Lazy evaluation in Haskell

exploring some mental models and implementations

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Lazy,...

It's fun.

NOTE

- Meaning of terms are different by communities.
- There are a lot of good documents. Please see also references.
- This is written for Haskell in GHC.

Contents

- Introduction

- References

- Expression
- Evaluation
- Evaluation in Haskell (GHC)
- How to control the evaluation



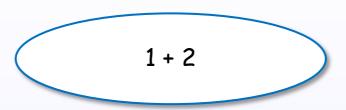
What is an expression?





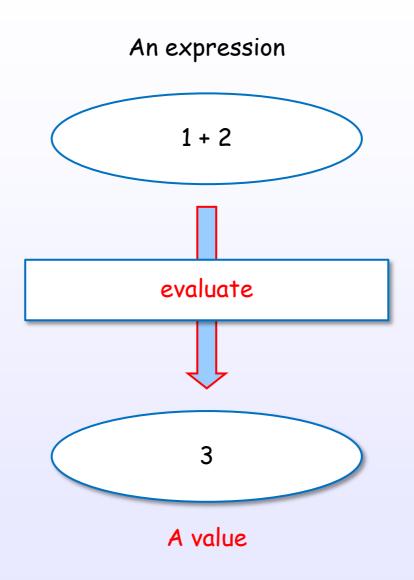
An expression denotes a value

An expression



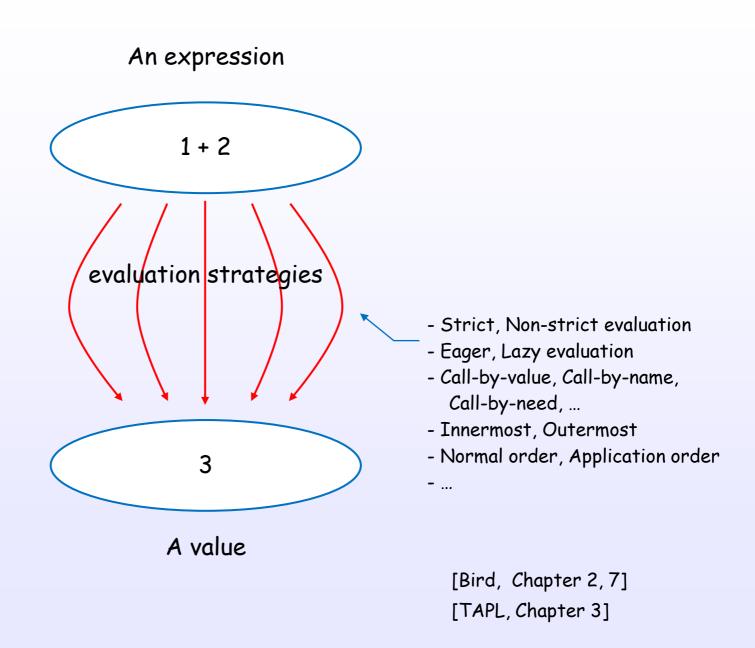
[HR2010] [Bird, Chapter 2]

An expression evaluates to a value



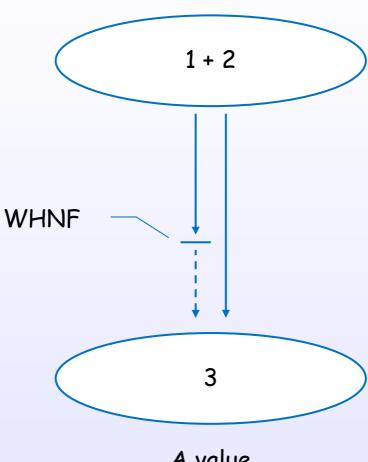
[HR2010] [Bird, Chapter 2]

There are many evaluation approaches



What extent





A value

NF

[Terei]

[Bird, Chapter 2, 7]

[TAPL, Chapter 3]

Expression

An expression denotes a value

1 + 2

Just 5

[1, 2, 3]

take 5 xs

 $\lambda x \rightarrow x + 1$

7

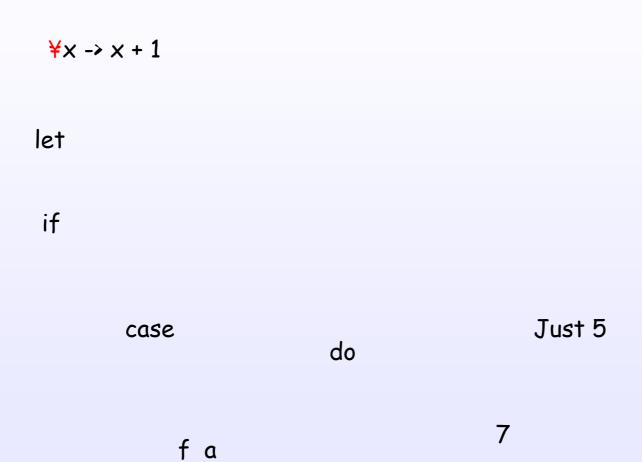
 $\forall x \rightarrow x + 1$

 $\lambda x \perp \rightarrow x + 1$

[HR2010]

[Bird, Chapter 2]

What are expressions in Haskell



What are expressions in Haskell

Haskell 2010 Language Report

```
\rightarrow infixexp :: [context =>] type
                                                                              (expression type signature)
exp
                    infixexp
infixexp
              \rightarrow lexp qop infixexp
                                                                              (infix operator application)
                    - infixexp
                                                                               (prefix negation)
                    lexp
              \rightarrow \ apat<sub>1</sub> ... apat<sub>n</sub> -> exp
                                                                               (lambda abstraction, n \ge 1)
lexp
                   let decls in exp
                                                                               (let expression)
                   if exp[;] then exp[;] else exp
                                                                               (conditional)
                    case exp of { alts }
                                                                               (case expression)
                                                                              (do expression)
                    do { stmts }
                    fexp
                                                                              (function application)
                    [fexp] aexp
fexp
                                                                               (variable)
aexp
                    qvar
                                                                               (general constructor)
                    qcon
                    literal
                                                                              (parenthesized expression)
                    (exp)
                    (exp_1, \ldots, exp_k)
                                                                              (tuple, k \geq 2)
                    [exp_1, \ldots, exp_k]
                                                                               (list, k > 1)
                    [exp_1 [, exp_2] .. [exp_3]]
                                                                               (arithmetic sequence)
                    [exp \mid qual_1, \ldots, qual_n]
                                                                               (list comprehension, n \ge 1)
                     (infixexp qop)
                                                                              (left section)
                     ( qop_{\langle -\rangle} infixexp )
                                                                              (right section)
                 qcon \{ fbind_1, \dots, fbind_n \}
                                                                           (labeled construction, n \geq 0)
                 aexp_{(gcon)} \{ fbind_1, \dots, fbind_n \}
                                                                           (labeled update, n \geq 1)
```

[HR2010]

Expressions examples

Constructor

priority



What is a value?

When? What extent?

Evaluation strategy

```
[Bird, Chapter 7]
[Hutton, Chapter 8]
[TAPL, Chapter 3]
References: [1]
```

WHNF

[4]

normal form: an expression without an redexes

head normal form:

an expression where the top level (head) is neither a redex NOR a lambda abstraction with a reducible body

weak head normal form: an expression where the top level (head) isn't a redex

[Terei]

WHNF

[4]

evaluation strategies:
call-by-value: arguments evaluated before function entered (copied)
call-by-name: arguments passed unevaluated
call-by-need: arguments passed unevaluated but an expression is only
evaluated once (sharing)

no-strict evaluation Vs. lazy evaluation:

non-strict: Includes both call-by-name and call-by-need, general term for evaluation strategies that don't evaluate arguments before entering a function

lazy evaluation: Specific type of non-strict evaluation. Uses call-by-need (for sharing).

[Terei]

Pattern match

[CIS194]

Tree, Graph

a expression

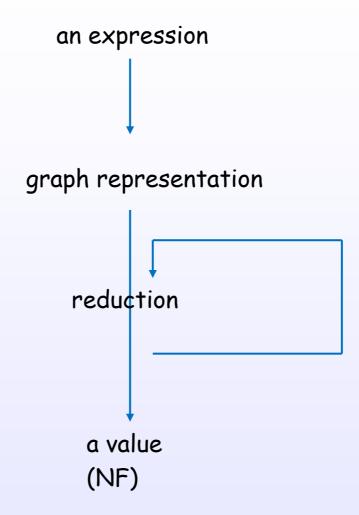
AST

Tree Graph

Shared Term

Lazy

evaluation, reduction



Thunk

Bottom

domain

co-domain

defined

undefined

f \perp = \perp

[Bird, Chapter 2]

Strictness, Bottom

[Bird, Chapter 2]

Layer

Non-strictness

$$f \perp = \perp$$

Lazy evaluation

Graph reduction

STG machine

Layer

Haskell semantics take 5 [1..10]

internal representation graph

STG semantics heap object

STG machine

Evaluation in Haskell (GHC)

Evaluation in Haskell (GHC)

STG heap objects

language Just 5

implementation heap object

How to control the evaluation

control

case pattern match seq deepseq IO

- [1] Haskell 2010 Language Report https://www.haskell.org/definition/haskell2010.pdf
- [2] The Glorious Glasgow Haskell Compilation System (GHC user's guide) https://downloads.haskell.org/~ghc/latest/docs/users_guide.pdf
- [3] Thinking Functionally with Haskell (IFPH 3rd edition) http://www.cs.ox.ac.uk/publications/books/functional/
- [4] Types and Programming Languages https://mitpress.mit.edu/books/types-and-programming-languages
- [5] A Haskell Compiler http://www.scs.stanford.edu/11au-cs240h/notes/ghc-slides.html http://www.scs.stanford.edu/11au-cs240h/notes/ghc-slides.html#(11)
- [6] Being Lazy with Class http://www.seas.upenn.edu/~cis194/lectures/06-laziness.html
- [7] The Incomplete Guide to Lazy Evaluation (in Haskell) https://hackhands.com/guide-lazy-evaluation-haskell/
- [8] Programming in Haskell https://www.cs.nott.ac.uk/~gmh/book.html
- [9] Parallel and Concurrent Programming in Haskell http://chimera.labs.oreilly.com/books/123000000929/ch02.html
- [10] Real World Haskell http://book.realworldhaskell.org/read/profiling-and-optimization.html

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[18] Haskell/Graph reduction

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- [20] Making a Fast Curry Push/Enter vs Eval/Apply for Higher-order Languages http://research.microsoft.com/en-us/um/people/simonpj/papers/eval-apply/
- [21] I know kung fu: learning STG by example https://ghc.haskell.org/trac/ghc/wiki/Commentary/Compiler/GeneratedCode
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