

Naive Bayes and Logistic Regression

Xi Tan (tan19@purdue.edu)

October 30, 2017

Contents

1	Logistic Regression	1
---	---------------------	---

1 Logistic Regression

The logistic function is an important special case of sigmoid functions, a family of functions that are “S”-shaped. It is defined as:

$$\sigma(t) := \frac{1}{1 + e^{-t}}, \quad t \in \mathbb{R} \quad (1)$$

For binary classification, we can rewrite

$$P_{\mathbf{W}}(\mathcal{C} = 1|\mathbf{x}) := \sigma((\mathbf{w}_1 - \mathbf{w}_2)^T \mathbf{x}) \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-(\mathbf{w}_1 - \mathbf{w}_2)^T \mathbf{x})} \quad (3)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_1^T \mathbf{x})}{\exp(\mathbf{w}_1^T \mathbf{x}) + \exp(\mathbf{w}_2^T \mathbf{x})} \quad (4)$$

where the class weight matrix \mathbf{W} has two columns \mathbf{w}_1 and \mathbf{w}_2 , the weight vector for class 1 and 2, respectively. The softmax function generalizes the logistic function to multiple classes:

$$P_{\mathbf{W}}(\mathcal{C} = i|\mathbf{x}) := \frac{\exp(\mathbf{w}_i^T \mathbf{x})}{\sum_{k=1}^K \exp(\mathbf{w}_k^T \mathbf{x})} \quad (5)$$

where \mathbf{W} has K columns, each of which is the corresponding weight vector.