

Convex Optimization Notes

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Definition 0.1

$$\liminf_n A_n = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \bigcap_{i=n}^{\infty} A_i = \{x \mid x \in A_i \text{ eventually}\} \quad (1)$$

The meaning of \liminf can be seen by re-writing the above definition as: $x \in \liminf_n A_n$ if $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$, s.t. $\forall i \geq n$ and $i \in \mathbb{N}$, $x \in A_i$. Hence the elements in $\liminf_n A_n$ are in all but (the first) finitely many sets¹.

Definition 0.2

$$\limsup_n A_n = \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \bigcup_{i=n}^{\infty} A_i = \{x \mid x \in A_i \text{ for infinitely many } i\} \quad (2)$$

\limsup can be best seen by examining its complement, according to the De Morgan's laws:

Proposition 0.1

$$(\limsup_n A_n)^c = \liminf_n A_n^c \quad (3)$$

Recall the definition of \liminf , the right hand side of the above can be re-written as: $x \in \liminf_n A_n^c$ if $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$, s.t. $\forall i \geq n$ and $i \in \mathbb{N}$, $x \notin A_i$. Hence the elements in $\liminf_n A_n^c$ are only in some of the first finitely many sets, and the elements in $\limsup_n A_n$ are therefore those elements in infinitely many sets.

¹Note, the number of “first finitely many sets” may be different for different elements in \liminf .