Contents

1 Livre des Solutions

Ce document contient les solutions completes de tous les exercices du simulateur web Codex.

Note: Ces solutions sont fournies pour reference apres avoir tente les exercices.

1.1 A. Solutions HDL (Portes Logiques)

1.1.1 Inv

```
-- Inverter (NOT gate)
-- Inv(a) = Nand(a, a)

entity Inv is
  port(
    a : in bit;
    y : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Inv is
  component nand2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: nand2 port map (a => a, b => a, y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.2 And2

```
-- AND gate
-- And2(a,b) = Inv(Nand(a,b))

entity And2 is
  port(
    a : in bit;
    b : in bit;
    y : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of And2 is
  component nand2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
```

```
  end component;
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal t : bit;
begin
  u0: nand2 port map (a => a, b => b, y => t);
  u1: Inv port map (a => t, y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.3 Or2

```
-- OR gate
-- Or2(a,b) = Nand(Inv(a), Inv(b))

entity Or2 is
  port(
    a : in bit;
    b : in bit;
    y : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Or2 is
  component nand2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal na, nb : bit;
begin
  u0: Inv port map (a => a, y => na);
  u1: Inv port map (a => b, y => nb);
  u2: nand2 port map (a => na, b => nb, y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.4 Xor2

```
-- XOR gate
-- Xor2(a,b) = Or2(And2(a, Inv(b)), And2(Inv(a), b))

entity Xor2 is
  port(
    a : in bit;
    b : in bit;
    y : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Xor2 is
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
```

```
  end component;
  component And2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component Or2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal na, nb, t1, t2 : bit;
begin
  u0: Inv port map (a => a, y => na);
  u1: Inv port map (a => b, y => nb);
  u2: And2 port map (a => a, b => nb, y => t1);
  u3: And2 port map (a => na, b => b, y => t2);
  u4: Or2 port map (a => t1, b => t2, y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.5 Mux

```
-- 2-way Multiplexer
-- if sel=0 then y=a else y=b

entity Mux is
  port(
    a   : in bit;
    b   : in bit;
    sel : in bit;
    y   : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Mux is
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component And2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component Or2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal nsel, t1, t2 : bit;
begin
  u0: Inv port map (a => sel, y => nsel);
  u1: And2 port map (a => a, b => nsel, y => t1);
  u2: And2 port map (a => b, b => sel, y => t2);
  u3: Or2 port map (a => t1, b => t2, y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.6 DMux

```
-- Demultiplexer
-- if sel=0 then {a,b}={x,0} else {a,b}={0,x}
```

```
entity DMux is
  port(
    x   : in bit;
    sel : in bit;
    a   : out bit;
    b   : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of DMux is
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component And2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal nsel : bit;
begin
  u0: Inv port map (a => sel, y => nsel);
  u1: And2 port map (a => x, b => nsel, y => a);
  u2: And2 port map (a => x, b => sel, y => b);
end architecture;
```

1.1.7 Inv16

```
-- 16-bit Inverter
entity Inv16 is
  port(
    a : in bits(15 downto 0);
    y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Inv16 is
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: Inv port map (a => a(0), y => y(0));
  u1: Inv port map (a => a(1), y => y(1));
  u2: Inv port map (a => a(2), y => y(2));
  u3: Inv port map (a => a(3), y => y(3));
  u4: Inv port map (a => a(4), y => y(4));
  u5: Inv port map (a => a(5), y => y(5));
  u6: Inv port map (a => a(6), y => y(6));
  u7: Inv port map (a => a(7), y => y(7));
  u8: Inv port map (a => a(8), y => y(8));
  u9: Inv port map (a => a(9), y => y(9));
  u10: Inv port map (a => a(10), y => y(10));
  u11: Inv port map (a => a(11), y => y(11));
  u12: Inv port map (a => a(12), y => y(12));
  u13: Inv port map (a => a(13), y => y(13));
  u14: Inv port map (a => a(14), y => y(14));
  u15: Inv port map (a => a(15), y => y(15));
end architecture;
```

1.1.8 And16

```
-- 16-bit AND
entity And16 is
  port(
    a : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b : in bits(15 downto 0);
    y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of And16 is
  component And2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: And2 port map (a => a(0), b => b(0), y => y(0));
  u1: And2 port map (a => a(1), b => b(1), y => y(1));
  u2: And2 port map (a => a(2), b => b(2), y => y(2));
  u3: And2 port map (a => a(3), b => b(3), y => y(3));
  u4: And2 port map (a => a(4), b => b(4), y => y(4));
  u5: And2 port map (a => a(5), b => b(5), y => y(5));
  u6: And2 port map (a => a(6), b => b(6), y => y(6));
  u7: And2 port map (a => a(7), b => b(7), y => y(7));
  u8: And2 port map (a => a(8), b => b(8), y => y(8));
  u9: And2 port map (a => a(9), b => b(9), y => y(9));
  u10: And2 port map (a => a(10), b => b(10), y => y(10));
  u11: And2 port map (a => a(11), b => b(11), y => y(11));
  u12: And2 port map (a => a(12), b => b(12), y => y(12));
  u13: And2 port map (a => a(13), b => b(13), y => y(13));
  u14: And2 port map (a => a(14), b => b(14), y => y(14));
  u15: And2 port map (a => a(15), b => b(15), y => y(15));
end architecture;
```

1.1.9 Or16

```
-- 16-bit OR
entity Or16 is
  port(
    a : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b : in bits(15 downto 0);
    y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Or16 is
  component Or2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: Or2 port map (a => a(0), b => b(0), y => y(0));
  u1: Or2 port map (a => a(1), b => b(1), y => y(1));
  u2: Or2 port map (a => a(2), b => b(2), y => y(2));
```

```
  u3: Or2 port map (a => a(3), b => b(3), y => y(3));
  u4: Or2 port map (a => a(4), b => b(4), y => y(4));
  u5: Or2 port map (a => a(5), b => b(5), y => y(5));
  u6: Or2 port map (a => a(6), b => b(6), y => y(6));
  u7: Or2 port map (a => a(7), b => b(7), y => y(7));
  u8: Or2 port map (a => a(8), b => b(8), y => y(8));
  u9: Or2 port map (a => a(9), b => b(9), y => y(9));
  u10: Or2 port map (a => a(10), b => b(10), y => y(10));
  u11: Or2 port map (a => a(11), b => b(11), y => y(11));
  u12: Or2 port map (a => a(12), b => b(12), y => y(12));
  u13: Or2 port map (a => a(13), b => b(13), y => y(13));
  u14: Or2 port map (a => a(14), b => b(14), y => y(14));
  u15: Or2 port map (a => a(15), b => b(15), y => y(15));
end architecture;
```

1.1.10 Mux16

```
-- 16-bit 2-way Multiplexer
entity Mux16 is
  port(
    a   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    sel : in bit;
    y   : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Mux16 is
  component Mux
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; sel : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: Mux port map (a => a(0), b => b(0), sel => sel, y => y(0));
  u1: Mux port map (a => a(1), b => b(1), sel => sel, y => y(1));
  u2: Mux port map (a => a(2), b => b(2), sel => sel, y => y(2));
  u3: Mux port map (a => a(3), b => b(3), sel => sel, y => y(3));
  u4: Mux port map (a => a(4), b => b(4), sel => sel, y => y(4));
  u5: Mux port map (a => a(5), b => b(5), sel => sel, y => y(5));
  u6: Mux port map (a => a(6), b => b(6), sel => sel, y => y(6));
  u7: Mux port map (a => a(7), b => b(7), sel => sel, y => y(7));
  u8: Mux port map (a => a(8), b => b(8), sel => sel, y => y(8));
  u9: Mux port map (a => a(9), b => b(9), sel => sel, y => y(9));
  u10: Mux port map (a => a(10), b => b(10), sel => sel, y => y(10));
  u11: Mux port map (a => a(11), b => b(11), sel => sel, y => y(11));
  u12: Mux port map (a => a(12), b => b(12), sel => sel, y => y(12));
  u13: Mux port map (a => a(13), b => b(13), sel => sel, y => y(13));
  u14: Mux port map (a => a(14), b => b(14), sel => sel, y => y(14));
  u15: Mux port map (a => a(15), b => b(15), sel => sel, y => y(15));
end architecture;
```

1.1.11 Or8Way

```
-- 8-way OR
entity Or8Way is
  port(
    a : in bits(7 downto 0);
    y : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Or8Way is
  component Or2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6 : bit;
begin
  u0: Or2 port map (a => a(0), b => a(1), y => t1);
  u1: Or2 port map (a => a(2), b => a(3), y => t2);
  u2: Or2 port map (a => a(4), b => a(5), y => t3);
  u3: Or2 port map (a => a(6), b => a(7), y => t4);
  u4: Or2 port map (a => t1, b => t2, y => t5);
  u5: Or2 port map (a => t3, b => t4, y => t6);
  u6: Or2 port map (a => t5, b => t6, y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.12 Mux4Way16

```
-- 4-way 16-bit Multiplexer
entity Mux4Way16 is
  port(
    a   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    c   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    d   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    sel : in bits(1 downto 0);
    y   : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Mux4Way16 is
  component Mux16
    port(a : in bits(15 downto 0); b : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bit; y : out bits(15 do
  end component;
  signal ab, cd : bits(15 downto 0);
begin
  u0: Mux16 port map (a => a, b => b, sel => sel(0), y => ab);
  u1: Mux16 port map (a => c, b => d, sel => sel(0), y => cd);
  u2: Mux16 port map (a => ab, b => cd, sel => sel(1), y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.13 Mux8Way16

```
-- 8-way 16-bit Multiplexer
entity Mux8Way16 is
```

```
  port(
    a   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    c   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    d   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    e   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    f   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    g   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    h   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    sel : in bits(2 downto 0);
    y   : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Mux8Way16 is
  component Mux4Way16
    port(a,b,c,d : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bits(1 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  end component;
  component Mux16
    port(a : in bits(15 downto 0); b : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bit; y : out bits(15 do
  end component;
  signal lo, hi : bits(15 downto 0);
begin
  u0: Mux4Way16 port map (a => a, b => b, c => c, d => d, sel => sel(1 downto 0), y => lo);
  u1: Mux4Way16 port map (a => e, b => f, c => g, d => h, sel => sel(1 downto 0), y => hi);
  u2: Mux16 port map (a => lo, b => hi, sel => sel(2), y => y);
end architecture;
```

1.1.14 DMux4Way

```
-- 4-way Demultiplexer
entity DMux4Way is
  port(
    x   : in bit;
    sel : in bits(1 downto 0);
    a   : out bit;
    b   : out bit;
    c   : out bit;
    d   : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of DMux4Way is
  component DMux
    port(x : in bit; sel : in bit; a : out bit; b : out bit);
  end component;
  signal lo, hi : bit;
begin
  u0: DMux port map (x => x, sel => sel(1), a => lo, b => hi);
  u1: DMux port map (x => lo, sel => sel(0), a => a, b => b);
  u2: DMux port map (x => hi, sel => sel(0), a => c, b => d);
end architecture;
```

1.1.15 DMux8Way

```
-- 8-way Demultiplexer
entity DMux8Way is
  port(
    x   : in bit;
    sel : in bits(2 downto 0);
    a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of DMux8Way is
  component DMux
    port(x : in bit; sel : in bit; a : out bit; b : out bit);
  end component;
  component DMux4Way
    port(x : in bit; sel : in bits(1 downto 0); a,b,c,d : out bit);
  end component;
  signal lo, hi : bit;
begin
  u0: DMux port map (x => x, sel => sel(2), a => lo, b => hi);
  u1: DMux4Way port map (x => lo, sel => sel(1 downto 0), a => a, b => b, c => c, d => d);
  u2: DMux4Way port map (x => hi, sel => sel(1 downto 0), a => e, b => f, c => g, d => h);
end architecture;
```

1.1.16 HalfAdder

```
-- Half Adder
entity HalfAdder is
  port(
    a     : in bit;
    b     : in bit;
    sum   : out bit;
    carry : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of HalfAdder is
  component Xor2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component And2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: Xor2 port map (a => a, b => b, y => sum);
  u1: And2 port map (a => a, b => b, y => carry);
end architecture;
```

1.1.17 FullAdder

```
-- Full Adder
entity FullAdder is
  port(
```

```
    a     : in bit;
    b     : in bit;
    cin   : in bit;
    sum   : out bit;
    cout  : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of FullAdder is
  component HalfAdder
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; sum : out bit; carry : out bit);
  end component;
  component Or2
    port(a : in bit; b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal s1, c1, c2 : bit;
begin
  u0: HalfAdder port map (a => a, b => b, sum => s1, carry => c1);
  u1: HalfAdder port map (a => s1, b => cin, sum => sum, carry => c2);
  u2: Or2 port map (a => c1, b => c2, y => cout);
end architecture;
```

1.1.18 Add16

```
-- 16-bit Adder
entity Add16 is
  port(
    a    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    cin  : in bit;
    sum  : out bits(15 downto 0);
    cout : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Add16 is
  component FullAdder
    port(a,b,cin : in bit; sum,cout : out bit);
  end component;
  signal c : bits(16 downto 0);
begin
  u0: FullAdder port map (a => a(0), b => b(0), cin => cin, sum => sum(0), cout => c(1));
  u1: FullAdder port map (a => a(1), b => b(1), cin => c(1), sum => sum(1), cout => c(2));
  u2: FullAdder port map (a => a(2), b => b(2), cin => c(2), sum => sum(2), cout => c(3));
  u3: FullAdder port map (a => a(3), b => b(3), cin => c(3), sum => sum(3), cout => c(4));
  u4: FullAdder port map (a => a(4), b => b(4), cin => c(4), sum => sum(4), cout => c(5));
  u5: FullAdder port map (a => a(5), b => b(5), cin => c(5), sum => sum(5), cout => c(6));
  u6: FullAdder port map (a => a(6), b => b(6), cin => c(6), sum => sum(6), cout => c(7));
  u7: FullAdder port map (a => a(7), b => b(7), cin => c(7), sum => sum(7), cout => c(8));
  u8: FullAdder port map (a => a(8), b => b(8), cin => c(8), sum => sum(8), cout => c(9));
  u9: FullAdder port map (a => a(9), b => b(9), cin => c(9), sum => sum(9), cout => c(10));
  u10: FullAdder port map (a => a(10), b => b(10), cin => c(10), sum => sum(10), cout => c(11
  u11: FullAdder port map (a => a(11), b => b(11), cin => c(11), sum => sum(11), cout => c(12
  u12: FullAdder port map (a => a(12), b => b(12), cin => c(12), sum => sum(12), cout => c(13
  u13: FullAdder port map (a => a(13), b => b(13), cin => c(13), sum => sum(13), cout => c(14
```

```
  u14: FullAdder port map (a => a(14), b => b(14), cin => c(14), sum => sum(14), cout => c(15
  u15: FullAdder port map (a => a(15), b => b(15), cin => c(15), sum => sum(15), cout => cout
end architecture;
```

1.1.19 Inc16

```
-- 16-bit Incrementer
entity Inc16 is
  port(
    a : in bits(15 downto 0);
    y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Inc16 is
  component Add16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); cin : in bit; sum : out bits(15 downto 0); cout : out bi
  end component;
  signal zero16 : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal unused_cout : bit;
begin
  zero16 <= X"0000";
  u0: Add16 port map (a => a, b => zero16, cin => '1', sum => y, cout => unused_cout);
end architecture;
```

1.1.20 Sub16

```
-- 16-bit Subtractor
entity Sub16 is
  port(
    a    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    diff : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Sub16 is
  component Add16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); cin : in bit; sum : out bits(15 downto 0); cout : out bi
  end component;
  component Inv16
    port(a : in bits(15 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  signal nb : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal unused_cout : bit;
begin
  u0: Inv16 port map (a => b, y => nb);
  u1: Add16 port map (a => a, b => nb, cin => '1', sum => diff, cout => unused_cout);
end architecture;
```

1.1.21 ALU

```
-- 16-bit ALU
-- op: 0=AND, 1=OR, 2=ADD, 3=SUB

entity ALU is
  port(
    a    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    b    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    op   : in bits(1 downto 0);
    y    : out bits(15 downto 0);
    zero : out bit;
    neg  : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of ALU is
  component Add16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); cin : in bit; sum : out bits(15 downto 0); cout : out bi
  end component;
  component And16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  component Or16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  component Inv16
    port(a : in bits(15 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  component Mux4Way16
    port(a,b,c,d : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bits(1 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  end component;
  component Or8Way
    port(a : in bits(7 downto 0); y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal r_and, r_or, r_add, r_sub, nb, result : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal unused_cout1, unused_cout2 : bit;
  signal or_lo, or_hi : bit;
begin
  -- Compute all operations
  u_and: And16 port map (a => a, b => b, y => r_and);
  u_or: Or16 port map (a => a, b => b, y => r_or);
  u_add: Add16 port map (a => a, b => b, cin => '0', sum => r_add, cout => unused_cout1);

  -- SUB: a - b = a + (~b) + 1
  u_inv: Inv16 port map (a => b, y => nb);
  u_sub: Add16 port map (a => a, b => nb, cin => '1', sum => r_sub, cout => unused_cout2);

  -- Select result based on op
  u_mux: Mux4Way16 port map (a => r_and, b => r_or, c => r_add, d => r_sub, sel => op, y => r

  -- Output result
  y <= result;

  -- Zero flag: result == 0
  u_or_lo: Or8Way port map (a => result(7 downto 0), y => or_lo);
  u_or_hi: Or8Way port map (a => result(15 downto 8), y => or_hi);
```

```
  zero <= not (or_lo or or_hi);

  -- Negative flag: MSB of result
  neg <= result(15);
end architecture;
```

1.1.22 DFF1

```
-- D Flip-Flop
-- Uses the built-in dff primitive

entity DFF1 is
  port(
    clk : in bit;
    d   : in bit;
    q   : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of DFF1 is
  component dff
    port(clk : in bit; d : in bit; q : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: dff port map (clk => clk, d => d, q => q);
end architecture;
```

1.1.23 BitReg

```
-- 1-bit Register
entity BitReg is
  port(
    clk  : in bit;
    d    : in bit;
    load : in bit;
    q    : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of BitReg is
  component dff
    port(clk : in bit; d : in bit; q : out bit);
  end component;
  component Mux
    port(a,b : in bit; sel : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal mux_out, q_int : bit;
begin
  u_mux: Mux port map (a => q_int, b => d, sel => load, y => mux_out);
  u_dff: dff port map (clk => clk, d => mux_out, q => q_int);
  q <= q_int;
end architecture;
```

1.1.24 Register16

```
-- 16-bit Register
entity Register16 is
  port(
    clk  : in bit;
    d    : in bits(15 downto 0);
    load : in bit;
    q    : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Register16 is
  component BitReg
    port(clk : in bit; d : in bit; load : in bit; q : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  u0: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(0), load => load, q => q(0));
  u1: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(1), load => load, q => q(1));
  u2: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(2), load => load, q => q(2));
  u3: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(3), load => load, q => q(3));
  u4: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(4), load => load, q => q(4));
  u5: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(5), load => load, q => q(5));
  u6: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(6), load => load, q => q(6));
  u7: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(7), load => load, q => q(7));
  u8: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(8), load => load, q => q(8));
  u9: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(9), load => load, q => q(9));
  u10: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(10), load => load, q => q(10));
  u11: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(11), load => load, q => q(11));
  u12: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(12), load => load, q => q(12));
  u13: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(13), load => load, q => q(13));
  u14: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(14), load => load, q => q(14));
  u15: BitReg port map (clk => clk, d => d(15), load => load, q => q(15));
end architecture;
```

1.1.25 PC

```
-- Program Counter
entity PC is
  port(
    clk   : in bit;
    d     : in bits(15 downto 0);
    inc   : in bit;
    load  : in bit;
    reset : in bit;
    q     : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of PC is
  component Register16
    port(clk : in bit; d : in bits(15 downto 0); load : in bit; q : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  component Inc16
    port(a : in bits(15 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0));
```

```
  end component;
  component Mux16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bit; y : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  signal q_int, inc_out, mux1_out, mux2_out, mux3_out : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal zero16 : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal do_load : bit;
begin
  zero16 <= X"0000";

  -- Increment current value
  u_inc: Inc16 port map (a => q_int, y => inc_out);

  -- Priority: reset > load > inc
  -- First mux: inc or hold
  u_mux1: Mux16 port map (a => q_int, b => inc_out, sel => inc, y => mux1_out);
  -- Second mux: load overrides
  u_mux2: Mux16 port map (a => mux1_out, b => d, sel => load, y => mux2_out);
  -- Third mux: reset overrides all
  u_mux3: Mux16 port map (a => mux2_out, b => zero16, sel => reset, y => mux3_out);

  -- Always load the register
  do_load <= inc or load or reset;
  u_reg: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => mux3_out, load => do_load, q => q_int);

  q <= q_int;
end architecture;
```

1.1.26 RAM8

```
-- 8-word RAM
entity RAM8 is
  port(
    clk  : in bit;
    din  : in bits(15 downto 0);
    addr : in bits(2 downto 0);
    we   : in bit;
    dout : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of RAM8 is
  component Register16
    port(clk : in bit; d : in bits(15 downto 0); load : in bit; q : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  component DMux8Way
    port(x : in bit; sel : in bits(2 downto 0); a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h : out bit);
  end component;
  component Mux8Way16
    port(a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bits(2 downto 0); y : out bits(15 d
  end component;
  signal load0,load1,load2,load3,load4,load5,load6,load7 : bit;
  signal r0,r1,r2,r3,r4,r5,r6,r7 : bits(15 downto 0);
begin
  u_dmux: DMux8Way port map (x => we, sel => addr, a => load0, b => load1, c => load2, d => l
```

```
  u_r0: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load0, q => r0);
  u_r1: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load1, q => r1);
  u_r2: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load2, q => r2);
  u_r3: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load3, q => r3);
  u_r4: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load4, q => r4);
  u_r5: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load5, q => r5);
  u_r6: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load6, q => r6);
  u_r7: Register16 port map (clk => clk, d => din, load => load7, q => r7);

  u_mux: Mux8Way16 port map (a => r0, b => r1, c => r2, d => r3, e => r4, f => r5, g => r6, h
end architecture;
```

1.1.27 RAM64

```
-- 64-word RAM
entity RAM64 is
  port(
    clk  : in bit;
    din  : in bits(15 downto 0);
    addr : in bits(5 downto 0);
    we   : in bit;
    dout : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of RAM64 is
  component RAM8
    port(clk : in bit; din : in bits(15 downto 0); addr : in bits(2 downto 0); we : in bit; d
  end component;
  component DMux8Way
    port(x : in bit; sel : in bits(2 downto 0); a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h : out bit);
  end component;
  component Mux8Way16
    port(a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bits(2 downto 0); y : out bits(15 d
  end component;
  signal we0,we1,we2,we3,we4,we5,we6,we7 : bit;
  signal r0,r1,r2,r3,r4,r5,r6,r7 : bits(15 downto 0);
begin
  u_dmux: DMux8Way port map (x => we, sel => addr(5 downto 3), a => we0, b => we1, c => we2,

  u_ram0: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we0, dout =>
  u_ram1: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we1, dout =>
  u_ram2: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we2, dout =>
  u_ram3: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we3, dout =>
  u_ram4: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we4, dout =>
  u_ram5: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we5, dout =>
  u_ram6: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we6, dout =>
  u_ram7: RAM8 port map (clk => clk, din => din, addr => addr(2 downto 0), we => we7, dout =>

  u_mux: Mux8Way16 port map (a => r0, b => r1, c => r2, d => r3, e => r4, f => r5, g => r6, h
end architecture;
```

1.1.28 RegFile

```
-- 16-Register File using RAM primitive
entity RegFile is
  port(
    clk   : in bit;
    we    : in bit;
    waddr : in bits(3 downto 0);
    wdata : in bits(15 downto 0);
    raddr1: in bits(3 downto 0);
    raddr2: in bits(3 downto 0);
    rdata1: out bits(15 downto 0);
    rdata2: out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of RegFile is
  component ram
    port(clk : in bit; we : in bit; addr : in bits(3 downto 0);
         din : in bits(15 downto 0); dout : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
begin
  -- Use two RAM instances for dual read ports
  u_ram1: ram port map (clk => clk, we => we, addr => waddr, din => wdata, dout => rdata1);
  u_ram2: ram port map (clk => clk, we => we, addr => waddr, din => wdata, dout => rdata2);
  -- Note: Simplified - real implementation would need proper read port addressing
end architecture;
```

1.1.29 Decoder

```
-- Instruction Decoder
-- Decodes opcode into control signals
-- Opcodes: 0000=ALU, 0100=LOAD, 0101=STORE, 1000=BRANCH

entity Decoder is
  port(
    opcode    : in bits(3 downto 0);
    alu_op    : out bits(1 downto 0);
    reg_write : out bit;
    mem_read  : out bit;
    mem_write : out bit;
    branch    : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Decoder is
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component And2
    port(a, b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal not_op3, not_op2, not_op1, not_op0 : bit;
  signal is_alu, is_load, is_store, is_branch : bit;
begin
```

```
  -- Invert opcode bits
  inv3: Inv port map (a => opcode(3), y => not_op3);
  inv2: Inv port map (a => opcode(2), y => not_op2);
  inv1: Inv port map (a => opcode(1), y => not_op1);
  inv0: Inv port map (a => opcode(0), y => not_op0);

  -- Decode: ALU = 0000
  alu_a: And2 port map (a => not_op3, b => not_op2, y => is_alu);

  -- Decode: LOAD = 0100
  ld_a: And2 port map (a => not_op3, b => opcode(2), y => is_load);

  -- Decode: STORE = 0101
  st_a: And2 port map (a => is_load, b => opcode(0), y => is_store);

  -- Decode: BRANCH = 1xxx
  br_a: Inv port map (a => not_op3, y => is_branch);

  -- Control signals - pass through lower opcode bits for ALU operation
  alu_op <= opcode(1 downto 0);
  reg_write <= is_alu;
  mem_read <= is_load;
  mem_write <= is_store;
  branch <= is_branch;
end architecture;
```

1.1.30 CondCheck

```
-- Condition Checker
-- Checks ALU flags against condition code
-- cond: 0000=EQ (zero), 0001=NE (!zero), 0010=LT (neg), 0011=GE (!neg)

entity CondCheck is
  port(
    cond : in bits(3 downto 0);
    zero : in bit;
    neg  : in bit;
    carry: in bit;
    ovf  : in bit;
    take : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of CondCheck is
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  component Mux
    port(a, b : in bit; sel : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal not_zero, not_neg : bit;
  signal eq_result, ne_result, lt_result, ge_result : bit;
  signal sel0, sel1 : bit;
begin
  -- Invert flags for NE and GE conditions
```

```
  inv_z: Inv port map (a => zero, y => not_zero);
  inv_n: Inv port map (a => neg, y => not_neg);

  -- Condition results
  eq_result <= zero;       -- EQ: zero=1
  ne_result <= not_zero;   -- NE: zero=0
  lt_result <= neg;        -- LT: neg=1
  ge_result <= not_neg;    -- GE: neg=0

  -- 4-way mux using cond(1:0)
  mux0: Mux port map (a => eq_result, b => ne_result, sel => cond(0), y => sel0);
  mux1: Mux port map (a => lt_result, b => ge_result, sel => cond(0), y => sel1);
  mux2: Mux port map (a => sel0, b => sel1, sel => cond(1), y => take);
end architecture;
```

1.1.31 Control

```
-- Control Unit
-- Generates all control signals

entity Control is
  port(
    clk       : in bit;
    opcode    : in bits(3 downto 0);
    cond      : in bits(3 downto 0);
    zero      : in bit;
    neg       : in bit;
    alu_op    : out bits(1 downto 0);
    reg_write : out bit;
    mem_read  : out bit;
    mem_write : out bit;
    pc_src    : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of Control is
  component Decoder
    port(opcode : in bits(3 downto 0); alu_op : out bits(1 downto 0);
         reg_write, mem_read, mem_write, branch : out bit);
  end component;
  component CondCheck
    port(cond : in bits(3 downto 0); zero,neg,carry,ovf : in bit; take : out bit);
  end component;
  component And2
    port(a, b : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
  signal branch_sig, cond_take : bit;
begin
  -- Decoder generates base control signals
  u_dec: Decoder port map (
    opcode => opcode,
    alu_op => alu_op,
    reg_write => reg_write,
    mem_read => mem_read,
    mem_write => mem_write,
```

```
    branch => branch_sig
  );

  -- CondCheck evaluates branch condition
  u_cond: CondCheck port map (
    cond => cond,
    zero => zero,
    neg => neg,
    carry => '0',
    ovf => '0',
    take => cond_take
  );

  -- pc_src = branch AND condition_met
  u_and: And2 port map (a => branch_sig, b => cond_take, y => pc_src);
end architecture;
```

1.1.32 CPU

```
-- A32-Lite CPU
-- Simple 16-bit RISC processor
-- Instruction format: [15:12]=opcode, [11:8]=rd, [7:4]=rs1, [3:0]=rs2/imm

entity CPU is
  port(
    clk     : in bit;
    reset   : in bit;
    instr   : in bits(15 downto 0);
    mem_in  : in bits(15 downto 0);
    mem_out : out bits(15 downto 0);
    mem_addr: out bits(15 downto 0);
    mem_we  : out bit;
    pc_out  : out bits(15 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of CPU is
  component RegFile
    port(clk,we : in bit; waddr,raddr1,raddr2 : in bits(3 downto 0);
         wdata : in bits(15 downto 0); rdata1,rdata2 : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
  component ALU
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); op : in bits(1 downto 0);
         y : out bits(15 downto 0); zero,neg : out bit);
  end component;
  component PC
    port(clk : in bit; d : in bits(15 downto 0); inc,load,reset : in bit; q : out bits(15 dow
  end component;
  component Control
    port(clk : in bit; opcode,cond : in bits(3 downto 0); zero,neg : in bit;
         alu_op : out bits(1 downto 0); reg_write,mem_read,mem_write,pc_src : out bit);
  end component;
  component Mux16
    port(a,b : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bit; y : out bits(15 downto 0));
  end component;
```

```
  -- Instruction decode
  signal opcode, rd, rs1, rs2 : bits(3 downto 0);
  -- Control signals
  signal alu_op : bits(1 downto 0);
  signal reg_write, mem_rd, mem_wr, pc_src : bit;
  -- Datapath signals
  signal pc_val, branch_target : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal reg_data1, reg_data2, alu_result : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal write_data : bits(15 downto 0);
  signal zero_flag, neg_flag : bit;
  signal not_reset : bit;
  component Inv
    port(a : in bit; y : out bit);
  end component;
begin
  -- Instruction decode using slices
  opcode <= instr(15 downto 12);
  rd <= instr(11 downto 8);
  rs1 <= instr(7 downto 4);
  rs2 <= instr(3 downto 0);

  -- Control unit
  u_ctrl: Control port map (
    clk => clk, opcode => opcode, cond => rs2,
    zero => zero_flag, neg => neg_flag,
    alu_op => alu_op, reg_write => reg_write,
    mem_read => mem_rd, mem_write => mem_wr, pc_src => pc_src
  );

  -- Register file
  u_regs: RegFile port map (
    clk => clk, we => reg_write,
    waddr => rd, raddr1 => rs1, raddr2 => rs2,
    wdata => write_data, rdata1 => reg_data1, rdata2 => reg_data2
  );

  -- ALU
  u_alu: ALU port map (
    a => reg_data1, b => reg_data2, op => alu_op,
    y => alu_result, zero => zero_flag, neg => neg_flag
  );

  -- Write back mux (ALU result or memory)
  u_wb_mux: Mux16 port map (
    a => alu_result, b => mem_in, sel => mem_rd, y => write_data
  );

  -- Program counter
  inv_reset: Inv port map (a => reset, y => not_reset);
  branch_target <= reg_data1;
  u_pc: PC port map (
    clk => clk, d => branch_target,
    inc => not_reset, load => pc_src, reset => reset, q => pc_val
  );
```

```
  -- Outputs
  pc_out <= pc_val;
  mem_addr <= alu_result;
  mem_out <= reg_data2;
  mem_we <= mem_wr;
end architecture;
```

1.1.33 IF_ID_Reg

```
-- IF/ID Pipeline Register

entity IF_ID_Reg is
  port(
    clk : in bit;
    reset : in bit;
    stall : in bit;
    flush : in bit;
    if_instr : in bits(31 downto 0);
    if_pc_plus4 : in bits(31 downto 0);
    id_instr : out bits(31 downto 0);
    id_pc_plus4 : out bits(31 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of IF_ID_Reg is
  signal instr_reg : bits(31 downto 0);
  signal pc_plus4_reg : bits(31 downto 0);
begin
  process(clk)
  begin
    if rising_edge(clk) then
      if (reset = '1') or (flush = '1') then
        instr_reg <= x"E0000000";  -- NOP
        pc_plus4_reg <= x"00000000";
      elsif stall = '0' then
        instr_reg <= if_instr;
        pc_plus4_reg <= if_pc_plus4;
      end if;
    end if;
  end process;

  id_instr <= instr_reg;
  id_pc_plus4 <= pc_plus4_reg;
end architecture;
```

1.1.34 HazardDetect

```
-- Hazard Detection Unit

entity HazardDetect is
  port(
    id_rn : in bits(3 downto 0);
    id_rm : in bits(3 downto 0);
```

```
    id_rn_used : in bit;
    id_rm_used : in bit;
    ex_rd : in bits(3 downto 0);
    ex_mem_read : in bit;
    stall : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of HazardDetect is
  signal rn_hazard : bit;
  signal rm_hazard : bit;
begin
  -- Hazard if: load in EX AND register used in ID AND same register
  rn_hazard <= ex_mem_read and id_rn_used and (id_rn = ex_rd);
  rm_hazard <= ex_mem_read and id_rm_used and (id_rm = ex_rd);
  stall <= rn_hazard or rm_hazard;
end architecture;
```

1.1.35 ForwardUnit

```
-- Forwarding Unit

entity ForwardUnit is
  port(
    ex_rn : in bits(3 downto 0);
    ex_rm : in bits(3 downto 0);
    mem_rd : in bits(3 downto 0);
    mem_reg_write : in bit;
    wb_rd : in bits(3 downto 0);
    wb_reg_write : in bit;
    forward_a : out bits(1 downto 0);
    forward_b : out bits(1 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of ForwardUnit is
  signal mem_fwd_a : bit;
  signal wb_fwd_a : bit;
  signal mem_fwd_b : bit;
  signal wb_fwd_b : bit;
begin
  -- Detect forwarding conditions
  mem_fwd_a <= mem_reg_write and (mem_rd = ex_rn);
  wb_fwd_a <= wb_reg_write and (wb_rd = ex_rn) and (not mem_fwd_a);
  mem_fwd_b <= mem_reg_write and (mem_rd = ex_rm);
  wb_fwd_b <= wb_reg_write and (wb_rd = ex_rm) and (not mem_fwd_b);

  -- Encode output: 00=none, 01=MEM, 10=WB
  forward_a <= wb_fwd_a & mem_fwd_a;
  forward_b <= wb_fwd_b & mem_fwd_b;
end architecture;
```

1.1.36 CPU_Pipeline

```
-- 5-Stage Pipelined CPU
-- See hdl_lib/05_cpu/CPU_Pipeline.hdl for full implementation
-- This exercise is a capstone project

entity CPU_Pipeline is
  port(
    clk : in bit;
    reset : in bit;
    instr_addr : out bits(31 downto 0);
    instr_data : in bits(31 downto 0);
    mem_addr : out bits(31 downto 0);
    mem_wdata : out bits(31 downto 0);
    mem_rdata : in bits(31 downto 0);
    mem_read : out bit;
    mem_write : out bit;
    halted : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of CPU_Pipeline is
begin
  -- Implementation uses IF_ID_Reg, HazardDetect, ForwardUnit
  -- and additional pipeline registers EX_MEM, MEM_WB
  -- See hdl_lib/05_cpu/CPU_Pipeline.hdl for complete code
  instr_addr <= x"00000000";
  mem_addr <= x"00000000";
  mem_wdata <= x"00000000";
  mem_read <= '0';
  mem_write <= '0';
  halted <= '0';
end architecture;
```

1.1.37 Projet 7 : Cache L1

1.1.38 CacheLine

```
-- Cache Line

entity CacheLine is
  port(
    clk : in bit;
    write_enable : in bit;
    write_tag : in bits(19 downto 0);
    write_data : in bits(127 downto 0);
    write_word : in bits(31 downto 0);
    write_word_sel : in bits(1 downto 0);
    write_word_en : in bit;
    set_dirty : in bit;
    clear_dirty : in bit;
    invalidate : in bit;
    valid : out bit;
    dirty : out bit;
    tag : out bits(19 downto 0);
```

```
    data : out bits(127 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of CacheLine is
  signal valid_reg : bit;
  signal dirty_reg : bit;
  signal tag_reg : bits(19 downto 0);
  signal data_reg : bits(127 downto 0);
begin
  process(clk)
  begin
    if rising_edge(clk) then
      if invalidate = '1' then
        valid_reg <= '0';
        dirty_reg <= '0';
      elsif write_enable = '1' then
        valid_reg <= '1';
        tag_reg <= write_tag;
        data_reg <= write_data;
        dirty_reg <= '0';
      elsif write_word_en = '1' then
        if write_word_sel = b"00" then
          data_reg(31 downto 0) <= write_word;
        elsif write_word_sel = b"01" then
          data_reg(63 downto 32) <= write_word;
        elsif write_word_sel = b"10" then
          data_reg(95 downto 64) <= write_word;
        else
          data_reg(127 downto 96) <= write_word;
        end if;
      end if;

      if set_dirty = '1' then
        dirty_reg <= '1';
      elsif clear_dirty = '1' then
        dirty_reg <= '0';
      end if;
    end if;
  end process;

  valid <= valid_reg;
  dirty <= dirty_reg;
  tag <= tag_reg;
  data <= data_reg;
end architecture;
```

1.1.39 TagCompare

```
-- Tag Comparator

entity TagCompare is
  port(
    valid : in bit;
    addr_tag : in bits(19 downto 0);
```

```
    stored_tag : in bits(19 downto 0);
    hit : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of TagCompare is
begin
  -- Hit when valid AND all 20 tag bits match
  hit <= valid and (addr_tag = stored_tag);
end architecture;
```

1.1.40 WordSelect

```
-- Word Selector

entity WordSelect is
  port(
    line_data : in bits(127 downto 0);
    word_sel : in bits(1 downto 0);
    word_out : out bits(31 downto 0)
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of WordSelect is
  component Mux4Way16
    port(a,b,c,d : in bits(15 downto 0); sel : in bits(1 downto 0); y : out bits(15 downto 0)
  end component;
begin
  -- Use two 16-bit 4-way muxes for lower and upper halves
  lo: Mux4Way16 port map(
    a => line_data(15 downto 0),
    b => line_data(47 downto 32),
    c => line_data(79 downto 64),
    d => line_data(111 downto 96),
    sel => word_sel,
    y => word_out(15 downto 0)
  );
  hi: Mux4Way16 port map(
    a => line_data(31 downto 16),
    b => line_data(63 downto 48),
    c => line_data(95 downto 80),
    d => line_data(127 downto 112),
    sel => word_sel,
    y => word_out(31 downto 16)
  );
end architecture;
```

1.1.41 CacheController

```
-- Cache Controller FSM

entity CacheController is
  port(
```

```
    clk : in bit;
    reset : in bit;
    cpu_read : in bit;
    cpu_write : in bit;
    cache_hit : in bit;
    mem_ready : in bit;
    state : out bits(1 downto 0);
    cpu_ready : out bit;
    mem_read : out bit;
    mem_write : out bit;
    fill_line : out bit
  );
end entity;

architecture rtl of CacheController is
  signal state_reg : bits(1 downto 0);
  signal pending_write : bit;
  signal fill_line_reg : bit;
  signal is_idle, is_fetch, is_wb : bit;
  signal miss, req : bit;
begin
  -- Precompute conditions
  is_idle <= (state_reg = 0b00);
  is_fetch <= (state_reg = 0b01);
  is_wb <= (state_reg = 0b10);
  miss <= not cache_hit;
  req <= cpu_read or cpu_write;

  process(clk)
  begin
    if rising_edge(clk) then
      if reset = '1' then
        state_reg <= 0b00;
        pending_write <= '0';
        fill_line_reg <= '0';
      elsif (is_idle = '1') and (req = '1') and (miss = '1') then
        state_reg <= 0b01;
        pending_write <= cpu_write;
        fill_line_reg <= '0';
      elsif (is_idle = '1') and (cpu_write = '1') and (cache_hit = '1') then
        state_reg <= 0b10;
        fill_line_reg <= '0';
      elsif (is_fetch = '1') and (mem_ready = '1') and (pending_write = '1') then
        state_reg <= 0b10;
        fill_line_reg <= '1';
      elsif (is_fetch = '1') and (mem_ready = '1') and (pending_write = '0') then
        state_reg <= 0b00;
        fill_line_reg <= '1';
      elsif (is_wb = '1') and (mem_ready = '1') then
        state_reg <= 0b00;
        pending_write <= '0';
        fill_line_reg <= '0';
      else
        fill_line_reg <= '0';
      end if;
    end if;
```

```
  end process;

  state <= state_reg;
  cpu_ready <= (is_idle and cache_hit) or (is_fetch and mem_ready and (not pending_write)) or
  mem_read <= is_fetch;
  mem_write <= is_wb;
  fill_line <= fill_line_reg;
end architecture;
```

1.2 B. Solutions Assembleur A32

1.2.1 Hello World

```
; Hello World - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #42
    HALT
```

1.2.2 Addition

```
; Addition - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #15
    ADD R0, R0, #27
    HALT
```

1.2.3 Soustraction

```
; Soustraction - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #100
    SUB R0, R0, #58
    HALT
```

1.2.4 Logique

```
; Logique - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
```

```
    MOV R1, #0xFF
    MOV R2, #0x0F
    AND R0, R1, R2
    HALT
```

1.2.5 Doubler

```
; Doubler - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #21
    ADD R0, R0, R0   ; R0 = R0 + R0 = 2 * R0
    HALT
```

1.2.6 Conditions

```
; Conditions - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R1, #25
    MOV R2, #17

    CMP R1, R2
    B.GT .r1_bigger
    MOV R0, R2
    B .done

.r1_bigger:
    MOV R0, R1

.done:
    HALT
```

1.2.7 Valeur Absolue

```
; Valeur Absolue - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R1, #0
    SUB R1, R1, #42  ; R1 = -42

    CMP R1, #0
    B.GE .positive
    ; Négatif: R0 = 0 - R1
    MOV R0, #0
    SUB R0, R0, R1
```

```
    B .done

.positive:
    MOV R0, R1

.done:
    HALT
```

1.2.8 Boucles

```
; Boucles - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #0      ; somme = 0
    MOV R1, #1      ; compteur = 1

.loop:
    ADD R0, R0, R1  ; somme += compteur
    ADD R1, R1, #1  ; compteur++
    CMP R1, #10
    B.LE .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.9 Multiplication

```
; Multiplication - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #0      ; résultat = 0
    MOV R1, #6      ; multiplicande
    MOV R2, #7      ; compteur (multiplicateur)

.loop:
    ADD R0, R0, R1  ; résultat += multiplicande
    SUB R2, R2, #1  ; compteur--
    CMP R2, #0
    B.GT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.10 Fibonacci

```
; Fibonacci - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
```

```
    MOV R0, #1      ; F(1) = 1
    MOV R1, #1      ; F(2) = 1
    MOV R2, #2      ; compteur = 2

.loop:
    ADD R3, R0, R1  ; R3 = F(n-2) + F(n-1)
    MOV R0, R1      ; F(n-2) = ancien F(n-1)
    MOV R1, R3      ; F(n-1) = nouveau F(n)
    ADD R2, R2, #1  ; compteur++
    CMP R2, #10
    B.LT .loop

    MOV R0, R1      ; résultat dans R0
    HALT
```

1.2.11 Tableaux

```
; Tableaux - Solution

.data
data:
    .word 10
    .word 20
    .word 30
    .word 40
    .word 50

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #0          ; somme = 0
    LDR R1, =data       ; adresse du tableau
    MOV R2, #5          ; compteur = 5

.loop:
    LDR R3, [R1]        ; charge élément
    ADD R0, R0, R3      ; somme += élément
    ADD R1, R1, #4      ; adresse suivante
    SUB R2, R2, #1      ; compteur--
    CMP R2, #0
    B.GT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.12 Maximum Tableau

```
; Maximum Tableau - Solution

.data
data:
    .word 12
    .word 45
    .word 7
```

```
    .word 89
    .word 23

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =data       ; adresse du tableau
    LDR R0, [R1]        ; max = premier élément
    ADD R1, R1, #4      ; passer au suivant
    MOV R2, #4          ; compteur = 4 (reste)

.loop:
    LDR R3, [R1]        ; charge élément
    CMP R3, R0          ; compare avec max
    B.LE .skip
    MOV R0, R3          ; nouveau max

.skip:
    ADD R1, R1, #4      ; adresse suivante
    SUB R2, R2, #1      ; compteur--
    CMP R2, #0
    B.GT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.13 Mémoire

```
; Mémoire - Solution

.data
data:
    .word 0
    .word 0

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R1, #10
    MOV R2, #20

    ; Sauvegarder
    LDR R4, =data
    STR R1, [R4]        ; data[0] = R1
    ADD R4, R4, #4
    STR R2, [R4]        ; data[1] = R2

    ; Effacer
    MOV R1, #0
    MOV R2, #0

    ; Recharger
    LDR R4, =data
    LDR R1, [R4]        ; R1 = data[0]
    ADD R4, R4, #4
    LDR R2, [R4]        ; R2 = data[1]
```

```
    ; Calculer
    ADD R0, R1, R2

    HALT
```

1.2.14 Structure Simple

```
; Structure Simple - Solution

.data
; Structure Point { int x; int y; }
point:
    .word 10    ; x = 10 (offset 0)
    .word 32    ; y = 32 (offset 4)

.text
.global _start
_start:
    ; Charger l'adresse de la structure
    LDR R1, =point

    ; Charger p.x (offset 0)
    LDR R2, [R1]        ; R2 = p.x = 10

    ; Charger p.y (offset 4)
    LDR R3, [R1, #4]    ; R3 = p.y = 32

    ; Calculer la somme
    ADD R0, R2, R3      ; R0 = 10 + 32 = 42

    HALT
```

1.2.15 Initialiser Structure

```
; Initialiser Structure - Solution

.data
; Structure Point (non initialisée)
point:
    .word 0     ; x (offset 0)
    .word 0     ; y (offset 4)

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R4, =point  ; adresse de la structure

    ; Initialiser p.x = 20
    MOV R1, #20
    STR R1, [R4]        ; p.x = 20

    ; Initialiser p.y = 22
```

```
    MOV R2, #22
    STR R2, [R4, #4]    ; p.y = 22

    ; Relire et additionner
    LDR R1, [R4]        ; R1 = p.x
    LDR R2, [R4, #4]    ; R2 = p.y
    ADD R0, R1, R2      ; R0 = 42

    HALT
```

1.2.16 Structure Rectangle

```
; Structure Rectangle - Solution

.data
; Structure Rectangle
rect:
    .word 5     ; x (offset 0)
    .word 10    ; y (offset 4)
    .word 6     ; width (offset 8)
    .word 7     ; height (offset 12)

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R4, =rect

    ; Charger width et height
    LDR R1, [R4, #8]    ; R1 = width = 6
    LDR R2, [R4, #12]   ; R2 = height = 7

    ; Multiplier par additions: 6 * 7
    MOV R0, #0          ; résultat = 0
.mult:
    CMP R2, #0
    B.EQ .done
    ADD R0, R0, R1      ; résultat += width
    SUB R2, R2, #1      ; height--
    B .mult

.done:
    HALT
```

1.2.17 Tableau de Structures

```
; Tableau de Structures - Solution

.data
; Tableau de 3 Points (8 octets chacun)
points:
    ; points[0]: x=10, y=2
    .word 10
    .word 2
```

```
    ; points[1]: x=15, y=5
    .word 15
    .word 5
    ; points[2]: x=8, y=7
    .word 8
    .word 7

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =points     ; adresse du tableau
    MOV R0, #0          ; somme = 0
    MOV R2, #3          ; compteur = 3

.loop:
    CMP R2, #0
    B.EQ .done

    ; Charger x du Point courant
    LDR R3, [R1]        ; R3 = points[i].x
    ADD R0, R0, R3      ; somme += x

    ; Passer au Point suivant (8 octets)
    ADD R1, R1, #8

    ; Décrémenter compteur
    SUB R2, R2, #1
    B .loop

.done:
    HALT
```

1.2.18 Somme x+y Structures

```
; Somme x+y de Structures - Solution

.data
points:
    ; points[0]: x=5, y=3
    .word 5
    .word 3
    ; points[1]: x=10, y=4
    .word 10
    .word 4
    ; points[2]: x=12, y=8
    .word 12
    .word 8

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =points     ; adresse du tableau
    MOV R0, #0          ; somme totale = 0
    MOV R4, #3          ; compteur = 3
```

```
.loop:
    CMP R4, #0
    B.EQ .done

    ; Charger x et y du Point courant
    LDR R2, [R1]        ; R2 = x
    LDR R3, [R1, #4]    ; R3 = y

    ; Ajouter x+y à la somme
    ADD R0, R0, R2      ; somme += x
    ADD R0, R0, R3      ; somme += y

    ; Point suivant (8 octets)
    ADD R1, R1, #8
    SUB R4, R4, #1
    B .loop

.done:
    HALT
```

1.2.19 Fonctions

```
; Fonctions - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #21
    BL double
    HALT

double:
    ADD R0, R0, R0  ; R0 = R0 + R0 = 2 * R0
    MOV PC, LR      ; retour
```

1.2.20 Fonction Add3

```
; Fonction Add3 - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #10
    MOV R1, #15
    MOV R2, #17
    BL add3
    HALT

add3:
    ADD R0, R0, R1
    ADD R0, R0, R2
    MOV PC, LR
```

1.2.21 Écrire Caractère

```
; Écrire Caractère - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #65          ; 'A' = 65
    LDR R1, =0xFFFF0000 ; adresse PUTC
    STRB R0, [R1]        ; écrire le caractère
    HALT
```

1.2.22 Hello String

```
; Hello String - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0xFFFF0000 ; adresse PUTC
    MOV R0, #0           ; compteur

    MOV R2, #72          ; 'H'
    STRB R2, [R1]
    ADD R0, R0, #1

    MOV R2, #105         ; 'i'
    STRB R2, [R1]
    ADD R0, R0, #1

    HALT
```

1.2.23 Print Loop

```
; Print Loop - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0xFFFF0000 ; adresse PUTC
    MOV R0, #0           ; compteur
    MOV R2, #65          ; caractère courant = 'A'

.loop:
    STRB R2, [R1]        ; écrire caractère
    ADD R0, R0, #1       ; compteur++
    ADD R2, R2, #1       ; caractère suivant
    CMP R2, #69          ; 'E' = 69
    B.LT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.24 Pixel

```
; Pixel - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
    MOV R0, #0x80       ; bit 7 = pixel 0
    STRB R0, [R1]       ; écrire le byte
    HALT
```

1.2.25 Ligne Horizontale

```
; Ligne Horizontale - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
    MOV R0, #0xFF       ; 8 pixels allumés
    STRB R0, [R1]       ; écrire le byte
    HALT
```

1.2.26 Ligne Verticale

```
; Ligne Verticale - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
    MOV R2, #0x80       ; bit du pixel (colonne 0)
    MOV R0, #0          ; compteur

.loop:
    STRB R2, [R1]       ; dessiner pixel
    ADD R1, R1, #40     ; ligne suivante (320/8 = 40)
    ADD R0, R0, #1      ; compteur++
    CMP R0, #8
    B.LT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.27 Rectangle

```
; Rectangle - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
```

```
    MOV R2, #0xFF       ; ligne de 8 pixels
    MOV R0, #0          ; compteur de lignes

.loop:
    STRB R2, [R1]       ; dessiner ligne
    ADD R1, R1, #40     ; ligne suivante
    ADD R0, R0, #1      ; compteur++
    CMP R0, #8
    B.LT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.28 Damier

```
; Damier - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
    MOV R2, #0xAA       ; motif courant
    MOV R0, #0          ; compteur de lignes

.loop:
    STRB R2, [R1]       ; colonne 0
    ADD R4, R1, #1
    EOR R5, R2, #0xFF   ; inverser pour colonne 1
    STRB R5, [R4]       ; colonne 1

    ADD R1, R1, #40     ; ligne suivante
    EOR R2, R2, #0xFF   ; alterner le motif
    ADD R0, R0, #1
    CMP R0, #8
    B.LT .loop

    HALT
```

1.2.29 Lire un Caractère

```
; Lire un Caractère - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00402600 ; adresse KEYBOARD (temps réel)
    LDR R4, =0xFFFF0000 ; adresse PUTC

    ; Attendre une touche
.wait:
    LDR R2, [R1]        ; lire clavier
    CMP R2, #0
    B.EQ .wait          ; boucler si pas de touche
```

```
    ; Convertir ASCII → nombre
    SUB R0, R2, #0x30   ; R0 = chiffre (0-9)

    ; Afficher le chiffre tapé (écho)
    STR R2, [R4]        ; afficher le caractère

    HALT
```

1.2.30 Lire un Nombre à 2 Chiffres

```
; Lire un Nombre à 2 Chiffres - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R5, =0x00402600 ; adresse KEYBOARD (temps réel)
    LDR R6, =0xFFFF0000 ; adresse PUTC

    ; Attendre premier chiffre
.wait1:
    LDR R1, [R5]
    CMP R1, #0
    B.EQ .wait1

    ; Écho du premier chiffre
    STR R1, [R6]

    ; Convertir en nombre
    SUB R1, R1, #0x30   ; R1 = premier chiffre

    ; Multiplier par 10: x → 2x → 4x → 5x → 10x
    ADD R2, R1, R1      ; R2 = 2x
    ADD R2, R2, R2      ; R2 = 4x
    ADD R2, R2, R1      ; R2 = 5x
    ADD R1, R2, R2      ; R1 = 10x

    ; Attendre relâche de la touche
.release1:
    LDR R2, [R5]
    CMP R2, #0
    B.NE .release1

    ; Attendre deuxième chiffre
.wait2:
    LDR R2, [R5]
    CMP R2, #0
    B.EQ .wait2

    ; Écho du deuxième chiffre
    STR R2, [R6]

    ; Convertir et ajouter
    SUB R2, R2, #0x30   ; R2 = deuxième chiffre
    ADD R0, R1, R2      ; R0 = nombre complet
```

```
    HALT
```

1.2.31 Deviner le Nombre

```
; Deviner le Nombre - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R7, #55         ; nombre secret: '7' en ASCII (0x37)
    LDR R5, =0x00402600 ; KEYBOARD
    LDR R6, =0xFFFF0000 ; PUTC
    MOV R4, #0          ; dernière touche vue

.game_loop:
    ; Lire clavier
    LDR R0, [R5]

    ; Ignorer si pas de touche ou même touche que avant
    CMP R0, #0
    B.EQ .game_loop
    CMP R0, R4
    B.EQ .game_loop

    ; Nouvelle touche détectée
    MOV R4, R0          ; sauvegarder

    ; Écho de la touche
    STR R0, [R6]

    ; Comparer au secret
    CMP R0, R7
    B.EQ .win
    B.LT .too_small

    ; Trop grand -> afficher '-'
    MOV R1, #45         ; '-'
    STR R1, [R6]
    MOV R1, #10         ; newline
    STR R1, [R6]
    B .wait_release

.too_small:
    ; Trop petit -> afficher '+'
    MOV R1, #43         ; '+'
    STR R1, [R6]
    MOV R1, #10         ; newline
    STR R1, [R6]

.wait_release:
    ; Attendre relâche (R4 != 0, donc on attend que R0 change)
    LDR R0, [R5]
    CMP R0, R4
    B.EQ .wait_release
    MOV R4, #0          ; reset
```

```
    B .game_loop

.win:
    ; Gagné! Afficher '*'
    MOV R1, #42         ; '*'
    STR R1, [R6]
    MOV R1, #10
    STR R1, [R6]
    MOV R0, #7          ; résultat dans R0

    HALT
```

1.2.32 Dégradé (Dithering)

```
; Dégradé (Dithering) - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
    MOV R0, #0          ; compteur lignes

.line_loop:
    ; Écrire les 5 motifs de dégradé
    MOV R2, #0x00       ; noir
    STRB R2, [R1]

    MOV R2, #0x11       ; 12.5% blanc
    ADD R3, R1, #1
    STRB R2, [R3]

    MOV R2, #0x55       ; 50% blanc
    ADD R3, R1, #2
    STRB R2, [R3]

    MOV R2, #0xBB       ; 75% blanc
    ADD R3, R1, #3
    STRB R2, [R3]

    MOV R2, #0xFF       ; blanc
    ADD R3, R1, #4
    STRB R2, [R3]

    ; Ligne suivante
    ADD R1, R1, #40     ; 40 bytes par ligne
    ADD R0, R0, #1
    CMP R0, #240
    B.LT .line_loop

    HALT
```

1.2.33 Dégradé Plein Écran

```
; Dégradé Plein Écran - Solution
; 8 bandes avec motifs croissants

.text
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R1, =0x00400000 ; adresse écran
    MOV R0, #0          ; compteur bandes
    MOV R2, #0x00       ; motif initial (noir)

next_band:
    LDR R3, =1200       ; 30 lignes * 40 bytes

fill_band:
    STRB R2, [R1]
    ADD R1, R1, #1
    SUB R3, R3, #1
    CMP R3, #0
    B.GT fill_band

    ; Passer au motif suivant (approximation)
    ; 0x00 -> 0x11 -> 0x22 -> 0x33 -> ...
    ADD R2, R2, #0x11
    ADD R0, R0, #1
    CMP R0, #8
    B.LT next_band

    HALT
```

1.2.34 Recherche Dichotomique

```
; Recherche Dichotomique - Solution

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R5, #42         ; nombre secret
    MOV R1, #0          ; low
    MOV R2, #100        ; high
    MOV R0, #0          ; compteur d'essais

.loop:
    ADD R0, R0, #1      ; compteur++

    ; mid = (low + high) / 2
    ADD R3, R1, R2
    MOV R4, R3
    ; Division par 2 avec shift (simulé par soustraction successive)
    MOV R3, #0
.div2:
    CMP R4, #2
    B.LT .div_done
    SUB R4, R4, #2
```

```
    ADD R3, R3, #1
    B .div2
.div_done:
    ; R3 = mid

    CMP R3, R5
    B.EQ .found
    B.LT .too_low

    ; mid > secret: high = mid - 1
    SUB R2, R3, #1
    B .loop

.too_low:
    ; mid < secret: low = mid + 1
    ADD R1, R3, #1
    B .loop

.found:
    HALT
```

1.2.35 Cache: Acces Sequentiel

```
; Accès Séquentiel - Solution
; Parcours cache-friendly d'un tableau

.data
arr:
    .word 10
    .word 20
    .word 30
    .word 40

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #0          ; somme = 0
    LDR R1, =arr        ; adresse du tableau
    MOV R2, #4          ; compteur

.loop:
    CMP R2, #0
    B.EQ .done

    LDR R3, [R1]        ; charger arr[i]
    ADD R0, R0, R3      ; somme += arr[i]
    ADD R1, R1, #4      ; adresse += 4 (accès séquentiel!)
    SUB R2, R2, #1      ; compteur--
    B .loop

.done:
    HALT
```

Explication: L'accès séquentiel (adresses 0, 4, 8, 12...) est optimal pour le cache car il exploite la localité spatiale : les données proches en mémoire sont chargées ensemble dans une ligne de cache.

1.2.36 Cache: Acces avec Stride

```
; Accès avec Stride - Solution
; Parcours avec sauts de 16 bytes (4 mots)

.data
matrix:
    ; Ligne 0
    .word 1
    .word 2
    .word 3
    .word 4
    ; Ligne 1
    .word 5
    .word 6
    .word 7
    .word 8
    ; Ligne 2
    .word 9
    .word 10
    .word 11
    .word 12
    ; Ligne 3
    .word 13
    .word 14
    .word 15
    .word 16

.text
.global _start
_start:
    MOV R0, #0          ; somme = 0
    LDR R1, =matrix     ; adresse colonne 0
    MOV R2, #4          ; compteur lignes

.loop:
    CMP R2, #0
    B.EQ .done

    LDR R3, [R1]        ; charger matrix[i][0]
    ADD R0, R0, R3      ; somme += valeur
    ADD R1, R1, #16     ; stride = 16 bytes (saute une ligne)
    SUB R2, R2, #1
    B .loop

.done:
    HALT
```

Explication: Le stride de 16 bytes signifie qu'on saute 4 éléments à chaque accès (1→5→9→13). C'est moins efficace pour le cache car chaque accès peut nécessiter une nouvelle ligne de cache.

1.2.37 Cache: Reutilisation Registre

```
; Réutilisation des Registres - Solution
; Charger une fois, réutiliser plusieurs fois

.data
a:
    .word 10
b:
    .word 3

.text
.global _start
_start:
    ; Charger une seule fois depuis la mémoire
    LDR R6, =a
    LDR R1, [R6]        ; R1 = a = 10
    LDR R6, =b
    LDR R2, [R6]        ; R2 = b = 3

    ; Calculer avec les registres (pas d'accès mémoire!)
    ADD R3, R1, R2      ; sum = a + b = 13
    SUB R4, R1, R2      ; diff = a - b = 7

    ; Multiplier sum * diff par additions
    MOV R0, #0          ; résultat
    MOV R5, R4          ; compteur = diff = 7

.mult:
    CMP R5, #0
    B.EQ .done
    ADD R0, R0, R3      ; résultat += sum
    SUB R5, R5, #1
    B .mult

.done:
    HALT
```

Explication: Les registres sont ~100x plus rapides que la RAM. En chargeant a et b une seule fois et en gardant les valeurs en registre pour tous les calculs, on évite les accès mémoire coûteux.

1.3 C. Solutions C32

1.3.1 Variables

```
// Variables - Solution

int main() {
    int x = 10;
    int y = 32;
    int result = x + y;
    return result;
}
```

1.3.2 Expressions

```c
// Expressions - Solution

int main() {
    int result = (5 + 3) * (10 - 4) / 2;
    return result;
}
```

1.3.3 Modulo

```c
// Modulo - Solution

int main() {
    int result = (100 % 7) + (45 % 8);
    return result;
}
```

1.3.4 Incrémentation

```c
// Incrémentation - Solution

int main() {
    int x = 5;

    x = x + 3;   // x = 8
    x = x * 2;   // x = 16
    x = x - 1;   // x = 15

    return x;
}
```

1.3.5 Conditions

```c
// Conditions - Solution

int main() {
    int a = 25;
    int b = 17;
    int max;

    if (a > b) {
        max = a;
    } else {
        max = b;
    }

    return max;
}
```

1.3.6 Else-If

```c
// Else-If - Solution

int main() {
    int score = 75;
    int grade;

    if (score >= 90) {
        grade = 5;
    } else if (score >= 80) {
        grade = 4;
    } else if (score >= 70) {
        grade = 3;
    } else if (score >= 60) {
        grade = 2;
    } else {
        grade = 1;
    }

    return grade;
}
```

1.3.7 Opérateurs Logiques

```c
// Opérateurs Logiques - Solution

int main() {
    int x = 15;
    int result;

    if (x >= 10 && x <= 20) {
        result = 1;
    } else {
        result = 0;
    }

    return result;
}
```

1.3.8 Maximum de 3

```c
// Maximum de 3 - Solution

int main() {
    int a = 15;
    int b = 42;
    int c = 27;
    int max;

    if (a >= b && a >= c) {
        max = a;
    } else if (b >= c) {
        max = b;
```

```
    } else {
        max = c;
    }

    return max;
}
```

1.3.9 Boucle For

```
// Boucle For - Solution

int main() {
    int sum = 0;

    for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i = i + 1) {
        sum = sum + i;
    }

    return sum;
}
```

1.3.10 Boucle While

```
// Boucle While - Solution

int main() {
    int n = 12345;
    int count = 0;

    while (n > 0) {
        count = count + 1;
        n = n / 10;
    }

    return count;
}
```

1.3.11 Boucles Imbriquées

```
// Boucles Imbriquées - Solution

int main() {
    int sum = 0;

    for (int i = 1; i <= 3; i = i + 1) {
        for (int j = 1; j <= 4; j = j + 1) {
            sum = sum + i * j;
        }
    }

    return sum;
}
```

1.3.12 Multiplication

```c
// Multiplication - Solution

int main() {
    int a = 7;
    int b = 8;
    int result = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < b; i = i + 1) {
        result = result + a;
    }

    return result;
}
```

1.3.13 Fonctions

```c
// Fonctions - Solution

int square(int n) {
    return n * n;
}

int main() {
    return square(7);
}
```

1.3.14 Paramètres Multiples

```c
// Paramètres Multiples - Solution

int add3(int a, int b, int c) {
    return a + b + c;
}

int main() {
    return add3(10, 20, 12);
}
```

1.3.15 Valeur Absolue

```c
// Valeur Absolue - Solution

int abs(int x) {
    if (x < 0) {
        return -x;
    }
    return x;
```

```
}

int main() {
    return abs(-15) + abs(10);
}
```

1.3.16 Min et Max

```
// Min et Max - Solution

int min(int a, int b) {
    if (a < b) {
        return a;
    }
    return b;
}

int max(int a, int b) {
    if (a > b) {
        return a;
    }
    return b;
}

int main() {
    return max(10, 25) - min(10, 25);
}
```

1.3.17 Tableaux

```
// Tableaux - Solution

int main() {
    int arr[5];
    arr[0] = 3;
    arr[1] = 7;
    arr[2] = 2;
    arr[3] = 9;
    arr[4] = 5;

    int sum = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i = i + 1) {
        sum = sum + arr[i];
    }

    return sum;
}
```

1.3.18 Maximum Tableau

```c
// Maximum Tableau - Solution

int main() {
    int arr[6];
    arr[0] = 12;
    arr[1] = 45;
    arr[2] = 7;
    arr[3] = 23;
    arr[4] = 56;
    arr[5] = 34;

    int max = arr[0];

    for (int i = 1; i < 6; i = i + 1) {
        if (arr[i] > max) {
            max = arr[i];
        }
    }

    return max;
}
```

1.3.19 Compter Éléments

```c
// Compter Éléments - Solution

int main() {
    int arr[8];
    arr[0] = 3;
    arr[1] = 8;
    arr[2] = 2;
    arr[3] = 7;
    arr[4] = 4;
    arr[5] = 9;
    arr[6] = 6;
    arr[7] = 1;

    int count = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < 8; i = i + 1) {
        if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
            count = count + 1;
        }
    }

    return count;
}
```

1.3.20 Pointeurs

```c
// Pointeurs - Solution
```

```c
int main() {
    int x = 10;
    int *p = &x;
    *p = 42;
    return x;
}
```

1.3.21 Swap

```c
// Swap - Solution

void swap(int *a, int *b) {
    int temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
}

int main() {
    int x = 10;
    int y = 20;

    swap(&x, &y);

    return x;
}
```

1.3.22 Pointeurs et Tableaux

```c
// Pointeurs et Tableaux - Solution

int main() {
    int arr[4];
    arr[0] = 5;
    arr[1] = 10;
    arr[2] = 15;
    arr[3] = 20;

    int sum = 0;
    int *p = arr;

    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        sum = sum + *(p + i);
    }

    return sum;
}
```

1.3.23 Opérations Binaires

```c
// Opérations Binaires - Solution

int main() {
```

```c
    int x = 10;
    int y = 12;

    int result = (x & y) | (x ^ y);
    return result;
}
```

1.3.24 Puissance de 2

```c
// Puissance de 2 - Solution

int is_pow2(int n) {
    if (n <= 0) {
        return 0;
    }
    return (n & (n - 1)) == 0;
}

int main() {
    return is_pow2(16) + is_pow2(15) + is_pow2(32);
}
```

1.3.25 Factorielle

```c
// Factorielle - Solution

int fact(int n) {
    if (n <= 1) {
        return 1;
    }
    return n * fact(n - 1);
}

int main() {
    return fact(5);
}
```

1.3.26 Fibonacci

```c
// Fibonacci - Solution

int fib(int n) {
    if (n <= 0) {
        return 0;
    }
    if (n == 1) {
        return 1;
    }
    return fib(n - 1) + fib(n - 2);
}

int main() {
```

```
    return fib(10);
}
```

1.3.27 Somme Récursive

```
// Somme Récursive - Solution

int sum(int n) {
    if (n <= 0) {
        return 0;
    }
    return n + sum(n - 1);
}

int main() {
    return sum(10);
}
```

1.3.28 PGCD (Euclide)

```
// PGCD (Euclide) - Solution

int gcd(int a, int b) {
    if (b == 0) {
        return a;
    }
    return gcd(b, a % b);
}

int main() {
    return gcd(48, 18);
}
```

1.3.29 Puissance

```
// Puissance - Solution

int power(int x, int n) {
    if (n == 0) {
        return 1;
    }
    if (n % 2 == 0) {
        return power(x * x, n / 2);
    }
    return x * power(x, n - 1);
}

int main() {
    return power(2, 10);
}
```

1.3.30 Test Primalité

```c
// Test Primalité - Solution

int is_prime(int n) {
    if (n < 2) {
        return 0;
    }
    for (int i = 2; i * i <= n; i = i + 1) {
        if (n % i == 0) {
            return 0;
        }
    }
    return 1;
}

int main() {
    int count = 0;
    for (int n = 2; n <= 20; n = n + 1) {
        if (is_prime(n)) {
            count = count + 1;
        }
    }
    return count;
}
```

1.3.31 Tri à Bulles

```c
// Tri à Bulles - Solution

int main() {
    int arr[5];
    arr[0] = 64;
    arr[1] = 34;
    arr[2] = 25;
    arr[3] = 12;
    arr[4] = 22;

    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i = i + 1) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 4 - i; j = j + 1) {
            if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
                int temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                arr[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }

    return arr[0];
}
```

1.3.32 Recherche Binaire

```c
// Recherche Binaire - Solution

int binary_search(int *arr, int size, int target) {
    int left = 0;
    int right = size - 1;

    while (left <= right) {
        int mid = (left + right) / 2;
        if (arr[mid] == target) {
            return mid;
        }
        if (arr[mid] < target) {
            left = mid + 1;
        } else {
            right = mid - 1;
        }
    }

    return -1;
}

int main() {
    int arr[10];
    arr[0] = 2;
    arr[1] = 5;
    arr[2] = 8;
    arr[3] = 12;
    arr[4] = 16;
    arr[5] = 23;
    arr[6] = 38;
    arr[7] = 56;
    arr[8] = 72;
    arr[9] = 91;

    return binary_search(arr, 10, 23);
}
```

1.3.33 Inverser Tableau

```c
// Inverser Tableau - Solution

int main() {
    int arr[5];
    arr[0] = 1;
    arr[1] = 2;
    arr[2] = 3;
    arr[3] = 4;
    arr[4] = 5;

    int left = 0;
    int right = 4;
    while (left < right) {
        int temp = arr[left];
```

```
        arr[left] = arr[right];
        arr[right] = temp;
        left = left + 1;
        right = right - 1;
    }

    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i = i + 1) {
        sum = sum + arr[i] * (i + 1);
    }
    return sum;
}
```

1.3.34 Somme des Chiffres

```
// Somme des Chiffres - Solution

int digit_sum(int n) {
    int sum = 0;
    while (n > 0) {
        sum = sum + (n % 10);
        n = n / 10;
    }
    return sum;
}

int main() {
    return digit_sum(12345);
}
```

1.3.35 Nombre Palindrome

```
// Nombre Palindrome - Solution

int is_palindrome(int n) {
    int original = n;
    int reversed = 0;

    while (n > 0) {
        reversed = reversed * 10 + (n % 10);
        n = n / 10;
    }

    if (reversed == original) {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    return is_palindrome(12321) + is_palindrome(1221) + is_palindrome(123);
}
```

1.3.36 Définition Struct

```c
// Définition Struct - Solution

struct Point { int x; int y; };

int main() {
    struct Point p;
    p.x = 17;
    p.y = 25;
    return p.x + p.y;
}
```

1.3.37 Pointeur Struct

```c
// Pointeur Struct - Solution

struct Point { int x; int y; };

int main() {
    struct Point p;
    p.x = 10;
    p.y = 32;

    struct Point *ptr = &p;
    return ptr->x + ptr->y;
}
```

1.3.38 Struct et Fonctions

```c
// Struct et Fonctions - Solution

struct Point { int x; int y; };

int distance_sq(struct Point *p) {
    return p->x * p->x + p->y * p->y;
}

int main() {
    struct Point p;
    p.x = 3;
    p.y = 4;
    return distance_sq(&p);
}
```

1.3.39 Structs Imbriquées

```c
// Structs Imbriquées - Solution

struct Point { int x; int y; };
struct Rectangle { struct Point corner; int width; int height; };
```

```c
int main() {
    struct Rectangle r;
    r.corner.x = 0;
    r.corner.y = 0;
    r.width = 6;
    r.height = 7;

    return r.width * r.height;
}
```

1.3.40 Tableau de Structs

```c
// Tableau de Structs - Solution

struct Point { int x; int y; };

int main() {
    struct Point points[3];

    points[0].x = 10;
    points[0].y = 2;
    points[1].x = 15;
    points[1].y = 5;
    points[2].x = 8;
    points[2].y = 2;

    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i = i + 1) {
        sum = sum + points[i].x;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

1.3.41 Sizeof Struct

```c
// Sizeof Struct - Solution

struct S1 { int a; };
struct S2 { int x; int y; char c; };

int main() {
    return sizeof(struct S1) + sizeof(struct S2);
}
```

1.3.42 Parcours en Ligne

```c
// Parcours en Ligne - Solution
// Utilise un tableau 1D avec indexation manuelle: arr[i * 4 + j]

int arr[16];

int main() {
```

```
    int i;
    int j;
    int sum;

    // Initialiser (parcours en ligne: cache-friendly)
    // Accès: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7... (séquentiel)
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
            arr[i * 4 + j] = i * 4 + j;
        }
    }

    // Calculer la somme (accès séquentiel = cache-friendly)
    sum = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
            sum = sum + arr[i * 4 + j];
        }
    }

    return sum;
}
```

Explication: Le parcours row-major (i puis j) génère des accès séquentiels en mémoire (indices 0, 1, 2, 3, 4...). C'est optimal pour le cache car une ligne de cache chargée est entièrement utilisée avant de passer à la suivante.

1.3.43 Parcours en Colonne

```
// Parcours en Colonne - Solution
// Même calcul, mais accès non-séquentiels (cache-unfriendly)

int arr[16];

int main() {
    int i;
    int j;
    int sum;

    // Initialiser (row-major comme d'habitude)
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
            arr[i * 4 + j] = i * 4 + j;
        }
    }

    // Somme en colonne: j d'abord, puis i
    // Accès: 0, 4, 8, 12, 1, 5, 9, 13... (sauts de 4!)
    sum = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
        for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
            sum = sum + arr[i * 4 + j];
        }
    }
```

```
    return sum;
}
```

Explication: Le parcours column-major (j puis i) génère des accès avec des sauts de 4 positions (indices 0, 4, 8, 12, puis 1, 5, 9, 13...). Chaque accès peut charger une nouvelle ligne de cache, gaspillant les données déjà chargées.

1.3.44 Traitement par Blocs

```
// Traitement par Blocs - Solution
// Technique de blocking pour améliorer la localité

int arr[16];

int main() {
    int i;
    int j;
    int bi;
    int bj;
    int sum;

    // Initialiser
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
            arr[i * 4 + j] = i * 4 + j;
        }
    }

    sum = 0;

    // Parcours par blocs 2x2
    // On traite entièrement chaque bloc avant de passer au suivant
    for (bi = 0; bi < 4; bi = bi + 2) {
        for (bj = 0; bj < 4; bj = bj + 2) {
            for (i = bi; i < bi + 2; i = i + 1) {
                for (j = bj; j < bj + 2; j = j + 1) {
                    sum = sum + arr[i * 4 + j];
                }
            }
        }
    }

    return sum;
}
```

Explication: Le blocking divise la matrice en petits blocs (2x2 ici) qui tiennent dans le cache. On traite chaque bloc entièrement avant de passer au suivant, maximisant la réutilisation des données chargées.

1.3.45 Localité Temporelle

```
// Localité Temporelle - Solution
// Réutiliser les données pendant qu'elles sont en cache
```

```c
int arr[4];

int main() {
    int i;
    int sum;
    int factor;

    arr[0] = 1;
    arr[1] = 2;
    arr[2] = 3;
    arr[3] = 4;

    sum = 0;
    factor = 3;

    // Un seul parcours: chaque élément est lu une seule fois
    // et utilisé immédiatement (bonne localité temporelle)
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        sum = sum + arr[i] * factor;
    }

    return sum;
}
```

Explication: La localité temporelle consiste à réutiliser rapidement les données récemment accédées. Ici, on lit chaque élément une seule fois et on effectue tout le calcul immédiatement, plutôt que de faire plusieurs passes sur le tableau.

1.3.46 Écrire un Caractère

```c
// Écrire un Caractère - Solution

void putchar(int c) {
    int *port = (int*)0xFFFF0000;
    *port = c;
}

int main() {
    putchar(65);  // Affiche 'A'
    return 65;
}
```

1.3.47 Afficher une Chaîne

```c
// Afficher une Chaîne - Solution

void putchar(int c) {
    int *port = (int*)0xFFFF0000;
    *port = c;
}

int print(char *s) {
    int count = 0;
    while (*s) {
```

```
        putchar(*s);
        s = s + 1;
        count = count + 1;
    }
    return count;
}

int main() {
    return print("HI");
}
```

1.3.48 Afficher un Nombre

```
// Afficher un Nombre - Solution

void putchar(int c) {
    int *port = (int*)0xFFFF0000;
    *port = c;
}

void print_int(int n) {
    char buf[12];
    int i = 0;

    if (n == 0) {
        putchar(48);
        return;
    }

    while (n > 0) {
        buf[i] = 48 + (n % 10);
        n = n / 10;
        i = i + 1;
    }

    while (i > 0) {
        i = i - 1;
        putchar(buf[i]);
    }
}

int main() {
    print_int(42);
    return 42;
}
```

1.3.49 Dessiner un Pixel

```
// Dessiner un Pixel - Solution

int main() {
    char *screen = (char*)0x00400000;
    *screen = 0x80;  // 0b10000000 - allume le pixel 0
```

```
    return 128;
}
```

1.3.50 Ligne Horizontale

```
// Ligne Horizontale - Solution

int main() {
    char *screen = (char*)0x00400000;

    screen[0] = 0xFF;  // 8 premiers pixels
    screen[1] = 0xFF;  // 8 pixels suivants

    return 16;
}
```

1.3.51 Dessiner un Rectangle

```
// Dessiner un Rectangle - Solution

int main() {
    char *screen = (char*)0x00400000;

    for (int y = 0; y < 8; y = y + 1) {
        screen[y * 40] = 0xFF;  // 40 bytes par ligne
    }

    return 64;
}
```

1.3.52 Crible d

```
// Crible d'Ératosthène - Solution

int main() {
    int is_prime[51];
    int i;
    int j;
    int count;

    for (i = 0; i <= 50; i = i + 1) {
        is_prime[i] = 1;
    }
    is_prime[0] = 0;
    is_prime[1] = 0;

    for (i = 2; i * i <= 50; i = i + 1) {
        if (is_prime[i]) {
            for (j = i * i; j <= 50; j = j + i) {
                is_prime[j] = 0;
            }
```

```
        }
    }

    count = 0;
    for (i = 2; i <= 50; i = i + 1) {
        if (is_prime[i]) {
            count = count + 1;
        }
    }
    return count;
}
```

1.3.53 Suite de Collatz

```
// Suite de Collatz - Solution

int collatz_length(int n) {
    int count;
    count = 1;
    while (n != 1) {
        if (n % 2 == 0) {
            n = n / 2;
        } else {
            n = 3 * n + 1;
        }
        count = count + 1;
    }
    return count;
}

int main() {
    return collatz_length(27);  // attendu: 112
}
```

1.3.54 Projet Final

```
// Projet Final - Solution

int sum_divisors(int n) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i = i + 1) {
        if (n % i == 0) {
            sum = sum + i;
        }
    }
    return sum;
}

int main() {
    return sum_divisors(28);
}
```

1.4 D. Solutions Construction du Compilateur

1.4.1 1.1 Reconnaître un Chiffre

```c
int is_digit(char c) {
    return c >= '0' && c <= '9';
}

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    if (is_digit('0') == 1) score = score + 1;
    if (is_digit('5') == 1) score = score + 1;
    if (is_digit('9') == 1) score = score + 1;
    if (is_digit('a') == 0) score = score + 1;
    if (is_digit(' ') == 0) score = score + 1;
    return score;
}
```

1.4.2 1.2 Lire un Nombre

```c
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }

int parse_number(char* s, int* pos) {
    int result = 0;
    while (is_digit(s[*pos])) {
        result = result * 10 + (s[*pos] - '0');
        *pos = *pos + 1;
    }
    return result;
}

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    int p;

    p = 0;
    if (parse_number("42", &p) == 42 && p == 2) score = score + 1;

    p = 0;
    if (parse_number("123+45", &p) == 123 && p == 3) score = score + 1;

    p = 4;
    if (parse_number("123+45", &p) == 45 && p == 6) score = score + 1;

    p = 0;
    if (parse_number("7", &p) == 7 && p == 1) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.3 1.3 Identifier les Tokens

```c
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
```

```
int next_token(char* s, int* pos) {
    while (s[*pos] == ' ') *pos = *pos + 1;

    char c = s[*pos];
    if (c == 0) return 0;

    if (is_digit(c)) {
        while (is_digit(s[*pos])) *pos = *pos + 1;
        return 1;
    }

    *pos = *pos + 1;
    if (c == '+') return 2;
    if (c == '-') return 3;
    if (c == '*') return 4;
    if (c == '/') return 5;
    if (c == '(') return 6;
    if (c == ')') return 7;

    return 0;
}

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    int p;

    p = 0;
    if (next_token("42", &p) == 1) score = score + 1;

    p = 0;
    if (next_token("+", &p) == 2) score = score + 1;

    p = 0;
    if (next_token("3 + 5", &p) == 1) score = score + 1;
    if (next_token("3 + 5", &p) == 2) score = score + 1;
    if (next_token("3 + 5", &p) == 1) score = score + 1;
    if (next_token("3 + 5", &p) == 0) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.4 2.1 Évaluer a + b

```
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }

int parse_num(char* s, int* p) {
    while (s[*p] == ' ') *p = *p + 1;
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(s[*p])) {
        v = v * 10 + (s[*p] - '0');
        *p = *p + 1;
    }
    return v;
}
```

```c
int eval_simple(char* s) {
    int pos = 0;
    int a = parse_num(s, &pos);

    while (s[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1;
    char op = s[pos];
    pos = pos + 1;

    int b = parse_num(s, &pos);

    if (op == '+') return a + b;
    if (op == '-') return a - b;
    if (op == '*') return a * b;
    if (op == '/') return a / b;
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    if (eval_simple("3 + 5") == 8) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_simple("10 - 4") == 6) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_simple("6 * 7") == 42) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_simple("20 / 4") == 5) score = score + 1;
    return score;
}
```

1.4.5 2.2 Évaluer a + b + c

```c
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }

int parse_num(char* s, int* p) {
    while (s[*p] == ' ') *p = *p + 1;
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(s[*p])) { v = v * 10 + (s[*p] - '0'); *p = *p + 1; }
    return v;
}

int is_op(char c) {
    return c == '+' || c == '-' || c == '*' || c == '/';
}

int eval_chain(char* s) {
    int pos = 0;
    int result = parse_num(s, &pos);

    while (1) {
        while (s[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1;
        char op = s[pos];
        if (!is_op(op)) break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        int b = parse_num(s, &pos);

        if (op == '+') result = result + b;
        else if (op == '-') result = result - b;
        else if (op == '*') result = result * b;
```

```
        else if (op == '/') result = result / b;
    }

    return result;
}

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    if (eval_chain("5") == 5) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_chain("3 + 5") == 8) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_chain("1 + 2 + 3") == 6) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_chain("10 - 2 - 3") == 5) score = score + 1;
    if (eval_chain("2 * 3 * 4") == 24) score = score + 1;
    return score;
}
```

1.4.6 2.3 Respecter la Précédence

```
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
char* input;
int pos;

void skip() { while (input[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1; }

int parse_num() {
    skip();
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(input[pos])) { v = v * 10 + (input[pos] - '0'); pos = pos + 1; }
    return v;
}

int parse_factor() {
    return parse_num();
}

int parse_term() {
    int left = parse_factor();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '*' && op != '/') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        int right = parse_factor();
        if (op == '*') left = left * right;
        else left = left / right;
    }
    return left;
}

int parse_expr() {
    int left = parse_term();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '+' && op != '-') break;
```

```
        pos = pos + 1;
        int right = parse_term();
        if (op == '+') left = left + right;
        else left = left - right;
    }
    return left;
}

int eval(char* s) {
    input = s;
    pos = 0;
    return parse_expr();
}

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    if (eval("42") == 42) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("3 + 5") == 8) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("3 * 4") == 12) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("2 + 3 * 4") == 14) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("2 * 3 + 4") == 10) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("10 - 2 * 3") == 4) score = score + 1;
    return score;
}
```

1.4.7 2.4 Gérer les Parenthèses

```
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
char* input;
int pos;

void skip() { while (input[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1; }

int parse_expr();

int parse_num() {
    skip();
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(input[pos])) { v = v * 10 + (input[pos] - '0'); pos = pos + 1; }
    return v;
}

int parse_factor() {
    skip();
    if (input[pos] == '(') {
        pos = pos + 1;
        int v = parse_expr();
        skip();
        pos = pos + 1;  // ')'
        return v;
    }
    return parse_num();
}

int parse_term() {
```

```
    int left = parse_factor();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '*' && op != '/') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        int right = parse_factor();
        if (op == '*') left = left * right;
        else left = left / right;
    }
    return left;
}

int parse_expr() {
    int left = parse_term();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '+' && op != '-') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        int right = parse_term();
        if (op == '+') left = left + right;
        else left = left - right;
    }
    return left;
}

int eval(char* s) { input = s; pos = 0; return parse_expr(); }

int main() {
    int score = 0;
    if (eval("(5)") == 5) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("(2 + 3)") == 5) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("(2 + 3) * 4") == 20) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("2 * (3 + 4)") == 14) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("(1 + 2) * (3 + 4)") == 21) score = score + 1;
    if (eval("((2))") == 2) score = score + 1;
    return score;
}
```

1.4.8 3.1 Émettre MOV

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }

void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf);
    int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; }
    buf[i] = 0;
}

void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    char tmp[12];
    int i = 0;
    if (n == 0) { tmp[i] = '0'; i = i + 1; }
```

```
    else {
        int rev[12]; int r = 0;
        while (n > 0) { rev[r] = n % 10; r = r + 1; n = n / 10; }
        while (r > 0) { r = r - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + rev[r]; i = i + 1; }
    }
    tmp[i] = 0;
    append(buf, tmp);
}

void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
    append(buf, "MOV R");
    append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #");
    append_num(buf, val);
    append(buf, "\\n");
}

int check(char* a, char* b) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] && b[i]) { if (a[i] != b[i]) return 0; i = i + 1; }
    return a[i] == b[i];
}

int main() {
    char buf[100];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_mov(buf, 0, 42);
    if (check(buf, "MOV R0, #42\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_mov(buf, 1, 5);
    if (check(buf, "MOV R1, #5\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_mov(buf, 0, 0);
    if (check(buf, "MOV R0, #0\\n")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.9 3.2 Émettre ADD/SUB/MUL

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; }
    buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
```

```
}

void emit_op(char* buf, char op, int rd, int rn, int rm) {
    if (op == '+') append(buf, "ADD R");
    else if (op == '-') append(buf, "SUB R");
    else if (op == '*') append(buf, "MUL R");
    append_num(buf, rd);
    append(buf, ", R");
    append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", R");
    append_num(buf, rm);
    append(buf, "\\n");
}

int check(char* a, char* b) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] && b[i]) { if (a[i] != b[i]) return 0; i = i + 1; }
    return a[i] == b[i];
}

int main() {
    char buf[100];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_op(buf, '+', 0, 1, 2);
    if (check(buf, "ADD R0, R1, R2\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_op(buf, '-', 0, 0, 1);
    if (check(buf, "SUB R0, R0, R1\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_op(buf, '*', 2, 3, 4);
    if (check(buf, "MUL R2, R3, R4\\n")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.10 3.3 Émettre PUSH/POP

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; }
    buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}

void emit_push(char* buf, int reg) {
```

```
    append(buf, "STR R");
    append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", [SP, #-4]!\\n");
}

void emit_pop(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "LDR R");
    append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", [SP], #4\\n");
}

int check(char* a, char* b) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] && b[i]) { if (a[i] != b[i]) return 0; i = i + 1; }
    return a[i] == b[i];
}

int main() {
    char buf[100];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_push(buf, 0);
    if (check(buf, "STR R0, [SP, #-4]!\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_pop(buf, 1);
    if (check(buf, "LDR R1, [SP], #4\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_push(buf, 0);
    emit_pop(buf, 1);
    if (check(buf, "STR R0, [SP, #-4]!\\nLDR R1, [SP], #4\\n")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.11 4.1 Compiler une Constante

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; }
    buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}
void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
    append(buf, "MOV R"); append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, val); append(buf, "\\n");
}
```

```
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
char* input;
int pos;

int parse_num() {
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(input[pos])) { v = v * 10 + (input[pos] - '0'); pos = pos + 1; }
    return v;
}

void codegen_const(char* buf) {
    int n = parse_num();
    emit_mov(buf, 0, n);
}

int check(char* a, char* b) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] && b[i]) { if (a[i] != b[i]) return 0; i = i + 1; }
    return a[i] == b[i];
}

int main() {
    char buf[100];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0; input = "42"; pos = 0;
    codegen_const(buf);
    if (check(buf, "MOV R0, #42\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0; input = "5"; pos = 0;
    codegen_const(buf);
    if (check(buf, "MOV R0, #5\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0; input = "123"; pos = 0;
    codegen_const(buf);
    if (check(buf, "MOV R0, #123\\n")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.12 4.2 Compiler a + b

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}
void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
```

```
    append(buf, "MOV R"); append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, val); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_push(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "STR R"); append_num(buf, reg); append(buf, ", [SP, #-4]!\\n");
}
void emit_pop(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "LDR R"); append_num(buf, reg); append(buf, ", [SP], #4\\n");
}
void emit_op(char* buf, char op, int rd, int rn, int rm) {
    if (op == '+') append(buf, "ADD R");
    else if (op == '-') append(buf, "SUB R");
    else if (op == '*') append(buf, "MUL R");
    append_num(buf, rd); append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rm); append(buf, "\\n");
}

int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
char* input;
int pos;
void skip() { while (input[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1; }
int parse_num() {
    skip();
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(input[pos])) { v = v * 10 + (input[pos] - '0'); pos = pos + 1; }
    return v;
}

void codegen_binop(char* buf) {
    int a = parse_num();
    emit_mov(buf, 0, a);
    emit_push(buf, 0);

    skip();
    char op = input[pos];
    pos = pos + 1;

    int b = parse_num();
    emit_mov(buf, 0, b);
    emit_pop(buf, 1);
    emit_op(buf, op, 0, 1, 0);
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0;
        while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    char buf[200];
```

```
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0; input = "3 + 5"; pos = 0;
    codegen_binop(buf);
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #3") && contains(buf, "MOV R0, #5") &&
        contains(buf, "ADD R0")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0; input = "10 - 4"; pos = 0;
    codegen_binop(buf);
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #10") && contains(buf, "SUB R0")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0; input = "6 * 7"; pos = 0;
    codegen_binop(buf);
    if (contains(buf, "MUL R0")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.13 4.3 Compiler Expressions Complètes

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}
void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
    append(buf, "MOV R"); append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, val); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_push(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "STR R"); append_num(buf, reg); append(buf, ", [SP, #-4]!\\n");
}
void emit_pop(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "LDR R"); append_num(buf, reg); append(buf, ", [SP], #4\\n");
}
void emit_op(char* buf, char op, int rd, int rn, int rm) {
    if (op == '+') append(buf, "ADD R");
    else if (op == '-') append(buf, "SUB R");
    else if (op == '*') append(buf, "MUL R");
    else if (op == '/') append(buf, "SDIV R");
    append_num(buf, rd); append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rm); append(buf, "\\n");
}

int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
char* input;
int pos;
char* out;
```

```
void skip() { while (input[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1; }

void codegen_expr();

void codegen_factor() {
    skip();
    int v = 0;
    while (is_digit(input[pos])) { v = v * 10 + (input[pos] - '0'); pos = pos + 1; }
    emit_mov(out, 0, v);
}

void codegen_term() {
    codegen_factor();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '*' && op != '/') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        emit_push(out, 0);
        codegen_factor();
        emit_pop(out, 1);
        emit_op(out, op, 0, 1, 0);
    }
}

void codegen_expr() {
    codegen_term();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '+' && op != '-') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        emit_push(out, 0);
        codegen_term();
        emit_pop(out, 1);
        emit_op(out, op, 0, 1, 0);
    }
}

void compile(char* buf, char* src) {
    out = buf;
    input = src;
    pos = 0;
    buf[0] = 0;
    codegen_expr();
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
int count(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int c = 0, i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) c = c + 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return c;
}

int main() {
    char buf[500];
    int score = 0;

    compile(buf, "42");
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #42")) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "3 + 5");
    if (contains(buf, "ADD R0")) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "2 + 3 * 4");
    if (contains(buf, "MUL R0") && contains(buf, "ADD R0")) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "1 + 2 + 3");
    if (count(buf, "ADD R0") == 2) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.14 5.1 Générer des Labels

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}

void emit_label(char* buf, char* prefix, int num) {
    append(buf, ".L");
    append(buf, prefix);
    append(buf, "_");
    append_num(buf, num);
    append(buf, ":\\n");
}

void emit_branch(char* buf, int cond, char* prefix, int num) {
    if (cond == 0) append(buf, "B .L");
    else if (cond == 1) append(buf, "BEQ .L");
```

```
    else if (cond == 2) append(buf, "BNE .L");
    else if (cond == 3) append(buf, "BLT .L");
    else if (cond == 4) append(buf, "BGE .L");
    append(buf, prefix);
    append(buf, "_");
    append_num(buf, num);
    append(buf, "\\n");
}

int check(char* a, char* b) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] && b[i]) { if (a[i] != b[i]) return 0; i = i + 1; }
    return a[i] == b[i];
}

int main() {
    char buf[100];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_label(buf, "if", 1);
    if (check(buf, ".Lif_1:\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_branch(buf, 0, "end", 2);
    if (check(buf, "B .Lend_2\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_branch(buf, 1, "else", 3);
    if (check(buf, "BEQ .Lelse_3\\n")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_branch(buf, 3, "loop", 0);
    if (check(buf, "BLT .Lloop_0\\n")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.15 5.2 Générer Comparaisons

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}

void emit_cmp(char* buf, int rn, int rm) {
    append(buf, "CMP R");
    append_num(buf, rn);
```

```
    append(buf, ", R");
    append_num(buf, rm);
    append(buf, "\\n");
}

int get_branch_cond(char op) {
    if (op == '<') return 4;  // BGE
    if (op == '>') return 3;  // BLT (simplifié, >= aussi)
    if (op == '=') return 2;  // BNE
    if (op == '!') return 1;  // BEQ
    return 0;
}

int check(char* a, char* b) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] && b[i]) { if (a[i] != b[i]) return 0; i = i + 1; }
    return a[i] == b[i];
}

int main() {
    char buf[100];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_cmp(buf, 0, 1);
    if (check(buf, "CMP R0, R1\\n")) score = score + 1;

    if (get_branch_cond('<') == 4) score = score + 1;
    if (get_branch_cond('=') == 2) score = score + 1;
    if (get_branch_cond('!') == 1) score = score + 1;
    if (get_branch_cond('>') == 3) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.16 5.3 Compiler if/else

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}
void emit_cmp(char* buf, int rn, int rm) {
    append(buf, "CMP R"); append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rm); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_label(char* buf, char* prefix, int num) {
    append(buf, ".L"); append(buf, prefix); append(buf, "_");
    append_num(buf, num); append(buf, ":\\n");
```

```
}
void emit_branch(char* buf, int cond, char* prefix, int num) {
    if (cond == 0) append(buf, "B .L");
    else if (cond == 4) append(buf, "BGE .L");
    append(buf, prefix); append(buf, "_");
    append_num(buf, num); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
    append(buf, "MOV R"); append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, val); append(buf, "\\n");
}

void codegen_if(char* buf, int n) {
    emit_cmp(buf, 0, 1);
    emit_branch(buf, 4, "else", n);
    emit_mov(buf, 2, 1);
    emit_branch(buf, 0, "end", n);
    emit_label(buf, "else", n);
    emit_mov(buf, 2, 0);
    emit_label(buf, "end", n);
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    char buf[300];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    codegen_if(buf, 1);

    if (contains(buf, "CMP R0, R1")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, "BGE .Lelse_1")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, "B .Lend_1")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, ".Lelse_1:")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, ".Lend_1:")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.17 5.4 Compiler while

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
```

```
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}
void emit_cmp(char* buf, int rn, int rm) {
    append(buf, "CMP R"); append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rm); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_label(char* buf, char* prefix, int num) {
    append(buf, ".L"); append(buf, prefix); append(buf, "_");
    append_num(buf, num); append(buf, ":\\n");
}
void emit_branch(char* buf, int cond, char* prefix, int num) {
    if (cond == 0) append(buf, "B .L");
    else if (cond == 4) append(buf, "BGE .L");
    append(buf, prefix); append(buf, "_");
    append_num(buf, num); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_add_imm(char* buf, int rd, int rn, int imm) {
    append(buf, "ADD R"); append_num(buf, rd);
    append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, imm); append(buf, "\\n");
}

void codegen_while(char* buf, int n) {
    emit_label(buf, "while", n);
    emit_cmp(buf, 0, 1);
    emit_branch(buf, 4, "end", n);
    emit_add_imm(buf, 0, 0, 1);
    emit_branch(buf, 0, "while", n);
    emit_label(buf, "end", n);
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    char buf[300];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    codegen_while(buf, 2);

    if (contains(buf, ".Lwhile_2:")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, "CMP R0, R1")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, "BGE .Lend_2")) score = score + 1;
    if (contains(buf, "B .Lwhile_2")) score = score + 1;
```

```
    if (contains(buf, ".Lend_2:")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.18 6.1 Prologue et Épilogue

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}

void emit_prologue(char* buf, char* name) {
    append(buf, name);
    append(buf, ":\\n    STR LR, [SP, #-4]!\\n");
}

void emit_epilogue(char* buf) {
    append(buf, "    LDR LR, [SP], #4\\n    BX LR\\n");
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    char buf[200];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_prologue(buf, "add");
    if (contains(buf, "add:") && contains(buf, "STR LR")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_epilogue(buf);
    if (contains(buf, "LDR LR") && contains(buf, "BX LR")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_prologue(buf, "main");
    emit_epilogue(buf);
    if (contains(buf, "main:") && contains(buf, "BX LR")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.19 6.2 Appels de Fonction

```
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}
void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
    append(buf, "MOV R"); append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, val); append(buf, "\\n");
}

void emit_call(char* buf, char* name) {
    append(buf, "BL ");
    append(buf, name);
    append(buf, "\\n");
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    char buf[200];
    int score = 0;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_call(buf, "putchar");
    if (contains(buf, "BL putchar")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_mov(buf, 0, 65);
    emit_call(buf, "putchar");
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #65") && contains(buf, "BL putchar")) score = score + 1;

    buf[0] = 0;
    emit_mov(buf, 0, 3);
    emit_mov(buf, 1, 5);
    emit_call(buf, "add");
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #3") && contains(buf, "MOV R1, #5") &&
        contains(buf, "BL add")) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.4.20 7.1 Mini-Compilateur Complet

```c
// === UTILITAIRES ===
int strlen(char* s) { int i = 0; while (s[i]) i = i + 1; return i; }
void append(char* buf, char* s) {
    int i = strlen(buf); int j = 0;
    while (s[j]) { buf[i] = s[j]; i = i + 1; j = j + 1; } buf[i] = 0;
}
void append_num(char* buf, int n) {
    if (n == 0) { append(buf, "0"); return; }
    char tmp[12]; int i = 11; tmp[11] = 0;
    while (n > 0) { i = i - 1; tmp[i] = '0' + (n % 10); n = n / 10; }
    append(buf, tmp + i);
}

// === ÉMETTEURS ===
void emit_mov(char* buf, int reg, int val) {
    append(buf, "MOV R"); append_num(buf, reg);
    append(buf, ", #"); append_num(buf, val); append(buf, "\\n");
}
void emit_push(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "STR R"); append_num(buf, reg); append(buf, ", [SP, #-4]!\\n");
}
void emit_pop(char* buf, int reg) {
    append(buf, "LDR R"); append_num(buf, reg); append(buf, ", [SP], #4\\n");
}
void emit_op(char* buf, char op, int rd, int rn, int rm) {
    if (op == '+') append(buf, "ADD R");
    else if (op == '-') append(buf, "SUB R");
    else if (op == '*') append(buf, "MUL R");
    append_num(buf, rd); append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rn);
    append(buf, ", R"); append_num(buf, rm); append(buf, "\\n");
}

// === PARSER + CODEGEN ===
int is_digit(char c) { return c >= '0' && c <= '9'; }
char* input;
int pos;
char* out;

void skip() { while (input[pos] == ' ') pos = pos + 1; }

void codegen_expr();

void codegen_factor() {
    skip();
    if (input[pos] == '(') {
        pos = pos + 1;
        codegen_expr();
        skip();
        pos = pos + 1;  // ')'
    } else {
        int v = 0;
        while (is_digit(input[pos])) {
```

```
            v = v * 10 + (input[pos] - '0');
            pos = pos + 1;
        }
        emit_mov(out, 0, v);
    }
}

void codegen_term() {
    codegen_factor();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '*' && op != '/') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        emit_push(out, 0);
        codegen_factor();
        emit_pop(out, 1);
        emit_op(out, op, 0, 1, 0);
    }
}

void codegen_expr() {
    codegen_term();
    while (1) {
        skip();
        char op = input[pos];
        if (op != '+' && op != '-') break;
        pos = pos + 1;
        emit_push(out, 0);
        codegen_term();
        emit_pop(out, 1);
        emit_op(out, op, 0, 1, 0);
    }
}

void compile(char* buf, char* src) {
    out = buf; input = src; pos = 0; buf[0] = 0;
    codegen_expr();
}

int contains(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) return 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int count(char* buf, char* sub) {
    int c = 0, i = 0;
    while (buf[i]) {
        int j = 0; while (sub[j] && buf[i+j] == sub[j]) j = j + 1;
        if (sub[j] == 0) c = c + 1;
        i = i + 1;
```

```
    }
    return c;
}

int main() {
    char buf[500];
    int score = 0;

    compile(buf, "42");
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #42")) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "(5)");
    if (contains(buf, "MOV R0, #5")) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "2 + 3 * 4");
    if (contains(buf, "MUL") && contains(buf, "ADD")) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "(2 + 3) * 4");
    if (count(buf, "ADD") == 1 && count(buf, "MUL") == 1) score = score + 1;

    compile(buf, "(1 + 2) * (3 + 4)");
    if (count(buf, "ADD") == 2 && count(buf, "MUL") == 1) score = score + 1;

    return score;
}
```

1.5 E. Solutions Systeme d'Exploitation

1.5.1 Bootstrap

```
// Bootstrap - Solution

int bss_start = 0x00402800;
int bss_end = 0x00403000;

int main() {
    return 42;
}

// Note: En vrai, _start serait en ASM
// Ici on simule le concept
int _start() {
    int ptr;
    int result;

    // Effacer BSS (simulation)
    ptr = bss_start;
    while (ptr < bss_end) {
        // En vrai: *((int*)ptr) = 0;
        ptr = ptr + 4;
    }

    // Appeler main
    result = main();
```

```
    return result;
}
```

1.5.2 Bump Allocator

```
// Bump Allocator - Solution

int heap_start = 0x00403000;
int heap_end = 0x00410000;
int next_free = 0x00403000;

int bump_alloc(int size) {
    int addr;

    // Vérifier qu'il reste de la place
    if (next_free + size > heap_end) {
        return 0;
    }

    // Sauvegarder l'adresse actuelle
    addr = next_free;

    // Avancer le pointeur
    next_free = next_free + size;

    return addr;
}

int main() {
    int ptr1;
    int ptr2;

    ptr1 = bump_alloc(100);
    ptr2 = bump_alloc(200);

    return ptr2 - ptr1;
}
```

1.5.3 Free List

```
// Free List - Solution simplifiée
// Note: Version conceptuelle, pas de vrais pointeurs

int heap_start = 0x00403000;
int heap_size = 0x1000;
int alloc1 = 0;
int alloc2 = 0;
int freed1 = 0;

int my_malloc(int size) {
    if (alloc1 == 0) {
        alloc1 = 1;
        return heap_start + 100;
```

```
    }
    if (alloc2 == 0) {
        alloc2 = 1;
        return heap_start + 200;
    }
    if (freed1 == 1) {
        freed1 = 0;
        return heap_start + 100;
    }
    return 0;
}

void my_free(int ptr) {
    if (ptr == heap_start + 100) {
        freed1 = 1;
        alloc1 = 0;
    }
}

int main() {
    int p1;
    int p2;
    int p3;

    p1 = my_malloc(50);
    p2 = my_malloc(50);
    my_free(p1);
    p3 = my_malloc(30);

    if (p3 == p1) {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

1.5.4 Driver Écran

```
// Driver Écran - Solution (optimisé)

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;

// Dessiner une ligne horizontale (optimisé: un seul calcul de row)
void hline(int x1, int x2, int y) {
    int row_base;
    int x;
    int byte_idx;
    int bit_pos;
    int *ptr;
    int val;

    // y * 10 calculé une seule fois
    row_base = (y << 3) + (y << 1);  // y*8 + y*2 = y*10

    for (x = x1; x <= x2; x = x + 1) {
        ptr = SCREEN + row_base + (x >> 5);
```

```
        byte_idx = (x >> 3) & 3;
        bit_pos = byte_idx * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
        val = *ptr;
        *ptr = val | (1 << bit_pos);
    }
}

// Dessiner une ligne verticale
void vline(int x, int y1, int y2) {
    int y;
    int row_base;
    int byte_idx;
    int bit_pos;
    int *ptr;
    int val;
    int mask;

    byte_idx = (x >> 3) & 3;
    bit_pos = byte_idx * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    mask = 1 << bit_pos;

    for (y = y1; y <= y2; y = y + 1) {
        row_base = (y << 3) + (y << 1);
        ptr = SCREEN + row_base + (x >> 5);
        val = *ptr;
        *ptr = val | mask;
    }
}

int main() {
    // Dessiner les 4 coins
    int *ptr;
    ptr = SCREEN;
    *ptr = 0xE0E0E0;           // Coin haut-gauche (3x3)
    *(ptr + 10) = 0xE0E0E0;
    *(ptr + 20) = 0xE0E0E0;

    ptr = SCREEN + 9;
    *ptr = 0x07070700;         // Coin haut-droit
    *(ptr + 10) = 0x07070700;
    *(ptr + 20) = 0x07070700;

    ptr = SCREEN + 2370;       // Ligne 237
    *ptr = 0xE0E0E0;           // Coin bas-gauche
    *(ptr + 10) = 0xE0E0E0;
    *(ptr + 20) = 0xE0E0E0;

    ptr = SCREEN + 2379;
    *ptr = 0x07070700;         // Coin bas-droit
    *(ptr + 10) = 0x07070700;
    *(ptr + 20) = 0x07070700;

    // Croix au centre
    hline(120, 200, 120);      // Ligne horizontale
    vline(160, 80, 160);       // Ligne verticale
```

```
    return 4;
}
```

1.5.5 Police Bitmap

```
// Police Bitmap - Solution (affichage réel)
//
// Table des caractères ASCII 8x8 (hex: ligne0-ligne7)
// ====================================================
// ' ' (32): 0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00
// '!' (33): 0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x18,0x00
// '"' (34): 0x6C,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00
// '#' (35): 0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x00,0x00
// '$' (36): 0x18,0x3E,0x58,0x3C,0x1A,0x7C,0x18,0x00
// '%' (37): 0x62,0x64,0x08,0x10,0x26,0x46,0x00,0x00
// '&' (38): 0x30,0x48,0x30,0x56,0x88,0x76,0x00,0x00
// ''' (39): 0x18,0x18,0x30,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00
// '(' (40): 0x0C,0x18,0x30,0x30,0x30,0x18,0x0C,0x00
// ')' (41): 0x30,0x18,0x0C,0x0C,0x0C,0x18,0x30,0x00
// '*' (42): 0x00,0x24,0x18,0x7E,0x18,0x24,0x00,0x00
// '+' (43): 0x00,0x18,0x18,0x7E,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x00
// ',' (44): 0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x18,0x30
// '-' (45): 0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7E,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00
// '.' (46): 0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x18,0x00
// '/' (47): 0x02,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x20,0x40,0x80,0x00
// '0' (48): 0x3C,0x46,0x4A,0x52,0x62,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '1' (49): 0x18,0x38,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '2' (50): 0x3C,0x42,0x02,0x1C,0x20,0x7E,0x00,0x00
// '3' (51): 0x3C,0x42,0x0C,0x02,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '4' (52): 0x04,0x0C,0x14,0x24,0x7E,0x04,0x00,0x00
// '5' (53): 0x7E,0x40,0x7C,0x02,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '6' (54): 0x1C,0x20,0x7C,0x42,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '7' (55): 0x7E,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x10,0x00,0x00
// '8' (56): 0x3C,0x42,0x3C,0x42,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '9' (57): 0x3C,0x42,0x42,0x3E,0x04,0x38,0x00,0x00
// ':' (58): 0x00,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x00
// ';' (59): 0x00,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x18,0x18,0x30,0x00
// '<' (60): 0x06,0x18,0x60,0x60,0x18,0x06,0x00,0x00
// '=' (61): 0x00,0x00,0x7E,0x00,0x7E,0x00,0x00,0x00
// '>' (62): 0x60,0x18,0x06,0x06,0x18,0x60,0x00,0x00
// '?' (63): 0x3C,0x42,0x04,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x00,0x00
// '@' (64): 0x3C,0x42,0x5E,0x5E,0x40,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'A' (65): 0x18,0x24,0x42,0x7E,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x00
// 'B' (66): 0x7C,0x42,0x7C,0x42,0x42,0x7C,0x00,0x00
// 'C' (67): 0x3C,0x42,0x40,0x40,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'D' (68): 0x78,0x44,0x42,0x42,0x44,0x78,0x00,0x00
// 'E' (69): 0x7E,0x40,0x7C,0x40,0x40,0x7E,0x00,0x00
// 'F' (70): 0x7E,0x40,0x7C,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x00
// 'G' (71): 0x3C,0x42,0x40,0x4E,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'H' (72): 0x42,0x42,0x7E,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'I' (73): 0x3E,0x08,0x08,0x08,0x08,0x3E,0x00,0x00
// 'J' (74): 0x1E,0x04,0x04,0x04,0x44,0x38,0x00,0x00
// 'K' (75): 0x42,0x44,0x78,0x48,0x44,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'L' (76): 0x40,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x7E,0x00,0x00
// 'M' (77): 0x42,0x66,0x5A,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x00,0x00
```

```
// 'N' (78): 0x42,0x62,0x52,0x4A,0x46,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'O' (79): 0x3C,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'P' (80): 0x7C,0x42,0x7C,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x00
// 'Q' (81): 0x3C,0x42,0x42,0x4A,0x44,0x3A,0x00,0x00
// 'R' (82): 0x7C,0x42,0x7C,0x48,0x44,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'S' (83): 0x3C,0x40,0x3C,0x02,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'T' (84): 0x7E,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x00
// 'U' (85): 0x42,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'V' (86): 0x42,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x24,0x18,0x00,0x00
// 'W' (87): 0x42,0x42,0x42,0x5A,0x66,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'X' (88): 0x42,0x24,0x18,0x18,0x24,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'Y' (89): 0x42,0x42,0x24,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x00
// 'Z' (90): 0x7E,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x20,0x7E,0x00,0x00
// '[' (91): 0x3C,0x30,0x30,0x30,0x30,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '\\' (92): 0x80,0x40,0x20,0x10,0x08,0x04,0x02,0x00
// ']' (93): 0x3C,0x0C,0x0C,0x0C,0x0C,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// '^' (94): 0x18,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00
// '_' (95): 0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7E,0x00
// 'a' (97): 0x00,0x3C,0x02,0x3E,0x42,0x3E,0x00,0x00
// 'b' (98): 0x40,0x40,0x7C,0x42,0x42,0x7C,0x00,0x00
// 'c' (99): 0x00,0x3C,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'd'(100): 0x02,0x02,0x3E,0x42,0x42,0x3E,0x00,0x00
// 'e'(101): 0x00,0x3C,0x42,0x7E,0x40,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'f'(102): 0x0C,0x10,0x3C,0x10,0x10,0x10,0x00,0x00
// 'g'(103): 0x00,0x3E,0x42,0x3E,0x02,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'h'(104): 0x40,0x40,0x7C,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'i'(105): 0x18,0x00,0x38,0x18,0x18,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'j'(106): 0x04,0x00,0x04,0x04,0x04,0x44,0x38,0x00
// 'k'(107): 0x40,0x44,0x48,0x70,0x48,0x44,0x00,0x00
// 'l'(108): 0x38,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'm'(109): 0x00,0x76,0x5A,0x5A,0x42,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'n'(110): 0x00,0x7C,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'o'(111): 0x00,0x3C,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'p'(112): 0x00,0x7C,0x42,0x7C,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x00
// 'q'(113): 0x00,0x3E,0x42,0x3E,0x02,0x02,0x00,0x00
// 'r'(114): 0x00,0x5C,0x60,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x00
// 's'(115): 0x00,0x3E,0x40,0x3C,0x02,0x7C,0x00,0x00
// 't'(116): 0x10,0x3C,0x10,0x10,0x10,0x0C,0x00,0x00
// 'u'(117): 0x00,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x3E,0x00,0x00
// 'v'(118): 0x00,0x42,0x42,0x42,0x24,0x18,0x00,0x00
// 'w'(119): 0x00,0x42,0x42,0x5A,0x5A,0x66,0x00,0x00
// 'x'(120): 0x00,0x42,0x24,0x18,0x24,0x42,0x00,0x00
// 'y'(121): 0x00,0x42,0x42,0x3E,0x02,0x3C,0x00,0x00
// 'z'(122): 0x00,0x7E,0x04,0x18,0x20,0x7E,0x00,0x00
// '{'(123): 0x0E,0x18,0x30,0x18,0x18,0x0E,0x00,0x00
// '|'(124): 0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x18,0x00,0x00
// '}'(125): 0x70,0x18,0x0C,0x18,0x18,0x70,0x00,0x00
// '~'(126): 0x00,0x32,0x4C,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int pixels_drawn = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int row_base;
    int byte_idx;
    int bit_pos;
```

```
    int *ptr;

    row_base = (y << 3) + (y << 1);  // y * 10
    ptr = SCREEN + row_base + (x >> 5);
    byte_idx = (x >> 3) & 3;
    bit_pos = byte_idx * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
    pixels_drawn = pixels_drawn + 1;
}

void draw_line(int x, int y, int line_data) {
    int bit;

    for (bit = 0; bit < 8; bit = bit + 1) {
        if ((line_data >> (7 - bit)) & 1) {
            set_pixel(x + bit, y);
        }
    }
}

void draw_char(int x, int y, int line0, int line1, int line2, int line3,
               int line4, int line5, int line6, int line7) {
    draw_line(x, y, line0);
    draw_line(x, y + 1, line1);
    draw_line(x, y + 2, line2);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, line3);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, line4);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, line5);
    draw_line(x, y + 6, line6);
    draw_line(x, y + 7, line7);
}

int main() {
    // Dessiner "HI" en grand (position centrale)
    // H: lignes verticales + barre horizontale
    draw_char(100, 100, 0x42, 0x42, 0x42, 0x7E, 0x42, 0x42, 0x42, 0x00);

    // I: barre verticale centrée
    draw_char(112, 100, 0x3E, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x3E, 0x00);

    // A
    draw_char(124, 100, 0x18, 0x24, 0x42, 0x7E, 0x42, 0x42, 0x42, 0x00);

    return pixels_drawn;
}
```

1.5.6 Console

```
// Console - Solution (affichage réel optimisé)

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int cursor_x = 0;
int cursor_y = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
```

```
    int row_base;
    int *ptr;
    int bit_pos;

    row_base = (y << 3) + (y << 1);
    ptr = SCREEN + row_base + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

// Dessine une ligne de 8 pixels
void draw_line(int x, int y, int data) {
    if (data & 0x80) set_pixel(x, y);
    if (data & 0x40) set_pixel(x + 1, y);
    if (data & 0x20) set_pixel(x + 2, y);
    if (data & 0x10) set_pixel(x + 3, y);
    if (data & 0x08) set_pixel(x + 4, y);
    if (data & 0x04) set_pixel(x + 5, y);
    if (data & 0x02) set_pixel(x + 6, y);
    if (data & 0x01) set_pixel(x + 7, y);
}

// Dessine H à (x, y)
void draw_H(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 1, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x7E);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x42);
}

// Dessine e à (x, y)
void draw_e(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x3C);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x7E);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x40);
    draw_line(x, y + 6, 0x3C);
}

// Dessine l à (x, y)
void draw_l(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y, 0x38);
    draw_line(x, y + 1, 0x18);
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x18);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x18);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x18);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x3C);
}

// Dessine o à (x, y)
void draw_o(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x3C);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x42);
```

```
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 6, 0x3C);
}

// Dessine W à (x, y)
void draw_W(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 1, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x5A);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x66);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x42);
}

// Dessine r à (x, y)
void draw_r(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x5C);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x60);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x40);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x40);
    draw_line(x, y + 6, 0x40);
}

// Dessine d à (x, y)
void draw_d(int x, int y) {
    draw_line(x, y, 0x02);
    draw_line(x, y + 1, 0x02);
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x3E);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x42);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x3E);
}

int main() {
    // Hello (ligne 0, y=0)
    draw_H(0, 0);
    draw_e(8, 0);
    draw_l(16, 0);
    draw_l(24, 0);
    draw_o(32, 0);

    // World (ligne 1, y=8)
    draw_W(0, 8);
    draw_o(8, 8);
    draw_r(16, 8);
    draw_l(24, 8);
    draw_d(32, 8);

    cursor_y = 1;
    return cursor_y;
}
```

1.5.7 Driver Clavier

```
// Driver Clavier - Solution Interactive
// Activez "Capturer clavier" et appuyez sur des touches!

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;
int key_count = 0;
int cursor_x = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int row_base;
    int *ptr;
    int bit_pos;
    row_base = (y << 3) + (y << 1);
    ptr = SCREEN + row_base + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

void draw_line(int x, int y, int data) {
    if (data & 0x80) set_pixel(x, y);
    if (data & 0x40) set_pixel(x + 1, y);
    if (data & 0x20) set_pixel(x + 2, y);
    if (data & 0x10) set_pixel(x + 3, y);
    if (data & 0x08) set_pixel(x + 4, y);
    if (data & 0x04) set_pixel(x + 5, y);
    if (data & 0x02) set_pixel(x + 6, y);
    if (data & 0x01) set_pixel(x + 7, y);
}

// Dessine un caractère générique (carré avec le code)
void draw_key(int x, int y, int key) {
    // Dessiner un petit carré pour indiquer la touche
    draw_line(x, y, 0xFF);
    draw_line(x, y + 1, 0x81);
    draw_line(x, y + 2, 0x81);
    draw_line(x, y + 3, 0x81);
    draw_line(x, y + 4, 0x81);
    draw_line(x, y + 5, 0x81);
    draw_line(x, y + 6, 0x81);
    draw_line(x, y + 7, 0xFF);
    // Afficher une marque au centre basée sur le code
    if (key & 1) set_pixel(x + 3, y + 3);
    if (key & 2) set_pixel(x + 4, y + 3);
    if (key & 4) set_pixel(x + 3, y + 4);
    if (key & 8) set_pixel(x + 4, y + 4);
}

int read_key() {
    return *KEYBOARD;
}

int main() {
    int key;
    int last_key;
    int timeout;
```

```
    last_key = 0;
    timeout = 0;

    // Afficher 5 indicateurs en haut
    draw_line(0, 0, 0xFF);
    draw_line(0, 7, 0xFF);
    draw_line(10, 0, 0xFF);
    draw_line(10, 7, 0xFF);
    draw_line(20, 0, 0xFF);
    draw_line(20, 7, 0xFF);
    draw_line(30, 0, 0xFF);
    draw_line(30, 7, 0xFF);
    draw_line(40, 0, 0xFF);
    draw_line(40, 7, 0xFF);

    // Boucle principale: attendre 5 touches (avec timeout)
    while (key_count < 5 && timeout < 100000) {
        key = read_key();

        // Nouvelle touche pressée?
        if (key != 0 && key != last_key) {
            draw_key(cursor_x, 16, key);
            cursor_x = cursor_x + 10;
            key_count = key_count + 1;
            timeout = 0;  // Reset timeout quand touche pressée
        }

        last_key = key;
        timeout = timeout + 1;
    }

    // Si timeout atteint sans 5 touches, retourner quand même key_count
    return 0;  // Test visuel uniquement
}
```

1.5.8 Shell

```
// Shell Interactif - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier" et tapez des chiffres!

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;
int number = 0;
int cursor_x = 16;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int row_base;
    int *ptr;
    int bit_pos;
    row_base = (y << 3) + (y << 1);
    ptr = SCREEN + row_base + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}
```

```
void draw_line(int x, int y, int data) {
    if (data & 0x80) set_pixel(x, y);
    if (data & 0x40) set_pixel(x + 1, y);
    if (data & 0x20) set_pixel(x + 2, y);
    if (data & 0x10) set_pixel(x + 3, y);
    if (data & 0x08) set_pixel(x + 4, y);
    if (data & 0x04) set_pixel(x + 5, y);
    if (data & 0x02) set_pixel(x + 6, y);
    if (data & 0x01) set_pixel(x + 7, y);
}

// Dessine ">" prompt
void show_prompt() {
    draw_line(0, 0, 0x40);
    draw_line(0, 1, 0x20);
    draw_line(0, 2, 0x10);
    draw_line(0, 3, 0x20);
    draw_line(0, 4, 0x40);
}

// Dessine un chiffre simplifié
void draw_digit(int x, int d) {
    if (d == 0) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x3C); draw_line(x, 1, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x42); draw_line(x, 3, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x42); draw_line(x, 5, 0x3C);
    }
    if (d == 1) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x18); draw_line(x, 1, 0x38);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x18); draw_line(x, 3, 0x18);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x18); draw_line(x, 5, 0x3C);
    }
    if (d == 2) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x3C); draw_line(x, 1, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x04); draw_line(x, 3, 0x18);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x20); draw_line(x, 5, 0x7E);
    }
    if (d == 3) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x3C); draw_line(x, 1, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x0C); draw_line(x, 3, 0x02);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x42); draw_line(x, 5, 0x3C);
    }
    if (d == 4) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x04); draw_line(x, 1, 0x0C);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x14); draw_line(x, 3, 0x24);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x7E); draw_line(x, 5, 0x04);
    }
    if (d == 5) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x7E); draw_line(x, 1, 0x40);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x7C); draw_line(x, 3, 0x02);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x42); draw_line(x, 5, 0x3C);
    }
    if (d == 6) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x1C); draw_line(x, 1, 0x20);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x7C); draw_line(x, 3, 0x42);
```

```
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x42); draw_line(x, 5, 0x3C);
    }
    if (d == 7) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x7E); draw_line(x, 1, 0x02);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x04); draw_line(x, 3, 0x08);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x10); draw_line(x, 5, 0x10);
    }
    if (d == 8) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x3C); draw_line(x, 1, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x3C); draw_line(x, 3, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x42); draw_line(x, 5, 0x3C);
    }
    if (d == 9) {
        draw_line(x, 0, 0x3C); draw_line(x, 1, 0x42);
        draw_line(x, 2, 0x42); draw_line(x, 3, 0x3E);
        draw_line(x, 4, 0x04); draw_line(x, 5, 0x38);
    }
}

int read_key() {
    return *KEYBOARD;
}

int main() {
    int key;
    int last_key;
    int timeout;

    last_key = 0;
    timeout = 0;

    show_prompt();

    while (timeout < 50000) {
        key = read_key();

        if (key != last_key && key != 0) {
            // Esc (27) = quitter
            if (key == 27) {
                return number;
            }
            // Enter (13) = terminer
            if (key == 13) {
                return number;
            }
            // Chiffres 0-9 (48-57)
            if (key >= 48 && key <= 57) {
                draw_digit(cursor_x, key - 48);
                cursor_x = cursor_x + 10;
                number = number * 10 + (key - 48);
                timeout = 0;
            }
        }
        last_key = key;
        timeout = timeout + 1;
    }
```

```
    return number;
}
```

1.5.9 Calculatrice

```
// Calculatrice Interactive - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier", tapez: 3+5 Enter

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;
int cursor_x = 4;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr;
    int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

// Chiffre 3x5 pixels
void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d) {
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) { set_pixel(x, y+1); }
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) { set_pixel(x+2, y+1); }
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) { set_pixel(x, y+3); }
    if (d != 2) { set_pixel(x+2, y+3); }
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
    if (d == 7) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
}

void draw_plus(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2);
    set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
}
void draw_minus(int x, int y) { set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
void draw_times(int x, int y) { set_pixel(x,y); set_pixel(x+2,y); set_pixel(x+1,y+1); set_pix
void draw_equal(int x, int y) { set_pixel(x,y); set_pixel(x+1,y); set_pixel(x+2,y); set_pixel

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int a; int b; int op; int st; int r; int t; int tens; int u;
    a = 0; b = 0; op = 0; st = 0; lk = 0; t = 0;

    while (t < 50000) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;
        if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
            t = 0;
            if (key == 13 && st == 2) {
                if (op == 1) r = a + b;
                if (op == 2) r = a - b;
                if (op == 3) r = a * b;
                draw_equal(cursor_x, 10); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
```

```
                tens = 0; u = r;
                while (u >= 10) { u = u - 10; tens = tens + 1; }
                if (tens > 0) { draw_digit(cursor_x, 10, tens); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5; }
                draw_digit(cursor_x, 10, u);
                return r;
            }
            if (key >= 48 && key <= 57) {
                draw_digit(cursor_x, 10, key - 48);
                cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
                if (st == 0) { a = key - 48; st = 1; }
                else if (st == 2) { b = key - 48; }
            }
            if (key == 43 && st == 1) { draw_plus(cursor_x, 10); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5; op
            if (key == 45 && st == 1) { draw_minus(cursor_x, 10); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5; op
            if (key == 42 && st == 1) { draw_times(cursor_x, 10); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5; op
        }
        lk = key; t = t + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

1.5.10 Variables Shell

```
// Variables Shell Interactive - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier", tapez: a=5 b=3 Enter

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;
int cursor_x = 4;

int var_names[8];
int var_values[8];
int var_count = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr;
    int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

void draw_char(int x, int y, int c) {
    int i;
    // Lettre = ligne verticale + petit trait
    if (c >= 97 && c <= 122) {
        for (i = 0; i < 5; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x, y + i); }
        set_pixel(x + 1, y + 2);
        set_pixel(x + 2, y + (c - 97) % 3);
    }
    // Chiffre 3x5
    if (c >= 48 && c <= 57) {
        int d;
        d = c - 48;
        if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
```

```
        if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) { set_pixel(x, y+1); }
        if (d != 5 && d != 6) { set_pixel(x+2, y+1); }
        if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x
        if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) { set_pixel(x, y+3); }
        if (d != 2) { set_pixel(x+2, y+3); }
        if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x
        if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(
    }
    // = sign
    if (c == 61) { set_pixel(x,y+1); set_pixel(x+1,y+1); set_pixel(x+2,y+1); set_pixel(x,y+3)
    // + sign
    if (c == 43) { set_pixel(x+1,y); set_pixel(x+1,y+1); set_pixel(x+1,y+2); set_pixel(x,y+1)
}

int find_var(int name) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < var_count; i = i + 1) {
        if (var_names[i] == name) return i;
    }
    return 0 - 1;
}

void set_var(int name, int value) {
    int idx;
    idx = find_var(name);
    if (idx >= 0) { var_values[idx] = value; return; }
    if (var_count < 8) {
        var_names[var_count] = name;
        var_values[var_count] = value;
        var_count = var_count + 1;
    }
}

int get_var(int name) {
    int idx;
    idx = find_var(name);
    if (idx >= 0) return var_values[idx];
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int t; int st; int cur_name; int result;
    lk = 0; t = 0; st = 0; cur_name = 0; result = 0;

    while (t < 50000) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;
        if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
            t = 0;
            // Enter = calculer résultat
            if (key == 13) {
                if (var_count >= 2) {
                    result = var_values[0] + var_values[1];
                    draw_char(cursor_x, 10, 61); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
                    draw_char(cursor_x, 10, 48 + result); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
                }
                return result;
```

```
            }
            // Lettre a-z
            if (key >= 97 && key <= 122 && st == 0) {
                draw_char(cursor_x, 10, key); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
                cur_name = key;
                st = 1;
            }
            // = après lettre
            if (key == 61 && st == 1) {
                draw_char(cursor_x, 10, 61); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
                st = 2;
            }
            // Chiffre après =
            if (key >= 48 && key <= 57 && st == 2) {
                draw_char(cursor_x, 10, key); cursor_x = cursor_x + 5;
                set_var(cur_name, key - 48);
                st = 0;
                cursor_x = cursor_x + 3; // espace
            }
        }
        lk = key; t = t + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

1.5.11 Compte à Rebours

```
// Compte à Rebours Interactif - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier", tapez 3 pour 3 secondes

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr;
    int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

// Dessine chiffre 3x5
void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d, int on) {
    int i; int j; int *ptr; int bit_pos; int px; int py;
    // Efface d'abord la zone
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < 6; j = j + 1) {
            px = x + i; py = y + j;
            ptr = SCREEN + (py << 3) + (py << 1) + (px >> 5);
            bit_pos = ((px >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (px & 7);
            *ptr = *ptr & (0xFFFFFFFF ^ (1 << bit_pos));
        }
    }
    if (on == 0) return;
    // Dessine le chiffre
```

```
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) { set_pixel(x, y+1); }
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) { set_pixel(x+2, y+1); }
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) { set_pixel(x, y+3); }
    if (d != 2) { set_pixel(x+2, y+3); }
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
}

// Dessine barre horizontale
void draw_hbar(int x, int y, int w) {
    int i; int j;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
            set_pixel(x + i, y + j);
        }
    }
}

// Efface colonne de barre (XOR avec 0xFFFFFFFF au lieu de ~)
void clear_col(int x, int y) {
    int j; int *ptr; int bit_pos; int py;
    for (j = 0; j < 4; j = j + 1) {
        py = y + j;
        ptr = SCREEN + (py << 3) + (py << 1) + (x >> 5);
        bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
        *ptr = *ptr & (0xFFFFFFFF ^ (1 << bit_pos));
    }
}

// Flash rectangle
void flash(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            set_pixel(x + i, y + j);
        }
    }
}

int state = 0;
int secs = 0;
int bar_x = 0;
int step = 0;
int tick = 0;

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int t; int bar_w;
    lk = 0; t = 0;

    while (t < 500000) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;

        if (state == 0) {
            if (key >= 49 && key <= 57 && key != lk) {
```

```
                secs = key - 48;
                draw_digit(4, 4, secs, 1);
                bar_w = secs << 3;
                draw_hbar(4, 15, bar_w);
                bar_x = 3 + bar_w;
                step = 0;
                tick = 0;
                state = 1;
            }
        }

        if (state == 1) {
            tick = tick + 1;
            if (tick >= 800) {
                tick = 0;
                clear_col(bar_x, 15);
                bar_x = bar_x - 1;
                step = step + 1;
                if (step >= 8) {
                    step = 0;
                    secs = secs - 1;
                    draw_digit(4, 4, secs, 1);
                    if (secs <= 0) {
                        state = 2;
                    }
                }
            }
        }

        if (state == 2) {
            flash(4, 4, 60, 20);
            return 1;
        }

        lk = key;
        t = t + 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

1.5.12 Interruptions

```
// Interruptions Visuelles - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier", appuyez T/K/S puis Enter

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;

int irq_count[3];

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
```

```
}

void clear_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j; int px; int py; int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            px = x + i; py = y + j;
            ptr = SCREEN + (py << 3) + (py << 1) + (px >> 5);
            bit_pos = ((px >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (px & 7);
            *ptr = *ptr & (0xFFFFFFFF ^ (1 << bit_pos));
        }
    }
}

void fill_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            set_pixel(x + i, y + j);
        }
    }
}

void draw_box(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x + i, y); set_pixel(x + i, y + h - 1); }
    for (i = 0; i < h; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x, y + i); set_pixel(x + w - 1, y + i); }
}

void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d) {
    clear_rect(x, y, 4, 6);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) set_pixel(x, y+1);
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) set_pixel(x, y+3);
    if (d != 2) set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
}

// Dessine lettre T, K ou S
void draw_letter(int x, int y, int c) {
    if (c == 84) { // T
        set_pixel(x,y); set_pixel(x+1,y); set_pixel(x+2,y);
        set_pixel(x+1,y+1); set_pixel(x+1,y+2); set_pixel(x+1,y+3); set_pixel(x+1,y+4);
    }
    if (c == 75) { // K
        set_pixel(x,y); set_pixel(x,y+1); set_pixel(x,y+2); set_pixel(x,y+3); set_pixel(x,y+4
        set_pixel(x+2,y); set_pixel(x+1,y+1); set_pixel(x+1,y+3); set_pixel(x+2,y+4);
        set_pixel(x+1,y+2);
    }
    if (c == 83) { // S
        set_pixel(x,y); set_pixel(x+1,y); set_pixel(x+2,y);
        set_pixel(x,y+1);
        set_pixel(x,y+2); set_pixel(x+1,y+2); set_pixel(x+2,y+2);
```

```
        set_pixel(x+2,y+3);
        set_pixel(x,y+4); set_pixel(x+1,y+4); set_pixel(x+2,y+4);
    }
}

void draw_device(int idx) {
    int x;
    x = idx * 25 + 4;
    draw_box(x, 4, 20, 15);
    if (idx == 0) draw_letter(x + 8, 6, 84);
    if (idx == 1) draw_letter(x + 8, 6, 75);
    if (idx == 2) draw_letter(x + 8, 6, 83);
    draw_digit(x + 8, 13, irq_count[idx]);
}

void flash_device(int idx) {
    int x; int i;
    x = idx * 25 + 4;
    fill_rect(x + 1, 5, 18, 13);
    // Petit delai
    for (i = 0; i < 500; i = i + 1) { }
}

void irq_handler(int type) {
    if (type >= 0 && type < 3) {
        irq_count[type] = irq_count[type] + 1;
        flash_device(type);
        draw_device(type);
    }
}

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int t; int total;
    lk = 0; t = 0;
    irq_count[0] = 0; irq_count[1] = 0; irq_count[2] = 0;

    draw_device(0);
    draw_device(1);
    draw_device(2);

    while (t < 100000) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;
        if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
            t = 0;
            if (key == 13) {
                total = irq_count[0] + irq_count[1] + irq_count[2];
                return total;
            }
            if (key == 116 || key == 84) irq_handler(0);
            if (key == 107 || key == 75) irq_handler(1);
            if (key == 115 || key == 83) irq_handler(2);
        }
        lk = key;
        t = t + 1;
    }
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

1.5.13 Coroutines

```
// Coroutines Visuelles - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier", appuyez Espace pour chaque step

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;

int current_task = 0;
int task_a_val = 0;
int task_b_val = 0;
int steps = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

void clear_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j; int px; int py; int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            px = x + i; py = y + j;
            ptr = SCREEN + (py << 3) + (py << 1) + (px >> 5);
            bit_pos = ((px >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (px & 7);
            *ptr = *ptr & (0xFFFFFFFF ^ (1 << bit_pos));
        }
    }
}

void fill_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            set_pixel(x + i, y + j);
        }
    }
}

void draw_box(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x + i, y); set_pixel(x + i, y + h - 1); }
    for (i = 0; i < h; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x, y + i); set_pixel(x + w - 1, y + i); }
}

void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d) {
    clear_rect(x, y, 4, 6);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) set_pixel(x, y+1);
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
```

```
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) set_pixel(x, y+3);
    if (d != 2) set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
}

void draw_letter_A(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x+1, y);
    set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2, y+2);
    set_pixel(x, y+3); set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
    set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+2, y+4);
}

void draw_letter_B(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y);
    set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2);
    set_pixel(x, y+3); set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
    set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4);
}

void draw_arrow(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x, y+2);
    set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+3);
    set_pixel(x+2, y); set_pixel(x+2, y+2); set_pixel(x+2, y+4);
    set_pixel(x+3, y+1); set_pixel(x+3, y+2); set_pixel(x+3, y+3);
    set_pixel(x+4, y+2);
}

void draw_task(int idx, int active) {
    int x;
    x = idx * 35 + 4;
    clear_rect(x, 4, 30, 20);
    if (active) {
        fill_rect(x, 4, 30, 20);
        // Dessiner en inverse (effacer les pixels pour la lettre/chiffre)
        clear_rect(x + 12, 7, 6, 6);
        clear_rect(x + 12, 15, 5, 6);
    } else {
        draw_box(x, 4, 30, 20);
    }
    if (idx == 0) {
        if (active) clear_rect(x + 13, 7, 4, 5);
        else draw_letter_A(x + 13, 7);
        draw_digit(x + 13, 15, task_a_val);
    } else {
        if (active) clear_rect(x + 13, 7, 4, 5);
        else draw_letter_B(x + 13, 7);
        draw_digit(x + 13, 15, task_b_val);
    }
}

void draw_all() {
    draw_task(0, current_task == 0);
    draw_task(1, current_task == 1);
```

```
    // Fleche entre les taches
    if (current_task == 0) {
        clear_rect(32, 12, 8, 6);
        draw_arrow(32, 12);
    } else {
        clear_rect(32, 12, 8, 6);
        // Fleche inversee
        set_pixel(36, 14);
        set_pixel(35, 13); set_pixel(35, 14); set_pixel(35, 15);
        set_pixel(34, 12); set_pixel(34, 14); set_pixel(34, 16);
        set_pixel(33, 13); set_pixel(33, 14); set_pixel(33, 15);
        set_pixel(32, 14);
    }
}

int step() {
    if (current_task == 0) {
        task_a_val = task_a_val + 1;
        if (task_a_val > 3) return 0;
        current_task = 1;
    } else {
        task_b_val = task_b_val + 1;
        if (task_b_val > 3) return 0;
        current_task = 0;
    }
    steps = steps + 1;
    return 1;
}

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int t; int running;
    lk = 0; t = 0; running = 1;

    draw_all();

    while (t < 100000 && running) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;
        if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
            t = 0;
            if (key == 32) {
                running = step();
                draw_all();
            }
            if (key == 13) {
                return steps;
            }
        }
        lk = key;
        t = t + 1;
    }
    // Flash final
    fill_rect(0, 0, 80, 30);
    return steps;
}
```

1.5.14 Scheduler

```
// Scheduler Round-Robin Visuel - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier", Espace pour chaque tick

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;

int proc_time[3];
int proc_state[3];
int current_proc = 0;
int quantum_left = 2;
int switches = 0;
int ticks = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

void clear_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j; int px; int py; int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            px = x + i; py = y + j;
            ptr = SCREEN + (py << 3) + (py << 1) + (px >> 5);
            bit_pos = ((px >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (px & 7);
            *ptr = *ptr & (0xFFFFFFFF ^ (1 << bit_pos));
        }
    }
}

void fill_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            set_pixel(x + i, y + j);
        }
    }
}

void draw_box(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x + i, y); set_pixel(x + i, y + h - 1); }
    for (i = 0; i < h; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x, y + i); set_pixel(x + w - 1, y + i); }
}

void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d) {
    clear_rect(x, y, 4, 6);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) set_pixel(x, y+1);
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) set_pixel(x, y+3);
    if (d != 2) set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
```

```
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
}

void draw_P(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y);
    set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2);
    set_pixel(x, y+3); set_pixel(x, y+4);
}

void draw_proc(int idx, int active) {
    int x; int y; int t; int i;
    x = idx * 32 + 4;
    y = 4;

    clear_rect(x, y, 28, 24);

    if (active) {
        fill_rect(x, y, 28, 24);
        clear_rect(x + 2, y + 2, 24, 20);
    } else {
        draw_box(x, y, 28, 24);
    }

    // P et numero
    draw_P(x + 4, y + 4);
    draw_digit(x + 10, y + 4, idx);

    // Barre de temps restant
    t = proc_time[idx];
    if (t > 0) {
        for (i = 0; i < t; i = i + 1) {
            fill_rect(x + 4 + i * 5, y + 14, 4, 6);
        }
    }

    // X si termine
    if (proc_state[idx] == 2) {
        set_pixel(x + 8, y + 14); set_pixel(x + 12, y + 14);
        set_pixel(x + 9, y + 15); set_pixel(x + 11, y + 15);
        set_pixel(x + 10, y + 16);
        set_pixel(x + 9, y + 17); set_pixel(x + 11, y + 17);
        set_pixel(x + 8, y + 18); set_pixel(x + 12, y + 18);
    }
}

void draw_all() {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 3; i = i + 1) {
        draw_proc(i, i == current_proc && proc_state[i] != 2);
    }

    // Quantum: Q=N
    clear_rect(4, 32, 20, 6);
    // Q
```

```
    set_pixel(5, 32); set_pixel(6, 32); set_pixel(7, 32);
    set_pixel(4, 33); set_pixel(8, 33);
    set_pixel(4, 34); set_pixel(8, 34);
    set_pixel(4, 35); set_pixel(6, 35); set_pixel(8, 35);
    set_pixel(5, 36); set_pixel(6, 36); set_pixel(8, 36);
    draw_digit(12, 32, quantum_left);

    // Switches: SW=N
    clear_rect(30, 32, 30, 6);
    // S
    set_pixel(31, 32); set_pixel(32, 32); set_pixel(33, 32);
    set_pixel(30, 33);
    set_pixel(31, 34); set_pixel(32, 34);
    set_pixel(33, 35);
    set_pixel(30, 36); set_pixel(31, 36); set_pixel(32, 36);
    // W
    set_pixel(36, 32); set_pixel(40, 32);
    set_pixel(36, 33); set_pixel(40, 33);
    set_pixel(36, 34); set_pixel(38, 34); set_pixel(40, 34);
    set_pixel(36, 35); set_pixel(38, 35); set_pixel(40, 35);
    set_pixel(37, 36); set_pixel(39, 36);
    draw_digit(44, 32, switches);

    // Ticks: T=N
    clear_rect(60, 32, 20, 6);
    // T
    set_pixel(60, 32); set_pixel(61, 32); set_pixel(62, 32);
    set_pixel(61, 33); set_pixel(61, 34); set_pixel(61, 35); set_pixel(61, 36);
    draw_digit(66, 32, ticks);
}

int find_next(int from) {
    int i; int next;
    for (i = 1; i <= 3; i = i + 1) {
        next = (from + i) % 3;
        if (proc_state[next] == 0 && proc_time[next] > 0) return next;
    }
    return from;
}

int tick() {
    int next; int all_done;

    // Verifier si tous termines
    all_done = 1;
    if (proc_state[0] != 2) all_done = 0;
    if (proc_state[1] != 2) all_done = 0;
    if (proc_state[2] != 2) all_done = 0;
    if (all_done) return 0;

    ticks = ticks + 1;

    // Executer processus courant
    if (proc_time[current_proc] > 0) {
        proc_time[current_proc] = proc_time[current_proc] - 1;
        quantum_left = quantum_left - 1;
```

```
        if (proc_time[current_proc] == 0) {
            proc_state[current_proc] = 2;
            quantum_left = 0;
        }
    }

    // Context switch si quantum epuise
    if (quantum_left <= 0) {
        next = find_next(current_proc);
        if (next != current_proc) {
            current_proc = next;
            switches = switches + 1;
        }
        quantum_left = 2;
    }

    return 1;
}

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int t; int running;

    proc_time[0] = 3; proc_time[1] = 2; proc_time[2] = 4;
    proc_state[0] = 0; proc_state[1] = 0; proc_state[2] = 0;

    lk = 0; t = 0; running = 1;
    draw_all();

    while (t < 100000) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;
        if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
            t = 0;
            if (key == 32) {
                running = tick();
                draw_all();
            }
            if (key == 13) {
                return switches;
            }
        }
        lk = key;
        t = t + 1;
    }

    return switches;
}
```

1.5.15 Projet 1: Mini-OS Shell

```
// Mini-OS Shell - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier"

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;
```

```
void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

void clear_screen() {
    int i; int *ptr;
    ptr = SCREEN;
    for (i = 0; i < 2400; i = i + 1) {
        *ptr = 0;
        ptr = ptr + 1;
    }
}

void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d) {
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) set_pixel(x, y+1);
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) set_pixel(x, y+3);
    if (d != 2) set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
}

void draw_plus(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+1); set_pixel
}

void draw_equal(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y);
    set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2, y+2);
}

void draw_H(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x, y+1); set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x, y+3); set_pixel(x, y+
    set_pixel(x+1, y+2);
    set_pixel(x+2, y); set_pixel(x+2, y+1); set_pixel(x+2, y+2); set_pixel(x+2, y+3); set_pix
}

void draw_I(int x, int y) {
    set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y);
    set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+3);
    set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2, y+4);
}

void draw_box(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x + i, y); set_pixel(x + i, y + h - 1); }
    for (i = 0; i < h; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x, y + i); set_pixel(x + w - 1, y + i); }
}

void draw_menu() {
```

```
    // Titre: MENU
    // M
    set_pixel(4, 4); set_pixel(4, 5); set_pixel(4, 6); set_pixel(4, 7); set_pixel(4, 8);
    set_pixel(5, 5); set_pixel(6, 6); set_pixel(7, 5);
    set_pixel(8, 4); set_pixel(8, 5); set_pixel(8, 6); set_pixel(8, 7); set_pixel(8, 8);
    // E
    set_pixel(11, 4); set_pixel(12, 4); set_pixel(13, 4);
    set_pixel(11, 5); set_pixel(11, 6); set_pixel(12, 6); set_pixel(11, 7);
    set_pixel(11, 8); set_pixel(12, 8); set_pixel(13, 8);
    // N
    set_pixel(16, 4); set_pixel(16, 5); set_pixel(16, 6); set_pixel(16, 7); set_pixel(16, 8);
    set_pixel(17, 5); set_pixel(18, 6); set_pixel(19, 7);
    set_pixel(20, 4); set_pixel(20, 5); set_pixel(20, 6); set_pixel(20, 7); set_pixel(20, 8);
    // U
    set_pixel(23, 4); set_pixel(23, 5); set_pixel(23, 6); set_pixel(23, 7);
    set_pixel(24, 8); set_pixel(25, 8);
    set_pixel(26, 4); set_pixel(26, 5); set_pixel(26, 6); set_pixel(26, 7);

    // Option 1: CALC
    draw_box(4, 14, 30, 12);
    draw_digit(8, 17, 1);
    // C
    set_pixel(15, 17); set_pixel(16, 17); set_pixel(17, 17);
    set_pixel(14, 18); set_pixel(14, 19); set_pixel(14, 20);
    set_pixel(15, 21); set_pixel(16, 21); set_pixel(17, 21);

    // Option 2: COUNT
    draw_box(4, 28, 30, 12);
    draw_digit(8, 31, 2);
    // #
    set_pixel(15, 31); set_pixel(17, 31);
    set_pixel(14, 32); set_pixel(15, 32); set_pixel(16, 32); set_pixel(17, 32); set_pixel(18,
    set_pixel(15, 33); set_pixel(17, 33);
    set_pixel(14, 34); set_pixel(15, 34); set_pixel(16, 34); set_pixel(17, 34); set_pixel(18,
    set_pixel(15, 35); set_pixel(17, 35);

    // Option 3: MSG
    draw_box(4, 42, 30, 12);
    draw_digit(8, 45, 3);
    draw_H(15, 45);
    draw_I(20, 45);

    // Option 0: QUIT
    draw_box(4, 56, 30, 12);
    draw_digit(8, 59, 0);
    // X
    set_pixel(15, 59); set_pixel(19, 59);
    set_pixel(16, 60); set_pixel(18, 60);
    set_pixel(17, 61);
    set_pixel(16, 62); set_pixel(18, 62);
    set_pixel(15, 63); set_pixel(19, 63);
}

void delay() {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 50000; i = i + 1) { }
```

```
}

void wait_key() {
    int k;
    while (1) {
        k = *KEYBOARD;
        if (k != 0) return;
    }
}

void app_calc() {
    clear_screen();
    // Titre
    // C
    set_pixel(5, 4); set_pixel(6, 4); set_pixel(7, 4);
    set_pixel(4, 5); set_pixel(4, 6); set_pixel(4, 7);
    set_pixel(5, 8); set_pixel(6, 8); set_pixel(7, 8);
    // A
    set_pixel(11, 4); set_pixel(10, 5); set_pixel(12, 5);
    set_pixel(10, 6); set_pixel(11, 6); set_pixel(12, 6);
    set_pixel(10, 7); set_pixel(12, 7); set_pixel(10, 8); set_pixel(12, 8);
    // L
    set_pixel(15, 4); set_pixel(15, 5); set_pixel(15, 6); set_pixel(15, 7);
    set_pixel(15, 8); set_pixel(16, 8); set_pixel(17, 8);
    // C
    set_pixel(21, 4); set_pixel(22, 4); set_pixel(23, 4);
    set_pixel(20, 5); set_pixel(20, 6); set_pixel(20, 7);
    set_pixel(21, 8); set_pixel(22, 8); set_pixel(23, 8);

    // 3 + 5 = 8
    draw_digit(10, 20, 3);
    draw_plus(16, 20);
    draw_digit(22, 20, 5);
    draw_equal(28, 20);
    draw_digit(34, 20, 8);

    wait_key();
}

void app_count() {
    int i;
    clear_screen();
    // Titre: COUNT
    // #
    set_pixel(5, 4); set_pixel(7, 4);
    set_pixel(4, 5); set_pixel(5, 5); set_pixel(6, 5); set_pixel(7, 5); set_pixel(8, 5);
    set_pixel(5, 6); set_pixel(7, 6);
    set_pixel(4, 7); set_pixel(5, 7); set_pixel(6, 7); set_pixel(7, 7); set_pixel(8, 7);
    set_pixel(5, 8); set_pixel(7, 8);

    for (i = 0; i < 6; i = i + 1) {
        draw_digit(10 + i * 6, 20, i);
        delay();
    }

    wait_key();
```

```
}

void app_msg() {
    clear_screen();
    // Titre: MSG
    // M
    set_pixel(4, 4); set_pixel(4, 5); set_pixel(4, 6); set_pixel(4, 7); set_pixel(4, 8);
    set_pixel(5, 5); set_pixel(6, 6); set_pixel(7, 5);
    set_pixel(8, 4); set_pixel(8, 5); set_pixel(8, 6); set_pixel(8, 7); set_pixel(8, 8);
    // S
    set_pixel(12, 4); set_pixel(13, 4); set_pixel(11, 5);
    set_pixel(12, 6); set_pixel(13, 7);
    set_pixel(11, 8); set_pixel(12, 8);
    // G
    set_pixel(17, 4); set_pixel(18, 4); set_pixel(19, 4);
    set_pixel(16, 5); set_pixel(16, 6); set_pixel(18, 6); set_pixel(19, 6);
    set_pixel(16, 7); set_pixel(19, 7);
    set_pixel(17, 8); set_pixel(18, 8); set_pixel(19, 8);

    // Grand HI
    // H
    set_pixel(10, 18); set_pixel(10, 19); set_pixel(10, 20); set_pixel(10, 21); set_pixel(10,
    set_pixel(10, 23); set_pixel(10, 24); set_pixel(10, 25); set_pixel(10, 26); set_pixel(10,
    set_pixel(11, 22); set_pixel(12, 22); set_pixel(13, 22);
    set_pixel(14, 18); set_pixel(14, 19); set_pixel(14, 20); set_pixel(14, 21); set_pixel(14,
    set_pixel(14, 23); set_pixel(14, 24); set_pixel(14, 25); set_pixel(14, 26); set_pixel(14,
    // I
    set_pixel(18, 18); set_pixel(19, 18); set_pixel(20, 18); set_pixel(21, 18); set_pixel(22,
    set_pixel(20, 19); set_pixel(20, 20); set_pixel(20, 21); set_pixel(20, 22);
    set_pixel(20, 23); set_pixel(20, 24); set_pixel(20, 25); set_pixel(20, 26);
    set_pixel(18, 27); set_pixel(19, 27); set_pixel(20, 27); set_pixel(21, 27); set_pixel(22,

    wait_key();
}

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int running;
    running = 1;
    lk = 0;

    while (running) {
        clear_screen();
        draw_menu();

        while (1) {
            key = *KEYBOARD;
            if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
                if (key == 49) { app_calc(); break; }
                if (key == 50) { app_count(); break; }
                if (key == 51) { app_msg(); break; }
                if (key == 48) { running = 0; break; }
            }
            lk = key;
        }
    }
```

```
    clear_screen();
    return 0;
}
```

1.5.16 Projet 2: Task Manager

```
// Gestionnaire de Tâches - Solution
// Cochez "Capturer clavier"

int *SCREEN = (int*)0x00400000;
int *KEYBOARD = (int*)0x00402600;

int proc_work[4];
int proc_state[4];
int proc_done[4];
int current = 0;
int quantum_left = 2;
int switches = 0;
int ticks = 0;
int auto_run = 0;

void set_pixel(int x, int y) {
    int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    ptr = SCREEN + (y << 3) + (y << 1) + (x >> 5);
    bit_pos = ((x >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (x & 7);
    *ptr = *ptr | (1 << bit_pos);
}

void clear_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j; int px; int py; int *ptr; int bit_pos;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            px = x + i; py = y + j;
            ptr = SCREEN + (py << 3) + (py << 1) + (px >> 5);
            bit_pos = ((px >> 3) & 3) * 8 + 7 - (px & 7);
            *ptr = *ptr & (0xFFFFFFFF ^ (1 << bit_pos));
        }
    }
}

void fill_rect(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i; int j;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) {
        for (j = 0; j < h; j = j + 1) {
            set_pixel(x + i, y + j);
        }
    }
}

void draw_box(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < w; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x + i, y); set_pixel(x + i, y + h - 1); }
    for (i = 0; i < h; i = i + 1) { set_pixel(x, y + i); set_pixel(x + w - 1, y + i); }
}
```

```
void draw_digit(int x, int y, int d) {
    clear_rect(x, y, 4, 6);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4) { set_pixel(x, y); set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+2, y); }
    if (d == 0 || d == 4 || d == 5 || d == 6 || d == 8 || d == 9) set_pixel(x, y+1);
    if (d != 5 && d != 6) set_pixel(x+2, y+1);
    if (d != 0 && d != 1 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+2); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 0 || d == 2 || d == 6 || d == 8) set_pixel(x, y+3);
    if (d != 2) set_pixel(x+2, y+3);
    if (d != 1 && d != 4 && d != 7) { set_pixel(x, y+4); set_pixel(x+1, y+4); set_pixel(x+2,
    if (d == 1) { set_pixel(x+1, y); set_pixel(x+1, y+1); set_pixel(x+1, y+2); set_pixel(x+1,
}

void draw_proc(int idx) {
    int x; int w; int i; int active;
    x = idx * 40 + 4;

    clear_rect(x, 4, 36, 55);

    active = (idx == current && proc_state[idx] == 1);

    // Cadre - double si running
    draw_box(x, 4, 36, 55);
    if (active) {
        draw_box(x + 2, 6, 32, 51);
    }

    // P et numero (grand)
    fill_rect(x + 8, 10, 2, 9);
    fill_rect(x + 10, 10, 4, 2);
    fill_rect(x + 14, 10, 2, 5);
    fill_rect(x + 10, 14, 4, 2);

    draw_digit(x + 20, 12, idx);

    // Etat: R=Ready *=Run B=Block X=Done
    clear_rect(x + 10, 24, 16, 10);
    if (proc_state[idx] == 0) {
        // R
        fill_rect(x + 12, 25, 2, 8);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 25, 4, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 18, 25, 2, 4);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 28, 4, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 16, 30, 2, 3);
    }
    if (proc_state[idx] == 1) {
        // * etoile
        fill_rect(x + 14, 26, 2, 6);
        fill_rect(x + 12, 28, 6, 2);
    }
    if (proc_state[idx] == 2) {
        // B
        fill_rect(x + 12, 25, 2, 8);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 25, 4, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 28, 4, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 31, 4, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 18, 26, 2, 2);
```

```
        fill_rect(x + 18, 29, 2, 2);
    }
    if (proc_state[idx] == 3) {
        // X
        fill_rect(x + 12, 25, 2, 2); fill_rect(x + 18, 25, 2, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 27, 2, 2); fill_rect(x + 16, 27, 2, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 14, 29, 4, 2);
        fill_rect(x + 12, 31, 2, 2); fill_rect(x + 18, 31, 2, 2);
    }

    // Barre travail restant
    w = proc_work[idx];
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        if (i < w) {
            fill_rect(x + 6 + i * 7, 38, 5, 6);
        } else {
            draw_box(x + 6 + i * 7, 38, 5, 6);
        }
    }

    // Compteur
    draw_digit(x + 15, 50, proc_done[idx] % 10);
}

void draw_info() {
    clear_rect(4, 62, 156, 8);
    // Q:
    fill_rect(6, 63, 2, 5); fill_rect(8, 63, 3, 2); fill_rect(11, 63, 2, 5);
    fill_rect(8, 66, 3, 2); fill_rect(10, 67, 3, 2);
    draw_digit(16, 63, quantum_left);
    // S:
    fill_rect(30, 63, 5, 2); fill_rect(28, 65, 2, 2);
    fill_rect(30, 66, 3, 2); fill_rect(33, 67, 2, 2);
    fill_rect(28, 68, 5, 2);
    draw_digit(38, 63, switches % 10);
    // T:
    fill_rect(52, 63, 7, 2); fill_rect(54, 65, 3, 4);
    draw_digit(62, 63, ticks % 10);
}

int find_next(int from) {
    int i; int next;
    for (i = 1; i <= 4; i = i + 1) {
        next = (from + i) % 4;
        if (proc_state[next] == 0 && proc_work[next] > 0) return next;
    }
    return from;
}

int all_done() {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) {
        if (proc_state[i] != 3 && proc_state[i] != 2) {
            if (proc_work[i] > 0) return 0;
        }
    }
```

```
    return 1;
}

void do_tick() {
    int next;
    if (all_done()) return;
    ticks = ticks + 1;
    if (proc_state[current] == 0) proc_state[current] = 1;
    if (proc_state[current] == 1 && proc_work[current] > 0) {
        proc_work[current] = proc_work[current] - 1;
        proc_done[current] = proc_done[current] + 1;
        quantum_left = quantum_left - 1;
        if (proc_work[current] == 0) {
            proc_state[current] = 3;
            quantum_left = 0;
        }
    }
    if (quantum_left <= 0 || proc_state[current] == 2 || proc_state[current] == 3) {
        if (proc_state[current] == 1) proc_state[current] = 0;
        next = find_next(current);
        if (next != current) {
            current = next;
            switches = switches + 1;
        }
        quantum_left = 2;
    }
}

void toggle_block(int idx) {
    if (proc_state[idx] == 0 || proc_state[idx] == 1) {
        proc_state[idx] = 2;
        if (idx == current) quantum_left = 0;
    } else if (proc_state[idx] == 2) {
        proc_state[idx] = 0;
    }
}

void draw_all() {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i = i + 1) draw_proc(i);
    draw_info();
}

int main() {
    int key; int lk; int delay;
    proc_work[0] = 3; proc_work[1] = 2; proc_work[2] = 4; proc_work[3] = 3;
    proc_state[0] = 0; proc_state[1] = 0; proc_state[2] = 0; proc_state[3] = 0;
    proc_done[0] = 0; proc_done[1] = 0; proc_done[2] = 0; proc_done[3] = 0;
    lk = 0; delay = 0;
    draw_all();
    while (1) {
        key = *KEYBOARD;
        if (key != 0 && key != lk) {
            if (key == 32) { do_tick(); draw_all(); }
            if (key == 65) { auto_run = 1 - auto_run; }
            if (key == 48) { toggle_block(0); draw_all(); }
```

```
            if (key == 49) { toggle_block(1); draw_all(); }
            if (key == 50) { toggle_block(2); draw_all(); }
            if (key == 51) { toggle_block(3); draw_all(); }
            if (key == 13) return switches;
        }
        lk = key;
        if (auto_run) {
            delay = delay + 1;
            if (delay > 3000) { delay = 0; do_tick(); draw_all(); }
        }
    }
    return switches;
}
```
