Point line parallel (two lines on the same plane but never touching) bearing right angle acute

Obtuse and reflex angles perpendicular, similarity and congruence (two shapes that are exactly the same)

Triangles(three points, angles add to 180) quadrilaterals (4 lines all 90®) circles (a shape with no angles) polygon (a shape with more than 5 sides) and simple solid figures including nets

Reflex angle over 180°

Triangle’s

To get a angle of 60° using a compass measure a line of X then set you compass to the length of X place the compass on each end of the line procede to draw two circle with the radius of X where the two circles meet draw a line going to the edge of each line then you have a equilateral triangle with three 60° angle