

Homework Assignment #6

ECE 0257 – Spring 2019

Name

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Collaborators

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Book Problems

Sedra & Smith 7.1

Sedra & Smith 7.25

Sedra & Smith 7.29

Sedra & Smith 7.30

Sedra & Smith 7.33

Sedra & Smith 7.122

Simulation Problems

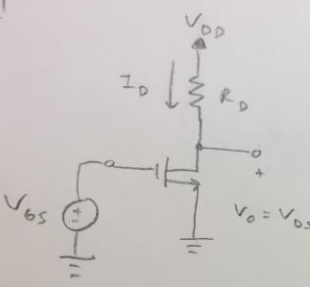
Exercises (a) – (n)

Check-list Before Submission

- ☐ Write within boxes, no boxes are moved
- ☐ Write your full names in designated area
- ☐ Save this file as a PDF before uploading, keep the number of pages (**18**) unchanged
- ☐ Notify “TO BE CONTINUED” accordingly if you used the extra pages (page 16-18)

Sedra & Smith 7.1

7.1



$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$
 $V_t = 0.5 \text{ V}$
 $k_n = 10 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$
 $R_D = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$

Saturation: $V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_t$ (Point A)

Point A is (V_t, V_{DD})
 $= (0.5 \text{ V}, 5 \text{ V})$

B is where $V_{GS} - V_t = V_{DS}$
 $(V_{GS|B}, V_{GS|B} - V_t)$

$$V_{GS|B} = V_t + \frac{\sqrt{2k_n R_D V_{DD}} + 1}{k_n R_D}$$

$$= 0.5 + \frac{\sqrt{2(0.01 \text{ A/V}^2)(20,000 \Omega)(5 \text{ V})} + 1}{(0.01 \text{ A/V}^2)(20,000 \Omega)} = 0.72 \text{ V}$$

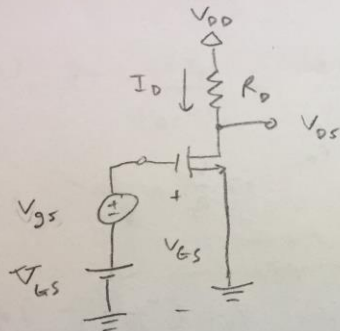
$$V_{GS|B} - V_t = 0.72 - 0.5 = 0.22 \text{ V}$$

Point A: $(0.5 \text{ V}, 5 \text{ V})$
 Point B: $(0.72 \text{ V}, 0.22 \text{ V})$

7.25

Sedra & Smith 7.25

7.25



$$V_t = 0.4 \text{ V}$$

$$k_n = 5 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$$

$$V_{GS} = 0.6 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V}$$

$$R_D = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$(a) \quad I_D = \frac{1}{2} (5 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}) (0.6 \text{ V} - 0.4 \text{ V})^2 = \boxed{0.1 \text{ mA}}$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{DD} - I_D R_D = 1.8 \text{ V} - (0.1 \text{ mA}) (10 \text{ k}\Omega) = \boxed{0.8 \text{ V}}$$

$$(b) \quad g_m = (5 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}) (0.6 - 0.4) = \boxed{\frac{1 \text{ mA}}{\text{V}}}$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{V_o}{V_i} = -g_m R_D = -\left(\frac{1 \text{ mA}}{\text{V}}\right) (10 \text{ k}\Omega) = \boxed{-10}$$

$$(d) \quad \lambda = 0.1 \text{ V}^{-1}$$

$$r_o = \frac{|V_A|}{I_D} = \frac{1}{\lambda I_D} = \frac{1}{(0.1 \text{ V}^{-1}) (0.1 \text{ mA})} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$A_v = -g_m \left(\frac{R_D r_o}{R_D + r_o} \right) = \frac{1 \text{ mA}}{\text{V}} \left(\frac{100 \cdot 100}{100 + 100} \right) = \boxed{-9.09 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{V}}}$$

Sedra & Smith 7.29


$I_D = \lambda I_D (0.1 \text{ V}^{-1})(0.1 \text{ mA})$
 $A_v = -g_m \left(\frac{R_D r_o}{R_D + r_o} \right) = \frac{1 \text{ mA}}{V^2} \left(\frac{100 \cdot 10^3}{100 + 10^3} \right) = \boxed{9.09 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{V}}}$

7.29 $\mu_n C_{ox} = 250 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$ $g_m = 2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}} \Rightarrow I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$
 $V_t = 0.5 \text{ V}$ Find W for g_m and V_{GS}
 $L = 0.5 \mu\text{m}$

$2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}} = \sqrt{2 \left(250 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2} \right) \frac{W}{0.5 \mu\text{m}} (0.25 \text{ mA})}$
 $\boxed{W = 16 \mu\text{m}}$

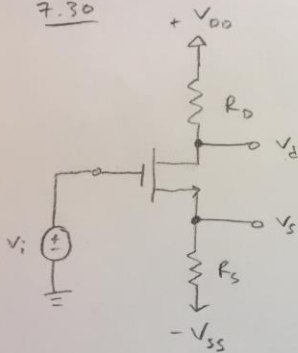
$2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}} = \frac{2 (0.25 \text{ mA})}{V_{GS} - 0.5 \text{ V}}$ $V_{GS} = \frac{2 (0.25 \text{ mA})}{2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
 $\boxed{V_{GS} = 0.75 \text{ V}}$

7.30 V_{DD}
 $\lambda = 0$



Sedra & Smith 7.30

7.30



$$\lambda = 0$$

$$v_i = g_m v_{gs} \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_S \right)$$

$$v_d = -g_m v_{gs} R_D$$

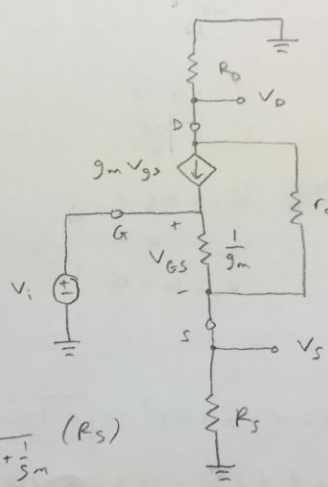
$$v_s = g_m v_{gs} R_S$$

$$\frac{v_s}{v_i} = \frac{g_m v_{gs} R_S}{g_m v_{gs} \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_S \right)}$$

$$v_s = \frac{v_i}{R_S + \frac{1}{g_m}} (R_S)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{v_s}{v_i} = \frac{R_S}{R_S + \frac{1}{g_m}}}$$

$$V_{GS} = 0.75 \text{ V}$$



$$i = \frac{v_i}{R_S} + \frac{1}{g_m}$$

$$v_o = \left(\frac{v_i}{R_S + \frac{1}{g_m}} \right) R_D$$

$$\boxed{\frac{v_o}{v_i} = \frac{-R_D}{R_S + \frac{1}{g_m}}}$$

$$\frac{v_d}{v_i} = \frac{-g_m v_{gs} R_D}{g_m v_{gs} \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_S \right)} = \frac{-g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_S}$$

Sedra & Smith 7.33

(a) $V_k = 1\text{ V}$, $k_n = 4 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$ — $V_{GS} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $I_D = 0.5\text{ mA}$, $V_D = 7.0\text{ V}$
at DC: $+15\text{ V}$

$V_G = 5\text{ V}$
 $0.5\text{ mA} = \frac{1}{2} (4 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}) (1.5 - 1)^2$
 \hookrightarrow Agrees with saturation equation
 $\frac{15\text{ V} - 7.0\text{ V}}{16\text{ k}\Omega} = 0.5\text{ mA}$
 \hookrightarrow Agrees with Ohm's Law
 $5\text{ V} - V_G = V_{GS} = 1.5\text{ V}$
 $V_G = 3.5\text{ V}$

$\frac{3.5\text{ V} - 0}{7\text{ k}\Omega} = 0.5\text{ mA}$
 \hookrightarrow Confirms that current is correct through entire MOSFET

(b) $g_m = \frac{2I_D}{V_{GS} - V_t} = \frac{2(0.5\text{ mA})}{1.5 - 1\text{ V}} = \boxed{2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}}}$ $r_o = \frac{100\text{ V}}{0.5\text{ mA}} = \boxed{200\text{ k}\Omega}$

(c)

$r_o \parallel 16\text{ k}\Omega \parallel 16\text{ k}\Omega$
 $r_o \parallel 8$

(2) $R_{in} = \frac{v_{gs}}{v_{sig}}, \frac{v_o}{v_{gs}}, \frac{v_o}{v_{sig}}$

$R_{in} = \frac{(5\text{ mA} \times 10\text{ M}\Omega)}{15\text{ mA}} = \boxed{3.3\text{ M}\Omega}$

$r_o \parallel r_d \parallel r_L = \frac{(200\text{ k}\Omega)(8\text{ k}\Omega)}{208\text{ k}\Omega} = 7.69\text{ k}\Omega = R_{EQ}$

$v_{GS} = v_G = v_{sig} \left(\frac{3.3\text{ M}\Omega}{3.5\text{ M}\Omega} \right) \quad \frac{v_{GS}}{v_{sig}} = \frac{3.3}{3.5} = \boxed{0.943 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{V}}}$

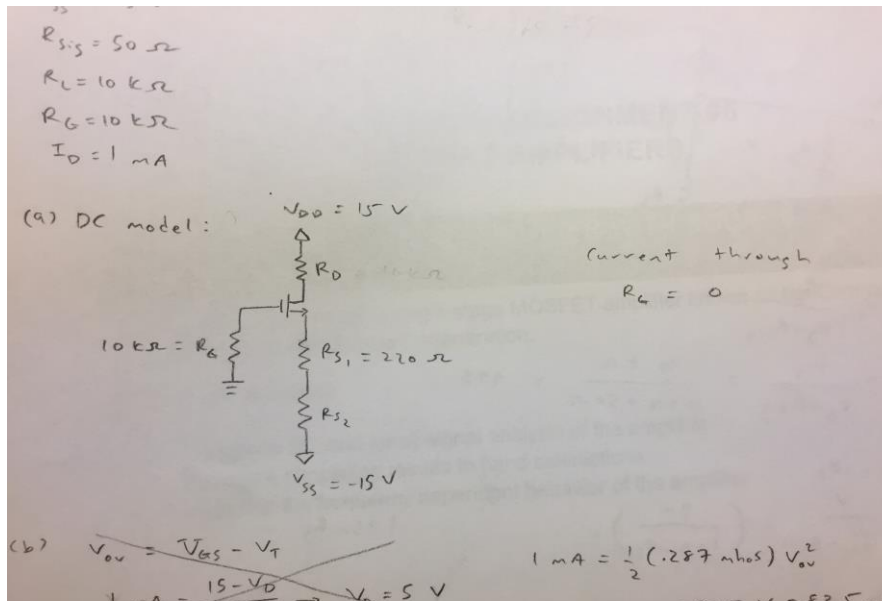
$v_o = (g_m v_{GS}) R_{EQ}$
 $\frac{v_o}{v_{GS}} = g_m R_{EQ} = (2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}})(7.69 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{mA}}) = \boxed{15.4 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{V}}}$

$v_o = v_{GS} g_m R_{EQ} \quad \frac{v_o}{v_{sig}} = (0.943 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{V}})(2 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}})(7.7 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{mA}}) = \boxed{14.5 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{V}}}$
 $v_{GS} = v_{sig}(0.943)$

Sedra & Smith 7.122

MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (a)

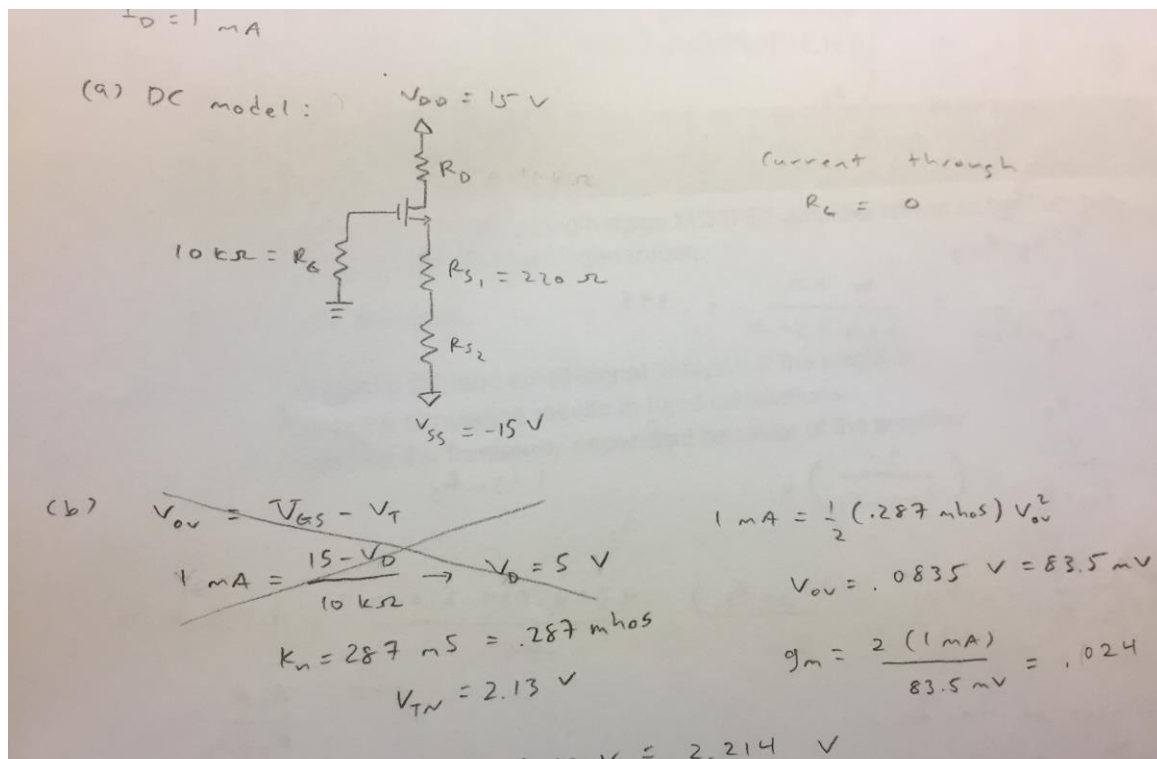
Current through $R_G = 0$



MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (b)

$$V_{OV} = 83.5 \text{ mV} \quad g_m = .024 \quad V_{GS}$$

$$= 2.214 \text{ V}$$



MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (c)

$$r_o = 68.5 \text{ kohms}$$

Handwritten calculations for MOSFET parameters:

$$K_n = 287 \text{ mS} = .287 \text{ mS}$$
$$V_{TN} = 2.13 \text{ V}$$
$$V_{GS} = 83.5 \text{ mV} + 2.13 \text{ V}$$

(c) $\lambda = 0.0146 \text{ V}^{-1}$

$$r_o = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)}{1 \text{ mA}} = 68.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (d)

$$R_{S2} = 12.566 \text{ kohms}$$

Handwritten calculations for MOSFET circuit parameters:

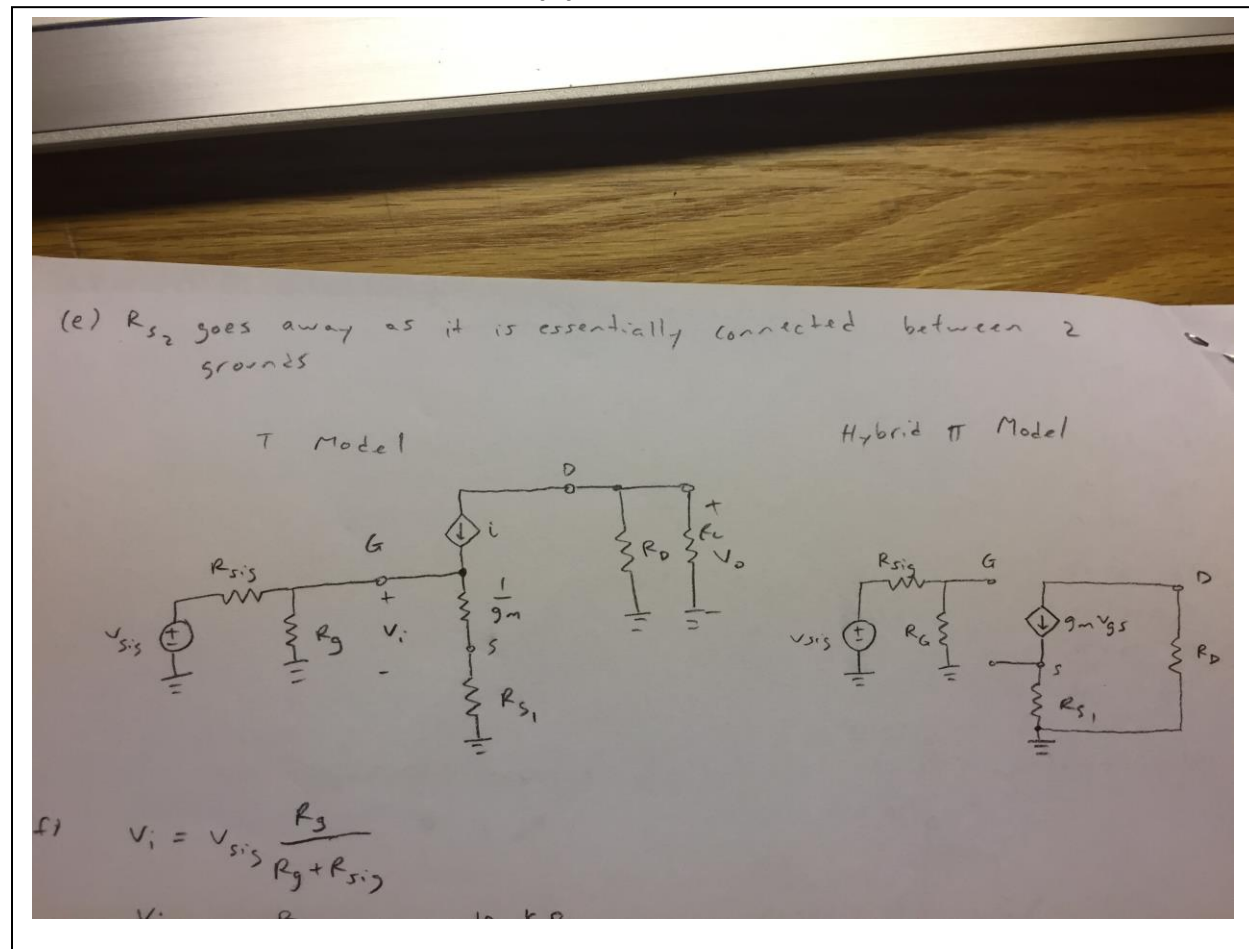
(c) $\lambda = 0.0146 \text{ V}^{-1}$

$$r_o = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)}{1 \text{ mA}} = 68.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

(d) $V_G = 0 \text{ V}$ (Connected to Ground)

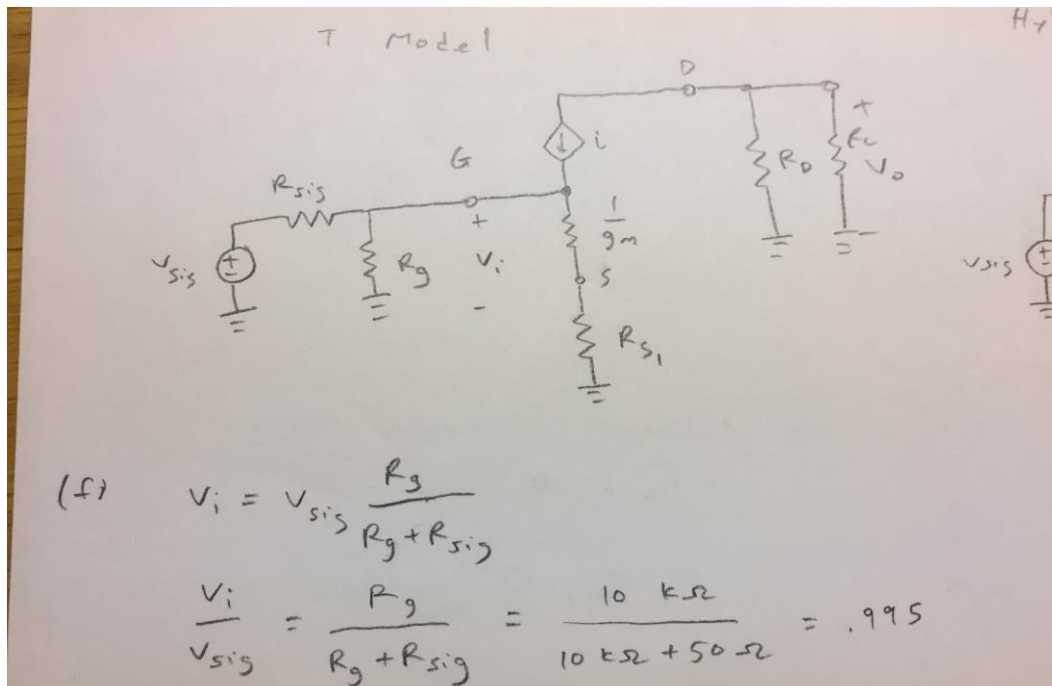
$$V_G - V_S = 2.214 \text{ V}$$
$$V_S = -2.214 \text{ V}$$
$$R_{S1} + R_{S2} = \frac{(-2.214 \text{ V} - (-15 \text{ V}))}{1 \text{ mA}} = 12.79 \text{ k}\Omega$$
$$220 \Omega + R_{S2} = 12.79 \text{ k}\Omega$$
$$R_{S2} = 12.566 \text{ k}\Omega$$

MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (e)



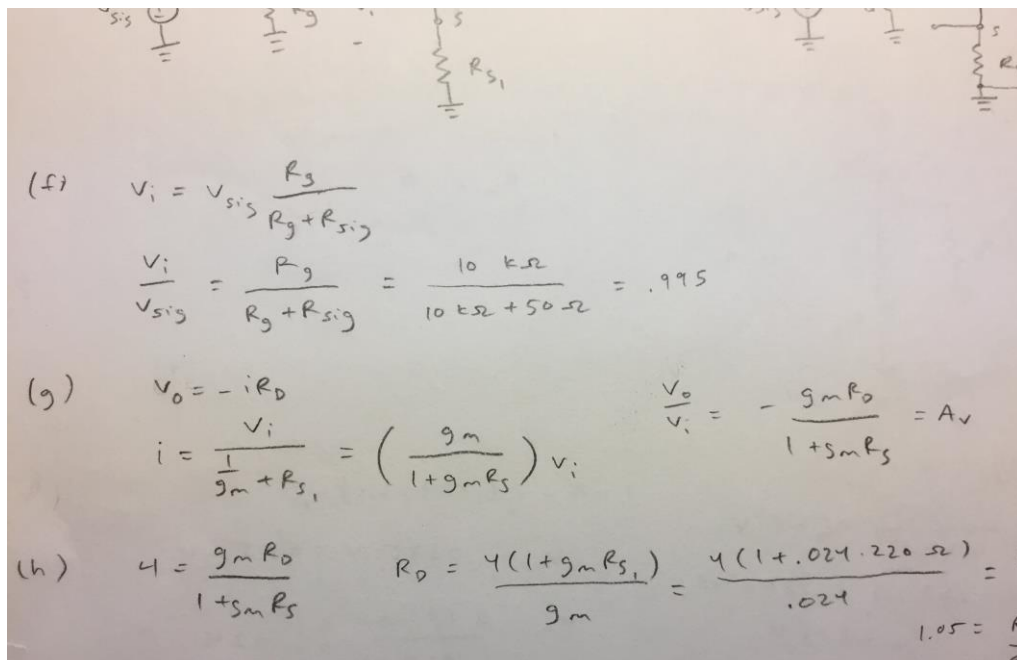
MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (f)

$$\frac{v_i}{v_{sig}} = .995$$



MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (g)

$$A_v = \frac{v_o}{v_i} = -g_m R_D / (1 + g_m R_{S1})$$



MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (h)

$$R_D = 1.17 \text{ kohms}$$

(f) $V_i = V_{sig} \frac{R_g}{R_g + R_{sig}}$

$$\frac{V_i}{V_{sig}} = \frac{R_g}{R_g + R_{sig}} = \frac{10 \text{ k}\Omega}{10 \text{ k}\Omega + 50 \text{ k}\Omega} = .195$$

(g) $V_o = -i R_D$

$$i = \frac{V_i}{\frac{1}{g_m} + R_{S1}} = \left(\frac{g_m}{1 + g_m R_{S1}} \right) V_i$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = - \frac{g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_{S1}} = A_v$$

(h) $A_v = \frac{g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_{S1}}$ $R_D = \frac{4(1 + g_m R_{S1})}{g_m} = \frac{4(1 + .024 \cdot 220 \Omega)}{.024} = 1.05 \text{ k}\Omega$

(i) DC voltage at the drain

$$\frac{15 - V_D}{1.17 \text{ k}\Omega} = 1 \text{ mA} \quad V_D = 13.83 \text{ V}$$

(j) Conditions for Saturation:

$$V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_T$$

$$V_D = 13.83 \text{ V}$$

$$V_S = -2.214 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{DS} = 16.044 \text{ V} \geq 2.214 \text{ V} = 2.13 \text{ V}$$

$$2.786 \text{ V} \geq .084 \text{ V}$$

1.1 k \leftarrow act

1.05 = $\frac{R_D R_L}{R_D + R_L}$

$$1.05 = \frac{10 R_D}{10 + R_D}$$

$$10.5 + 1.05 R_D = 10 R_D$$

$$R_D = 1.17 \text{ k}\Omega$$

MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (i)

$$V_D = 13.83 \text{ V}$$

(h) $A_v = \frac{g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_{S1}}$ $R_D = \frac{4(1 + g_m R_{S1})}{g_m}$

(i) DC voltage at the drain

$$\frac{15 - V_D}{1.17 \text{ k}\Omega} = 1 \text{ mA} \quad V_D = 13.83 \text{ V}$$

(j) Conditions for Saturation:

$$V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_T$$

MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (j)

The conditions for saturation are satisfied because V_{ds} is greater than $V_{gs} - V_t$.
 $V_d = 13.83 \text{ V}$, $V_s = -2.214 \text{ V}$, $V_g = 0$, $V_t = 2.13 \text{ V}$.

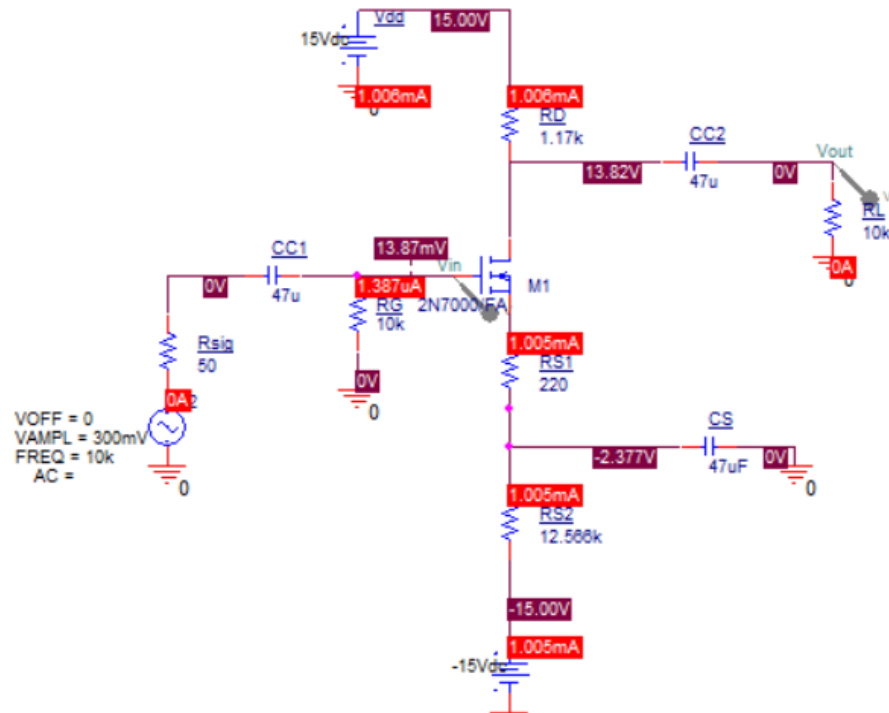
$V_{ds} = 16.044 \text{ V}$

$V_{gs} - V_t = .084 \text{ V}$

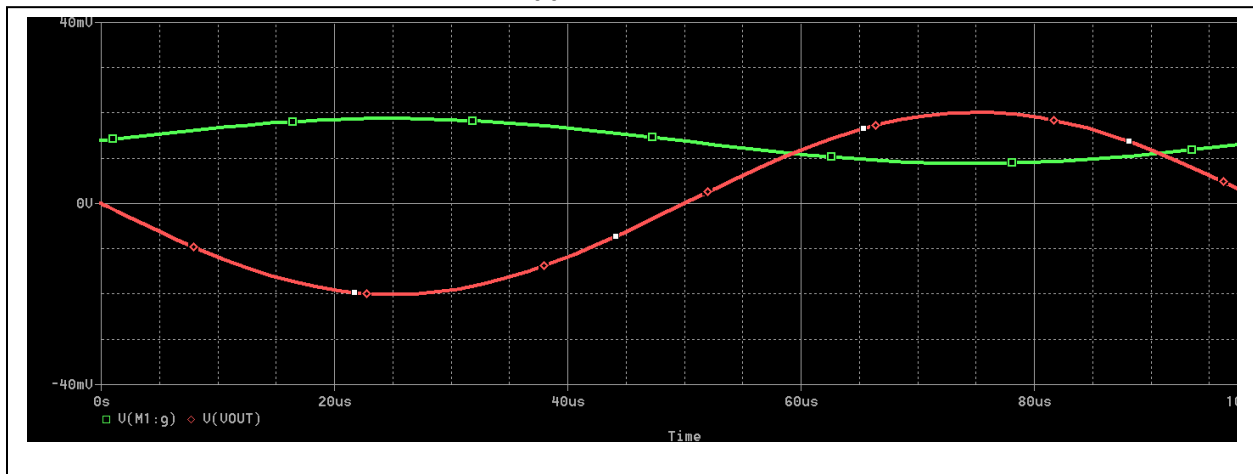
MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (k)

$$V_{GS} = 2.16 \text{ V} \qquad V_{DS} = 16.096 \text{ V} \qquad I_D = 1.006 \text{ mA}$$

The values are close, though there is some error.



MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (I)



MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (m)

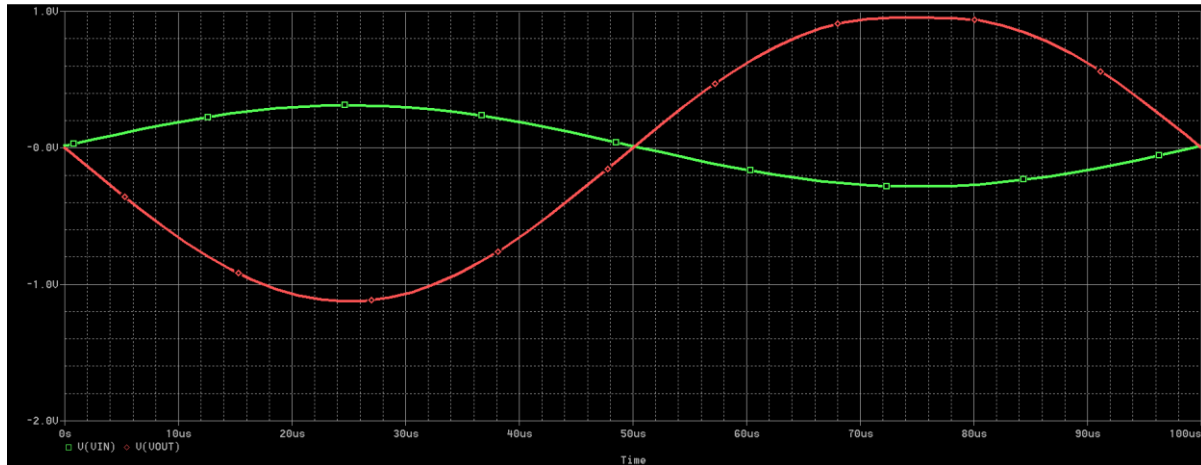
$$A_v = -3.31$$

I found the values of the input and the output voltages at their peaks. The amplitude of the input was 5.506, while the amplitude of the output was -18.224, resulting in a gain of -3.31.

MOSFET AMPLIFIER SIMULATION (n)

Amplitude = 300 mV

This distortion occurs because the small-signal condition is no longer met.



EXTRA PAGES

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