

Homework-5

Problem 16

Due : 18-Feb -2025

Time Spent : 2 Hours 15 Min

Apply LMB on FBD of m_1 ,

$$\sum \vec{F} = \vec{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Gm_1m_2}{r_1^2} \hat{r}_1 = m_1 \vec{a}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{a}_1 = \frac{Gm_2}{r_1^2} \hat{r}_1$$

Apply LMB on FBD of m_2 ,

$$\sum \vec{F} = \vec{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Gm_1m_2}{r_2^2} (-\hat{r}_1) = m_2 \vec{a}_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{a}_2 = -\frac{Gm_1}{r_2^2} \hat{r}_1$$

To find time period,

Assume motion to be circular:

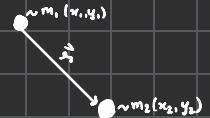
$$\Rightarrow F_g = \overset{\text{centripetal force}}{F_c}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Gm_1m_2}{r^2} = m_2 \omega^2 r \quad (\text{if } m_2 > m_1)$$

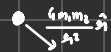
$$\Rightarrow \omega^2 = \frac{Gm_1}{r^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = \sqrt{\frac{Gm_1}{r^3}} \Rightarrow \boxed{T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{r^3}{Gm_1}}}$$

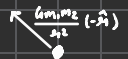
Sketch:



FBD: m_1



FBD: m_2



For three particles,

Assume position of particles form an equilateral triangle,

\Rightarrow Effective force of gravity acts through the center of the circle.

$$\Rightarrow \vec{F}_1 = 2F_g \hat{r} = \frac{16 G m^2}{d^3} \hat{r}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{F}_2 = \frac{16 G m^2}{d^3} \hat{r}_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{F}_3 = \frac{16 G m^2}{d^3} \hat{r}_3$$

Apply LMB on FBD 1,

$$\sum \vec{F} = \vec{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-16 G m^2}{d^3} \hat{r}_1 = m \vec{a}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{a}_1 = \frac{-16 G m}{d^3} \hat{r}_1$$

Apply LMB on FBD 2,

$$\sum \vec{F} = \vec{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-16 G m^2}{d^3} \hat{r}_2 = m \vec{a}_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{a}_2 = \frac{-16 G m}{d^3} \hat{r}_2$$

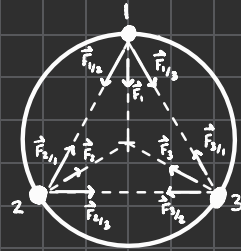
Apply LMB on FBD 3,

$$\sum \vec{F} = \vec{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-16 G m^2}{d^3} \hat{r}_3 = m \vec{a}_3$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{a}_3 = \frac{-16 G m}{d^3} \hat{r}_3$$

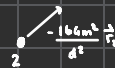
Sketch:



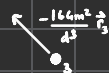
FBD: 1



FBD: 2



FBD: 3



From \vec{a}_1 , \vec{a}_2 , and \vec{a}_3 , in general:

$$\ddot{x} = -\frac{166m}{d^3} x$$

$$\ddot{y} = -\frac{166m}{d^3} y$$

$$\Rightarrow x = c_1 e^{i\sqrt{\frac{166m}{d^3}} t}$$

$$y = c_2 e^{i\sqrt{\frac{166m}{d^3}} t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = \sqrt{\frac{166m}{d^3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{d^3}{166m}}$$