# Project Timeline (March 10 - April 17)

# Milestone 1 (March 10 - March 20) $\rightarrow$ Code Understanding & Initial Re-Implementation

- Read and discuss the entire paper thoroughly.
- Explore and analyze the available code in the repo.
- Identify missing parts (experiments from Tables 1-4).

# Milestone 2 (March 20 - March 31) $\rightarrow$ Code Understanding & Initial Re-Implementation

## Ablation Study (Table 5) - Understanding Design Choices

The **Ablation Study** in Table 5 analyzes different architectural and training choices for XFeat and XFeat\*. The goal is to determine how specific modifications impact accuracy.

### **Variants Tested in the Ablation Study**

- 1. **Default (Baseline XFeat & XFeat\*)** → Standard version of XFeat.
- 2. **No Synthetic Data** → Trained only on real images (Megadepth).
- 3. **Smaller Model** → Reducing the number of channels in later convolutional layers.
- 4. **Joint Keypoint Extraction & Descriptor Learning** → Instead of a separate keypoint branch, descriptors are directly used for keypoint extraction.

## Relative Pose Estimation (Table 1 & Table 2)

**Goal:** Estimate **relative camera pose** (rotation & translation) between two images using **feature correspondences**.

#### **Datasets Used**

Megadepth-1500 (Table 1, outdoor scenes)

• ScanNet-1500 (Table 2, indoor scenes)

#### **Metrics Evaluated**

- AUC@5°, 10°, 20° (Higher is better)
- Acc@10° (% of poses with angular error < 10°)</li>
- MIR (Mean Inlier Ratio) (Higher = better matches)
- # Inliers (Number of feature correspondences)
- FPS (Frames per second on CPU)

## Milestone 3 (March 31 - April 6)

## **Homography Estimation (Table 3)** → **HPatches Dataset**

#### Goal:

Estimate homographies (2D perspective transformations) between image pairs using feature correspondences and evaluate the accuracy of estimated transformations.

#### Dataset:

• HPatches: Contains image sequences with controlled illumination & viewpoint changes.

### Metrics Evaluated:

• MHA (Mean Homography Accuracy) @3, 5, 7 pixels

## Visual Localization (Table 4) → Aachen Day-Night Dataset

#### Goal:

Estimate camera pose of query images by matching keypoints to a 3D Structure-from-Motion (SfM) map.

#### Dataset:

Aachen Day-Night (Day & Night images for localization in a known environment).

#### Metrics Evaluated:

• Localization Accuracy (%) at (0.25m, 0.5m, 5m) / (2°, 5°, 10°) thresholds.

# Milestone 4 (April 7 - April 13) → Implement Novel Contributions

### **Homography-Guided Feature Detection & Matching:**

- Implement homography-based image patch warping before feature extraction.
- Evaluate impact on robustness (viewpoint/illumination changes) using metrics like MIR, # Inliers, and Homography Accuracy (if applicable).

## Outlier Removal for Semi-Dense Matching (XFeat):\*

- Implement DBSCAN filtering for semi-dense match outlier removal in XFeat\*.
- Integrate DBSCAN before XFeat\*'s match refinement.
- Benchmark against original XFeat\* (MIR, # Inliers, pose accuracy if applicable).
- Tune DBSCAN parameters (eps, min\_samples).

# Milestone 5 (April 14 - April 17) → Finalization & Submission

## **Final Debugging & Performance Validation:**

- Debug all code.
- Validate performance (XFeat, XFeat\*, variations) on benchmarks.
- Ensure results are consistant and reproducible.

## **Ensure Completeness:**

- Verify code and integration.
- Confirm all experiments and results.
- Double-check results accuracy.

# **Prepare Results and Visualization:**

- Create figures/tables comparing methods and contributions.
- Visualize match quality, keypoint repeatability, etc.

# **Report/Presentation Writing & Finalization:**

- Write report/presentation detailing project, methods, experiments, results, conclusions.
- Finalize and proofread.