

Pervasive Computing

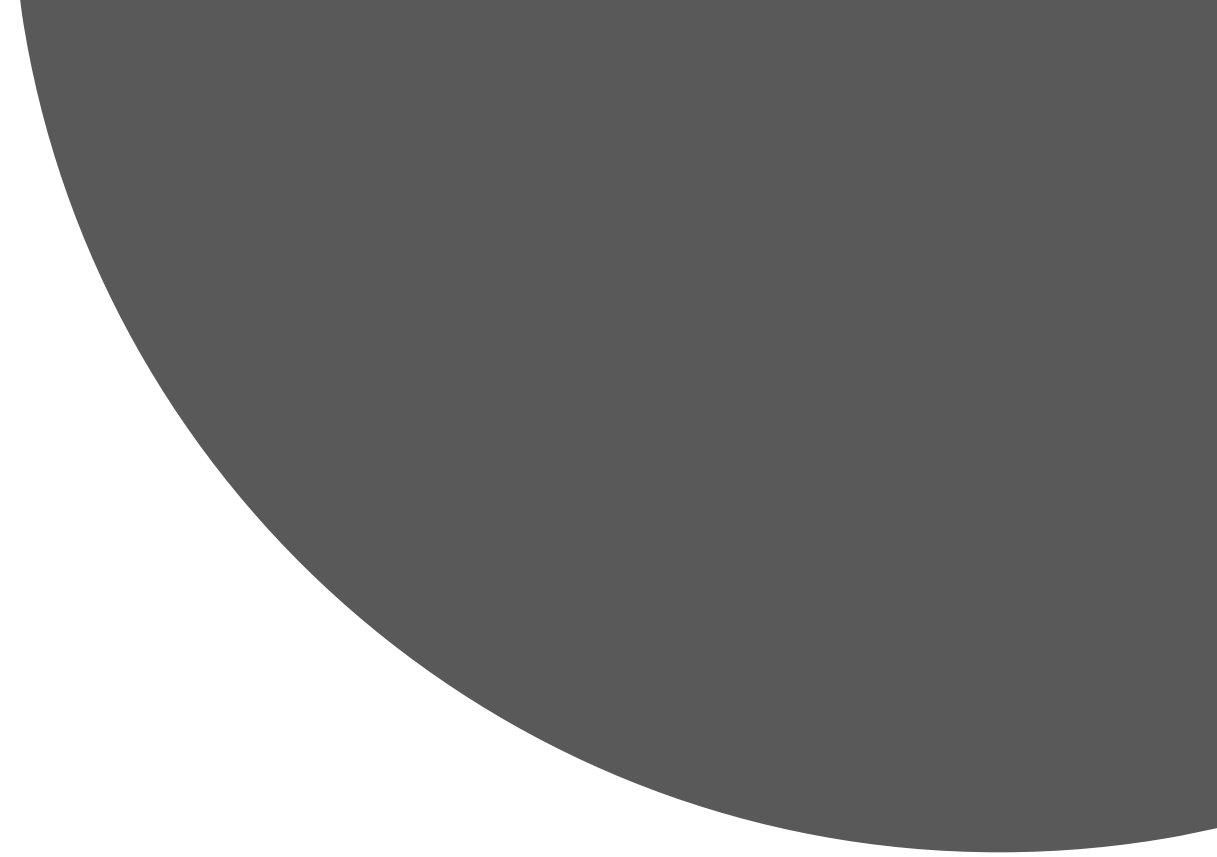
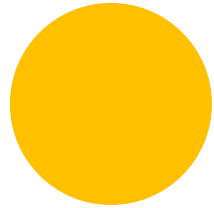
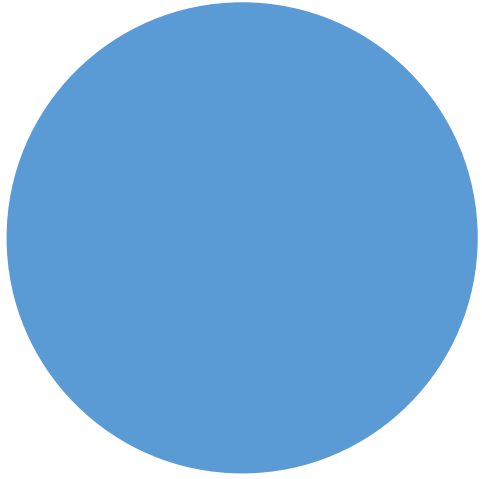
COMP5047 – Tutorial 01

The School of Computer Science
The University of Sydney

Your Tutors

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- aton6105@uni.sydney.edu.au and omul4225@uni.sydney.edu.au
- Tutorial slide decks will be published on Canvas every Friday evening.

Ideating and Brainstorming



The 10 Plus 10 Method

Ideation and sketching
user experience

Based on: Sketching User Experiences : The Workbook
by Saul Greenberg, , Bill Buxton, , Sheelagh Carpendale, and Nicolai Marquardt

THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

1. State your design challenge.

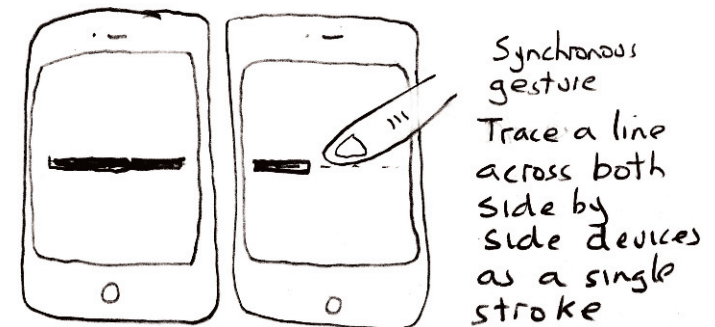
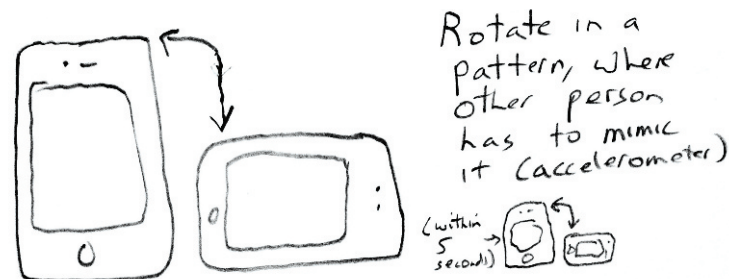
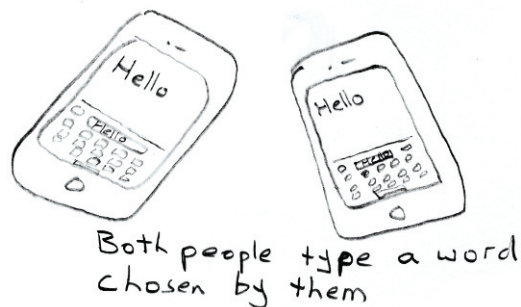
- Framed as a particular problem or
- need stated by a client, or
- even just as a desire to build a novel system

E.g. A case when you may want to connect your mobile smart phone to a nearby person's smart phone, for example, to exchange information such as photos and contacts.

THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

2. Generate 10 or more different design concepts of a system that addresses this challenge. (Sketch)

- Akin to brainstorming
- Goal is to be as creative and diverse as possible concepts
- Don't judge the merits of these concepts



THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

3. Reduce the number of design concepts.

- Review your concepts
- discard those that don't seem to have much merit
- For those that remain, show and explain your design(s) to others

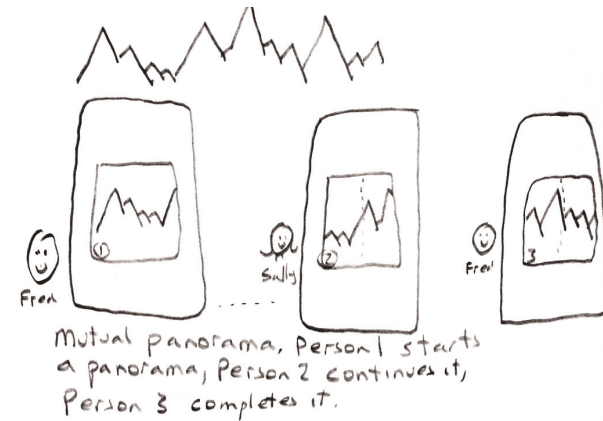
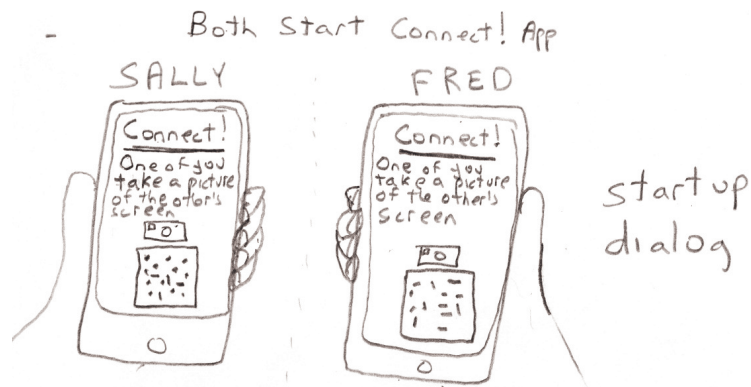
THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

4. Choose the most promising design concept(s) as a starting point.

THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

5. Produce 10 details and/or variations of a particular design concept.

- First, try to generate different ways of realizing that particular concept
- Second, go a bit deeper into a particular concept, where you try to flesh out details of your idea



THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

6. Present your best idea(s) to a group.

- Solicit feedback from them
- Tell your audience that the best feedback they can give will be suggestions about possible redesigns

THE 10 PLUS 10 METHOD

7. As your ideas change, sketch them out.

- Continue to refine and generate your concept as needed

Generating Ideas

Ideation and sketching
user experience

Based on: Sketching User Experiences : The Workbook
by Saul Greenberg, , Bill Buxton, , Sheelagh Carpendale, , and Nicolai Marquardt

Project Groups

- We will setup groups with 4 students per group
- You will be able to see the groups in Canvas

Lets collect group kits!

- Each group gets one kit + esp32
 - Your group needs to sing for it



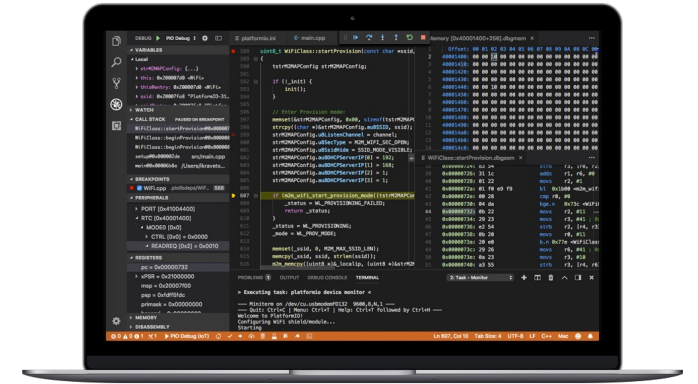
<https://core-electronics.com.au/kitronik-inventor-s-kit-for-the-arduino.html>



<https://core-electronics.com.au/firebeetle-esp32-e-iot-microcontroller-with-header-supports-wi-fi-bluetooth.html>

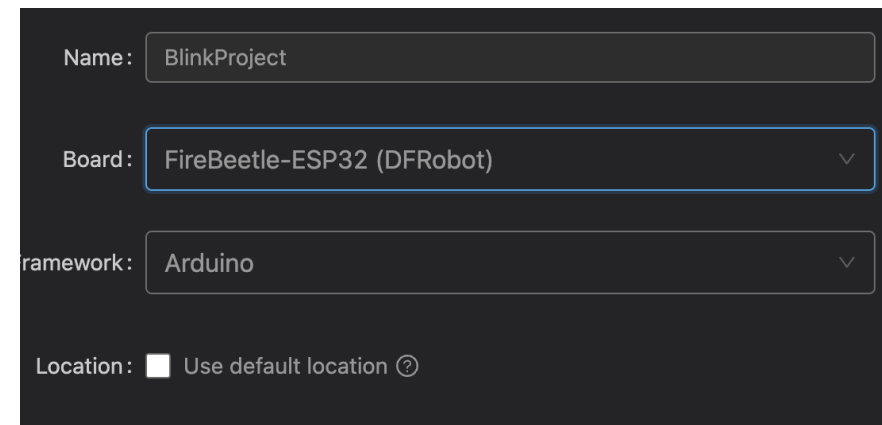
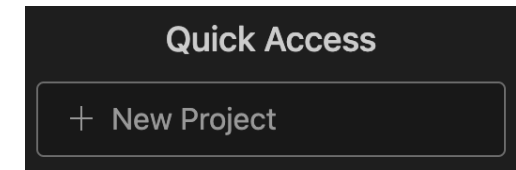
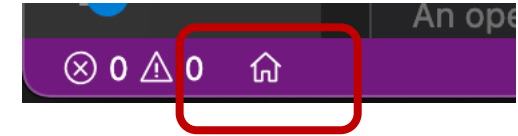
What Are We Doing Today

- Run a sample application in your Microcontroller
- Install
 - Goto Week 02 Module – Installation Links (Canvas) and install each tool step by step



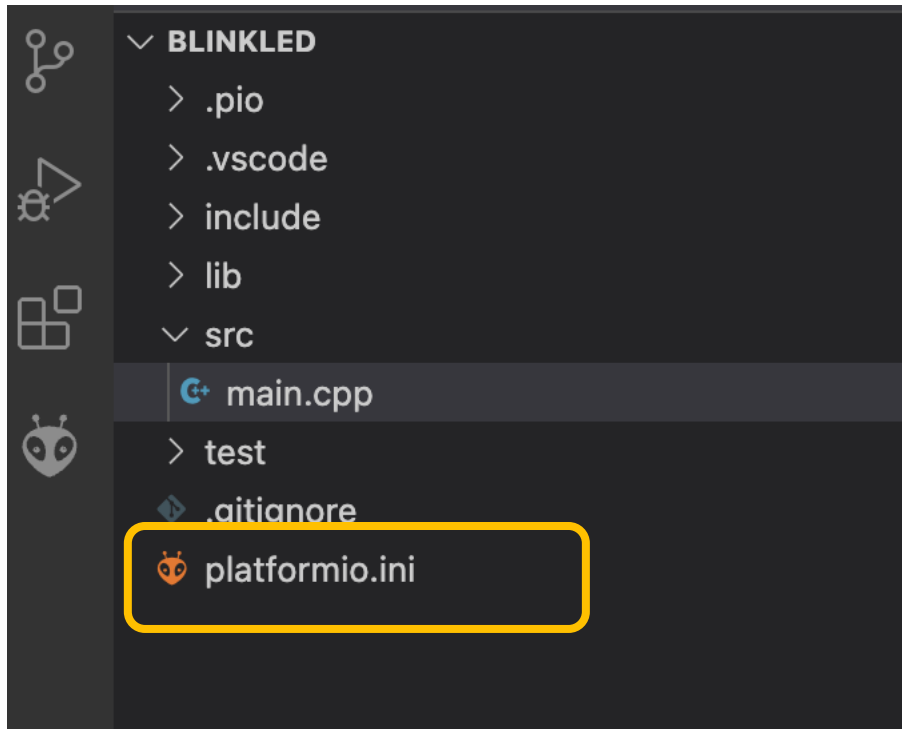
Create New Project: Open VSC

- Goto Platform IO Home
 - Use the bottom bar home icon
- Use "+ New Project"
- Use the correct settings
 - Name can be anything
 - Board and Framework fixed
 - Use an appropriate location
 - Then Click Finish
 - Will take time to initialize



Lets Blink the LED

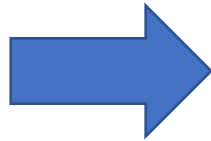
- Locate the platfromio.ini file



Lets Blink the LED

- Locate the change the library version
 - platform = espressif32@3.5.0

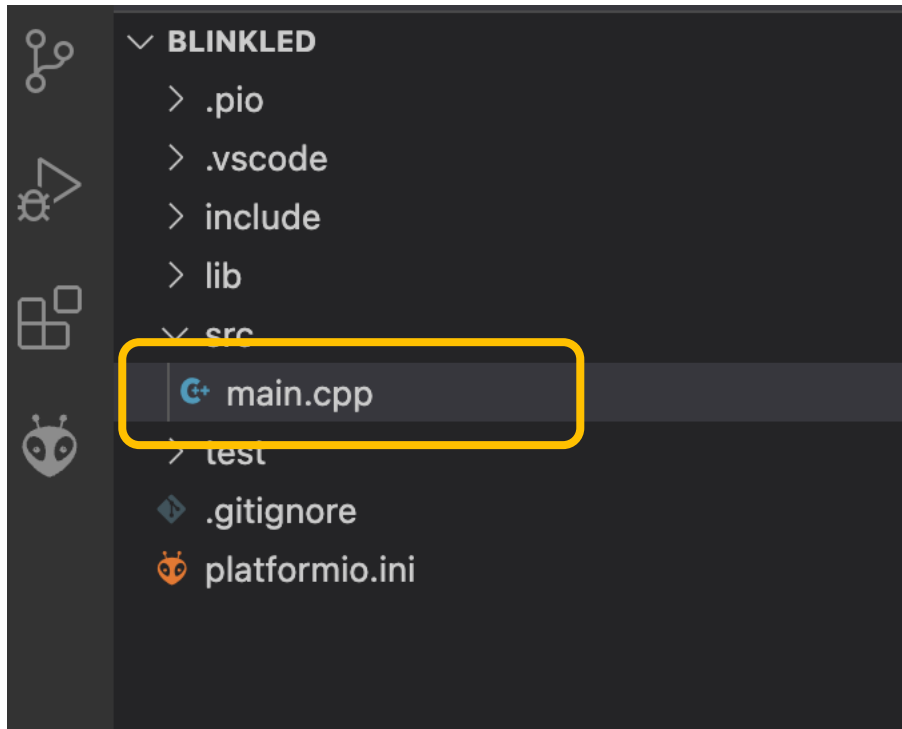
```
[env:firebeetle32]  
platform = espressif32  
board = firebeetle32  
framework = arduino  
monitor_speed = 115200
```



```
[env:firebeetle32]  
platform = espressif32@3.5.0  
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framework = arduino  
monitor_speed = 115200
```

Lets Blink the LED

- Locate the main.cpp file



Lets Blink the LED

- Two Important functions

```
void setup()
```

- Setting up things
 - E.g. initialize variables
 - Only run once

```
void loop()
```

- Runs in a loop
 - Do your work here

Lets Blink the LED

- Lets write the code

```
1  #include <Arduino.h>
2
3  void setup() {
4      pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
5  }
6
7  void loop() {
8      digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH);
9      delay(2000);
10     digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);
11     delay(2000);
12 }
```

Set the LED_BUILTIN pin to output
LED_BUILTIN – Is a pin number

Set the LED_BUILTIN pin to high and low
(turns on and off) with a delay of 2000ms in between

Lets Blink the LED

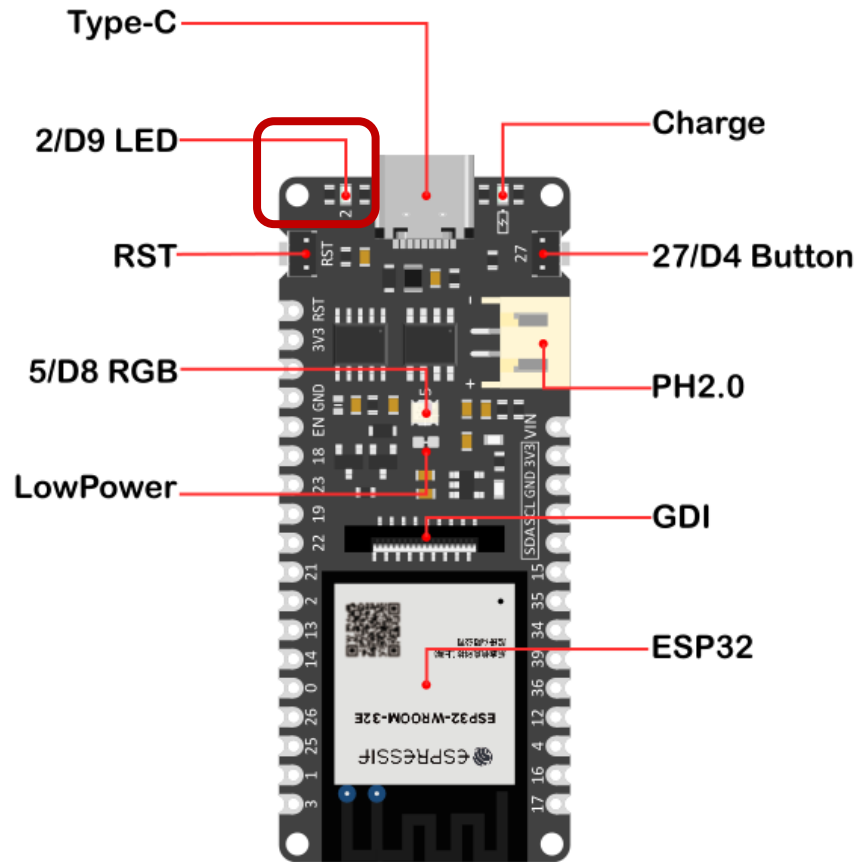
- Compile



- Upload to the board



- Check the LED



Lets Blink the LED

- Play around with different delays

```
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```

Or try other samples

- **<https://bit.ly/3Q4h1a9>**

