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Submissions: 9

Max Score: 30

Difficulty: Medium

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Bigger is Greater

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Lexicographical order is often known as alphabetical order when dealing with strings. A string is greater than another string if it comes later in a lexicographically sorted list.

Apply

Given a word, create a new word by swapping some or all of its characters. This new word must meet two criteria:

- It must be greater than the original word
- It must be the smallest word that meets the first condition

Example

 $w = \mathtt{abcd}$

The next largest word is **abdc**.

Complete the function biggerIsGreater below to create and return the new string meeting the criteria. If it is not possible, return no answer.

Function Description

Complete the *biggerIsGreater* function in the editor below.

biggerIsGreater has the following parameter(s):

• *string w*: a word

Returns

- string: the smallest lexicographically higher string possible or no answer

Input Format

The first line of input contains $oldsymbol{T}$, the number of test cases. Each of the next $oldsymbol{T}$ lines contains $oldsymbol{w}$.

Constraints

- $1 \le T \le 10^5$
- $1 \le length of w \le 100$
- w will contain only letters in the range ascii[a..z].

Sample Input 0

```
5
ab
bb
hefg
dhck
dkhc
```

Sample Output 0

```
ba
no answer
hegf
dhkc
hcdk
```

Explanation 0

- Test case 1: ba is the only string which can be made by rearranging ab. It is greater.
- Test case 2: It is not possible to rearrange bb and get a greater string.

• Test case 3:

- hegf is the next string greater than hefg.
- Test case 4: dhkc is the next string greater than dhck.
- Test case 5:

hcdk is the next string greater than dkhc.

Sample Input 1

```
6
lmno
dcba
dcbb
abdc
abcd
fedcbabcd
```

Sample Output 1

```
lmon
no answer
no answer
acbd
abdc
fedcbabdc
```



<u>♣ Upload Code as File</u>

Test against custom input