# **Vigenere Cipher**

Tam

### **Basic knowledge**

#### Simple substitution cipher

The most famous example: the Caesar cipher.

Example: Shift one character.

```
H A L
↓ ↓ ↓
I B M
```

Simple substitution cipher is

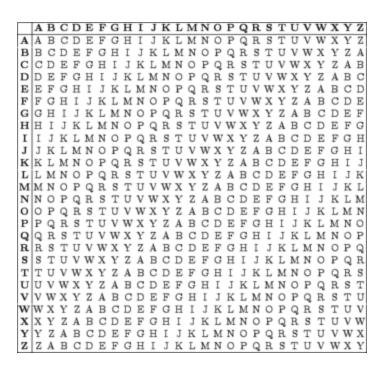
each 'H' of plain text become the same charactor.

Vigenere Cipher

### **Vigenere Cipher**

plain text: 'CODE'

key: 'ARM'



cipher text: 'CFPE'

### **Using Computer**

We assume the below:

\$ P\_i \$: The i-th character of plain text

\$ K\_i \$: The i-th character of key

\$ C\_i \$: The i-th character of ciphered text

$$C_i = (P_i + K_i) mod 26$$

$$P_i = (C_i - K_i) mod 26$$

#### **Kasisky Test**

#### Babbage found the below:

- 1. Search for strings of the same characters.
- 2. Count the intervals between the strings.
- 3. Calculate the common factors of these numbers.
  - For example: we found the intervals number are 9, 63, 180, we can calculate the common factors of these numbers are 3 or 9.
- 4. We can guess the length of the key is 3 or 9.
- 5. We run it through frequency analysis.

Finally, this is the same as the Caesar cipher with intervals of 3 or 9.

## **Charles Babbage**

- The father of computer.
- discover the steam calculator "Babbage machine".



#### autokey cipher

#### **Basic Idea**

Plaintext: attackatdawn

OrigKey: QUEENLY

Key: QUEENLYATTACKATDAWN

Ciphertext: QNXEPVYTWTWP

Ciphertext: QNXEPVYTWTWP

OrigKey: QUEENLY

Plaintext: a

Key: QUEENLYA

Vigenere Cipher