

1.

1.  $\lambda = \frac{2 \text{ packets}}{s}$  Interarrival time =  $A_t$  (exponential) Service rate =  $\mu = \frac{1 \text{ packet}}{s}$

stability: buffer doesn't overflow

rate =  $\sigma t$

(a)  $\frac{\lambda}{\mu} < 1$

(b)  $\frac{\sigma t}{A_t} < 1$

2.

2.  $\lambda = 48 \frac{\text{packets}}{s} \rightarrow$  FIFO sharing

$125 \times 10^{-6} s$  to serve a byte

average packet len = 125 Bytes

(a) Yes:  $\text{rate} = \mu = \frac{1 \text{ byte}}{125 \times 10^{-6} s} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ packet}}{125 \text{ bytes}} = \boxed{64 \frac{\text{packets}}{s}} \text{ (avg)}$

(b)  $D = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda} = \frac{1}{64 \frac{\text{packets}}{s} - 48 \frac{\text{packets}}{s}} = \boxed{.0625 s}$

(c)  $W = D - \frac{1}{\mu} = .0625 - \frac{1}{64} = \boxed{.046875 s}$

(d)  $N_q = D \cdot \lambda = (.0625 s) (48 \frac{\text{packets}}{s}) = \boxed{3 \text{ packets}}$

3.

3. 24 users, each at  $48 \frac{\text{packets}}{s}$   $\mu = 64 \frac{\text{packets}}{s}$

$\lambda = 24 \cdot 48 \frac{\text{packets}}{s}$

$D = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda} = \frac{1}{(64 - 48)} = \boxed{.0625 s}$

4. (a)

4. (a)  $\lambda = 1$  10000 customers  
 $\mu = 1.5$

$$\frac{1}{(\mu - \lambda)} = \frac{1}{1.5 - 1}$$

$$\frac{1}{0.5} = \frac{1}{1.5}$$

$$2 = 0.67$$

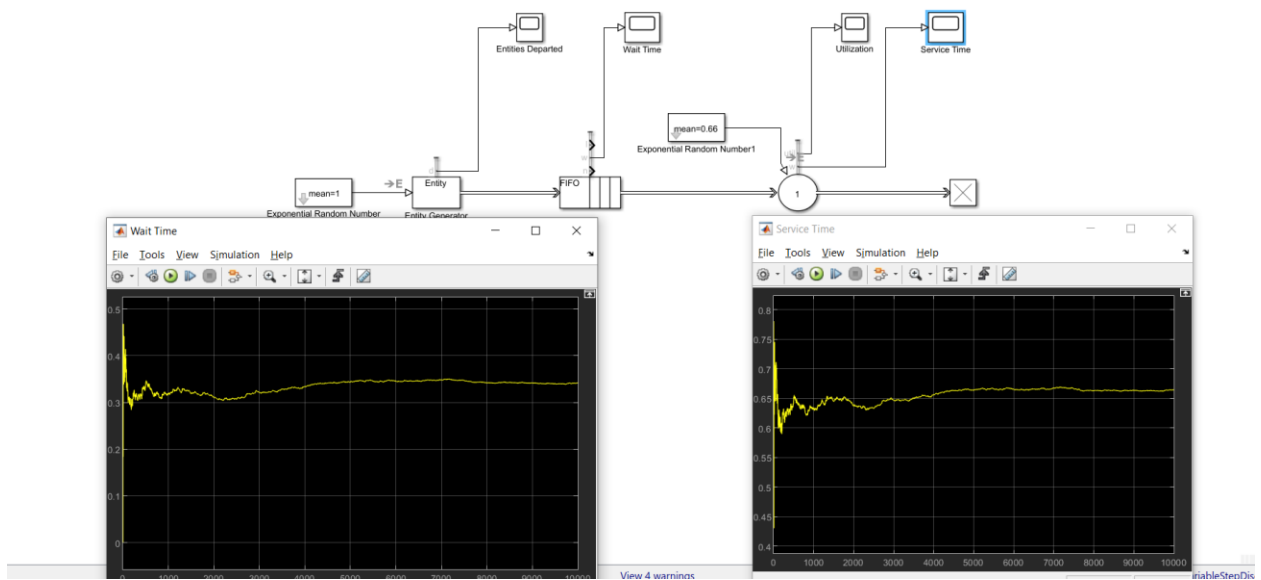
$$= 1.33 \text{ s wait time}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{(1.5 - 1)} = 2.5$$

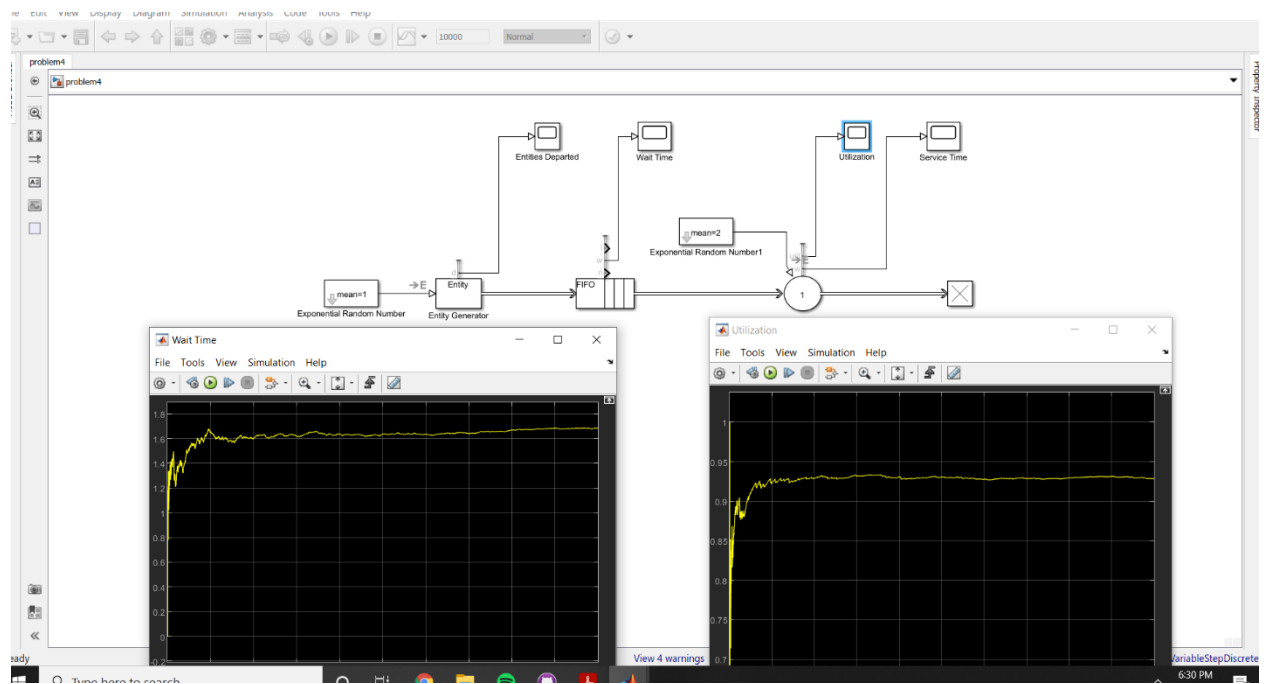
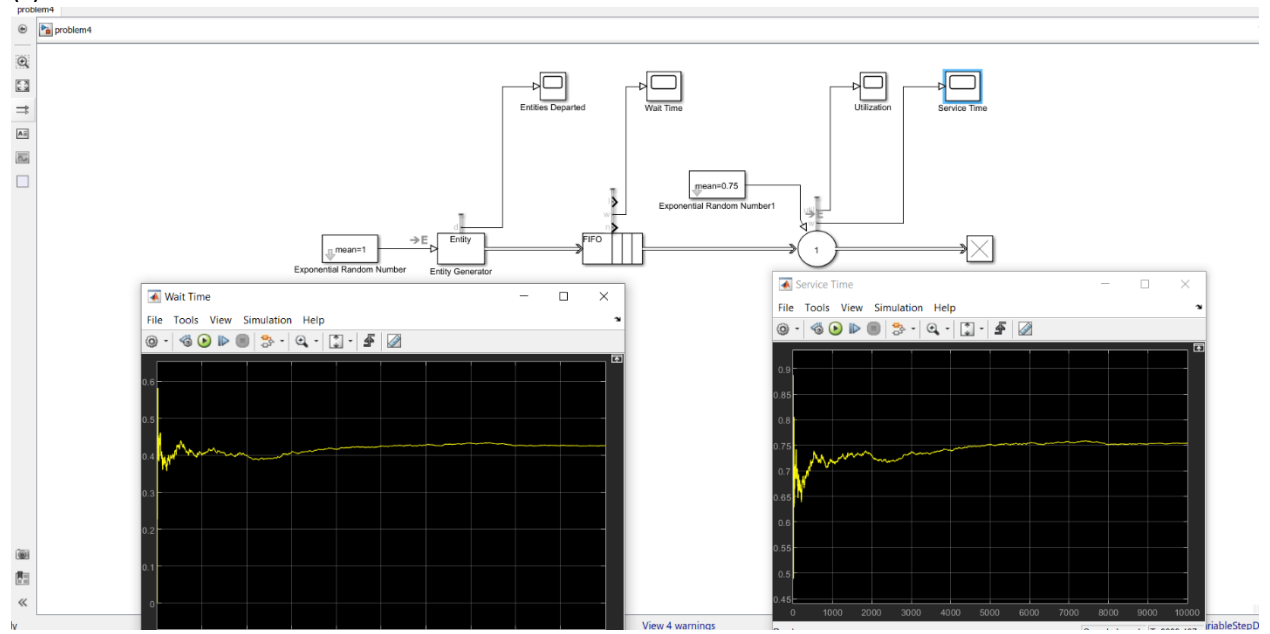
$$\text{Wait time} = \frac{2.5}{1.5} = 1.33 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{Service time} = D - W = 0.67 \text{ s}$$

(b)



(c)



5.

