

### Problem 1

a)  $\vec{PQ} = \langle 1, 2, -1 \rangle$   
 $\vec{PR} = \langle -2, 2, 3 \rangle$

b)  $\text{proj}_{\vec{PR}} \vec{PQ} = \left( \frac{\vec{PQ} \cdot \vec{PR}}{\|\vec{PR}\|^2} \right) \cdot \vec{PR}$   
 $= \left( \frac{-2 + 4 - 3}{(\sqrt{4+4+9})^2} \right) \cdot \vec{PR}$   
 $= \frac{-1}{17} \langle -2, 2, 3 \rangle$   
 $= \left\langle \frac{2}{17}, \frac{-2}{17}, \frac{-3}{17} \right\rangle$

c) Area of  $\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR}\|$

$$\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ -2 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 8, -1, 6 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR}\| &= \sqrt{8^2 + (-1)^2 + 6^2} \\ &= \sqrt{64 + 36 + 1} \\ &= \sqrt{101} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of } \Delta = \frac{\sqrt{101}}{2}$$

## Problem 2

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \text{proj}_{\vec{u}} \vec{v} &= \left( \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}}{\|\vec{u}\|^2} \right) \vec{u} \\ &= \left( \frac{6 - 3 - 1}{9 + 4 + 1} \right) \langle 2, -3, 1 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{7} \langle 2, -3, 1 \rangle \\ &= \left\langle \frac{2}{7}, \frac{-3}{7}, \frac{1}{7} \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) } \vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \langle -2, -5, -4 \rangle$$

$$\text{Unit vector} = \frac{\vec{u} \times \vec{v}}{\|\vec{u} \times \vec{v}\|}$$

$$\|\vec{u} \times \vec{v}\| = \sqrt{4 + 25 + 16} = \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{Unit vector} = \left\langle \frac{-2}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-5}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-4}{3\sqrt{5}} \right\rangle$$

Vector having magnitude 7

$$= 7 \left\langle \frac{-2}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-5}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-4}{3\sqrt{5}} \right\rangle$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{-14}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-35}{3\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-28}{3\sqrt{5}} \right\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \text{proj}_{\vec{v}} \vec{u} &= \left( \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\|\vec{v}\|^2} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \\
 &= \left( \frac{20 - 0 - 3}{25 + 9} \right) \langle 5, 0, -3 \rangle \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \langle 5, 0, -3 \rangle \\
 &= \left\langle \frac{5}{2}, 0, -\frac{3}{2} \right\rangle = \vec{w}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 4 & -2 & 1 \\ 5 & 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 6, 17, 10 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2\vec{u} \times \vec{v} - 3\vec{v} &= \langle 12, 34, 20 \rangle - \langle 15, 0, -9 \rangle \\
 &= \langle -3, 34, 29 \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

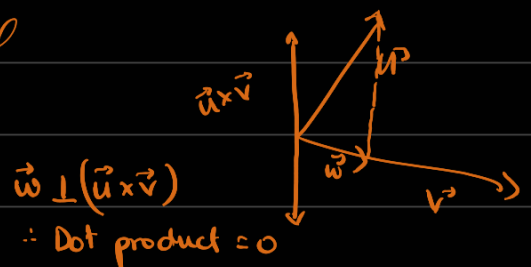
$$\vec{w} \cdot [(2\vec{u} \times \vec{v}) - 3\vec{v}] = \left\langle \frac{5}{2}, 0, -\frac{3}{2} \right\rangle \cdot \langle -3, 34, 29 \rangle$$

$$= \frac{-15}{2} + 0 - \frac{87}{2}$$

$$= -51$$

UNNECESSARY

$$\vec{w} (2\vec{u} \times \vec{v}) = 0$$



$$-3 \left( \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\|\vec{v}\|^2} \right) \underbrace{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v}}_{\Rightarrow \cancel{\|\vec{v}\|^2}}$$

$$= -3\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d) \|\vec{u} - \vec{v}\|^2 &= (\vec{u} - \vec{v}) \cdot (\vec{u} - \vec{v}) \\
 &= \vec{u} \cdot \vec{u} - 2\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} + \vec{v} \cdot \vec{v} \\
 &= \|\vec{u}\|^2 - 2\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} + \|\vec{v}\|^2 \\
 &= 9 - 2(\|\vec{u}\| \|\vec{v}\| \cos \theta) + 4 \\
 &= 13 - 2(3 \times 2 \times \cos \frac{\pi}{3}) \\
 &= 13 - 2(6 \times \frac{1}{2})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 7$$

$$\therefore \|u - v\| = \sqrt{7}$$

### Problem 3

a)  $\vec{u} = \vec{AB}$

$$= \langle -3, 0, 1 \rangle$$

$$\begin{cases} x = x_0 + at \\ y = y_0 + bt \\ z = z_0 + ct \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} x = 7 - 3t \\ y = 6 \\ z = 4 + t \end{matrix}$$

b)  $\frac{x - x_0}{a} = t \quad \frac{y - y_0}{b} = t \quad \frac{z - z_0}{c} = t$

$$\begin{cases} x = 1 + 5t \\ y = -3 + 3t \\ z = 2 + 2t \end{cases}$$

### Problem 4

a)  $R^2 = 1^2 + 1^2 + 1^2$   
 $R^2 = 3$

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 + (z-1)^2 = 3$$

b)  $x^2 - 4x + 4 - 4 + y^2 + 4y + 4 - 4 + z^2 = 8$   
 $(x-2)^2 - 4 + (y+2)^2 - 4 + z^2 = 8$   
 $(x-2)^2 + (y+2)^2 + z^2 = 16$

Centre =  $(2, -2, 0)$

Radius = 4

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 - 4 + y^2 + z^2 - 6z + 9 - 9 = 3$$

$$(x-2)^2 + y^2 + (z-3)^2 - 4 - 9 = 3$$

$$(x-2)^2 + y^2 + (z-3)^2 = 16$$

$$\text{Centre} = (2, 0, 3)$$

$$\text{Radius} = 4$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2y + z^2 + 4z = 20$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2y + 1 - 1 + z^2 + 4z + 4 - 4 = 20$$

$$x^2 + (y+1)^2 - 1 + (z+2)^2 - 4 = 20$$

$$x^2 + (y+1)^2 + (z+2)^2 = 25$$

$$\text{Centre} = (0, -1, -2)$$

$$\text{Radius} = 5$$

### Problem 5

$$\vec{n}_1 = \langle 1, -2, 1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{n}_2 = \langle 2, 1, -1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{u} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 1, 3, 5 \rangle$$

$$\text{Let } z = 0$$

$$x - 2y = 10$$

$$2x + y = 0$$

$$x = 2y + 10$$

$$2(2y + 10) + y = 0$$

$$5y + 20 = 0$$

$$y = -4$$

$$x = -8 \text{ to } 10$$

$$x = 2$$

## Parametric Equations

$$\begin{cases} x = 2 + t \\ y = -4 + 3t \\ z = 5t \end{cases}$$

### Problem 6

$$D = \frac{|\vec{QP} \cdot \vec{n}|}{\|\vec{n}\|}$$

$$\text{Let } Q = (0, 0, 5)$$

$$\vec{n} = \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{QP} = \langle 1, -2, -2 \rangle$$

$$\vec{QP} \cdot \vec{n} = \langle 1, -2, -2 \rangle \cdot \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle$$

$$= 2 + 4 - 2$$

$$= 4$$

$$\|\vec{n}\| = \sqrt{4+4+1} = 3$$

$$\therefore D = \frac{4}{3} \text{ units}$$

## Problem 7

$$x = -2 + 3t$$

$$y = -2t$$

$$z = 1 + 4t$$

$$\vec{u} = \langle 3, -2, 4 \rangle$$

$$P(-2, 0, 1)$$

$$D = \frac{\|\vec{PQ} \times \vec{u}\|}{\|\vec{u}\|}$$

$$\vec{PQ} = \langle 5, -1, 3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{PQ} \times \vec{u} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 5 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 2, -11, -7 \rangle$$

$$\|\vec{PQ} \times \vec{u}\| = \sqrt{4 + 121 + 49} = \sqrt{174}$$

$$\|\vec{u}\| = \sqrt{9 + 4 + 16} = \sqrt{29}$$

$$\therefore d = \sqrt{\frac{174}{29}}$$

$$= 2.4495 \text{ units}$$