

Session type inference examples

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1 Introduction

This documents contains the outputs of Algorithm W (adapted to session types) for the examples presented in [1]. The first level of type inference algorithm returns the following information:

- Expression: the input expression plus automatically generated labels l on channel names;
- Type: the type T of the expression;
- Behaviour: the inferred behaviour b of the expression;
- Constraints: the set C of inferred constraints. Notice that session constraints (i.e. $c \sim \eta$) may be duplicated.

2 Examples

2.1 Swap service

This is the result of analysing Example 2.1 from [1].

Inference complete.

Expression: $\text{let } coord = \text{fun } coord(z) = \text{let } p1 = (\text{acc-swap}^{l_1} ()) \text{ in let } v1 = (\text{recv } p1) \text{ in let } p2 = (\text{acc-swap}^{l_2} ()) \text{ in let } v2 = (\text{recv } p2) \text{ in let } \# = (\text{send } (p2, v1)) \text{ in let } \# = (\text{send } (p1, v2)) \text{ in } (coord ()) \text{ in let } swap = \text{fn } x \Rightarrow \text{let } p = (\text{req-swap}^{l_3} ()) \text{ in let } \# = (\text{send } (p, x)) \text{ in } (\text{recv } p) \text{ in let } \# = \text{spawn } (coord) \text{ in let } \# = \text{spawn } (\text{fn } z \Rightarrow \text{let } \# = (swap \ 1) \text{ in } ()) \text{ in spawn } (\text{fn } z \Rightarrow \text{let } \# = (swap \ 2) \text{ in } ())$

Type: Unit

Behaviour: $\tau; \tau; \tau; \text{spawn } (\beta_{95}); \tau; \text{spawn } (\beta_{112}); \tau; \text{spawn } (\beta_{128})$

Constraints:

- $\overline{\text{swap}^{l_1}} \sim \psi_{99}$
- $\overline{\text{swap}^{l_2}} \sim \psi_{100}$
- $\text{swap}^{l_3} \sim \psi_{120}$

- $\text{push}(l_1 : \psi_{99}) \subseteq \beta_{102}$
- $\text{push}(l_2 : \psi_{100}) \subseteq \beta_{104}$
- $\text{push}(l_3 : \psi_{120}) \subseteq \beta_{122}$
- $\text{push}(l_3 : \psi_{120}) \subseteq \beta_{138}$
- $\rho_{110}!\alpha_{97} \subseteq \beta_{106}$
- $\rho_{111}!\alpha_{98} \subseteq \beta_{107}$
- $\rho_{125}!\text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{123}$
- $\rho_{141}!\text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{139}$
- $\rho_{108}?\alpha_{97} \subseteq \beta_{103}$
- $\rho_{109}?\alpha_{98} \subseteq \beta_{105}$
- $\rho_{126}?\alpha_{119} \subseteq \beta_{124}$
- $\rho_{142}?\alpha_{135} \subseteq \beta_{140}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{117}; \tau \subseteq \beta_{112}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{122}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{123}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{124} \subseteq \beta_{117}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{133}; \tau \subseteq \beta_{128}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{138}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{139}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{140} \subseteq \beta_{133}$
- $\text{rec}_{\beta_{95}}(\tau; \tau; \beta_{102}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{103}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{104}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{105}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{106}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{107}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{95}) \subseteq \beta_{95}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{108}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{111}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{109}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{110}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{125}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{126}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{141}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{142}$

2.2 Delegation for Efficiency

This is the result of analysing Example 2.2 from [1].

Inference complete.

Expression: $\text{let } coord = \text{fun } coord(z) = \text{let } p1 = (\text{acc-swap}^{l_1} ()) \text{ in let } \# = \text{sel-SWAP } p1 \text{ in let } p2 = (\text{acc-swap}^{l_2} ()) \text{ in let } \# = \text{sel-LEAD } p2 \text{ in let } \# = (\text{deleg } (p2, p1)) \text{ in } (coord ()) \text{ in let } swap = \text{fn } x \Rightarrow \text{let } p = (\text{req-swap}^{l_3} ()) \text{ in case } p \{ \text{SWAP} : \text{let } \# = (\text{send } (p, x)) \text{ in } (\text{recv } p), \text{LEAD} : \text{let } q = (\text{resume}^{l_4} p) \text{ in let } y = (\text{recv } q) \text{ in let } \# = (\text{send } (q, x)) \text{ in } y \} \text{ in let } \# = \text{spawn } (coord) \text{ in let } \# = \text{spawn } (\text{fn } z \Rightarrow \text{let } \# = (swap \ 1) \text{ in } ()) \text{ in spawn } (\text{fn } z \Rightarrow \text{let } \# = (swap \ 2) \text{ in } ())$

Type: Unit

Behaviour: $\tau; \tau; \tau; \text{spawn } (\beta_{112}); \tau; \text{spawn } (\beta_{126}); \tau; \text{spawn } (\beta_{157})$

Constraints:

Expression:

- $\overline{swap^{l_1}} \sim \psi_{114}$
- $\overline{swap^{l_2}} \sim \psi_{115}$
- $swap^{l_3} \sim \psi_{136}$
- $\text{push}(l_1 : \psi_{114}) \subseteq \beta_{117}$
- $\text{push}(l_2 : \psi_{115}) \subseteq \beta_{119}$
- $\text{push}(l_3 : \psi_{136}) \subseteq \beta_{138}$
- $\text{push}(l_3 : \psi_{136}) \subseteq \beta_{169}$
- $\rho_{145}! \text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{139}$
- $\rho_{149}! \text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{143}$
- $\rho_{176}! \text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{170}$
- $\rho_{180}! \text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{174}$
- $\rho_{146}?\alpha_{154} \subseteq \beta_{140}$
- $\rho_{148}?\alpha_{151} \subseteq \beta_{142}$
- $\rho_{177}?\alpha_{185} \subseteq \beta_{171}$
- $\rho_{179}?\alpha_{182} \subseteq \beta_{173}$
- $\rho_{124}!\rho_{125} \subseteq \beta_{121}$
- $\rho_{147}?l_4 \subseteq \beta_{141}$
- $\rho_{178}?l_4 \subseteq \beta_{172}$
- $\rho_{122}! \text{SWAP} \subseteq \beta_{118}$

- $\rho_{123}!LEAD \subseteq \beta_{120}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{131}; \tau \subseteq \beta_{126}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{138}; \tau; +\{\rho_{144}?SWAP.\tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{139}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{140}, \rho_{144}?LEAD.\tau; \tau; \beta_{141}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{142}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{143}; \tau\} \subseteq \beta_{131}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{162}; \tau \subseteq \beta_{157}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{169}; \tau; +\{\rho_{175}?SWAP.\tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{170}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{171}, \rho_{175}?LEAD.\tau; \tau; \beta_{172}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{173}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{174}; \tau\} \subseteq \beta_{162}$
- $\text{rec}_{\beta_{112}}(\tau; \tau; \beta_{117}; \tau; \beta_{118}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{119}; \tau; \beta_{120}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{121}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{112}) \subseteq \beta_{112}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{122}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{125}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{123}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{124}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{144}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{145}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{146}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{147}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{175}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{176}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{177}$
- $l_3 \sim \rho_{178}$
- $l_4 \sim \rho_{148}$
- $l_4 \sim \rho_{149}$
- $l_4 \sim \rho_{179}$
- $l_4 \sim \rho_{180}$

2.3 A Database Library

This is the result of analysing Example 2.2 from [1].

Inference complete.

Expression: $\text{let } process = \text{fn } x \Rightarrow x \text{ in let } coord = \text{fun } coord(z) = \text{let } p = (\text{acc-db}^{l_1} ()) \text{ in}$
 $\text{let } loop = \text{fun } loop(z) = \text{case } p \{ QRY : \text{let } sql = (\text{recv } p) \text{ in let } res = (process \text{ } sql) \text{ in}$
 $\text{let } \# = (\text{send } (p, res)) \text{ in } (loop \text{ } ()), END : () \} \text{ in let } \# = \text{spawn}(coord) \text{ in}$
 $(loop \text{ } ()) \text{ in let } \# = \text{spawn}(coord) \text{ in let } clientInit = \text{fn } z \Rightarrow \text{let } con = (\text{req-db}^{l_2} ()) \text{ in}$
 $\text{let } f1 = \text{fn } sql \Rightarrow \text{let } \# = \text{sel-}QRY \text{ } con \text{ in let } \# = (\text{send } (con, sql)) \text{ in } (\text{recv } con) \text{ in}$
 $\text{let } f2 = \text{fn } z \Rightarrow \text{sel-END } con \text{ in } (f1, f2) \text{ in let } dbInit = (clientInit \text{ } ()) \text{ in let } qry =$
 $(fst \text{ } dbInit) \text{ in let } close = (\text{snd } dbInit) \text{ in let } \# = (qry \text{ } 1) \text{ in let } \# = (qry \text{ } 2) \text{ in}$
 $(close \text{ } ())$

Type: Unit

Behaviour: $\tau; \tau; \tau; \text{spawn}(\beta_{64}); \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{155}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{179}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{205}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{230}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{242}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{254}$

Constraints:

- $\overline{db}^{l_1} \sim \psi_{66}$
- $db^{l_2} \sim \psi_{160}$
- $\tau \subseteq \beta_{71}$
- $\tau \subseteq \beta_{179}$
- $\tau \subseteq \beta_{205}$
- $\text{push}(l_1 : \psi_{66}) \subseteq \beta_{67}$
- $\text{push}(l_2 : \psi_{160}) \subseteq \beta_{162}$
- $\rho_{75}! \alpha_{65} \subseteq \beta_{72}$
- $\rho_{219}! \alpha_{209} \subseteq \beta_{213}$
- $\rho_{238}! \text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{234}$
- $\rho_{250}! \text{Int} \subseteq \beta_{246}$
- $\rho_{74}? \alpha_{65} \subseteq \beta_{70}$
- $\rho_{220}? \alpha_{210} \subseteq \beta_{214}$
- $\rho_{239}? \alpha_{232} \subseteq \beta_{235}$
- $\rho_{251}? \alpha_{244} \subseteq \beta_{247}$
- $\rho_{195}! END \subseteq \beta_{189}$
- $\rho_{218}! QRY \subseteq \beta_{212}$
- $\rho_{237}! QRY \subseteq \beta_{233}$

- $\rho_{249}!QRY \subseteq \beta_{245}$
- $\rho_{258}!END \subseteq \beta_{256}$
- $\tau; \beta_{189} \subseteq \beta_{200}$
- $\tau; \beta_{256} \subseteq \beta_{254}$
- $\tau; \beta_{212}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{213}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{214} \subseteq \beta_{224}$
- $\tau; \beta_{233}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{234}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{235} \subseteq \beta_{230}$
- $\tau; \beta_{245}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{246}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{247} \subseteq \beta_{242}$
- $\tau; \tau; \beta_{162}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \tau \subseteq \beta_{155}$
- $\text{rec}_{\beta_{69}}(\tau; +\{\rho_{73}?QRY.\tau; \tau; \beta_{70}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{71}; \tau; \tau; \tau; \beta_{72}; \tau; \tau; \beta_{69}, \rho_{73}?END.\tau\}) \subseteq \beta_{69}$
- $\text{rec}_{\beta_{64}}(\tau; \tau; \beta_{67}; \tau; \tau; \text{spawn}(\beta_{64}); \tau; \tau; \beta_{69}) \subseteq \beta_{64}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{73}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{74}$
- $l_1 \sim \rho_{75}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{195}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{218}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{219}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{220}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{237}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{238}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{239}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{249}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{250}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{251}$
- $l_2 \sim \rho_{258}$

References

- [1] C. Spaccasassi, V. Koutavas, *Type-Based Analysis for Session Inference* 2016, <http://arxiv.org/abs/1510.03929>.

3 Session sub-typing system in Gay & Hole

$\frac{C \vdash T_2 <: T_1 \quad C \vdash \eta_1 <: \eta_2}{C \vdash !T_1.\eta_1 <: !T_2.\eta_2}$
$\frac{C \vdash T_1 <: T_2 \quad C \vdash \eta_1 <: \eta_2}{C \vdash ?T_1.\eta_1 <: ?T_2.\eta_2}$
$\frac{m \leq n \quad \forall i \leq n. C \vdash \eta_i <: \eta_j}{C \vdash \oplus_{i \in [1, m]} \{L_i : \eta_i\} <: \oplus_{j \in [1, n]} \{L_j : \eta_j\}}$
$\frac{I_1 \subseteq J_1, J_1 \cup J_2 \subseteq I_1 \cup I_2, \forall (i \in J_1 \cup J_2). C \vdash \eta_i <: \eta'_i}{C \vdash \&\{L_i : \eta'_i\}_{i \in (I_1, I_2)} <: \&\{L_i : \eta'_i\}_{i \in (J_2, J_2)}}$

3.1 Bounded quantification - removing C constraints

Types: $XTopT \xrightarrow{T} b\forall X <: T.T\forall X <: \eta.T$

$\text{req-} : \forall \chi. \forall (X <: \eta). \eta \text{ chan } \xrightarrow{\text{push}(\chi: X)} \text{Ses}^\chi$

$\text{send} : \forall \chi. \forall (X <: T). (X, \text{Ses}^\chi) \xrightarrow{\chi!T} \text{Unit}$

$\text{recv} : \forall \chi. \forall (X <: T). \text{Ses}^\chi \xrightarrow{\chi?X} T$

Rule INS is type application.

Rule GEN becomes:

$$\frac{\Gamma, X <: U \vdash t : (T, b)}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda X <: U. t : (\forall X <: U. T, b)} \quad \begin{array}{l} \forall X <: U. T \text{ is well-formed (see N.\&N.)} \\ X \notin FV(b, \Gamma) \end{array}$$