

Software Engineering Capstone

P.C.D - Partially Covered Detection of Humans

Group 14

Department of Computing & Software

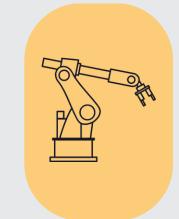
Project Background

Problem Statement:



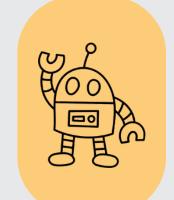
Our project aims to design software that can reliably detect people using point cloud data. Specifically, our product will be able to accurately and consistently detect people whether they are visually obstructed or not.

Use Cases:



 Robotics Research Our software will help further robotics research by refining human-robot interaction, enabling safer and more

adaptive collaboration



Assistive Robots

Our innovative software enhances human awareness in industrial and domestic robots, paving the way for assistive solutions that seamlessly and safely integrate into every home and industry.

Goals:



- Identifying a Person
- Real-time Processing
- Location Prediction
- Usability
- Analyze and Process offline PCD files

Constraints:



- NO Machine Learning
- Using Kinect Sensor
- Indoor Use ONLY
- Closed Environment

Technology



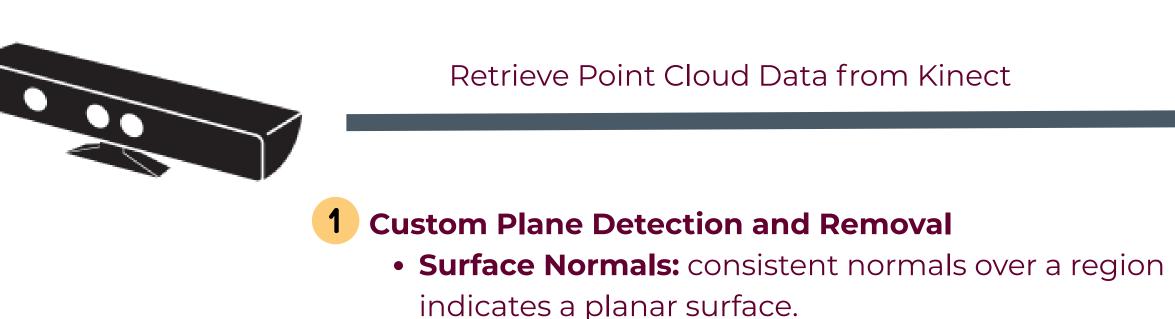




Acknowledgement

We would like to thank Dr. Gary Bone for the support and guidance that contributed to our project!

Process Overview



- Depth Variance: variability or differences across a surface helps to identify surfaces and remove noise.
- Depth Discontinuity: changes in depth between neighboring points allow us to locate plane boundaries.

2 Skin Point Detection

HSV ranges.



PCL Filtering

Seed Point Acquisition

• Skin Mask Filtering: filters out reds and oranges.

• Skin Confidence Mask: cleans up mask and store points most likely to be skin as seed points.

• Initial Skin Mask: filter based on

3 PCL Filtering

- Voxel Down Sampling: Down sample cloud to reduce number of points that need to be processed.
- Noise Removal: Clean up any scattered points.
- PCL Plane Removal: Further detect and remove previously undetected planes using the RANSAC method.

3D Cluster Extraction

5 Region Estimation

offset.

4 Region Growing

• Analyze Growth Directions: Use region growth directional

• Analyze Clustered Neighbour Centroids: Use simplified

clustered neighbour centroids to check for linearity and a

• Predicting Obstructed Regions of a Person: Use a combined

weighted decision of growth direction analysis and clustered

neighbour centroids to determine if region is central or at an

patterns to estimate where a person lies in frame.

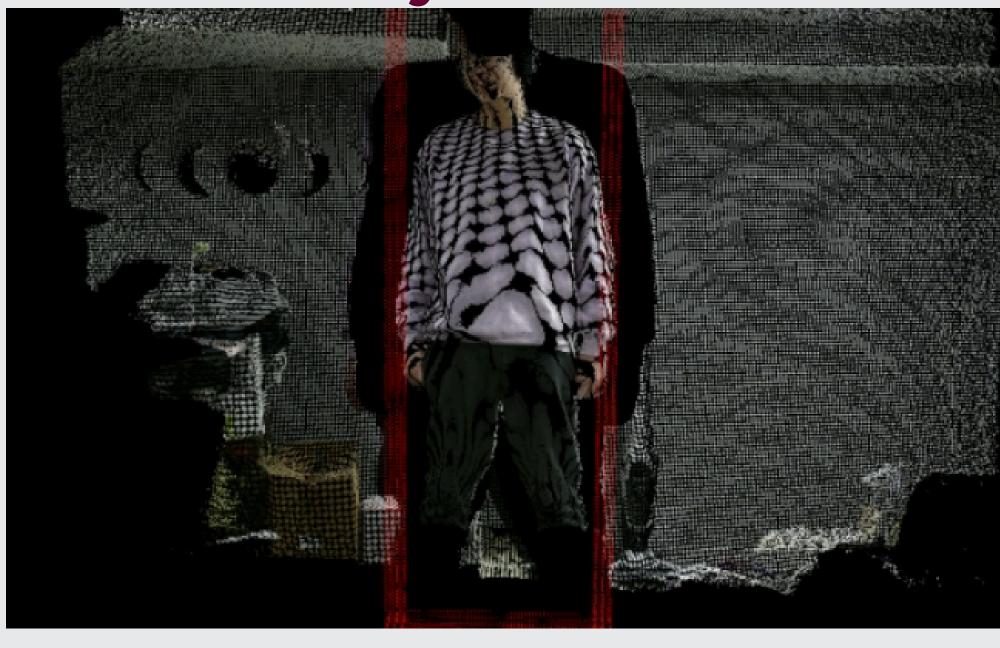
pattern of consistent horizontal/vertical growth.

- Determine Skin Point Coordinates: Use the approximate OpenCV Skin Point and determine its true coordinate in
- Grow the Human Cluster: Continousily find the closest relavant neighbour from the skin point until the human cluster is formed.
- Track Region Growth Process: Store all neigbours and their computed directions during the growth process for later analysis.

Region Estimation

Outcomes

Fully Visible



Partially Obstructed



Partially Out of Frame



Team









Tarnveer Takhtar

Harman Bassi Matthew Bradbury

Kyen So