## **COMP 203 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS**

## **HOMEWORK 4 (Total=100 points)**

Deadline: 29.12.2024 23:59

Read the questions and rules carefully. They are clear and well defined.

## **Rules:**

- 1. No Cheating: You are not allowed to collaborate with your friends and use any kind of websites or AI. If your homework gives a sign of any of them, directly it will be graded as zero.
- **2. Goal:** Please do your homework alone. Our main aim is to **learn** whatever we cover so far.
- 3. Submission: Submit your homework in 2 java files. No other file types will be accepted. You will submit only 2 java files. DON'T USE ZIP/RAR etc. In these cases, your points will be deducted by 30%.
- 4. Coding policy: Explain your code in comments. This is a must!
- **5.** Latency policy: A 10% deduction will be applied for each day of late submission.

## **QUESTIONS**

- 1. Implement Priority Queue abstract data structure using fixed size array data structure. Use the sorted implementation approach. Implement the following classes and methods: (50pt) Example: 4,5,6,7,8,9. In this PQ 4 has the highest priority.
  - Implement FixedSizePriorityQueue<T> class with constructor with int capacity variable. (5pt)

**Hint:** FixedSizePriorityQueue has:

private Object[] array;

private int size;

private int capacity.

2. add(E addedValue) that adds the given value *addedValue* to PQ. *addedValue* is used as a priority value. (10pt)

**Hint:** First, find the best spot in the PQ to insert the *addedValue*.

T removeMin() that removes the highest priority in PQ and returns this value.(10pt)
Hint: Delete the highest priority element in the queue. Then, shift the elements one backwards not to leave any empty spot in array.

For example;

Before: 4,5,6,7,8,9.

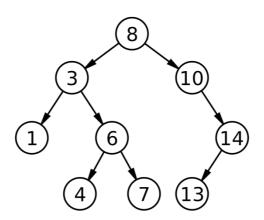
After dequeue: 5,6,7,8,9.

- 4. size() that returns the number of elements in the PQ. (5pt)
- 5. printPriorityQueue() that prints the PQ. (5pt)
- 6. Test your methods in the main by creating the following PQ with the integer data type. (Creating the given PQ: 5 pt, testing 4 methods: 10 pt)

PQ: 4,5,6,7,8,9.

Include comments of your code for each method and class. Submit FixedSizePriorityQueue.java to Canvas.

- 2. Write a java program that checks if the given binary tree is a heap or not. Implement Binary Tree abstract data structure using Node data structure. Implement the following classes and methods: (50pt)
  - 1. Implement Node class with (Integer data type) for Binary tree and its constructor with the parameter int data. (5pt)
  - 2. Implement BinaryTree class with the class variable and empty constructor. (5pt)
  - 3. Boolean isHeap(Node root) that checks if the given binary tree is a heap or not. (25pt)
  - 4. Test your method in the main by creating the following binary tree. (Creating the given binary tree:10 pt, testing your isHeap(Node root) method:5 pt)



Include comments of your code for each method and class. Submit BinaryTree.java to Canvas.