

# 英语学习笔记

泰山职业技术学院夏乐斋

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# 第一章 Unusuall days

## 1.1 text

It is eight o'clock. The children go to school by car every day, but today, they are going to school on foot. It is ten o'clock. Mrs. Sawyer usually stays at home in the morning, but this morning, she is going to the shops. It is four o'clock. In the afternoon, Mrs. Sawyer usually drinks tea in the living room. But this afternoon, she is drinking tea in the garden. It is six o'clock. In the evening, the children usually do their homework, but this evening, they are not doing their homework. At the moment, they are playing in the garden. It is nine o'clock. Mr. Sawyer usually reads his newspaper at night. But he's not reading his newspaper tonight. At the moment, he's reading an interesting book.

## 1.2 words

### 1.2.1 on foot

on foot 英 [n ft] 美 [n ft] [词典] 步行; 走路去; [例句]I go to school usually on foot. 我上学通常是走路去。

### 1.2.2 living room

living room 英 [lv rum] 美 [lv rum] n. 客厅; 起居室; [例句]We were sitting on the couch in the living room watching TV. 我们就坐在客厅的沙发

发上看电视。[其他] 复数: living rooms

### 1.2.3 at the moment

at the moment 英 [æt ð mmnt] 美 [æt ð momnt] [词典] 此刻; 目前; 眼下; [例句] I remember now. He arrived just at the moment it happened 现在我想起来了, 他恰恰在事情发生的时候到了。

### 1.2.4 tonight

tonight 英 [tnat] 美 [tnat] adv. 在今夜; 在今晚; n. 今夜; 今晚; [例句] I'm at home tonight 我今晚在家。

## 1.3 test

### 1.3.1 First

It is eight o'clock. The children usually go to school by car every day, but today, they are going to school on foot. It is ten o'clock. Mrs. Sawyer usually stays at home in the morning, but this morning, she is going to the shops. It is four o'clock. In the afternoon, Mrs. Sawyer usually drinks tea in the living room, But this afternoon, she is drinking tea in the garden. It is six o'clock. In the evening, the children usually do their homework, but this evening, they are not doing their homework. At the moment, they are playing in the garden. It is nine o'clock. Mr. Sawyer usually reads his newspaper at night. But he's not reading his newspaper tonight. At the moment, He's reading an interesting book.

### 1.3.2 Second

It is eight o'clock. The children usually go to school by car every day, but today, they are going to school on foot. It is ten o'clock. Mrs. Sawyer usually stays at home in the morning, but this morning, she is going to the

shops. It is four o'clock. In the afternoon, Mrs. Sawyer usually drinks tea in the living room. But this afternoon, she is drinking tea in the garden. It is six o'clock. In the evening, the children usually do their homework, but this evening, they are not doing their homework. At the moment, they are playing in the garden. It is nine o'clock. Mr. Sawyer usually reads his newspaper at night, but he's not reading his newspaper tonight. At the moment, he's reading an interesting book.

### 1.3.3 Third

It is eight o'clock. The children go to school by car every day, but today, they are going to school on foot. It is ten o'clock. Mrs. Sawyer usually stays at home in the morning, but this morning, she is going to the shops. It is four o'clock. In the afternoon, Mrs. Sawyer usually drinks tea in the living room. But this afternoon, she is drinking tea in the garden. It is six o'clock. In the evening, the children usually do their homework, but this evening, they are not doing their homework. At the moment, they are playing in the garden. It is nine o'clock. Mr. Sawyer usually reads his newspaper at night. But he's not reading his newspaper tonight. At the moment, He's reading an interesting book.

### 1.3.4 Forth

It is eight o'clock. The children go to school by car every day, but today, they are going to school on foot. It is ten o'clock. Mrs. Sawyer usually stays at home in the morning, but this morning, she is going to the shops. It is four o'clock. In the afternoon, Mrs. Sawyer usually drinks tea in the living room. But this afternoon, she is drinking tea in the garden. It is six o'clock. In the evening, the children usually do their homework, but this evening, they are not doing their homework. At the moment, they are playing in the garden. It is nine o'clock. Mr. Sawyer usually reads his newspaper at night. But he's not reading his newspaper tonight. At the moment, he's reading

an interesting book.

### **1.3.5 Fifth**

It is eight o'clock. The children go to school by car every day, but today, they are going to school on foot. It is ten o'clock. Mrs. Sawyer usually stays at home in the morning, but this morning, she is going to the shops. It is four o'clock. In the afternoon, Mrs. Sawyer usually drinks tea in the living room. But this afternoon, she is drinking tea in the garden. It is six o'clock. In the evening, the children usually do their homework, but this evening, they are not doing their homework. At the moment, they are playing in the garden. It is nine o'clock. Mr. Sawyer usually reads his newspaper at night. But he's not reading his newspaper tonight. At the moment, he's reading an interesting book.

## 第二章 Is that all?

I want some envelopes, please. Do you want the large size or the small size? The large size, please. Do you have any writing paper? Yes, we do. I don't have any small pads. I only have large one. Do you want a pad? Yes, please. And I want some glue. A bottle of glue. And I want a large box of chalk, too. I only have small boxes. Do you want one? No, thank you. Is that all? That's all, thank you. What else do you want? I want my change.

### 2.1 Words

### 2.2 envelope

envelope 英 [envlp] 美 [envlop] n. 信封; 塑料封套; 塑料封皮; [例句] There's a valuable place for fashion and design that pushes the envelope a bit 在原有尺度上有所突破的时尚和设计受到人们的重视。[其他] 复数: envelopes

### 2.3 pad

pad 英 [pæd] 美 [pæd] n. (吸收液体、保洁或保护用的) 软垫, 护垫, 垫状物; 便笺本; 拍纸簿; 爪垫; 肉掌; v. (用软材料) 填充, 覆盖, 保护; 蹑手蹑脚地走; 虚报 (账目); 做黑账; [例句] He withdrew the needle and placed a pad of cotton-wool over the spot. 他把针头拔出, 在扎针处按了一块药棉。[其他] 第三人称单数: pads 复数: pads 现在分词: padding 过去式: padded

过去分词: padded

## 2.4 glue

glue 英 [lu] 美 [lu] n. 胶; 胶水; v. (用胶水) 粘合, 粘牢, 粘贴; [例句] Glue the fabric around the window 用胶水把布料粘在窗户周围。[其他] 第三人称单数: glues 复数: glues 现在分词: glueing 过去式: glued 过去分词: glued

## 2.5 chalk

chalk 英 [tk] 美 [tk] n. 白垩; (白色或彩色的) 粉笔; v. 用粉笔写 (或画); [例句] Her skin was chalk white and dry-looking. 她的皮肤看上去苍白发干。[其他] 第三人称单数: chalks 现在分词: chalking 过去式: chalked 过去分词: chalked

## 2.6 change

change 英 [tend] 美 [tend] v. 改变; 变化; 使不同;(使) 变换, 改换, 变成 n. 改变; 变化; 变更; 变革;(会令人感兴趣或可喜的) 变化; 替代; 更换; 替代物; 零钱。第三人称单数: changes 复数: changes 现在分词: changing 过去式: changed 过去分词: changed

## 2.7 Test

## 2.8 First

I want some envelopes, please. Do you want the large size or the small size? The large size, please. Do you have any writing paper? Yes, we do. I only have the large one. Do you want a pad? Yes, please. And I want some glue. A bottle of glue. And I want a large box of chalk, too. I only



have small boxes. Do you want one? No, thank you. Is that all? That's all, thank you. What else do you want? I want my change.

## 2.9 Second

I want some envelopes, please. Do you want the large size or the small size? The large size, please. Do you have any writing paper? Yes, we do. I don't have any small pads. I only have large one. Do you want one? Yes, please. And I want some glue. A bottle of glue. And I want a large box of chalk, too. I only have small boxes. Do you want one? No, thank you. Is that all? That's all, thank you. What else do you want? I want my change.

## 2.10 Third

I want some envelopes, please. Do you want the large size or the small size? The large size, please. Do you have any writing paper? Yes, we do. I don't have any small pads. I only have large one. Do you want a pad? Yes, please. And I want some glue. A bottle of glue. And I want a large box of chalk, too. I only have small boxes. Do you want one? No, thank you. Is that all? That's all, thank you. What else do you want? I want my change.

## 2.11 Forth

I want some envelopes, please. Do you want the large size or the small size? The large size, please. Do you have any writing paper? Yes, we do. I don't have any small pads. I only have large one. Do you want a pad? Yes, please. And I want some glue. A bottle of glue. And I want a large box of chalk, too. I only have small boxes. Do you want one? No, thank you. It that all? That's all, thank you. What else do you want? I want my change.



## 第三章 Bad cold

### 3.1 Text

Where's Jimmy? He's in bed. What's the matter with him? He feels ill. He looks ill. We must call the doctor. Yes, we must. Can you remember the doctor's telephone number? Yes. It's 09754. Open your mouth, Jimmy. Show me your tongue. Say, "Ah." What's the matter with him, doctor? He has a bad cold. Mr. Williams, so he must stay in bed for a week. That's good news for Jimmy. Good news? Why? Because he doesn't like school!

### 3.2 test

### 3.3 First

Where's Jimmy? He's in bed. What's matter with him? He feels ill. He looks ill. We must call the doctor. Yes, we must. Can you remember the doctor's telephone number? Yes. It's 09754. Open your mouth, Jimmy. Show me your tongue. Say, "Ah." What's the matter with him, doctor? He has a bad cold, Mr. Williams, so he must stay in bed for a week. That's good news for Jimmy. Good news? Why? Because he doesn't like the school!

### 3.4 Second

Where's Jimmy? He's in bed. What's the matter with him? He feels ill. He looks ill. We must call the doctor. Yes, we must. Can you remember the doctor's telephone number? Yes. It's 09754. Open your mouth, Jimmy. Show me your tongue. Say, "Ah." What's the matter with him, doctor? He has a bad cold, Mr. Williams, so he must stay in bed for a week. That's good news for Jimmy. Good news? Why? Because he doesn't like school!

### 3.5 Third

Where's Jimmy? He's in bed. What's the matter with him? He feels ill. He looks ill. We must call the doctor. Yes, we must. Can you remember the doctor's telephone number? Yes, it's 09754. Open your mouth, Jimmy. Show me your tongue. Say, "Ah." What's the matter with him, doctor? He has a bad cold, Mr. Williams, so he must stay in bed for a week. That's good news for Jimmy? Good news? Why? Because he doesn't like the school!

### 3.6 Forth

Where's Jimmy? He's in bed. What's the matter with him? He feels ill. He looks ill. We must call the doctor. Yes, we must. Can you remember the doctor's telephone number? Yes, it's 09754. Open your mouth Jimmy. Show me your tongue. Say, 'Ah.' What's the matter with him, doctor? He has a bad cold, Mr. Williams, so he must stay in bed for a week. That's good news for Jimmy. Good news? Why? Because he doesn't like school!

## 第四章 Thank you. Doctor

How's Jimmy today? Better. Thank you, Doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly, doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well, Jimmy. You are better now, but you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams. And he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stay in bed? Yes. He must remain in bed for another two days. He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm. Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's in bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!

### 4.1 words

### 4.2 remain

remain 英 [rmen] 美 [rmen] v. 仍然是; 保持不变; 剩余; 遗留; 继续存在; 仍需去做 (或说、处理); [例句] The three men remained silent 这 3 个人保持着沉默。[其他] 第三人称单数: remains 现在分词: remaining 过去式: remained 过去分词: remained

### 4.3 stairs

stairs 英 [stez] 美 [strz] n. 楼梯; 梯级; [词典] stair 的复数; [例句] We walked up a flight of stairs 我们上了一段楼梯。[其他] 原型: stair

#### 4.4 test

#### 4.5 First

How's Jimmy today? Better. Thank you. Doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly. Doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well, Jimmy. You are better now, but you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams. And he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stay in bed? Yes, he must remain in bed for another two days. He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm. Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's in bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!

#### 4.6 Second

How's Jimmy today? Better. Thank you, Doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly, doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well, Jimmy. You are better now, but you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams. And he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stays in bed? Yes, he must remain in bed for another two days, He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm.

Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's in bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!

#### 4.7 Third

How's Jimmy today? Better. Thank you, Doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly, doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well,

Jimmy. You are better now, but you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams, and he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stay in bed? Yes, he must remain in bed for another two days. He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm. Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's in bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!

## 4.8 Forth

How's Jimmy today? Better. Thank you, Doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly, doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well, Jimmy. You are better now. But you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams. And he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stay in bed? Yes. He must remain stay in bed for another two days. He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm. Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's in bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!

## 4.9 Fifth

How's Jimmy? Better. Thank you, doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly, doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well, Jimmy. You are better now, but you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams. And he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stay in bed? Yes. He must remain in bed for another two days. He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm. Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!

### 4.10 Seventh

How's Jimmy today? Better. Thank you. Doctor. Can I see him please, Mrs. Williams? Certainly, doctor. Come up stairs. You look very well, Jimmy. You are better now, but you mustn't get up yet. You must stay in bed for another two days. The boy mustn't go to school yet, Mrs. Williams. And he mustn't eat rich food. Does he have a temperature, doctor? No, he doesn't. Must he stay in bed? Yes. He must remain stay in bed for another two days. He can get up for about two hours each day, but you must keep the room warm. Where's Mr. Williams this evening? He's in bed, doctor. Can you see him please? He has a bad cold, too!



## 第五章 Not a same baby

What are you going to do this evening, Jill? I'm going to meet some friends, Dad. You mustn't come home late. You must be home at half past ten. I can't get home so early, Dad! Can I have the key to the front door please? No, you can't. Jill's eighteen years old, Tom. She's not a baby. Give her the key. She always comes home early. Oh, all right! Here you are. But you mustn't come home after a quarter past eleven. Do you hear? Yes, Dad. Thanks, Mum. That's all right. Goodbye. Enjoy yourselves! We always enjoy ourselves, Mum. Bye-bye.

### 5.1 Words

#### 5.2 meet

meet 英 [mit] 美 [mit] v. 相遇; 相逢; 遇见; 开会; 会晤; (与...) 会面; 集合; n. 体育比赛; 运动会; 猎狐运动; [例句] I have just met the man I want to spend the rest of my life with 我刚刚遇到了我想与之共度余生的男人。[其他] 第三人称单数: meets 复数: meets 现在分词: meeting 过去式: met 过去分词: met

#### 5.3 home

home 英 [hm] 美 [hom] n. 家; 住所; (可买卖的) 房子, 住宅, 寓所; 家乡; 故乡; 定居地; adj. 家的; 家庭的; 在家里做的; 家用的; 本国的; 国内的;

adv. 到家; 向家; 在家; 到正确的位置; [例句]Last night they stayed at home and watched TV 昨晚他们呆在了家里看电视。[其他] 第三人称单数: homes 复数: homes 现在分词: homing 过去式: homed 过去分词: homed

## 5.4 get home

get home 英 [et hm] 美 [et hom] [词典] 抵家; [例句]Come along, lad. Time for you to get home. 来吧, 小伙子。你该回家了。

## 5.5 quarter

quarter 英 [kwɔ(r)] 美 [kwɔrtɹ] n. 四等份之一; (正点之前或之后的) 15 分钟, 一刻钟; 三个月时间; 季度; 季; v. 把…切成 (或分成) 四部分; 给…提供食宿; [例句]The group said results for the third quarter are due on October 29. 该集团表示第三季度的结果将于 10 月 29 日公布。[其他] 第三人称单数: quarters 复数: quarters 现在分词: quartering 过去式: quartered 过去分词: quartered

## 5.6 hear

hear 英 [h(r)] 美 [hr] v. 听见; 听到; 听; 注意听; 倾听; 听说; 得知; [例句]She heard no further sounds 她再没有听到别的声音了。[其他] 第三人称单数: hears 现在分词: hearing 过去式: heard 过去分词: heard

## 5.7 enjoy

enjoy 英 [nd] 美 [nd] v. 享受…的乐趣; 欣赏; 喜爱; 过得快活; 玩得痛快; 得到乐趣; 享有; 享受; [例句]Ross had always enjoyed the company of women 罗斯总是喜欢有女人陪伴。[其他] 第三人称单数: enjoys 现在分词: enjoying 过去式: enjoyed 过去分词: enjoyed enjoy yourself 英 [nd jself] 美

[nd jrsel] [词典] 祝你玩得开心; 祝你玩得痛快; 尽情享受; [例句] Get out and enjoy yourself, make new friends. 出去走走, 好好玩玩, 交些新朋友。

## 5.8 Test

## 5.9 First

What are you going to do this evening, Jill? I'm going to meet some friends, Dad. You mustn't come home late. You must be home at half past ten. I can't get home so early, dad. Can I have the key to the front door, please. No, you can't! Jill's eighteen years old, Tom. She's not a baby. Give her the key. She always comes home early. Oh, all right. Here you are. But you mustn't come home after a quarter past eleven. Do you hear? Yes, Dad. Thanks, Mum. That's all right. Goodbye. Enjoy yourself. We always enjoy ourselves, Mum. Bye-bye.

## 5.10 Second

What are you going to do this evening, Jill? I'm going to meet some friends, Dad. You mustn't come home late. You must be home at half past ten. I can't get home so early, Dad! Can I have the key to the front door please? No, you can't. Jill's eighteen years old, Tom. She's not a baby. Give her the key. She always comes home early. Oh! all right. Here you are. But you mustn't come home after a quarter past eleven. Do you hear? Yes, Dad. Thanks, Mum. That's all right. Goodbye. Enjoy yourself! We always enjoy ourselves, Mum. Bye-bye. 语序错了一句。

## 5.11 Third

What do you going to do this evening, Jill? I'm going to meet some friends, Dad. You mustn't come home late. You must be home at half past

ten. I can't get home so early, Dad! Can I have the key to the front door please? No, you can't. Jill's eighteen years old, Tom. She's not a baby. Give her the key. Oh! All right. Here you are. But you mustn't come home after a quarter past eleven. Do you here? Yes, dad. Thanks, Mum. That's all right. Boodybye. Enjoy yourself! We always enjoy ourselves, Mum. Bye-bye.

## 第六章 Weekend

Hello. Were you at the butcher's? Yes. I was. Were you at butcher's, too? No, I wasn't. I was at the greengrocer's. How's Jimmy today? He's very well, thank you. Was he absent from school last week? Yes, he was. He was absent on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. How are you all keeping? Very well, thank you. We're going to spend three days in the country. We're going to stay at my mother's for the weekend. Friday, Saturday and Sunday in the country! Aren't you luck!

### 6.1 Test

### 6.2 First

Hello. Were you at the butcher's? Yes, I was. Were you at the butcher's, too? No, I wasn't. I was at the greengrocer's. How's Jimmy today? Very well. Thank you. Was he absent from school last wee? Yes, he was. He was absent on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. How are you all keeping? Very well, thank you. We're going to spend three days in the country. We're going to stay at my mother's for the weekend. Friday, Saturday and Sunday in the country! Aren't you luck!

### 6.3 Second

Hello. Were you at the butcher's? Yes, I was. Were you at the butcher's, too? No, I wasn't. How's Jimmy today? He's very well, thank you. Was he absent from school last week? Yes, he was. He was absent on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. How are you all keeping? Very well, thank you. We're going to spend three days in the country. We're going to stay at my mother's for the weekend, Friday, Saturday and Sunday in the country! Aren't you luck!

### 6.4 Third

Hello. Were you at the butcher's? Yes, I was. Were you at butcher's, too? No, I wasn't. I was at the greengrocer's. How's Jimmy today? He's very well, thank you. Was he absent from school last week? Yes, he was. He was absent on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. How are you all keeping? Very well, thank you. We're going to spend three days in the country. We're going to stay at my mother's for the weekend. Friday, Saturday and Sunday in the country! Aren't you luck!

Very good!

### 6.5 Forth

Hello. Were you at the butcher's? Yes, I was. Were you at butcher's, too? No, I wasn't. I was at the greengrocer's. How's Jimmy today? He's very well, thank you. Was he absent from school last week? Yes, he was. He was absent on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thurday. How are you all keeping? Very well, thank you. We're going to spend three days in the country. We're going to stay at my mother's for the weekend. Friday, Saturday and Sunday in the country. Aren't you luck!

**6.6 words****6.7 week**

this week next week last week a week ago, the week before last

**6.8 day of a week**

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday What day is it today? Sunday is a holiday. Today is Saturday. I'm so tired. I wish today was Saturday. Today is Saturday. It's a day off. Today is Saturday. I get up very early on.





## 第七章 Car race

There is a car race near our town every year. In 1995, there was a very big race. There were hundreds of people there. My wife and I were at the race. Our friends Julie and Jack were there, too. You can see us in the crowd. We are standing on the left. There are twenty cars in the race. There were English cars, French cars, German cars. Italian cars. American cars and Japanese cars. It was an exciting finish. The winner was Billy Stewart. He was in car number fifteen. Five other cars were just behind him. On the way home, my wife said to me. 'Don't drive so quickly! You're not Billy Stewart!'

### 7.1 Test

### 7.2 First

There is a car race near our town every year. In 1995, there was a very big race. There were hundreds of people there. My wife and I were at the race. Our friends Julie and Jack were there, too. You can see us in the crowd. We are standing on the left. There were twenty cars in the race. There were English cars, French cars, German cars. Italian cars, American cars and Japanese cars. It was an exciting finish. The winner was Billy Stewart. He was in car number fifteen. Five other cars were just behind him. On the way home, my wife said to me. 'Don't drive so quickly! You're not Billy Stewart!'

### 7.3 Second

There is a car race near our town every year. In 1995, there was a very big race. There were hundreds of people there. My wife and I were at the race. Our friends Julie and Jack were there, too. You can see us in the crowd. We are standing on the left. There were twenty cars in the race. There were English cars, French cars, German cars. Italian cars, American cars and Japanese cars. It was an exciting finish. The winner was Billy Stewart. He was in car number fifteen. Five other cars were just behind him. On the way home, my wife said to me. 'Don't drive so quickly! You're not Billy Stewart!'

### 7.4 Third

There is a car race near our town every year. In 1995, there was a very big race. There were hundreds of people there. My wife and I were at the race. Our friends Julie and Jack were there, too. You can see us in the crowd. We are standing on the left. There were twenty cars in the race. They were English cars, French cars, German cars. Italian cars, American cars and Japanese cars. It was an exciting finish. The winner was Billy Stewart. He was in car number fifteen. Five other cars were just behind him. On the way home, my wife said to me. 'Don't drive so quickly! You're not Billy Stewart!'

### 7.5 Forth

There is a car race near our town every year. In 1995, there was a very big race. There were hundreds of people there. My wife and I were at the race. Our friends Julie and Jack were there, too. You can see us in the crowd. We are standing on the left. There were twenty cars in the race. There were English cars, French cars, German cars. Italian cars,

American cars and Japanese cars. It was an exciting finish. The winner is Billy Stewart. He was in car number fifteen. Five other cars were just behind him. On the way home, my wife said to me. 'Don't drive so quickly! You're not Billy Stewart!'

## 7.6 Fifth

There is a car race near our town every year. In 1995, there was a very big race. There were hundreds of people there. My wife and I were at the race. Our friends Julie and Jack were there, too. You can see us in the crowd. We are standing on the left. There were twenty cars in the race. There were English cars, French cars, German cars. Italian cars, American cars and Japanese cars. It was an exciting finish. The winner was Billy Stewart! He was in car number fifteen. Five other cars were just behind him. On the way home, my wife said to me. 'Don't drive so quickly! You're not Billy Stewart!'

## 7.7 words

## 7.8 race

race 英 [res] 美 [res] n. 赛跑; 速度竞赛; 竞争; 角逐; 赛马会; 种族; 人种; 血统; v. (和...) 比赛; 参加比赛; 使比赛; 让...参加速度比赛; (使) 快速移动, 快速运转; [例句]The women's race was won by the American, Patti Sue Plumer. 女子赛跑的冠军被美国人帕蒂·休·普卢默夺得。[其他] 第三人称单数: races 复数: races 现在分词: racing 过去式: raced 过去分词: raced

## 7.9 hundred

hundred 英 [hndrd] 美 [hndrd] num. 一百; 许多; 大量; 100 到 999 间的数目; 百位数; [例句]According to one official more than a hundred people

have been arrested. 一名官员称有一百多人被捕。[其他] 复数: hundreds

## 7.10 hundreds of

成百上千 hundred and hundreds of 区别

搭配不同	含义不同
数字/a+hundred+ 名词复数	具体 (一、二、三 \ 百)
hundreds of + 名词复数	笼统数百

1. 数字/a+hundred+ 可数名词复数表示具体数目 five hundred cars 五百辆汽车 a hundred boys 一百个男孩子 I have three hundred books. 我有三百本书。【注意: hundred 是单数, 名词前没有 the 或其他修饰词】

2. hundreds of+ 可数名词复数表示“数百、成百上千”的笼统数目 hundreds of cars 数百辆汽车 I have hundreds of books. 我有数百本书。【注意: hundreds 复数, 后有 of, 名词前没有 the 或其他修饰词】3. 拓展 TIPS: 1) 表示... 当中的..., 须加 of 数字 +hundred+of+the+ 可数名词复数数字 +hundred of us/them/these/those...

three hundred of the people 这些人当中的三百人

three hundred of us 我们当中的三百人

Five hundred of the students are there. 这些学生当中的 500 人在这里。Five hundred students are here. 500 位学生在这里。2) a few/several+hundred+ 可数名词复数 a few/several hundred people 几百人 hundred 与具体数字或 a, a few, several, many 等连用时, 不能加 s。以上为 hundred 和 hundreds of 区别。对于 thousand 和 million 的用法, 与此类似。

## 7.11 crowd

crowd 英 [krad] 美 [krad] n. 人群; 观众; 一伙人; 一帮人; 群众; 民众; 老百姓; 凡夫俗子; v. 挤满; 塞满; 使...拥挤; 涌上 (心头); 涌入 (脑海); 挤, 靠近, 挤在一旁 (以致使人不舒服或紧张); [例句] A huge crowd gathered in a square outside the Kremlin walls 一大群人聚集在克里姆林宫墙外的广场

上。[其他] 第三人称单数: crowds 复数: crowds 现在分词: crowding 过去式: crowded 过去分词: crowded

## 7.12 exciting

exciting 英 [ksat] 美 [ksat] adj. 令人激动的; 使人兴奋的; v. 使激动; 使兴奋; 刺激; 使紧张不安; 激发; 引发; 引起; [词典] excite 的现在分词; [例句] The race itself is very exciting 比赛本身非常刺激。[其他] 原型: excite 比较级: more exciting 最高级: most exciting

## 7.13 winner

winner 英 [wn(r)] 美 [wnr] n. 获胜的人 (或队、动物等); 优胜者; 成功者; 可能成功的人 (或事物); 制胜的一记入球; 赢得比赛的一分; [例句] She will present the trophies to the award winners 她将给获奖者颁奖。[其他] 复数: winners

## 7.14 just

just 英 [dst] 美 [dst] adv. 正好; 恰好; 正当...时; 不少于; 同样; adj. 公正的; 正义的; 正当的; 合理的; 正直的人; 公正的人; 合适的; 恰当的; [例句] I've just bought a new house 我刚买了栋新房子 just behind him 紧跟在他后面

## 7.15 quickly

quickly 英 [kwkli] 美 [kwkli] adv. 迅速地; 很快地; 不久; 立即; [例句] The meeting quickly ended and Steve and I left the room 会议很快结束了, 我和史蒂夫离开了房间。[其他] 比较级: more quickly 最高级: most quickly



## 第八章 He's awful

### 8.1 text

What's Ron Marston like, Pauline? He's awful. He telephoned me four times Yesterday. and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said, "Pauline is typing letters. She can't speak to you now!" Then I arrived home at six o'clock yesterday evening. He telephoned again. But I didn't answer the phone! Did he telephone again last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said, This is Pauline's mother. Please don't telephone my daughter again! Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.

### 8.2 Test

### 8.3 first

What's Ron Marstan like, Pauline? He's awful. He telephoned me four times Yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said, 'Pauline is typing letters. She can't speak to your now!' Then I arrived home at six o'clock yesterday evening. He telephoned again. But I didn't answer the phone! Did he telephone again (at ×)last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned (again ×

)at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said. This is Pauline's mother. Please don't telephone my daughter again! Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.

## 8.4 Second

What's Ron Marston like, Pauline? He's awful. He telephoned me four times yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said, 'Pauline is typing letters. She can't speak to you now!' Then I arrived home at six o'clock yesterday evening. He telephoned again. But I didn't answer the phone! Did he telephone again (at)last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned again at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said. This is Pauline's mother. Please don't telephone my daughter again! Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.

## 8.5 third

What's Ron Marston like, Pauline? He's awful. He telephoned me four times yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said. 'Pauline is typing letters. She can't speak to your now!' Then I arrived home at six o'clock yesterday evening. He telephoned again. But I didn't answer the phone! Did he telephone again (at)last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said. This is Pauline's mother. Please don't telephone my daughter again! Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.



## 8.6 Forth

What's Ron Marston like, Pauline? He's awful! He telephoned me four times yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said, 'Pauline is typing letters. She can't speak to you now!' Then I arrived home at six o'clock yesterday evening. He telephoned again. But I didn't answer the phone! Did he telephone again (at)last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said, 'This is Pauline's mother.' Please don't telephone my daughter again! Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.

## 8.7 Fifth

What's Ron Marston like, Pauline? He's awful. He telephoned me four times yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said, 'Pauline is typing letters. She can't speak to you now!' Then I arrived home at six o'clock yesterday evening. He telephoned again. But I didn't answer the phone! Did he telephone again last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said. This is Pauline's mother. Please don't telephone my daughter again! Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.

## 8.8 Sixth

What's Ron Marston like, Pauline? He's awful! He telephoned me four times yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. He telephoned the office yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon. My boss answered the telephone. What did your boss say to him? He said, 'Puline is typing letters. She can't speak to you now!' Then I arrived home at six o'clock

yesterday evening. He telephoned again! But I didn't answer the phone. Did he telephone again last night? Yes, he did. He telephoned again at nine o'clock. What did you say to him? I said. 'This is Pauline's mother. Please don't telephone my daughter again!' Did he telephone again? No, he didn't.

## 8.9 program

### 8.10 问一个人怎么样

what's somebody like? What's this man like? 这人怎么样?

### 8.11 一般过去时问句或否定加 did

#### 8.11.1 ?

What did you say to him? What did your boss say to him? Did he telephone again? Did he telephone again last night?

### 8.12 否定 did not didn't + 原型

But I didn't answer the phone! No, he didn't.

### 8.13 一般现在时

Please don't telephone my daughter again! What's Ron Marston like, Pauline?

### 8.14 一般过去时

He telephoned me four times yesterday, and three times the day before yesterday. My boss answered the telephone. He telephoned again. He telephoned at nine o'clock.

## 第九章 The way to King Street

Last week Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. 'I can ask him the way,' she said to herself. 'Excuse me,' she said. 'Can you tell me the way to King Street, please?' The man smiled pleasantly. He did not understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I do not speak English.'

### 9.1 First

Last week Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly(,) she saw a man near a bus stop. 'I can ask him the way,' she said to herself. 'Excuse me,' she said. 'Can you tell me the way to King Street, please?' (The man smiled pleasantly.) The man did not understand.(He did not understand English!) He spoke German. He was a tourist. He smiled pleasantly.(×) Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase (very×) slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I do not speak English.'

## 9.2 second

Last week, Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man at a bus stop. 'I can ask him the way,' she said to herself. 'Excuse me,' she said. 'Can you tell me the way to the King Street, please?' The man smiled pleasantly. The man did not understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket. and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I don't speak English!'

## 9.3 third

Last week, Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. 'I can ask him the way,' she said to herself. 'Excuse me,' she said. 'Can you tell me the way to the King Street, please?' The man smiled pleasantly. He did not understand. He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I don't speak English!'

## 9.4 Forth

Last week Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. 'I can ask him the way,' she said to herself. 'Excuse me,' she said. 'Can you tell me the way to King Street, please?' The man smiled pleasantly. He did not understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I do not

speak English!’

## 9.5 fifth

Last week Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, so she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. ‘I can ask him the way,’ she said to herself. ‘Excuse me,’ she said. ‘Can you tell me the way to King street, please?’ The man smiled pleasantly. He did not understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase slowly. ‘I am sorry,’ he said. ‘I do not speak English!’

## 9.6 Sixth

Last week Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. ‘I can ask him the way,’ she said to herself. ‘Excuse me,’ she said. ‘Can you tell me the way to King Street, please?’ The man smiled pleasantly. He did not understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrase-book. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase slowly. ‘I am sorry,’ he said. ‘I do not speak English!’

## 9.7 Seventh

Last week, Mrs. Mills went to London. She does know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. ‘I can ask him the way,’ she said to herself. ‘Excuse me,’ she said. ‘Can you tell me the way to King Street, please?’ The man smiled pleasantly. He didn’t understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his

hand into his pocket, and took out a phrasebook. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase very slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I do not speak English!'

## 9.8 Eighth

Last week, Mrs. Mills went to London. She does not know London very well, and she lost her way. Suddenly, she saw a man near a bus stop. 'I can ask him the way,' she said to herself. 'Excuse me,' she said. 'Can you tell me the way to King Street, please?' The man smiled pleasantly. He did not understand English! He spoke German. He was a tourist. Then he put his hand into his pocket, and took out a phrasebook. He opened the book and found a phrase. He read the phrase very slowly. 'I am sorry,' he said. 'I do not speak English!'

## 第十章 lesson 75 Uncomfortable shoes

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Black. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she buy them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those a month ago, but we don't have any now. Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion last year and the year before last. But they're not in fashion this year. These shoes are in fashion now. They look very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes! 像这样的鞋子你们有吗? 什么尺码的? 5 号的。什么颜色? 黑的。对不起, 我们没有。但是, 我姐姐上个月买到了这样的一双。好是在这儿买的吗? 不。她是在美国买的。一个月前我们有这样的鞋。但是现在没有了。您能为我找一双吗? 恐怕不行。这鞋在去年和前年时兴, 而今年已不流行了。现在流行的是这种鞋子。这种鞋子看上去很不舒适。的确很不舒适。可是女人们总是穿不舒适的鞋子!

### 10.1 write in

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Blank. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she buy them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those a month ago, but we don't have any now. Can

you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion last year and the year before last. But they are not in fashion this year. These shoes are in fashion now. They look very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes!

wrong: But my sister bought a pair last month. Did she buy them here? Do you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid I can't. But they are not in fashion now. But they look very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes. correct: But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she buy them here? Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. But they're not in fashion this year. They look very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes!

## 10.2 second test

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Black. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she buy them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those a month ago. But we don't have any now. Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion last year and the year before last. But they're not in fashion this year. These shoes are in fashion now. They look very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes!

## 10.3 Third review

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Black. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she buy them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those a month ago, but we don't have any now. Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion last year and the year before last, but they're not in fashion this year. These



shoes are in fashion now. They look very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable. But women always

## 10.4 forth

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Black. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she buy them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those last month, but we don't have any now. Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion this year and the year before last. But they're not in fashion this year. These shoes are in fashion now. They look very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes!

## 10.5 fifth

全部为对话，不加“了”

Do you have any shoes like these?

What size?

Number five.

What color?

Black.

I'm sorry. We don't have any.

But my sister bought this pair last month.

Did she buy them here?

No, she bought them in the U.S.

We had some shoes like those a month ago,  
but we don't have any now.

Can you get a pair for me, please?

I'm afraid that I can't.

They were in fashion last year and the year before last.

But they're not in fashion this year.

These shoes are in fashion now.

They look very uncomfortable.

They are very uncomfortable.

But women always wear uncomfortable shoes.

```
(global-set-key (kbd "<f2>") 'open-init-file)
```

## 10.6 Sixth

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Black. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she bought them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those a month ago, but we don't have any now. Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion last year and the year before last. But they're not in fashion this year. These shoes are in fashion now. They look very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable. But women always wear uncomfortable shoes!

## 10.7 Seventh

Do you have any shoes like these? What size? Number five. What color? Black. I'm sorry. We don't have any. But my sister bought this pair last month. Did she bought them here? No, she bought them in the U.S. We had some shoes like those a month ago, but we don't have any now. Can you get a pair for me, please? I'm afraid that I can't. They were in fashion last year and the year before last. But they're not in fashion this year. These shoes are in fashion now. They like very uncomfortable. They are very uncomfortable! But women always wear uncomfortable shoes!

## 第十一章    lesson 77 tooth-ache

Good morning. Mr. Croft. Good morning, nurse. I want to see the dentist, please. Do you have an appointment? No, I don't. Is it urgent? Yes, it is. It's very urgent. I feel awful. I have a terrible tooth-ache. Can you come at 10 a.m on Monday, April 24th? I must see the dentist now, nurse. The dentist is very busy at the moment. Can you come at 2 p.m? That's very late . Can the dentist see me now? I'm afraid that he can't. Mr. Croft. Can't you wait till this afternoon? I can wait, but my tooth-ache can't.

### 11.1    test

### 11.2    First

Good morning, Mr. Croft. Good morning, nurse. I want to see the dentist, please. Do you have an appointment? No, I don't. Is it urgent? Yes, it is. It's very urgent. I feel awful. I have a terrible toothache. Can you come at 10 a.m. on Monday, April 24th? Can the dentist see me now, nurse? I'm afraid that he can't, Mr. Croft. Can't you wait till this afternoon? I can wait, but my toothache can't!

### 11.3 Second

Good morning, Mr. Croft. Good morning, nurse. I want to see the dentist, please. Do you have an appointment? No, I don't. Is it urgent? Yes, it is. It's very urgent. I feel awful. I have a terrible toothache. Can you come at 10 a.m. on Monday, April, 24th? I must see the dentist now, nurse. The dentist is very busy at the moment. Can you come at 2 p.m.? That's too late. Can the dentist see me now? I'm afraid that he can't, Mr. Croft. Can't you wait till this afternoon? I can wait, but my toothache can't!

### 11.4 words

### 11.5 feel

feel 英 [fi:l] 美 [fi:l] v. 觉得; 感到; 体会到; (通过触觉) 注意到, 意识到, 感觉到; 感觉到 (抽象事物); n. 触觉; 手感; 触摸; 摸; (场所、情况等给人的) 印象, 感受; 气氛; [例句] I am feeling very depressed 我觉得非常沮丧。[其他] 第三人称单数: feels 现在分词: feeling 过去式: felt 过去分词: felt

### 11.6 write in

Good morning, Mr. Croft. Good morning, nurse. I want to see the dentist, please. Do you have an appointment? No, I don't. Is it urgent? Yes, it is. It is very urgent. I fell awful. I have a terrible tooth-ache. Can you come at 10 a.m. on Monday, April 24th? I must see the dentist now, nurse. The dentist is very busy at the moment. Can you come at 2 p.m.? That's very late. Can the dentist see me now? I'm afraid that he can't. Mr. Croft. Can't you wait till this afternoon? I can wait, but my tooth-ache can't.

## 11.7 Second write in.

Good morning. Mr. Croft. Good morning, nurse. I want to see the dentist, please. Do you have an appointment? No. I don't. Is it urgent? Yes, it is. It's very urgent. I feel awful. I have a terrible tooth-ache. Can you come at 10 a.m. on Monday, April, 24th? I must see the dentist now, nurse. The dentist is very busy at the moment. Can you come at 2 p.m.? That's very late. Can the dentist see me now? I'm afraid that he can't. Mr. Croft. Can't you wait till this afternoon? I can wait, but my tooth-ache can't.

## 11.8 third write in

Good morning, Mr. Croft. Good morning, nurse. I want to see the dentist, please. Do you have an appointment? No, I don't. Is it urgent? Yes, it is. It's very urgent. I feel awful. I have a terrible tooth-ache. Can you come at 10 a.m. on Monday, April, 24th? I must see the dentist now, nurse. The dentist is very busy now at the moment. Can you come at 2 p.m.? That's very late. Can the dentist see me now? I'm afraid that he can't, Mr. Croft. Can't you wait till this afternoon? I can wait, but my tooth-ache can't!

## 11.9 appointment

英 [pntmnt] 美 [pntmnt] n. 约会; 预约; 约定; 任命; 委任; 职务; 职位;  
[例句]His appointment to the Cabinet would please the right-wing. 他被任命为内阁成员会让右翼党派很高兴。[其他] 复数: appointments

**11.10 urgent 英 [dnt]**

美 [rdnt] adj. 紧急的; 紧迫的; 迫切的; 催促的; 急切的; [例句] There is an urgent need for food and water 现在亟需食物和水。

**11.11 awful 英 [fl]**

美 [fl] adj. 很坏的; 极讨厌的; 非常的; 很多的; 过多的; 骇人听闻的; 可怕的; adv. 非常; 极其; [例句] We met and I thought he was awful 我们见了面, 我觉得他很讨人厌。

## 第十二章 lesson 79 Carol's shopping list

What are you doing, Carol? I'm making a shopping list, Tom. What do we need? We need a lot of thing this week. I must go to the grocer's. We haven't got much tea or coffee, and we haven't got any sugar or jam. What about vegetables? I must go to the green-grocer's. We haven't got many tomatoes, but we've got a lot of potatoes. I must go to the butcher's, too. We need some meat. We haven't got any meat at all. Have you got any beer and wine? No, we haven't. And I'm not going to get any! I hope that you've got some money. I haven't got much. Well, I haven't got much either!

### 12.1 test

What are you doing, Carol? I'm making a shopping list, Tom. What do we need? We need a lot of thing this week. I must go to the grocer's. We haven't got much tea or coffee, and we haven't got any sugar or jam. What about vegetables? I must go to the green-grocer's. We haven't got many tomatoes, but we've got a lot of potatoes. I must go to the butcher's, too. We need some meat. We haven't got any meat at all. Have we got any beer and wine? No, we haven't. And I'm not going to get any! I hope that you've got some money. I haven't got much. Well, I haven't got much either!

## 12.2 many 肯定或可数

We haven't got many tomatoes.

## 12.3 much 否定或不可数

We haven't got much tea or coffee. How much does this house cost? I haven't got much. Well, I haven't got much either.

## 12.4 any 否定问句或不可数

and we haven't got any sugar or jam. We haven't got any meat at all. Have we got any beer and wine? No, we haven't. And I'm not going to got any!

## 12.5 a lot of 不可数的（钱、东西、马铃薯）

but we've got a lot of potatoes. We need a lot of thing this week. That's a lot of money.

## 12.6 must 必须

I must go to the grocer's. I must go to the green-grocer's. I must go to the butcher's, too. My wife must see it first.

## 12.7 need

What do we need? We need a lot of thing this week. We need some meat. You need a new car.



## 12.8 Be going to

Well, I'm not going to get any! Well, you're going to have roast beef and potatoes again tonight. We're going to leave tomorrow. We're going to have a holiday. Tom and I are going to have a holiday. When are you going to have a holiday?

## 12.9 get

get 英 [et] 美 [et] v. 收到; 接到; 获得; 得到; (卖某物) 挣得; [例句]The boys were getting bored 男孩子们开始感到厌烦。[其他] 第三人称单数: gets 现在分词: getting 过去式: got 过去分词: got

have got 现在完成时

## 12.10 酒

## 12.11 whisky

whisky 英 [wski] 美 [wski] n. 威士忌; 一杯威士忌; [例句]He took a mouthful of neat whisky, and coughed. 他喝了一口纯威士忌, 咳嗽了起来。[其他] 复数: whiskies 威士忌 (Whisky、Whiskey), 是一种由大麦等谷物酿制, 在橡木桶中陈酿多年后, 调配成 43 度左右的烈性蒸馏酒。英国人称之为“生命之水”。按照产地可以分为: 苏格兰威士忌、爱尔兰威士忌、美国威士忌和加拿大威士忌四大类。威士忌的酿制工艺过程分为六个步骤: 发芽、糖化、发酵、蒸馏、陈年、混配。

## 12.12 wine

wine 英 [wan] 美 [wan] n. 葡萄酒; (用植物或除葡萄以外的水果酿制的) 酒, 果酒; 紫红色; 深红色; v. 喝酒; 请…喝酒; [例句]This is a nice wine. 这

种葡萄酒味道不错。[其他] 第三人称单数: wines 现在分词: wining 过去式: wined 过去分词: wined

### 12.13 beer

beer 英 [b(r)] 美 [br] n. 啤酒; 一杯 (或一瓶、一罐) 啤酒; [例句] He sat in the kitchen drinking beer 他坐在厨房里喝啤酒。[其他] 复数: beers

### 12.14 商店

#### 12.15 grocer's

杂货店; 食品杂货店;

#### 12.16 greengrocer's

蔬菜水果店;

#### 12.17 butcher's

butcher's 英 [btz] 美 [btrz] 肉店; 屠夫

### 12.18 store

store 英 [st(r)] 美 [str] n. (大型) 百货商店; 商店; 店铺; 贮存物; 备用物; v. 贮存; 贮藏; 保存; (在计算机里) 存储; 记忆; [例句] Bombs were planted in stores in Manchester and Blackpool. 炸弹被安放在曼彻斯特和布莱克浦的几家商店里。[其他] 第三人称单数: stores 复数: stores 现在分词: storing 过去式: stored 过去分词: stored

**12.19 stove 火炉****12.20 market**

market 英 [mkt] 美 [mrkt] n. 集市; 市场; 商场; 交易; 买卖; 交易量; 商品的销售地; 行销地区; 消费群体; v. 推销; 促销; [例句]He sold boots on a market stall. 他在集市上摆摊卖靴子。[其他] 第三人称单数: markets 复数: markets 现在分词: marketing 过去式: marketed 过去分词: marketed

**12.21 supermarket**

英 [supmkt] 美 [suprmrkt] n. 超级市场; 超市; [例句]Most of us do our food shopping in the supermarket 我们大多数人去超市购买食品。[其他] 复数: supermarkets



## 第十三章 Lesson 81 Roast beef and potatoes

Hi, Carol! Where's Tom? He's upstairs. He's having a bath. Tom! Yes? Sam's here. I'm nearly ready. Hello, Sam. Have a cigarette. No, thanks, Tom. Have a glass of whisky then. OK. Thanks. Is dinner ready, Carol? It's nearly ready. We can have dinner at seven o'clock. Sam and I had lunch together today. We went to a restaurant. What did you have? We had roast beef and potatoes. Oh! What's the matter, Carol? Well, you're going to have roast beef and potatoes again tonight.

### 13.1 test

### 13.2 first

err: Hi, Carol. No,thanks. Tom. OK, thanks. Correct: Hi, Carol! No, thanks, Tom. OK. Thanks.

### 13.3 Second

Hi, Carol! Where's Tom? He's upstairs. He's having a bath. Tom! Yes? Sam's here. I'm nearly ready. Hello, Sam. Have a cigarette. No, thanks, Tom. Have a glass of whisky then. Ok. Thanks. Is dinner ready, Carol? It's nearly ready. We can have dinner at seven o'clock. Sam and I

had lunch together today. We went to a restaurant. What did you have? We had roast beef and potatoes. Oh! What's the matter, Carol? Well, you're going to have roast beef and potatoes again tonight!

### **13.4 words**

### **13.5 ask where**

Where's Tom?

### **13.6 ask what**

What did you have?

### **13.7 have eat meal ett.**

Have a cigarette. Have a glass whisky then. We can have dinner at seven o'clock. Sam and I had lunch together today. We had roast beef and potatoes. Well, you're going to have roast beef and potatoes again tonight.

### **13.8 ready**

I'm nearly ready. It's nearly ready.

### **13.9 标点**

No,thanks, Tom. OK. Thanks. Oh!

## 第十四章 Lesson 83 Holiday

Hello, Sam. Come in. Hi, Sam. We're having lunch. Do you want to have lunch with us? No, thank you. Tom. I've already had lunch. I had a lunch at half past twelve. Have a cup of coffee then. I've just had a cup, thank you. I had one after my lunch. Let's go into the living room, Carol. We can have our coffee there. Excuse the mess, Sam. This room's very untidy. We're packing our suitcases. We're going to leave tomorrow. Tom and I are going to have a holiday. Aren't you lucky! When are you going to have a holiday, Sam? I don't know. I've already had my holiday this year. Where did you go? I stayed at home!

### 14.1 现在进行时

We're having lunch. We're packing our suitcases.

### 14.2 打算 (将来时)

We're going to leave tomorrow. Tom and I are going to have a holiday. When are you going to have a holiday, Sam?

### 14.3 正在完成时 have + 过去分词

I've already had lunch. I've just had a cup, thank you. I've already had my holiday this year.

### 14.4 一般过去时

I had a lunch at half past twelve. I had one after my lunch. Where did you go? I stayed at home.

### 14.5 一般现在时

Do you want to have lunch with us? Have a cup of coffee then. Let's go into the living room, Carol. We can have our coffee there. This room's very untidy. I don't know.

### 14.6 test

Hello, Sam. Come in. Hi, Sam. We're having lunch. Do you want to have lunch with us? No, thank you. Tom. I've already had lunch. I had a lunch at half past twelve. Have a cup of coffee then. I've just had a cup, thank you. I had one after my lunch. Let's go into the living room, Carol. We can have our coffee there. Excuse the mess, Sam. This room's very untidy. We're packing our suitcases. We're going to leave tomorrow. Tom and I are going to have a holiday. Aren't you lucky! When are you going to have a holiday, Sam? I don't know. I've already had my holiday this year. Where did you go? I stayed at home!



## 第十五章 Lesson 85 Pairs in the spring

Hello, Ken.

Hi, George.

Have you just been to the cinema?

Yes, I have.

What's on?

'Pairs in the spring.'

Oh, I've already seen it.

I saw it on television last year.

It's an old film, but it's very good.

Pairs is a beautiful city.

I've never been there.

Have you ever been there, Ken?

Yes, I have. I was there in spring.

Pairs in the spring, eh?

It was spring,

but the weather was awful.

It rained all the time.

Just like London!

### 15.1 现在完成时

Have you just been to the cinema? Oh, I've already seen it. I've never been there. Have you ever been there, Ken?

### 15.2 一般过去时

I saw it on television last year. I was there in April. It was spring, but the weather was awful. It rained all the time.

### 15.3 一般现在时

What's on? It's an old film, but it's very good. Pairs is a beautiful city. Just like London.

### 15.4 Test

Hello, Ken. Hi, George. Have you just been to the cinema? Yes, I have. What's on? "Pairs in the spring." Oh, I've already seen it. I saw it on television last year. It's an old film, but it's very good. Pairs is a beautiful city. I've never been there. Have you ever been there, Ken? Yes, I have. I was there in April. Pairs in the spring, eh? It was sprint, but the weather was awful. It rained all the time. Just like London!

err: George George

## 第十六章 lesson 87 crash

*Is my car ready yet?*

I don't know, sir.

What's the number of your car?

It is LIZ 312G. When did you bring it to us? I brought here three days ago. Oh, yes. I remember now. Have your mechanics finished yet? No, they're still working on it. Let's go into the garage and have a look at it. Isn't that your car? Well, it was my car. Didn't you have a crash? That's right. I drove it into a lamp-post. Can your mechanics repair it? Well, they're trying to repair it, sir. But to tell you the truth, you need a new car.

### 16.1 现在完成时（特殊）

Is my car ready yet? Have your mechanics finished yet? Didn't you have a crash?

### 16.2 一般过去时

I brought here three days ago. It was my car. I drove it into a lamp-post.

### 16.3 现在进行时

No, they're still working on it. Well, they're trying to repair it, sir.

### 16.4 Can

Can your mechanics repair it?

### 16.5 test

Is my car ready yet? I don't know, sir. What's the number of your car? It is LFZ 312G. When did you bring it to us? I bought here three days ago. Oh, yes. I remember now. Have your mechanics finished yet? No, They're still working on it. Let's go into the garage and have a look at it. Isn't that your car? Well, it was my car. Didn't you have a crash? That's right. I drove it into a lamp-post. Can your mechanics repair it? Well, they're trying to repair it, sir. But tell you the truth, you need a new car.

err: Is my car ready yet? wrong: Is my car already yet.

I don't know, sir. wrong: I don't know.

Well, they're trying to repair it, sir. wrong: Well, they're trying to repair it, sir. 服务人员说话客气。加 sir.

Didn't you have a crash. wrong: Have you have a crash.

## 第十七章 Lesson 89 For Sale

Good afternoon. I believe that this house is for sale. That's right. May I have a look at it, please? Yes, of course. Come in. How long have you lived here? I've live here for twenty years. Twenty years! That's a long time. Yes, I've been here since 1976. Then why do you want to sell it? Because I've just retired. I want to buy a small house in the country. How much does this house cost? £68500. That's a lot of money. It's worth every penny of it. Well, I like the house, but I can't decide yet. My wife must see it first. Women always have the last word.

### 17.1 Test

Good afternoon. I believe that this house is for sale. That's right. May I have a look at it, please? Yes, of course. Come in. How long have you lived here? I've live here for twenty years. That's a long time. Yes, I've been here since 1976. Then why do you want to sell it? Because I've just retired. I want to buy a small house in the country. How much does this house cost? £68500. That's a lot of money. It's worth every penny of it. Well, I like the house, but I can't decide yet. My wife must see it first. Women always have the last word.

err: I think *that* this house is for sale. *Yes*, of course. *but* it's worth every penny of it.

## 17.2 Test

Good afternoon. I believe that this house is for sale. That's right. May I have a look at it, please? Yes, of course. Come in. How long have you lived here? I've lived here for twenty years. Twenty years! That's a long time. Yes, I've been here since 1976. Then why do you want to sell it? Because I've just retired. I want to buy a small house in the country. How much does this house cost? £68500. That's a lot of money. It's worth every penny of it. Well, I like the house, but I can't decide yet. My wife must see it first. Women always have the last word.

## 第十八章 Lesson 91 Poor Ian

Has Ian sold his house yet? Yes, he has. Has he moved to his new house yet? No, not yet. He's still here. He's going to move tomorrow. When? Tomorrow morning. No. Tomorrow afternoon. I'll miss him. He has always been a good neighbour. He's a very nice person. We'll all miss him. When will the new people move into this house? I think that they'll move in the day after tomorrow. Will you see Ian today, Jenny? Yes, I will. Please give him my regards. Poor Ian! He didn't want to leave this house. No, he didn't want to leave, but his wife did.

### 18.1 test

### 18.2 First

Has Ian sold his house yet? Yes, he has. He sold it last week. Has he moved to his new house yet? No, not yet. He's still here. He's going to move tomorrow. When? Tomorrow morning. No. Tomorrow afternoon. I'll miss him. He has always been a good neighbour. He's a very nice person. We'll miss him. When will the new people move into this house? I think that they'll move in the day after tomorrow. Will you see Ian, today? Yes, I will. Please give him my regards. Poor Ian! He didn't want to leave this house. No, he didn't want to leave, but his wife did.

err: Will you see Ian today, Jenny? wrong Will you see Ian, today?

No, he didn't want to leave, wrong

no, he didn't want to

### 18.3 Second

Has Ian sold his house yet? Yes, he has. Has he moved to his new house yet? No, not yet. He's still here. He's going to move tomorrow. When? Tomorrow morning. No. Tomorrow afternoon. I'll miss him. He has always been a good neighbour. He's very nice person. We'll miss him. When will the people move into this house? I think that they'll move in the day after tomorrow. Will you see Ian today, Jenny? Yes, I will. Please give him my regards. Poor Ian! He didn't want to leave this house. No, he didn't want to leave, but his wife did!



## 第十九章 Lesson 93

Nigel is our new next-door neighbour. He's a pilot. He was in the R.A.F. He will fly to New York next month. The month after next he'll fly to Tokyo. At the moment, he's in Madrid. He flew to Spain a week ago. He'll return to London the week after next. He's only forty-one years old, and he has already been to nearly every country in the world. Nigel is a very lucky man. But his wife isn't very lucky. She usually stays at home!

### 19.1 words

### 19.2 pilot

pilot 英 [ˈpaɪlət] 美 [ˈpaɪlət] n. 飞行员; (飞行器) 驾驶员; 领航员; 引水员; 领航员; (电视的) 试播节目; v. 驾驶 (飞行器); 领航 (船只); 引导; 使通过 (尤指复杂的地方或系统); 试点; 试行; adj. 试验性的; 试点的; [例句] He spent seventeen years as an airline pilot. 他当了 17 年的航空公司飞行员。[其他] 第三人称单数: pilots 复数: pilots 现在分词: piloting 过去式: piloted 过去分词: piloted

### 19.3 Tokyo

Tokyo 英 [ˈtɒki] 美 [ˈtɒkjoʊ] n. 东京; [例句] On my way to New York, I stopped over in Tokyo for two days. 我在去纽约的途中在东京停了两天。

## 19.4 Madrid

Madrid 英 [mdrd] 美 [mdrd] n. 马德里（西班牙首都）；[例句]Tonight's clash between Real Madrid and Arsenal is being heralded as the match of the season. 今晚皇家马德里队和阿森纳队之间的对决被称为本赛季最重要的比赛。

## 19.5 Spain

Spain 英 [spen] 美 [spen] n. 西班牙；[例句]The game was transmitted live in Spain and Italy 这场比赛在西班牙和意大利进行了现场直播。

## 19.6 lucky

ucky 英 [lki] 美 [lki] adj. 有好运的；运气好的；幸运的；好运带来的；带来好运的；[例句]I am luckier than most. I have a job 我比大部分人幸运。我有份工作。[其他] 比较级：luckier 最高级：luckiest

## 19.7 Test

## 19.8 First

Nigel is our new next-door neighbour. He's a pilot. He was in the R.A.F. He will fly to New York next month. The month after next he'll fly to Tokyo. At the moment, he's in Madrid. He flew to Spain a week ago. He's return to London the week after the next. He's only forty-one years old, and he has already been to nearly every country in the world. Nigel is a very lucky man. But his wife isn't very lucky. She usually stays at home!