東大物理工学科 2017

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第一問

[1.1]

エネルギー保存則より

$$mgR = mgR\cos\theta + \frac{1}{2}mv^2, \quad \therefore v = \sqrt{2gR(1-\cos\theta)}$$
 (1)

[1.2]

回転系で見ると遠心力がかかるため

$$m\frac{v^2}{R} + N = mg\cos\theta, \quad \therefore N = mg\cos\theta - m\frac{v^2}{R} = mg(3\cos\theta - 2) = 0$$
 (2)

の時に質点が離れるため

$$\cos \theta = \frac{2}{3} \tag{3}$$

よって,速度は

$$v_{c1} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}gR} \tag{4}$$

[2.1]

$$I = \int dm r'^2 = \frac{3m}{4\pi r^3} \int r'^3 dr' d\theta dz, \quad 0 \le r' \le \sqrt{r^2 - z^2}$$
 (5)

$$= \frac{3m}{4\pi r^3} \cdot 2\pi \int_{-r}^{r} \frac{1}{4} (r^2 - z^2)^2 dz \tag{6}$$

$$=\frac{2}{5}mr^2\tag{7}$$

[2.2]

図より

$$R\theta = r(\phi - \theta), \quad \therefore (R+r)\dot{\theta} = r\dot{\phi}$$
 (8)

よって

$$v = \frac{\dot{\theta}}{R+r}, \omega = \dot{\phi} \tag{9}$$

より,

$$(R+r)^2 v = r\omega \tag{10}$$

束縛条件は

$$f_r(r') = r' - (r+R) = 0, \quad f_{\theta,\phi}(\theta,\phi) = (R+r)\theta - r\phi = 0$$
 (11)

であり、束縛条件がない時のラグランジアンは

$$L_0 = \frac{1}{2}m(\dot{r}'^2 + r'^2\dot{\theta}^2) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{5}mr^2\right)\dot{\phi}^2 - mgr'\cos\theta$$
 (12)

よって, 束縛条件がある場合のラグランジュ方程式は

$$m\ddot{r}' - (mr'\dot{\theta}^2 - mg\cos\theta) = \lambda_r \frac{\partial f_r}{\partial r} = \lambda_r$$
 (13)

$$mr'^2\ddot{\theta} - mgr'\sin\theta = \lambda_{\theta,\phi}(R+r)$$
 (14)

$$mr'^{2}\ddot{\theta} - mgr'\sin\theta = \lambda_{\theta,\phi}(R+r)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}mr'^{2}\ddot{\phi} = \lambda_{\theta,\phi}(-r)$$
(14)

よって、 $\lambda_{\theta,\phi}$ を消去して、また、r の束縛条件より

$$mr'^{2}\ddot{\theta} - mgr'\sin\theta = -\frac{m}{5}(R+r)^{2}\ddot{\theta}, \quad \therefore \frac{6}{5}mr'\ddot{\theta} - mg\sin\theta = 0$$
 (16)

ここで,

$$\frac{6}{5}mr'\dot{\theta}\ddot{\theta} - \dot{\theta}mg\sin\theta = 0 \quad \therefore \frac{3}{5}mr'\dot{\theta}^2 + mg\cos\theta = 0$$
 (17)

よって、束縛条件より $\dot{r}', \ddot{r}' = 0$ であるため、

$$-mr'\frac{5}{3m}g(1-\cos\theta) + mg\cos\theta = \lambda_r, \quad \therefore \cos\theta = \frac{2}{5}$$
 (18)

また,

$$\dot{\theta} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3(R+r)} \frac{3}{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{g}}{\sqrt{R+r}} \tag{19}$$

より,

$$v = \frac{\sqrt{g}}{(R+r)^{3/2}} \tag{20}$$

[2.4]

回転により寄与がかかるから.