$$an heta + rac{1}{ an heta} = 3$$
 のとき、以下の式の値を求めよ.ただし、 $0 \le heta \le rac{1}{2}\pi$  とする. (1)  $\sin heta \cos heta$ 

(2) 
$$\sin \theta + \cos \theta$$

(3) 
$$\sin^3\theta + \cos^3\theta$$

(4) 
$$\sin^4\theta + \cos^4\theta$$

$$(5) \ \frac{1}{\sin^4\theta} + \frac{1}{\cos^4\theta}$$

$$0 \le 0 \le \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0$$

$$5 \ln 0 > 0 \cdot 0 > 0$$

(3) 
$$\sin^3\theta + \cos^3\theta$$
  
=  $(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)(\sin^2\theta - \sin\theta\cos\theta + \cos^2\theta)$   
=  $\frac{\sqrt{15}}{3} \cdot (1 - \frac{1}{3})$   
=  $\frac{\sqrt{15}}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2\sqrt{15}}{9}$ 

$$(4) \ \vec{p}_{1} \cdot \vec{q} + \vec{q} + \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q}$$

$$= (\vec{p}_{1} \cdot \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q} + \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q}) - (\vec{p}_{1} \cdot \vec{q} + \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q})$$

$$- \vec{p}_{1} \cdot \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q} - \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q}$$

 $=\frac{q}{10}-\frac{3}{1}=\frac{q}{7}$ 

$$= \frac{5 \pi 40 + 0.140}{5 \pi 40 \times 40} = \frac{7}{(\frac{1}{3})^4}$$

$$= \frac{7}{7}$$

$$= \frac{7}{7}$$

$$= \frac{7}{7}$$

$$= \frac{7}{7}$$