

Project 3 Instructions

NOTE: It is highly recommended that you read the paper first and then take the quiz before implementing the project in code.

Objective: Understand the cache replacement functionality and implement a new cache policy in the gem5 simulator. There are four main functions invoked by each cache replacement policy: `reset`, `touch`, `invalidate`, and `getVictim`. You can find the different functions for cache replacement policies on the following website:

https://www.gem5.org/documentation/general_docs/memory_system/replacement_policies/

1. `reset()`: It is used to initialize a replacement data. It is called upon only insertion of a cache block (at the beginning or upon replacement).
2. `touch()`: It is invoked upon a cache hit. It should update the replacement data of the cache block.
3. `invalidate()`: It is called whenever an entry is invalidated. It should invalidate the replacement data, setting the entry as the next probable victim for eviction.
4. `getVictim()`: It is called when there is a miss, and an eviction must be done. It searches among all replacement candidates for an entry to be evicted (based on the replacement data of candidates being searched).

Please understand the above functions carefully in order to understand how a cache replacement policy is implemented. These functions are invoked by the top-level cache module, e.g., with functions implemented through files `tags/base_set_assoc.hh`, `tags/base.cc`, and `base.cc` in the directory `src/mem/cache`. These files also define functions for a cache's structure and its management, including for set-associative caches. Trying to locate the above four functions (related to cache block replacement) in these files could help you to understand when and why they are invoked.

Understanding LRU Policy: In the design of set associative caches, an important design parameter to analyze is the block replacement policy. Block replacement policy essentially determines which block (out of all the blocks in a set) must be evicted from the cache when it is time to bring in new data. A popular and easy-to-understand cache replacement policy is Least Recently Used (LRU). In this scheme, we evict the block that has been unused for the longest period. While it seems to be one of the most intuitively promising block replacement schemes, implementation complexity is its main

disadvantage. LRU must maintain an access history for each block, which slows down the cache. Thus, most caches implement only an approximation of LRU.

You will find implementation of various cache replacement policies in the file `lru_rp.cc` and `lru_rp.hh`, located in the directory `gem5/src/mem/cache/replacement_policies`. In LRU_Variation policy, when a block needs to be promoted upon a hit, it may affect the replacement metadata of other blocks in the set. To implement such mechanism, you may need to share the replacement related data among all blocks within the same set. Then, it needs to be handled through a shared pointer to the object for the replacement data. You can refer to such management in existing implementations, e.g., `tree_plru` (where replacement data about a tree is shared among its nodes i.e., blocks within the set).

Resources:

- [Least Recently Used \(LRU\) Replacement Policy](#)
- [Tree Pseudo-LRU](#)

NOTE: Before starting the project, please make sure your modifications to source code or configuration of parameters made during projects 1 or 2 are reverted back. If not, please either discard them or obtain a new copy of the gem5 again and then rebuild the gem5.

Folder Setup: You will be running ONLY 1 benchmark, which outputs the files “`config.json`,” “`config.ini`,” and “`stats.txt`.” In the end, you will generate a patch file, which is a portable file that makes it easy to apply your gem5 modifications in Project 3 to other unmodified gem5 projects. We will use this for grading to ensure that your implementation works. To generate the described file structure, run the following command as a single command:

```
mkdir Project3-Submission Project3-Submission/conf1
```

Problem 1 - Implementing LRU Variation

In this project, you will need to implement LRU_Variation policy. It is defined in the paper “*Insertion and Promotion for Tree-Based PseudoLRU Last-Level Caches*,” available on Canvas. You need to understand Sections 1-3 and Figures 2 and 3 in the paper. Then, implement the transition graph with the Insertion and Promotion Vector vector assigned to your team via the Canvas quiz.

Task 1: Define your replacement policy in ReplacementPolicies.py

Introduce a new class LRU_Variation() by adding the following lines to the ‘ReplacementPolicies.py’ file, found in the `gem5/src/mem/cache/replacement_policies` directory.

```
class LRU_Variation(BaseReplacementPolicy):  
    type = 'LRU_Variation'  
    cxx_class = 'ReplacementPolicy::LRU_Variation'  
    cxx_header = "mem/cache/replacement_policies/lru_variation.hh"
```

```
numWays = Param.Int(Parent.assoc, "Set associativity")
```

Task 2: Change in SConscript

Add the following line at the end of the file 'SConscript' in the same directory:

```
Source('lru_variation.cc')
```

Task 3: Add repl_policy flag to gem5 options for command-line management

The default configuration for the option/flag for replacement policy is LRURP(), which is also gem5's default choice for all caches. Open `gem5/configs/common/Options.py` and add the following code under "Cache Options" (after Line 138):

```
parser.add_option("--repl_policy", type="string", default="LRURP()")
```

Task 4: Set replacement policies of caches as per the command-line option

We will set the same replacement policy for all caches (L1 data and instruction caches, L2 cache, etc.) based on the value of the command-line option. We can provide this information by modifying the information about a cache-based memory hierarchy, which is defined in `gem5/configs/common/CacheConfig.py`. You can add the code boxed in red in the figures below. Lines 123, 136, and 137 will be the line numbers where the code is added.

```

if options.l2cache:
    # Provide a clock for the L2 and the L1-to-L2 bus here as they
    # are not connected using addTwoLevelCacheHierarchy. Use the
    # same clock as the CPUs.
    system.l2 = l2_cache_class(clk_domain=system.cpu_clk_domain,
                              **_get_cache_opts('l2', options))

    system.l2.replacement_policy = eval(options.repl_policy)
    system.tol2bus = L2XBar(clk_domain = system.cpu_clk_domain)
    system.l2.cpu_side = system.tol2bus.master
    system.l2.mem_side = system.membus.slave

for i in range(options.num_cpus):
    if options.caches:
        icache = icache_class(**_get_cache_opts('l1i', options))
        dcache = dcache_class(**_get_cache_opts('l1d', options))

        icache.replacement_policy = eval(options.repl_policy)
        dcache.replacement_policy = eval(options.repl_policy)

```

Task 5: Implement LRU_Variation Cache Functionality in Code

Create two files named `lru_variation.cc` and `lru_variation.hh` in the directory of `gem5/src/mem/cache/replacement_policies`. You will need to implement the four main cache functions: `reset`, `touch`, `invalidate` and `getVictim`, in addition to any other functions that you need to implement the cache policy. You may hard-code the Insertion and Promotion vector in either the `lru_variation.hh` or `lru_variation.cc` file.

NOTE: You may notice that many of the things that you read about in the Insertion and Promotion Vector paper need to be implemented in code in your implementation. You may also notice that some of the things you read about in the Insertion and Promotion Vector paper do not need to be implemented in code.

Once you make the above modifications to fully implement the LRU_Variation Cache, rebuild `gem5` by running the following command:

```
scons build/ARM/gem5.opt
```

In order to test the validity of your implementation, view the “Testing LRU_Variation Implementation” document on Canvas, which walks through the debugging and validation process.

Task 6: Running Benchmarks on your Implementation

Once you are confident that your implementation is correct, you will need to run the benchmark just like in Project 2. Then, run the `dijkstra_small` benchmark for all the configuration of `LRU_Variation` given in the table. You don't need to run any other benchmarks.

Configuration	L1 cache	L2 cache	L2 associativity	Benchmark
1	32 kB data cache, 32 kB instruction cache	128 kB	16	dijkstra_small

You can use `--repl_policy` flag to specify the replacement policy. For this project, you will run the 'dijkstra_small' benchmark on the three configurations given in the table. Both the configurations need to be evaluated only for LRU_Variation replacement policy, i.e., `--repl_policy="LRU_Variation()"`. When running the benchmarks for the different configurations, you will change the parameters in the benchmarks command as highlighted in the code blocks below. To run the 'dijkstra_small' benchmark for each configuration, run the following benchmark command

(as a single line):

```
./build/ARM/gem5.opt -d [path to target directory]
./configs/example/se.py --cpu-type=DerivO3CPU --caches --l1i_size=32kB
--l1d_size=32kB --l2cache --l2_assoc=16 --repl_policy="LRU_Variation()"
-- l2_size=128kB -c ./benchmarks/dijkstra/dijkstra_small -o
./benchmarks/dijkstra/input.dat
```

You must store the benchmark results in the appropriate directory, which is done by putting the path to the appropriate directory for the configuration as the parameter "path to target directory" in the above commands. You created these directories as the first command in the project instructions.

Creating the Patch File

Just like in Project 2, for this project you will create a patch file, which allows the auto grader to run your implementation of the code on an independent gem5 build. In order to create a correct patch file, please download a new gem5.zip file from the Project1 assignment on Canvas. Unzip the file, change its name to 'gem5_clean', and put it in the same directory as your current gem5 directory. Then run the following command outside the gem5 directory:

```
diff -ruN gem5_clean/src/mem/cache/ gem5/src/mem/cache/ > project3.patch
```

NOTE: Make sure the "N" in -ruN is uppercase. You can open project3.patch and locate all your modifications to SConscript, ReplacementPolicies.py, CacheConfig.py, Options.py, lru_variation.hh and lru_variation.cc with a "+" sign at the beginning of each line modified, which is automatically added by the above command.

Then, move project3.patch into the Project3-Submission directory. Then you should see project3.patch and the directory Problem1.

Submission Instructions

Submit ONLY 1 file to canvas, which will be a zip file named:

'LastName-<LRU_Variation version number>-Project3-Submission.zip'.

This contains the directory structure outlined in the “Project Deliverables” section. You should be zipping just the folder “Project3- Submission” and then submitting the resulting zip file entitled “LastName-<LRU_Variation version number>-Project3- Submission.zip” where ‘LastName’ is the last name of the group member submitting the file to Canvas. Replace <LRU_Variation version number> with your assigned LRU_Variation vector version number (mentioned on the quiz).

NOTE: Please DO NOT include the word “LRU_Variation” in your zip name. For example, if you’ve been assigned LRU_Variation version 2, your filename should look like this - ‘LastName-2-Project3-Submission.zip’. It should NOT look like this - ‘LastName-LRU_Variation2-Project3-Submission.zip’.

Please stick to the naming convention as outlined in this document. Your code files should be named ‘lru_variation.cc’ and ‘lru_variation.hh’, respectively and your patch file should be named ‘project3.patch’.

Only one group member should make the submission through Canvas. All team members in the group will receive the same score. Please follow the naming conventions correctly so that the auto grader will correctly grade your assignment.

Project Deliverable Structure

1. The project directory structure that you build should contain the following:
 - a. A parent directory: Project3-Submission.
 - b. 3 files inside Project3-Submission: project3.patch, lru_variation.cc, lru_variation.hh
 - c. 1 directory inside Project3-Submission: conf1
 - e. conf1 directory should contain config.ini, config.json, and stats.txt, all generated by gem5 after running the benchmark command. The directory structure should be as follows:

```
Project3-Submission
|
+---project3.patch
```

```
+---lru_variation.cc
+---lru_variation.hh
|
+---conf1
|   +---config.ini
|   +---config.json
|   +---stats.txt
```

Rubric

Project 3 [10 points]

- a) Accuracy: correct values in the stats.txt file. **[6 points]**
- b) Useful comments and clean code: Your implementations of lru_variation.cc and lru_variation.hh should contain useful and descriptive comments for each function and variable that you implement. **[2 points]**
- c) Working code: The autograder should have no problem in applying the patch and successfully building gem5 with your implementation. **[2 point]**