# Part 1:

# Probability, Bayes' theorem

Bayes' theorem:  $P(B/A) = \frac{P(A \setminus B) * P(B)}{P(A)}$ 

### Q1: a

B=identical male twins(I.M.T)

A=male twins(M.T)

	male♂	male♀	female♂	female♀
Not identical $\frac{1}{125}$	$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{500}$	$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{250}$	$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{250}$	$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{500}$

	male♂	female♀
Identical	$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{600}$	$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{600}$
300	2 000	2 000

$$P(I.M.T / M.T) = \frac{P(M.T \setminus I.M.T) * P(I.M.T)}{P(M.T)} = \frac{1 * \frac{1}{600}}{\frac{1}{600} + \frac{1}{500}} = \frac{\frac{1}{600}}{\frac{11}{3000}} = \frac{5}{6}.$$

### Q1: b

B=Chocolate (C)

A= bowl number 1 (1)

$$P(C/1) = \frac{P(1 \setminus C) * P(C)}{P(1)} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} * \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{5}{8}} = \frac{3}{5}.$$

# <u>Q2</u>

B= Yellow and Green (Y.G)

A= Yellow from 1994 (Y 94)

$$P(Y94/Y.G) = \frac{0.2*0.2}{0.2*0.2+0.14*0.10} = \frac{0.04}{0.054} = \frac{20}{27}.$$

### Q3: a

B = Positive (p)

A= Sick (s)

$$P(P/S) = \frac{1 * \frac{1}{10,000}}{\frac{1}{10,000} + 0.01} = \frac{1}{101}$$

#### Q3: b

$$P(P/S) = \frac{1 * \frac{1}{200}}{\frac{1}{200} + 0.01} = \frac{1}{3}$$

# Random variables

Expected value= 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} x_i * P(x_i)$$

#### <u>Q1</u>

Options of Sum={2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

Sum divided by  $3=\{3,6,9,12\}=$ 

P(sum 3)+P(sum 6)+P(sum 9)+P(sum 12)

$$\frac{2}{36}$$
 +  $\frac{5}{36}$  +  $\frac{4}{36}$  +  $\frac{1}{36}$  =  $\frac{1}{3}$ 

P(sum not divided by 3)=1-
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
= $\frac{2}{3}$ 

$$E_{(X)} = 6* P(win 6\$) - 3*P(lose 3\$)$$

$$=6*(\frac{1}{3})-3*(\frac{2}{3})=2-2=0$$
 (a fair game)

#### <u>Q2</u>

P(sum bigger then 12)= P(sum 13)+P(sum 14)+P(sum 15)

$$=$$
  $\frac{3}{25}$  +  $\frac{2}{25}$  +  $\frac{1}{25}$   $=$   $\frac{6}{25}$ 

P(sum equals to 12)=  $\frac{4}{25}$ 

P(sum smeller then 12) =  $1 - \frac{6}{25} - \frac{4}{25} = \frac{3}{5}$ 

$$\frac{E_{(X)}}{E_{(X)}} = 5 * \frac{6}{25} - 6 * \frac{3}{5} = -\frac{12}{5}$$
 (isn't a fair game)

### <u>Q3</u>

The number of males in the company is: 0.4\*200=80

μ= sample size\*Percentage of population in the sample

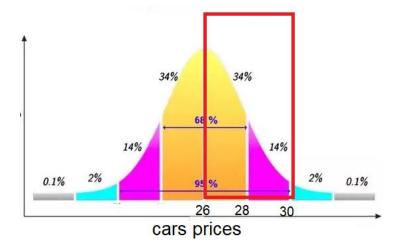
$$= 0.4*8 = 3.2$$
 (mean)

The Standard deviation of the sample=

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \mu)^2}{N}}$$

$$6 = \sqrt{\frac{0.4*(1-0.4)}{8}} = 0.1732$$
 (Standard deviation)

# <u>Q4</u>



$$X = 34\% + 14\% = 48\% = 0.48$$
.

Q5

$$P(X>3) = \frac{2*0.4}{2} = \frac{0.4}{2}$$
 (area of the Triangle)

# <u>Q6</u>

$$P(\frac{The\ number\ of\ results\ desired}{Number\ all\ possible\ outcomes}) =$$

$$\frac{\binom{300}{3} * \binom{200}{1}}{\binom{500}{4}} = 0.3462$$

# <u>Q7</u>

$$E_{(X)} = -10*0.1 - 5*0.35 + 0 + 10*0.1 + 5*0.35 = 0.$$