

QM Assignment #3

getwd()

#1 Solve the problem using lpSolve, or any other equivalent library in R.

```
library(lpSolve)
library(lpSolveAPI)
lprec <- read.lp("QM#2Solution.lp")
solve(lprec)

## [1] 0

get.objective(lprec)

## [1] 696000

get.variables(lprec)

## [1] 516.6667 177.7778 0.0000 0.0000 666.6667 166.6667 0.0000
## [9] 416.6667

get.constraints(lprec)

## [1] 6.944444e+02 8.333333e+02 4.166667e+02 1.300000e+04 1.200000e+04
## [6] 5.000000e+03 5.166667e+02 8.444444e+02 5.833333e+02 -2.037268e-10
## [11] 0.000000e+00

X <- "QM#2Solution.lp"
```

2 Identify the shadow prices, dual solution, and reduced costs

#Get shadow prices

```
get.sensitivity.rhs(lprec)

## $duals
## [1] 0.00 0.00 0.00 12.00 20.00 60.00 0.00 0.00
## [10] -0.08 0.56 0.00 0.00 -24.00 -40.00 0.00 0.00 -
## [19] -120.00 0.00
##
## $dualsfrom
## [1] -1.000000e+30 -1.000000e+30 -1.000000e+30 1.122222e+04 1.150000e+04
## [6] 4.800000e+03 -1.000000e+30 -1.000000e+30 -1.000000e+30 -2.500000e+04
## [11] -1.250000e+04 -1.000000e+30 -1.000000e+30 -2.222222e+02 -1.000000e+02
## [16] -1.000000e+30 -1.000000e+30 -2.000000e+01 -4.444444e+01 -1.000000e+30
##
```

```
## $dualstill
## [1] 1.000000e+30 1.000000e+30 1.000000e+30 1.388889e+04 1.250000e+04
## [6] 5.181818e+03 1.000000e+30 1.000000e+30 1.000000e+30 2.500000e+04
## [11] 1.250000e+04 1.000000e+30 1.000000e+30 1.111111e+02 1.000000e+02
## [16] 1.000000e+30 1.000000e+30 2.500000e+01 6.666667e+01 1.000000e+30
```

#Get dual solution

```
get.dual.solution(lprec)
```

```
## [1] 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12.00 20.00 60.00 0.00
0.00
## [10] 0.00 -0.08 0.56 0.00 0.00 -24.00 -40.00 0.00
0.00
## [19] -360.00 -120.00 0.00
```

#Get reduced costs

```
get.sensitivity.obj(lprec)
```

```
## $objfrom
## [1] 3.60e+02 3.45e+02 -1.00e+30 -1.00e+30 3.45e+02 2.52e+02 -1.00e+30
## [8] -1.00e+30 2.04e+02
##
## $objtill
## [1] 4.60e+02 4.20e+02 3.24e+02 4.60e+02 4.20e+02 3.24e+02 7.80e+02
4.80e+02
## [9] 1.00e+30
```

#3 identify the sensitivity of the above prices and costs. That is, specify the range of shadow prices and reduced cost within which the optimal solution will not change.

The range of the shadow prices within the optimal solution that will not change are the valid ranges of -1.000000e+30 to 5.181818e+03. The shadow price for constraint one to three is zero. The range of reduced costs is -1.00e+30 to 4.60e+.02 .

#4 Formulate the dual of the above problem and solve it. Does the solution agree with what you observed for the primal problem?

```
library(lpSolveAPI)
library(lpSolve)
lprec <- read.lp("3RSTUDIO.lp")
solve(lprec)
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```
get.objective(lprec)
```

```
## [1] 698000.4
```

```
get.variables(lprec)
```

```
## [1] 0.0 0.0 0.0 12.0 24.0 49.0 0.0 0.0 12.0 0.0 0.4
```

```
get.constraints(lprec)
```

```
## [1] 420 360 336 480 360 300 680 435 300
```

```
Y <- "QM#2Solution.lp"
```

#this solution somewhat agrees with what I observed in the original primal problem. When I originally solved the primal problem, I got 696,000. When I solved the duality function, I got 698,000.4. The reason why they are 2,000.2 apart is due to the additional Y10 and Y11 constraints. This is why there is a price difference.