# **Base Characteristics**

```
In [1]:
          1 # Graph: Distribution of engine Lifespans (histogram)
          2
             def plot engine lifespan hist(df, dataset name="FD001", bins=20, savepath=None, ax=None):
          3
          4
          5
                 Plot a histogram of engine lifespans (max cycles per unit) using the
                 C-MAPSS column names: 'unit number' and 'time in cycles'.
          6
          7
          8
                 Args:
          9
                     df (pd.DataFrame): Raw or preprocessed dataset with required columns.
                     dataset name (str): Label used in the plot title.
         10
                     bins (int): Number of histogram bins.
         11
         12
                     savepath (str | Path | None): If provided, saves the figure.
                     ax (matplotlib.axes.Axes | None): Optional axes to draw on.
         13
         14
         15
                 Returns:
         16
                     pd.Series: Lifespan (max cycles) per engine, indexed by unit number.
         17
         18
                 required cols = {"unit number", "time in cycles"}
         19
                 missing = required cols - set(df.columns)
         20
                 if missing:
         21
                     raise KeyError(f"Missing columns {missing}. Expected {required cols}.")
         22
                 # Compute lifespan per engine (max cycles before failure)
         23
         24
                 lifespans = df.groupby("unit number")["time in cycles"].max().sort values()
         25
         26
                 # Prepare axes
                 created fig = False
         27
          28
                 if ax is None:
         29
                     fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))
                     created fig = True
          30
          31
          32
                 # Plot histogram
                 ax.hist(lifespans, bins=bins, edgecolor="black")
         33
         34
                 ax.set title(f"Distribution of Engine Lifespans ({dataset name})")
         35
                 ax.set xlabel("Max Cycles Before Failure")
                 ax.set ylabel("Number of Engines")
          36
                 ax.grid(True, linestyle="--", alpha=0.5)
         37
          38
         39
                 # Annotate mean ± std for quick reference
                 mean cycles = lifespans.mean()
         40
                 std cycles = lifespans.std()
         41
```

```
ax.axvline(mean cycles, linestyle="--", linewidth=1)
42
      ax.text(mean cycles, ax.get ylim()[1] * 0.95,
43
              f"mean={mean cycles:.1f}\nσ={std_cycles:.1f}",
44
              ha="center", va="top")
45
46
      if savepath:
47
          plt.savefig(savepath, dpi=300, bbox inches="tight")
48
49
50
      if created fig:
51
          plt.tight layout()
          plt.show()
52
53
54
      return lifespans
55
57
58 # Graph: example rul trajectories
59 from typing import Iterable, Dict, List, Optional, Tuple
60
61 def plot example rul trajectories(df, unit ids, max rul=130,
                                   dataset name="FD001", savepath=None):
62
       """Line plots of RUL vs cycles for selected engines."""
63
64
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import pre processing as pp
65
66
      df = df.copv()
67
      df = pp.calculate rul(df, max rul=max rul)
68
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
69
70
71
      for uid in unit ids:
          g = df[df.unit number == uid].sort values('time in cycles')
72
          plt.plot(g['time_in_cycles'], g['RUL'],
73
74
                   marker='.', linewidth=1, label=f"Engine {uid}")
75
76
      plt.title(f"Example RUL Trajectories ({dataset name})")
77
      plt.xlabel("Cycle")
      plt.vlabel("RUL")
78
79
      plt.legend(ncol=2, fontsize=9)
      plt.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
80
81
      plt.tight layout()
      plt.show()
82
83
```

```
84
 85
 86
 87 # Graph: Sensor correlation heatmap
    def plot sensor correlation heatmap(df, dataset name="FD001", method="pearson", savepath=None):
 89
 90
         Plot a correlation heatmap for C-MAPSS sensor columns (sensor measurement *).
 91
 92
        Args:
 93
             df (pd.DataFrame): DataFrame with sensor columns.
             dataset name (str): Label for the title.
 94
 95
             method (str): Correlation method ('pearson', 'spearman', 'kendall').
             savepath (str|Path|None): If provided, save the figure.
 96
 97
 98
         Returns:
 99
             pd.DataFrame: Correlation matrix used for the plot.
100
101
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
102
103
         sensor cols = [c for c in df.columns if c.startswith("sensor measurement")]
104
        if not sensor cols:
105
             raise ValueError("No sensor measurement * columns found.")
106
107
         corr = df[sensor cols].corr(method=method)
108
109
         # Prefer seaborn if available, else matplotlib fallback
110
        try:
111
             import seaborn as sns
             plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
112
113
             sns.heatmap(corr, cmap="coolwarm", center=0, square=True,
                         linewidths=0.5, cbar kws={"shrink": 0.8})
114
115
         except Exception:
116
             plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
             im = plt.imshow(corr, cmap="coolwarm", vmin=-1, vmax=1)
117
118
             plt.colorbar(im, fraction=0.046, pad=0.04)
             labels = [s.replace("sensor measurement ", "S") for s in sensor cols]
119
             plt.xticks(range(len(sensor cols)), labels, rotation=90)
120
            plt.yticks(range(len(sensor_cols)), labels)
121
122
123
        plt.title(f"Sensor Correlation Heatmap ({dataset name})")
        plt.tight layout()
124
        if savepath:
125
```

```
plt.savefig(savepath, dpi=300, bbox inches="tight")
126
127
        plt.show()
128
129
        return corr
130
132
133 import numpy as np
134 import pandas as pd
135
    def summarize sensor correlations(df, method="pearson", top k=5):
136
137
138
        Summarize inter-sensor correlations and list top +/- pairs.
139
140
        Returns:
141
           stats (dict): mean/median of corr and |corr| over unique pairs
142
           top pos (pd.DataFrame): top-k most positively correlated pairs
           top neg (pd.DataFrame): top-k most negatively correlated pairs
143
           corr (pd.DataFrame): full correlation matrix for reuse
144
145
        sensor cols = [c for c in df.columns if c.startswith("sensor measurement")]
146
147
        if len(sensor cols) < 2:</pre>
148
           raise ValueError("Need at least two sensor measurement * columns.")
149
150
        corr = df[sensor cols].corr(method=method)
151
        # take upper triangle (unique pairs, exclude diagonal)
152
        iu = np.triu indices from(corr, k=1)
153
        pair list = []
154
155
        for i, j in zip(iu[0], iu[1]):
           pair list.append({
156
               "sensor a": sensor cols[i],
157
               "sensor b": sensor cols[j],
158
               "corr": corr.iloc[i, j],
159
               "abs corr": abs(corr.iloc[i, j]),
160
161
           })
162
        pairs = pd.DataFrame(pair list)
163
        # summary stats
164
165
        stats = {
            "mean corr": float(pairs["corr"].mean()),
166
           "median corr": float(pairs["corr"].median()),
167
```

```
168
            "mean abs corr": float(pairs["abs corr"].mean()),
169
            "median abs corr": float(pairs["abs corr"].median()),
170
            "n_pairs": int(len(pairs)),
        }
171
172
173
        # top-k lists
174
        top_pos = pairs.sort_values("corr", ascending=False).head(top_k).reset_index(drop=True)
        top neg = pairs.sort values("corr", ascending=True ).head(top k).reset index(drop=True)
175
176
177
        return stats, top_pos, top_neg, corr
178
```

```
In [2]:
          1 # Load Dataset
          2
          3
          4 # Standard Libs
          5 from pathlib import Path
          6 import numpy as np, pandas as pd
         7 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
            import joblib
          9
         10
         11 # Project modules
         12 import data loader as dl
         13 import pre processing as pp
         14 import evaluator as ev
        15 import base model as base
         16 import 1stm model as 1stm
         17 import cnn model as cnn
           import cnn lstm model as cnnlstm
         19
         20 # ---- Paths ----
         21 \mid ROOT = Path.cwd()
         22 CMAPS = ROOT / "CMaps" # keep correct folder case
         23 | # ==== Minimal config you tweak next time ====
         24 DATASET = "FD003"
                                # <- change this to FD002/FD003/FD004 later
         25 SEO LEN = 30
                                  # sliding window
                           # RUL clipping
         26 MAX RUL = 130
                                   # val split by unit
         27 VAL SPLIT = 0.30
         28
         29 # Files derived from DATASET (so you edit one line only)
         30 TRAIN PATH = CMAPS / f"train_{DATASET}.txt"
         31 TEST PATH = CMAPS / f"test {DATASET}.txt"
         32 RUL PATH = CMAPS / f"RUL {DATASET}.txt"
         33
         34 # Artifacts folder for this dataset
         35 ART DIR = ROOT / f"{DATASET} data & artefacts"
           ART DIR.mkdir(exist ok=True)
         37
            print(f"backend: torch | dataset: {DATASET}")
            print("Train:", TRAIN_PATH.name, " | Test:", TEST_PATH.name, " | RUL:", RUL_PATH.name)
         40
         41
```

```
42 # --- Load FD001 ---
43 train df = dl.load raw data(CMAPS / f"train {DATASET}.txt")
44 test df, rul df = dl.load test data(
        CMAPS / f"test {DATASET}.txt",
 45
        CMAPS / f"RUL {DATASET}.txt"
 46
 47 )
 48
49 print("Loaded.")
 50 print(" train df:", train df.shape, " test df:", test df.shape, " rul df:", rul df.shape)
 51 assert train df.shape[1] == 26 and test df.shape[1] == 26
WARNING:root:Limited tf.compat.v2.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
WARNING:root:Limited tf.compat.v2.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
WARNING:root:Limited tf.compat.v2.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
WARNING:root:Limited tf.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
WARNING:root:Limited tf.compat.v2.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
WARNING:root:Limited tf.compat.v2.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
WARNING:root:Limited tf.compat.v2.summary API due to missing TensorBoard installation.
backend: torch | dataset: FD003
Train: train FD003.txt | Test: test FD003.txt | RUL: RUL FD003.txt
Loaded.
  train df: (24720, 26) test df: (16596, 26) rul df: (100, 1)
```

### **Preamble**

### In [3]: 1 dl.inspect\_data(train\_df)

Shape: (24720, 26)

Unique engines: 100

Missing values:

0

Max cycles per engine:

count 100.00000 247.20000 mean 86.48384 std min 145.00000 25% 189.75000 50% 220.50000 75% 279.75000 525.00000 max

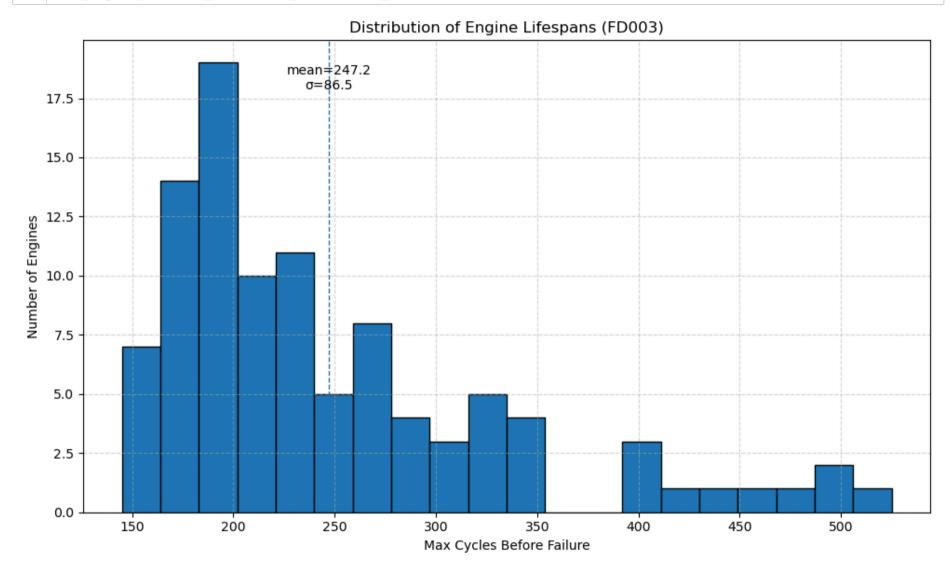
Name: time\_in\_cycles, dtype: float64

First 5 rows:

	unit_number	time_in_cycles	op_setting_1	op_setting_2	op_setting_3	sensor_measurement_1	sensor_measurement_2	sensor_measurement_3	se
0	1	1	-0.0005	0.0004	100.0	518.67	642.36	1583.23	
1	1	2	0.0008	-0.0003	100.0	518.67	642.50	1584.69	
2	1	3	-0.0014	-0.0002	100.0	518.67	642.18	1582.35	
3	1	4	-0.0020	0.0001	100.0	518.67	642.92	1585.61	
4	1	5	0.0016	0.0000	100.0	518.67	641.68	1588.63	

5 rows × 26 columns

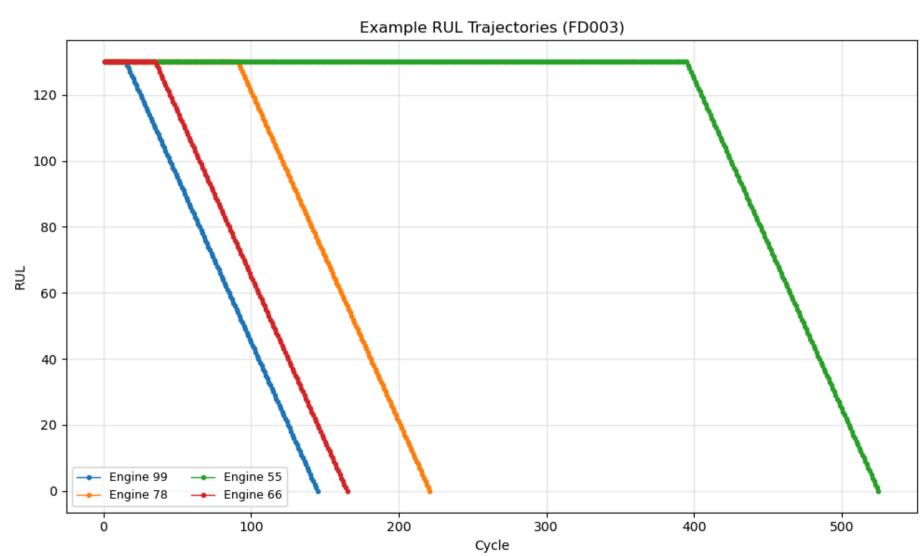
In [4]: 1 plot\_engine\_lifespan\_hist(train\_df, dataset\_name=DATASET)



```
Out[4]: unit_number
       99
              145
       80
              147
       100
              152
       76
              153
       91
              156
             ...
       34
              459
       10
              481
       96
              491
       24
              494
       55
              525
       Name: time_in_cycles, Length: 100, dtype: int64
```

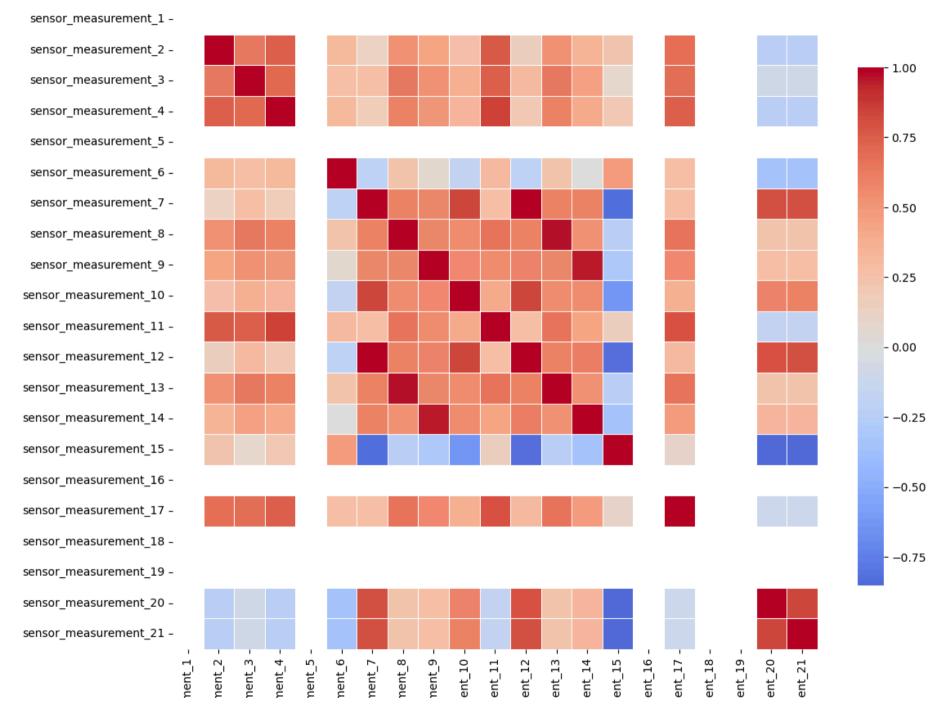
```
In [5]:
          1 import numpy as np
          3 def select representative units(df, random state=42):
          4
                 Select representative engine units:
          5
                 - Shortest-lived
          7
                 - Median-lived
          8
                 - Longest-lived
                 One random unit (reproducible with random_state)
          9
         10
         11
                 Args:
                     df (pd.DataFrame): Engine dataset with 'unit number' and 'time in cycles'.
         12
                     random state (int): Seed for reproducibility.
         13
         14
         15
                 Returns:
         16
                     list[int]: List of selected engine IDs.
         17
         18
                 # Compute max cycles per engine
         19
                 lifespans = df.groupby("unit number")["time in cycles"].max().sort values()
         20
         21
                 # Shortest-Lived
                 shortest = lifespans.index[0]
         22
                 # Median-Lived
         23
                 median = lifespans.index[len(lifespans) // 2]
         24
                 # Longest-lived
         25
                 longest = lifespans.index[-1]
         26
                 # One random
         27
         28
                 rng = np.random.default rng(random state)
         29
                 random unit = rng.choice(lifespans.index)
         30
         31
                 return [shortest, median, longest, int(random unit)]
         32
```

Selected engines: [99, 78, 55, 66]



In [7]: 1 plot\_sensor\_correlation\_heatmap(train\_df, dataset\_name=DATASET)

#### Sensor Correlation Heatmap (FD003)



sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurem sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer sensor\_measurer

### Out[7]:

	sensor_measurement_1	sensor_measurement_2	sensor_measurement_3	sensor_measurement_4	sensor_measurement_5	ser
sensor_measurement_1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
sensor_measurement_2	NaN	1.000000	0.640503	0.745167	NaN	
sensor_measurement_3	NaN	0.640503	1.000000	0.716890	NaN	
sensor_measurement_4	NaN	0.745167	0.716890	1.000000	NaN	
sensor_measurement_5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
sensor_measurement_6	NaN	0.314799	0.269463	0.319139	NaN	
sensor_measurement_7	NaN	0.124167	0.282007	0.181976	NaN	
sensor_measurement_8	NaN	0.533915	0.637926	0.601272	NaN	
sensor_measurement_9	NaN	0.441283	0.535074	0.509782	NaN	
sensor_measurement_10	NaN	0.256388	0.367705	0.330834	NaN	
sensor_measurement_11	NaN	0.762269	0.746093	0.854030	NaN	
sensor_measurement_12	NaN	0.141785	0.298941	0.202106	NaN	
sensor_measurement_13	NaN	0.532745	0.636513	0.601254	NaN	
sensor_measurement_14	NaN	0.343954	0.454205	0.404686	NaN	
sensor_measurement_15	NaN	0.232947	0.076820	0.216773	NaN	
sensor_measurement_16	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
sensor_measurement_17	NaN	0.670062	0.677216	0.749907	NaN	
sensor_measurement_18	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
sensor_measurement_19	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
sensor_measurement_20	NaN	-0.246286	-0.091851	-0.235016	NaN	
sensor_measurement_21	NaN	-0.241318	-0.089035	-0.230134	NaN	

21 rows × 21 columns

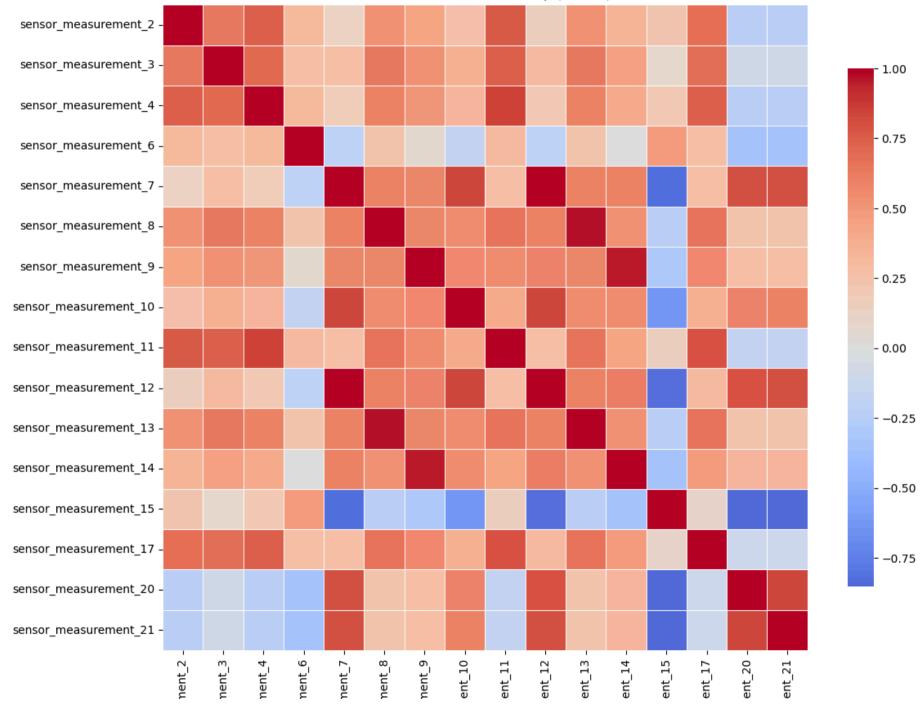
```
In [8]:
          1 stats, top pos, top neg, corr = summarize sensor correlations(train df, method="pearson", top k=5)
             print("Correlation summary:", {k: round(v, 3) if isinstance(v, float) else v for k, v in stats.items()})
             display(top pos.round(3))
             display(top neg.round(3))
         Correlation summary: {'mean corr': 0.323, 'median_corr': 0.373, 'mean_abs_corr': 0.458, 'median_abs_corr': 0.448, 'n_pa
         irs': 210}
                        sensor_a
                                             sensor b
                                                      corr abs corr
             sensor measurement 7 sensor measurement 12 0.989
                                                                0.989
                                                                0.964
             sensor measurement 8 sensor measurement 13 0.964
             sensor measurement 9 sensor measurement 14 0.954
                                                                0.954
             sensor measurement 4 sensor measurement 11 0.854
                                                                0.854
          4 sensor_measurement_20 sensor_measurement 21 0.839
                                                                0.839
                        sensor a
                                             sensor b
                                                        corr abs_corr
          0 sensor measurement 15 sensor measurement 21 -0.852
                                                                0.852
                                                                0.850
          1 sensor measurement 15 sensor measurement 20 -0.850
             sensor measurement 7 sensor measurement 15 -0.827
                                                                0.827
                                                                0.820
          3 sensor measurement 12 sensor measurement 15 -0.820
          4 sensor measurement 10 sensor measurement 15 -0.632
                                                                0.632
```

1 train clean = pp.drop flat sensors(train df.copy())

In [9]:

In [10]: 1 plot\_sensor\_correlation\_heatmap(train\_\_clean, dataset\_name=DATASET)

Sensor Correlation Heatmap (FD003)



sensor_measurer	sensor_measurem							
O)	U)	U)	V)	U)	V)	V)	Se	SS

## Out[10]:

	sensor_measurement_2	sensor_measurement_3	sensor_measurement_4	sensor_measurement_6	sensor_measurement_7	ser
sensor_measurement_2	1.000000	0.640503	0.745167	0.314799	0.124167	
sensor_measurement_3	0.640503	1.000000	0.716890	0.269463	0.282007	
sensor_measurement_4	0.745167	0.716890	1.000000	0.319139	0.181976	
sensor_measurement_6	0.314799	0.269463	0.319139	1.000000	-0.208690	
sensor_measurement_7	0.124167	0.282007	0.181976	-0.208690	1.000000	
sensor_measurement_8	0.533915	0.637926	0.601272	0.247480	0.596510	
sensor_measurement_9	0.441283	0.535074	0.509782	0.065131	0.579004	
sensor_measurement_10	0.256388	0.367705	0.330834	-0.184268	0.830550	
sensor_measurement_11	0.762269	0.746093	0.854030	0.305777	0.270774	
sensor_measurement_12	0.141785	0.298941	0.202106	-0.200906	0.988725	
sensor_measurement_13	0.532745	0.636513	0.601254	0.247099	0.597169	
sensor_measurement_14	0.343954	0.454205	0.404686	0.008579	0.601013	
sensor_measurement_15	0.232947	0.076820	0.216773	0.485677	-0.826574	
sensor_measurement_17	0.670062	0.677216	0.749907	0.285658	0.285796	
sensor_measurement_20	-0.246286	-0.091851	-0.235016	-0.345912	0.802838	
sensor_measurement_21	-0.241318	-0.089035	-0.230134	-0.347739	0.807138	
4						•

```
In [11]:
          1 stats, top_pos, top_neg, corr = summarize_sensor_correlations(train__clean, method="pearson", top_k=5)
          3 print("Correlation summary:", {k: round(v, 3) if isinstance(v, float) else v for k, v in stats.items()})
          5 display(top pos.round(3))
           6 display(top_neg.round(3))
         Correlation summary: {'mean corr': 0.323, 'median corr': 0.373, 'mean abs corr': 0.458, 'median abs corr': 0.448, 'n pa
```

irs': 120}

	sensor_a	sensor_b	corr	abs_corr
0	sensor_measurement_7	sensor_measurement_12	0.989	0.989
1	sensor_measurement_8	sensor_measurement_13	0.964	0.964
2	sensor_measurement_9	sensor_measurement_14	0.954	0.954
3	sensor_measurement_4	sensor_measurement_11	0.854	0.854
4	sensor_measurement_20	sensor_measurement_21	0.839	0.839

	sensor_a	sensor_b	corr	abs_corr
0	sensor_measurement_15	sensor_measurement_21	-0.852	0.852
1	sensor_measurement_15	sensor_measurement_20	-0.850	0.850
2	sensor_measurement_7	sensor_measurement_15	-0.827	0.827
3	sensor_measurement_12	sensor_measurement_15	-0.820	0.820
4	sensor_measurement_10	sensor_measurement_15	-0.632	0.632

In [ ]: