MVP

Analysis of Big mart sales prediction

the goal of these model is to find out the sales of each product at a particular store and the sales of the different stores of Big Mart.

Steps of work:

- 1- Importing the libraries: numpy, pandas, seaborn, matplotlib and sklearn
- 2- Importing the data: I used Big Mart dataset it contains: train (8523,12)
- 3- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA): I explore the data to understand it features and data type I am going to work on and know if it has null values

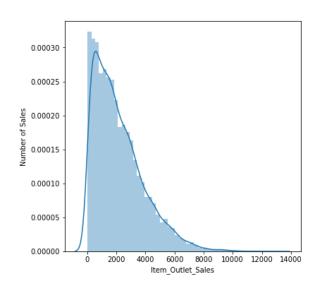
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 8523 entries, 0 to 8522
Data columns (total 12 columns):
                                  Non-Null Count Dtype
# Column
    Item_Identifier
                                   8523 non-null
                                                    object
   Item Weight
                                  7060 non-null float64
    Item_Fat_Content
Item_Visibility
                                 8523 non-null object
8523 non-null float64
4 Item_Type
                                 8523 non-null object
    Item_MRP 8523 non-null
Outlet_Identifier 8523 non-null
                                                    float64
                                                    object
    Outlet_Establishment_Year 8523 non-null
                                                    int64
8 Outlet_Size 6113 non-null
9 Outlet_Location_Type 8523 non-null
                                                     object
                                                    object
10 Outlet_Type 8523 non-null
11 Item_Outlet_Sales 8523 non-null
                                                    object
                                                    float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(7)
memory usage: 799.2+ KB
```

```
#IN categorical variables we will see the number of unique values in each of them
train_bigmart_df.apply(lambda x: len(x.unique()))
Item Identifier
                                   1559
Item_Weight
Item_Fat_Content
Item_Visibility
                                   7880
Item_Type
Item_MRP
                                      16
Outlet_Identifier
Outlet_Establishment_Year
Outlet_Size
Outlet_Location_Type
Outlet_Type
Item_Outlet_Sales
                                       4
                                   3493
# We can see that there is 1559 products and 10 outlets.
train_bigmart_df['Item_Fat_Content'].value_counts()
Low Fat
Regular
              2889
LF
               316
reg
low fat
               112
Name: Item_Fat_Content, dtype: int64
```

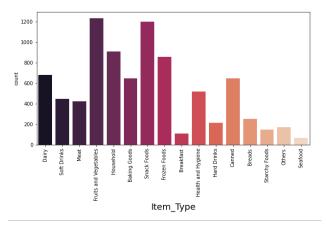
4-handling missing data

- The Item_Weight and Outlet_Size have missing data so I replace Item_Weight with the mean value, and the Outlet_Size with the mode of the Outlet_Size for the particular type of outlet.
- replacing the 0 values in Item_Visibility with the mean.

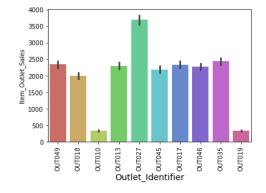
5- <u>Data Visualization:</u>



We can see that our target variable is skewed towards the right

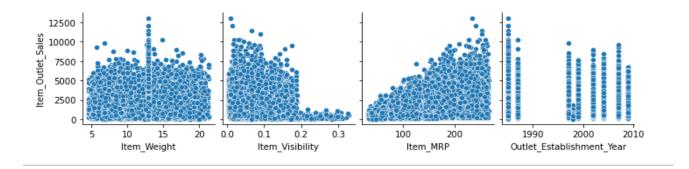


from the plot we can see that Fruits and Vegetables, Snack Foods and Household are more sold than the other items



We can see that outlet 27 has the top sale

Plot shows the relationship between the target variable and the numirecal variable

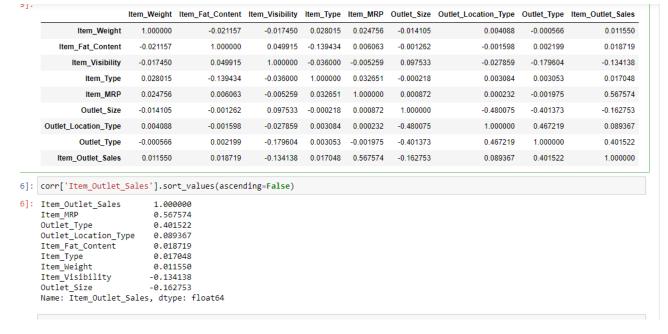


- -Item_Weight The data is very spread, no specific pattern.
- -Item_Visibility Appears to be spread as well but some concentration around the (0,0) indicate small visibility items are not selling well is some cases.
- -Item_MRP Items with higher MRP soled better in most cases.

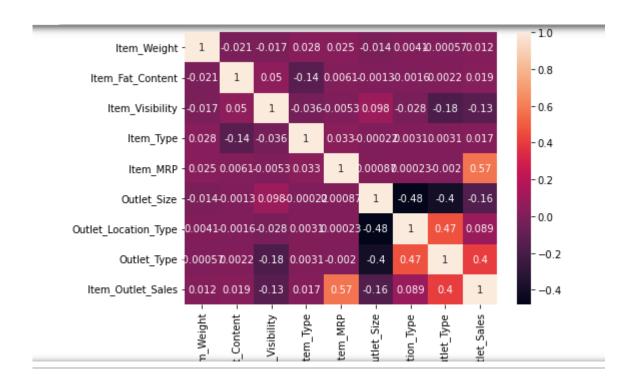
6-Data Preprocessing:

I convert categorical columns to numerical values using LabelEncoder()

7-Corraltion Matrix



we can see that Item_MRP have the most positive correlation and the Item_Visibility has the lowest correlation with our target variable.



8- split the data, train and test model

I am going to split the train data to train and validation data, then I will:

- 1- train models on train
- 2- score them on validation
- 3- retrain best candidat on train and validation
- 4- score the final model on test.

Models I will use

- Random Forest Regressor
- Linear Regression