

Homework 4, ECE 1570/2595 Robot Control, Spring 2022 (Due Wednesday Feb. 23)

Problem 1. Please make modifications to the MATLAB codes shown below and reproduce the simulation results on Slides 41 ($k_P = 0.5$) and Slides 42 ($k_P = 2$) of Lecture 5. You only need to submit two plots for this problem.

```
clear all;

T = 12;           % Time of simulation
dt = 0.01;        % Sampling time interval
x(1) = 0;         % Initial x location
y(1) = 0;         % Initial y location
phi(1) = pi;      % Initial heading
v0 = 10;          % Speed of the mobile robot

k_P = 0.5;        % Gain of P control

x_d = 40;         % Desired x location
y_d = 40;         % Desired y location

plot(x_d, y_d, 'rd'); hold on;      % Plot the target location as a red diamond

%%%% Start simulation:

for i = 1 : T/dt

    % Controller:

    phi_d = atan((y_d-y(i))/(x_d-x(i)));

    u(i) = k_P*(phi_d-phi(i)); % This might cause angle problem!

    % Dynamics of mobile robot:

    x(i+1) = x(i) + dt*v0*cos(phi(i));
    y(i+1) = y(i) + dt*v0*sin(phi(i));
    phi(i+1) = phi(i) + dt*u(i);

    plot(x(i),y(i),'b. '); hold on; % Plot the trajectory of the mobile robot

end
```

Problem 2. Consider an LTI system: $\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$; $y = [1 \ 1] \mathbf{x}$.

Given $\mathbf{x}(0) = [3, 3]'$ and $u(t) = 3 \cdot 1(t)$, please compute $y(t)$.