Development Plan PCD: Partially Covered Detection of Obscured People using Point Cloud Data

Team #14, PCD Tarnveer Takhtar Matthew Bradbury Harman Bassi Kyen So

Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
September 24, 2024	Tarnveer Takhtar, Matthew Bradbury	Initial Draft

This report outlines the key aspects of our project, including our structured team meeting and communication plans. It details the roles and responsibilities of team members, our workflow plan, and our project decomposition and scheduling strategy. Additionally, it covers our proof of concept demonstration plan, the expected technology stack, and the coding standards we will adhere to. The appendices include reflections and our team charter, which highlights our external goals, attendance expectations, and accountability measures.

1 Confidential Information?

No confidential information present at this time.

2 IP to Protect

No IP to protect at this time.

3 Copyright License

Our project will be using the MIT License.

4 Team Meeting Plan

We will be meeting once a week, apart from lecture times, in a physical location on McMaster campus. Alternatively, the meeting can be held virtually on Discord or Microsoft Teams incase of unforeseen circumstances.

We will provide our advisor with updates bi-weekly, scheduling an meeting for larger updates and sending an email for smaller updates. Meetings will be held virtually unless for specific reasons. Virtual meetings will be hosted on Microsoft Teams.

For each meeting the scheduler of the meeting will be the chair. For recurring weekly meetings, the team lead will be the chair. Agenda will be prepared by the chair of the meeting.

5 Team Communication Plan

Github issues, and a regularly updated Kanban board using those issues, will be used as a means of asynchronous communication between members and our Advisor outside of regularly scheduled meetings hosted on Microsoft Teams. Discord will be used for general communications between team members. Our Advisor will be contacted via Email or Microsoft Teams.

6 Team Member Roles

Team Lead: Tarnveer Takhtar

Approver:

Matthew Bradbury

Reviewer(s): Harman Bassi Kyen So

Administrator:

Kyen So

Coordinator: Harman Bassi

7 Workflow Plan

We will be using a branch for each Revision, and separate branches for each major code features. Pull requests will be reserved for merging feature branches, while documentation changes will be manually reviewed and edited.

Github issues will be created for any tasks as per the course outline, issues will also be created for code features. Issue priority and classification will be designated by both deadline, and if it is a pre-requisite of other tasks. Issues will be assigned accordingly as discussed within our meetings. If any discrepancies are found within the documentation, an issue will be made, and assigned.

GitHub Actions will be used to handle CI/CD, triggered each time a pull request occurs for the codebase of the project. A predefined linter will go over the code ensuring consistency with the chosen linter's standard. Additional workflow tests may also be present to ensure compatibility.

8 Project Decomposition and Scheduling

Our Github project will consist of a Kanban board, highlighting the tasks that still need to be done, in progress or completed.

Link to Kanban Board: https://github.com/users/takhtart/projects/3

The Kanban board will contain a high-level overview of the tasks that need to be done, with priority based on deadlines provided by the course outline.

9 Proof of Concept Demonstration Plan

Significant Risks

- 1. Project Complexity: The primary risk is the potential complexity of the project, which may be greater than initially anticipated. Our team welcomes the challenges associated with this project however, we must understand the risks of taking on a project where we have no experience in the specific domain.
- 2. Kinect Sensor Performance: Another critical concern is the performance of the provided Kinect sensor, both during the development phase and the demonstration. Ensuring the sensor functions optimally and produces a quality real-time point cloud image is crucial for the project's success.

Overall, The performance and reliability of the Kinect sensor and the implementation complexity of the detecting people when only partially visible are our main concerns regarding this project.

Demonstration Plan

To demonstrate that these risks can be overcome, we plan on showcasing the system's ability to reliably identify people **not** obscured by any objects (base case). This will be a key achievement for our team, instilling confidence within our team that we can take on the primary challenge of identifying people when obscured. This process will also present the Kinect sensor's performance during both development and the demo, providing more first hand knowledge on the sensor's benefits and drawbacks we should be aware of.

10 Expected Technology

We plan to use Python as our primary programming language. Python is well-suited for data processing and machine learning, which we will likely need for our project. We anticipate utilizing libraries such as Open3D for handling point cloud data with a Kinect as our input. We may also use NumPy and SciPy for numerical computations, and Scikit-learn for machine learning tasks.

Additionally, we may require the use of deep learning frameworks like TensorFlow or PyTorch to train our own models given that it's unlikely there are any existing models for the problem we're trying to solve. To maintain code quality, we will employ tools like Flake8 for linting and Pytest for unit testing. For code coverage we plan use Coverage.py to ensure thorough testing. For CI, we will likely use GitHub Actions to automate testing and deployment. Collaboration and version control will be conducted through Git and GitHub. Github Projects will be used to manage opened issue tickets, and be our primary tracker for project progression. Performance monitoring tools such as Valgrind may be considered for optimizing critical code sections (optimizing real-time detection).

11 Coding Standard

The coding standard we will adopt will be Pep 8.

Appendix — Reflection

1. Why is it important to create a development plan prior to starting the project?

It is important to create a development plan prior to starting the project as it allows most of the heavy lifting behind project planning to be done before any work has started. It allows for expectations and workflow to be clearly defined before any issues arise. It also creates a document that can be referenced at other times to avoid confusion.

2. In your opinion, what are the advantages and disadvantages of using $\mathrm{CI/CD?}$

Employing CI/CD allows for better issue tracking and rollbacks. Utilizing CI/CD gives the opportunity for teams to better track individual issues and commits, leading to increased awareness and visibility on workflow issues. It also allows for easier time rolling back to a previous version in case something goes wrong. Some disadvantages are with the conceptual depth and speed. Ensuring a specific workflow and constant PR reviews can slow things down as contributors have to make sure that they are following the workflow properly and have to wait for PR reviews (when necessary). Furthermore, it is more effort to set up, both in the codebase and conceptually. The process has to be talked through and understood by all team members.

3. What disagreements did your group have in this deliverable, if any, and how did you resolve them?

Our group mainly debated how to set up our GitHub workflows. Initially, we considered using individual branches for each issue, but we ultimately decided on a more streamlined approach with two revision branches and separate forks. This allows us to effectively manage pull requests for merging feature changes into the codebase. We reached this agreement after discussing the benefits of clarity and collaboration in our development process.

4. What went well while writing this deliverable?

This deliverable allowed for the group to be able to discuss standard goals vs stretched goals. Everyone contributed their ideas and we were able to come to a clear conclusion when it came to the goals and problem statement of the project. It also allowed us all to see where the project is headed and how we should properly prepare ourselves so that we can achieve our goals.

5. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?

The biggest pain point during this deliverable was being able to decide which goals were too ambitious and outside our design scope. Some goals such as the aspect of outlining the human in the environment were broken up. There was a deep discussion on how to properly decide the goals, but at the end the group got a better understanding of the project.

6. How did you and your team adjust the scope of your goals to ensure they are suitable for a Capstone project (not overly ambitious but also of appropriate complexity for a senior design project)?

Because our project is presented by a professor, the team already had a pretty clear understanding of the goals that needed to be achieved for our project to be considered a success. The only issue was trying to ensure that the goals can be properly broken down so that a goal that seemed a bit ambitious could be broken into something that seems doable. For example, the human detection is broken into the Minimal and viable product goal and then also extended into the stretch goal. This was an important discussion that the group had to ensure that we deemed our goals to be doable.

Appendix — Team Charter

External Goals

The team's external goals for this project are to create an impressive project to discuss during interviews. Additionally, we aim to showcase a challenging and noteworthy project at the capstone convention. We also want to develop new skills and refine our existing ones throughout this project.

Attendance

Expectations

The expectation is that members clearly communicate their availability, and give at least 24 hour notice when not being able to attend meetings. If a member needs to skip/leave early, they are expected to communicate what work they will complete prior to the next meeting and ensure that they are up to date on any project changes. While there is no % of meetings that must be attended, we will be using group consensus to determine if one particular group member is missing a worrying number of meetings.

Acceptable Excuse

An acceptable excuse for missing a meeting or deadline would be any truly unforeseen/unavoidable engagement which requires immediate attention or any engagement that is properly communicated beforehand. The second type of excuse will not be permitted if the rest of the group feels that an individual member has missed too many meetings/deadlines.

In Case of Emergency

In case of emergency, the individual should convey exactly what they can and cannot accomplish to the team, and ensure that they complete an adequate amount of work at a later date for whoever ends up covering.

Accountability and Teamwork

Quality

Team members are expected to adequately prepare for team meetings. This means completing agreed upon work prior to meeting times, barring a reasonable excuse. For supervisor/TA meetings, members are expected to adequately understand the reason for the meeting enough to contribute unique ideas/questions to the conversation.

Regarding quality of work, members are expected to complete work at a reasonable pace, allowing room for adequate review to take place prior to deadlines. The work should also be done at a quality similar to the others, i.e. everyone

is contributing at a quality similar to the person of highest engagement/quality level.

Attitude

The team's expectations are that each member completes work with a level of engagement relatively similar to other team members. When providing ideas/interactions, it is expected that each member is treated with respect.

Stay on Track

We will use Github projects to ensure that we are on track. Each task to work on will be stored in an issue, which will have up to date deadlines attached to them, as well as the assignee(s). This will give us the ability to check up and see if tasks are being worked on/reviewed at a timely pace. On top of issues, we will be looking at commits and team meeting attendance to gauge contributions.

In the event that members aren't contributing their fair share, that member will have to purchase snacks for the next team meeting. We will also have a group meeting with them to discuss steps to improve and expectations. If the behaviour continues further, we will escalate the issue to a TA/professor.

Team Building

Team cohesion will be built through friendly conversation/banter and engaging in fun/relaxing group activities.

Decision Making

We will make decisions based on group consensus, and if the vote isn't unanimous we will try to solve the dispute via discussion until the decision is unanimous. If disagrees propagate further, we will escalate to asking our supervisor or TA for advice on how to proceed.