

# SEMESTER PROJECT

# **GROUP MEMBERS:**

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**SUBJECT:** 

DEEP LEARNING

**SECTION:** 

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**SUBMITTED TO:** 

**GULSHAN SALEEM** 

### **Potato Leaf Disease Detector**

#### 1. Introduction

Potato leaf diseases pose significant challenges to agricultural productivity. Early and accurate detection of these diseases can help farmers take timely actions to mitigate crop loss. This project utilizes a convolutional neural network (CNN) to detect and classify diseases in potato leaves from images.

## 2. Objective

The primary objective of this project is to develop a deep learning-based model that can accurately classify images of potato leaves into multiple disease categories, as well as identify healthy leaves.

#### 3. Dataset

The dataset used for this project consists of labeled images of potato leaves. The images are categorized into three classes:

- Healthy leaves
- Leaves affected by Early Blight
- Leaves affected by Late Blight

## 4. Methodology

A convolutional neural network (CNN) model is constructed with the following layers:

- **Convolutional Layers**: Multiple Conv2D layers with ReLU activation to extract features.
- **Pooling Layers**: MaxPooling2D layers to reduce spatial dimensions.
- **Dense Layers**: Fully connected layers to classify features.
- Output Layer: Softmax activation to produce probability distributions over classes.

#### 5. Results

The model's performance is evaluated on a validation dataset. Metrics such as accuracy and loss are used to assess the model's effectiveness in classifying potato leaf diseases.

### 6. Conclusion

The CNN-based potato leaf disease detector demonstrates the potential of deep learning in agricultural applications. Future work could involve improving the model's accuracy by using more advanced architectures and a larger dataset, as well as deploying the model in a mobile application for real-time disease detection.