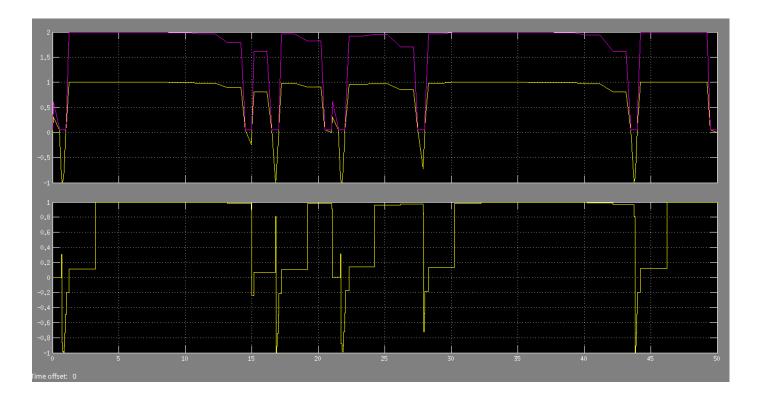
vsfunc.m

采样时间采用的是变步长

```
function [sys, x0, str, ts, simStateCompliance] = vsfunc(t, x, u, flag)
%VSFUNC Variable step S-function example.
   This example S-function illustrates how to create a variable step
   block in Simulink. This block implements a variable step delay
   in which the first input is delayed by an amount of time determined
  by the second input:
%
%
%
    dt
            = u(2)
%
    y(t+dt) = u(t)
%
%
   See also SFUNTMPL, CSFUNC, DSFUNC.
%
   Copyright 1990-2009 The MathWorks, Inc.
%
   $Revision: 1.1.6.1 $
%
% The following outlines the general structure of an S-function.
switch flag,
 % Initialization %
 case 0,
   [sys, x0, str, ts, simStateCompliance]=mdlInitializeSizes;
 % Update %
 case 2,
   sys=mdlUpdate(t,x,u);
 % Outputs %
 sys=mdlOutputs(t,x,u);
 % GetTimeOfNextVarHit %
 case 4,
   sys=mdlGetTimeOfNextVarHit(t,x,u);
 % Terminate %
 case 9,
   sys=mdlTerminate(t,x,u);
```

```
% Unhandled flags %
 case 1,
   sys = [];
 % Unexpected flags %
 otherwise
   DAStudio.error('Simulink:blocks:unhandledFlag', num2str(flag));
end
% end sfuntmpl
% mdlInitializeSizes
% Return the sizes, initial conditions, and sample times for the S-function.
function [sys, x0, str, ts, simStateCompliance]=mdlInitializeSizes
%
% call simsizes for a sizes structure, fill it in and convert it to a
% sizes array
sizes = simsizes;
sizes.NumContStates = 0;
sizes.NumDiscStates = 1;
sizes.NumOutputs
                   = 1;
sizes.NumInputs
                   = 2;
sizes.DirFeedthrough = 1;
                          % at least one sample time is needed
sizes.NumSampleTimes = 1;
sys = simsizes(sizes);
% initialize the initial conditions
x0 = [0];
% str is always an empty matrix
str = [];
% initialize the array of sample times
ts = [-2 \ 0];
             % variable sample time
% speicfy that the simState for this s-function is same as the default
simStateCompliance = 'DefaultSimState';
% end mdlInitializeSizes
%
```

```
% mdlUpdate
% Handle discrete state updates, sample time hits, and major time step
% requirements.
%
function sys=mdlUpdate(t,x,u)
sys = u(1);
% end mdlUpdate
%
% mdlOutputs
% Return the block outputs.
%
function sys=mdlOutputs(t,x,u)
sys = x(1);
% end mdlOutputs
%
% mdlGetTimeOfNextVarHit
% Return the time of the next hit for this block. Note that the result is
% absolute time.
function sys=mdlGetTimeOfNextVarHit(t,x,u)
sys = t + u(2);
% end mdlGetTimeOfNextVarHit
% mdlTerminate
% Perform any end of simulation tasks.
function sys=mdlTerminate(t,x,u)
sys = [];
% end mdlTerminate
```

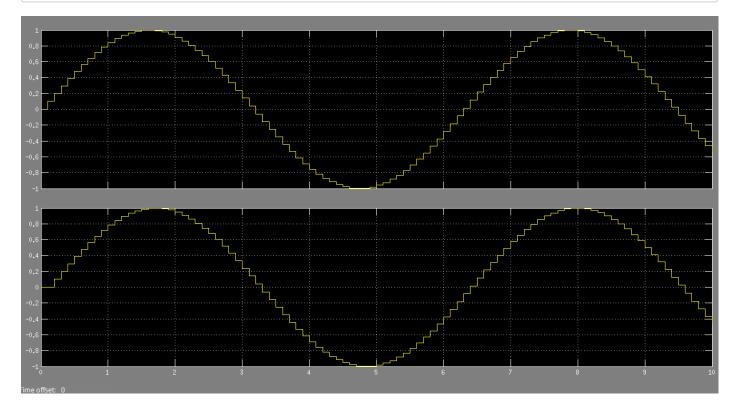


sfuncdsc1.m

继承采样时间

```
function [sys,x0,str,ts,simStateCompliance] = sfundsc1(t,x,u,flaq)
%SFUNDSC1 Example memory MATLAB file S-function with inherited sample time
   This MATLAB file S-function is an example of how to implement an
%
   inherited sample time S-function which has state. The actual sample
% time will be determined by what is driving this S-function. It may
  be continuous or discrete. This S-function uses one discrete state
   element as storage such that the previous input is provided at the
%
%
   output.
%
%
   See sfuntmpl.m for a general S-function template.
%
%
   See also SFUNTMPL.
   Copyright 1990-2009 The MathWorks, Inc.
%
   $Revision: 1.1.6.2 $
switch flag,
  % Initialization %
  case 0,
   [sys, x0, str, ts, simStateCompliance]=mdlInitializeSizes;
  % Update %
  case 2,
   sys = mdlUpdate(t, x, u);
```

```
% Output %
 case 3,
   sys = mdlOutputs(t, x, u);
 % Terminate %
 case 9,
   sys = [];
 otherwise
    DAStudio.error('Simulink:blocks:unhandledFlag', num2str(flag));
end
%end sfundsc1
% mdlInitializeSizes
% Return the sizes, initial conditions, and sample times for the S-function.
function [sys, x0, str, ts, simStateCompliance]=mdlInitializeSizes
sizes = simsizes;
sizes.NumContStates = 0;
sizes.NumDiscStates = 1;
sizes.NumOutputs
                   = 1;
sizes.NumInputs
                   = 1;
sizes.DirFeedthrough = 0;
sizes.NumSampleTimes = 1;
sys = simsizes(sizes);
x0 = 0;
str = [];
ts = [-1 0]; % Inherited sample time
% speicfy that the simState for this s-function is same as the default
simStateCompliance = 'DefaultSimState';
% end mdlInitializeSizes
% mdlUpdate
% Handle discrete state updates, sample time hits, and major time step
% requirements.
function sys = mdlUpdate(t,x,u)
svs = u;
%end mdlUpdate
%=
```

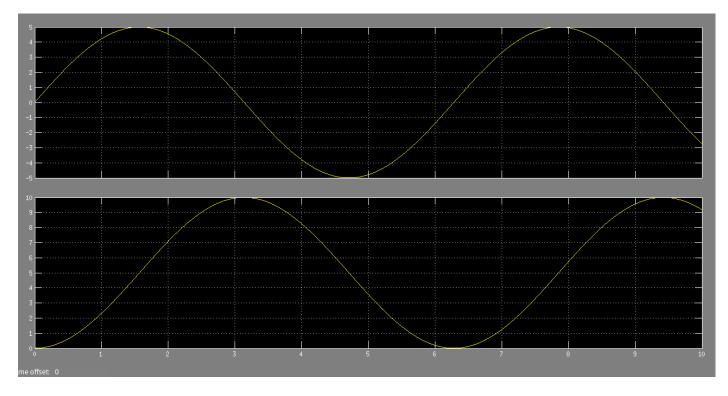


mdlUpdate更新一个离散信号并把值传给它的状态x mdlOutputs输出一个信号的状态即x

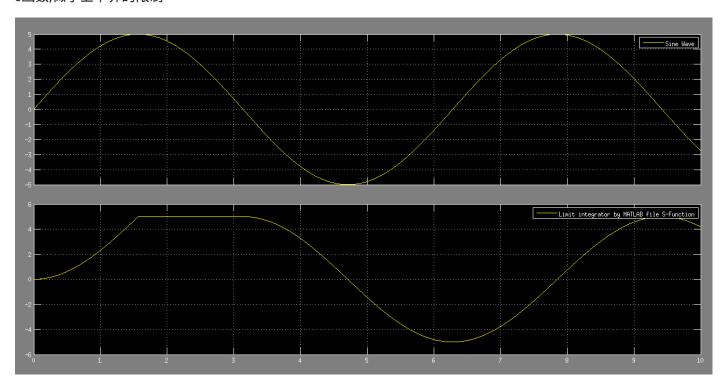
limintm.m

```
% Update and Terminate %
 case [2,9]
   sys = []; % do nothing
 0/0/0/0/0/0/0/0/0/0/0/
 % Output %
 case 3
   sys = mdlOutputs(t, x, u);
 otherwise
   DAStudio.error('Simulink:blocks:unhandledFlag', num2str(flag));
end
function [sys,x0,str,ts,simStateCompliance] = mdlInitializeSizes(lb,ub,xi)
sizes = simsizes;
sizes.NumContStates = 1;
sizes.NumDiscStates = 0;
                    = 1;
sizes.NumOutputs
sizes.NumInputs
sizes.DirFeedthrough = 0;
sizes.NumSampleTimes = 1;
sys = simsizes(sizes);
str = [];
x0 = xi;
ts = [0 0]; % sample time: [period, offset]
function sys = mdlDerivatives(t, x, u, lb, ub)
if (x \le 1b \& u < 0) | (x \ge ub \& u > 0)
 sys = 0;
else
  sys = u;
end
function sys = mdloutputs(t,x,u)
sys = x;
```

```
lb = -5.0
ub = 5.0
xi = 0
正常sin函数的积分
```



s函数,做了上下界的限制



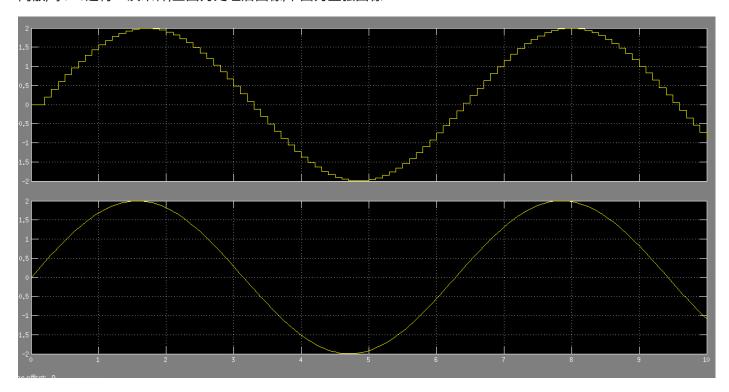
sfuncdsc2.m

```
function [sys,x0,str,ts,simStateCompliance] = sfundsc2(t,x,u,flag)
%SFUNDSC2 Example unit delay MATLAB File S-function
% The MATLAB file S-function is an example of how to implement a unit
% delay.
%
% See sfuntmpl.m for a general S-function template.
%
```

```
See also SFUNTMPL.
%
   Copyright 1990-2009 The MathWorks, Inc.
%
%
   $Revision: 1.1.6.2 $
switch flag,
 % Initialization %
 case 0,
   [sys, x0, str, ts, simStateCompliance] = mdlInitializeSizes;
 % Update %
 case 2,
   sys = mdlUpdate(t,x,u);
 % Output %
 %/%/%/%/%/%/
 case 3,
   sys = mdlOutputs(t,x,u);
 % Terminate %
 case 9,
   sys = [];
 otherwise
   DAStudio.error('Simulink:blocks:unhandledFlag', num2str(flag));
end
%end sfundsc2
% mdlInitializeSizes
% Return the sizes, initial conditions, and sample times for the S-function.
function [sys,x0,str,ts,simStateCompliance]=mdlInitializeSizes
sizes = simsizes;
sizes.NumContStates = 0;
sizes.NumDiscStates = 1;
sizes.NumOutputs
                = 1;
sizes.NumInputs
                 = 1;
sizes.DirFeedthrough = 0;
sizes.NumSampleTimes = 1;
sys = simsizes(sizes);
x0 = 0;
str = [];
ts = [.1 \ 0]; % Sample period of 0.1 seconds (10Hz)
```

```
% speicfy that the simState for this s-function is same as the default
simStateCompliance = 'DefaultSimState';
% end mdlInitializeSizes
%
%===
% mdlUpdate
% Handle discrete state updates, sample time hits, and major time step
% requirements.
function sys = mdlUpdate(t,x,u)
sys = u;
%end mdlUpdate
%
% mdlOutputs
% Return the output vector for the S-function
function sys = mdlOutputs(t,x,u)
sys = x;
%end mdlOutputs
```

离散,每0.1s进行一次采样,上图为处理后图像,下图为正弦图像



timestwo.m

```
%
   This MATLAB file illustrates how to construct an MATLAB file S-function that
%
   computes an output value based upon its input. The output of this
%
   S-function is two times the input value:
%
     y = 2 * u;
%
%
%
   See sfuntmpl.m for a general S-function template.
%
   See also SFUNTMPL.
%
   Copyright 1990-2009 The Mathworks, Inc.
   $Revision: 1.1.6.2 $
%
% Dispatch the flag. The switch function controls the calls to
% S-function routines at each simulation stage of the S-function.
switch flag,
 % Initialization %
 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
 % Initialize the states, sample times, and state ordering strings.
 case 0
   [sys,x0,str,ts,simStateCompliance]=mdlInitializeSizes;
 % Outputs %
 % Return the outputs of the S-function block.
 case 3
   sys=mdlOutputs(t,x,u);
 % Unhandled flags %
 % There are no termination tasks (flag=9) to be handled.
 % Also, there are no continuous or discrete states,
 % so flags 1,2, and 4 are not used, so return an empty
 % matrix
 case { 1, 2, 4, 9}
   sys=[];
 % Unexpected flags (error handling)%
 % Return an error message for unhandled flag values.
 otherwise
   DAStudio.error('Simulink:blocks:unhandledFlag', num2str(flag));
end
% end timestwo
%
% mdlInitializeSizes
% Return the sizes, initial conditions, and sample times for the S-function.
%===
%
```

```
function [sys,x0,str,ts,simStateCompliance] = mdlInitializeSizes()
sizes = simsizes;
sizes.NumContStates = 0;
sizes.NumDiscStates = 0;
sizes.NumOutputs = -1; % dynamically sized
sizes.NumInputs = -1; % dynamically sized
sizes.DirFeedthrough = 1; % has direct feedthrough
sizes.NumSampleTimes = 1;
sys = simsizes(sizes);
str = [];
x0 = [];
ts = [-1 0]; % inherited sample time
% specify that the simState for this s-function is same as the default
simStateCompliance = 'DefaultSimState';
% end mdlInitializeSizes
%
% mdlOutputs
% Return the output vector for the S-function
function sys = mdlOutputs(t,x,u)
sys = u * 2;
% end mdlOutputs
```

