omega} + \frac{2x \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2} + \frac{2 \cos(\omega x)}{\omega^3} \right]_0^1 = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\cos(\omega)}{\omega} + \frac{2 \sin(\omega)}{\omega^2} + \frac{2(\cos(\omega) - 1)}{\omega^3} \right) \\ &\Rightarrow f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \left(-\frac{2 \cos(\omega)}{\pi \omega} + \frac{4 \sin(\omega)}{\pi \omega^2} + \frac{4(\cos(\omega) - 1)}{\omega^3} \right) \sin(\omega x) dx \Rightarrow y(\omega) = B(\omega) \end{aligned}$$

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b \left(1 - \frac{|x|}{a} \right) & |x| \leq a \\ 0 & \text{o.w} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-j\omega x} dx = \int_{-a}^0 b \left(1 + \frac{x}{a} \right) e^{-j\omega x} dx + \int_0^a b \left(1 - \frac{x}{a} \right) e^{-j\omega x} dx \\ &= \left[\frac{b}{-j\omega} \left(1 + \frac{x}{a} \right) e^{-j\omega x} \right]_{-a}^0 - \frac{b}{-ja\omega} \int_{-a}^0 e^{-j\omega x} dx + \left[\frac{b}{-j\omega} \left(1 - \frac{x}{a} \right) e^{-j\omega x} \right]_0^a + \frac{b}{-ja\omega} \int_0^a e^{-j\omega x} dx \\ &= -\frac{b}{j\omega} + \frac{b(1 - e^{j\omega a})}{a\omega^2} + \frac{b}{j\omega} - \frac{b(e^{-j\omega a} - 1)}{a\omega^2} = \frac{2b}{a} \left(\frac{1 - \cos(a\omega)}{\omega^2} \right) = \frac{b}{a} \frac{4 \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{2}\omega\right)}{\omega^2} \\ &\Rightarrow F(\omega) = \frac{b}{a} \frac{4 \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{2}\omega\right)}{\omega^2} \end{aligned}$$



$$\text{parseval} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{4b}{a\omega^2} \sin^2 \left(\frac{a\omega}{2} \right) \right)^2 d\omega = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |f(x)|^2 dx = 2 \int_0^a \left(-\frac{b}{a}x + b \right)^2 dx = \frac{2ab^2}{3}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{4b}{a\omega^2} \sin^2 \left(\frac{a\omega}{2} \right) \right)^2 d\omega = \frac{4\pi ab^2}{3}$$

$$a = 4 \Rightarrow \boxed{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} \sin^2(2x) \right)^2 dx = \frac{16\pi b^2}{3}}$$

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تابعی که انتخاب می کنیم باید در بازه $x \geq 0$ برابر با e^{-kx} باشد و با توجه به رابطه انتگرال فوریه باید تابعی زوج باشد. بنابراین:

$$f(x) = e^{-k|x|}$$

تابع یک تابع زوج است.

$$\begin{aligned} A(\omega) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-kx} \cos(\omega x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-kx} (e^{j\omega x} + e^{-j\omega x})}{2} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} (e^{(j\omega-k)x} + e^{(-j\omega-k)x}) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{-1}{j\omega - k} - \frac{1}{-j\omega - k} \right) = \frac{2k}{\pi(k^2 + \omega^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{-k|x|} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2k \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + k^2)} da$$

از قسمت قبل نسبت به k مشتق میگیریم.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d(e^{-k|x|})}{dk} &= -|x|e^{-k|x|} = \frac{d}{dk} \left(\int_0^{\infty} \frac{2k \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + k^2)} da \right) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2 \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + k^2)} da - \int_0^{\infty} \frac{4k^2 \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + k^2)^2} da \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2(a^2 - k^2) \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + k^2)^2} da \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{-k|x|} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2k \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + k^2)} da$$

$$2|x|e^{-2|x|} - e^{-2|x|} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{4(4 - a^2) \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + 4)^2} da - \int_0^{\infty} \frac{4 \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + 4)} da = - \int_0^{\infty} \frac{8a^2 \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + 4)^2} da$$

$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{(2x - 1)e^{-2x} = - \int_0^{\infty} \frac{8a^2 \cos ax}{\pi(a^2 + 4)^2} da}$$



(۴)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2 & |x| < a \\ 0 & o.w \end{cases}$$

$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-j\omega x} dx = \int_{-a}^a (a^2 - x^2) e^{-j\omega x} dx = \frac{4}{\omega^3} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{4a}{\omega^2} \cos(a\omega)$$

$$F(\omega) = \frac{2a^2}{\omega} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{2a^2}{\omega} \sin(a\omega) + \frac{4}{\omega^3} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{4a}{\omega^2} \cos(a\omega) = \frac{4}{\omega^3} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{4a}{\omega^2} \cos(a\omega)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega x} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{\omega^3} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{4a}{\omega^2} \cos(a\omega) \right) e^{j\omega x} d\omega$$

$$\text{even} \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{\omega^3} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{4a}{\omega^2} \cos(a\omega) \right) e^{j\omega x} d\omega$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\omega^3} \sin(a\omega) - \frac{a}{\omega^2} \cos(a\omega) \right) e^{j\omega x} d\omega$$

$$a = 3, \quad x = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} f(0) = \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\omega^3} \sin(3\omega) - \frac{3}{\omega^2} \cos(3\omega) \right) d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\omega^3} \sin(3\omega) - \frac{3}{\omega^2} \cos(3\omega) \right) d\omega = \frac{9\pi}{4}}$$

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$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + k^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-kx}$$

میخواهیم ثابت کنیم:

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^4 + 64} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{16} e^{-2x} \sin(2x)$$

$$\sin(2x) e^{-2x} = \left(\frac{1}{2j} (e^{j2x} - e^{-j2x}) \right) e^{-2x} = \frac{1}{2j} e^{-x(2-2j)} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-x(2+2j)}$$

اکنون در رابطه اول یکبار $k = 2 - 2j$ و یکبار $k = 2 + 2j$ را جایگذاری میکنیم. بنابراین داریم:

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + k^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-kx} \Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + (2-2j)^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-(2-2j)x} \Rightarrow e^{-(2-2j)x} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 - 8j} d\omega$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + k^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-kx} \Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + (2+2j)^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-(2+2j)x} \Rightarrow e^{-(2+2j)x} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + 8j} d\omega$$



بنابراین:

$$\sin(2x) e^{-2x} = \frac{1}{2j} e^{-x(2-2j)} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-x(2+2j)} = \frac{1}{j\pi} \left(\int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 - 8j} d\omega - \int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^2 + 8j} d\omega \right) = \frac{16}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^4 + 64} d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \sin(\omega x)}{\omega^4 + 64} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{16} e^{-2x} \sin(2x)}$$

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$$\int_0^\infty f(\omega) \cos(\omega x) d\omega = \begin{cases} e^{-ax} & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(\omega) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^1 e^{-a\omega} \cos(\omega x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{e^{-a\omega} (\omega \sin(\omega x) - a \cos(\omega x))}{a^2 + \omega^2} \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{e^{-a} (\omega \sin(\omega) - a \cos(\omega))}{a^2 + \omega^2} + \frac{a}{a^2 + \omega^2} \right]$$

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طبق صورت سوال انتگرال فوریه سینوسی تابع $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+4}$ برابر $e^{-2\omega}$ بنابراین:

$$B(\omega) = e^{-2\omega} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx, \quad \omega \geq 0$$

$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) e^{-j\omega x} dx = \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) (\cos(\omega x) + j \sin(\omega x)) dx = 2j \int_0^\infty f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx = 2j \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) B(\omega)$$

$$= \pi j B(\omega), \quad \omega \geq 0$$

تابع $f(x)$ فرد است بنابراین $F(\omega)$ نیز فرد است

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty F(\omega) e^{i\omega x} d\omega$$

$$f(-x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty F(\omega) e^{-i\omega x} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty F(-\omega) e^{i\omega x} d(-\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty F(-\omega) e^{i\omega x} d\omega = -f(x) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty F(\omega) e^{i\omega x} d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow F(\omega) = -F(-\omega)$$

با توجه به فرد بودن $F(\omega)$:

$$F(\omega) = \begin{cases} \pi j B(\omega), & \omega \geq 0 \\ -\pi j B(-\omega), & \omega < 0 \end{cases} = \pi j \text{sign}(\omega) B(|\omega|)$$



حال با استفاده از رابطه پارسوال داریم:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)|^2 dx &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |F(\omega)|^2 d\omega \Rightarrow 2 \int_0^{\infty} f^2(x) dx = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} |F(\omega)|^2 d\omega \Rightarrow \\ \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^2+4)^2} dx &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\infty} |\pi j B(\omega)|^2 d\omega \right) \Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^2+4)^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-4\omega} d\omega = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{8} \\ \Rightarrow \boxed{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^2+4)^2} dx} &= \frac{\pi}{8} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} A(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \pi e^{-x} \cos(\omega x) dx = \left[\frac{e^{-x}}{1+\omega^2} (-\cos(\omega x) + \omega \sin(\omega x)) \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{1+\omega^2} \rightarrow A(\omega) = \frac{1}{1+\omega^2} \\ B(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \pi e^{-x} \sin(\omega x) dx = \left[\frac{e^{-x}}{1+\omega^2} (-\sin(\omega x) - \omega \cos(\omega x)) \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{\omega}{1+\omega^2} \rightarrow B(\omega) = \frac{\omega}{1+\omega^2} \end{aligned}$$

حال طبق قضیه دیریکله میدانیم:

$$F(x_0) = \frac{f(x^+) + f(x^-)}{2}$$

بنابراین:

$$\boxed{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos(\omega x) + \omega \sin(\omega x)}{1+\omega^2} d\omega = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2} & x = 0 \\ \pi e^{-x} & x > 0 \end{cases}}$$

موفق باشید.