# Part 1 MCQ (30%)

**Directions:** Circle the letter that corresponds to the correct answer. There is only one correct answer for each question. You do not need to show your work.

#### (6pts)Problem 1

$$\int x^3 \ln x dx$$

is equal to:

- (a)  $\frac{1}{3}x^3 \ln x \frac{1}{9}x^3 + C$
- (b)  $\ln x \frac{1}{16}x^4 + C$
- (c)  $\frac{1}{4}x^4 \ln x \frac{1}{16}x^4 + C$
- (d)  $x^3 \ln x \frac{1}{9}x^4 + C$
- (e)  $\frac{1}{4}x^4 \ln x x^3 + C$

#### (6pts)Problem 2 Let

$$F(x) = \int e^x \cos x dx$$
 (without the arbitrary constant C).

F(0) is equal to

- (a)  $\sqrt{e}$
- (b) 0
- (c) e
- (d)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- $(e) \frac{1}{4}$

#### (6pts)Problem 3

If the region enclosed by the curves y = x and  $y = x^2$  is rotated about the line x = -1, then the volume of the obtained solid is

- (a)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (b)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- (c)  $\pi$
- $(d) \quad \frac{3\pi}{2}$
- (e)  $\frac{5\pi}{2}$

#### (6pts)Problem 4

The area of the region enclosed by the curves  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ , y = 0, x = -3, x = -2

- (a) 1
- (b)  $\ln\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$
- (c) 3
- (d)  $\ln 3$
- (e)  $\ln 2$

#### (6pts)Problem 5

The length of the curve

$$F(x) = \int_{-2}^{x} \sqrt{3t^4 - 1} dt, \qquad -2 \le x \le -1$$

is equal to

$$(a)$$
  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 

$$(b) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$(c)$$
  $\sqrt{3}$ 

$$(d) \quad \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$(e) \quad \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$Hint: \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_{a}^{x} f(t)dt = f(x)$$

# Part 2 Written Questions (70%)

#### (10pts)Problem 1

Find the area of the region enclosed by the curves  $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$  and y = 2x - 3.

Find the area of the surface obtained by rotating the graph of

$$f(x) = 2\sqrt{x+1} , \qquad 0 \le x \le 1$$

about the x-axis.

Sketch the region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$ , y = 0, and x = 9, and use the disc method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region about the y-axis.

Sketch the region bounded by  $y = x^3$  and y = x, and use the shell method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region about the x-axis.

## (10pts)**Problem 5** Evaluate the integral

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x+3)}{(2+x)^3 - (2+x)^2} dx$$

Use trigonometric substitution to evaluate

$$\int \frac{4dx}{x^2 \left(x^2 + 4\right)}$$

## (10pts)**Problem 7** Evaluate the integral

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2\left(1+\sqrt{x}\right)} dx$$