CSC

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Chapter 1

Data Structure Index

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Data Structure Index

Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

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File Index

Chapter 3

Data Structure Documentation

3.1 cvector Struct Reference

Data Fields

- void ** data
- size_t size
- size_t capacity

3.1.1 Field Documentation

3.1.1.1 size_t cvector::capacity

The number of elements the vector is capable of storing before needing to resize.

3.1.1.2 void** cvector::data

The internal data store of the vector.

3.1.1.3 size_t cvector::size

The number of elements currently in the vector.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• /home/tamer/csc/src/cvector.c



Chapter 4

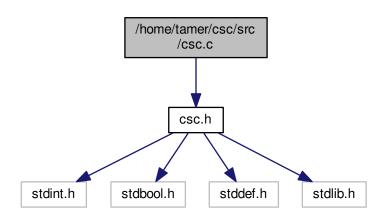
File Documentation

4.1 /home/tamer/csc/src/csc.c File Reference

the implementation file for csc.h.

#include "csc.h"

Include dependency graph for csc.c:



Macros

#define CSC_DEFINE_BUILTIN_CMP(type)
 implements a builtin type comparison function

Functions

void csc_swap (void **a, void **b)
 generic swap function to swap two void*

4.1.1 Detailed Description

the implementation file for csc.h.

Author

Tamer Aly

Date

27 Dec 2018

See Also

csc.h

4.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.1.2.1 #define CSC_DEFINE_BUILTIN_CMP(type)

Value:

```
int csc_cmp_##type(const void* a, const void* b) \
    type vA = *(type*)a;\
    type vB = *(type*)b;\
    if (vA == vB) { return 0; }\
    else if (vA < vB) { return -1; }\
    else { return 1; }\</pre>
```

implements a builtin type comparison function

When defined with a type, this macro will implement the function signature that the <code>CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN-CMP</code> defines. Note that the function signature **must** be declared first using <code>CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN_CMP</code> in the header file.

See Also

csc.h

4.1.3 Function Documentation

```
4.1.3.1 void csc_swap ( void ** a, void ** b )
```

generic swap function to swap two void*

This is a generic swap function to swap the provided elements.

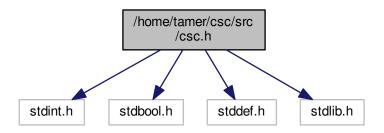
Parameters

а	A is the first elem.
b	B is the second elem.

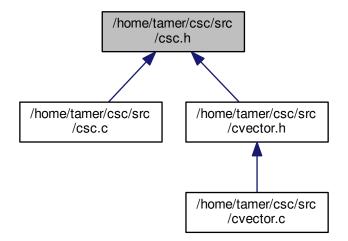
4.2 /home/tamer/csc/src/csc.h File Reference

the main include file for the csc library.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
Include dependency graph for csc.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- #define CSC_UNUSED(x) (void)x
 macro that silences compiler warnings about unused function parameters.
- #define CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN_CMP(type) int csc_cmp_##type(const void* a, const void* b) convenience macro defining comparison functions for built in types.

Typedefs

• typedef enum CSCError CSCError

the list of errors that can be returned by the library.

typedef int(* csc_compare)(const void *a, const void *b)
 comparison function callback for comparing two elements

Enumerations

```
    enum CSCError {
        E_NOERR = 0, E_OUTOFMEM, E_OUTOFRANGE, E_INVALIDOPERATION,
        E_ERR_N }
```

the list of errors that can be returned by the library.

Functions

```
    void csc_swap (void **a, void **b)
    generic swap function to swap two void*
```

CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN_CMP (int)

4.2.1 Detailed Description

the main include file for the csc library.

Author

Tamer Aly

Date

27 Dec 2018 This is the main include file that must be included alongside any other source and header combination for a particular data structure in the library. This file defines several helper functions that are used throughout the library.

4.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
4.2.2.1 #define CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN_CMP( type ) int csc_cmp_##type(const void* a, const void* b)
```

convenience macro defining comparison functions for built in types.

This macro defines a comparison function for built-in C types.

For example, defining CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN_CMP(int) would create the signature:

```
int csc_cmp_int(const void* a, const void* b);
```

Note that this macro only creates the signature of the function. See csc.c for how to implement the signature.

See Also

csc.c

```
4.2.2.2 #define CSC_UNUSED( x ) (void)x
```

macro that silences compiler warnings about unused function parameters.

This macro is used to silence compiler warnings about unused function parameters. Mostly, this is for unused context parameters in generic callback functions used internally by the library.

4.2.3 Typedef Documentation

4.2.3.1 typedef int(* csc_compare)(const void *a, const void *b)

comparison function callback for comparing two elements

This is a comparison function callback for comparing two elements that is used for routine functions like sorting or searching a generic container. When creating a custom comparison function for your type, the following protocol **must** be adhered to: a return value < 1 means a is less than b. a return value of > 1 means a is greater than b. a return value of 0 means a is equal to b.

As a convenience, the library provides comparison functions for all the C built in types.

Parameters

а	the first element
b	the second element

See Also

```
CSC_DECLARE_BUILTIN_CMP
```

4.2.3.2 typedef enum CSCError CSCError

the list of errors that can be returned by the library.

This enumeration defines all of the errors that can be returned by certain library calls. These errors can provide more diagnostic information than a simple true/false return. Whenever this error type is returned, a type of CSCError-::E_NOERR indicates a successful operation. Any other error, with the exception of CSCError::E_ERR_N, indicates an error condition.

It is recommended that you check for this error code whenever possible:

```
CSCError e = csc_function(args...);
if (e != E_NOERR) {
    // handle the error condition.
}
```

4.2.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

4.2.4.1 enum CSCError

the list of errors that can be returned by the library.

This enumeration defines all of the errors that can be returned by certain library calls. These errors can provide more diagnostic information than a simple true/false return. Whenever this error type is returned, a type of CSCError-::E_NOERR indicates a successful operation. Any other error, with the exception of CSCError::E_ERR_N, indicates an error condition.

It is recommended that you check for this error code whenever possible:

```
CSCError e = csc_function(args...);
if (e != E_NOERR) {
    // handle the error condition.
}
```

Enumerator

- **E_NOERR** This indicates no errors occurred in the operation.
- **E_OUTOFMEM** This error indicates the operation failed since memory could not be allocated.
- **E_OUTOFRANGE** This error indicates that the operation failed due to accessing an out of range element. i.e. array index of -1.

E_INVALIDOPERATION This error indicates that the operation failed because an invalid operation was attempted.

E_ERR_N This is never returned by any function calls and can be ignored.

4.2.5 Function Documentation

4.2.5.1 void csc_swap (void ** a, void ** b)

generic swap function to swap two void*

This is a generic swap function to swap the provided elements.

Parameters

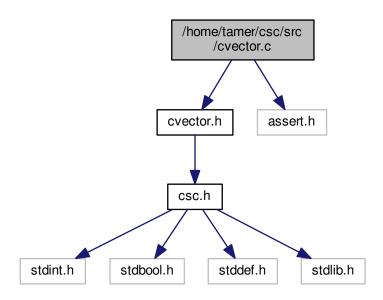
а	A is the first elem.
b	B is the second elem.

4.3 /home/tamer/csc/src/cvector.c File Reference

contains the implementation of the cvector structure.

#include "cvector.h"
#include <assert.h>

Include dependency graph for cvector.c:



Data Structures

struct cvector

Functions

```
    cvector * csc cvector create ()

          cvector "constructor" function

    size t csc cvector size (const cvector *v)

          returns the size of the vector.

    size_t csc_cvector_capacity (const cvector *v)

          returns the capacity of the vector.

    void csc_cvector_destroy (cvector *v)

          cvector "destructor" function

    void csc_cvector_foreach (cvector *v, cvector_foreach fn, void *context)

          applies the callback function to each element of the vector.

    CSCError csc_cvector_add (cvector *v, void *elem)

          adds an element into the vector.

    void * csc_cvector_at (const cvector *v, size_t idx)

          returns the element at the specified index.

    void csc_cvector_rm (cvector *v, const void *elem, csc_compare cmp)

          removes an element from the vector.

    CSCError csc_cvector_rm_at (cvector *v, size_t idx)

          removes the element at the specified 0-indexed index from the vector.

    void * csc_cvector_find (const cvector *v, const void *elem, csc_compare cmp)

          finds the element in the specified vector.

    bool csc_cvector_empty (const cvector *v)

          checks if the vector is empty.
    • CSCError csc_cvector_reserve (cvector *v, size_t num_elems)
          reserves memory for the specified number of elements in the vector.

    CSCError csc_cvector_shrink_to_fit (cvector *v)

          shrinks the capacity to match the size of the vector.
4.3.1
       Detailed Description
contains the implementation of the cvector structure.
Author
      Tamer Aly
Date
      27 Dec 2018
4.3.2 Function Documentation
4.3.2.1 CSCError csc_cvector_add ( cvector * v, void * elem )
adds an element into the vector.
This function adds elem into the supplied vector. Note that elem MUST point to an element allocated on the heap.
```

Both elem and v are expected to be non-null. This means that NULL elements are not allowed.

Time Complexity: O(1) best case, O(n) worst case, O(1) amortized.

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Parameters

V	the vector.
elem	the element to add.

Returns

On success, CSCError::E_NOERR. On memory allocation failure CSCError::E_OUTOFMEM.

4.3.2.2 void* csc_cvector_at (const cvector * v, size_t idx)

returns the element at the specified index.

This function performs a range check to ensure that idx is less than the size of the vector.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: ○ (1)

Parameters

	the vector
V	the vector.
idx	the index.

Returns

the element at that index in the vector or \mathtt{NULL} if the index is out of range.

4.3.2.3 size_t csc_cvector_capacity (const cvector * v)

returns the capacity of the vector.

This function returns the number of elements the vector can hold before it needs to be resized.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: ○ (1)

Parameters

V	the vector.
---	-------------

Returns

the capacity of the vector.

4.3.2.4 cvector* csc_cvector_create()

cvector "constructor" function

This function is used to create a cvector. If the function is successful, the function returns a pointer to a cvector created on the heap. If unsuccessful, NULL is returned.

Returns

a pointer to a constructed cvector.

See Also

csc_cvector_destroy

4.3.2.5 void csc_cvector_destroy (cvector * v)

cvector "destructor" function

This function is used to clean up resources used by a <code>cvector</code> created via the <code>csc_cvector_create</code> function. This function must be called whenever a cvector is no longer used.

See Also

csc_cvector_create

4.3.2.6 bool csc_cvector_empty (const cvector * v)

checks if the vector is empty.

All parameters are expected to be **non-null**.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

V	the vector.

Returns

true if the vector is empty. In other words, true if csc_cvector_size(v) == 0. Otherwise, false.

4.3.2.7 void* csc_cvector_find (const cvector * v, const void * elem, csc_compare cmp)

finds the element in the specified vector.

This function attempts to find elem using comparator comp.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1) best case, O(n) average and worst case.

Parameters

V	the vector.
elem	the element to find.
стр	the comparison function to use. See csc_compare for more details.

Returns

the element or NULL if the element couldn't be found.

4.3.2.8 void csc_cvector_foreach (cvector * v, cvector_foreach fn, void * context)

applies the callback function to each element of the vector.

This callback function defines an operation that will be applied to each element of the <code>cvector</code>. The user may pass in additional context using the <code>context</code> param or pass in <code>NULL</code> if not required.

Time Complexity: O(n)

Parameters

V	the vector.
fn	the callback function to apply to each element. See cvector_foreach.
context	user-defined data that will be applied to the callback. Can be NULL if unused.

See Also

cvector foreach

4.3.2.9 CSCError csc_cvector_reserve (cvector * v, size_t num_elems)

reserves memory for the specified number of elements in the vector.

This functions reserves enough memory in the vector such that it is able to hold *at least* num_elems without needing to expand. If the number of elements that will be contained in the vector is known or can be estimated, you may be able to improve the performance of your application by allocating the memory for the elements up front using this function. As always with performance, your milage may vary.

Note that memory truncation is **not** allowed. That is, if num_elems is $< csc_cvector_size(v)$, that is an error.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: OS-specific.

Parameters

V	the vector.
num_elems	the number of elements to allocate memory for.

Returns

On success CSCError::E_NOERR. If the requested size is less than the current size, CSCError::E_-INVALIDOPERATION. If there is a memory error, CSCError::E_OUTOFMEM.

4.3.2.10 void csc_cvector_rm (cvector * v, const void * elem, csc_compare cmp)

removes an element from the vector.

This function removes elem from the supplied vector if it exists. In order to remove the element, the function must search for the element in the vector using the supplied cmp function.

All three parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1) best case, O(n) average and worst case.

Parameters

V	the vector.
elem	the element to remove.
стр	the comparison function to use. See csc_compare for more details.

See Also

csc_compare csc_cvector_find 4.3.2.11 CSCError csc_cvector_rm_at (cvector * v, size_t idx)

removes the element at the specified 0-indexed index from the vector.

This function the element at index idx from v.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

V	the vector.
idx	the index.

Returns

CSCError::E_NOERR or CSCError::E_OUTOFRANGE if the supplied index is out of range.

4.3.2.12 CSCError csc_cvector_shrink_to_fit (cvector * v)

shrinks the capacity to match the size of the vector.

After a call to this function, the following will be true:

csc_cvector_size(v) == csc_cvector_capacity(v);

This function may be useful in low-memory settings where the vector's capacity greatly exceeds the size and the extra memory won't be required.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: OS-specific.

Parameters

v the vector.

Returns

On success CSCError::E_NOERR. If there is a memory error, CSCError::E_OUTOFMEM.

4.3.2.13 size_t csc_cvector_size (const cvector * v)

returns the size of the vector.

This function returns the number of elements currently in the vector.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

v t	the vector.

Returns

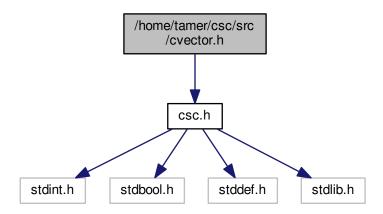
the size of the vector.

4.4 /home/tamer/csc/src/cvector.h File Reference

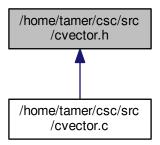
contains interface of the cvector structure.

#include "csc.h"

Include dependency graph for cvector.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Typedefs

- typedef struct cvector cvector implementation of a generic dynamic array.
- typedef void(* cvector_foreach)(void *elem, void *context) callback function for iterating the elements of a cvector.

Functions

cvector * csc_cvector_create ()

```
cvector "constructor" function
```

void csc_cvector_destroy (cvector *v)

cvector "destructor" function

CSCError csc_cvector_add (cvector *v, void *elem)

adds an element into the vector.

void csc_cvector_rm (cvector *v, const void *elem, csc_compare cmp)

removes an element from the vector.

CSCError csc cvector rm at (cvector *v, size t idx)

removes the element at the specified 0-indexed index from the vector.

void * csc_cvector_find (const cvector *v, const void *elem, csc_compare cmp)

finds the element in the specified vector.

size_t csc_cvector_size (const cvector *v)

returns the size of the vector.

size_t csc_cvector_capacity (const cvector *v)

returns the capacity of the vector.

void csc_cvector_foreach (cvector *v, cvector_foreach fn, void *context)

applies the callback function to each element of the vector.

void * csc_cvector_at (const cvector *v, size_t idx)

returns the element at the specified index.

bool csc_cvector_empty (const cvector *v)

checks if the vector is empty.

CSCError csc cvector reserve (cvector *v, size t num elems)

reserves memory for the specified number of elements in the vector.

CSCError csc_cvector_shrink_to_fit (cvector *v)

shrinks the capacity to match the size of the vector.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

contains interface of the cvector structure.

Author

Tamer Aly

Date

27 Dec 2018 Here is example code to get you started on using the cvector:

```
}
// get the size
size_t size = csc_cvector_size(v);
// print the elements "manually"
for (size_t i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
    int* x = (int*) csc_cvector_at(v, i);
    printf("%d\n", *x);
// remove the 2nd element
CSCError e = csc_cvector_rm_at(v, 1);
if (e != E_NOERR) {
    // couldn't remove the element
// print the elements "functionally"
csc_cvector_foreach(v, print_elem, NULL);
// clean up resources
csc_cvector_destroy(v);
// somewhere outside of main...
// implement the callback
void print_elem(void* elem, void* context)
     CSC_UNUSED(context); // no need for context
     printf("%d\n", *(int*)elem);
```

4.4.2 Typedef Documentation

4.4.2.1 typedef struct cvector cvector

implementation of a generic dynamic array.

cvector implements a dynamic array that mimics std::vector from C++.

See Also

```
csc_cvector_create
```

4.4.2.2 typedef void(* cvector_foreach)(void *elem, void *context)

callback function for iterating the elements of a cvector.

This callback function defines an operation that will be applied to each element of the <code>cvector</code> by the <code>csc_-cvector_foreach</code> function.

Parameters

elem	the element to process
context	user-defined data that can be passed into the function. Can be \mathtt{NULL} if unused.

See Also

```
csc_cvector_foreach
```

4.4.3 Function Documentation

4.4.3.1 CSCError csc_cvector_add (cvector * v, void * elem)

adds an element into the vector.

This function adds <code>elem</code> into the supplied vector. Note that <code>elem</code> MUST point to an element allocated on the heap.

Both elem and v are expected to be non-null. This means that NULL elements are not allowed.

Time Complexity: O(1) best case, O(n) worst case, O(1) amortized.

Parameters

V	the vector.
elem	the element to add.

Returns

On success, CSCError::E_NOERR. On memory allocation failure CSCError::E_OUTOFMEM.

4.4.3.2 void* csc_cvector_at (const cvector * v, size_t idx)

returns the element at the specified index.

This function performs a range check to ensure that idx is less than the size of the vector.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

V	the vector.
idx	the index.

Returns

the element at that index in the vector or NULL if the index is out of range.

4.4.3.3 size_t csc_cvector_capacity (const cvector * v)

returns the capacity of the vector.

This function returns the number of elements the vector can hold before it needs to be resized.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

V	the vector.
---	-------------

Returns

the capacity of the vector.

4.4.3.4 cvector* csc_cvector_create()

cvector "constructor" function

This function is used to create a cvector. If the function is successful, the function returns a pointer to a cvector created on the heap. If unsuccessful, NULL is returned.

Returns

a pointer to a constructed cvector.

See Also

csc_cvector_destroy

4.4.3.5 void csc_cvector_destroy (cvector * v)

cvector "destructor" function

This function is used to clean up resources used by a <code>cvector</code> created via the <code>csc_cvector_create</code> function. This function must be called whenever a cvector is no longer used.

See Also

csc_cvector_create

4.4.3.6 bool csc_cvector_empty (const cvector * v)

checks if the vector is empty.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

V	the vector.
---	-------------

Returns

true if the vector is empty. In other words, true if csc_cvector_size (v) == 0. Otherwise, false.

4.4.3.7 void* csc_cvector_find (const cvector * v, const void * elem, csc_compare cmp)

finds the element in the specified vector.

This function attempts to find elem using comparator comp.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1) best case, O(n) average and worst case.

Parameters

V	the vector.
elem	the element to find.
стр	the comparison function to use. See csc_compare for more details.

Returns

the element or NULL if the element couldn't be found.

4.4.3.8 void csc_cvector_foreach (cvector *v, cvector_foreach fn, void *context)

applies the callback function to each element of the vector.

This callback function defines an operation that will be applied to each element of the <code>cvector</code>. The user may pass in additional context using the <code>context</code> param or pass in <code>NULL</code> if not required.

Time Complexity: O(n)

Parameters

V	v the vector.	
fn	the callback function to apply to each element. See cvector_foreach.	
context	user-defined data that will be applied to the callback. Can be NULL if unused.	

See Also

cvector foreach

4.4.3.9 CSCError csc_cvector_reserve (cvector * v, size_t num_elems)

reserves memory for the specified number of elements in the vector.

This functions reserves enough memory in the vector such that it is able to hold *at least* num_elems without needing to expand. If the number of elements that will be contained in the vector is known or can be estimated, you may be able to improve the performance of your application by allocating the memory for the elements up front using this function. As always with performance, your milage may vary.

Note that memory truncation is **not** allowed. That is, if num_elems is $< csc_cvector_size(v)$, that is an error.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: OS-specific.

Parameters

V	the vector.
num_elems	the number of elements to allocate memory for.

Returns

On success CSCError::E_NOERR. If the requested size is less than the current size, CSCError::E_-INVALIDOPERATION. If there is a memory error, CSCError::E_OUTOFMEM.

4.4.3.10 void csc_cvector_rm (cvector * v, const void * elem, csc_compare cmp)

removes an element from the vector.

This function removes elem from the supplied vector if it exists. In order to remove the element, the function must search for the element in the vector using the supplied cmp function.

All three parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1) best case, O(n) average and worst case.

Parameters

V	the vector.
elem	the element to remove.
стр	the comparison function to use. See csc_compare for more details.

See Also

csc_compare csc_cvector_find

4.4.3.11 CSCError csc_cvector_rm_at (cvector * v, size_t idx)

removes the element at the specified 0-indexed index from the vector.

This function the element at index idx from v.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: ○ (1)

Parameters

V	the vector.
idx	the index.

Returns

 ${\tt CSCError::E_NOERR} \ or \ {\tt CSCError::E_OUTOFRANGE} \ if \ the \ supplied \ index \ is \ out \ of \ range.$

4.4.3.12 CSCError csc_cvector_shrink_to_fit (cvector * v)

shrinks the capacity to match the size of the vector.

After a call to this function, the following will be true:

```
csc_cvector_size(v) == csc_cvector_capacity(v);
```

This function may be useful in low-memory settings where the vector's capacity greatly exceeds the size and the extra memory won't be required.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: OS-specific.

Parameters

V	the vector.

Returns

On success CSCError::E_NOERR. If there is a memory error, CSCError::E_OUTOFMEM.

4.4.3.13 size_t csc_cvector_size (const cvector *v)

returns the size of the vector.

This function returns the number of elements currently in the vector.

All parameters are expected to be non-null.

Time Complexity: O(1)

Parameters

V	the vector.

Returns

the size of the vector.

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