



*Go Over the Edge at*  
**FILES FALLS**



LEVEL 3

FILES FALLS

# OBJECTIVE: TRAIN SYSTEM STATUS

We want to print a list of running and stopped trains for passengers

1



2



3



4



5



6



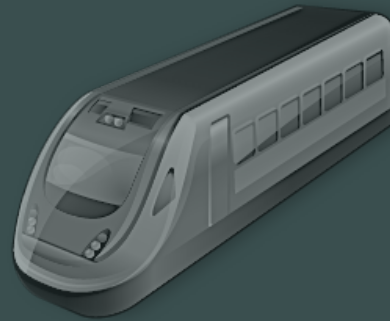
7



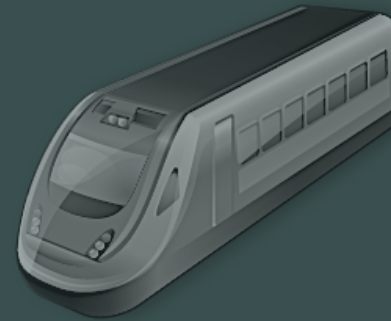
8



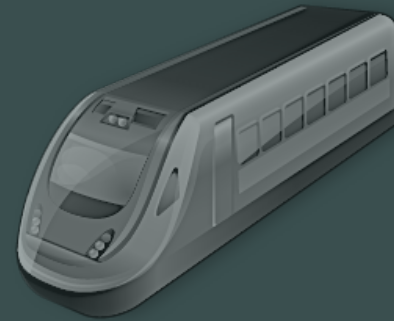
9



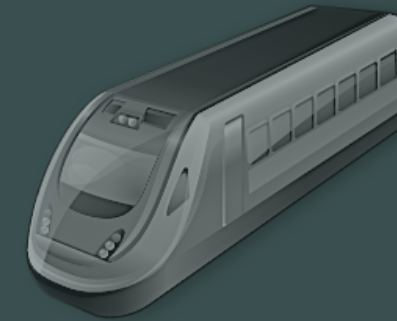
10



11



12



# WHICH TRAINS ARE RUNNING?

We need a printout for each train since each train number is unique

```
> "Train #" + 1 + " is running."
```

```
→ "Train #1 is running."
```

```
> "Train #" + 2 + " is running."
```

```
→ "Train #2 is running."
```

```
> "Train #" + 3 + " is running."
```

```
→ "Train #3 is running."
```

*And on and on and on ... wow,  
this sucks with significance.*



# RUNNING JAVASCRIPT IN AN HTML FILE

## Embedding code that signals which JavaScript file to use

index.html

The `<script>` tag says "YO, we want some JavaScript code executed!"

These dots just mean that a bunch of html code exists here to handle other parts of the website.

```
<html>
<header>
<script src="trains.js"></script>
</header>
<body>
<h1>JAVASCRIPT EXPRESS!</h1>
...
</body>
</html>
```

The `src` signals which file our runnable JS code is in. In this case, let's call our file `trains.js`.

Remember to turn off your 'script' tag!



# SO NOW, WHAT IS THAT TRAINS.JS FILE?

Building a file of JavaScript code that can be used repeatedly by our site

*You can use your favorite simple text-based editor to make any .js file.*

trains.js

Our JavaScript code for printing the running trains will go in here!

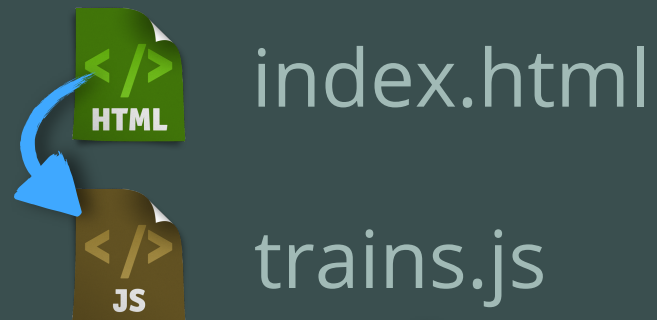
*Inside the file, we write the JavaScript code that we want to be executed when the index.html file reaches our script tag.*



# WHERE DO THESE FILES GO?

Adding our files to an appropriate location

 **root/**



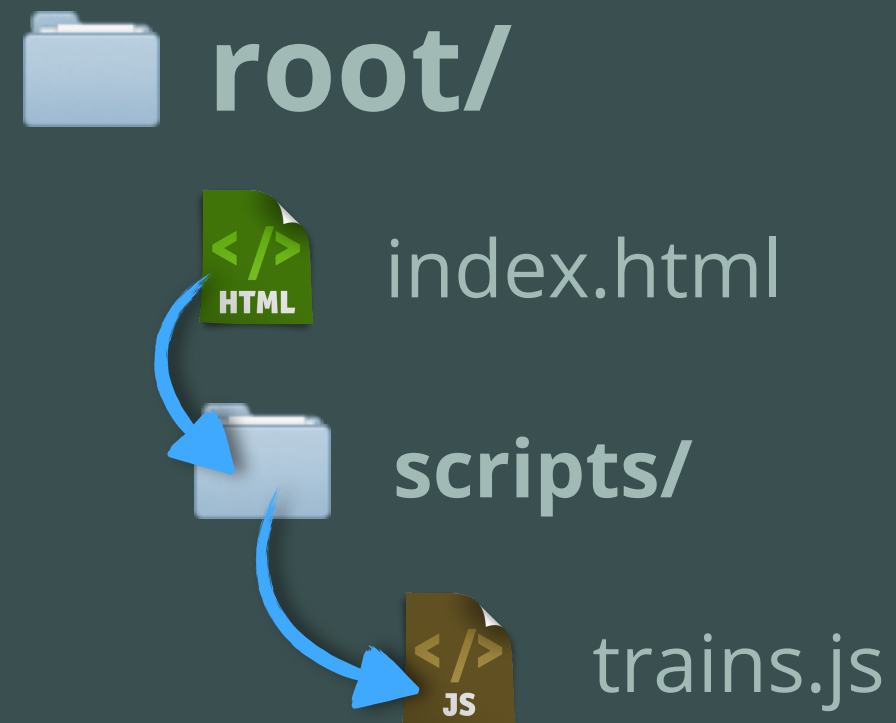
So that our `src = "trains.js"` code works correctly, we'd need to place our `trains.js` file in the same directory as the `index.html` file.

```
<html>
<header>
<script src="trains.js"></script>
</header>
<body>
<h1>JAVASCRIPT EXPRESS!</h1>
...
</body>
</html>
```



# STAYING ORGANIZED AS YOU CODE

Many websites will keep all scripts in descriptive locations



```
<html>
<header>
<script src="scripts/trains.js"></script>
</header>
<body>
<h1>JAVASCRIPT EXPRESS!</h1>
...
</body>
</html>
```

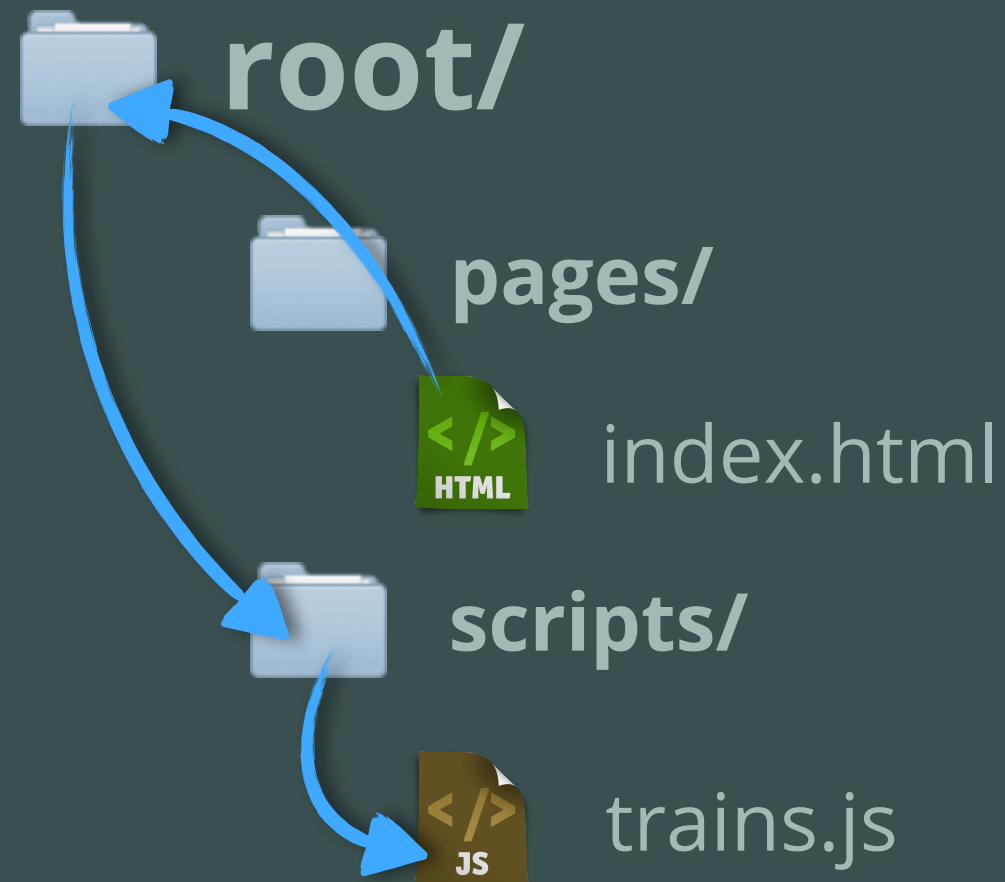
This syntax says to index.html, first go down to the scripts folder, and there you'll find the train.js file.





# LINK SYNTAX FOR DISTANT FILES

Staying organized means we'd have to be more detailed on our src links.



```
<html>
<header>
<script src="../../scripts/trains.js"></script>
</header>
<body>
<h1>JAVASCRIPT EXPRESS!</h1>
...
</body>
</html>
```

The double-dot syntax indicates to "go up a folder." This first takes the path back to the root folder, and then takes it down to the scripts folder, where our train.js is found.



# TRYING SOME CODE IN A FILE

Let's try executing a few console-style expressions.

trains.js

```
"Train #" + 1 + " is running."  
"Train #" + 2 + " is running."  
"Train #" + 3 + " is running."
```



Something's up! The compiler doesn't understand what we've placed in our file in the same way that the console does.

→ ERROR



# BUILDING STATEMENTS IN FILES

We need a way to differentiate between executable statements

So here's our Console Entry:

```
> var trainsOperational = 8
```

But guess what? If we enter multiple console statements to execute in one file...

```
var trainsOperational = 8  
trainsOperational = trainsOperational + 4  
"There are " + trainsOperational + " running trains."
```

USE SAME CODE  
DEMONSTRATING  
COMPILER  
INTERPRETATION

...it is interpreted by the compiler pretty much like this utter nonsense:

```
var trainsOperational = 8trainsOperational = trainsOperational +  
4"There are " trainsOperational + " running trains."
```



# ENTER SEMICOLONS!

We like semicolons; they do not suck.

Console Entry

```
> var trainsOperational = 8
```

File Entry

```
var trainsOperational = 8;
```

Add a semicolon in files to tell the compiler where statements end.

Multiple executable statements are all separated by semicolons

wootForSemicolons.js

```
var trainsOperational = 8;  
trainsOperational = trainsOperational + 4;  
"There are " + trainsOperational + " running trains.";
```

No error, but now our output is blank? No printed string? What's up?

→ (blank) ❌



# PRINTING FROM A FILE TO THE CONSOLE

The `console.log()` method outputs results of code operations in files

```
var totalTrains = 12;  
var trainsOperational = 8;
```

Place expression inside the enclosing parentheses of the `console.log()` method

```
console.log("There are " + trainsOperational + " running trains.");
```

There are 8 running trains.

Notice now that we get the actual String contents, with no quote notation.

```
console.log(trainsOperational == totalTrains);
```

The `console.log()` returns the results of any expression we want printed.

false

"We need a way to printed out to the console.log method to the console. Wh



# USING `console.log()` IN `TRAINS.JS`

Now we can print out every running train.

`trains.js`

```
console.log("Train #" + 1 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 2 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 3 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 4 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 5 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 6 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 7 + " is running.");  
console.log("Train #" + 8 + " is running.");
```

Train #1 is running.  
Train #2 is running.  
Train #3 is running.  
Train #4 is running.  
Train #5 is running.  
Train #6 is running.  
Train #7 is running.  
Train #8 is running.



Combine semicolons to separate executable statements, and the `console.log()` method to get results printed to the console, and we have a winner!...sort of.



# OUR CURRENT TRAIN STATUS SYSTEM

index.html

```
<html>
<header>
<script src="trains.js" />
</header>
<body>
<h1>JAVASCRIPT EXPRESS!</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

trains.js

```
console.log("Train #" + 1 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 2 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 3 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 4 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 5 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 6 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 7 + " is running.");
console.log("Train #" + 8 + " is running.");
```



We still haven't solved that  
repetitive code issue!

