JAVA PROGRAMMING

DONE BY

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1. FACE VALUE, PLACE, PLACE VALUES:

Source Program:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class FacePlaceValue{
  public static void main(String[] args){
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    int d, r, place;
    int n;
    int place_value = 0;
    System.out.println("Enter a number...");
    n = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter any digit in that number...");
    d = sc.nextInt();
    place = 1;
    while(n > 0){
      r = n % 10;
      if(r == d){
        place_value = d * place;
        break;
      }
      n = (int) n / 10;
      place *= 10;
    }
    System.out.println("Place : " + place + "\'s");
    System.out.println("Place Value : " + place_value);
    System.out.println("Face Value : " + d);
  }
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>java FacePlaceValue
Enter a number...
3863
Enter any digit in that number...
3
Place : 1's
Place Value : 3
Face Value : 3

C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>java FacePlaceValue
Enter a number...
6734
Enter any digit in that number...
6
Place : 1000's
Place Value : 6000
Face Value : 6
```

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2. LARGEST AND SMALLEST NUMBER

Source Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

import java.util.Arrays;

import java.util.Collections;


public class LargestSmallest{

  public static void main(String[] args){

    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

    System.out.println("Enter the no of digits...");

    int length = sc.nextInt();

    int[] arr = new int[length];

    System.out.println("Enter the elements...");
```

```
  for(int i=0;i<length;i++){
    arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
  }
  Arrays.sort(arr);
  System.out.print("\nSmallest Number : ");
  PrintArray(arr);
  SortArrayDesc(arr);
  System.out.print("\nLargest Number : ");
  PrintArray(arr);
}
static void PrintArray(int[] arr){
  for(int i=0; i<arr.length;i++){
    System.out.print(arr[i]);
  }
}
  static void SortArrayDesc(int[] arr){
    for(int i=0; i<arr.length;i++){
      for(int j=i+1; j<arr.length;j++){
        if(arr[i] < arr[j]){
          int temp = arr[i];
          arr[i] = arr[j];
          arr[j] = temp;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>javac LargestSmallest.java

C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>java LargestSmallest
Enter the no of digits...
4
Enter the elements...
1
6
3
7

Smallest Number : 1367
Largest Number : 7631
C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>java LargestSmallest
Enter the no of digits...
5
Enter the elements...
3
8
4
9
2

Smallest Number : 23489
Largest Number : 98432
C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>
```

3. MINIMUM NUMBER OF DENOMINATIONS

Source Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CurrencyNotes{
  public static void main(String[] args){
    int[] cn = {2000, 500, 100, 50, 20, 10, 5, 2, 1};
    int[] notes = {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0};
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the amount...");
    int amount = sc.nextInt();
    while (amount > 0)
    {
        for(int i = 0; i<cn.length; i++){
          if(amount - cn[i] >= 0){
              notes[i] += 1;
              amount -= cn[i];
              break;
            }
        }
     }
     System.out.println("Currency Notes Denominations...");
     for(int i = 0; i<cn.length; i++)
     {
       if(notes[i]!=0){
         System.out.println(cn[i] + " : " + notes[i]); }
     }
   }
```

```
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>javac CurrencyNotes.java

C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>java CurrencyNotes
Enter the amount...
2567
Currency Notes Denominations...
2000 : 1
500 : 1
50 : 1
10 : 1
5 : 1
2 : 1
```

```
C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>java CurrencyNotes
Enter the amount...
5041
Currency Notes Denominations...
2000 : 2
500 : 2
20 : 2
1 : 1

C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\PRACTICING_PYTHON\JAVA_CLASS>
```