

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} (2 - \sin t)$$

$$= -\cos t$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 1 - \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-\cos t}{1 - \sin t}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$y = -\sqrt{3} \left( x - \frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= -\sqrt{3}x + \frac{\pi\sqrt{3}}{6} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2}$$

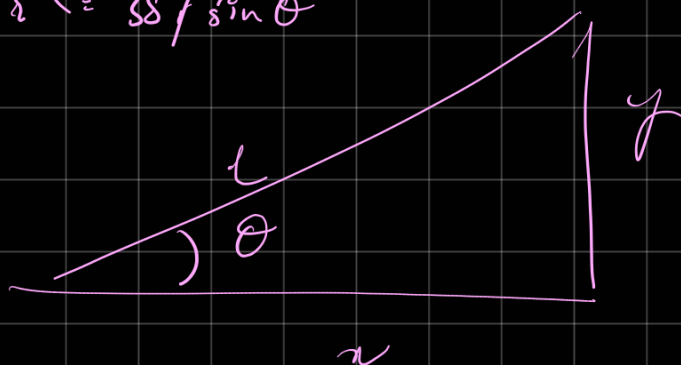
$$= -x\sqrt{3} +$$

$$\frac{18 + \sqrt{3}\pi}{6}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 19^2 - 38y = 361$$

$$x^2 + \cancel{361} - 38\sin\theta = \cancel{361}$$

$$x^2 = 38\sin\theta$$



$$x^2 + y^2 - 4y = 0$$

$$L^2 = 4$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$A = \int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{4-x^2} \, dx$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$y = \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$x = 2 \sin \theta \quad \theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$dx = 2 \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$A = \int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} 2 \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$= 2 \sin \theta \Big|_{-\pi/3}^{\pi/3}$$

$$= 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{3} - 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$= 4 \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{4\pi}{3} + \sqrt{3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (4\pi + 3\sqrt{3})$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (2\pi + \sqrt{3})$$

$$= \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{x}{16}$$

$$\frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \times \frac{1}{16}$$

$$V = \int_a^b \text{Avg radius} \cdot \text{Height}$$

$$(1-x)$$

$$4-4\sqrt{x}$$

$$\int_0^1 (1-x)(4-4\sqrt{x})$$

$$= 4 \int (1-x)(1-\sqrt{x})$$

$$= 1 - \sqrt{x} - x + x\sqrt{x}$$

$$= \left[ x^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}x^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^{5/2} \right]_0^1$$

$$\int_0^1 x^2 - x + 1$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{2}{2} x^{3/2} + x \Big|_0^1$$

$$6y - y^2 = x$$

$$0 = x$$

$$6y - y^2 = 0$$

$$6 = y$$

$$\int_0^6 y(6y - y^2)$$

$$= \int_0^6 (6y^2 - y^3)$$

$$= 2y^3 - \frac{y^4}{4} \Big|_0^6$$

$$= 432 - 324$$

$$S = 2\pi \int_a^b f(x) \sqrt{1 + (f'(x))^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(e^x - e^{-x})}{2}$$

$$(y')^2 = \frac{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{e^{2x} + e^{-2x} + 2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})^2}{2^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + (e^x + e^{-x})^2}$$

$$y = \frac{9u - 1}{8}$$

$$8u - 9u - 1$$

$$S = 2\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\ln 2} f(r) \sqrt{1 + (f'(r))^2} r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$2e^{2n} - 2e^{-2n} + 2n$$

$$= 2e^{2n}$$

$$9u - 8y = 1$$

$$R = 2\sqrt{3} \quad r = 2 \quad d = 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$r^2 \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{d^2 + r^2 - R^2}{2dr} \right) + R^2 \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{d^2 - r^2 + R^2}{2dR} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int (d+r-R)(d-r+R)(-d+r+R)(d+r+R)$$

