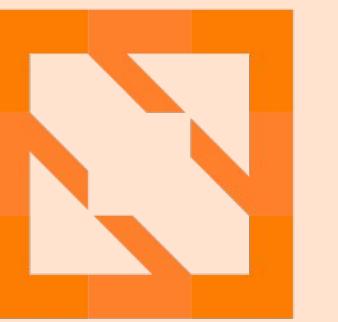




**KubeCon**



**CloudNativeCon**

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**Europe 2022**

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**WELCOME TO VALENCIA**



# Unlimited Data Science Libraries, One Container Image, No Installation!

Guillaume Moutier, Red Hat  
Kenneth Hoste, Ghent University



# Unlimited Data Science Libraries, One Container Image, No Installation!

## Who are your hosts?



**Guillaume Moutier**  
Sr Principal Data Engineering  
Architect  
*Red Hat*

[gmoutier@redhat.com](mailto:gmoutier@redhat.com)



[@guimou](https://github.com/guimou)



[@GuimouN7](https://twitter.com/GuimouN7)

**Kenneth Hoste**  
HPC system administrator  
*Ghent University (BE)*



[kenneth.hoste@ugent.be](mailto:kenneth.hoste@ugent.be)



[@boegel](https://github.com/boegel)



[@kehoste](https://twitter.com/kehoste)

# Unlimited Data Science Libraries, One Container Image, No Installation!

## Who are your hosts?



**Marcel Hild**  
Señor Manager  
Office of the CTO  
*Red Hat*

[mhild@redhat.com](mailto:mhild@redhat.com)



[@durandom](https://github.com/durandom)



[@durandom](https://twitter.com/durandom)

**Kenneth Hoste**  
HPC system administrator  
*Ghent University (BE)*



[kenneth.hoste@ugent.be](mailto:kenneth.hoste@ugent.be)



[@boegel](https://github.com/boegel)

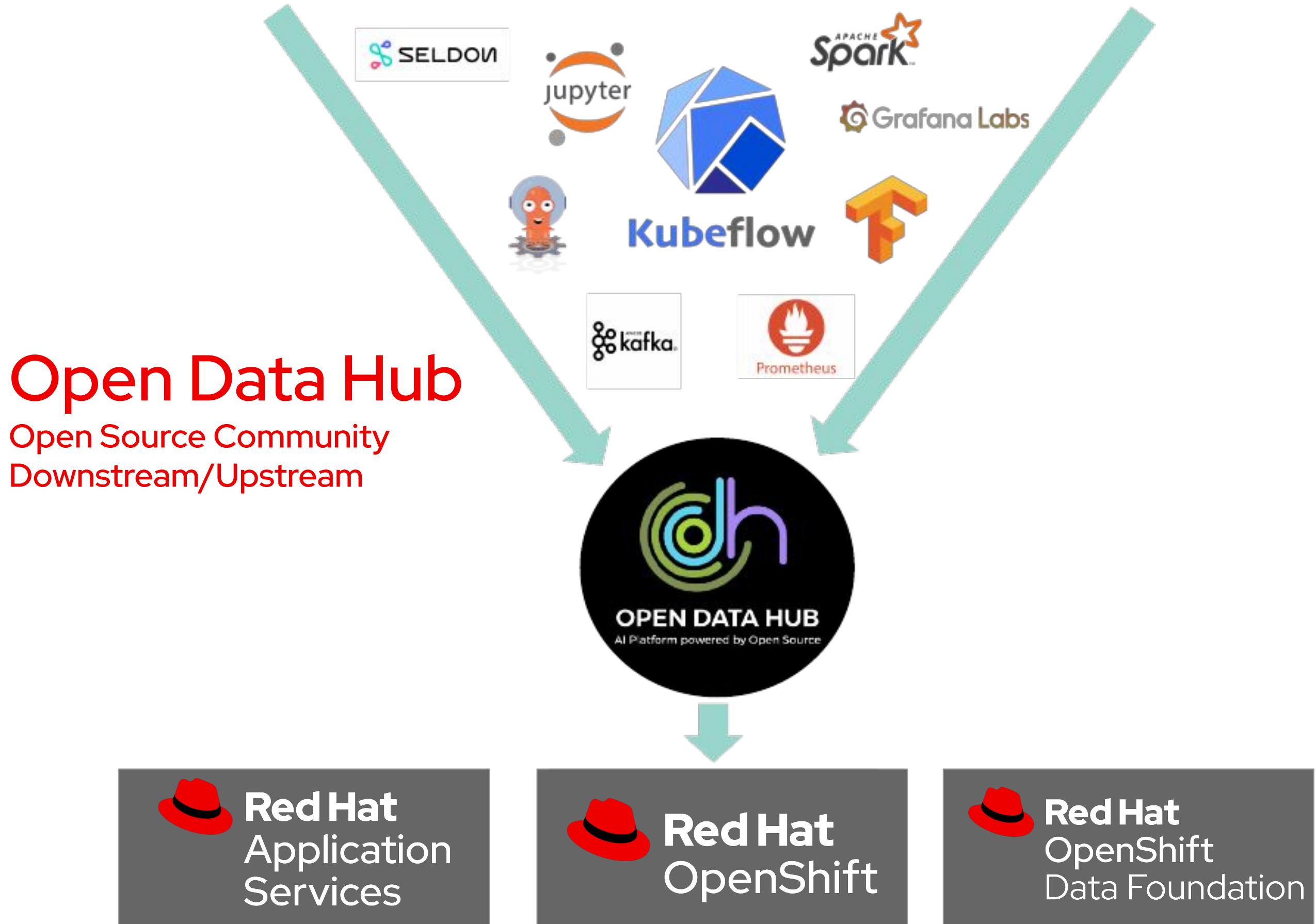


[@kehoste](https://twitter.com/kehoste)

# What we'll discuss today...

- ➔ Context and Background
- ➔ The problem
- ➔ The solution
- ➔ Demo
- ➔ How to...

# Context



## Goals

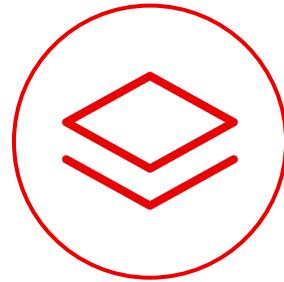
- Provide an end-to-end AI/ML platform on OpenShift
- One stop easy operator deployment for the platform on OCP
- Provide Tools for each stage in the AI/ML platform and for all AI/ML user personas optimized for OpenShift
- Provide monitoring tools for model and services used by DevOps
- Provide development tools for Data Scientists
- Provide ETL tools used by Data Engineers
- AI/ML pipelines and long processing tasks.



<https://www.operate-first.cloud/apps/content/odh/README.html>

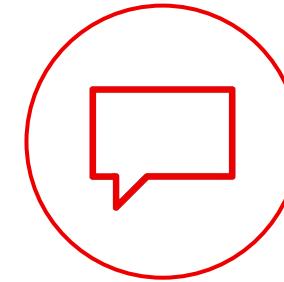
## Red Hat OpenShift Data Science

Addressing AI/ML experimentation and integration use cases on a managed platform



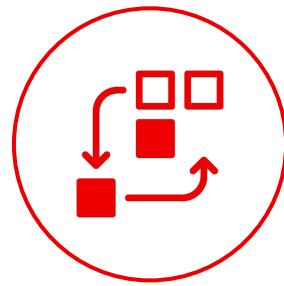
### Cloud Service

Available on Red Hat OpenShift Dedicated (AWS) and Red Hat OpenShift Service on AWS



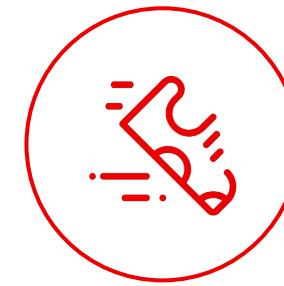
### Increased capabilities/collaboration

Combines Red Hat components, open source software, and ISV certified software available on Red Hat Marketplace



### Core data science workflow

Provides data scientists and intelligent application developers the ability to build, train, and deploy ML models

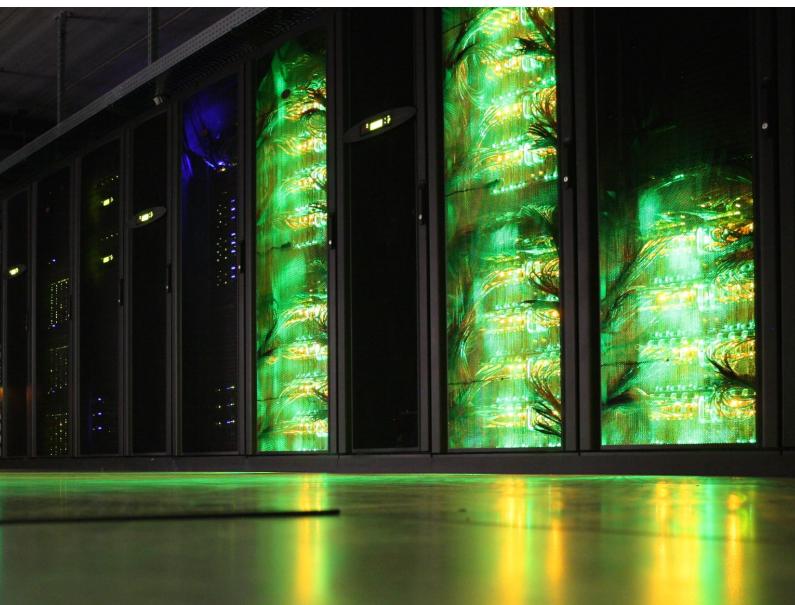


### Rapid experimentation use cases

Model outputs are hosted on the Red Hat OpenShift managed service or exported for integration into an intelligent application

## High-Performance Computing (HPC) a.k.a. supercomputing

- **Large-scale compute** infrastructure, incl. shared filesystem(s), **fast network**, GPUs, ...
- **Multi-tenant**: typically 100s to 1000s of users per system
- Used across **wide range of scientific domains**
- Used for **variety of workloads**: simulations, data science, ML, AI, ...
- Strong focus on **performance**, scaling, ...
- Basically **100% GNU/Linux** nowadays!
- Should be easy to use by scientists ...
- Beyond classic HPC ⇒ scientific computing



# Background

## HPC since the 80's

- 1,000x increase in computing power **every ~12 years** since 1985
- Now in (or close to) **exascale era**:  $> 10^{18}$  floating-point operations per sec. (FLOPS)
- Traditional workloads: **simulation** (physics, weather, ...)
- Modern workloads are **more diverse**: bioinformatics, AI, data science, ...
- Significant part of compute time is still consumed by software written in **Fortran!**



Cray-2 (1985)



ASCI Red (1997)



Jaguar (2009)



Mare Nostrum 4 (2017)



Fugaku (2020)

## The HPC user experience

- Typical usage: **SSH** to login nodes, submit scripts to job scheduler ([Slurm](#)), results on disk
- Interaction mostly via **Linux shell command line interface**
- Modern interfaces are gaining traction: [Open OnDemand](#) web portal

```
▶ ssh vsc40023@login.hpc.ugent.be
Last login: Tue Jan  8 19:29:07 2019 from gligarha01.gastly.os

STEVIN HPC-UGent infrastructure status on Tue, 08 Jan 2019 19:20:01

cluster - full - free - part - total - running - queued
          nodes  nodes   free   nodes    jobs    jobs

-----
golett    71      0    128    200    N/A    N/A
phanpy    15      1      0     16    N/A    N/A
swalot    46      0     42    128    N/A    N/A
skitty    63      0      1     72    N/A    N/A
victini   57      0     32     96    N/A    N/A

For a full view of the current loads and queues see:
http://hpc.ugent.be/clusterstate/
Updates on maintenance and unscheduled downtime can be found on
https://www.vscenrtum.be/en/user-portal/system-status

-bash-4.2$ hostname
gligar05.gastly.os
-bash-4.2$
```

# Background



Using containers on HPC infrastructure remains challenging ...

- Leveraging **special-purpose hardware** (GPUs, interconnect, ...)
- **Avoid sacrificing performance for mobility-of-compute**
- Growing **diversity** in hardware resources (Intel, AMD, Arm, NVIDIA, ...)
- Large **variety** of workloads and user profiles
- Someone needs to (re)build the container image(s) you need!

# The problem

## The on-demand notebook example

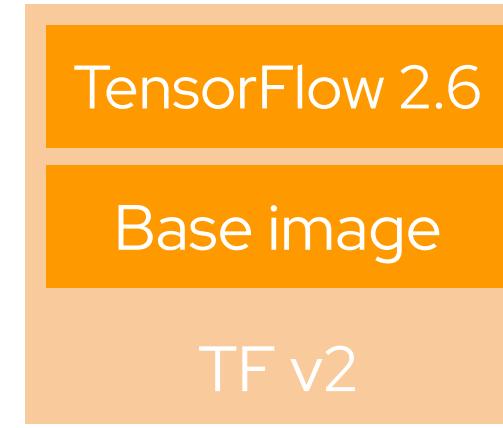
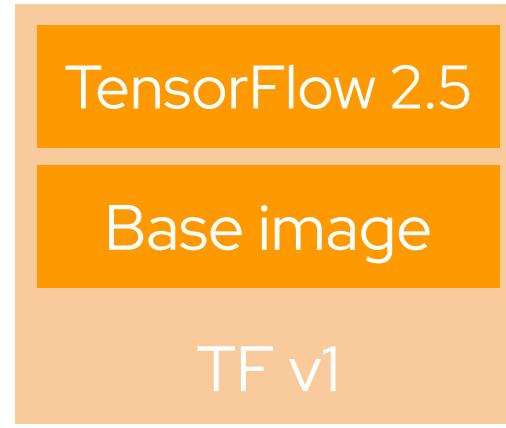


The “base” container image includes:

- Python at a specific version
- Some useful libraries and applications
- Jupyter with pre-defined extensions

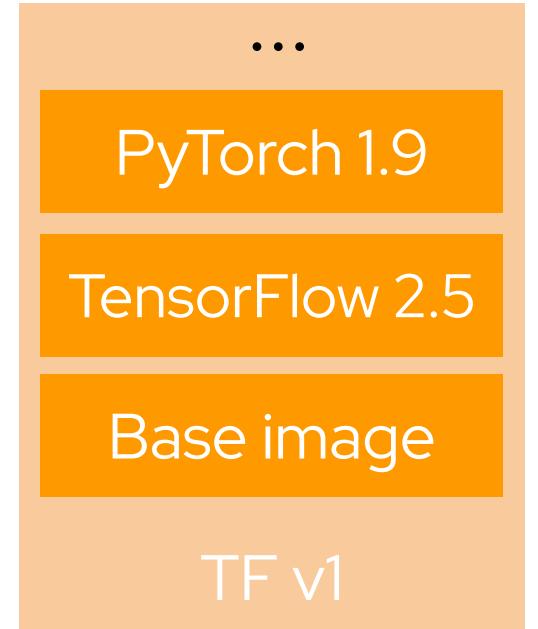
# The problem

## Users want more, what to do?

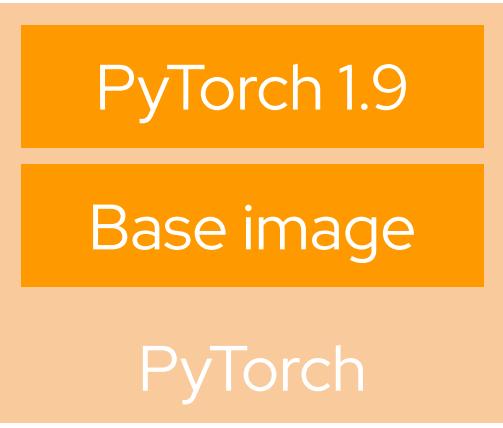
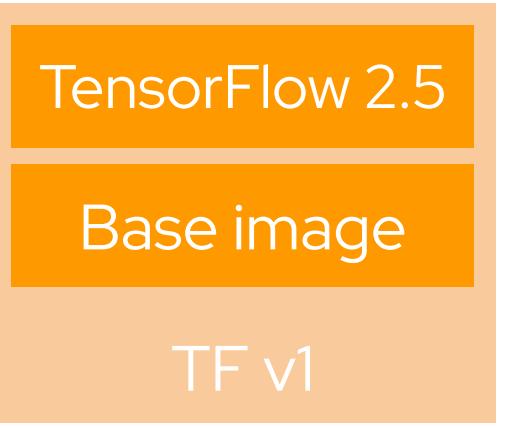


Multiple versions => Multiple images

...

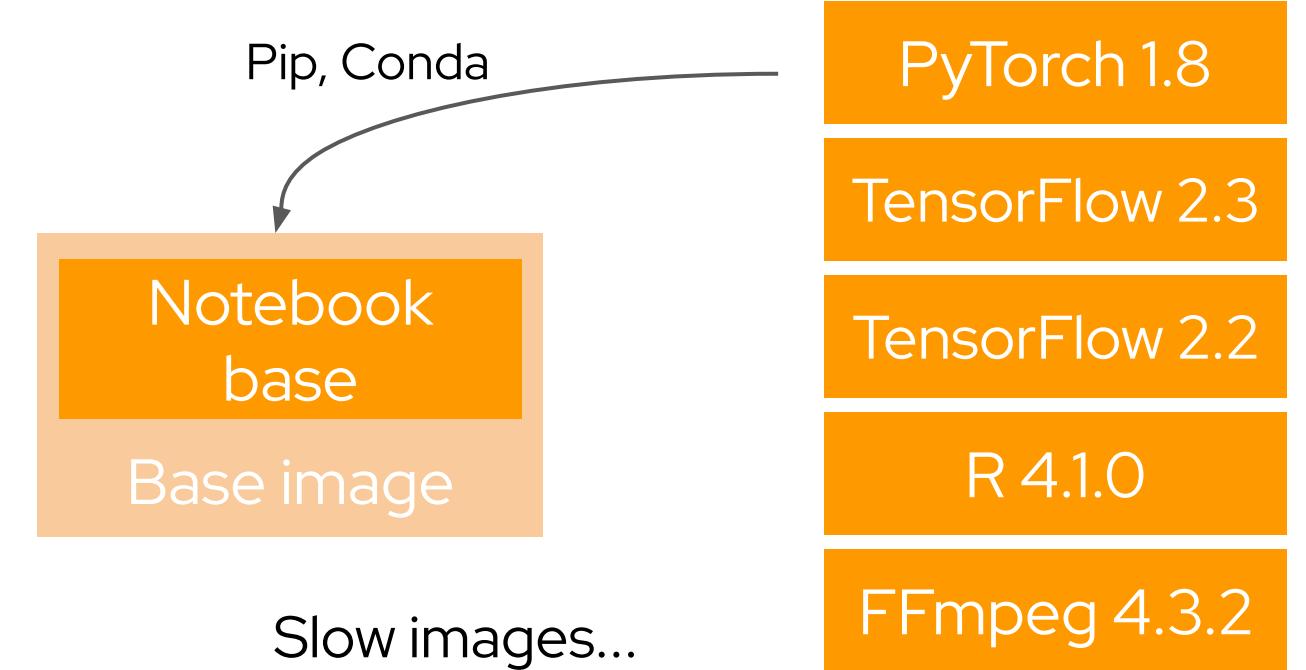


Overweight images...



Multiple tools => Multiple images

...



Slow images...

# The problem

Users want more, what to do?

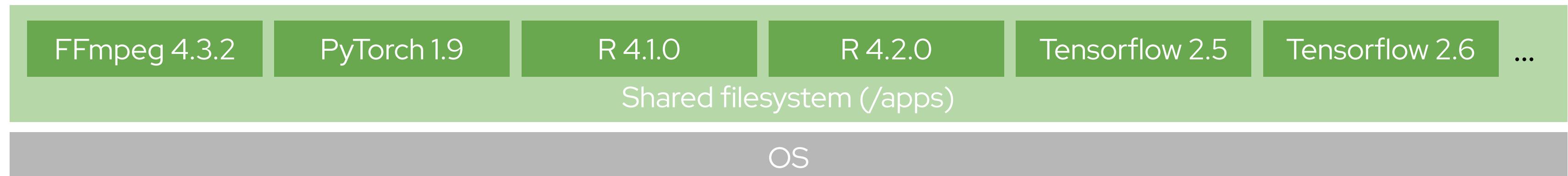


PromCon  
North America 2021



## HPC systems usually provide a **central software stack**

- Software installed in a **non-standard location** on a shared filesystem (like / apps)
- Collection of **100's-1000's of installations** (diff. software, versions, compilers)
- **Separate directory** for each software installation (different applications/versions/...)
- Provided software is **optimized for system architecture**
- Software is **built from source** where possible (to ensure good performance)
- **Additional installations are added** on-demand, or as new versions are released



## Easy access to central software stack using **environment modules**

- Traditional way to **let users** of HPC systems **manage their environment**
- Shell-agnostic **module files** specify what to change in shell environment
- **module command** to check for available modules, (un)load modules, ...
- Two main implementations:



- Evolution of original implementation in Tcl
- Module files written in Tcl
- Actively developed & maintained
- Less popular, but default in RHEL-based OSs
- <http://modules.sourceforge.net>
- Modern implementation in Lua
- Module files written in Lua or Tcl
- Actively developed & maintained
- Developed for hierarchical modules
- Most popular (>85% of systems)
- <https://lmod.readthedocs.io>

### Modules: Providing a Flexible User Environment

John L. Furlani

June 29, 1991

# The solution

## Environment modules: example

```
ssh example@supercomputer

$ example --version
-bash: example: command not found

$ module use /apps/modules

$ module avail example
---- /apps/modules ----
example/1.2.3

$ module load example/1.2.3

$ example --version
1.2.3
```

Contents of /apps/modules/example/1.2.3.lua:

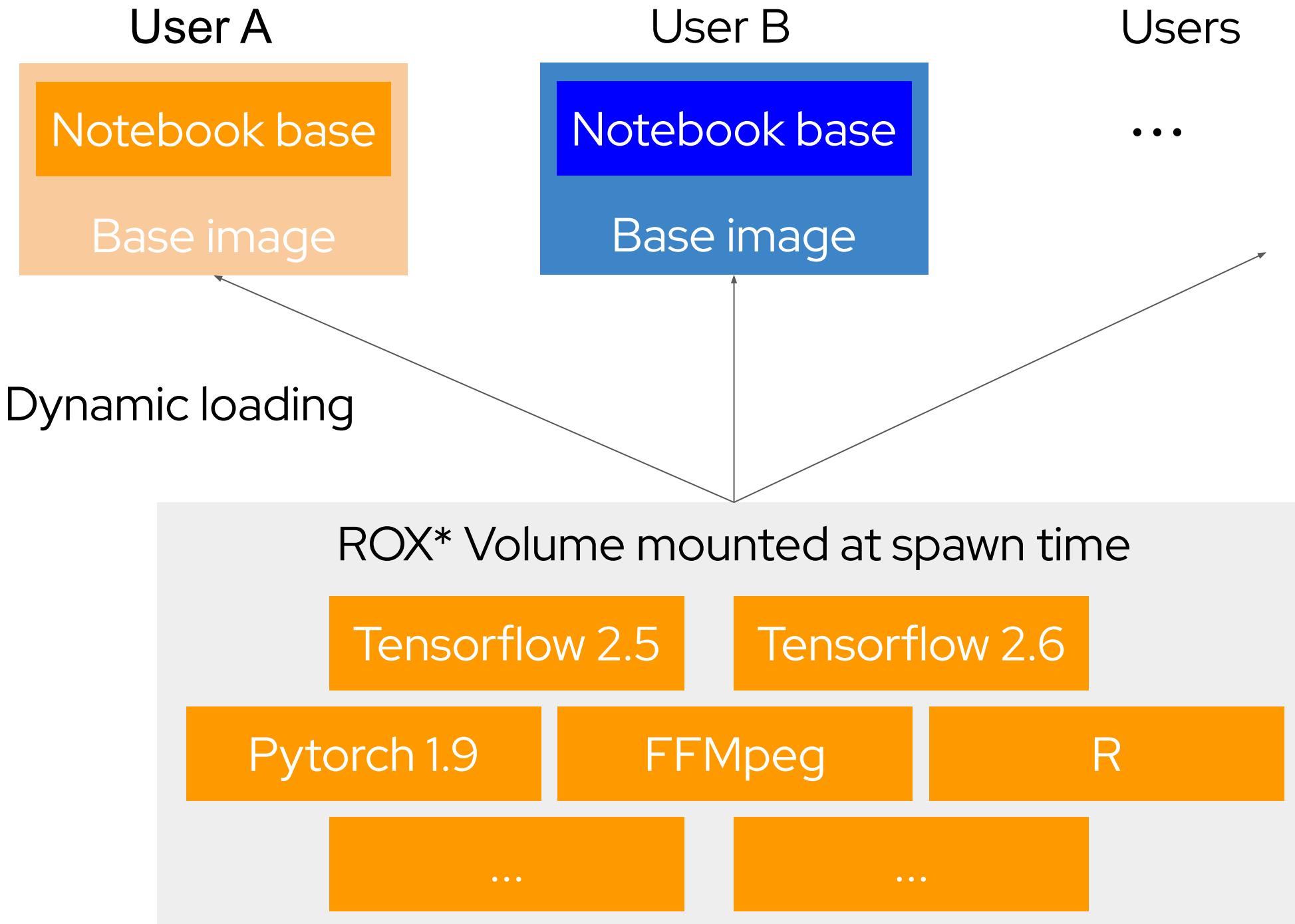
```
local root = "/apps/software/example/1.2.3"
prepend_path("PATH", pathJoin(root, "bin"))
prepend_path("LD_LIBRARY_PATH", pathJoin(root, "lib"))
prepend_path("LIBRARY_PATH", pathJoin(root, lib"))
prepend_path("PYTHONPATH", pathJoin(root, "lib/python3.9/site-packages"))
setenv("EXAMPLE_ROOT", root)
setenv("EXAMPLE_VERSION", "1.2.3")
setenv("EXAMPLE_ENABLE_DEBUG_OUTPUT", "1")
```

# The solution

## So let's use environment modules!



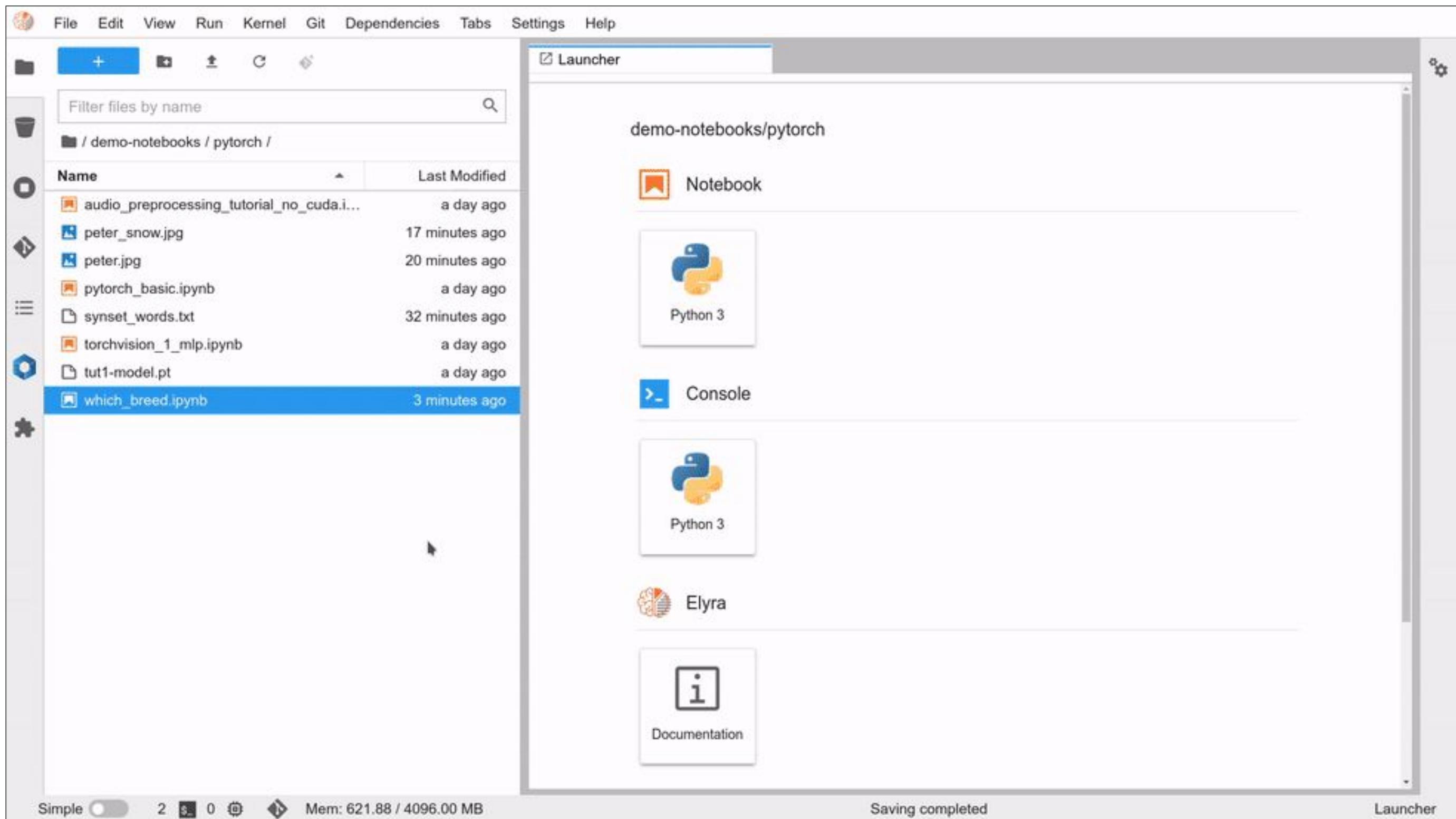
**ODH**  
**Highlander**



\*ROX: Read-Only Many, a volume that can be mounted simultaneously into many containers

# The solution

# DEMO





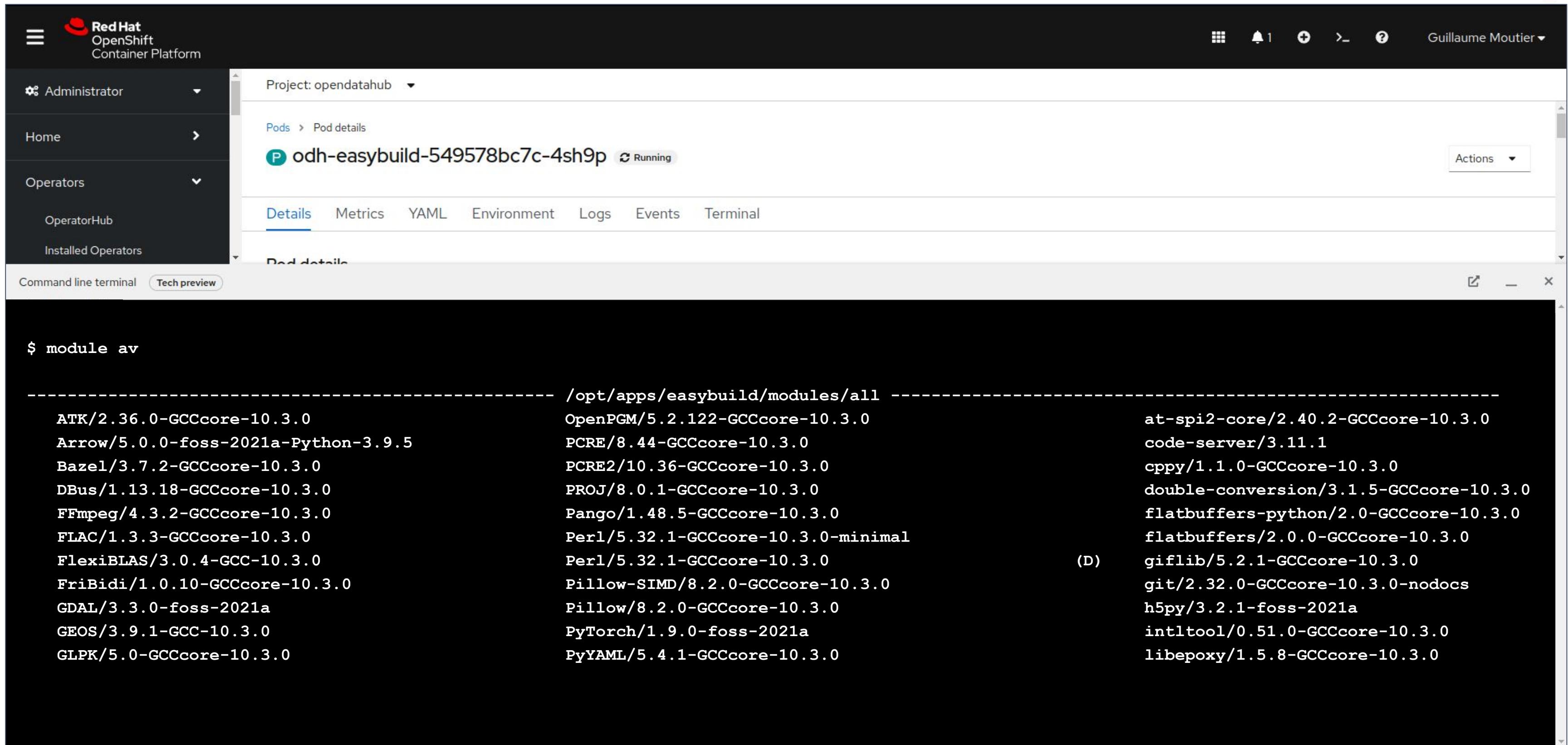
- Tool to **get scientific software installed** (preferably from source), incl. module files
- Focus on **Linux & HPC** systems, specific attention to **performance**
- Implemented in **Python**, integrates with environment modules tool
- In active development **since 2009**, available as open source software for 10 years
- **GPLv2** license, available via **GitHub** and **PyPI**
- Support for different compiler toolchains + over 2,600 (scientific) software packages (excl. versions, extensions)
- Created by HPC-UGent team, now supported & developed by a **worldwide community**...

Example: installing TensorFlow (from source) with  easybuild

```
ssh example@supercomputer
$ eb TensorFlow-2.6.0-foss-2021a-CUDA-11.3.1.eb
...
== building and installing TensorFlow/2.6.0-foss-2021a-CUDA-11.3.1...
...
== configuring...
== building...
== testing...
== installing...
...
== creating module...
...
== COMPLETED: Installation ended successfully

$ module load TensorFlow/2.6.0-foss-2021a-CUDA-11.3.1
$ python tensorflow_cat_or_dog.py
Tensors are flowing...
```

# DEMO



\$ module av

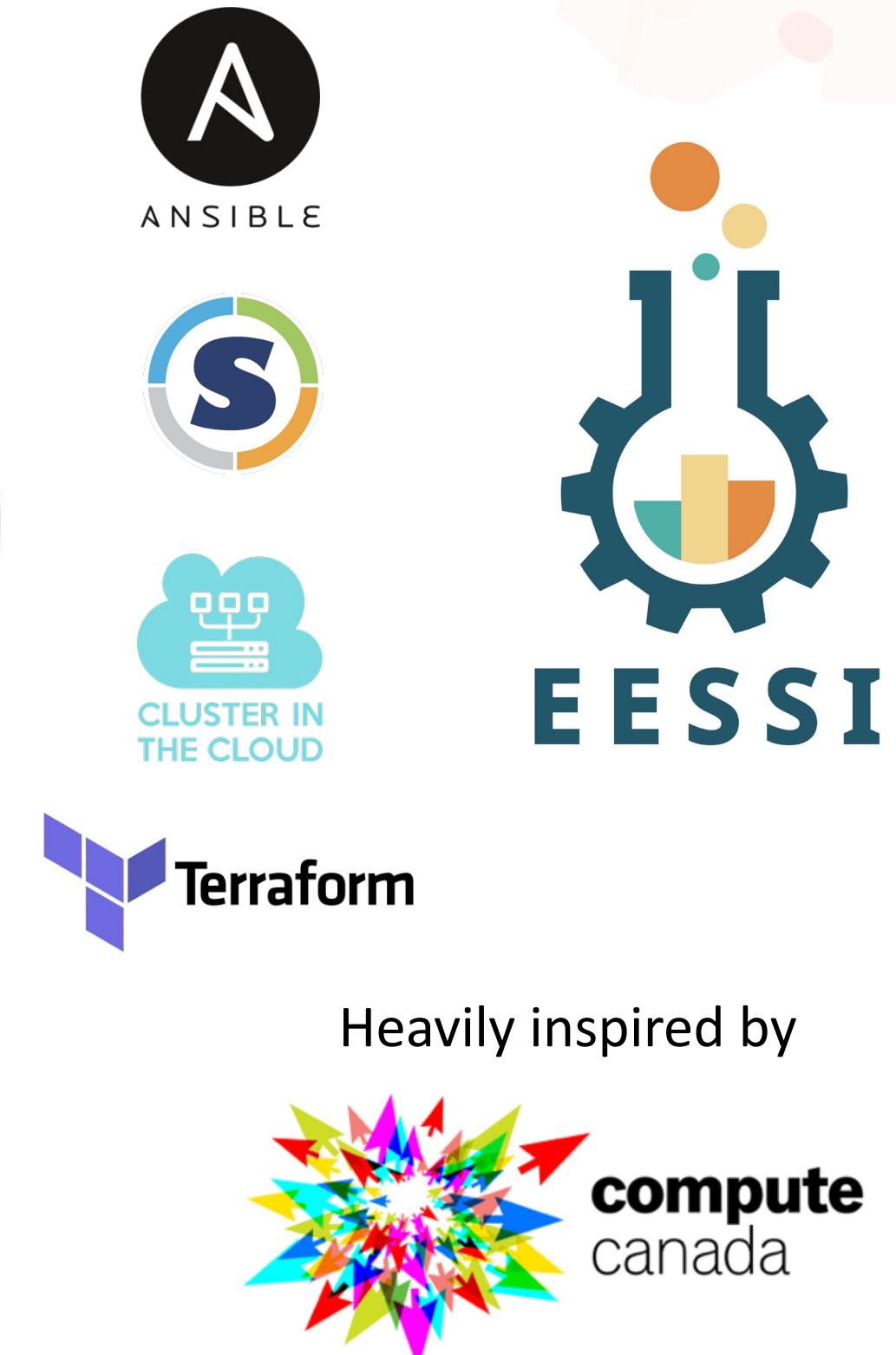
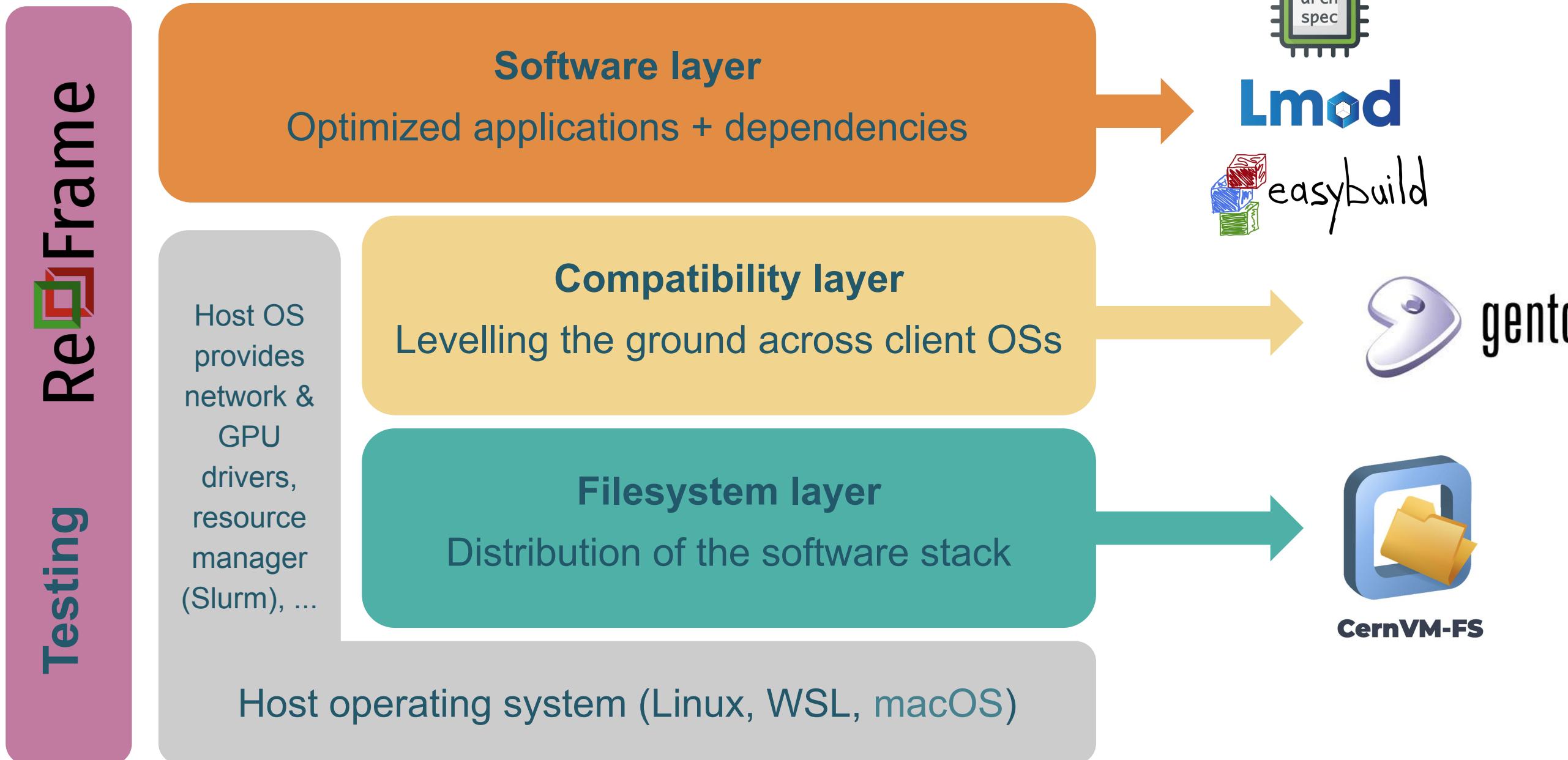
```
----- /opt/apps/easybuild/modules/all -----
ATK/2.36.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
Arrow/5.0.0-foss-2021a-Python-3.9.5
Bazel/3.7.2-GCCcore-10.3.0
DBus/1.13.18-GCCcore-10.3.0
FFmpeg/4.3.2-GCCcore-10.3.0
FLAC/1.3.3-GCCcore-10.3.0
FlexiBLAS/3.0.4-GCC-10.3.0
FriBidi/1.0.10-GCCcore-10.3.0
GDAL/3.3.0-foss-2021a
GEOS/3.9.1-GCC-10.3.0
GLPK/5.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
OpenPGM/5.2.122-GCCcore-10.3.0
PCRE/8.44-GCCcore-10.3.0
PCRE2/10.36-GCCcore-10.3.0
PROJ/8.0.1-GCCcore-10.3.0
Pango/1.48.5-GCCcore-10.3.0
Perl/5.32.1-GCCcore-10.3.0-minimal
Perl/5.32.1-GCCcore-10.3.0
Pillow-SIMD/8.2.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
Pillow/8.2.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
PyTorch/1.9.0-foss-2021a
PyYAML/5.4.1-GCCcore-10.3.0
at-spi2-core/2.40.2-GCCcore-10.3.0
code-server/3.11.1
cppy/1.1.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
double-conversion/3.1.5-GCCcore-10.3.0
flatbuffers-python/2.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
flatbuffers/2.0.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
giflib/5.2.1-GCCcore-10.3.0
git/2.32.0-GCCcore-10.3.0-nodocs
h5py/3.2.1-foss-2021a
intltool/0.51.0-GCCcore-10.3.0
libepoxy/1.5.8-GCCcore-10.3.0
```

# Future work



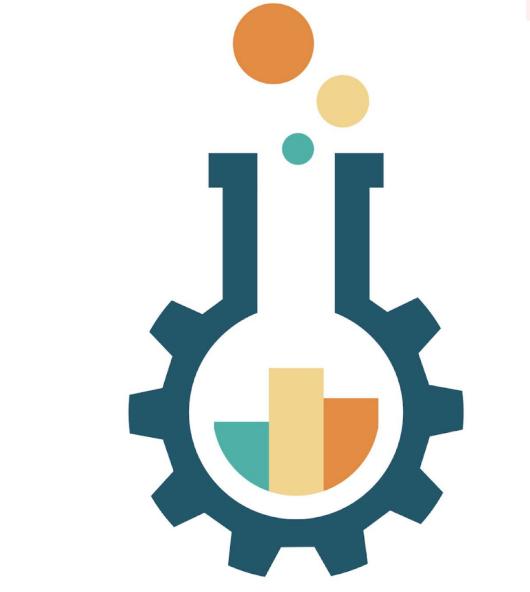
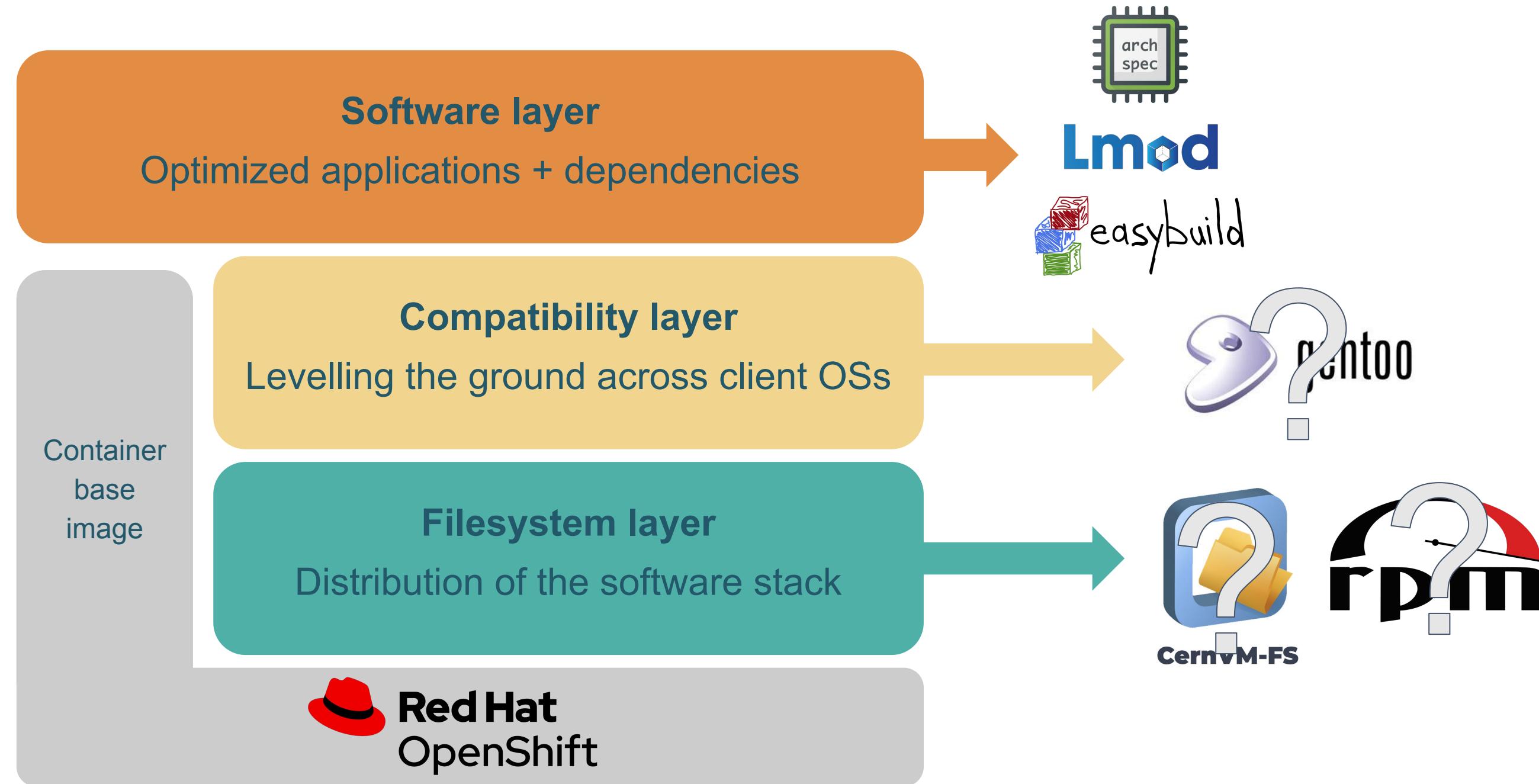
- **European Environment for Scientific Software Installations (EESSI)**
- Collaborative project, by and for the computational science community
- **Shared central stack of (optimized) scientific software installations**
- Uniform way of providing software to users, regardless of system they use
- Should work regardless of OS and system architecture (HPC, cloud, ...)
- Focus on **performance, automation, testing, collaboration**

# Future work - EESSI, built with FOSS tools



Proof-of-concept is working, looking for funding to make EESSI a reliable service...

# Future work - Open Data Hub Highlander



Repository of  
curated pre-compiled  
modules

# References

- Open Data Hub: [opendatahub.io](https://opendatahub.io)
- OpenShift Data Science: [red.ht/datascience](https://red.ht/datascience)
- Operate First: [operate-first.cloud](https://operate-first.cloud)
- ODH-Highlander: [odh-highlander.github.io](https://odh-highlander.github.io)
- Environment modules: [modules.sourceforge.net](https://modules.sourceforge.net)
- Lmod environment modules tool: [lmod.readthedocs.io](https://lmod.readthedocs.io)
- EasyBuild: [easybuild.io](https://easybuild.io) - [dx.doi.org/10.1109/HUST.2014.8](https://dx.doi.org/10.1109/HUST.2014.8)
- EESSI project: [eessi-hpc.org](https://eessi-hpc.org) - [eessi.github.io/docs](https://eessi.github.io/docs) - [dx.doi.org/10.1002/spe.3075](https://dx.doi.org/10.1002/spe.3075)
- How To Make Package Managers Cry:  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NSemIYaqjIU>



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# Questions are welcome!

Guillaume Moutier, Red Hat: [gmoutier@redhat.com](mailto:gmoutier@redhat.com)

<https://www.redhat.com>



@guimou



@GuimouN7

Kenneth Hoste, Ghent University: [kenneth.hoste@ugent.be](mailto:kenneth.hoste@ugent.be)

<https://www.ugent.be/hpc>



@boegel



@kehoste