Name:	Entry:	1

COL226: Programming Languages

Mon 11 Apr 2022 MajorQ0 5+9 (+3 for PwD) minutes Max marks 10 Instructions:

- 1. Download the paper and write your name and entry number in the designated space on top and do not forget to sign the honour statement below.
- 2. Answer the question(s). Answers will be judged for correctness, efficiency and elegance.
- 4. If there are <u>minor mistakes</u> in the question, correct them <u>explicitly</u> and answer the question accordingly. If the question is totally wrong, give adequate reasons why it is wrong with detailed counter-examples, if necessary.
- 4. Scan the paper with your completed answer.
- 5. Upload it on Gradescope 2102-COL226 page within the given time. Make sure the first page with your name, entry no and signature is also the first page of your uploaded file
- 6. Late submissions (within 2 minutes of submission deadline) on the portal will attract a penalty of 10% of the total marks allotted to the paper for each minute of delay and 20% for each minute of delay thereafter.
- 7. Email submissions after the closing of the portal will not be evaluated (You get a 0).
- 8. Uploads without the first page details (including signature) may be awarded 0 marks.

I abide by the Honour code that I have signed on my admission to IIT Delhi. I have neither given any help to anybody nor received any help from anybody nor from any site or other sources in solving the question(s) in this paper.

Signature: Date:

 $[2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks}]$

Let $\rho, \sigma, \tau \subseteq A \times A$ be binary relations on any (finite or infinite) set A. We define

$$\begin{array}{lll} \rho^{-1} & = & \{(b,a) \mid (a,b) \in \rho\} \\ \rho^{0} & = & \{(a,a) \mid a \in A\} \\ \sigma; \tau & = & \{(a,c) \mid \exists b \in A[(a,b) \in \sigma, (b,c) \in \tau]\} \\ \rho^{n+1} & = & \rho^{n}; \rho & \text{for any } n \geq 0 \\ \rho^{*} & = & \bigcup_{n \geq 0} \rho^{n} \end{array}$$

- 1. Prove that $\rho^* \cup (\rho^*)^{-1} \subseteq (\rho \cup \rho^{-1})^*$.
- 2. Either prove that $(\rho \cup \rho^{-1})^* \subseteq \rho^* \cup (\rho^*)^{-1}$ or show by a counterexample that $(\rho \cup \rho^{-1})^* \not\subseteq \rho^* \cup (\rho^*)^{-1}$.