

# Python Programming

## Unit 06 – Lecture 06 Notes

### Plot Types and Subplots

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## 1 Lecture Overview

Different plot types are used for different questions:

- trends → line plots,
- comparisons → bar charts,
- distributions → histograms,
- relationships → scatter plots.

Subplots help you combine multiple plots in one figure.

## 2 Core Concepts

### 2.1 Line Plot

Good for trends (time series).

```
plt.plot(x, y)
```

### 2.2 Bar Chart

Good for category comparisons.

```
plt.bar(categories, values)
```

### 2.3 Histogram

Good for distributions.

```
plt.hist(values, bins=10)
```

### 2.4 Scatter Plot

Good for relationships between two numeric variables.

```
plt.scatter(x, y)
```

### 2.5 Pie Chart (Use Carefully)

Pie charts show proportions, but can be hard to compare precisely.

```
plt.pie(values, labels=labels, autopct="%1.1f%%")
```

### 2.6 Subplots

Create multiple axes in one figure:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(8, 6))  
ax[0, 0].plot(x, y)
```

## 3 Demo Walkthrough

File: demo/matplotlib\_plot\_types\_demo.py

The demo creates a 2x2 subplot figure and saves it into `images/`.

## 4 Interactive Checkpoints (with Solutions)

### Checkpoint 1 Solution

**Question:** distribution of marks?

**Answer:** Histogram.

## Checkpoint 2 Solution

**Question:** compare marks of 5 subjects?

**Answer:** Bar chart.

## 5 Practice Exercises (with Solutions)

### Exercise 1: Histogram of Random Numbers

**Solution:**

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.random.randn(1000)
plt.hist(x, bins=20)
plt.title("Histogram")
plt.show()
```

## 6 Exit Question (with Solution)

**Question:** function name used to create subplots?

**Answer:** subplots