



$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt} &= 4u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u(0, t) &= \sin(t), & u(1, t) &= \cos(t) \\ u(x, 0) &= \Pi(x), & u_t(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$u(x, t) = v(x, t) + w(x, t)$$

$$w(x, t) = \sin(t) + x(\cos(t) - \sin(t))$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{tt} = 4u_{xx} + \sin(t) + x(\cos(t) - \sin(t))$$

$$v(0, t) = 0, \quad v(1, t) = 0$$

$$v(x, 0) = \Pi(x) - x, \quad v_t(x, 0) = \Pi(x) - 2 + x$$

$$\text{BC: } \begin{cases} v(0, t) = 0 \\ v(1, t) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow v(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \sin(n\pi x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\ddot{T}_n(t) + 4n^2\pi^2 T_n(t) \right) \sin(n\pi x) = \sin(t) + x(\cos(t) - \sin(t))$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{T}_n(t) + 4n^2\pi^2 T_n(t) = 2 \sin(t) \int_0^1 \sin(n\pi x) dx + 2(\cos(t) - \sin(t)) \int_0^1 x \sin(n\pi x) dx = \frac{2((-1)^{n+1} + 1)}{n\pi} \sin(t) + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} (\cos(t) - \sin(t))$$

$$= \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n(t) = a_n \cos(2n\pi t) + b_n \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \sin(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow v(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos(2n\pi t) + b_n \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \sin(t) \right) \sin(n\pi x)$$

$$v(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \right) \sin(n\pi x) = \Pi(x) - x$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} = 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(n\pi x) dx - 2 \int_0^1 x \sin(n\pi x) dx = \frac{2 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right)}{n\pi} + \frac{2(-1)^n}{n\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n = \frac{2 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right)}{n\pi} + \frac{2(-1)^n}{n\pi} - \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)}$$

$$v_t(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(2b_n n\pi + \frac{2}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \right) \sin(n\pi x) = \Pi(x) - 2 + x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b_n n\pi + \frac{2}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} = 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(n\pi x) dx - 4 \int_0^1 \sin(n\pi x) dx + 2 \int_0^1 \sin(n\pi x) dx = \frac{2 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right)}{n\pi} - \frac{4((-1)^{n+1} + 1)}{n\pi} + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{n\pi} - \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi} - \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} = -\frac{2 \left((-1)^{n+1} + 1 + \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right)}{n\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow b_n = -\frac{(-1)^{n+1} + 1 + \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{1}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow w(x, t) = \sin(t) + x(\cos(t) - \sin(t)) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos(2n\pi t) + b_n \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{n\pi(4n^2\pi^2 - 1)} \sin(t) \right) \sin(n\pi x)$$



(۲-۱) معادله موج زیر را حل کنید.

$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt} &= 4u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u_x(0, t) &= e^{-t}, & u_x(1, t) &= -e^{-t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \Pi(x), & u_t(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) &= v(x, t) + w(x, t) \\ w(x, t) &= xe^{-t} - x^2e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow v_{tt} &= 4u_{xx} - 8e^{-t} - xe^{-t} + x^2e^{-t} \\ v_x(0, t) &= 0, & v_x(1, t) &= 0 \\ v(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) - x + x^2, & v_t(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) - 1 + x - x^2 \\ \text{BC: } \begin{cases} v_x(0, t) = 0 \\ v_x(1, t) = 0 \end{cases} &\Rightarrow v(x, t) = T_0(t) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \cos(n\pi x) \\ \Rightarrow \ddot{T}_0(t) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\ddot{T}_n(t) + 4n^2\pi^2 T_n(t)) \cos(n\pi x) &= -8e^{-t} - xe^{-t} + x^2e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow \ddot{T}_0(t) &= -8e^{-t} \Rightarrow T_0(t) = -8e^{-t} + a_0 + b_0 t \\ \Rightarrow \ddot{T}_n(t) + 4n^2\pi^2 T_n(t) &= -2e^{-t} \int_0^1 x \cos(n\pi x) dx + 2e^{-t} \int_0^1 x^2 \cos(n\pi x) dx = \frac{2((-1)^{n+1} + 1)}{n^2\pi^2} e^{-t} + \frac{4(-1)^n}{n^2\pi^2} e^{-t} = \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2} e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow T_n(t) &= a_n \cos(2n\pi t) + b_n \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow v(x, t) &= -8e^{-t} + a_0 + b_0 t + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos(2n\pi t) + b_n \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} e^{-t} \right) \cos(n\pi x) \\ v(x, 0) &= -8 + a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} \right) \cos(n\pi x) = \Pi(x) - x + x^2 \\ \Rightarrow -8 + a_0 &= \int_0^1 \Pi(x) - x + x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow a_0 = \frac{25}{3} \\ \Rightarrow a_n + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} &= 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(n\pi x) dx - 2 \int_0^1 x \cos(n\pi x) dx + 2 \int_0^1 x^2 \cos(n\pi x) dx = \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi} + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2} \\ \Rightarrow a_n &= \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi} + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} \\ v_t(x, 0) &= 8 + b_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(2b_n n\pi - \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} \right) \cos(n\pi x) = \Pi(x) - 1 + x - x^2 \\ \Rightarrow 8 + b_0 &= \int_0^1 \Pi(x) - 1 + x - x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} - 1 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow b_0 = -\frac{25}{3} \\ \Rightarrow 2b_n n\pi - \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} &= 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(n\pi x) dx + 2 \int_0^1 x \cos(n\pi x) dx - 2 \int_0^1 x^2 \cos(n\pi x) dx = \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi} - \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2} \\ \Rightarrow b_n &= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{((-1)^n + 1)}{n^3\pi^3} + \frac{((-1)^n + 1)}{n^3\pi^3(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} \\ \Rightarrow w(x, t) &= -8e^{-t} + xe^{-t} - x^2e^{-t} + \frac{25}{3} - \frac{25}{3}t + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos(2n\pi t) + b_n \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{2((-1)^n + 1)}{n^2\pi^2(4n^2\pi^2 + 1)} e^{-t} \right) \cos(n\pi x) \end{aligned}$$



(۳-۱) معادله موج زیر را حل کنید.

$$u_{tt} = u_{xx}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq t$$

$$u_x(0, t) = e^{-t}, \quad u(1, t) = \sin(t)$$

$$u(x, 0) = \Pi(x), \quad u_t(x, 0) = \Pi(x) - 1$$

$$u(x, t) = v(x, t) + w(x, t)$$

$$w(x, t) = (x - 1)e^{-t} + \sin(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{tt} = 4u_{xx} + (1 - x)e^{-t} + \sin(t)$$

$$v_x(0, t) = 0, \quad v(1, t) = 0$$

$$v(x, 0) = \Pi(x) + 1 - x, \quad v_t(x, 0) = \Pi(x) - 3 + x$$

$$\text{BC: } \begin{cases} v_x(0, t) = 0 \\ v(1, t) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow v(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\ddot{T}_n(t) + \frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} T_n(t) \right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) = (1-x)e^{-t} + \sin(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{T}_n(t) + \frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} T_n(t) = 2e^{-t} \int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx - 2e^{-t} \int_0^1 x \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx + 2 \sin(t) \int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi} \sin(t) + \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} e^{-t}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n(t) = a_n \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} \sin(t) + \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} e^{-t}$$

$$\Rightarrow v(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} \sin(t) + \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} e^{-t} \right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right)$$

$$v(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n + \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} \right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) = \Pi(x) + 1 - x$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n + \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} = 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx + 2 \int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx - 2 \int_0^1 x \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} + \frac{4 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)}{(2n-1)\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n = \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} + \frac{4 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)}{(2n-1)\pi} - \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)}$$

$$v_t(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(b_n \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2} + \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} - \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} \right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) = \Pi(x) - 2 + x$$

$$\Rightarrow b_n \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2} + \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} - \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} = 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx - 2 \int_0^1 (3-x) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)}{(2n-1)\pi} + \frac{8(-1)^n}{(2n-1)\pi} - \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b_n = \frac{8 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} + \frac{16(-1)^n}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} - \frac{16}{(2n-1)^3\pi^3} - \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} + \frac{16}{(2n-1)^3\pi^3 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow w(x, t) = (x - 1)e^{-t} + \sin(t) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} \sin(t) + \frac{8}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} e^{-t} \right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right)$$



(۴-۱) معادله موج زیر را حل کنید.

$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt} &= u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u(0, t) &= \cos(t), & u_x(1, t) &= -e^{-t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \Pi(x), & u_t(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) &= v(x, t) + w(x, t) \\ w(x, t) &= \cos(t) - xe^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow v_{tt} &= 4u_{xx} + \cos(t) + xe^{-t} \\ v(0, t) &= 0, & v_x(1, t) &= 0 \\ v(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) + x - 1, & v_t(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) - 1 - x \\ \text{BC: } \begin{cases} v(0, t) = 0 \\ v_x(1, t) = 0 \end{cases} &\Rightarrow v(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) \\ &\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\ddot{T}_n(t) + \frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} T_n(t) \right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) = \cos(t) + xe^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow \ddot{T}_n(t) + \frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} T_n(t) &= 2\cos(t) \int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx + 2e^{-t} \int_0^1 x \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx \\ &= \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi} \cos(t) + \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow T_n(t) &= a_n \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} \cos(t) + \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow v(x, t) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} \cos(t) + \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} e^{-t} \right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) \\ v(x, 0) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n + \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} + \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} \right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) = \Pi(x) + x - 1 \\ \Rightarrow a_n + \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} + \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} &= 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx - 2 \int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx + 2 \int_0^1 x \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx \\ &= \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} - \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi} + \frac{4 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)\right)}{(2n-1)\pi} \\ \Rightarrow a_n &= \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)}{(2n-1)\pi} - \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} - \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} \\ v_t(x, 0) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(b_n \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2} - \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} \right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) = \Pi(x) - 1 - x \\ \Rightarrow b_n \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2} - \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} &= 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx - 2 \int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx - 2 \int_0^1 x \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) dx \\ &= \frac{8(-1)^n}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} - \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi} + \frac{4 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)\right)}{(2n-1)\pi} \\ \Rightarrow b_n &= \frac{16(-1)^n}{(2n-1)^3\pi^3} - \frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4}\right)}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2} + \frac{16(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^3\pi^3 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} \\ \Rightarrow w(x, t) &= \cos(t) - xe^{-t} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}t\right) + \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} - 1\right)} \cos(t) + \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2\pi^2 \left(\frac{(2n-1)^2\pi^2}{4} + 1\right)} e^{-t} \right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}x\right) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u(0, t) &= e^{-4t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) = X(x)T(t) &\Rightarrow \frac{\dot{T}(t)}{T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\omega^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{T}(t) + \omega^2 T(t) = 0 \\ X''(x) + \omega^2 X(x) = 0 \end{cases} \\ &\Rightarrow \begin{cases} T(t) = c(\omega)e^{-\omega^2 t} \\ X(x) = a(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + b(\omega)\sin(\omega x) \end{cases} \\ \Rightarrow u(x, t) &= \int_0^\infty (A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + B(\omega)\sin(\omega x))e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega \\ u(0, t) &= \int_0^\infty A(\omega)e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega = e^{-4t} \Rightarrow A(\omega) = \delta(\omega - 2) \\ \Rightarrow u(x, t) &= \cos(2x)e^{-4t} + \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\sin(\omega x)e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega \\ u(x, 0) &= \cos(2x) + \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\sin(\omega x) d\omega = \Pi(x) \\ \Rightarrow \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\sin(\omega x) d\omega &= \Pi(x) - \cos(2x) \end{aligned}$$

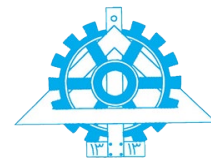
با توجه به انتگرال، تابع باید تابعی فرد باشد و از طرفی در بازه $0 \leq x$ برابر با $\Pi(x) - \cos(2x)$ باشد. تابع $\text{sgn}(x)(\Pi(x) - \cos(2x))$ در این شرایط صدق می کند.

$$\text{sgn}(x)(\Pi(x) - \cos(2x)) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Pi(x) - \cos(2x))] e^{i\omega x} d\omega = \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Pi(x) - \cos(2x))] \sin(\omega x) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{i}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Pi(x) - \cos(2x))] \sin(\omega x) d\omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow B(\omega) &= \frac{i}{\pi} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Pi(x) - \cos(2x))] = \frac{i}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \text{sgn}(x)\Pi(x)e^{-i\omega x} dx - \frac{i}{\pi} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)\cos(2x)] = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(\omega x) dx - \frac{i}{\pi} \left(\frac{2}{i\omega} * \pi(\delta(\omega - 2) + \delta(\omega + 2)) \right) \\ &= \frac{4 \sin^2\left(\frac{\omega}{4}\right)}{\omega\pi} + \frac{2\omega}{\pi(\omega^2 - 4)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \cos(2x)e^{-4t} + \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{4 \sin^2\left(\frac{\omega}{4}\right)}{\omega\pi} + \frac{2\omega}{\pi(\omega^2 - 4)} \right) \sin(\omega x) e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega$$



۲-۲) معادله حرارت زیر را حل کنید.

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= 4u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u_x(0, t) &= e^{-4t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \Pi(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) = X(x)T(t) &\Rightarrow \frac{\dot{T}(t)}{4T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\omega^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{T}(t) + 4\omega^2 T(t) = 0 \\ X''(x) + \omega^2 X(x) = 0 \end{cases} \\ &\Rightarrow \begin{cases} T(t) = c(\omega)e^{-4\omega^2 t} \\ X(x) = a(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + b(\omega)\sin(\omega x) \end{cases} \\ \Rightarrow u(x, t) &= \int_0^\infty (A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + B(\omega)\sin(\omega x))e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega \\ u_x(0, t) &= \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\omega e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega = e^{-4t} \Rightarrow B(\omega) = \delta(\omega - 1) \\ \Rightarrow u(x, t) &= \int_0^\infty A(\omega)\cos(\omega x)e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega + \sin(x)e^{-4t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \int_0^\infty A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) d\omega + \sin(x) = \Pi(x) \\ \Rightarrow \int_0^\infty A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) d\omega &= \Pi(x) - \sin(x) \end{aligned}$$

با توجه به انتگرال، تابع باید تابعی زوج باشد و از طرفی در بازه $0 \leq x$ برابر با $\Pi(x) - \sin(x)$ باشد. تابع $\Pi(x) - \operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(x)$ در این شرایط صدق می کند.

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(x) - \operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(x) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}[\Pi(x) - \operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(x)]e^{i\omega x} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}[\Pi(x) - \operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(x)]\cos(\omega x) d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \mathcal{F}[\Pi(x) - \operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(x)]\cos(\omega x) d\omega \\ \Rightarrow A(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \mathcal{F}[\Pi(x) - \operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(x)] = \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) - \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{2}{i\omega} * (-i\pi(\delta(\omega - 1) - \delta(\omega + 1)))\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) + \frac{2}{\pi(\omega^2 - 1)} \\ \Rightarrow u(x, t) &= \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) + \frac{2}{\pi(\omega^2 - 1)}\right) \cos(\omega x) e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega + \sin(x) e^{-4t} \end{aligned}$$



۲-۳) معادله حرارت زیر را حل کنید.

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= 4u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u(0, t) &= e^{-8t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \Lambda(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$u(x, t) = X(x)T(t) \Rightarrow \frac{\dot{T}(t)}{4T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\omega^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{T}(t) + 4\omega^2 T(t) = 0 \\ X''(x) + \omega^2 X(x) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} T(t) = c(\omega)e^{-4\omega^2 t} \\ X(x) = a(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + b(\omega)\sin(\omega x) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \int_0^\infty (A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + B(\omega)\sin(\omega x))e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega$$

$$u(0, t) = \int_0^\infty A(\omega)e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega = e^{-8t} \Rightarrow A(\omega) = \delta(\omega - \sqrt{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \cos(\sqrt{2}x)e^{-8t} + \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\sin(\omega x)e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega$$

$$u(x, 0) = \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\sin(\omega x) d\omega = \Lambda(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\sin(\omega x) d\omega = \Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

با توجه به انتگرال، تابع باید تابعی فرد باشد و از طرفی در بازه $0 \leq x$ برابر با $\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$ باشد. تابع $\text{sgn}(x)(\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x))$ در این شرایط صدق می کند.

$$\text{sgn}(x)(\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x)) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x))] e^{i\omega x} d\omega = \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x))] \sin(\omega x) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{i}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x))] \sin(\omega x) d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow B(\omega) = \frac{i}{\pi} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)(\Lambda(x) - \cos(\sqrt{2}x))] = \frac{i}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \text{sgn}(x)\Lambda(x)e^{-i\omega x} dx - \frac{i}{\pi} \mathcal{F}[\text{sgn}(x)\cos(\sqrt{2}x)]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^1 (1-x)\sin(\omega x) dx - \frac{i}{\pi} \left(\frac{2}{i\omega} * \pi(\delta(\omega - \sqrt{2}) + \delta(\omega + \sqrt{2})) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2(\omega - \sin(\omega))}{\pi\omega^2} + \frac{2\omega}{\pi(\omega^2 - 2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{u(x, t) = \cos(\sqrt{2}x)e^{-8t} + \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{2(\omega - \sin(\omega))}{\pi\omega^2} + \frac{2\omega}{\pi(\omega^2 - 2)} \right) \sin(\omega x) e^{-4\omega^2 t} d\omega}$$



۲-۴) معادله حرارت زیر را حل کنید.

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= u_{xx}, & 0 \leq x, & \quad 0 \leq t \\ u_x(0, t) &= e^{-4t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \Lambda(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) = X(x)T(t) &\Rightarrow \frac{\dot{T}(t)}{T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\omega^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{T}(t) + \omega^2 T(t) = 0 \\ X''(x) + \omega^2 X(x) = 0 \end{cases} \\ &\Rightarrow \begin{cases} T(t) = c(\omega)e^{-\omega^2 t} \\ X(x) = a(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + b(\omega)\sin(\omega x) \end{cases} \\ &\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \int_0^\infty (A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) + B(\omega)\sin(\omega x))e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega \\ u_x(0, t) &= \int_0^\infty B(\omega)\omega e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega = e^{-4t} \Rightarrow B(\omega) = \frac{1}{2}\delta(\omega - 2) \\ &\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \int_0^\infty A(\omega)\cos(\omega x)e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega + \frac{1}{2}\sin(2x)e^{-4t} \\ u(x, 0) &= \int_0^\infty A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) d\omega + \frac{1}{2}\sin(2x) = \Lambda(x) \\ &\Rightarrow \int_0^\infty A(\omega)\cos(\omega x) d\omega = \Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\sin(2x) \end{aligned}$$

با توجه به انتگرال، تابع باید تابعی زوج باشد و از طرفی در بازه $0 \leq x$ برابر با $\Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\sin(2x)$ باشد. تابع $\Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(2x)$ در این شرایط صدق می‌کند.

$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(2x) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}\left[\Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(2x)\right] e^{i\omega x} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{F}\left[\Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(2x)\right] \cos(\omega x) d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \mathcal{F}\left[\Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(2x)\right] \cos(\omega x) d\omega \\ &\Rightarrow A(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \mathcal{F}\left[\Lambda(x) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sin(2x)\right] = \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) - \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{2}{i\omega} * (-i\pi(\delta(\omega - 2) - \delta(\omega + 2)))\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) + \frac{2}{\pi(\omega^2 - 4)} \\ &\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\omega}{2\pi}\right) + \frac{2}{\pi(\omega^2 - 4)}\right) \cos(\omega x) e^{-\omega^2 t} d\omega + \frac{1}{2}\sin(2x)e^{-4t} \end{aligned}$$