HTML Styles

The HTML style attribute is used to add styles to an element, such as color,

font, size, and more.

Example

I am Red

I am Blue

I am Big

The HTML Style Attribute

Setting the style of an HTML element, can be done with the style attribute.

The HTML style attribute has the following syntax:

<tagname style="property:value;">

The property is a CSS property. The value is a CSS value.

Background Color

The CSS background-color property defines the background color for an HTML
element.

Example

Set the background color for a page to powderblue:

<body style="background-color:powderblue;">

<h1>This is a heading</h1>

<p>This is a paragraph.</p>

</body>

Example

Set background color for two different elements:

<h1 style="background-color:powderblue;">This is a heading

<p style="background-color:tomato;">This is a paragraph.</p>

Text Color

The CSS color property defines the text color for an HTML element:

Example

<h1 style="color:blue">This is a heading<h1>

<p style=""color:red">This is a paragraph.</p>

Fonts

The CSS font-family property defines the font to be used for an HTML element:

Example

<h1 style="font-family:verdana;">This is a heading</h1>

<p style="font-family:courier;">This is a paragraph.</p>

Text Size

The CSS font-size property defines the text size for an HTML element:

Example

<h1 style="font-size:300%;">This is a heading</h1>

<p style="font-size:160%;">This is a paragraph.</p>

Text Alignment

The CSS text-align property defines the horizontal text alignment for an HTML element:

Example

<h1 style="text-align:center;">Centered Heading</h1>

```
<p style="text-align:center;">Centered paragraph.</p>
```

Chapter Summary

- Use the style attribute for styling HTML elements

- Use background-color for background color

- Use color for text colors

- Use font-family for text fonts

- Use font-size for text sizes

- Use text-align for text alignment

HTML Text Formatting

HTML contains several elements for defining text with a special meaning.

Example

This text is bold

This text is italic

This is subscript and superscript

HTML Formatting Elements

Formatting elements were designed to display special types of text:

- `<b>` - Bold text
- `<strong>` - Important text
- `<i>` - Italic text
- `<em>` - Emphasized text
- `<mark>` - Marked text
- `<small>` - Smaller text
- `<del>` - Deleted text
- `<ins>` - Inserted text
- `<sub>` - Subscript text
- `<sup>` - Superscript text