18B - INTRODUCTION TO SPARQL

CS 1656

Introduction to Data Science

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SPARQL (CONTINUED)

Examples are taken from http://www.learningsparql.com

RDF DATA: ex012.ttl

```
# filename: ex012.ttl
@prefix ab: <a href="http://learningspargl.com/ns/addressbook">http://learningspargl.com/ns/addressbook</a> .
@prefix d: <a href="http://learningspargl.com/ns/data#">http://learningspargl.com/ns/data#>...
d:i0432 ab:firstName "Richard".
d:i0432 ab:lastName "Mutt".
d:i0432 ab:homeTel "(229) 276-5135".
d:i0432 ab:email "richard49@hotmail.com".
d:i9771 ab:firstName "Cindy".
d:i9771 ab:lastName "Marshall".
d:i9771 ab:homeTel "(245) 646-5488".
d:i9771 ab:email "cindym@gmail.com".
d:i8301 ab:firstName "Craig".
d:i8301 ab:lastName "Ellis".
d:i8301 ab:email "craigellis@yahoo.com".
d:i8301 ab:email "c.ellis@usairwaysgroup.com".
```

Graph representation?

SPARQL by Example – ex008.rq

```
# filename: ex008.rq
PREFIX ab: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook">http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook">
SELECT ?person
WHERE
{ ?person ab:homeTel "(229) 276-5135" . }
 RESULTS:
  person
  http://learningsparql.com/ns/data#d:i0432
```

SPARQL by Example – ex017.rq

```
# filename: ex017.rq
PREFIX ab: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?first ?last
WHERE
  ?person ab:homeTel "(229) 276-5135" .
  ?person ab:firstName ?first .
  ?person ab:lastName ?last .
}
                   RESULTS:
                                first
                                               last
                                   "Richard" | "Mutt"
```

SPARQL by Example – ex047.rq

```
# filename: ex047.rq
PREFIX ab: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?first ?last
WHERE
  ?person ab:homeTel "(229) 276-5135";
           ab:firstName ?first;
           ab:lastName ?last .
}
                   RESULTS:
                                first
                                               last
                                   "Richard" | "Mutt"
```

SPARQL by Example – ex015.rq

filename: ex015.rq

PREFIX ab: http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>

```
SELECT ?craigEmail
WHERE

{
    ?person ab:firstName "Craig" .
    ?person ab:lastName "Ellis" .
    ?person ab:email ?craigEmail .
}
```

craigEmail

"c.ellis@usairwaysgroup.com"

"craigellis@yahoo.com"

SPARQL by Example – ex023.rq

filename: ex023.rq

PREFIX ab: http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>

```
SELECT ?craigEmail ?homeTel WHERE {
    ?person ab:firstName "Craig" .
    ?person ab:lastName "Ellis" .
    ?person ab:email ?craigEmail .
    ?person ab:homeTel ?homeTel .
}
```

```
craigEmail homeTel
```

Why empty?

RDF Data: ex054.ttl

```
# filename: ex054.ttl
@prefix ab: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#> .
@prefix d: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/data#> .
d:i0432 ab:firstName "Richard".
d:i0432 ab:lastName "Mutt".
                     "(229) 276-5135".
d:i0432 ab:homeTel
d:i0432 ab:nick
                     "Dick" .
                     "richard49@hotmail.com" .
d:i0432 ab:email
d:i9771 ab:firstName "Cindy" .
d:i9771 ab:lastName
                     "Marshall" .
                     "(245) 646-5488" .
d:i9771 ab:homeTel
                     "cindym@gmail.com" .
d:i9771 ab:email
d:i8301 ab:firstName "Craig" .
d:i8301 ab:lastName
                     "Ellis" .
d:i8301 ab:workTel
                     "(245) 315-5486" .
                     "craigellis@yahoo.com" .
d:i8301 ab:email
                     "c.ellis@usairwaysgroup.com" .
d:i8301 ab:email
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```

SPARQL by Example – ex055.rq

```
# filename: ex055.rq
PREFIX ab: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>

SELECT ?first ?last ?workTel
WHERE {
    ?s ab:firstName ?first ;
        ab:lastName ?last ;
        ab:workTel ?workTel .
}
```

RESULTS:

SPARQL by Example – ex057.rq

```
# filename: ex057.rq
PREFIX ab: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?first ?last ?workTel
WHERE {
  ?s ab:firstName ?first ;
      ab:lastName ?last .
 OPTIONAL
  { ?s ab:workTel ?workTel . }
}
                                workTel
  first
              last
  "Craig"
                "Ellis"
                                "(245) 315-5486"
              | "Marshall"
  "Cindy"
  "Richard"
               "Mutt"
```

RESULTS

SPARQL by Example – ex059.rq

```
# filename: ex059.rq
PREFIX ab: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?first ?last ?workTel ?nick
WHERE {
  ?s ab:firstName ?first ;
      ab:lastName ?last .
 OPTIONAL {
  ?s ab:workTel ?workTel ;
     ab:nick ?nick .
                                workTel
  first
                last
                                            nick
  "Craig"
                                                        Why empty?
                "Ellis"
  "Cindy"
               "Marshall"
  "Richard"
               "Mutt"
```

SPARQL by Example – ex061.rq

ESULT

first	last 	workTel	nick
"Craig" "Cindy" "Richard"	"Ellis" "Marshall" "Mutt"	"(245) 315-5486" 	 "Dick"

SPARQL by Example – ex063.rq

```
# filename: ex063.rq
PREFIX ab: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?first ?last
WHERE
  ?s ab:lastName ?last .
  OPTIONAL { ?s ab:nick ?first . }
  OPTIONAL { ?s ab:firstName ?first .
                                                     Order of OPTIONAL
                                                     Statements matters!
  first
               last
  "Craig"
               "Ellis"
  "Cindy"
              "Marshall"
  "Dick"
               "Mutt"
```

SPARQL QUERIES OVER MULTIPLE "TABLES"

All are still in a single RDF file, but if we were to store the info using the relational model, we would need multiple tables.

RDF Data: ex069.ttl – Page #1

```
# filename: ex069.ttl
@prefix ab: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#> .
@prefix d: <http://learningspargl.com/ns/data#> .
# People
d:i0432 ab:firstName "Richard";
       ab:lastName
                    "Mutt" ;
       ab:email "richard49@hotmail.com".
d:i9771 ab:firstName "Cindy";
       ab:lastName
                    "Marshall" ;
                    "cindym@gmail.com" .
       ab:email
d:i8301 ab:firstName "Craig";
                    "Ellis";
       ab:lastName
       ab:email
                    "c.ellis@usairwaysgroup.com" .
```

RDF Data: ex069.ttl – Page #2

Courses

```
d:course34 ab:courseTitle "Modeling Data with OWL" .
d:course71 ab:courseTitle "Enhancing Websites with RDFa" .
d:course59 ab:courseTitle "Using SPARQL with non-RDF Data" .
d:course85 ab:courseTitle "Updating Data with SPARQL" .
```

Who's taking which courses

```
d:i8301 ab:takingCourse d:course59 .
d:i9771 ab:takingCourse d:course34 .
d:i0432 ab:takingCourse d:course85 .
d:i0432 ab:takingCourse d:course59 .
d:i9771 ab:takingCourse d:course59 .
```

SPARQL by Example – ex070.rq

```
# filename: ex070.rq
PREFIX ab: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?last ?first ?courseName
WHERE {
    ?s ab:firstName ?first ;
        ab:lastName ?last ;
        ab:takingCourse ?course .

    ?course ab:courseTitle ?courseName .
}
```

SPARQL by Example – ex070.rq

RESULTS

SPARQL by Example – pairs

Q: How should we change the following query to return pairs of people (first names) who are taking the same course?

```
# filename: ex070.rq
PREFIX ab: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/addressbook#>
SELECT ?last ?first ?courseName
WHERE {
    ?s ab:firstName ?first ;
        ab:lastName ?last ;
        ab:takingCourse ?course .

    ?course ab:courseTitle ?courseName .
}
```

SPARQL by Example – pairs

SPARQL PATH QUERIES

RDF Data: ex074.ttl

```
# filename: ex074.ttl
@prefix dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix c: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#> .
@prefix : <http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#> .
         dc:title
                      "Paper A" .
:paperA
                      "Paper B" ;
         rdfs:label
:paperB
         c:cites
                      :paperA .
:paperC c:cites
                      :paperA .
        c:cites
:paperD
                      :paperA ,
                      :paperB .
        c:cites
:paperE
                      :paperA .
:paperF
        c:cites
                      :paperC , :paperE .
:paperG c:cites
                      :paperC , :paperE .
:paperH c:cites
                      :paperD .
       c:cites
:paperI
                      :paperF , :paperG .
```

SPARQL by Example – ex075.eq

```
# filename: ex075.rq

PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
PREFIX : <http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#>

SELECT ?s ?title
WHERE { ?s (dc:title | rdfs:label) ?title . }
```

ESULTS

ex077.eq – which papers cited paperA

```
# filename: ex077.rq

PREFIX : <http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#>
PREFIX c: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#>

SELECT ?s
WHERE { ?s c:cites :paperA . }
```

```
| s
| :paperB
| :paperC
| :paperD
| :paperE
```

SPARQL by Example – ex078.rq

```
# filename: ex078.rq

PREFIX : <http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#>
PREFIX c: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#>

SELECT ?s
WHERE { ?s c:cites+ :paperA . }

Adding a + sign looks for papers that cite paperA,
```

Adding a + sign looks for papers that cite paperA, and papers that cite those, and papers that cite those, etc, until it runs out of papers.

:paperE :paperG :paperI :paperF :paperI :paperD :paperH :paperC :paperG :paperI :paperF :paperI :paperB :paperD :paperH

SPARQL by Example – ex080.rq

```
# filename: ex080.rq
PREFIX : <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#">PREFIX : <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#</a>>
PREFIX c: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#></a>
SELECT ?s
WHERE { ?s c:cites{3} :paperA . }
           Exactly three links away.
                                                                            :paperI
                                                                            :paperI
                                                                            :paperI
                                                                            :paperI
                                                                            :paperH
```

SPARQL by Example – ex082.rq

```
# filename: ex082.rq
PREFIX : <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#">PREFIX : <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#</a>>
PREFIX c: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#></a>
SELECT ?s
WHERE { ?s c:cites/c:cites/c:cites :paperA . }
           Exactly three links away,
                                                                        :paperI
           using path expression
                                                                        :paperI
                                                                        :paperI
                                                                        :paperI
                                                                        :paperH
```

SPARQL by Example – ex083.rq

```
# filename: ex083.rq
PREFIX : <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#">PREFIX : <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/papers#</a>>
PREFIX c: <a href="http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#">http://learningsparql.com/ns/citations#>
SELECT ?s
WHERE { :paperA ^c:cites ?s }
                   Inverse property path:
            shows which papers cite paperA
                    (same as ex077.rq)
```

FANCY SPARQL QUERIES

Distinct, Union, Filter, Limit

SPARQL by Example – ex105.rq

```
# filename: ex105.rq

PREFIX dm: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/demo#>

SELECT ?s ?cost

WHERE
{
    ?s dm:cost ?cost .
    FILTER (?cost < 10)
}</pre>
```

RESULTS

s	cost
<pre> <http: data#item126="" learningsparql.com="" ns=""></http:></pre>	5 8
<pre><http: data#item432="" learningsparql.com="" ns=""></http:></pre>	8

SPARQL by Example – ex109.rq

```
# filename: ex109.rq
PREFIX dm: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/demo#>
PREFIX db: <http://dbpedia.org/resource/>

SELECT ?s ?cost ?location
WHERE
{
    ?s dm:location ?location ;
      dm:cost ?cost .
    FILTER (?location IN (db:Montreal, db:Lisbon)) .
}
```

RESULTS

s	cost	location	
<pre> <http: data#item857="" learningsparql.com="" ns=""> <http: data#item126="" learningsparql.com="" ns=""></http:></http:></pre>		db:Montreal db:Lisbon	

SPARQL by Example – ex111.rq

```
# filename: ex111.rq

PREFIX dm: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/demo#>
PREFIX db: <http://dbpedia.org/resource/>

SELECT ?s ?cost ?location
WHERE
{
    ?s dm:location ?location ;
      dm:cost ?cost .
    FILTER (?cost IN (8, 12, 10)) .
}
```

SPARQL by Example – ex112.rq

```
# filename: ex112.rq
PREFIX dm: <http://learningsparql.com/ns/demo#>
PREFIX db: <http://dbpedia.org/resource/>

SELECT ?s ?cost ?location
WHERE
{
    ?s dm:location ?location ;
    dm:cost ?cost .

FILTER (?location NOT IN (db:Montreal, db:Lisbon)) .
}
```

RESULTS

s	cost	location
<pre> <http: data#item693="" learningsparql.com="" ns=""></http:></pre>	10	"Heidelberg"
<http: data#item432="" learningsparql.com="" ns=""></http:>	8	db:Boston