

attend with confidence, track with certainty



Agenda

Introduction

Face Recognition

Blockchain

Project Implementation

Results and Conclusion

Future Work









Face recognition is a process by which a computer system or software can identify the individuals in a digital image or video by analyzing and comparing patterns in the facial features of the individuals to a database of known faces.



A blockchain is a decentralized and distributed digital ledger that is used to record transactions across many computers so that the record cannot be altered retroactively without the alteration of all subsequent blocks and the consensus of the network.

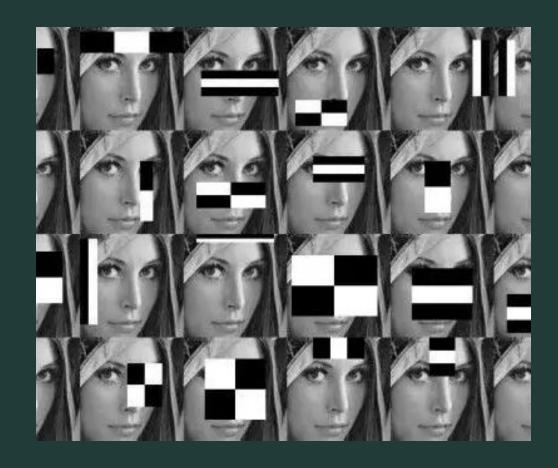


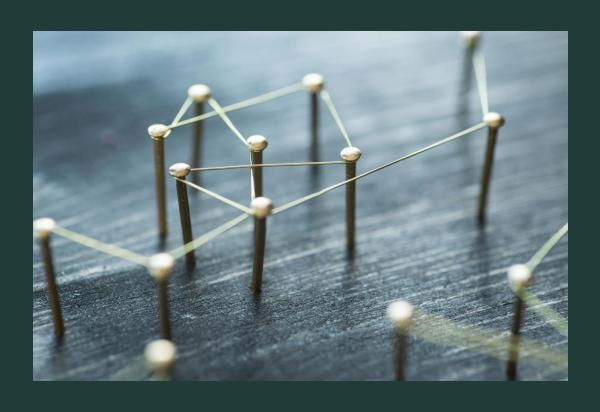
Blockandance is a attendance management system that uses blockchain technology to securely and efficiently track and verify attendance for educational or professional settings.



HAAR CASCADE

- Object detection method used to identify objects in images or video
- It was proposed in 2001 by Paul Viola and Michael Jones
- Haar cascades use "Haar-like" features, which are simple rectangular features that are calculated by subtracting the sum of pixels in one part of the image from the sum of pixels in another part of the image.
- Haar cascades are trained using the Adaboost algorithm.
- According to a study by Anirudha(2021) et al. Haar cascade is 96.24%





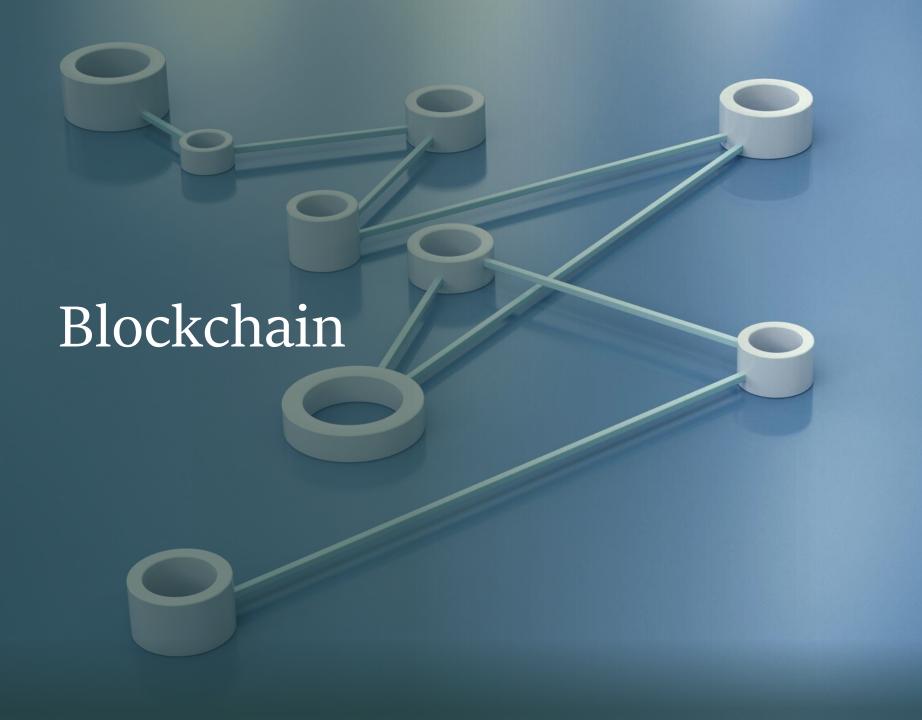
LBPH

- The LBPH (Local Binary Patterns Histograms) algorithm is a facial recognition method used to identify and verify individuals based on their facial features.
- It works by extracting local binary patterns (LBP) from an image of a person's face and creating a histogram of these patterns.
- The LBPH algorithm compares the histograms of two images to determine their similarity. If the histograms are similar, the algorithm considers the images to be of the same person.
- Accuracy for LBPH classifier was 94.74%.

Advantages of LBPH

- One advantage of the LBPH algorithm is that it is robust to changes in lighting and facial expressions.
- It can also be used to recognize faces in images with low resolution or poor quality.
- The LBPH algorithm is relatively simple and fast, making it suitable for real-time facial recognition applications.
- It can be trained using a small number of images, making it suitable for applications where a large dataset is not available.





SMART CONTRACT

01

A smart contract is a selfexecuting contract with the terms of the agreement between parties written into lines of code. 02

The code and the agreements contained therein are stored on a blockchain platform and can be executed automatically when certain conditions are met.

03

Smart contracts are written on Solidity



InterPlanetary File System

- IPFS (InterPlanetary File System) is a decentralized, peer-to-peer file sharing network that allows users to share and access files in a distributed manner rather than through a central server.
- IPFS uses a content-addressable system, which means that each file is assigned a unique cryptographic hash that serves as its address. This makes it easy to locate and access files on the network.
- Infura is a service that allows developers to access the Ethereum blockchain and IPFS without running a full node. It provides a convenient way to interact with these technologies, particularly for developers who do not have the resources or bandwidth to run their own nodes. Infura is owned by ConsenSys, a blockchain software company.



Dataset



The reason we collected 50 images is that for the classifier we are using it is best to collected minimum 50 pictures to get the best accuracy

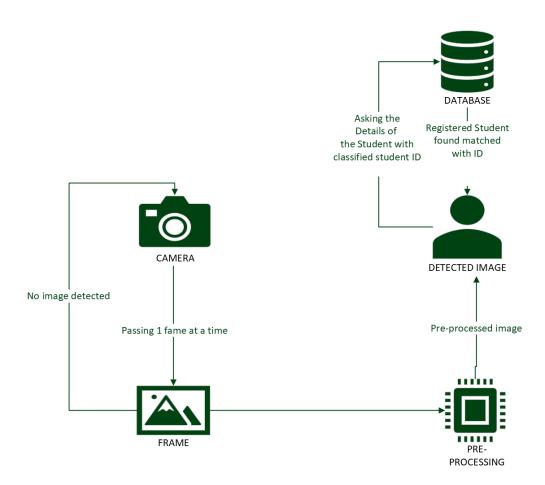


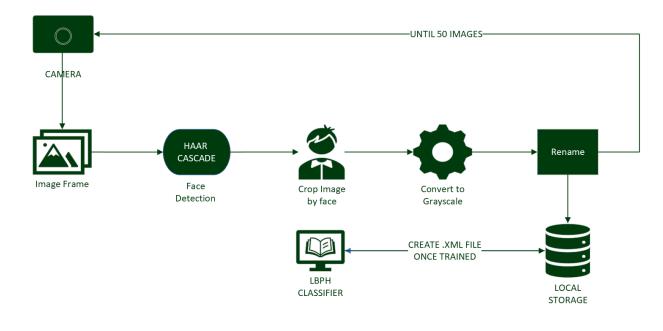
Once the images are collected it was pre-processed and stored in 400 x 400 grayscale format in 'data folder'



The naming of the images are done by registration number of the student followed by '_' and then followed by the image count

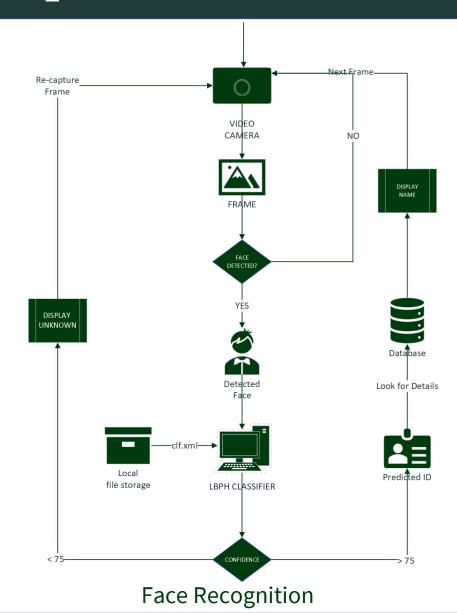
Implementation





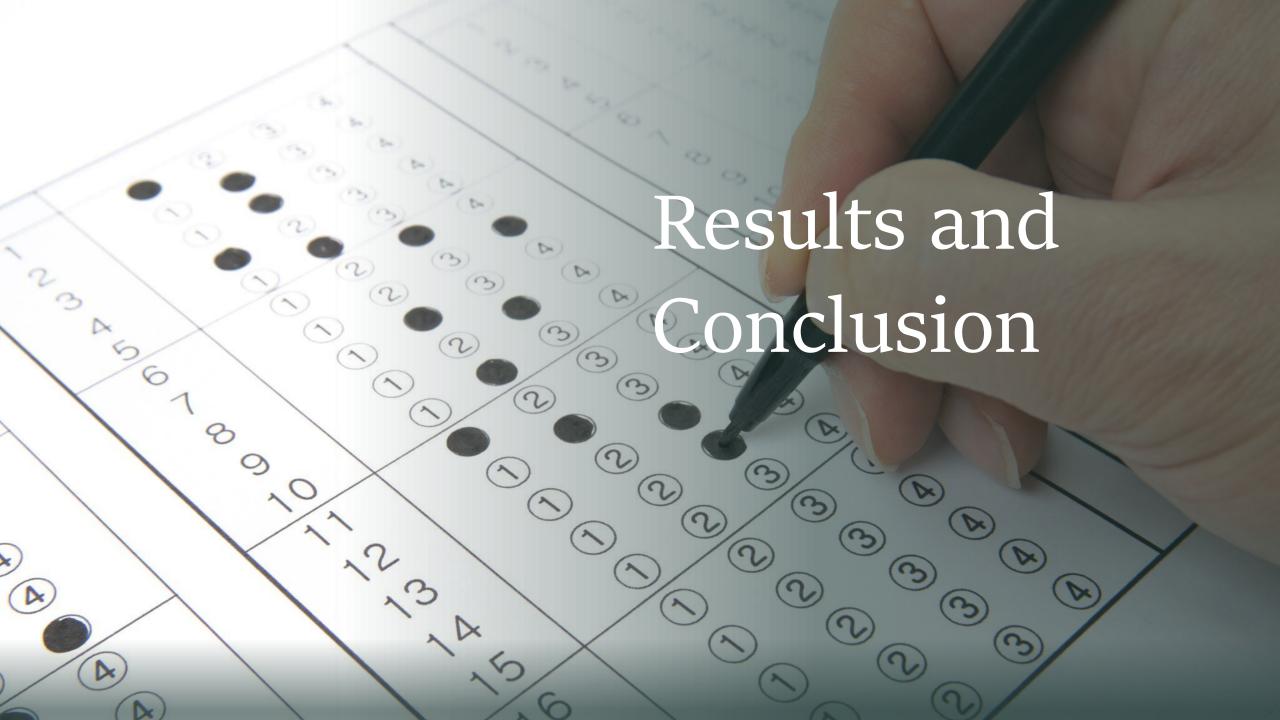
Data Collection Face Detection

Implementation



Saving the .csv file and receiving it's hash. Server **IPFS** Deploying the contract Blockchain Smart Contract

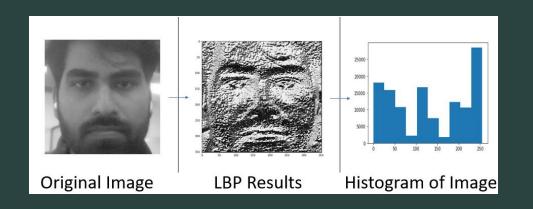
Blockchain Deployment

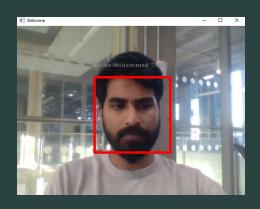


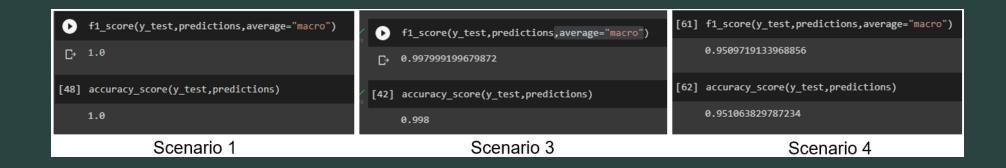
4 Scenarios

Scenario 1: Good Light – 4k camera Scenario 2: Good Light – 720p camera Scenario 3: Low Light – 4k camera Scenario 4: Low Light – 720p camera

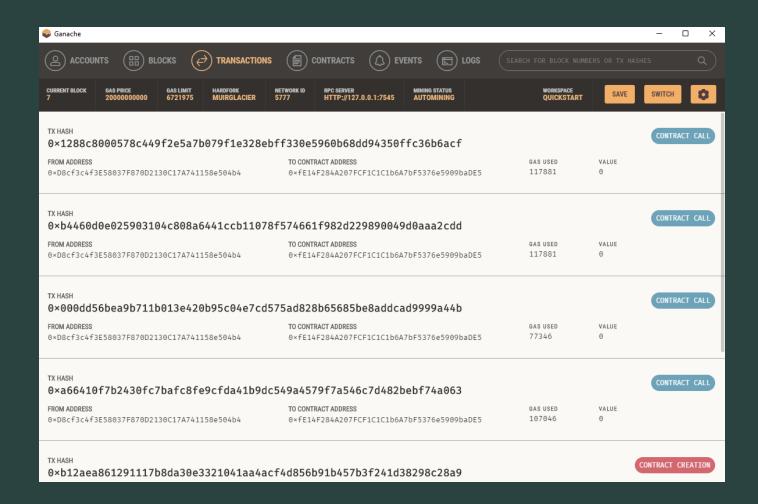
Face Recognition







Blockchain



Conclusion

Camera resolution (4K vs 720P) did not have a significant impact on the accuracy and f-1 score of the face recognition system.

The lighting conditions did affect the performance of the system, with the system performing worse in low lighting conditions compared to good lighting conditions.

This suggests that lighting is an important factor to consider when using a face recognition system. It may be beneficial to optimize the lighting setup in order to improve the performance of the system.

Able to generate hash of the file stored on the IPFS and deployed successfully on the blockchain.

System is designed to be agile, secure, and user-friendly, and has achieved an accuracy of above 95% in evaluations.



Future Work



Improving the pre-processing of input images to increase accuracy in low lighting conditions and optimizing the LBPH classifier.



Evaluating the security and integrity of the blockchain.



Integrating the blockchain with the attendance management system.



Improving the user interface of the application.



Thank You