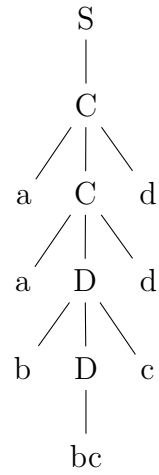
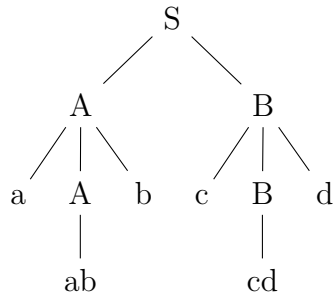


## 01

---

- a) The following two top-down parse trees can be generated for the given CFG to accept the string “aabbccdd”.



Therefore, the grammar is ambiguous.

- b) Leftmost derivation:

$E \Rightarrow +E$   
 $\Rightarrow ++E$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-E$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-X$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-pXq$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-ppXqq$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-pppYqqq$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-ppprYwqqq$   
 $\Rightarrow ++-ppprrrwwqqq$

## 02

---

a)  $S \rightarrow D110D \mid D010D \mid D011D$   
 $D \rightarrow 0D \mid 1D \mid \varepsilon$

b)  $S \rightarrow D00 \mid 0$   
 $D \rightarrow 0D \mid 1D \mid \varepsilon$

c)  $\langle S \rangle \rightarrow XX\langle S \rangle\langle A \rangle \mid \varepsilon$   
 $\langle A \rangle \rightarrow Y\langle A \rangle Z \mid \varepsilon$

d)  $S \rightarrow XcccC$   
 $X \rightarrow AE \mid EB \quad // \text{ extra a's or b's}$   
 $E \rightarrow aEb \mid ab \quad // a^n b^n$   
 $A \rightarrow aA \mid a \quad // a^*$   
 $B \rightarrow bB \mid b \quad // b^*$   
 $C \rightarrow cC \mid c \quad // c^*$

## 03

---

```
a) E -> T | E + T
    T -> F | T * F
    F -> I | (E)
    I -> a | b | Ia | Ib | IO | I1

// new starting state and
// non-terminal states for all the terminals
S -> E
E -> T | E + T
T -> F | T * F
F -> I | (E)
I -> a | b | Ia | Ib | IO | I1
A -> a
B -> b
P -> +
M -> *
O -> 1
Z -> 0
L -> (
R -> )

// replacing grouped terminals with non-terminals
S -> E
E -> T | EPT
T -> F | TMF
F -> I | LER
I -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO
A -> a
B -> b
P -> +
M -> *
O -> 1
Z -> 0
L -> (
R -> )

// removing groupings of more than two non-terminals
S -> E
E -> T | EU
T -> F | TV
F -> I | LW
I -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO
A -> a
B -> b
P -> +
M -> *
```

```

O -> 1
Z -> 0
L -> (
R -> )
U -> PT
V -> MF
W -> ER

```

```

// replacing single non-terminals
S -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO | LW | TV | EU
E -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO | LW | TV | EU
T -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO | LW | TV
F -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO | LW
I -> a | b | IA | IB | IZ | IO
A -> a
B -> b
P -> +
M -> *
O -> 1
Z -> 0
L -> (
R -> )
U -> PT
V -> MF
W -> ER

```

b) S -> ASB |  $\varepsilon$   
 A -> aAS | a  
 B -> SbS | A | bb

```

// new initial state and
// non-terminals for all the terminals and
// removing  $\varepsilon$ 
I -> S |  $\varepsilon$ 
S -> ASB | AB
A -> aAS | aA | a
B -> SbS | Sb | bS | b | A | bb
X -> a
Y -> b

```

```

// replacing grouped terminals
I -> S |  $\varepsilon$ 
S -> ASB | AB
A -> XAS | XA | a
B -> SYS | SY | YS | b | A | YY
X -> a
Y -> b

```

```
// removing groupings of more than two non-terminals
I -> S |  $\varepsilon$ 
S -> MB | AB
A -> XM | XA | a
B -> SN | SY | YS | b | A | YY
X -> a
Y -> b
M -> AS
N -> YS
```

```
// removing single non-terminals
I -> MB | AB |  $\varepsilon$ 
S -> MB | AB
A -> XM | XA | a
B -> SN | SY | YS | b | XM | XA | a | YY
X -> a
Y -> b
M -> AS
N -> YS
```

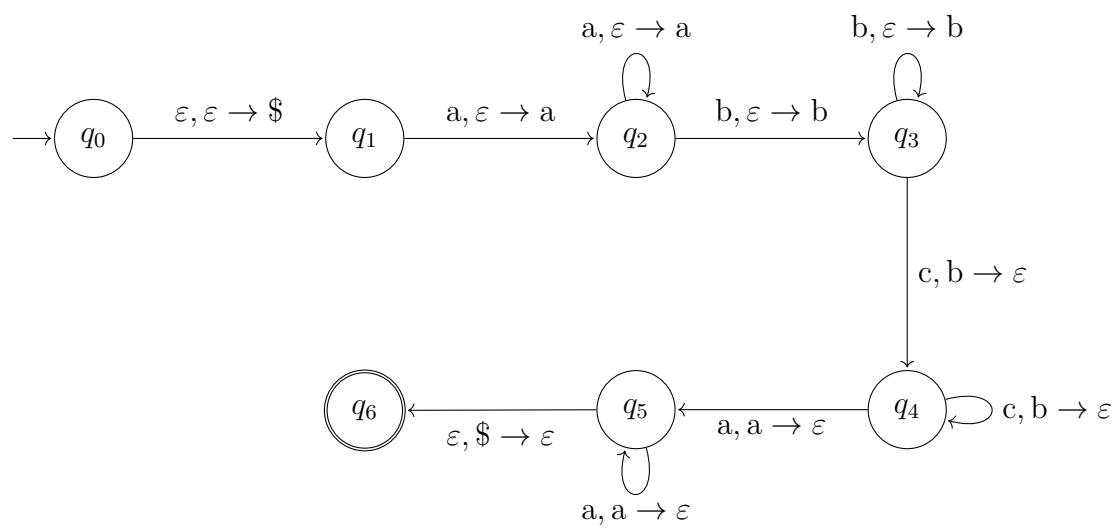
c) A -> BAB | B |  $\varepsilon$   
 B -> 00 |  $\varepsilon$

```
// new initial state and
// non-terminals for all the terminals and
// removing  $\varepsilon$ 
S -> A |  $\varepsilon$ 
A -> BAB | BB | BA | AB | A | B
B -> 00
Z -> 0
```

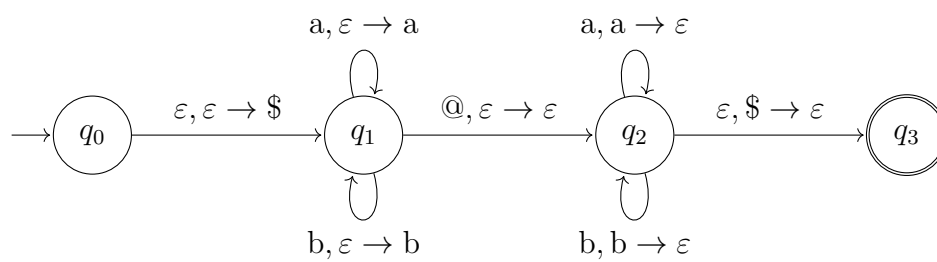
```
// removing groupings of more than two non-terminals
S -> A |  $\varepsilon$ 
A -> BX | BB | BA | AB | A | B
B -> 00
Z -> 0
X -> AB
```

```
// removing single non-terminals
S -> BX | BB | BA | AB | ZZ |  $\varepsilon$ 
A -> BX | BB | BA | AB | ZZ
B -> ZZ
Z -> 0
X -> AB
```

a)  $a^m b^n c^n a^m \mid m, n > 0$



b)  $w@w^r$



Turing machine for  $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i < j < k, i \geq 1\}$

