

ELEN 21 Lab 5: 4-bit Ripple-Carry Adder Pre-Lab

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October 2018

II. Pre-Lab

Objectives:

- Learn to do hierarchical design and create symbols for circuits to be used as building blocks.
- Learn how to use busses for multi-bit inputs such as numbers and ASCII characters
- Design a 4-bit ripple carry adder using full adders as building blocks.
- Use 7segment displays to show inputs and outputs of the adder circuits, and add a Verilog module to generate the 7-segment display.
- Develop strategic testing methods

1. Draw a logic gate schematic of a full adder

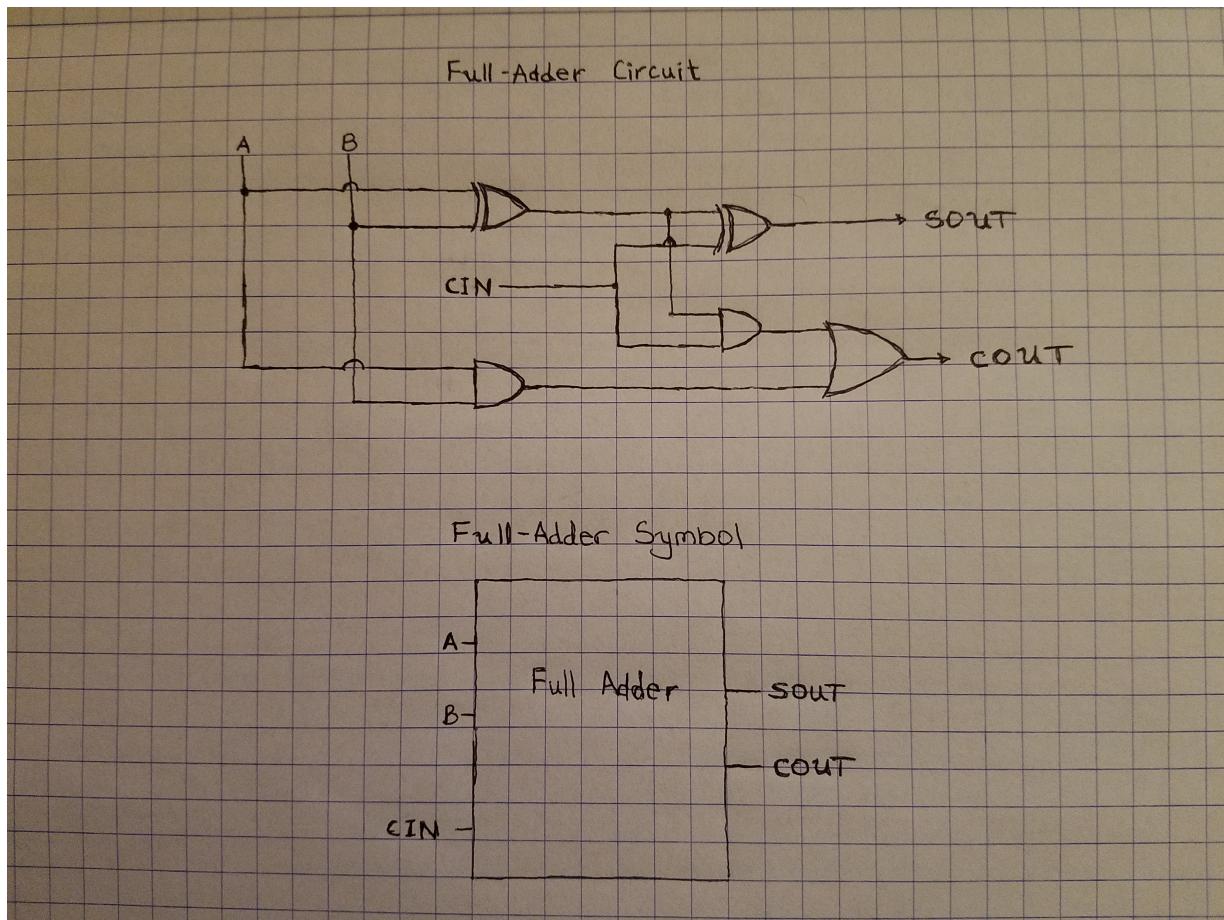


Figure 1: Full Adder Circuit and Symbol with inputs and outputs

2. Draw the schematic of a two-bit ripple carry adder that uses full adders. Use the symbol you created for the full adder. Clearly show the inputs of the 2-bit adder.

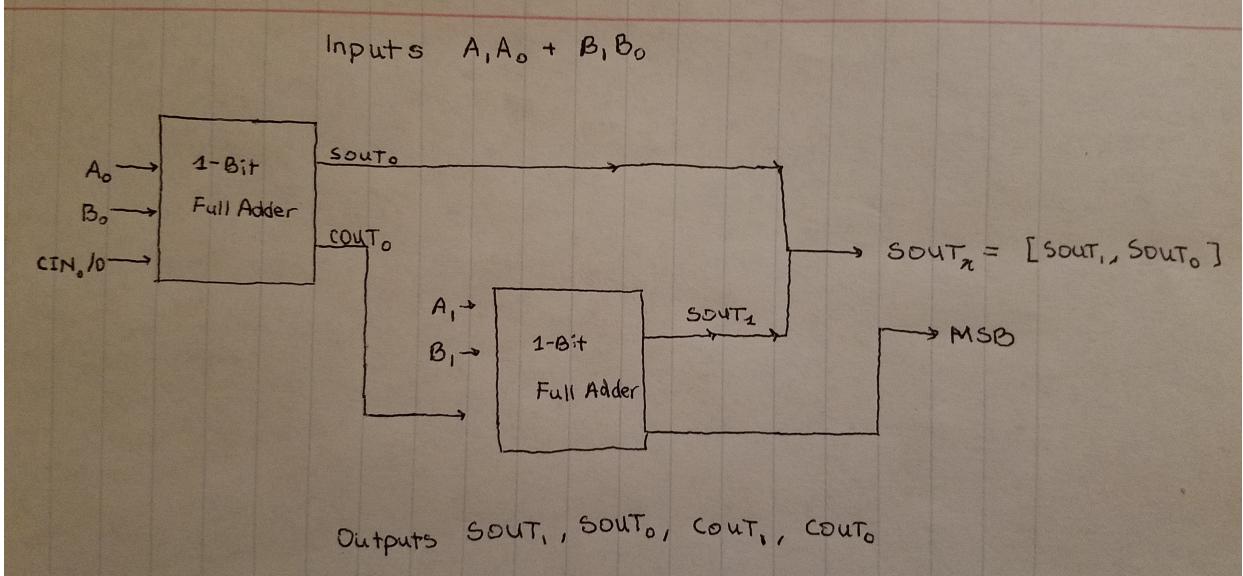


Figure 2: A 2-bit Adder using 1-bit Adders in Symbolic Form

Here we have two 2-bit numbers A_1A_0 and B_1B_0 and we're adding them together. The final results $SOUT_1$ and $SOUT_0$ become our final sum = $[COUT_1, SOUT_1, SOUT_0]$. $COUT_1$ becomes our MSB (Most Significant Bit), to account for any carry over. Carry in CIN_0 will always be zero, because we don't start with.

3. You will need to test the 4-bit adder. Assuming that you have already tested a single full adder component, write out a test plan for how you think you should test the 4-bit adder. Note that the 4-bit adder has 9 inputs, and exhaustive test would require 512 different permutations. Think about what could go wrong in connecting the full adders together and design your test plan to verify these connections.

One way of testing if the connections between each adder is correctly done, is to test the highest values possible, which would be $A_3A_2A_1A_0 = 1111$ and $B_3B_2B_1B_0 = 1111$, which is 11110 ($COUT_3 = 1$). If we can make sure the carrying over is working, there really is not a need to test all 512 possible permutations, as long as you confirmed that the single 1-bit adder is fully functional. When testing, the carrying over can not work and the resulting $SOUTs$ can be incorrect.