

[1,1]

$$1+r = t$$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} + a \delta(x) \psi(x) = E \psi(x)$$

$$= E \psi(x > 0) - E \psi(x < 0)$$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} (\psi'(0^+) - \psi'(0^-)) + a \psi(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{2m a}{\hbar^2} (t - (1-r)) = a$$

$\psi = 0$  for  $x > r$  &  $x < 0$

[2]

木目(作用) (5.1.2);  $t, r$  は未知に決まる。

$$1 + \frac{(r)}{(z)} = \frac{(N)}{(z)} = \frac{N_0}{N_0} (1 + \frac{(r)}{(z)})$$

$$2\pi n - \log(\ ) = 2\pi k L \quad L = \frac{n\pi}{k} - \frac{1}{2\pi k} \log(\ )$$

$$V^2 - A^2 = \frac{(c^4 - 1 + (2c^3 + 2c\sqrt{2}))}{1 + c^4 + 2c^2} \quad 2c(c^2 + 1)$$

$$\frac{(c^8 - 2c^4 + 1) + 4c^6 + 4c^2 + 8c^4}{1 + c^8 + 4c^4 + 2c^4 + 4c^6 + 4c^2}$$

ans

