```
import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn import metrics
In [68]: df = pd.read_csv('insurance.csv')
In [69]: df.head()
Out[69]:
                                                        charges
                         bmi children smoker
                                              region
         0 19 female 27.900
                                       yes southwest 16884.92400
         1 18 male 33.770
                                        no southeast 1725.55230
                male 33.000
                                  3
                                        no southeast 4449.46200
         3 33 male 22.705
                                        no northwest 21984.47061
         4 32 male 28.880
                                        no northwest 3866.85520
In [70]: df.shape
Out[70]: (1338, 7)
In [71]: df.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 1338 entries, 0 to 1337
        Data columns (total 7 columns):
        # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
                     -----
        --- -----
                      1338 non-null int64
        0 age
                      1338 non-null object
        1 sex
        2 bmi
                      1338 non-null float64
        3 children 1338 non-null int64
        4 smoker 1338 non-null object
        5 region 1338 non-null object
        6 charges 1338 non-null float64
        dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(3)
        memory usage: 73.3+ KB
In [72]: df.isnull().sum()
Out[72]: age
                     0
         sex
                     0
         bmi
                     0
         children
                    0
         smoker
                     0
         region
                     0
         charges
                    0
         dtype: int64
In [73]: df.describe()
Out[73]:
                                         children
                                                     charges
         count 1338.000000 1338.000000 1338.000000 1338.000000
                 39.207025
                            30.663397
                                        1.094918 13270.422265
         mean
                 14.049960
                             6.098187
                                        1.205493 12110.011237
                 18.000000
                            15.960000
                                        0.000000
                                                1121.873900
           min
                 27.000000
                            26.296250
                                        0.000000
                                                 4740.287150
          25%
          50%
                 39.000000
                            30.400000
                                        1.000000
                                                9382.033000
                 51.000000
                            34.693750
                                        2.000000 16639.912515
          75%
                                        5.000000 63770.428010
                 64.000000
                            53.130000
          max
In [74]: sns.set()
         plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
         sns.distplot(df['age'])
         plt.title("Age Distribution")
         plt.show()
        C:\Users\taha\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_16316\2844674647.py:3: UserWarning:
        `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.
        Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with
        similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
        For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see
        https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751
         sns.distplot(df['age'])
                                       Age Distribution
           0.040
           0.035
           0.030
           0.025
        Density
0.020
           0.015
           0.010
           0.005
           0.000
                             20
                                                    50
                                                             60
                                                                     70
                                     30
                                             40
                     10
                                             age
In [75]: sex_counts = df["sex"].value_counts()
         # Plotting
         plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
         plt.bar(sex_counts.index, sex_counts, color='skyblue')
         # Add labels and title
         plt.xlabel('Sex')
         plt.ylabel('Count')
         plt.title('Sex Distribution')
Out[75]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Sex Distribution')
                                     Sex Distribution
           700
           600
           500
           400
           300
           200
           100
             0
                            male
                                                         female
                                           Sex
In [76]: df['sex'].value_counts()
Out[76]: sex
                   676
         male
         female
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [77]: sns.histplot(df['bmi'])
         plt.show()
           140
           120
           100
           80
        Count
            60
            40
            20
                15
                        20
                               25
                                       30
                                              35
                                                      40
                                                              45
                                                                     50
                                             bmi
In [78]: df['region'].value_counts()
Out[78]: region
                      364
         southeast
         southwest
                      325
         northwest
                      325
         northeast
                      324
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [79]: df.replace({'sex':{'male':0,'female':1}},inplace=True)
        C:\Users\taha\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_16316\209033561.py:1: FutureWarning: Downcasting behavior in `replace` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. To retain the old behavior, ex
        plicitly call `result.infer_objects(copy=False)`. To opt-in to the future behavior, set `pd.set_option('future.no_silent_downcasting', True)`
        df.replace({'sex':{'male':0,'female':1}},inplace=True)
In [80]: df.replace({'smoker':{'yes':0, 'no':1}}, inplace=True )
        C:\Users\taha\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_16316\2127058004.py:1: FutureWarning: Downcasting behavior in `replace` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. To retain the old behavior, e
        xplicitly call `result.infer_objects(copy=False)`. To opt-in to the future behavior, set `pd.set_option('future.no_silent_downcasting', True)`
         df.replace({'smoker':{'yes':0,'no':1}},inplace=True )
In [81]: df.replace({'region':{'southeast':0, 'southwest':1, 'northeast':2, 'northwest':3}}, inplace=True)
        C:\Users\taha\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_16316\234505671.py:1: FutureWarning: Downcasting behavior in `replace` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. To retain the old behavior, ex
        plicitly call `result.infer_objects(copy=False)`. To opt-in to the future behavior, set `pd.set_option('future.no_silent_downcasting', True)`
        df.replace({'region':{'southeast':0,'southwest':1,'northeast':2,'northwest':3}}, inplace=True)
In [82]: X = df.drop(columns="charges", axis=1)
         y = df['charges']
In [83]: X
Out[83]:
                         bmi children smoker region
              age sex
            0 19
                    1 27.900
                   0 33.770
                   0 33.000
                                  3
                                               0
            2 28
           3 33
                   0 22.705
            4 32
                    0 28.880
                                  0
                                               3
         1333 50
                    0 30.970
                                  3
                                               3
         1334 18 1 31.920
         1335 18
                   1 36.850
         1336 21 1 25.800
         1337 61 1 29.070
                                         0
                                               3
        1338 rows × 6 columns
In [84]: y
Out[84]: 0
                 16884.92400
                  1725.55230
         1
         2
                  4449.46200
                 21984.47061
         3
                  3866.85520
                10600.54830
         1333
                 2205.98080
         1334
         1335
                 1629.83350
         1336
                 2007.94500
         1337
                29141.36030
         Name: charges, Length: 1338, dtype: float64
In [85]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
In [86]: X_train.shape
Out[86]: (1070, 6)
In [87]: X_test.shape
Out[87]: (268, 6)
In [88]: model = LinearRegression()
In [89]: model.fit(X_train,y_train)
Out[89]:
         LinearRegression
         LinearRegression()
In [90]: training_data_prediction = model.predict(X_train)
In [91]: r2_train = metrics.r2_score(y_train, training_data_prediction)
In [92]: r2_train
Out[92]: 0.7413131194887537
In [93]: test_data_prediction = model.predict(X_test)
In [94]: metrics.r2_score(y_test, test_data_prediction)
Out[94]: 0.783021587162344
In [95]: sample_input_data = (30, 1, 22.7, 0, 1, 0)
In [96]: input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(sample_input_data)
In [97]: input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)
In [98]: prediction = model.predict(input_data_reshaped)
        C:\Users\taha\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:493: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but LinearRegression was fitted with feature names
```

MEDICAL INSURANCE COST PREDICTION

In [67]: **import** numpy **as** np

warnings.warn(

In [99]: print("The insurance cost is ", prediction)

The insurance cost is [2741.67607076]