

PROJECT RECORD 2022-2023

Roll No.	•	
Name: Class:	 Sec:	
Subject:		





Certificate

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This is to certify that		
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the academic year 20	22 - 2023.	
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External Examiner	In	ternal Examiner

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PYTHON PROGRAMS

Aim: Calculate factorial of a number inputted by user.

<u>Co</u>de

```
def factorial(n):
    if n == 0:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * factorial(n-1)

n = int(input("Enter a number: "))
print(factorial(n))
```

Output

```
#Run 1
```

Enter a number: 0

1

#Run 2

Enter a number: 69

171122452428141311372468338881272839092270544893520369393648040923257279754 14064742400000000000000

#Run 3

Enter a number: 420

Aim: Check whether the number inputted by user is a prime number or not.

```
def check_prime():
    num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
    if num > 1:
        for i in range(2, num):
            if (num % i) == 0:
                print(num, "is not a prime number")
                break
        else:
            print(num, "is a prime number")
    else:
        print(num, "is not a prime number")

check_prime()

Output

#Run 1
```

```
#Run 1
Enter a number: 0
0 is not a prime number

#Run 2
Enter a number: 1
1 is not a prime number

#Run 3
Enter a number: 5
5 is a prime number

#Run 4
Enter a number: 15
15 is not a prime number
```

Aim: Search for the existence of a substring within an inputted string.

Code

```
def search_in_string():
    s = input("Enter a string: ")
    t = input("Enter a substring to search in string:
")
    if t in s:
        print("Substring found")
        print("The number of times the substring is
present in the string is", s.count(t))
    else:
        print("Substring not found")
```

<u>Output</u>

```
#Run 1
Enter a string: Hello World
Enter a substring to search in string: hello
Substring not found

#Run 2
Enter a string: Hello World
Enter a substring to search in string: Hello
Substring found
The number of times the substring is present in the string is 1
```

Aim: Perform Bubble Sort using a user-defined function.

Code

```
def BubbleSort():
    L = [eval(i) for i in input("Enter the list items :
").split()]
    for i in range(len(L)):
        for j in range(len(L)-1):
            if L[j] > L[j+1]:
                 L[j], L[j+1] = L[j+1], L[j]
        return L
print(BubbleSort())
```

<u>Output</u>

```
#Run 1
Enter the list items : 10 5 7 8 2 4 6 1 3 9
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]

#Run 2
Enter the list items : 'Shehzad' 'Abdullahir' 'Taha' 'Farhan' 'Abhinav'
['Abdullahir', 'Abhinav', 'Farhan', 'Shehzad', 'Taha']
```

Aim: Display file content line by line, with each word separated by '#".

<u>Code</u>

```
def split():
    f = open("data.txt", "r")
    for line in f.readlines():
        print(line.replace(' ', '#'), end='')
    f.close()

split()
```

File Content

Hello World

This is a new sentence

Output

Hello#World

This#is#a#new#sentence

Aim: Count and display the number of vowels, consonants, lowercase and uppercase characters in a file.

```
def count_vowels():
    vowels = 0
    for line in I:
        for char in line:
            if char.lower() in 'aeiou':
                vowels += 1
    print("The number of vowels in the file is",
vowels)
def count_consonants():
    consonants = 0
    for line in I:
        for char in line:
            if char.isalpha() and char.lower() not in
'aeiou':
                consonants += 1
    print("The number of consonants in the file is",
consonants)
def count lowercase():
    lowercase = 0
    for line in L:
        for char in line:
            if char.islower():
                lowercase += 1
    print("The number of lowercase letters in the file
is", lowercase)
```

```
def count_uppercase():
    uppercase = 0
    for line in L:
        for char in line:
            if char.isupper():
                uppercase += 1
    print("The number of uppercase letters in the file
is", uppercase)

f = open("data.txt", "r")
L = f.readlines()
f.close()

count_vowels()
count_consonants()
count_lowercase()
count_uppercase()
```

File Content

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Praesent in placerat tortor, vitae hendrerit mauris. Vestibulum tempor non enim vitae tempor. Quisque nec varius dui, ut dapibus elit. Sed nec gravida libero. Integer euismod purus quis odio sagittis elementum. Mauris id placerat odio, sed mattis nulla. Duis eleifend eget ligula eu rhoncus. Mauris facilisis euismod quam vel rhoncus.

<u>Output</u>

```
The number of vowels in the file is 142

The number of consonants in the file is 179

The number of lowercase letters in the file is 312

The number of uppercase letters in the file is 9
```

Aim: Create a binary file to store Roll Number and Name and perform search operations on it.

```
import pickle
L = \lceil \rceil
def add student():
    f = open("student.dat", "wb+")
    while True:
        roll = int(input("Enter roll number: "))
        name = input("Enter name: ")
        L.append([roll, name])
        if input("Would you like to add another
student? (y/n): ") != "y":
            break
        else:
            continue
    print()
    pickle.dump(L, f)
    f.close()
def search_student():
    roll = int(input("Enter roll number to search: "))
    f = open("student.dat", "rb")
    c = pickle.load(f)
    for i in c:
        if roll == i[0]:
            print("Roll number:", i[0], "Name:", i[1],
'\n')
            break
    else:
        print("Roll number not found")
    f.close()
```

```
while True:
    print("Menu")
    print("1. Add student\n2. Search student\n3. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        add_student()
    elif choice == 2:
        search_student()
    elif choice == 3:
        exit()
```

<u>Output</u>

```
Menu
1. Add student
2. Search student
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter roll number: 001
Enter name: Taha
Would you like to add another student? (y/n): y
Enter roll number: 102
Enter name: Shehzad
Would you like to add another student? (y/n): n
Menu
1. Add student
2. Search student
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter roll number to search: 102
Roll number: 102 Name: Shehzad
```

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 103

Roll number not found

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Aim: Create a binary file to store Roll Number and Name of student, and to perform search operations on it.

```
import pickle
L = []
def add student():
    f = open("student.dat", "wb+")
    while True:
        roll = int(input("Enter roll number: "))
        name = input("Enter name: ")
        marks = int(input("Enter marks: "))
        L.append([roll, name, marks])
        if input("Would you like to add another
student? (y/n): ") != "y":
            break
        else:
            continue
    print()
    pickle.dump(L, f)
    f.close()
def search student():
    roll = int(input("Enter roll number to search: "))
    f = open("student.dat", "rb")
    c = pickle.load(f)
    for i in c:
        if roll == i[0]:
           print("Roll number:", i[0], "Name:", i[1],
"Marks: ", i[2], '\n')
            break
    else:
        print("Roll number not found")
    f.close()
```

```
def edit_student():
    roll = int(input("Enter roll number to edit: "))
    mark = int(input("Enter new marks: "))
    f = open("student.dat", "rb")
    c = pickle.load(f)
    f.close()
    for i in c:
        if roll == i[0]:
            i[2] = mark
            f = open("student.dat", "wb")
            pickle.dump(c, f)
            f.close()
            break
    else:
        print("Roll number not found")
    print("Marks updated")
while True:
    print("Menu")
    print("1. Add student\n2. Search student\n3. Edit
student\n4. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        add student()
    elif choice == 2:
        search student()
    elif choice == 3:
        edit student()
    elif choice == 4:
        exit()
```

<u>Output</u>

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Edit student
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter roll number: 001

Enter name: Taha

Enter marks: 99

Would you like to add another student? (y/n): y

Enter roll number: 102

Enter name: Shehzad

Enter marks: 95

Would you like to add another student? (y/n): n

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Edit student
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 001

Roll number: 1 Name: Taha Marks: 99

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Edit student
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter roll number to edit: 102

Enter new marks: 99

Marks updated

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Edit student
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 102

Roll number: 102 Name: Shehzad Marks: 99

Menu

- 1. Add student
- 2. Search student
- 3. Edit student
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

Aim: Copy a file into a new file except for lines containing the letter 'a'.

Code

```
f1 = open("file1.txt", "r")
f2 = open("file2.txt", "w")
c = f1.readlines()
L = []
for i in c:
    if 'a' not in i.lower():
        L.append(i)
f2.writelines(L)
f1.close()
f2.close()
```

File Content

File1.txt

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.

Maecenas sed diam efficitur, pretium nulla eu, fermentum purus.

Nullam lobortis est a fermentum hendrerit.

Quisque efficitur, purus at consequat iaculis, metus purus euismod quam, at imperdiet felis metus at dolor.

Nulla porta tellus urna, non tincidunt diam bibendum at.

Quisque ac risus condimentum, suscipit leo aliquet, efficitur sapien.

Sed eleifend orci ac est placerat tempus.

Phasellus accumsan ullamcorper elementum.

Quisque sed ante mattis lacus porttitor interdum.

Nunc id magna nec dolor condimentum euismod.

Hello World

File2.txt

Hello World

Aim: Create a CSV file and store employee ID, name and salary. Perform search operations.

```
import csv
L = \lceil \rceil
f = open('data.csv', 'w', newline='')
writer = csv.writer(f, delimiter=',')
writer.writerow(['Employee ID', 'Employee Name', 'Employee
Salary'])
f.close()
def create():
    f = open('data.csv', 'a+', newline='')
    writer = csv.writer(f, delimiter=',')
    while True:
        idno = input("Enter Employee ID: ")
        name = input("Enter Employee Name: ")
        salr = input("Enter Employee Salary: ")
        L.append([idno, name, salr])
        if input("Do you want to continue? (y/n):
").lower() != 'y':
            break
    writer.writerows(L)
    f.close()
def search():
    f = open('data.csv', 'r')
    reader = csv.reader(f, delimiter=',')
    idno = input("Enter Employee ID: ")
    for row in reader:
        if idno == row[0]:
            print("Employee ID: ", row[0], "\nEmployee Name: ",
row[1], "\nEmployee Salary: ", row[2])
            break
    f.close()
```

```
while True:
    print("Menu")
    print("1. Create\n2. Search\n3. Exit")

    ch = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if ch == 1:
        create()
    elif ch == 2:
        search()
    elif ch == 3:
        exit()
    else:
        print("Invalid choice")
```

Output

```
Menu
1. Create
2. Search
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter Employee ID: 101
Enter Employee Name: Bob
Enter Employee Salary: 1000
Do you want to continue? (y/n): y
Enter Employee ID: 102
Enter Employee Name: Thomas
Enter Employee Salary: 1100
Do you want to continue? (y/n): n
Menu
1. Create
2. Search
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
```

Enter Employee ID: 101

Employee ID: 101

Employee Name: Bob

Employee Salary: 1000

Menu

- 1. Create
- 2. Search
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter Employee ID: 103

Menu

- 1. Create
- 2. Search
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Aim: Simulate a dice.

Code

```
import random
import time

def simulate_dice():
    try:
        print("Press Ctrl+C to stop the dice")
        while True:
            n = random.randint(1, 6)
            print(n, end=' ') # This statement can be
commented out to keep the terminal clean
            time.sleep(0.001)
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        print("\nDice stopped")
        print("Your number is", n)
```

Output

```
Press Ctrl+C to stop the dice

2 5 3 1 1 6 4 5 5 5 3 1 3 1 6 4 3 5 4 2 2 3 1 4 4 3 5 1 2 4 4 2 6 1 6 1 6 3

3 5 3 4 2 3 2 3 4 6 1 2 2 6 1 1 3 5 5 2 1 2 6 5 2 3 5 5 5 2 4 2 3 3 6 2 2 2

4 3 1 4 3 2 2 1 4 3 3 2 2 5 6 4 6 4 4 6 4 1 6 5 2 4 6 1 1 5 5 6 1 3 6 5 1 5

2 1 4 5 6 5 3 6 2 3 1 5 6 1 2 5 2 1 2 3 3

Dice stopped

Your number is 3
```

Aim: Implement a stack in Python using lists.

```
S = \lceil \rceil
def isEmpty(S):
    return True if len(S) == 0 else False
def push(S, x):
    S.append(x)
    top = len(S) - 1
def pop(S):
    return "Underflow" if isEmpty(S) else S.pop()
def peek(S):
    return "Underflow" if isEmpty(S) else S[-1]
def show(S):
    print("No elements in the stack") if isEmpty(S)
else None
    t = len(S) - 1
    while t \ge 0:
        print(S[t], end=' ')
        t -= 1
    print()
```

```
while True:
    print("Menu")
    print("1. Push\n2. Pop\n3. Peek\n4. Show\n5. Exit")
    c = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if c == 1:
        x = input("Enter the element to be pushed: ")
        push(S, x)
    elif c == 2:
        print(pop(S))
    elif c == 3:
        print(peek(S))
    elif c == 4:
        show(S)
    elif c == 5:
        exit()
    else:
        print("Invalid choice")
```

<u>Output</u>

```
Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed: 1
Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit
```

Enter your choice: 1

```
Enter the element to be pushed: 3
Menu
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. Show
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed: 5
Menu
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. Show
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
5
Menu
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. Show
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
3
Menu
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. Show
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
```

3 1

Menu

- 1. Push
- 2. Pop
- 3. Peek
- 4. Show
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Aim: Linear and Binary Search using lists.

```
def LinearSearch():
    L = [eval(i) for i in input("Enter the list items:
").split()]
    c = eval(input("Enter element to search : "))
    for i in range(len(L)):
        if L[i] == c:
            print("Element found at index", i)
            break
    else:
        print("Element not found")
def BinarySearch():
    L = [eval(i) for i in input("Enter the list items:
").split()]
    c = eval(input("Enter element to search : "))
    L.sort()
    low = found = 0
    high = len(L) - 1
    while low <= high:
        mid = (low + high) // 2
        if L[mid] == c:
            found = 1
            break
        elif L[mid] > c:
            high = mid - 1
        else:
            low = mid + 1
    if found == 1:
        print("Element found")
    else:
        print("Element not found")
```

LinearSearch() BinarySearch()

<u>Output</u>

Enter the list items : 1 2 4 5 7 8 9 10 3 5 6

Enter element to search: 11

Element not found

Enter the list items : 1 2 4 5 7 8 9 10 3 5 6

Enter element to search: 1

Element found

Aim: Find the most common domain in phishing emails.

```
L = []
d = \{\}
def findmostoccuringdomain():
    while True:
        c = input("Enter phishing emails (enter q to
exit loop): ")
        if c == "q":
            break
        else:
            L.append(c)
    for i in range(len(L)):
        L[i] = L[i].split("@")[1]
    for i in L:
        d[i] = d.get(i, 0) + 1
    max = 0
    for i in d:
        if d[i] > max:
            max = d[i]
            domain = i
    print("\nMost occuring domain is", domain, "with",
max, "occurences")
findmostoccuringdomain()
```

<u>Output</u>

```
Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): jackpotwin@lottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): claimtheprize@mylife.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): youarethewinner@lottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): luckywinner@mylife.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): spinthewheel@flipkart.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): dealwinner@snapdeal.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): luckywinner@snapdeal.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): luckyjackpot@americanlottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): claimtheprize@lootolottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): youarelucky@mylife.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): q
```

Most occuring domain is mylife.com with 3 occurences

Aim: Connect with a database and store employee details and display them.

```
from mysql.connector import connect as c
cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')
db = cdb.cursor()
db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")
db.execute("USE company")
db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT
PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department
VARCHAR(255))")
cdb.commit()
def add_records():
    while True:
        id = int(input("Enter ID: "))
        name = input("Enter Name: ")
        salary = int(input("Enter Salary: "))
        department = input("Enter Department: ")
        db.execute("INSERT INTO employee VALUES (%s,
%s, %s, %s)", (id, name, salary, department))
        cdb.commit()
        print("Record Added Successfully")
        ch = input("Do you want to add more records?
(y/n): ")
        if ch != 'y':
            break
```

```
def show_records():
    db.execute("SELECT * FROM employee")
    rs = db.fetchall()
    print("%10s" % "Employee ID", "%20s" % "Employee
Name", "%10s" % "Salary", "%20s" % "Department")
    for i in rs:
        print("%7s" % i[0], "%20s" % i[1], "%12s" %
i[2], "%17s" % i[3])
while True:
    print("Menu")
    print("1. Add Records\n2. Show Records\n3. Exit")
    ch = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if ch == 1:
        add records()
    elif ch == 2:
        show_records()
    elif ch == 3:
        exit()
```

<u>Output</u>

Menu

- 1. Add Records
- 2. Show Records
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter ID: 101

Enter Name: Taha

Enter Salary: 10000

Enter Department: HR

Record Added Successfully

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): y

Enter ID: 102

Enter Name: Shehzad

Enter Salary: 10000

Enter Department: HR

Record Added Successfully

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): n

Menu

- 1. Add Records
- 2. Show Records
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Employee ID	Employee Name	Salary	Department
101	Taha	10000	HR
102	Shehzad	10000	HR

Menu

- 1. Add Records
- 2. Show Records
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Aim: Connect with a database and search employee details and display them.

```
from mysql.connector import connect as c
cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')
db = cdb.cursor()
db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")
db.execute("USE company")
db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT
PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department
VARCHAR(255))")
cdb.commit()
def search_records():
    id = int(input("Enter ID: "))
    db.execute("SELECT * FROM employee WHERE id = %s",
(id,))
    rs = db.fetchall()
    if len(rs) == 0:
        print("Employee not found")
    else:
        print("Employee ID: ", rs[0][0], "\nEmployee
Name: ", rs[0][1], "\nSalary: ", rs[0][2],
"\nDepartment: ", rs[0][3], "\n")
print("Employee Search")
search records()
```

<u>Output</u>

#Run 1

Employee Search

Enter ID: 101

Employee ID: 101

Employee Name: Taha

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

#Run 2

Employee Search

Enter ID: 102

Employee ID: 102

Employee Name: Shehzad

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

Aim: Connect with a database and update employee details.

Code

```
from mysql.connector import connect as c
cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')
db = cdb.cursor()
db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")
db.execute("USE company")
db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT
PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department
VARCHAR (255))")
cdb.commit()
def edit_records():
    id = int(input("Enter ID: "))
    db.execute("SELECT * FROM employee WHERE id = %s",
(id,))
    rs = db.fetchall()
    if len(rs) == 0:
        print("Employee not found")
        exit()
    else:
        print("Employee ID: ", rs[0][0], "\nEmployee
Name: ", rs[0][1], "\nSalary: ", rs[0][2],
"\nDepartment: ", rs[0][3], "\n")
    name = input("Enter new name: ")
    salary = int(input("Enter new salary: "))
    department = input("Enter new department: ")
    db.execute("UPDATE employee SET name = %s, salary =
%s, department = %s WHERE id = %s", (name, salary,
department, id))
    cdb.commit()
    print("Record updated successfully")
print("Employee Updation")
```

edit_records()

<u>Output</u>

Employee Updation

Enter ID: 101

Employee ID: 101

Employee Name: Taha

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

Enter new name: Taha Parker

Enter new salary: 20000

Enter new department: IT

Record updated successfully

Aim: Connect with a database and delete employee details.

Code

```
from mysql.connector import connect as c
cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')
db = cdb.cursor()
db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")
db.execute("USE company")
db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT
PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department
VARCHAR(255))")
cdb.commit()
def delete_records():
    id = int(input("Enter ID: "))
    db.execute("SELECT * FROM employee WHERE id = %s",
(id,))
    rs = db.fetchall()
    if len(rs) == 0:
        print("Employee not found")
        exit()
    else:
        print("Employee ID: ", rs[0][0], "\nEmployee
Name: ", rs[0][1], "\nSalary: ", rs[0][2],
"\nDepartment: ", rs[0][3], "\n")
    ch = input("Do you want to delete this record?
(y/n): ")
    if ch == "v":
        db.execute("DELETE FROM employee WHERE id =
%s", (id,))
        cdb.commit()
        print("Employee deleted successfully")
    else:
        print("Employee not deleted")
        exit()
```

```
print("Employee Deletion")
delete_records()
```

<u>Output</u>

Employee Deletion

Enter ID: 102

Employee ID: 102

Employee Name: Shehzad

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

Do you want to delete this record? (y/n): y

Record deleted successfully

Experiment No. 19

Aim: Write a method CREATE() to create an EMP.csv file with the following details:

- <u>id</u> to store employee number of integer type
- <u>name</u> to store employee name of string type
- <u>dept</u> to store their respective department of string type
- <u>basic</u> to store basic salary of respective employee
- <u>hra</u> to be calculated from his/her basic salary which is 10% of basic
- sal to be calculated as salary = basic + hra

Code

import csv

```
def create():
    f = open('employee.csv', 'w', newline='')
   w = csv.writer(f)
   w.writerow(['ID', 'Name', 'Salary', 'Department'])
    f.flush()
    while True:
        id = int(input("Enter ID: "))
        name = input("Enter Name: ")
        dept = input("Enter Department: ")
        basic = int(input("Enter Basic Salary: "))
        hra = 0.1 * basic # House Rent Allowance
        sal = basic + hra
        w.writerow([id, name, dept, str(basic),
str(hra), str(sal)])
        f.flush()
        ch = input("Do you want to add more records?
(y/n): ")
        if ch != 'v':
           break
    f.close()
create()
```

<u>Output</u>

Enter ID: 101

Enter Name: Taha

Enter Department: IT

Enter Basic Salary: 1000

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): y

Enter ID: 102

Enter Name: Shehzad

Enter Department: HR

Enter Basic Salary: 1000

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): n

File Content

ID,Name,Salary,Department

101, Taha, IT, 1000, 100.0, 1100.0

102, Shehzad, HR, 1000, 100.0, 1100.0

Experiment No. 20

Aim: Copy file1.csv into file2.csv.

<u>Code</u>

```
def copy():
    f = open('csv1.csv', 'r')
    if not f:
        print("File not found!")
        exit()
    r = csv.reader(f)
    f1 = open('csv2.csv', 'w', newline='')
    w = csv.writer(f1)
    for row in r:
        w.writerow(row)
    f.close()
    f1.close()
```

File Content

csv1.csv

Name, Abbreviation, Numeric

January, Jan, 1

Feburary, Feb, 2

March, Mar, 3

April, Apr, 4

May, May, 5

June, June, 6

July, July, 7

August, Aug, 8

September, Sept, 9

October, Oct, 10

November, Nov, 11

December, Dec, 12

csv2.csv

Name, Abbreviation, Numeric

January, Jan, 1

Feburary, Feb, 2

March, Mar, 3

April, Apr, 4

May, May, 5

June, June, 6

July, July, 7

August, Aug, 8

September, Sept, 9

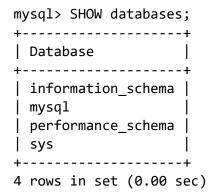
October, Oct, 10

November, Nov, 11

December, Dec, 12

HY5QL

1. Display all the existing databases in your system



2. Create a database 2022

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE AY2022;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

3. Check whether 2022 database created or not

4. Open database 2022

mysql> USE AY2022; Database changed

5. Create a table STUDENT with the following specifications:

FIELD NAME	DATA TYPE AND SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
ROLL_NO	INT(5)	
STUD_NAME	VARCHAR(35)	
STREAM	CHAR(20)	
MARK1	DECIMAL(6,2)	
MARK2	DECIMAL(6,2)	
DOB	DATE	

ROLL_NO	STUD_NAME	STREAM	MARK1	MARK2	DOB
101	Surya Takur	Science	90	87	10/10/1990
102	Chris Tom	Humanities	88	91	5/1/1994
103	Abel George	Commerce	93	95	7/10/1993
104	Nathel Pillai	Science	56	58	8/8/1994

mysql> CREATE TABLE student (ROLL_NO INT(5), STUD_NAME VARCHAR(35), STREAM
CHAR(20), MARK1 DECIMAL(6,2), MARK2 DECIMAL(6,2), DOB DATE);
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

6. Display all the existing table in the database 2022

```
mysql> SHOW tables;
+----+
| Tables_in_ay2022 |
+----+
| student |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Delete the table STUDENT and check.

```
mysql> DROP table student;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> SHOW tables;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Create a table TEACHER with the following specifications in the database AY2022:

FIELD NAME	DATA TYPE AND SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
TR_ID	INT(10)	
TR_NAME	VARCHAR(35)	
TR_SAL	DECIMAL(15,2)	
ROLL_NO	INT(5)	

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE teacher (TR_ID INT(10), TR_NAME VARCHAR(35), TR_SAL
DECIMAL(15,2), ROLL_NO INT(5));
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.00 sec)
```

9. Insert values given to STUDENT table.

```
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(101, 'Surya Takur', 'Science', 90, 87, '1990/10/10');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(102, 'Chris Tom', 'Humanities', 88, 91, '1994/1/5');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(103, 'Abel George', 'Commerce', 93, 95, '1993/10/7');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(104, 'Nathel Pillai', 'Science', 56, 58, '1994/8/8');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

10. Display the structure of the STUDENT table.

mysql> desc student;

+	+	++	4		
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
STREAM MARK1	int	YES	 	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	
+	+	+	+		

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

11. Delete the table TEACHER and check

```
mysql> DROP TABLE teacher;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

12. Create a database SCHOOL, display all databases, delete it and check.

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE school;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> DROP DATABASE school;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

13. Display all the contents from STUDENT table.

mysql> SELECT * FROM student;

	L		L			L	L
	ROLL_NO	STUD_NAME	STREAM	MARK1	MARK2	DOB	
	101 102 103 104	Surya Takur Chris Tom Abel George Nathel Pillai	Science Humanities Commerce Science	90.00 88.00 93.00 56.00	87.00 91.00 95.00 58.00	1990-10-10 1994-01-05 1993-10-07 1994-08-08	
-				+			t

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

14. Display all the contents from STUDENT table.

mysql> SELECT stud_name, stream FROM STUDENT;

stud name st	tream
+	
Chris Tom	cience umanities ommerce cience

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

15. Display all the students in science stream.

16. Display all student name and both marks whose mark1 is greater than 89.

17. Display all student details whose mark2 is between 91 and 95.

mysql> SELECT * FROM student WHERE mark2 BETWEEN 91 AND 95;

ROLL_NO	STUD_NAME	STREAM	MARK1	MARK2	DOB	
102 103	Chris Tom Abel George	Humanities Commerce	88.00 93.00	91.00 95.00	1994-01-05 1993-10-07	
++ 2 rows in set (0.00 sec)						

18. Display all student details whose Date of Birth is after January 1, 1994.

mysql> SELECT * FROM student WHERE DOB >= '1994-01-01';

+	L	L		L
ROLL_NO STUD_NAME	STREAM	MARK1	MARK2	DOB
102 Chris Tom 104 Nathel Pillai	Humanities Science	88.00 56.00	91.00 58.00	1994-01-05 1994-08-08
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)	r		r	r

19. Display all student details whose Date of Birth is January 1, 1994.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM student WHERE DOB = '1994-01-01';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

20. Insert using field names and using null

```
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(110, 'Karthik Kiran', null, 100, null,
'1993/10/10');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO student(roll_no, stud_name, dob) VALUES(111, 'Jerry John',
'1994/11/19');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

21. Display all the records with either mark1 or mark2 is null

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM student WHERE mark1 IS NULL OR mark2 IS NULL;
+-----+
| ROLL_NO | STUD_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |
+-----+
| 110 | Karthik Kiran | NULL | 100.00 | NULL | 1993-10-10 |
| 111 | Jerry John | NULL | NULL | NULL | 1994-11-19 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

22. Display all the records with either mark1 or mark2 is not null

mysql> SELECT * FROM student WHERE mark1 IS NOT NULL OR MARK2 IS NOT NULL;
+-----+
| ROLL_NO | STUD_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |
+-----+
101	Surya Takur	Science	90.00	87.00	1990-10-10
102	Chris Tom	Humanities	88.00	91.00	1994-01-05
103	Abel George	Commerce	93.00	95.00	1993-10-07
104	Nathel Pillai	Science	56.00	58.00	1994-08-08
110	Karthik Kiran	NULL	100.00	NULL	1993-10-10
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

23. Display all the streams available in STUDENT table without duplicating.

mysql> SELECT DISTINCT stream FROM student;

24. Display the student names along with roll number with appropriate field names as student name and roll number (alias names / another name)

```
mysql> SELECT roll_no ROLL_NUMBER, stud_name STUDENT_NAME FROM student;
+------+
| ROLL_NUMBER | STUDENT_NAME |
+-----+
| 101 | Surya Takur |
| 102 | Chris Tom |
| 103 | Abel George |
| 104 | Nathel Pillai |
| 110 | Karthik Kiran |
| 111 | Jerry John |
+------+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

25. Display student names along with date of birth whose mark2 is 91 and 95 (using IN operator)

26. Display all the student details whose date of birth is in the year 1994 (using year() function)

27. Display the student roll number along with student name whose date of birth is in October month (using month() function)

28. Display the student roll number along with student name whose date of birth is in date after 9th of the month (using day() function)

```
mysql> SELECT roll_no, stud_name FROM student where day(dob)>9;
+----+
| roll_no | stud_name |
+----+
| 101 | Surya Takur |
| 110 | Karthik Kiran |
| 111 | Jerry John |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

29. Display all the stream names ending with the letter 'e' from the table STUDENT

30. Display student names that contain the letter 'i'

31. Display the student names whose first names have EXACTLY 4 characters

32. Display stream names whose third character is the letter 'm'

33. Display student name along with the date of birth whose date of birth is in October

34. Display student names in descending order

35. Display student names and date of birth from science stream in the ascending order of birth

36. Display stream names whose length is more than 7 characters

37. Change the date of birth of roll no 102 as 1/5/1994

```
mysql> UPDATE student SET dob="1994-5-1" WHERE roll_no=102;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

38. Increase the mark1 for all students by 2.

```
mysql> UPDATE student SET mark1=mark1+2;
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 6 Changed: 5 Warnings: 0
```

39. Change the name of student Nathel Pillai to Nithin Pillai whose roll number is 104.

```
mysql> UPDATE student SET stud_name="Nithin Pillai" WHERE roll_no=104;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

40. Delete student details who score less than 88 in both marks

```
mysql> DELETE FROM student WHERE mark1<88 AND mark2<88;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

41. Delete all the contents from student table

```
mysql> DELETE FROM student;
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

42. Create a view 'name' from student table with roll number and student name whose both marks are above 90

```
mysql> CREATE VIEW name AS SELECT roll_no, stud_name FROM student WHERE mark1>90
AND mark2>90;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

43. Delete the view 'name' from the AY2022 database

```
mysql> DROP VIEW name;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

44. Add a column LOCATION to student table with data type char of size 50

mysql> ALTER TABLE student ADD COLUMN location char(50);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> DESC student;

Field	+	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ROLL_NO STUD_NAME STREAM MARK1 MARK2 DOB	int varchar(35) char(20) decimal(6,2) decimal(6,2) date varchar(50)	YES YES YES YES		NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	

+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

7 10W3 111 3CC (0:00 3CC)

45. Delete the column LOCATION from the student table

mysql> ALTER TABLE student DROP COLUMN location; Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec) Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> DESC student;

Field			Default	
STREAM MARK1	int varchar(35)	YES YES YES YES	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

46. Modify column LOCATION details as data type varchar of size 40.

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

47. Rename the column LOCATION from the student table as STREET with varchar data type and size 90.

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

48. Display the total mark1 marks from student table.

+----+

```
mysql> SELECT SUM(mark1) FROM student;
+----+
| sum(mark1) |
+----+
| 327.00 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

49. Display senior-most and junior-most student from the student table.

50. Display the number of students whose mark1 is more than 90 marks.

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM student WHERE mark1>90;
+----+
| COUNT(*) |
+----+
| 1 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

51. Display the average marks from mark2 whose second name starts with the letter 't', round off to two dp.

```
mysql> SELECT round(AVG(mark2),2) FROM student WHERE stud_name LIKE "% T%";
+-----+
| round(AVG(mark2),2) |
+----+
| 89.00 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

52. Display all student details date of birth wise whose names contains letter 'a'.

mysql> SELECT * FROM student GROUP BY dob HAVING stud_name LIKE "%a%";

roll_no stu		mark1	mark2	-	street
101 Sur	ya Takur Science	90.00	87.00	1990-10-10	Dubai
103 Abe	l George Commerce	93.00	95.00	1993-10-07	Dubai
104 Nat	hel Pillai Science	56.00	58.00	1994-08-08	Dubai

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

53. Display number of students in each stream

mysql> SELECT stream, COUNT(stud_name) FROM student GROUP BY stream; +-----+

stream	+ 	 COUNT(stud_name)	+
+	+		+
Commerce		1	
Humanities		1	
Science		2	
+	+		_

³ rows in set (0.00 sec)

54. Display number of students in each stream whose date of birth is after 1990

mysql> SELECT stream, COUNT(stud_name) FROM student WHERE YEAR(dob)>=1990 GROUP BY
stream;

+ stream	+	COUNT(stud_name)	+-
Science Humanities Commerce	1 +	2 1 1	

³ rows in set (0.00 sec)

55. Display all details from teacher and student tables who mark1 is greater than 90

mysql> SELECT * FROM student, teacher WHERE student.roll_no=teacher.roll_no AND
mark1>90;

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
Write the output for the following MySQL Commands:
```

```
56. SELECT POW(5,2), POW(2,5);
```

```
mysql> SELECT POW(5,2), POW(2,5);
+-----+
| POW(5,2) | POW(2,5) |
+-----+
| 25 | 32 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

57. SELECT ROUND(576.9875,2), ROUND(576.9875), ROUND(576.9875,-1);

58. SELECT TRUNCATE(576.9875,2),TRUNCATE(576.9875,-1);

```
mysql> SELECT TRUNCATE(576.9875,2),TRUNCATE(576.9875,-1);
+-----+
| TRUNCATE(576.9875,2) | TRUNCATE(576.9875,-1) |
+-----+
| 576.98 | 570 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

59. SELECT LENGTH("Never Gonna Give You Up");

```
mysql> SELECT LENGTH("Never Gonna Give You Up");
+-----+
| LENGTH("Never Gonna Give You Up") |
+-----+
| 23 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

60. SELECT CONCAT("Rick ","Astley")"Full Name";

```
61. SELECT YEAR(CURDATE()), MONTH(CURDATE()), DAY(CURDATE());
mysql> SELECT YEAR(CURDATE()), MONTH(CURDATE()), DAY(CURDATE());
+-----+
| YEAR(CURDATE()) | month(CURDATE()) | day(CURDATE()) |
+-----
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
62. SELECT DAYOFYEAR(CURDATE()), DAYOFMONTH(CURDATE()),
  DAYNAME(CURDATE());
mysql> SELECT DAYOFYEAR(CURDATE()), DAYOFMONTH(CURDATE()), DAYNAME(CURDATE());
+-----
| DAYOFYEAR(CURDATE()) | DAYOFMONTH(CURDATE()) | DAYNAME(CURDATE()) |
+-----
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
63. SELECT LEFT("Unicode", 3), RIGHT("Unicode", 4);
mysql> SELECT LEFT("Unicode", 3),RIGHT("Unicode", 4);
+-----
| LEFT("Unicode", 3) | RIGHT("Unicode", 4) |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
64. SELECT INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "it"), INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "ye");
mysql> SELECT INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "it"), INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "ye");
| INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "it") | INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "ye") |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
65. SELECT MID("UnitedWeStand", 5, 6), SUBSTR("UnitedWeStand", 1);
mysql> SELECT MID("UnitedWeStand", 5, 6), SUBSTR("UnitedWeStand", 1);
+----+
| MID("UnitedWeStand", 5, 6) | SUBSTR("UnitedWeStand", 1) |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```