Kinetics of Al-Li-X Scrap Recycling

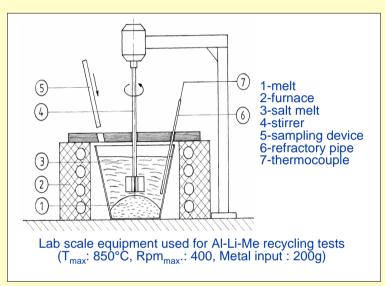
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project target

- Reduction of alloving element losses (Li. Mg)
- Minimisation of Sodium and Kalium pick ups from the recycling salt (max. spec. : 5-20 ppm of Na resp. K)

Investigation method

- Thermodynamical calculations using FACTSAGE
- Labscale experiments Kinetics of Li transfer into the salt-melt while changing salt-compositions
- determination of metal and salt-composition after recycling treatment using ICP analysis



Experimental results

71NaCl/26KCl/3CaF₂ 55NaCl/45KCl/2CaF₂ 95% Li- and 30% Mg-loss, enrichment of Na, K to 1000ppm

standard recycling salt

70NaCl/20KCl/10MgCl₂

99% Li-loss, no Mg-loss, Na, K-enrichment to 1200ppm

70NaCl/27KCl/3LiF 70NaCl/27KCl/3LiCl low Mg-loss, enhanced Li-loss enrichment of Na, K to 800ppm

modified salt

80KCI/20LiCI 70KCI/30LiCI 5-10% loss of Li- und Mg, K-enrichment to 200ppm

modified salt

50KCI/50LiCI 47KCI/53LiCI 20KCI/80LiCI

70KF30LiF

95% loss of Li,

K-enrichment to 100ppm

modified salt

100LiCI

100% Li and Mg recovery, no K and Na-enrichment

Conclusion

In order to avoid Na and K pick up into the recycled Al-Li alloys only high purity LiCl can guarantee a sucessfull recycling treatment. High purity LiF was not applied because compared to LiCl salt slag LiF salt slag can not be recycled

