The physics of black hole binaries: geodesic properties, quasinormal modes and interaction with fundamental fields

Taishi Ikeda (CENTRA in Lisbon) Laura Bernard, Vitor Cardoso, Miguel Zilhão Phys.Rev.D100(2019)no.4,044002

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

Black hole binary

• Compared with single BH, BH binary spacetime is not deeply understood.

Black Hole

- closed null geodesic
- Quasi normal mode
- Superradiance

Black Hole Binary

- "Global" closed null geodesic?
- "Global" Quasi normal mode?
- Superradiance like mechanism?



- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

Approximate BHB spacetime

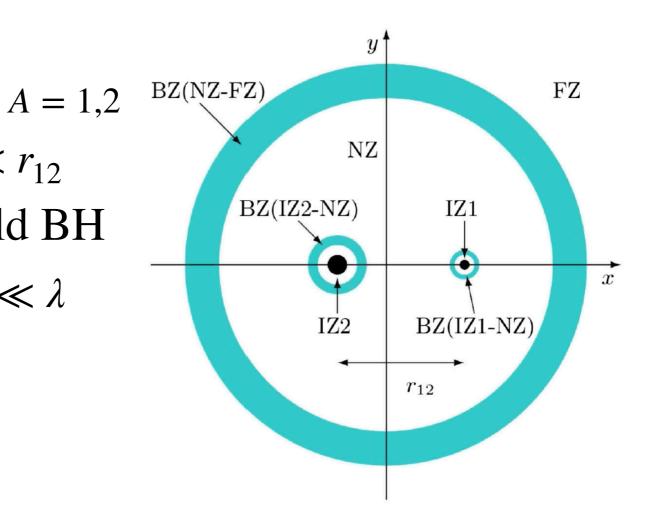
• Long time simulation is needed.



We use approximate BHB metic.

ref) PRD89,084008(2014)

- Construction of the metric
 - Inner Zones (IZ): $0 < r_A \ll r_{12}$
 - a perturbed Schwarzschild BH
 - Near Zone (NZ): $m_A \ll r_A \ll \lambda$
 - PN approximation
 - ▶ Far Zone (FZ) : $\lambda \ll r < \infty$
 - PM approximation
 - Buffer Zone (BZ)
 - Asymptotic matching



BHB spacetime (BH1, BH2)

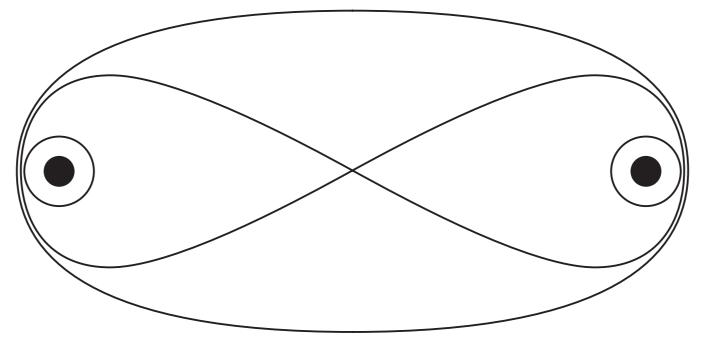
 r_{12} : BH separation

 $m_1 = m_2 = M/2$

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

Global closed null geodesic

- We solved null geodesic on the BHB metric.
- And, we found three types of "nearly" closed null geodesics.
 - ▶ Geodesic surrounding each BH
 - A global non-intersecting geodesic
 - An eight-shaped geodesic



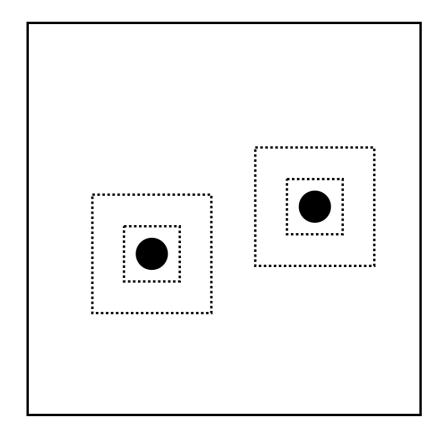
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

Our numerical code

- QNM appears in late time behavior of wave equation.
- We solve the Klein-Gordon eq. around BHB numerically.
- We developed new thorns on EinsteinToolkit.
 - ▶ Approximate BHB background.
 - Massless scalar field on the BHB spacetime with excision.
 - $\quad \Box \Phi = 0$
 - Ingoing spherically symmetric initial data.

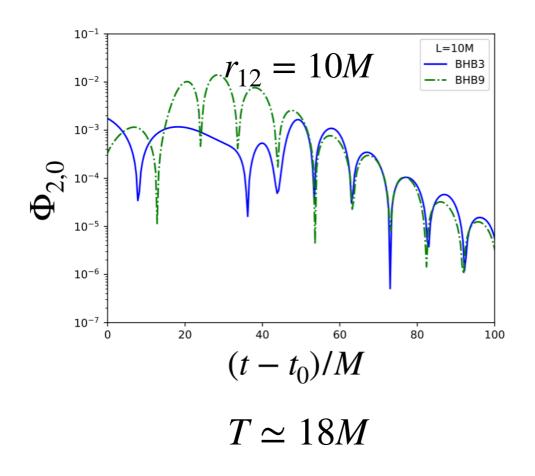
$$\begin{cases}
\Phi(0,\vec{x}) \equiv \Phi_0 = \frac{\sin \omega r W(r)}{r} e^{-(r-r_0)^2/\sigma^2} \\
\partial_t \Phi(0,\vec{x}) = \partial_r \Phi_0 + \frac{\Phi_0}{r}
\end{cases}$$

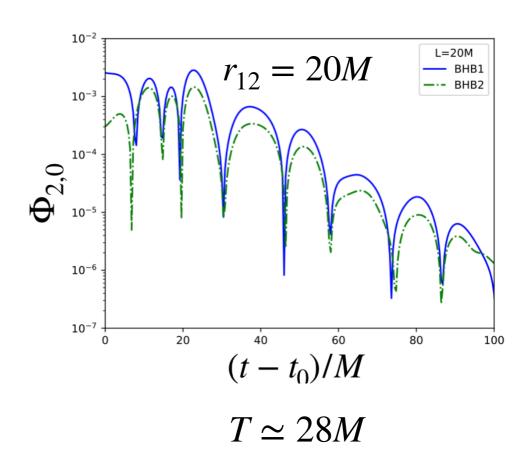
BBH



Global QNM

• The late behavior does not depends on the initial data.





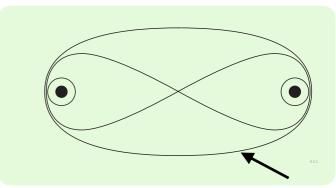
The periods of QNM are consistent with the expected

period from global null closed geodesic.

$$T_{\rm QNM} \simeq L + 8M$$



This is "global QNM"



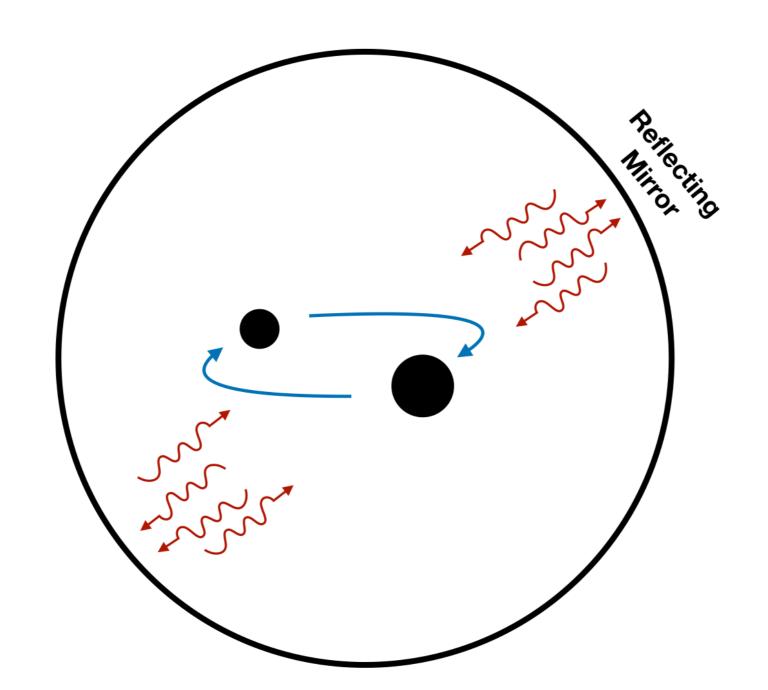
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

Super-radiant like instability

Black hole bomb cf: super-radiant instability **Kerr BH**

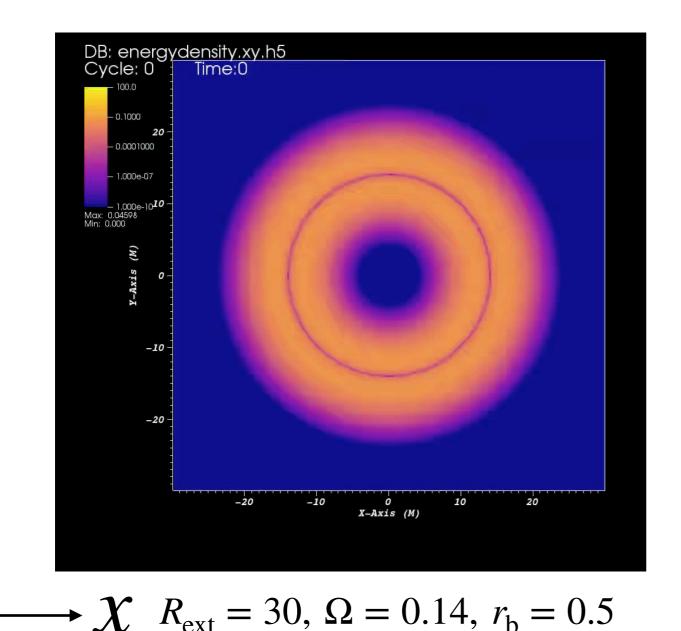
Super-radiant like instability

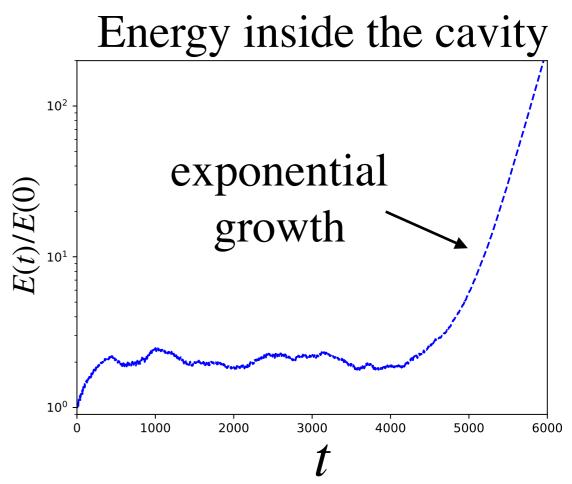
Black hole binary bomb (?) super-radiant like instability (?)



Toy model

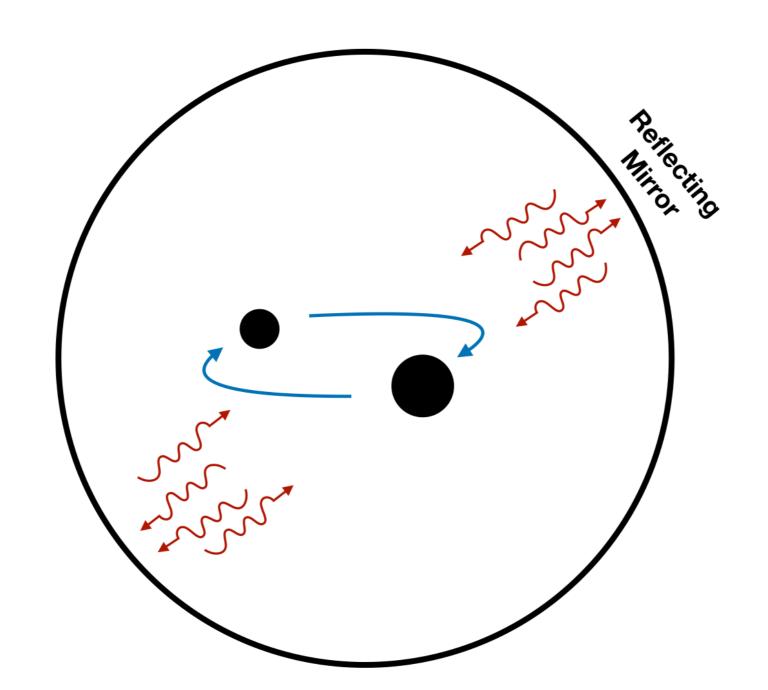
• Massless scalar field inside a cavity with a binary of two reflecting objects in 2+1 Minkowski





Super-radiant like instability

Black hole binary bomb (?) super-radiant like instability (?)

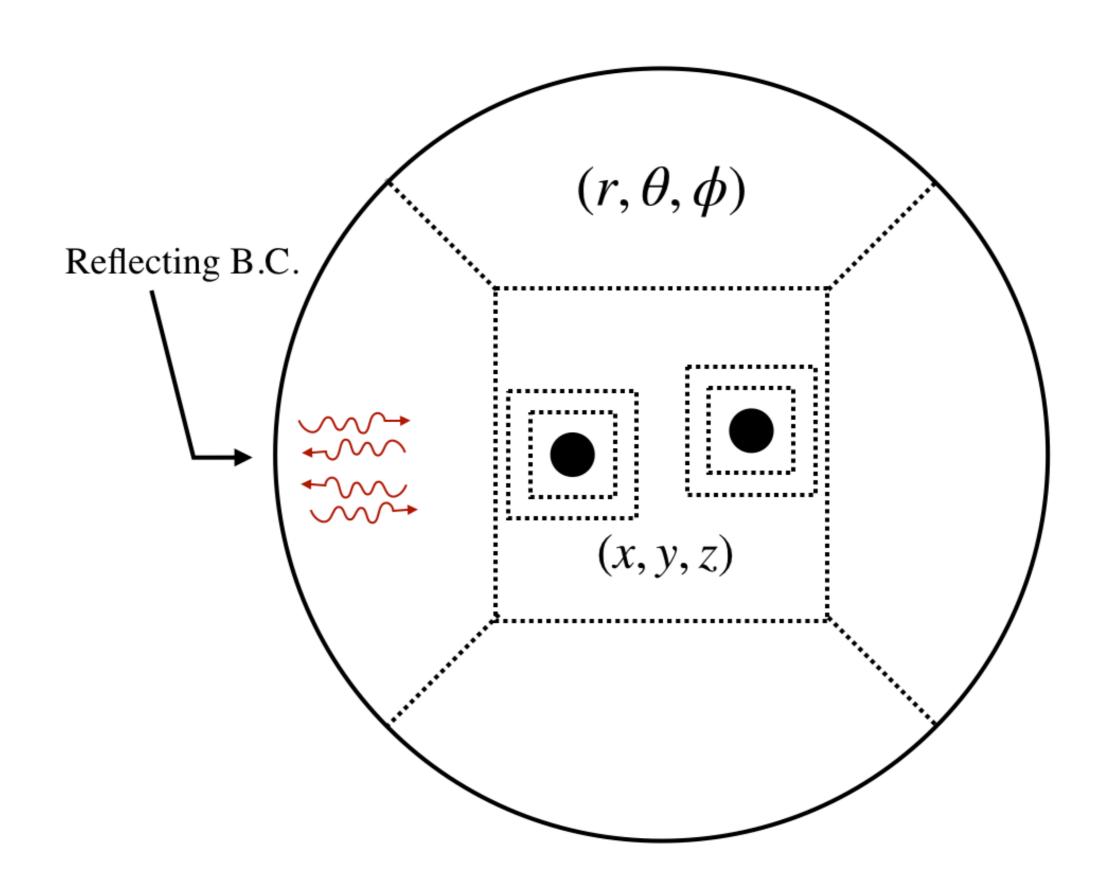


Our numerical code



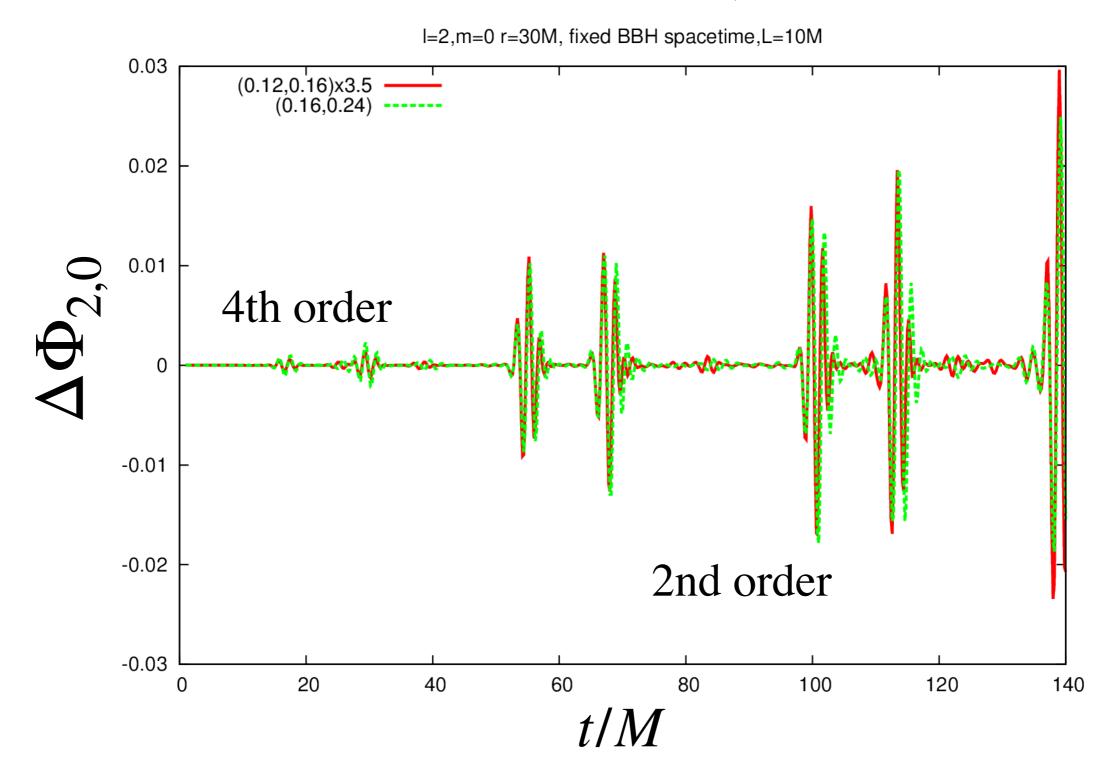
- Set up
 - ▶ Massless scalar field around BHB in cavity (3+1 dim).
- We developed our thorns on EinsteinToolkit.
 - Giving Approximate BHB background.
 - ▶ Solving massless scalar field on the BHB spacetime with excision.
 - $\quad \Box \Phi = 0$
 - Reflecting boundary condition on the spherical boundary.
- The llama thorn gives multi-patch structure.

Grid structure



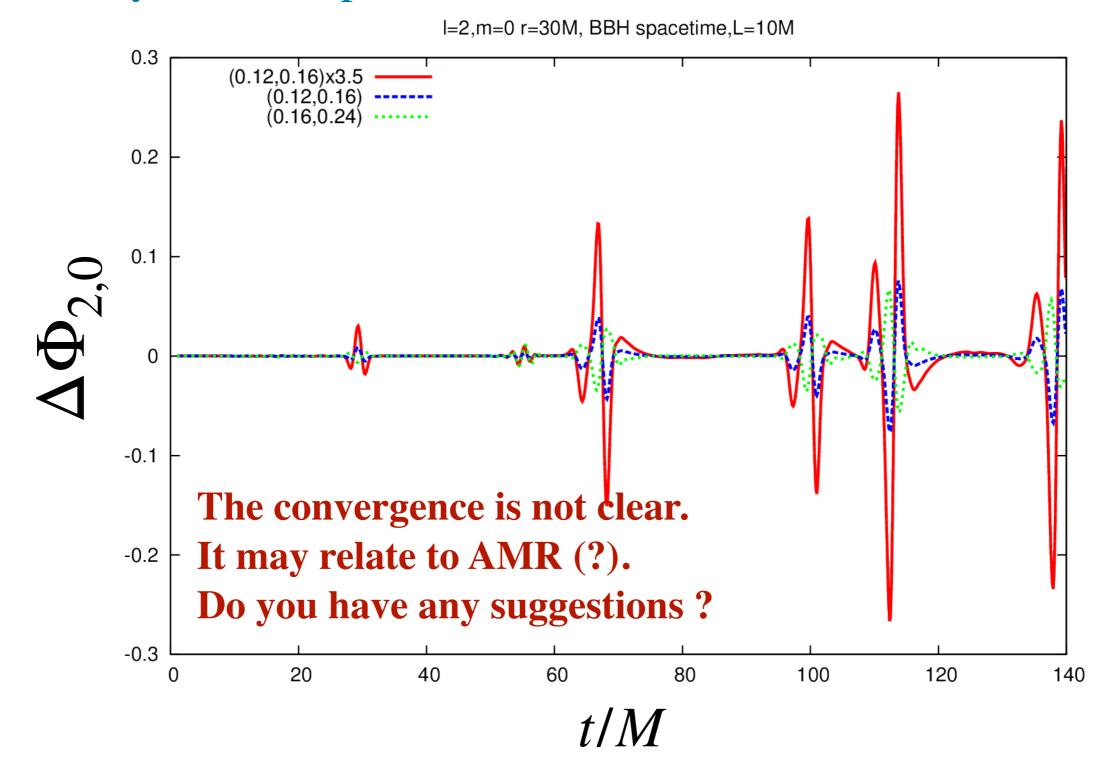
Convergence Check

• Fixed BHs (fixed mesh refinement) • OK

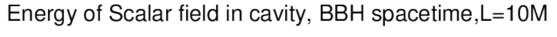


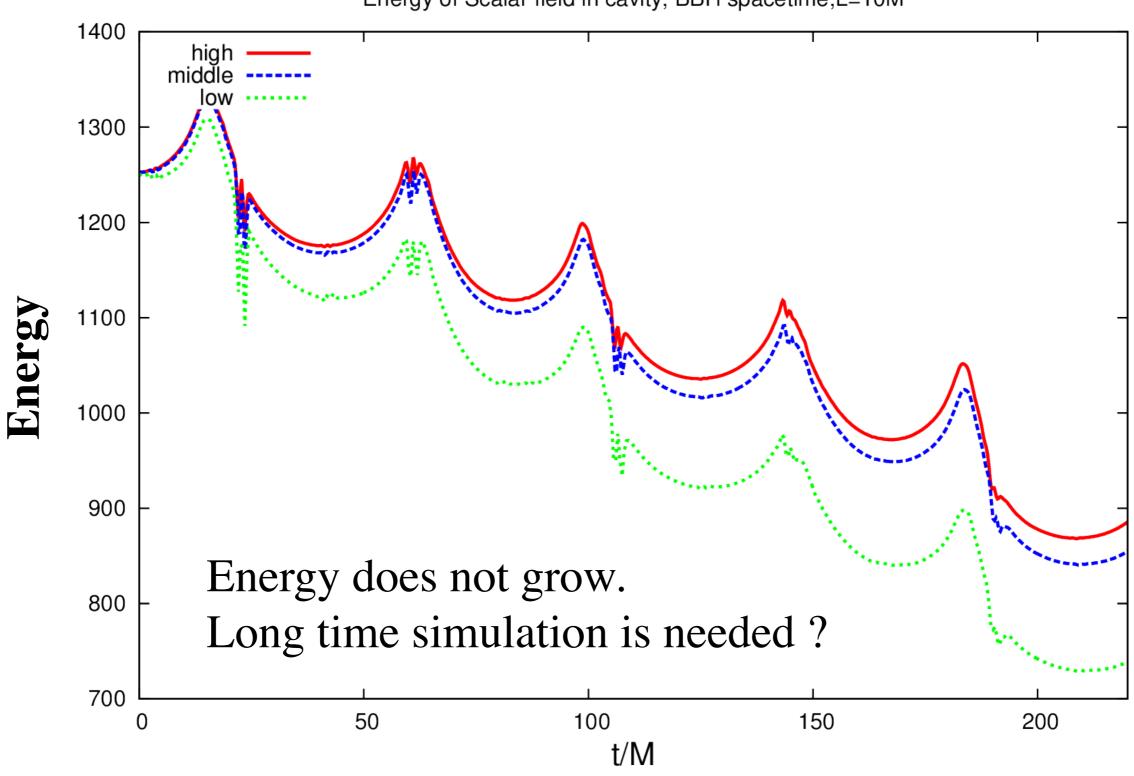
Convergence Check

• Binary BHs (adaptive mesh refinement)



Preliminary Result





- 1. Introduction
- 2. Construction of BH binary spacetime
- 3. Our results
 - a. global closed null geodesic
 - b. global QNM
 - c. superradiant like instability (ongoing work)
- 4. Summary

Summary

• Result

- closed null geodesic around BHB.
- global QNM in BHB spacetime.
- Energy extraction (in toy model)

• Ongoing work (BHB bomb)

- We could check the numerical convergence on fixed BHs spacetime.
- The convergence on BHB spacetime is not clear.
 - If you have good suggestions, let me know.

Thank you for your attention.