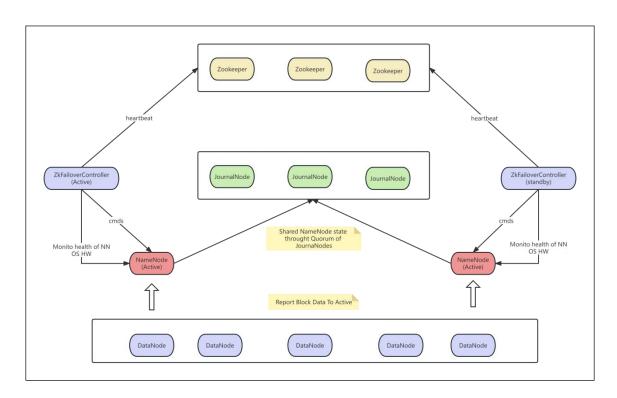
hadoop-hdfs 核心组件启动源码分析

一 hdfs 组件架构



二集群启动脚本分析

2.1 start-dfs.sh 脚本分析

```
# 启动 namenodes
echo "Starting namenodes on [${NAMENODES}]"
hadoop_uservar_su hdfs namenode "${HADOOP_HDFS_HOME}/bin/hdfs" \
--workers \
--config "${HADOOP_CONF_DIR}" \
--hostnames "${NAMENODES}" \
--daemon start \
namenode ${nameStartOpt}
```

```
# 启动 datanodes

echo "Starting datanodes"

hadoop_uservar_su hdfs datanode "${HADOOP_HDFS_HOME}/bin/hdfs" \
```

```
--workers \
--config "${HADOOP_CONF_DIR}" \
--daemon start \
datanode ${dataStartOpt}
```

```
# 启动 journalnode
# quorumjournal nodes (if any)

JOURNAL_NODES=$("${HADOOP_HDFS_HOME}/bin/hdfs" getconf -journalNodes 2>&-)

if [[ "${#JOURNAL_NODES}" != 0 ]]; then
    echo "Starting journal nodes [${JOURNAL_NODES}]"

hadoop_uservar_su hdfs journalnode "${HADOOP_HDFS_HOME}/bin/hdfs" \
    --workers \
    --config "${HADOOP_CONF_DIR}" \
    --hostnames "${JOURNAL_NODES}" \
    --daemon start \
    journalnode
    (( HADOOP_JUMBO_RETCOUNTER=HADOOP_JUMBO_RETCOUNTER + $? ))

fi
```

```
# 启动 zkfc

# ZK Failover controllers, if auto-HA is enabled
AUTOHA_ENABLED=$("${HADOOP_HDFS_HOME}/bin/hdfs" getconf -confKey
dfs.ha.automatic-failover.enabled | tr '[:upper:]' '[:lower:]')
if [[ "${AUTOHA_ENABLED}" = "true" ]]; then
    echo "Starting ZK Failover Controllers on NN hosts [${NAMENODES}]"

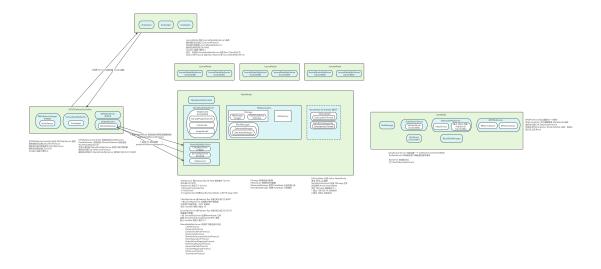
hadoop_uservar_su hdfs zkfc "${HADOOP_HDFS_HOME}/bin/hdfs" \
    --workers \
    --config "${HADOOP_CONF_DIR}" \
    --hostnames "${NAMENODES}" \
    --daemon start \
    zkfc
    (( HADOOP_JUMBO_RETCOUNTER=HADOOP_JUMBO_RETCOUNTER + $? ))
fi
```

2.2 hdfs.sh 脚本分析

```
function hdfscmd_case
{
  subcmd=$1
```

```
shift
      case ${subcmd} in
             # datanode 启动类
             datanode)
                   HADOOP_SUBCMD_SUPPORTDAEMONIZATION="true"
HADOOP\_SECURE\_CLASSNAME="org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.datanode.SecureDataNodeStart" and the secureDataNodeStart and the secureDataNodeStart
er"
                   HADOOP_CLASSNAME='org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.datanode.DataNode'
                   hadoop_deprecate_envvar HADOOP_SECURE_DN_PID_DIR HADOOP_SECURE_PID_DIR
                   hadoop_deprecate_envvar HADOOP_SECURE_DN_LOG_DIR HADOOP_SECURE_LOG_DIR
             ;;
             #journalnode 启动类
            journalnode)
                   HADOOP_SUBCMD_SUPPORTDAEMONIZATION="true"
                   HADOOP_CLASSNAME='org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.qjournal.server.JournalNode'
            ;;
             .....
             # namenode 启动类
             namenode)
                   HADOOP_SUBCMD_SUPPORTDAEMONIZATION="true"
                   HADOOP_CLASSNAME='org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.namenode.NameNode'
                                                                                                                          HADOOP_OPTS
                   hadoop_add_param
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     hdfs.audit.logger
"-Dhdfs.audit.logger=${HDFS_AUDIT_LOGGER}"
            ;;
             #zkfc 启动类
            zkfc)
                   HADOOP_SUBCMD_SUPPORTDAEMONIZATION="true"
                   HADOOP_CLASSNAME='org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.tools.DFSZKFailoverController'
             ;;
             *)
      esac
```

三 集群启动组件源码分析



3.1 JournalNode 启动源码分析

主入口类: org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.qjournal.server.JournalNode.main()

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    StringUtils.startupShutdownMessage(JournalNode.class, args, LOG);
    try {
        // 创建 JournalNode 对象并调用其 run()
        System.exit(ToolRunner.run(new JournalNode(), args));
    } catch (Throwable e) {
        LOG.error("Failed to start journalnode.", e);
        terminate(-1, e);
    }
}
```

```
CallerContext.setCurrent(ctx);
        }
        // 对于 JournalNode 启动 conf 默认值 null
        if (conf == null) {
            // 创建 Configuration 对象 并将 core-default.xml core-site.xml 文件名添加到
defaultResources ArrayList 容器中
            conf = new Configuration();
        }
        // 解析入参 args
        GenericOptionsParser parser = new GenericOptionsParser(conf, args);
        // set the configuration back, so that Tool can configure itself
        // 对于 JournalNode 回设 Configuration 对象 底层加载四大文件
(hdfs-default.xml hdfs-site.xml core-default.xml core-site.xml)
        tool.setConf(conf);
        //get the args w/o generic hadoop args
        // 解析 main() 入参
        String[] toolArgs = parser.getRemainingArgs();
        // 对于 JournalNode 调用其 run()
        return tool.run(toolArgs);
```

3.1.1 创建 JournalNode

```
static {
    // 调用 HdfsConfiguration 静态代码块 添加 hdfs-default.xml hdfs-site.xml 文件名
    defaultResources 容器中
        HdfsConfiguration.init();
    }

// 调用无参构造函数
```

org. a pache. hado op. hdfs. Hdfs Configuration

```
static {
    addDeprecatedKeys();

    // adds the default resources
    Configuration.addDefaultResource("hdfs-default.xml");
    Configuration.addDefaultResource("hdfs-site.xml");
}
```

3.1.2 初始化 JournalNode

JournalNode.setConf()

```
@Override
    public void setConf(Configuration conf) {
        this.conf = conf;
        String journalNodeDir = null;
        Collection<String> nameserviceIds;
        // 从四大配置文件获取 key = dfs.internal.nameservices 的 value 默认为空
        // 如果在获取过程中发现没有加载四大文件 则先加载再获取
        nameserviceIds = conf.getTrimmedStringCollection(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_INTERNAL_NAMESERVICES_KEY);
        if (nameserviceIds.size() == 0) {
             // 获取 key = dfs.nameservices 的 value
            // 一般情况下 在 hdfs-site.xml 配置对应的值 比如 mycluster
             nameserviceIds = conf.getTrimmedStringCollection(
                     DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMESERVICES);
        }
        // if nameservicesIds size is less than 2, it means it is not a federated
        // setup
        if (nameserviceIds.size() < 2) {
            // Check in HA, if journal edit dir is set by appending with nameserviceId
            // 获取 journalNodeDir 元数据存储目录
             for (String nameService: nameserviceIds) {
                 journalNodeDir
conf.get(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_EDITS_DIR_KEY+
                          "." + nameService);
             if (journalNodeDir == null) {
                 // 一般情况下 在 hdfs-site.xml 配置 key = dfs.journalnode.edits.dir
                 // value = 存储目录 默认值 /tmp/hadoop/dfs/journalnode/
                 journalNodeDir
conf.get(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_EDITS_DIR_KEY,
                          DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_EDITS_DIR_DEFAULT);
             }
            // 添加 journalNodeDir 文件路径到 localDir ArrayList 容器
             localDir.add(new File(journalNodeDir.trim()));
        }
```

3.1.3 启动 JournalNode

JournalNode.run()

```
@Override
public int run(String[] args) throws Exception {
    // 启动 JournalNode
    start();

    // 阻塞等待线程完成
    return join();
}
```

```
public void start() throws IOException {
        Preconditions.checkState(!isStarted(), "JN already running");
        try {
             // 检查 JournalNodeEditDir 并创建对应的目录
             for (File journalDir: localDir) {
                 validateAndCreateJournalDir(journalDir);
             DefaultMetricsSystem.initialize("JournalNode");
             JvmMetrics.create("JournalNode",
                      conf.get(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_METRICS_SESSION_ID_KEY),
                      DefaultMetricsSystem.instance());
             // 获取 JournalNode Rpc Server 地址
             // 从配置获取 key = dfs.journalnode.rpc-address 默认值 0.0.0.0:8485 (默认配
置在 hdfs-default.xml)
             InetSocketAddress socAddr = JournalNodeRpcServer.getAddress(conf);
             SecurityUtil.login(conf, DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_KEYTAB_FILE_KEY,
                      DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_KERBEROS_PRINCIPAL_KEY,
                      socAddr.getHostName());
```

```
registerJNMXBean();
    // 创建 JournalNodeHttpServer 并启动
     // 默认 dfs.journalnode.http-address = 0.0.0.0:8480
     httpServer = new JournalNodeHttpServer(conf, this,
              getHttpServerBindAddress(conf));
     httpServer.start();
     httpServerURI = httpServer.getServerURI().toString();
    // 创建 JournalNodeRpcServer 并启动
     rpcServer = new JournalNodeRpcServer(conf, this);
     rpcServer.start();
} catch (IOException ioe) {
     //Shutdown JournalNode of JournalNodeRpcServer fails to start
     LOG.error("Failed to start JournalNode.", ioe);
     this.stop(1);
    throw ioe;
}
```

3.1.3.1 创建 JournalNodeHttpServer 并启动

```
void start() throws IOException {
    final InetSocketAddress httpAddr = bindAddress;

final String httpsAddrString = conf.get(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_DEFAULT);
InetSocketAddress httpsAddr = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(httpsAddrString);

if (httpsAddr != null) {
        // If DFS_JOURNALNODE_HTTPS_BIND_HOST_KEY exists then it overrides the
        // host name portion of DFS_NAMENODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_KEY.
```

```
final String bindHost =
       conf.getTrimmed(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_HTTPS_BIND_HOST_KEY);
  if (bindHost != null && !bindHost.isEmpty()) {
     httpsAddr = new InetSocketAddress(bindHost, httpsAddr.getPort());
  }
}
HttpServer2.Builder builder = DFSUtil.httpServerTemplateForNNAndJN(conf,
    httpAddr, httpsAddr, "journal",
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_KERBEROS_INTERNAL_SPNEGO_PRINCIPAL_KEY,
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_KEYTAB_FILE_KEY);
httpServer = builder.build();
httpServer.setAttribute(JN ATTRIBUTE KEY, localJournalNode);
httpServer.setAttribute(JspHelper.CURRENT_CONF, conf);
httpServer.addInternalServlet("getJournal", "/getJournal",
    GetJournalEditServlet.class, true);
httpServer.start();
HttpConfig.Policy policy = DFSUtil.getHttpPolicy(conf);
int connldx = 0;
if (policy.isHttpEnabled()) {
  httpAddress = httpServer.getConnectorAddress(connIdx++);
  conf.set(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_JOURNALNODE_HTTP_ADDRESS_KEY,
       NetUtils.getHostPortString(httpAddress));
}
if (policy.isHttpsEnabled()) {
  httpsAddress = httpServer.getConnectorAddress(connldx);
  conf.set(DFSConfigKeys.DFS JOURNALNODE HTTPS ADDRESS KEY,
       NetUtils.getHostPortString(httpsAddress));
}
```

3.1.3.2 创建 JournalNodeRpcServer 并启动

```
JournalNodeRpcServer(Configuration conf, JournalNode jn) throws IOException {
    this.jn = jn;

    // 从 JournalNode 配置信息拷贝一份
    Configuration confCopy = new Configuration(conf);
```

```
// Ensure that nagling doesn't kick in, which could cause latency issues.
        confCopy.setBoolean(
                  CommonConfigurationKeysPublic.IPC SERVER TCPNODELAY KEY,
                 true);
        // 从配置文件获取 JournalNodeRpcServer 地址
        // 默认值 dfs.journalnode.rpc-address = 0.0.0.0:8485
        InetSocketAddress addr = getAddress(confCopy);
        String bindHost = conf.getTrimmed(DFS JOURNALNODE RPC BIND HOST KEY, null);
        if (bindHost == null) {
             bindHost = addr.getHostName();
        LOG.info("RPC server is binding to " + bindHost + ":" + addr.getPort());
        // 设置 Rpc Server 通讯协议 QJournalProtocol (QJournalProtocolPB 接口上注解获
取)
        RPC.setProtocolEngine(confCopy, QJournalProtocolPB.class,
                  ProtobufRpcEngine.class);
        // QJournalProtocol 协议接口的实现类对象 this = JournalNodeRpcServer
         QJournalProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB translator =
                  new QJournalProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
        BlockingService service = QJournalProtocolService
                 .newReflectiveBlockingService(translator);
        // hadoop-rpc 标配
        this.server = new RPC.Builder(confCopy)
                 .setProtocol(QJournalProtocolPB.class)
                 .setInstance(service)
                 .setBindAddress(bindHost)
                 .setPort(addr.getPort())
                 // 配置 handler 线程个数 默认值 5
                 .setNumHandlers(HANDLER COUNT)
                 .setVerbose(false)
                 .build();
        // Adding InterQJournalProtocolPB to server
        // 添加 JournalNodeRpcServer 内部的通讯协议 InterQJournalProtocol
(JournalNode 与 JournalNode 之间交互)
        Inter QJournal Protocol Server Side Translator PB\\
                 qJournalProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB = new
                 InterQJournalProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService interQJournalProtocolService = InterQJournalProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(qJournalProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB);
```

```
void start() {
    // hadoop-rpc 标配启动
    this.server.start();
}
```

3.2 DFSZKFailoverController 启动源码分析

主入口类: org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.tools.DFSZKFailoverController

```
public static void main(String args[])
                                                            throws Exception {
                                       String Utils. startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class, and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class). The startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) and the startup Shutdown Message (DFSZKFail over Controller. class) a
                                                                                args, LOG);
                                       if (DFSUtil.parseHelpArgument(args,
                                                                               ZKFailoverController.USAGE, System.out, true)) {
                                                            System.exit(0);
                                       }
                                       // 解析入参
                                       GenericOptionsParser parser = new GenericOptionsParser(
                                                                                // 创建 HdfsConfiguration (添加四大文件路径)
                                                                                new HdfsConfiguration(),
                                                                                args);
                                       try {
                                                            // 创建 DFSZKFailoverController
                                                            DFSZKFailoverController zkfc = DFSZKFailoverController.create(
                                                                                                    parser.getConfiguration());
                                                            // 运行 DFSZKFailoverController
                                                            System.exit(zkfc.run(parser.getRemainingArgs()));
                                       } catch (Throwable t) {
```

```
LOG.fatal("DFSZKFailOverController exiting due to earlier exception "
+ t);
terminate(1, t);
}
```

3.2.1 创建 DFSZKFailoverController

```
public static DFSZKFailoverController create(Configuration conf) {
        // 拷贝 Configuration 并加载四大配置文件
        Configuration localNNConf = DFSHAAdmin.addSecurityConfiguration(conf);
        // 一般情况下 在 hdfs-site.xml 配置对应的值 比如 mycluster
        String nsId = DFSUtil.getNamenodeNameServiceId(conf);
        // 从配置文件判断 NameNode 是否启动 HA 模式
        if (!HAUtil.isHAEnabled(localNNConf, nsId)) {
            throw new HadoopIllegalArgumentException(
                     "HA is not enabled for this namenode.");
        }
        // 判断当前节点是否启动 NameNode 进行判断是否应该启动 ZKFC
        // 如果当前节点需要启动 NameNode 返回值 比如 nn1 nn2
        String nnId = HAUtil.getNameNodeId(localNNConf, nsId);
        if (nnId == null) {
            String msg = "Could not get the namenode ID of this node." +
                     "You may run zkfc on the node other than namenode.";
            throw new HadoopIllegalArgumentException(msg);
        // 添加或者更新配置
        NameNode.initializeGenericKeys(localNNConf, nsld, nnld);
        DFSUtil.setGenericConf(localNNConf, nsId, nnId, ZKFC CONF KEYS);
        // 创建 NNHAServiceTarget
        NNHAServiceTarget localTarget = new NNHAServiceTarget(
                localNNConf, nsld, nnld);
        // 创建 DFSZKFailoverController
        return new DFSZKFailoverController(localNNConf, localTarget);
```

3.2.1.1 创建 NNHAServiceTarget

```
public NNHAServiceTarget(
              Configuration conf,
              String nsld,
              String nnId) {
         Preconditions.checkNotNull(nnId);
         if (nsId == null) {
              nsId = DFSUtil.getOnlyNameServiceIdOrNull(conf);
              if (nsId == null) {
                  String errorString = "Unable to determine the name service ID.";
                  String[] dfsNames = conf.getStrings(DFS_NAMESERVICES);
                  if ((dfsNames != null) && (dfsNames.length > 1)) {
                       errorString = "Unable to determine the name service ID." +
                                 "This is an HA configuration with multiple name services " +
                                 "configured." + DFS NAMESERVICES + " is set to " +
                                 Arrays.toString(dfsNames) + ". Please re-run with the -ns
option.";
                  }
                  throw new IllegalArgumentException(errorString);
              }
         }
         assert nsId != null;
         // Make a copy of the conf, and override configs based on the
         // target node -- not the node we happen to be running on.
         // 拷贝 Configuration
         HdfsConfiguration targetConf = new HdfsConfiguration(conf);
         NameNode.initializeGenericKeys(targetConf, nsId, nnId);
         // 获取 key = dfs.namenode.rpc-address.mycluster.nn1 对应的 value 比如
hj101:8020
         String serviceAddr =
                   DFSUtil.getNamenodeServiceAddr(targetConf, nsld, nnld);
         if (serviceAddr == null) {
              throw new IllegalArgumentException(
                       "Unable to determine service address for namenode '" + nnId + "'");
         }
         // 创建 NameNode 的 InetSocketAddress(hj101,8020)
         this.addr = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(serviceAddr,
                   HdfsClientConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_RPC_PORT_DEFAULT);
```

```
// 默认值 null
String lifelineAddrStr =
         DFSUtil.getNamenodeLifelineAddr(targetConf, nsId, nnId);
this.lifelineAddr = (lifelineAddrStr!= null)?
         NetUtils.createSocketAddr(lifelineAddrStr): null;
// 获取 key = dfs.ha.automatic-failover.enabled 对应的 value 默认值 false
// 一般情况下 如果配置了 NameNode HA 在 hdfs-site.xml 需要配置为 true
this.autoFailoverEnabled = targetConf.getBoolean(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_AUTO_FAILOVER_ENABLED_KEY,
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_AUTO_FAILOVER_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
if (autoFailoverEnabled) {
    // key = dfs.ha.zkfc.port value = 8019
    int port = DFSZKFailoverController.getZkfcPort(targetConf);
    if (port != 0) {
         // 创建 zkfcAddr = new InetSocketAddress(hj101,8019)
         setZkfcPort(port);
    }
}
try {
    // 创建 NodeFencer 对象
    this.fencer = NodeFencer.create(targetConf,
             DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_FENCE_METHODS_KEY);
} catch (BadFencingConfigurationException e) {
    this.fenceConfigError = e;
}
// nn1 nn2
this.nnId = nnId;
// mycluster
this.nsId = nsId;
```

3.2.1.2 创建 DFSZKFailoverController

```
private DFSZKFailoverController(Configuration conf,

NNHAServiceTarget localTarget) {

// 往下追

super(conf, localTarget);

// NNHAServiceTarget

this.localNNTarget = localTarget;
```

3.2.2 运行 DFSZKFailoverController

```
public int run(final String[] args) throws Exception {
         // 判断是否配置开启 auto-failover
         // 从 NNHAServiceTarget 的 autoFailoverEnabled 判断
         if (!localTarget.isAutoFailoverEnabled()) {
              LOG.error("Automatic failover is not enabled for " + localTarget + "." +
                        " Please ensure that automatic failover is enabled in the " +
                        "configuration before running the ZK failover controller.");
              return ERR_CODE_AUTO_FAILOVER_NOT_ENABLED;
         }
         loginAsFCUser();
         try {
              return SecurityUtil.doAsLoginUserOrFatal(new PrivilegedAction<Integer>() {
                   @Override
                   public Integer run() {
                        try {
                            // 往下追
                             return doRun(args);
                        } catch (Exception t) {
                             throw new RuntimeException(t);
                        } finally {
                             if (elector != null) {
                                  elector.terminateConnection();
                            }
                        }
                   }
              });
         } catch (RuntimeException rte) {
```

```
throw (Exception) rte.getCause();
}
}
```

```
private int doRun(String[] args)
               throws Exception {
          try {
              // 初始化 ZK
               initZK();
         } catch (KeeperException ke) {
               LOG.error("Unable to start failover controller. Unable to connect "
                         + "to ZooKeeper quorum at " + zkQuorum + ". Please check the "
                         + "configured value for " + ZK_QUORUM_KEY + " and ensure that "
                         + "ZooKeeper is running.", ke);
               return ERR_CODE_NO_ZK;
         }
          try {
               if (args.length > 0) {
                    if ("-formatZK".equals(args[0])) {
                         boolean force = false;
                         boolean interactive = true;
                         for (int i = 1; i < args.length; i++) {
                              if ("-force".equals(args[i])) {
                                   force = true;
                              } else if ("-nonInteractive".equals(args[i])) {
                                   interactive = false;
                             } else {
                                   badArg(args[i]);
                              }
                         }
                         // 如果是 -formatZK 操作
                         return formatZK(force, interactive);
                   } else {
                         badArg(args[0]);
                   }
               }
          } catch (Exception e) {
               LOG.error("The failover controller encounters runtime error", e);
               throw e;
         }
          if (!elector.parentZNodeExists()) {
```

```
LOG.error("Unable to start failover controller. "
              + "Parent znode does not exist.\n"
              + "Run with -formatZK flag to initialize ZooKeeper.");
     return ERR_CODE_NO_PARENT_ZNODE;
}
try {
     localTarget.checkFencingConfigured();
} catch (BadFencingConfigurationException e) {
     LOG.error("Fencing is not configured for " + localTarget + ".\n" +
              "You must configure a fencing method before using automatic " +
              "failover.", e);
     return ERR_CODE_NO_FENCER;
}
try {
    // 初始化 ZKFCRpcServer
    initRPC();
    // 初始化 HealthMonitor 并启动
    initHM();
    // 启动 ZKFCRpcServer
    startRPC();
    // 阻塞线程
    mainLoop();
} catch (Exception e) {
     LOG.error("The failover controller encounters runtime error: ", e);
    throw e;
} finally {
     rpcServer.stopAndJoin();
    elector.quitElection(true);
     healthMonitor.shutdown();
    healthMonitor.join();
}
return 0;
```

3.2.2.1 初始化 ZK

```
private void initZK() throws HadoopIllegalArgumentException, IOException,
KeeperException {
    // 获取 ZK 地址
```

```
// 从配置获取 key = ha.zookeeper.quorum 对应的 value 比如如下
// hj105:2181,hj106:2181,hj107:2181
zkQuorum = conf.get(ZK_QUORUM_KEY);
// 默认值 10 * 1000ms
int zkTimeout = conf.getInt(ZK_SESSION_TIMEOUT_KEY,
         ZK_SESSION_TIMEOUT_DEFAULT);
// Parse ACLs from configuration.
// 默认值 world:anyone:rwcda
String zkAclConf = conf.get(ZK_ACL_KEY, ZK_ACL_DEFAULT);
zkAclConf = ZKUtil.resolveConfIndirection(zkAclConf);
List<ACL> zkAcls = ZKUtil.parseACLs(zkAclConf);
if (zkAcls.isEmpty()) {
    zkAcls = Ids.CREATOR_ALL_ACL;
}
// Parse authentication from configuration.
List<ZKAuthInfo> zkAuths = SecurityUtil.getZKAuthInfos(conf, ZK AUTH KEY);
// Sanity check configuration.
Preconditions.checkArgument(zkQuorum != null,
         "Missing required configuration '%s' for ZooKeeper quorum",
        ZK_QUORUM_KEY);
Preconditions.checkArgument(zkTimeout > 0,
         "Invalid ZK session timeout %s", zkTimeout);
// 默认值 3
int maxRetryNum = conf.getInt(
         CommonConfigurationKeys.HA_FC_ELECTOR_ZK_OP_RETRIES_KEY,
         Common Configuration Keys. HA\_FC\_ELECTOR\_ZK\_OP\_RETRIES\_DEFAULT);
// 创建 ActiveStandbyElector
elector = new ActiveStandbyElector(
        zkQuorum, zkTimeout,
        // /hadoop-ha/mycluster
        getParentZnode(),
        zkAcls, zkAuths,
        // 回调函数
         new ElectorCallbacks(),
         maxRetryNum);
```

3.2.2.1.1 创建 ActiveStandbyElector

```
public ActiveStandbyElector(String zookeeperHostPorts,
                                    int zookeeperSessionTimeout, String parentZnodeName,
List<ACL> acl,
                                     List<ZKAuthInfo> authInfo, ActiveStandbyElectorCallback
app,
                                    int
                                             maxRetryNum)
                                                                  throws
                                                                               IOException,
HadoopIllegalArgumentException,
              KeeperException {
         // 往下追
         this(
                  zookeeperHostPorts, zookeeperSessionTimeout,
                  parentZnodeName, acl,
                  authInfo,
                  app,
                  maxRetryNum, true);
```

```
public ActiveStandbyElector(String zookeeperHostPorts,
                                     int zookeeperSessionTimeout, String parentZnodeName,
List<ACL> acl,
                                     List<ZKAuthInfo> authInfo, ActiveStandbyElectorCallback
app,
                                     int maxRetryNum, boolean failFast) throws IOException,
              HadoopIllegalArgumentException, KeeperException {
         if (app == null || acl == null || parentZnodeName == null
                  || zookeeperHostPorts == null || zookeeperSessionTimeout <= 0) {
              throw new HadoopIllegalArgumentException("Invalid argument");
         }
         zkHostPort = zookeeperHostPorts;
         zkSessionTimeout = zookeeperSessionTimeout;
         zkAcl = acl;
         zkAuthInfo = authInfo;
         // ElectorCallbacks
         appClient = app;
         // /hadoop-ha/mycluster
         znodeWorkingDir = parentZnodeName;
         ///hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveStandbyElectorLock
         zkLockFilePath = znodeWorkingDir + "/" + LOCK_FILENAME;
         ///hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveBreadCrumb
         zkBreadCrumbPath = znodeWorkingDir + "/" + BREADCRUMB_FILENAME;
         this.maxRetryNum = maxRetryNum;
         // establish the ZK Connection for future API calls
```

3.2.2.1.2 创建 ZK 连接

```
watcher.waitForZKConnectionEvent(zkSessionTimeout);

for (ZKAuthInfo auth : zkAuthInfo) {
    zk.addAuthInfo(auth.getScheme(), auth.getAuth());
}
return zk;
}
```

```
private void waitForZKConnectionEvent(int connectionTimeoutMs)
                  throws KeeperException, IOException {
             try {
                  // 等待连接 ZK 成功
                 // 对于 zkfc 的 ActiveStandbyElector 连接 ZK 成功 则回调
WatcherWithClientRef.process()
                 // 进而 hasReceivedEvent.countdown()
                  if
                                           (!has Received Event.await (connection Time out Ms,\\
TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS)) {
                      LOG.error("Connection timed out: couldn't connect to ZooKeeper in " +
                               "{} milliseconds", connectionTimeoutMs);
                      zk.close();
                      throw KeeperException.create(Code.CONNECTIONLOSS);
             } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                  Thread.currentThread().interrupt();
                  throw new IOException(
                           "Interrupted when connecting to zookeeper server", e);
```

3.2.2.1.3 ZK 回调函数 (连接 ZK 成功)

```
+ " for " + this);
}
// 如果是 ZK 连接状态发生变化情况
if (eventType == Event.EventType.None) {
    // the connection state has changed
    switch (event.getState()) {
         case SyncConnected:
              LOG.info("Session connected.");
              // if the listener was asked to move to safe state then it needs to
              // be undone
              ConnectionState prevConnectionState = zkConnectionState;
              zkConnectionState = ConnectionState.CONNECTED;
              if (prevConnectionState == ConnectionState.DISCONNECTED &&
                        wantToBeInElection) {
                   monitorActiveStatus();
              }
              break;
         case Disconnected:
              LOG.info("Session disconnected. Entering neutral mode...");
              // ask the app to move to safe state because zookeeper connection
              // is not active and we dont know our state
              zkConnectionState = ConnectionState.DISCONNECTED;
              enterNeutralMode();
              break;
         case Expired:
              // the connection got terminated because of session timeout
              // call listener to reconnect
              LOG.info("Session expired. Entering neutral mode and rejoining...");
              enterNeutralMode();
              reJoinElection(0);
              break;
         case SaslAuthenticated:
              LOG.info("Successfully authenticated to ZooKeeper using SASL.");
              break;
         default:
              fatalError("Unexpected Zookeeper watch event state: "
                        + event.getState());
              break;
    }
     return;
```

```
// a watch on lock path in zookeeper has fired. so something has changed on
         // the lock. ideally we should check that the path is the same as the lock
         // path but trusting zookeeper for now
         // 如果是监听锁路径 znode 发生变化情况
         String path = event.getPath();
         if (path != null) {
              switch (eventType) {
                   case NodeDeleted:
                       if (state == State.ACTIVE) {
                            enterNeutralMode();
                       joinElectionInternal();
                       break;
                  case NodeDataChanged:
                       monitorActiveStatus();
                       break;
                   default:
                       if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
                            LOG.debug("Unexpected node event: " + eventType + " for path: " +
path);
                       }
                       monitorActiveStatus();
              }
              return;
         }
         // some unexpected error has occurred
         fatalError("Unexpected watch error from Zookeeper");
```

3.2.2.2 初始化 ZKFCRpcServer

3.2.2.2.1 创建 ZKFCRpcServer

```
ZKFCRpcServer(Configuration conf,
                    InetSocketAddress bindAddr,
                    ZKFailoverController zkfc,
                    PolicyProvider policy) throws IOException {
         // 赋值 zkfc
         this.zkfc = zkfc;
         // 设置 zkfc 的通讯协议 ZKFCProtocol (从 ZKFCProtocolPB 接口上注解获取)
         RPC.setProtocolEngine(conf, ZKFCProtocolPB.class,
                  ProtobufRpcEngine.class);
         // ZKFCProtocolPB 协议接口实现类 this = ZKFCRpcServer
         ZKFCProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB translator =
                  new ZKFCProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService service = ZKFCProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(translator);
         // hadoop-rpc 的标配
         this.server = new RPC.Builder(conf)
                  .setProtocol(ZKFCProtocolPB.class)
                  .setInstance(service)
                  .setBindAddress(bindAddr.getHostName())
                  .setPort(bindAddr.getPort())
                  // 设置 handler 线程个数 3
                  .setNumHandlers(HANDLER_COUNT)
                  .setVerbose(false).build();
         // set service-level authorization security policy
         if (conf.getBoolean(
                  CommonConfigurationKeys.HADOOP_SECURITY_AUTHORIZATION, false)) {
             server.refreshServiceAcl(conf, policy);
         }
```

3.2.2.3 初始化 HealthMonitor 并启动

```
private void initHM() {
    // 创建    HealthMonitor (底层创建    MonitorDaemon 线程)
    healthMonitor = new HealthMonitor(conf, localTarget);
    // HealthMonitor 添加健康检查回调    HealthCallbacks
    healthMonitor.addCallback(
```

3.2.2.3.1 启动 MonitorDaemon 线程

```
@Override

public void run() {

while (shouldRun) {

try {

// 连接 NameNode 直到成功 否则重试

loopUntilConnected();

// 获取 NameNode 的健康状态

doHealthChecks();

} catch (InterruptedException ie) {

Preconditions.checkState(!shouldRun,

"Interrupted but still supposed to run");

}

}

}
```

3.2.2.3.2 连接 NameNode 服务直到成功

```
private void loopUntilConnected() throws InterruptedException {
    // zkfc 连接 NameNode
    tryConnect();
    // 如果连接不上 NameNode 每隔 1000ms 重试
    while (proxy == null) {
        Thread.sleep(connectRetryInterval);
        tryConnect();
    }
    assert proxy != null;
}
```

```
private void tryConnect() {
```

```
*Connect to the service to be monitored. Stubbed out for easier testing.

*/
protected HAServiceProtocol createProxy() throws IOException {
    // 返回 HAServiceProtocolClientSideTranslatorPB
    return targetToMonitor.getHealthMonitorProxy(conf, rpcTimeout);
}
```

3.2.2.3.2.1 创建 HAServiceProtocolClientSideTranslatorPB

3.2.2.3.3 获取 NameNode 的健康状态 (异常,没有连接 NameNode 成功)

```
有与 NameNode 连接成功
                      // 因此抛出连接异常
                      LOG.warn("Transport-level exception trying to monitor health of {}",
                               targetToMonitor, t);
                      // 停止代理
                      RPC.stopProxy(proxy);
                      proxy = null;
                      // ZKFC 的 HealthMonitor 进入 SERVICE_NOT_RESPONDING
                      enterState(State.SERVICE_NOT_RESPONDING);
                      Thread.sleep(sleepAfterDisconnectMillis);
                      return;
                 }
             }
             if (status != null) {
                 setLastServiceStatus(status);
             }
             if (healthy) {
                 enterState(State.SERVICE_HEALTHY);
             }
             Thread.sleep(checkIntervalMillis);
        }
```

3.2.2.4 启动 ZKFCRpcServer

```
protected void startRPC() throws IOException {
    // hadoop-rpc 启动标配操作
    rpcServer.start();
}
```

3.2.3 等待 NameNode 启动进行通讯

备注: MonitorDaemon 线程一直重试连接 NameNode 直到连接成功核心代码如下:

```
@Override

public void run() {

while (shouldRun) {

try {
```

3.2.3.1 检查 NameNode 健康状态

```
private void doHealthChecks() throws InterruptedException {
        while (shouldRun) {
            HAServiceStatus status = null;
            boolean healthy = false;
            try {
                // 获取 NameNode 服务状态 (发送 Rpc Request NameNode NameNode
启动之后默认状态为 Standby)
                status = proxy.getServiceStatus();
                // 监控 NameNode 健康状态 (发送 Rpc Request NameNode)
                proxy.monitorHealth();
                // 如果上述两个 Rpc Request 请求成功 表示 ZKFC 正常与 NameNode
通讯
                healthy = true;
            } catch (Throwable t) {
                if (isHealthCheckFailedException(t)) {
                    LOG.warn("Service health check failed for {}", targetToMonitor, t);
                    enterState(State.SERVICE_UNHEALTHY);
                } else {
                    // 在没有 NameNode 启动成功之前 ZKFC 的 HealthMonitor 还没
有与 NameNode 连接成功
                    // 因此抛出连接异常
                    LOG.warn("Transport-level exception trying to monitor health of {}",
                             targetToMonitor, t);
                    // 停止代理
                    RPC.stopProxy(proxy);
                    proxy = null;
                    // ZKFC 的 HealthMonitor 进入 SERVICE_NOT_RESPONDING
                    enterState(State.SERVICE NOT RESPONDING);
```

```
Thread.sleep(sleepAfterDisconnectMillis);
return;
}

if (status != null) {
    // 更新 ZKFC 获取 NameNode 服务状态 (NameNode 正常启动之后 默认状态为 standby)
    setLastServiceStatus(status);
}

if (healthy) {
    // 表示 ZKFC 正常与 NameNode 通讯 ZKFC 进行 SERVICE_HEALTHY enterState(State.SERVICE_HEALTHY);
}

Thread.sleep(checkIntervalMillis);
}
```

3.2.3.2 ZKFC 进入 SERVICE_HEALTHY 状态 回调 HealthCallbacks.enteredState()

```
* Callbacks from HealthMonitor

*/
class HealthCallbacks implements HealthMonitor.Callback {
    @Override
    public void enteredState(HealthMonitor.State newState) {
        // 更新状态 (lastHealthState = State.SERVICE_HEALTHY)
        setLastHealthState(newState);
        // 检查状态
        recheckElectability();
    }
}
```

3.2.3.3 ZKFC 将监控的 NameNode 加入 HA 选举

```
/**
      * Check the current state of the service, and join the election
     * if it should be in the election.
    private void recheckElectability() {
         // Maintain lock ordering of elector -> ZKFC
         synchronized (elector) {
              synchronized (this) {
                   boolean healthy = lastHealthState == State.SERVICE_HEALTHY;
                  long remainingDelay = delayJoiningUntilNanotime - System.nanoTime();
                  if (remainingDelay > 0) {
                       if (healthy) {
                            LOG.info("Would have joined master election, but this node is " +
                                     "prohibited from doing so for " +
                                     TimeUnit.NANOSECONDS.toMillis(remainingDelay) + "
more ms");
                       scheduleRecheck(remainingDelay);
                       return;
                  }
                  switch (lastHealthState) {
                       case SERVICE_HEALTHY:
                            //ZKFC 正常与 NameNode 通讯 将该 NameNode 加入 HA 选
举
                            elector.joinElection(
                                     // 构建 NameNode HA 选举 znode 锁节点数据 (byte
数据)
                                     targetToData(localTarget)
                            );
                            if (quitElectionOnBadState) {
                                 quitElectionOnBadState = false;
                            break;
                       case INITIALIZING:
                            LOG.info("Ensuring that " + localTarget + " does not " +
                                     "participate in active master election");
```

```
elector.quitElection(false);
                   serviceState = HAServiceState.INITIALIZING;
                   break;
              case SERVICE_UNHEALTHY:
              case SERVICE_NOT_RESPONDING:
                   LOG.info("Quitting master election for " + localTarget +
                            " and marking that fencing is necessary");
                  // NameNode 退出选举
                   elector.quitElection(true);
                  // 服务状态更新为 INITIALIZING
                  serviceState = HAServiceState.INITIALIZING;
                   break;
              case HEALTH_MONITOR_FAILED:
                   fatalError("Health monitor failed!");
                   break;
              default:
                   throw new IllegalArgumentException("Unhandled state:"
                            + lastHealthState);
    }
}
```

```
***

* To participate in election, the app will call joinElection. The result will

* be notified by a callback on either the becomeActive or becomeStandby app

* interfaces. <br/>
* After this the elector will automatically monitor the leader status and

* perform re-election if necessary<br/>
* The app could potentially start off in standby mode and ignore the

* becomeStandby call.

*

* @param data to be set by the app. non-null data must be set.

* @throws HadoopIllegalArgumentException if valid data is not supplied

*/

public synchronized void joinElection(byte[] data)

throws HadoopIllegalArgumentException {

if (data == null) {

throw new HadoopIllegalArgumentException("data cannot be null");

}
```

```
if (wantToBeInElection) {
    LOG.info("Already in election. Not re-connecting.");
    return;
}

// NameNode HA znode 锁节点数据
appData = new byte[data.length];
System.arraycopy(data, 0, appData, 0, data.length);

if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
    LOG.debug("Attempting active election for " + this);
}

// 将 ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 加入 HA 选举
joinElectionInternal();
}
```

```
private void createLockNodeAsync() {
                                  创
                                                             临
                                                                   时
               往
                          ZK
                                       建
                                                  znode
                                                                         锁
                                                                               节
                                                                                      点
(/hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveStandbyElectorLock)
               无
                      论
                            是
                                   否
                                         创
                                                建
                                                      成
                                                             功
                                                                        将
                                                                                      调
        //
                                                                               口
ActiveStandbyElector.processResult(int,string,object,string)
        zkClient.create(zkLockFilePath, appData, zkAcl, CreateMode.EPHEMERAL,
                 this, zkClient);
```

3.2.3.4 ZKFC 创建 HA znode 锁临时节点回调函数

回调 ActiveStandbyElector.processResult(int,string,object,string) 方法

```
/**
     * interface implementation of Zookeeper callback for create
     */
    @Override
    public synchronized void processResult(int rc, String path, Object ctx,
                                               String name) {
        if (isStaleClient(ctx)) return;
        if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
             LOG.debug("CreateNode result: " + rc + " for path: " + path
                      + " connectionState: " + zkConnectionState +
                      " for " + this);
        }
        Code code = Code.get(rc);
        // ZKFC 的 zk client 创建 NameNode HA znode 临时锁节点成功
        // 说明 ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 成为 active
        if (isSuccess(code)) {
             // we successfully created the znode. we are the leader. start monitoring
             // ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 成为 active
             if (becomeActive()) {
                 // 进行监控 HA znode 锁临时节点 (底层还是创建 znode 锁临时节点)
                 monitorActiveStatus();
                 // 如果 NameNode 状态转为 active 状态失败 重新加入 HA znode 选
举
                 reJoinElectionAfterFailureToBecomeActive();
             }
             return;
        }
        // 如果 HA znode 锁临时节点已经存在
        if (isNodeExists(code)) {
             if (createRetryCount == 0) {
                 // znode exists and we did not retry the operation. so a different
                 // instance has created it. become standby and monitor lock.
                 // ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 成为 standby
                 becomeStandby();
             }
             // if we had retried then the znode could have been created by our first
             // attempt to the server (that we lost) and this node exists response is
```

```
// for the second attempt. verify this case via ephemeral node owner. this
             // will happen on the callback for monitoring the lock.
             // 进行监控 HA znode 锁临时节点 (底层还是创建 znode 锁临时节点)
             monitorActiveStatus();
             return;
        }
        String errorMessage = "Received create error from Zookeeper. code:"
                 + code.toString() + " for path " + path;
        LOG.debug(errorMessage);
        // HA znode 节点既不是 ZkFC 创建 也不存在 可能出现 ZK 连接失败或者 ZK
Session 超时需要重试
        // 创建 HA znode 锁临时节点 (默认重试三次)
        if (shouldRetry(code)) {
             if (createRetryCount < maxRetryNum) {
                 LOG.debug("Retrying createNode createRetryCount: " + createRetryCount);
                 ++createRetryCount;
                 createLockNodeAsync();
                 return;
             errorMessage = errorMessage
                      + ". Not retrying further znode create connection errors.";
        } else if (isSessionExpired(code)) {
             // This isn't fatal - the client Watcher will re-join the election
             LOG.warn("Lock acquisition failed because session was lost");
             return;
        }
        fatalError(errorMessage);
```

3.2.3.4.1 ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 成为 active

```
private boolean becomeActive() {
    assert wantToBeInElection;
    if (state == State.ACTIVE) {
        // already active
        // 如果 NameNode 已经是 active 状态直接返回
        return true;
    }
    try {
        // fence 机制 判断 znode(/hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveBreadCrumb) 是否存在
数据
```

```
Stat oldBreadcrumbStat = fenceOldActive();

// 创建或者更新 znode(/hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveBreadCrumb)
writeBreadCrumbNode(oldBreadcrumbStat);

LOG.debug("Becoming active for {}", this);

// ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 成为 active
appClient.becomeActive();
// ZKFC 状态变为 ACTIVE
state = State.ACTIVE;
return true;
} catch (Exception e) {
LOG.warn("Exception handling the winning of election", e);
// Caller will handle quitting and rejoining the election.
return false;
}
}
```

3.2.3.4.1.1 fence 机制

```
* If there is a breadcrumb node indicating that another node may need
 * fencing, try to fence that node.
 * @return the Stat of the breadcrumb node that was read, or null
 * if no breadcrumb node existed
 */
private Stat fenceOldActive() throws InterruptedException, KeeperException {
    final Stat stat = new Stat();
    byte[] data;
    LOG.info("Checking for any old active which needs to be fenced...");
    try {
         data = zkDoWithRetries(new ZKAction<byte[]>() {
              @Override
              public byte[] run() throws KeeperException, InterruptedException {
                   // 获取 znode(/hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveBreadCrumb) 节点数据
                   return zkClient.getData(zkBreadCrumbPath, false, stat);
              }
         });
    } catch (KeeperException ke) {
         if (isNodeDoesNotExist(ke.code())) {
              LOG.info("No old node to fence");
              return null;
```

```
// If we failed to read for any other reason, then likely we lost
             // our session, or we don't have permissions, etc. In any case,
             // we probably shouldn't become active, and failing the whole
             // thing is the best bet.
             throw ke;
        }
        LOG.info("Old node exists: {}", StringUtils.byteToHexString(data));
        if (Arrays.equals(data, appData)) {
             LOG.info("But old node has our own data, so don't need to fence it.");
        } else {
             // 底层将根据 data 数据解析哪个 NameNode 处于 active 需要将该
             // NameNode 由 active 转为 standby (根据 data 数据区获取 NameNode 的
host + port
             // 然后通过创建一个 Rpc Client 发送一个 Rpc Request 给该 NameNode
             // 最终调用 NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToStandby())
             appClient.fenceOldActive(data);
        }
        return stat;
```

```
/**
     * Write the "ActiveBreadCrumb" node, indicating that this node may need
     * to be fenced on failover.
     * @param oldBreadcrumbStat
     */
    private void writeBreadCrumbNode(Stat oldBreadcrumbStat)
             throws KeeperException, InterruptedException {
         Preconditions.checkState(appData != null, "no appdata");
         LOG.info("Writing znode {} to indicate that the local " +
                  "node is the most recent active...", zkBreadCrumbPath);
         if (oldBreadcrumbStat == null) {
             // No previous active, just create the node
                   如果之前没有
                                                                                 包山
             //
                                                      NameNode
                                                                    active
                                                                              则
                                                                                        建
znode(/hadoop-ha/mycluster/ActiveBreadCrumb)
             createWithRetries(zkBreadCrumbPath, appData, zkAcl,
                      CreateMode.PERSISTENT);
         } else {
             // There was a previous active, update the node
             setDataWithRetries(zkBreadCrumbPath,
                                                                                  appData,
oldBreadcrumbStat.getVersion());
```

```
}
}
```

3.2.3.4.1.2 创建 RpcClient 发送 Rpc Request 到 NameNode 让其成为 active

org.apache.hadoop.ha.ZKFailoverController.ElectorCallbacks.becomeActive()

```
@Override
    public void becomeActive() throws ServiceFailedException {
        ZKFailoverController.this.becomeActive();
}
```

```
private synchronized void becomeActive() throws ServiceFailedException {
         LOG.info("Trying to make " + localTarget + " active...");
         try {
              // 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToActive()
              HAServiceProtocolHelper.transitionToActive(
                       // 获取 NameNode 的代理客户端 (通讯协议为 HAServiceProtocol)
                       localTarget.getProxy(conf,
FailoverController.getRpcTimeoutToNewActive(conf)),
                       // 创建 Rpc Request 请求参数 StateChangeRequestInfo
                       createReqInfo());
              String msg = "Successfully transitioned " + localTarget +
                       " to active state";
              LOG.info(msg);
              serviceState = HAServiceState.ACTIVE;
              recordActiveAttempt(new ActiveAttemptRecord(true, msg));
         } catch (Throwable t) {
              String msg = "Couldn't make " + localTarget + " active";
              LOG.error(msg, t);
              recordActiveAttempt(new ActiveAttemptRecord(false, msg + "\n" +
                       StringUtils.stringifyException(t)));
              if (t instanceof ServiceFailedException) {
                   throw (ServiceFailedException) t;
              } else {
                   throw new ServiceFailedException("Couldn't transition to active",
                            t);
               * TODO:
```

```
* we need to make sure that if we get fenced and then quickly restarted,

* none of these calls will retry across the restart boundary

* perhaps the solution is that, whenever the nn starts, it gets a unique

* ID, and when we start becoming active, we record it, and then any future

* calls use the same ID

*/

}
```

3.2.3.4.1.3 最终调用 NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToActive()

3.2.3.4.2 ZKFC 监控的 NameNode 成为 standby

```
private void becomeStandby() {
    if (state != State.STANDBY) {
        LOG.debug("Becoming standby for {}", this);
        // ZKFC 监控 NameNode 的状态修改为 STANDBY
        state = State.STANDBY;
        // 往下追
        appClient.becomeStandby();
    }
}
```

org.apache.hadoop.ha.ZKFailoverController.ElectorCallbacks

```
@Override
    public void becomeStandby() {
        ZKFailoverController.this.becomeStandby();
    }
```

3.2.3.4.2.1 创建 RpcClient 发送 Rpc Request 到 NameNode 让其成为 standby

```
private synchronized void becomeStandby() {

LOG.info("ZK Election indicated that " + localTarget +

" should become standby");
```

```
try {
    // 默认 5000ms
    int timeout = FailoverController.getGracefulFenceTimeout(conf);
    // 获取 NameNode 的代理客户端 (通讯协议为 HAServiceProtocol)
    localTarget.getProxy(conf, timeout)
             // 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToStandby()
             .transitionToStandby(
                       // 创建 Rpc Request 请求参数 StateChangeRequestInfo
                      createRegInfo()
    LOG.info("Successfully transitioned " + localTarget +
             " to standby state");
} catch (Exception e) {
    LOG.error("Couldn't transition " + localTarget + " to standby state",
    // TODO handle this. It's a likely case since we probably got fenced
    // at the same time.
}
// 状态修改
serviceState = HAServiceState.STANDBY;
```

3.2.3.4.2.2 最终调用 NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToStandby

3.3 NameNode 启动源码分析

主入口类: org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.namenode.NameNode

```
public static void main(String argv[]) throws Exception {
    if (DFSUtil.parseHelpArgument(argv, NameNode.USAGE, System.out, true)) {
        System.exit(0);
    }
    try {
```

```
StringUtils.startupShutdownMessage(NameNode.class, argv, LOG);
             // 创建并启动 NameNode
             NameNode namenode = createNameNode(argv, null);
             if (namenode != null) {
                 //
                          NameNode
                                            的
                                                           NameNodeRpcServer
                                                                                      的
clientRpcServer/serviceRpcServer 阻塞
                 namenode.join();
             }
        } catch (Throwable e) {
             LOG.error("Failed to start namenode.", e);
             terminate(1, e);
        }
```

```
public static NameNode createNameNode(String argv[], Configuration conf)
             throws IOException {
        LOG.info("createNameNode " + Arrays.asList(argv));
        if (conf == null)
             // 创建配置 HdfsConfiguration 对象 (四大文件路径的添加)
             conf = new HdfsConfiguration();
        // Parse out some generic args into Configuration.
        // 解析 NameNode 启动入参
        GenericOptionsParser hParser = new GenericOptionsParser(conf, argv);
        argv = hParser.getRemainingArgs();
        // Parse the rest, NN specific args.
        // 根据启动入参判断启动模式 一般情况下返回 regular (常规的)
        StartupOption startOpt = parseArguments(argv);
        if (startOpt == null) {
             printUsage(System.err);
             return null;
        }
        // 往配置设置启动模式
        setStartupOption(conf, startOpt);
        boolean aborted = false;
        switch (startOpt) {
             case FORMAT:
                 aborted = format(conf, startOpt.getForceFormat(),
                           startOpt.getInteractiveFormat());
                 terminate(aborted ? 1:0);
                 return null; // avoid javac warning
```

```
case GENCLUSTERID:
         System.err.println("Generating new cluster id:");
         System.out.println(NNStorage.newClusterID());
         terminate(0);
         return null;
     case ROLLBACK:
         aborted = doRollback(conf, true);
         terminate(aborted ? 1:0);
         return null; // avoid warning
     case BOOTSTRAPSTANDBY:
         String[] toolArgs = Arrays.copyOfRange(argv, 1, argv.length);
         int rc = BootstrapStandby.run(toolArgs, conf);
         terminate(rc);
         return null; // avoid warning
     case INITIALIZESHAREDEDITS:
         aborted = initializeSharedEdits(conf,
                   startOpt.getForceFormat(),
                   startOpt.getInteractiveFormat());
         terminate(aborted ? 1:0);
         return null; // avoid warning
     case BACKUP:
     case CHECKPOINT:
         NamenodeRole role = startOpt.toNodeRole();
         DefaultMetricsSystem.initialize(role.toString().replace(" ", ""));
         return new BackupNode(conf, role);
     case RECOVER:
         NameNode.doRecovery(startOpt, conf);
         return null;
     case METADATAVERSION:
         printMetadataVersion(conf);
         terminate(0);
         return null; // avoid javac warning
     case UPGRADEONLY:
         DefaultMetricsSystem.initialize("NameNode");
         new NameNode(conf);
         terminate(0);
         return null;
     default:
         DefaultMetricsSystem.initialize("NameNode");
         // 创建 NameNode
         return new NameNode(conf);
}
```

3.3.1 创建 NameNode

```
public NameNode(Configuration conf) throws IOException {
    // 往下追
    this(conf, NamenodeRole.NAMENODE);
}
```

```
protected NameNode(Configuration conf, NamenodeRole role)
            throws IOException {
        // 往下追 (设置 conf 属性)
        super(conf);
        this.tracer = new Tracer.Builder("NameNode").
                conf(TraceUtils.wrapHadoopConf(NAMENODE_HTRACE_PREFIX, conf)).
                build();
        this.tracerConfigurationManager =
                new TracerConfigurationManager(NAMENODE HTRACE PREFIX, conf);
        // 设置角色 默认值 NAMENODE
        this.role = role;
        // 从配置文件 (加载四大配置文件) 获取 NameNode HA 集群 ID 比如 mycluster
        String nsId = getNameServiceId(conf);
        // 获取配置集群当前节点的 NameNode ID 比如 nn1、nn2
        String namenodeId = HAUtil.getNameNodeId(conf, nsId);
        // mycluster
        clientNamenodeAddress = NameNodeUtils.getClientNamenodeAddress(
                conf, nsId);
        if (clientNamenodeAddress != null) {
            LOG.info("Clients should use {} to access"
                     + " this namenode/service.", clientNamenodeAddress);
        }
        // 判断是否启动 HA 模式
        this.haEnabled = HAUtil.isHAEnabled(conf, nsId);
        // NameNode 启动默认状态为 STANDBY
        state = createHAState(
                // NameNode 启动模式一般为 StartupOption.REGULAR
                getStartupOption(conf)
        );
        this.allowStaleStandbyReads = HAUtil.shouldAllowStandbyReads(conf);
```

```
// 创建 NameNodeHAContext
this.haContext = createHAContext();
try {
    // 往配置对象添加 HAID
    // 比如 key = dfs.nameservice.id value = mycluster
    initializeGenericKeys(conf, nsId, namenodeId);
    // 初始化 NameNode
    initialize(getConf());
    try {
         haContext.writeLock();
         state.prepareToEnterState(haContext);
         // NameNode 进入 Standby 状态
         state.enterState(haContext);
    } finally {
         haContext.writeUnlock();
    }
} catch (IOException e) {
    this.stopAtException(e);
    throw e;
} catch (HadoopIllegalArgumentException e) {
    this.stopAtException(e);
    throw e;
this.started.set(true);
```

3.3.2 创建 NameNodeHAContext

```
protected HAContext createHAContext() {
    return new NameNodeHAContext();
}
```

3.3.3 配置对象添加/更新指定 KV

```
/**

* In federation configuration is set for a set of

* namenode and secondary namenode/backup/checkpointer, which are

* grouped under a logical nameservice ID. The configuration keys specific
```

```
* to them have suffix set to configured nameserviceld.
      * 
      * This method copies the value from specific key of format key.nameserviceId
      * to key, to set up the generic configuration. Once this is done, only
      * generic version of the configuration is read in rest of the code, for
      * backward compatibility and simpler code changes.
      * @param conf
                                Configuration object to lookup specific key and to set the value
                                to the key passed. Note the conf object is modified
      * @param nameserviceId name service Id (to distinguish federated NNs)
      * @param namenodeld
                                the namenode ID (to distinguish HA NNs)
      * @see DFSUtil#setGenericConf(Configuration, String, String, String...)
     public static void initializeGenericKeys(Configuration conf,
                                                    String nameserviceld, String namenodeld)
{
         if ((nameserviceId != null && !nameserviceId.isEmpty()) ||
                  (namenodeId != null && !namenodeId.isEmpty())) {
              if (nameserviceId != null) {
                  // 往配置添加 key = dfs.nameservice.id value = mycluster
                  conf.set(DFS_NAMESERVICE_ID, nameserviceId);
              if (namenodeId != null) {
                  // 往配置添加 key= dfs.ha.namenode.id value = nn1 (或者 nn2)
                  conf.set(DFS HA NAMENODE ID KEY, namenodeld);
              }
                                   各
                                          种
                                                               拼
                                                                      接
              //
                     添
                            加
${NAMENODE_SPECIFIC_KEYS.nameserviceId.namenodeId}
              // 比如 key = dfs.namenode.rpc-address = hj101:8020
              DFSUtil.setGenericConf(conf, nameserviceId, namenodeId,
                       NAMENODE SPECIFIC KEYS);
              // 同上
              DFSUtil.setGenericConf(conf, nameserviceId, null,
                       NAMESERVICE SPECIFIC KEYS);
         }
         // If the RPC address is set use it to (re-)configure the default FS
         // 覆盖 fs.defaultFS = hdfs://mycluster 为 fs.defaultFS = hdfs://hj101:8020
         if (conf.get(DFS_NAMENODE_RPC_ADDRESS_KEY) != null) {
              URI defaultUri = URI.create(HdfsConstants.HDFS_URI_SCHEME + "://"
                       + conf.get(DFS_NAMENODE_RPC_ADDRESS_KEY));
              conf.set(FS_DEFAULT_NAME_KEY, defaultUri.toString());
              if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
```

```
LOG.debug("Setting " + FS_DEFAULT_NAME_KEY + " to " + defaultUri.toString());
}
}
}
```

3.3.4 初始化 NameNode

```
/**
     * Initialize name-node.
     * @param conf the configuration
    protected void initialize(Configuration conf) throws IOException {
         if (conf.get(HADOOP_USER_GROUP_METRICS_PERCENTILES_INTERVALS) == null) {
             String intervals = conf.get(DFS_METRICS_PERCENTILES_INTERVALS_KEY);
             if (intervals != null) {
                  conf.set(HADOOP_USER_GROUP_METRICS_PERCENTILES_INTERVALS,
                           intervals);
             }
        }
         UserGroupInformation.setConfiguration(conf);
         loginAsNameNodeUser(conf);
         NameNode.initMetrics(conf, this.getRole());
         StartupProgressMetrics.register(startupProgress);
         //JVM 监控
         pauseMonitor = new JvmPauseMonitor();
         pauseMonitor.init(conf);
         pauseMonitor.start();
         metrics.getJvmMetrics().setPauseMonitor(pauseMonitor);
         if (NamenodeRole.NAMENODE == role) {
             // 启动 HttpServer
             startHttpServer(conf);
        }
         // 创建 FSNamesystem 并加载元数据
         loadNamesystem(conf);
```

```
startAliasMapServerIfNecessary(conf);
// 创建 NameNodeRpcServer
rpcServer = createRpcServer(conf);
initReconfigurableBackoffKey();
if (clientNamenodeAddress == null) {
    // This is expected for MiniDFSCluster. Set it now using
    // the RPC server's bind address.
    clientNamenodeAddress =
             NetUtils.getHostPortString(getNameNodeAddress());
    LOG.info("Clients are to use " + clientNamenodeAddress + " to access"
             + " this namenode/service.");
}
// HttpServer2 设置 NameNodeRpcServer 的 clientRpcAddress 地址 (hj101:8020)
// HttpServer2 设置 FsNamesystem 的 FSImage
if (NamenodeRole.NAMENODE == role) {
    httpServer.setNameNodeAddress(getNameNodeAddress());
    httpServer.setFSImage(getFSImage());
// 启动公共组件
startCommonServices(conf);
startMetricsLogger(conf);
```

3.3.4.1 启动 HttpServer

3.3.4.1.1 创建 NameNodeHttpServer

3.3.4.1.2 启动 NameNodeHttpServer

```
/**
      * @see DFSUtil#getHttpPolicy(org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration)
      * for information related to the different configuration options and
     * Http Policy is decided.
      */
    void start() throws IOException {
         HttpConfig.Policy policy = DFSUtil.getHttpPolicy(conf);
         // 0.0.0.0
         final String infoHost = bindAddress.getHostName();
         final InetSocketAddress httpAddr = bindAddress;
         // 0.0.0.0:9871
         final String httpsAddrString = conf.getTrimmed(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_DEFAULT);
         InetSocketAddress httpsAddr = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(httpsAddrString);
         if (httpsAddr != null) {
              // If DFS_NAMENODE_HTTPS_BIND_HOST_KEY exists then it overrides the
              // host name portion of DFS NAMENODE HTTPS ADDRESS KEY.
              final String bindHost =
conf.getTrimmed(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_HTTPS_BIND_HOST_KEY);
              if (bindHost != null && !bindHost.isEmpty()) {
                  httpsAddr = new InetSocketAddress(bindHost, httpsAddr.getPort());
             }
         }
         // 构建 HttpServer2
         HttpServer2.Builder builder = DFSUtil.httpServerTemplateForNNAndJN(conf,
                  httpAddr, httpsAddr, "hdfs",
```

```
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_KERBEROS_INTERNAL_SPNEGO_PRINCIPAL_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_KEYTAB_FILE_KEY);
        final boolean xFrameEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS XFRAME OPTION ENABLED,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
        final String xFrameOptionValue = conf.getTrimmed(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_VALUE,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_VALUE_DEFAULT);
        builder.configureXFrame(xFrameEnabled).setXFrameOption(xFrameOptionValue);
        httpServer = builder.build();
        if (policy.isHttpsEnabled()) {
             // assume same ssl port for all datanodes
             InetSocketAddress
                                                   datanodeSslPort
NetUtils.createSocketAddr(conf.getTrimmed(
                      DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_KEY, infoHost + ":"
                               + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_HTTPS_DEFAULT_PORT));
             httpServer.setAttribute(DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE HTTPS PORT KEY,
                      datanodeSslPort.getPort());
        }
        // 初始化 NameNode Web (HttpServer2 也即访问: IP:9870)
        initWebHdfs(conf, bindAddress.getHostName(), httpServer,
                  NamenodeWebHdfsMethods.class.getPackage().getName());
        httpServer.setAttribute(NAMENODE_ATTRIBUTE_KEY, nn);
        httpServer.setAttribute(JspHelper.CURRENT_CONF, conf);
        // HttpServer2 绑定 Servlets (核心三个 Servlet)
        setupServlets(httpServer, conf);
        // 启动 HttpServer2
        httpServer.start();
        int connldx = 0;
        if (policy.isHttpEnabled()) {
             httpAddress = httpServer.getConnectorAddress(connIdx++);
             conf.set(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_HTTP_ADDRESS_KEY,
                      NetUtils.getHostPortString(httpAddress));
        }
        if (policy.isHttpsEnabled()) {
             httpsAddress = httpServer.getConnectorAddress(connldx);
             conf.set(DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE HTTPS ADDRESS KEY,
```

```
NetUtils.getHostPortString(httpsAddress));
}
```

3.3.4.1.2.1 构建 HttpServer2

```
/**
      * Return a HttpServer.Builder that the journalnode / namenode / secondary
      * namenode can use to initialize their HTTP / HTTPS server.
      */
     public static HttpServer2.Builder httpServerTemplateForNNAndJN(
              Configuration conf, final InetSocketAddress httpAddr,
              final InetSocketAddress httpsAddr, String name, String spnegoUserNameKey,
              String spnegoKeytabFileKey) throws IOException {
         HttpConfig.Policy policy = getHttpPolicy(conf);
         // 构建 HttpServer2
         HttpServer2.Builder builder = new HttpServer2.Builder().setName(name)
                   .setConf(conf).setACL(new AccessControlList(conf.get(DFS ADMIN, " ")))
                   .setSecurityEnabled(UserGroupInformation.isSecurityEnabled())
                   .setUsernameConfKey(spnegoUserNameKey)
                   .setKeytabConfKey(getSpnegoKeytabKey(conf, spnegoKeytabFileKey));
         // initialize the webserver for uploading/downloading files.
         if (UserGroupInformation.isSecurityEnabled()) {
              LOG.info("Starting web server as: "
                        + SecurityUtil.getServerPrincipal(conf.get(spnegoUserNameKey),
                        httpAddr.getHostName()));
         }
         if (policy.isHttpEnabled()) {
              if (httpAddr.getPort() == 0) {
                   builder.setFindPort(true);
              }
              // 0.0.0.0:9870
              URI uri = URI.create("http://" + NetUtils.getHostPortString(httpAddr));
              builder.addEndpoint(uri);
              LOG.info("Starting Web-server for " + name + " at: " + uri);
         }
         if (policy.isHttpsEnabled() && httpsAddr != null) {
              Configuration sslConf = loadSslConfiguration(conf);
              loadSslConfToHttpServerBuilder(builder, sslConf);
```

```
if (httpsAddr.getPort() == 0) {
            builder.setFindPort(true);
      }

      // 0.0.0.0:9871

      URI uri = URI.create("https://" + NetUtils.getHostPortString(httpsAddr));
      builder.addEndpoint(uri);

      LOG.info("Starting Web-server for " + name + " at: " + uri);
    }
    return builder;
}
```

3.3.4.1.2.2 HttpServer2 绑定 Servlets

3.3.4.1.2.3 启动 HttpServer2

```
/**
 * Start the server. Does not wait for the server to start.
 */
public void start() throws IOException {
    try {
        openListeners();
        webServer.start();
    } catch (IOException ex) {
        LOG.info("HttpServer.start() threw a non Bind IOException", ex);
        throw ex;
    } catch (MultiException ex) {
        LOG.info("HttpServer.start() threw a MultiException", ex);
        throw ex;
    }
}
```

```
// Make sure there is no handler failures.
  Handler[] hs = webServer.getHandlers();
  for (Handler handler: hs) {
     if (handler.isFailed()) {
       throw new IOException(
            "Problem in starting http server. Server handlers failed");
    }
  }
  // Make sure there are no errors initializing the context.
  Throwable unavailableException = webAppContext.getUnavailableException();
  if (unavailableException != null) {
     // Have to stop the webserver, or else its non-daemon threads
     // will hang forever.
     webServer.stop();
     throw new IOException("Unable to initialize WebAppContext",
          unavailableException);
} catch (IOException e) {
  throw e;
} catch (InterruptedException e) {
  throw (IOException) new InterruptedIOException(
       "Interrupted while starting HTTP server").initCause(e);
} catch (Exception e) {
  throw new IOException("Problem starting http server", e);
}
```

3.3.4.2 创建 FSNamesystem 并加载元数据

```
protected void loadNamesystem(Configuration conf) throws IOException {
    // 从磁盘加载元数据 封装成 FsNamesystem
    this.namesystem = FSNamesystem.loadFromDisk(conf);
}
```

```
/**

* Instantiates an FSNamesystem loaded from the image and edits

* directories specified in the passed Configuration.

*

* @param conf the Configuration which specifies the storage directories

* from which to load

* @return an FSNamesystem which contains the loaded namespace

* @throws IOException if loading fails
```

```
*/
    static FSNamesystem loadFromDisk(Configuration conf) throws IOException {
        // 检查元数据配置路径
        checkConfiguration(conf);
        // 创建 FSImage
        FSImage fsImage = new FSImage(conf,
                 // 从配置获取 key = dfs.namenode.name.dir
                 // 一般在 hdfs-site.xml 配置 比如 /opt/app/hadoop-3.1.3/data/name
                 // file:///opt/app/hadoop-3.1.3/data
                 FSNamesystem.getNamespaceDirs(conf),
                 // 从配置中获取 key = dfs.namenode.shared.edits.dir
                    一般
                                  在
                                             hdfs-site.xml
                                                                              比
qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
                 // 还 有 默 认 的
                                             key = dfs.namenode.edits.dir value =
file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
                 FSNamesystem.getNamespaceEditsDirs(conf));
        // 创建 FSNamesystem
        FSNamesystem namesystem = new FSNamesystem(conf, fsImage, false);
        // StartupOption.REGULAR
        StartupOption startOpt = NameNode.getStartupOption(conf);
        if (startOpt == StartupOption.RECOVER) {
             namesystem.setSafeMode(SafeModeAction.SAFEMODE ENTER);
        }
        long loadStart = monotonicNow();
        try {
             // 从磁盘加载元数据
             namesystem.loadFSImage(startOpt);
        } catch (IOException ioe) {
             LOG.warn("Encountered exception loading fsimage", ioe);
             fsImage.close();
             throw ioe;
        }
        long timeTakenToLoadFSImage = monotonicNow() - loadStart;
        LOG.info("Finished loading FSImage in " + timeTakenToLoadFSImage + " msecs");
        NameNodeMetrics nnMetrics = NameNode.getNameNodeMetrics();
        if (nnMetrics != null) {
             nnMetrics.setFsImageLoadTime((int) timeTakenToLoadFSImage);
        }
        // HdfsFileStatus
        namesystem.getFSDirectory().createReservedStatuses(namesystem.getCTime());\\
```

```
return namesystem;
}
```

3.3.4.2.1 检查元数据配置路径

```
/**
     * Check the supplied configuration for correctness.
     * @param conf Supplies the configuration to validate.
     * @throws IOException
                                            if the configuration could not be queried.
     * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the configuration is invalid.
    private static void checkConfiguration(Configuration conf)
              throws IOException {
         // 从配置中获取 key=dfs.namenode.name.dir 对应的 value
         // 一般在 hdfs-site.xml 文件配置
         final Collection<URI> namespaceDirs =
                  FSNamesystem.getNamespaceDirs(conf);
         //1 从配置中获取 key = dfs.namenode.shared.edits.dir
              1.1
                             般
                                   在
                                               hdfs-site.xml
                                                                配
                                                                       置.
                                                                                  比
                                                                                         如
qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
         // 2 默认返回 key = dfs.namenode.edits.dir value = file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
         final Collection<URI> editsDirs =
                  FSNamesystem.getNamespaceEditsDirs(conf);
         // 1 file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
         // 2 qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
         final Collection<URI> requiredEditsDirs =
                  FSNamesystem.getRequiredNamespaceEditsDirs(conf);
         // qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
         final Collection<URI> sharedEditsDirs =
                  FSNamesystem.getSharedEditsDirs(conf);
         for (URI u : requiredEditsDirs) {
              if (u.toString().compareTo(
                       DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_DEFAULT) == 0) {
                  continue;
             }
             // Each required directory must also be in editsDirs or in
             // sharedEditsDirs.
```

```
if (!editsDirs.contains(u) &&
                       !sharedEditsDirs.contains(u)) {
                  throw new IllegalArgumentException("Required edits directory " + u
                            + " not found: "
                            + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_KEY + "=" + editsDirs
+";"
                            + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_REQUIRED_KEY
                            + "=" + requiredEditsDirs + "; "
                            + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_SHARED_EDITS_DIR_KEY
                            + "=" + sharedEditsDirs);
             }
         }
         if (namespaceDirs.size() == 1) {
              LOG.warn("Only one image storage directory ("
                       + DFS_NAMENODE_NAME_DIR_KEY + ") configured. Beware of data
loss"
                       + " due to lack of redundant storage directories!");
         if (editsDirs.size() == 1) {
              LOG.warn("Only one namespace edits storage directory ("
                       + DFS NAMENODE EDITS DIR KEY + ") configured. Beware of data loss"
                       + " due to lack of redundant storage directories!");
         }
```

3.3.4.2.2 创建 FSImage

3.3.4.2.2.1 创建 NNStorage

```
/**
      * Construct the NNStorage.
     * @param conf Namenode configuration.
      * @param imageDirs Directories the image can be stored in.
     * @param editsDirs Directories the editlog can be stored in.
     * @throws IOException if any directories are inaccessible.
     */
    public NNStorage(Configuration conf,
                        Collection<URI> imageDirs,
                        Collection<URI> editsDirs)
              throws IOException {
         // 往下追
         super(NodeType.NAME_NODE);
         // this may modify the editsDirs, so copy before passing in
         // 设置元数据存储目录
         setStorageDirectories(
                  // 1
                  imageDirs,
                  // 2
                  Lists.newArrayList(editsDirs),
                  FSNamesystem.getSharedEditsDirs(conf));
         //Update NameDirSize metric value after NN start
```

```
// 更新 NameNode 元数据存储目录大小 以便监控 updateNameDirSize();
```

```
/**
      * Set the storage directories which will be used. This should only ever be
      * called from inside NNStorage. However, it needs to remain package private
      * for testing, as StorageDirectories need to be reinitialised after using
      * Mockito.spy() on this class, as Mockito doesn't work well with inner
      * classes, such as StorageDirectory in this case.
      * Synchronized due to initialization of storageDirs and removedStorageDirs.
      * @param fsNameDirs Locations to store images.
      * @param fsEditsDirs Locations to store edit logs.
      * @throws IOException
      */
     @VisibleForTesting
     synchronized void setStorageDirectories(Collection<URI> fsNameDirs,
                                                     Collection<URI> fsEditsDirs,
                                                     Collection<URI> sharedEditsDirs)
              throws IOException {
         // 清空集合
         getStorageDirs().clear();
         this.removedStorageDirs.clear();
         // Add all name dirs with appropriate NameNodeDirType
         for (URI dirName: fsNameDirs) {
              checkSchemeConsistency(dirName);
              boolean isAlsoEdits = false;
              for (URI editsDirName : fsEditsDirs) {
                   if (editsDirName.compareTo(dirName) == 0) {
                        isAlsoEdits = true;
                        fsEditsDirs.remove(editsDirName);
                        break;
                   }
              }
              // 返回 IMAGE AND EDITS
              NameNodeDirType dirType = (isAlsoEdits)?
                        NameNodeDirType.IMAGE_AND_EDITS:
                        NameNodeDirType.IMAGE;
              // Add to the list of storage directories, only if the
              // URI is of type file://
```

```
if (dirName.getScheme().compareTo("file") == 0) {
                  // 添加元数据存储目录
                  this.addStorageDir(
                           // 创建 StorageDirectory
                           // 一般路径是配置在 hdfs-site.xml key = dfs.namenode.name.dir
                           // value 比如 /opt/app/hadoop-3.1.3/data/name
                           new StorageDirectory(new File(dirName.getPath()), dirType,
                           sharedEditsDirs.contains(dirName))); // Don't lock the dir if it's
shared.
             }
         }
         // Add edits dirs if they are different from name dirs
         for (URI dirName : fsEditsDirs) {
             checkSchemeConsistency(dirName);
             // Add to the list of storage directories, only if the
             // URI is of type file://
             // 添加元数据存储目录 -> file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
             if (dirName.getScheme().compareTo("file") == 0) {
                  this.addStorageDir(new StorageDirectory(new File(dirName.getPath()),
                           NameNodeDirType.EDITS, sharedEditsDirs.contains(dirName)));
         }
```

3.3.4.2.2.2 创建 FSEditLogAsync

```
FSEditLogAsync(Configuration conf, NNStorage storage, List<URI> editsDirs) {
    // 往下追
    super(conf, storage, editsDirs);
```

```
// op instances cannot be shared due to queuing for background thread.
  cache.disableCache();
}
```

```
/**
      * Constructor for FSEditLog. Underlying journals are constructed, but
     * no streams are opened until open() is called.
      * @param conf
                           The namenode configuration
      * @param storage Storage object used by namenode
     * @param editsDirs List of journals to use
     */
    FSEditLog(Configuration conf, NNStorage storage, List<URI> editsDirs) {
         isSyncRunning = false;
         this.conf = conf;
         this.storage = storage;
         metrics = NameNode.getNameNodeMetrics();
         lastPrintTime = monotonicNow();
         // If this list is empty, an error will be thrown on first use
         // of the editlog, as no journals will exist
         // 1 qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
         // 2 file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
         this.editsDirs = Lists.newArrayList(editsDirs);
         // 从配置中获取 key = dfs.namenode.shared.edits.dir
                      般在
                                            hdfs-site.xml
                                                             配
                                                                      置
                                                                                   比
                                                                                          如
qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
         this.sharedEditsDirs = FSNamesystem.getSharedEditsDirs(conf);
```

3.3.4.2.2.3 创建 NNStorageRetentionManager

```
public NNStorageRetentionManager(Configuration conf, NNStorage storage,
LogsPurgeable purgeableLogs) {
    // 往下追
    this(conf, storage, purgeableLogs, new DeletionStoragePurger());
}
```

3.3.4.2.3 创建 FSNamesystem

```
* Create an FSNamesystem associated with the specified image.
* 
 * Note that this does not load any data off of disk -- if you would
 * like that behavior, use {@link #loadFromDisk(Configuration)}
 * @param conf
                            configuration
 * @param fsImage
                            The FSImage to associate with
 * @param ignoreRetryCache Whether or not should ignore the retry cache setup
                             step. For Secondary NN this should be set to true.
 * @throws IOException on bad configuration
FSNamesystem(Configuration conf, FSImage fsImage, boolean ignoreRetryCache)
        throws IOException {
    provider = DFSUtil.createKeyProviderCryptoExtension(conf);
    LOG.info("KeyProvider: " + provider);
    if (conf.getBoolean(DFS_NAMENODE_AUDIT_LOG_ASYNC_KEY,
             DFS_NAMENODE_AUDIT_LOG_ASYNC_DEFAULT)) {
        LOG.info("Enabling async auditlog");
        enableAsyncAuditLog();
    }
    fsLock = new FSNamesystemLock(conf, detailedLockHoldTimeMetrics);
    cond = fsLock.newWriteLockCondition();
    cpLock = new ReentrantLock();
    // fsImage = FSImage (管理 NameNode 磁盘元数据)
    this.fsImage = fsImage;
    try {
        // 资源监控检查间隔 key = dfs.namenode.resource.check.interval
        // 默认值 5000
        resourceRecheckInterval = conf.getLong(
                 DFS_NAMENODE_RESOURCE_CHECK_INTERVAL_KEY,
                 DFS_NAMENODE_RESOURCE_CHECK_INTERVAL_DEFAULT);
        // 获取当前启动 NameNode 用户信息
        this.fsOwner = UserGroupInformation.getCurrentUser();
        // 获取 NameNode DFS 超级用户组 key = dfs.permissions.superusergroup
        // 默认值 supergroup
        this.supergroup = conf.get(DFS_PERMISSIONS_SUPERUSERGROUP_KEY,
                 DFS_PERMISSIONS_SUPERUSERGROUP_DEFAULT);
        // key = dfs.permissions.enabled value = true
```

```
this.isPermissionEnabled = conf.getBoolean(DFS_PERMISSIONS_ENABLED_KEY,
                       DFS_PERMISSIONS_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
             // key = dfs.namenode.snapshotdiff.listing.limit value = 1000
              this.snapshotDiffReportLimit =
                       conf.getInt(DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_DIFF_LISTING_LIMIT,
                                 DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_DIFF_LISTING_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
              LOG.info("fsOwner
                                              = " + fsOwner);
              LOG.info("supergroup
                                              = " + supergroup);
              LOG.info("isPermissionEnabled = " + isPermissionEnabled);
             // block allocation has to be persisted in HA using a shared edits directory
             // so that the standby has up-to-date namespace information
             // mycluster
              nameserviceId = DFSUtil.getNamenodeNameServiceId(conf);
              // true
              this.haEnabled = HAUtil.isHAEnabled(conf, nameserviceId);
             // Sanity check the HA-related config.
              if (nameserviceId != null) {
                  LOG.info("Determined nameservice ID: " + nameserviceId);
             }
              LOG.info("HA Enabled: " + haEnabled);
              if (!haEnabled && HAUtil.usesSharedEditsDir(conf)) {
                  LOG.warn("Configured NNs:\n" + DFSUtil.nnAddressesAsString(conf));
                  throw new IOException("Invalid configuration: a shared edits dir " +
                            "must not be specified if HA is not enabled.");
             }
             // block manager needs the haEnabled initialized
             // 创建 BlockManager
              this.blockManager = new BlockManager(this, haEnabled, conf);
              this.datanodeStatistics
blockManager.getDatanodeManager().getDatanodeStatistics();
             // Get the checksum type from config
              String checksumTypeStr = conf.get(DFS_CHECKSUM_TYPE_KEY,
                       DFS CHECKSUM TYPE DEFAULT);
              DataChecksum.Type checksumType;
              try {
                  checksumType = DataChecksum.Type.valueOf(checksumTypeStr);
             } catch (IllegalArgumentException iae) {
                  throw new IOException("Invalid checksum type in "
```

```
+ DFS_CHECKSUM_TYPE_KEY + ": " + checksumTypeStr);
            }
            // 创建 FsServerDefaults
            this.serverDefaults = new FsServerDefaults(
                     conf.getLongBytes(DFS_BLOCK_SIZE_KEY, DFS_BLOCK_SIZE_DEFAULT),
                     conf.getInt(DFS_BYTES_PER_CHECKSUM_KEY,
DFS_BYTES_PER_CHECKSUM_DEFAULT),
                     conf.getInt(DFS CLIENT WRITE PACKET SIZE KEY,
DFS_CLIENT_WRITE_PACKET_SIZE_DEFAULT),
                     (short) conf.getInt(DFS REPLICATION KEY, DFS REPLICATION DEFAULT),
                     conf.getInt(IO_FILE_BUFFER_SIZE_KEY, IO_FILE_BUFFER_SIZE_DEFAULT),
                     conf.getBoolean(DFS_ENCRYPT_DATA_TRANSFER_KEY,
DFS ENCRYPT DATA TRANSFER DEFAULT),
                     conf.getLong(FS_TRASH_INTERVAL_KEY, FS_TRASH_INTERVAL_DEFAULT),
                     checksumType,
                     conf.getTrimmed(
CommonConfigurationKeysPublic.HADOOP SECURITY KEY PROVIDER PATH,
                     blockManager.getStoragePolicySuite().getDefaultPolicy().getId());
            this.maxFsObjects = conf.getLong(DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_OBJECTS_KEY,
                     DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_OBJECTS_DEFAULT);
            this.minBlockSize
conf.getLong(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MIN_BLOCK_SIZE_KEY,
                     DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MIN BLOCK SIZE DEFAULT);
            this.maxBlocksPerFile
conf.getLong(DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX BLOCKS PER FILE KEY,
                     DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_BLOCKS_PER_FILE_DEFAULT);
            this.numCommittedAllowed = conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_FILE_CLOSE_NUM_COMMITTED_ALLOWED_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_FILE_CLOSE_NUM_COMMITTED_ALLOWED_DEFAULT);
            this.maxCorruptFileBlocksReturn = conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_CORRUPT_FILE_BLOCKS_RETURNED_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_CORRUPT_FILE_BLOCKS_RETURNED_DEFAULT);
            this.dtpReplaceDatanodeOnFailure = ReplaceDatanodeOnFailure.get(conf);
```

```
this.standbyShouldCheckpoint = conf.getBoolean(
                     DFS HA STANDBY CHECKPOINTS KEY,
DFS HA STANDBY CHECKPOINTS DEFAULT);
            // # edit autoroll threshold is a multiple of the checkpoint threshold
// edit 默认滚动阈值 0.5 * 100 0000
            this.editLogRollerThreshold = (long)
                     (conf.getFloat(
DFS_NAMENODE_EDIT_LOG_AUTOROLL_MULTIPLIER_THRESHOLD,
DFS_NAMENODE_EDIT_LOG_AUTOROLL_MULTIPLIER_THRESHOLD_DEFAULT) *
                             conf.getLong(
                                      DFS NAMENODE CHECKPOINT TXNS KEY,
                                      DFS_NAMENODE_CHECKPOINT_TXNS_DEFAULT));
// edit 默认滚动间隔 5 * 60 * 1000
            this.editLogRollerInterval = conf.getInt(
                     DFS NAMENODE EDIT LOG AUTOROLL CHECK INTERVAL MS,
DFS_NAMENODE_EDIT_LOG_AUTOROLL_CHECK_INTERVAL_MS_DEFAULT);
            this.lazyPersistFileScrubIntervalSec = conf.getInt(
                     DFS NAMENODE LAZY PERSIST FILE SCRUB INTERVAL SEC,
                     DFS_NAMENODE_LAZY_PERSIST_FILE_SCRUB_INTERVAL_SEC_DEFAULT);
            if (this.lazyPersistFileScrubIntervalSec < 0) {
                 throw new IllegalArgumentException(
                         DFS NAMENODE LAZY PERSIST FILE SCRUB INTERVAL SEC
                                  + " must be zero (for disable) or greater than zero.");
            }
            this.edekCacheLoaderDelay = conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDEKCACHELOADER_INITIAL_DELAY_MS_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDEKCACHELOADER_INITIAL_DELAY_MS_DEFAULT);
            this.edekCacheLoaderInterval = conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE EDEKCACHELOADER INTERVAL MS KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDEKCACHELOADER_INTERVAL_MS_DEFAULT);
            this.leaseRecheckIntervalMs = conf.getLong(
                     DFS NAMENODE LEASE RECHECK INTERVAL MS KEY,
```

```
DFS_NAMENODE_LEASE_RECHECK_INTERVAL_MS_DEFAULT);
             this.maxLockHoldToReleaseLeaseMs = conf.getLong(
                      DFS NAMENODE MAX LOCK HOLD TO RELEASE LEASE MS KEY,
DFS NAMENODE MAX LOCK HOLD TO RELEASE LEASE MS DEFAULT);
             // For testing purposes, allow the DT secret manager to be started regardless
             // of whether security is enabled.
             alwaysUseDelegationTokensForTests = conf.getBoolean(
                      DFS_NAMENODE_DELEGATION_TOKEN_ALWAYS_USE_KEY,
                      DFS_NAMENODE_DELEGATION_TOKEN_ALWAYS_USE_DEFAULT);
             this.dtSecretManager = createDelegationTokenSecretManager(conf);
             // 创建 FSDirectory (管理 NameNode 内存元数据)
             this.dir = new FSDirectory(this, conf);
             // 创建 SnapshotManager
             this.snapshotManager = new SnapshotManager(conf, dir);
             // 创建 CacheManager
             this.cacheManager = new CacheManager(this, conf, blockManager);
             // Init ErasureCodingPolicyManager instance.
             ErasureCodingPolicyManager.getInstance().init(conf);
             this.topConf = new TopConf(conf);
             this.auditLoggers = initAuditLoggers(conf);
             this.isDefaultAuditLogger = auditLoggers.size() == 1 &&
                      auditLoggers.get(0) instanceof DefaultAuditLogger;
             this.retryCache = ignoreRetryCache ? null : initRetryCache(conf);
             Class<? extends INodeAttributeProvider> klass = conf.getClass(
                      DFS_NAMENODE_INODE_ATTRIBUTES_PROVIDER_KEY,
                      null, INodeAttributeProvider.class);
             if (klass != null) {
                 inodeAttributeProvider = ReflectionUtils.newInstance(klass, conf);
                  LOG.info("Using INode attribute provider: " + klass.getName());
             }
             this.maxListOpenFilesResponses = conf.getInt(
                      DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_LIST_OPENFILES_NUM_RESPONSES,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_LIST_OPENFILES_NUM_RESPONSES_DEFAULT
             );
             Preconditions.checkArgument(maxListOpenFilesResponses > 0,
                      DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_LIST_OPENFILES_NUM_RESPONSES +
                               " must be a positive integer."
             );
```

3.3.4.2.3.1 创建 BlockManager

```
public BlockManager(final Namesystem namesystem, boolean haEnabled,
                          final Configuration conf) throws IOException {
        // FSNamesystem
        this.namesystem = namesystem;
        // 创建 DatanodeManager
        datanodeManager = new DatanodeManager(this, namesystem, conf);
        // 从 DatanodeManager 获取 HeartbeatManager
        heartbeatManager = datanodeManager.getHeartbeatManager();
        // 创建 BlockIdManager
        this.blockIdManager = new BlockIdManager(this);
        blocksPerPostpondedRescan = (int) Math.min(Integer.MAX_VALUE,
                 datanodeManager.getBlocksPerPostponedMisreplicatedBlocksRescan());
        rescannedMisreplicatedBlocks =
                 new ArrayList<Block>(blocksPerPostpondedRescan);
        startupDelayBlockDeletionInMs = conf.getLong(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE STARTUP DELAY BLOCK DELETION SEC KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE STARTUP DELAY BLOCK DELETION SEC DEFAULT) * 1000L;
        invalidateBlocks = new InvalidateBlocks(
```

```
datanodeManager.getBlockInvalidateLimit(),
                 startupDelayBlockDeletionInMs,
                 blockIdManager);
        // Compute the map capacity by allocating 2% of total memory
        blocksMap = new BlocksMap(
                 LightWeightGSet.computeCapacity(2.0, "BlocksMap"));
        placementPolicies = new BlockPlacementPolicies(
                 conf, datanodeManager.getFSClusterStats(),
                 datanodeManager.getNetworkTopology(),
                 datanodeManager.getHost2DatanodeMap());
        storagePolicySuite = BlockStoragePolicySuite.createDefaultSuite();
        pendingReconstruction = new PendingReconstructionBlocks(conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_RECONSTRUCTION_PENDING_TIMEOUT_SEC_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_RECONSTRUCTION_PENDING_TIMEOUT_SEC_DEFAULT)
                 * 1000L);
        blockTokenSecretManager = createBlockTokenSecretManager(conf);
        providedStorageMap = new ProvidedStorageMap(namesystem, this, conf);
        this.maxCorruptFilesReturned = conf.getInt(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS DEFAULT MAX CORRUPT FILES RETURNED KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DEFAULT_MAX_CORRUPT_FILES_RETURNED);
        this.defaultReplication = conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_REPLICATION_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS REPLICATION DEFAULT);
        final int maxR = conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS REPLICATION MAX KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_REPLICATION_MAX_DEFAULT);
        final int minR = conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE REPLICATION MIN KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_MIN_DEFAULT);
        if (minR <= 0)
             throw new IOException("Unexpected configuration parameters: "
                      + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_MIN_KEY
                      + " = " + minR + " <= 0"):
        if (maxR > Short.MAX_VALUE)
             throw new IOException("Unexpected configuration parameters: "
                      + DFSConfigKeys.DFS REPLICATION MAX KEY
                      + " = " + maxR + " > " + Short.MAX VALUE);
        if (minR > maxR)
             throw new IOException("Unexpected configuration parameters: "
                      + DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE REPLICATION MIN KEY
```

```
+ " = " + minR + " > "
                     + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_REPLICATION_MAX_KEY
                     + " = " + maxR);
        this.minReplication = (short) minR;
        this.maxReplication = (short) maxR;
        this.maxReplicationStreams =
conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_MAX_STREAMS_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_MAX_STREAMS_DEFAULT);
        this.replicationStreamsHardLimit =
                 conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_STREAMS_HARD_LIMIT_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_STREAMS_HARD_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
        this.blocksInvalidateWorkPct = DFSUtil.getInvalidateWorkPctPerIteration(conf);
        this.blocksReplWorkMultiplier = DFSUtil.getReplWorkMultiplier(conf);
        this.redundancyRecheckIntervalMs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REDUNDANCY_INTERVAL_SECONDS_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REDUNDANCY_INTERVAL_SECONDS_DEFAULT,
                TimeUnit.SECONDS, TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
        this.storageInfoDefragmentInterval =
                 conf.getLong(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE STORAGEINFO DEFRAGMENT INTERVAL MS KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_STORAGEINFO_DEFRAGMENT_INTERVAL_MS_DEFAULT);
        this.storageInfoDefragmentTimeout =
                 conf.getLong(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_STORAGEINFO_DEFRAGMENT_TIMEOUT_MS_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_STORAGEINFO_DEFRAGMENT_TIMEOUT_MS_DEFAULT);
        this.storageInfoDefragmentRatio =
                 conf.getDouble(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_STORAGEINFO_DEFRAGMENT_RATIO_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE STORAGEINFO DEFRAGMENT RATIO DEFAULT);
```

```
this.encryptDataTransfer =
                 conf.getBoolean(DFSConfigKeys.DFS ENCRYPT DATA TRANSFER KEY,
                          DFSConfigKeys.DFS ENCRYPT DATA TRANSFER DEFAULT);
        this.maxNumBlocksToLog =
                 conf.getLong(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_MAX_NUM_BLOCKS_TO_LOG_KEY,
                          DFSConfigKeys.DFS_MAX_NUM_BLOCKS_TO_LOG_DEFAULT);
        this.numBlocksPerIteration = conf.getInt(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_BLOCK_MISREPLICATION_PROCESSING_LIMIT,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_BLOCK_MISREPLICATION_PROCESSING_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
        final int minMaintenanceR = conf.getInt(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAINTENANCE REPLICATION MIN KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAINTENANCE REPLICATION MIN DEFAULT);
        if (minMaintenanceR < 0) {
             throw new IOException("Unexpected configuration parameters: "
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAINTENANCE_REPLICATION_MIN_KEY
                     + " = " + minMaintenanceR + " < 0");
        if (minMaintenanceR > defaultReplication) {
             throw new IOException("Unexpected configuration parameters: "
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAINTENANCE_REPLICATION_MIN_KEY
                     + " = " + minMaintenanceR + " > "
                     + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_REPLICATION_KEY
                     + " = " + defaultReplication);
        }
        this.minReplicationToBeInMaintenance = (short) minMaintenanceR;
        // 3s
        long heartbeatIntervalSecs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HEARTBEAT_INTERVAL_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS HEARTBEAT INTERVAL DEFAULT, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
        // 30s
        long blockRecoveryTimeout = getBlockRecoveryTimeout(heartbeatIntervalSecs);
        // 创建 PendingRecoveryBlocks
        pendingRecoveryBlocks = new PendingRecoveryBlocks(blockRecoveryTimeout);
        // 创建 BlockReportLeaseManager
```

```
this.blockReportLeaseManager = new BlockReportLeaseManager(conf);
// 创建 BlockManagerSafeMode
bmSafeMode = new BlockManagerSafeMode(this, namesystem, haEnabled, conf);
// 1024
int queueSize = conf.getInt(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_BLOCKREPORT_QUEUE_SIZE_KEY,
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE BLOCKREPORT QUEUE SIZE DEFAULT);
// Block Report 线程
blockReportThread = new BlockReportProcessingThread(queueSize);
LOG.info("defaultReplication
                                    = {}", defaultReplication);
LOG.info("maxReplication
                                     = {}", maxReplication);
LOG.info("minReplication
                                     = {}", minReplication);
LOG.info("maxReplicationStreams
                                    = {}", maxReplicationStreams);
LOG.info("redundancyRecheckInterval = {}ms", redundancyRecheckIntervalMs);
LOG.info("encryptDataTransfer
                                    = {}", encryptDataTransfer);
LOG.info("maxNumBlocksToLog
                                       = {}", maxNumBlocksToLog);
```

3.3.4.2.3.1.1 创建 DatanodeManager

```
DatanodeManager(final BlockManager blockManager, final Namesystem namesystem,
                      final Configuration conf) throws IOException {
        // FSNamesystem
        this.namesystem = namesystem;
        // BlockManager
        this.blockManager = blockManager;
        // true
        this.useDfsNetworkTopology = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_USE_DFS_NETWORK_TOPOLOGY_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_USE_DFS_NETWORK_TOPOLOGY_DEFAULT);
        if (useDfsNetworkTopology) {
             // DFSNetworkTopology
             networktopology = DFSNetworkTopology.getInstance(conf);
        } else {
             networktopology = NetworkTopology.getInstance(conf);
        }
        // 创建 HeartbeatManager
        this.heartbeatManager = new HeartbeatManager(namesystem,
```

```
blockManager, conf);
        // 创建 DatanodeAdminManager
        this.datanodeAdminManager = new DatanodeAdminManager(namesystem,
                  blockManager, heartbeatManager);
        // 创建 newFSClusterStats
        this.fsClusterStats = newFSClusterStats();
        // false
        this.dataNodePeerStatsEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_PEER_STATS_ENABLED_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_PEER_STATS_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
        // false
        this.dataNodeDiskStatsEnabled = Util.isDiskStatsEnabled(conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_FILEIO_PROFILING_SAMPLING_PERCENTAGE_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.
DFS_DATANODE_FILEIO_PROFILING_SAMPLING_PERCENTAGE_DEFAULT));
        // 创建 Timer
        final Timer timer = new Timer();
        // null
        this.slowPeerTracker = dataNodePeerStatsEnabled?
                  new SlowPeerTracker(conf, timer): null;
        // null
        this.slowDiskTracker = dataNodeDiskStatsEnabled?
                  new SlowDiskTracker(conf, timer): null;
        // 9866
        this.defaultXferPort = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(
                 conf.getTrimmed(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_ADDRESS_KEY,
                           DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE ADDRESS DEFAULT)).getPort();
        // 9864
        this.defaultInfoPort = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(
                 conf.getTrimmed(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_HTTP_ADDRESS_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_HTTP_ADDRESS_DEFAULT)).getPort();
        // 9865
        this.defaultInfoSecurePort = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(
                 conf.getTrimmed(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_KEY,
```

```
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_DEFAULT)).getPort();
         // 9867
         this.defaultIpcPort = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(
                  conf.getTrimmed(DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE IPC ADDRESS KEY,
                           DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_IPC_ADDRESS_DEFAULT)).getPort();
         // HostFileManager
         this.hostConfigManager = ReflectionUtils.newInstance(
conf.getClass(DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE HOSTS PROVIDER CLASSNAME KEY,
                           HostFileManager.class, HostConfigManager.class), conf);
         try {
              this.hostConfigManager.refresh();
         } catch (IOException e) {
              LOG.error("error reading hosts files: ", e);
         }
         // ScriptBasedMapping
         this.dnsToSwitchMapping = ReflectionUtils.newInstance(
conf.getClass(DFSConfigKeys.NET_TOPOLOGY_NODE_SWITCH_MAPPING_IMPL_KEY,
                           ScriptBasedMapping.class, DNSToSwitchMapping.class), conf);
         // false
         this.rejectUnresolvedTopologyDN = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS REJECT UNRESOLVED DN TOPOLOGY MAPPING KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_REJECT_UNRESOLVED_DN_TOPOLOGY_MAPPING_DEFAULT);
         // If the dns to switch mapping supports cache, resolve network
         // locations of those hosts in the include list and store the mapping
         // in the cache; so future calls to resolve will be fast.
         if (dnsToSwitchMapping instanceof CachedDNSToSwitchMapping) {
              final ArrayList<String> locations = new ArrayList<>();
              for (InetSocketAddress addr: hostConfigManager.getIncludes()) {
                  locations.add(addr.getAddress().getHostAddress());
              dnsToSwitchMapping.resolve(locations);
         }
         // 3s = 3000ms
         heartbeatIntervalSeconds = conf.getTimeDuration(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HEARTBEAT_INTERVAL_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HEARTBEAT_INTERVAL_DEFAULT, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
         // 5m = 5 * 60 * 1000ms
```

```
heartbeatRecheckInterval = conf.getInt(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_HEARTBEAT_RECHECK_INTERVAL_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE HEARTBEAT RECHECK INTERVAL DEFAULT); // 5 minutes
         // 630s
         this.heartbeatExpireInterval = 2 * heartbeatRecheckInterval
                  + 10 * 1000 * heartbeatIntervalSeconds;
         // Effected block invalidate limit is the bigger value between
         // value configured in hdfs-site.xml, and 20 * HB interval.
         // 1000
         final int configuredBlockInvalidateLimit = conf.getInt(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_BLOCK_INVALIDATE_LIMIT_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS BLOCK INVALIDATE LIMIT DEFAULT);
         final int countedBlockInvalidateLimit = 20 * (int) (heartbeatIntervalSeconds);
         this.blockInvalidateLimit = Math.max(countedBlockInvalidateLimit,
                  configuredBlockInvalidateLimit);
         LOG.info(DFSConfigKeys.DFS BLOCK INVALIDATE LIMIT KEY
                  + ": configured=" + configuredBlockInvalidateLimit
                  + ", counted=" + countedBlockInvalidateLimit
                  + ", effected=" + blockInvalidateLimit);
         this.checklpHostnameInRegistration = conf.getBoolean(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE DATANODE REGISTRATION IP HOSTNAME CHECK KEY,
DFSConfigKeys. DFS\_NAMENODE\_DATANODE\_REGISTRATION\_IP\_HOSTNAME\_CHECK\_DEFAULT);
LOG.info(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DATANODE_REGISTRATION_IP_HOSTNAME_CHECK_K
ΕY
                 + "=" + checklpHostnameInRegistration);
         this.avoidStaleDataNodesForRead = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_AVOID_STALE_DATANODE_FOR_READ_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_AVOID_STALE_DATANODE_FOR_READ_DEFAULT);
         this.avoidStaleDataNodesForWrite = conf.getBoolean(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE AVOID STALE DATANODE FOR WRITE KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_AVOID_STALE_DATANODE_FOR_WRITE_DEFAULT);
         this.staleInterval = getStaleIntervalFromConf(conf, heartbeatExpireInterval);
         this.ratioUseStaleDataNodesForWrite = conf.getFloat(
```

3.3.4.2.3.1.1.1 创建 HeartbeatManager

3.3.4.2.3.1.1.2 创建 DatanodeAdminManager

3.3.4.2.3.1.2 从 DatanodeManager 获取 HeartbeatManager

```
/** @return the heartbeat manager. */
```

```
HeartbeatManager getHeartbeatManager() {
    return heartbeatManager;
}
```

3.3.4.2.3.1.3 创建 PendingRecoveryBlocks

```
PendingRecoveryBlocks(long timeout) {

// 30s

this.recoveryTimeoutInterval = timeout;
}
```

3.3.4.2.3.1.4 创建 BlockReportLeaseManager

3.3.4.2.3.1.5 创建 BlockManagerSafeMode

```
BlockManagerSafeMode(BlockManager blockManager, Namesystem namesystem,
boolean haEnabled, Configuration conf) {

// BlockManager
this.blockManager = blockManager;
```

```
// FSNamesystem
        this.namesystem = namesystem;
        this.haEnabled = haEnabled;
        // 0.999
        this.threshold = conf.getFloat(DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_THRESHOLD_PCT_KEY,
                  DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_THRESHOLD_PCT_DEFAULT);
        if (this.threshold > 1.0) {
             LOG.warn("The threshold value shouldn't be greater than 1, " +
                      "threshold: {}", threshold);
        }
        // 0
        this.datanodeThreshold = conf.getInt(
                 DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_MIN_DATANODES_KEY,
                 DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_MIN_DATANODES_DEFAULT);
        // 1
        int minReplication =
                 conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE REPLICATION MIN KEY,
                          DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_REPLICATION_MIN_DEFAULT);
        // DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_REPLICATION_MIN_KEY is an expert level setting,
        // setting this lower than the min replication is not recommended
        // and/or dangerous for production setups.
        // When it's unset, safeReplication will use dfs.namenode.replication.min
        // 1
        this.safeReplication =
conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_REPLICATION_MIN_KEY,
                          minReplication);
        // default to safe mode threshold (i.e., don't populate queues before
        // leaving safe mode)
        // 0.999
        this.replQueueThreshold =
                 conf.getFloat(DFS_NAMENODE_REPL_QUEUE_THRESHOLD_PCT_KEY,
                          (float) threshold);
        // 30 * 1000ms
        this.extension = conf.getTimeDuration(DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_EXTENSION_KEY,
                 DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_EXTENSION_DEFAULT,
                 MILLISECONDS);
        this.inRollBack = isInRollBackMode(NameNode.getStartupOption(conf));
        LOG.info("{} = {}", DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_THRESHOLD_PCT_KEY, threshold);
        LOG.info("{} = {}", DFS NAMENODE SAFEMODE MIN DATANODES KEY,
```

```
datanodeThreshold);
LOG.info("{} = {}", DFS_NAMENODE_SAFEMODE_EXTENSION_KEY, extension);
}
```

3.3.4.2.3.1.6 创建 BlockReportProcessingThread 线程

```
private class BlockReportProcessingThread extends Thread {
         private static final long MAX_LOCK_HOLD_MS = 4;
         private long lastFull = 0;
         private final BlockingQueue<Runnable> queue;
         BlockReportProcessingThread(int size) {
              super("Block report processor");
              // 1024
              queue = new ArrayBlockingQueue<>(size);
              setDaemon(true);
         }
         @Override
         public void run() {
              try {
                   processQueue();
              } catch (Throwable t) {
                   ExitUtil.terminate(1,
                             getName() + " encountered fatal exception: " + t);
              }
```

3.3.4.2.3.2 创建 FSDirectory

```
FSDirectory(FSNamesystem ns, Configuration conf) throws IOException {
    // used to enable/disable the use of expanded string tables.
    SerialNumberManager.initialize(conf);

    this.dirLock = new ReentrantReadWriteLock(true); // fair

    // 创建 INodeId
    this.inodeId = new INodeId();

    // 创建 NameNode 管理内存元数据根目录 INodeDirectory
    rootDir = createRoot(ns);

inodeMap = INodeMap.newInstance(rootDir);
```

```
// true
        this.isPermissionEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS PERMISSIONS ENABLED KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS PERMISSIONS ENABLED DEFAULT);
        // 当前用户
        this.fsOwnerShortUserName =
                 UserGroupInformation.getCurrentUser().getShortUserName();
        // supergroup
        this.supergroup = conf.get(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_PERMISSIONS_SUPERUSERGROUP_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_PERMISSIONS_SUPERUSERGROUP_DEFAULT);
        // false
        this.aclsEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE ACLS ENABLED KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_ACLS_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
        LOG.info("ACLs enabled?" + aclsEnabled);
        this.posixAclInheritanceEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE POSIX ACL INHERITANCE ENABLED KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_POSIX_ACL_INHERITANCE_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
        LOG.info("POSIX ACL inheritance enabled?" + posixAclInheritanceEnabled);
        this.xattrsEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE XATTRS ENABLED KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE XATTRS ENABLED DEFAULT);
        LOG.info("XAttrs enabled?" + xattrsEnabled);
        this.xattrMaxSize = conf.getInt(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX XATTR SIZE KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_XATTR_SIZE_DEFAULT);
        Preconditions.checkArgument(xattrMaxSize > 0,
                 "The maximum size of an xattr should be > 0: (%s).",
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_XATTR_SIZE_KEY);
        Preconditions.checkArgument(xattrMaxSize <=
                          DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_XATTR_SIZE_HARD_LIMIT,
                 "The maximum size of an xattr should be <= maximum size"
                                               hard
                                                            limit
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_XATTR_SIZE_HARD_LIMIT
                                                                                (%s).",
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX XATTR SIZE KEY);
        this.accessTimePrecision = conf.getLong(
                 DFS_NAMENODE_ACCESSTIME_PRECISION_KEY,
                 DFS_NAMENODE_ACCESSTIME_PRECISION_DEFAULT);
```

```
this.storagePolicyEnabled =
        conf.getBoolean(DFS STORAGE POLICY ENABLED KEY,
                 DFS STORAGE POLICY ENABLED DEFAULT);
this.quotaByStorageTypeEnabled =
        conf.getBoolean(DFS_QUOTA_BY_STORAGETYPE_ENABLED_KEY,
                 DFS_QUOTA_BY_STORAGETYPE_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
int configuredLimit = conf.getInt(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_LIST_LIMIT, DFSConfigKeys.DFS_LIST_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
this.lsLimit = configuredLimit > 0?
        configuredLimit: DFSConfigKeys.DFS_LIST_LIMIT_DEFAULT;
this.contentCountLimit = conf.getInt(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS CONTENT SUMMARY LIMIT KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_CONTENT_SUMMARY_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
this.contentSleepMicroSec = conf.getLong(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_CONTENT_SUMMARY_SLEEP_MICROSEC_KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS CONTENT SUMMARY SLEEP MICROSEC DEFAULT);
// filesystem limits
this.maxComponentLength = conf.getInt(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_COMPONENT_LENGTH_KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX COMPONENT LENGTH DEFAULT);
this.maxDirltems = conf.getInt(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX DIRECTORY ITEMS KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_DIRECTORY_ITEMS_DEFAULT);
this.inodeXAttrsLimit = conf.getInt(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX XATTRS PER INODE KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_XATTRS_PER_INODE_DEFAULT);
this.protectedDirectories = parseProtectedDirectories(conf);
Preconditions.checkArgument(this.inodeXAttrsLimit >= 0,
         "Cannot set a negative limit on the number of xattrs per inode (%s).",
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MAX XATTRS PER INODE KEY);
// We need a maximum maximum because by default, PB limits message sizes
// to 64MB. This means we can only store approximately 6.7 million entries
// per directory, but let's use 6.4 million for some safety.
final int MAX DIR ITEMS = 64 * 100 * 1000;
Preconditions.checkArgument(
        maxDirItems > 0 && maxDirItems <= MAX DIR ITEMS, "Cannot set"
                 + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_DIRECTORY_ITEMS_KEY
                 + " to a value less than 1 or greater than " + MAX_DIR_ITEMS);
```

```
// 10
int threshold = conf.getInt(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE NAME CACHE THRESHOLD KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE NAME CACHE THRESHOLD DEFAULT);
NameNode.LOG.info("Caching file names occurring more than " + threshold
        + " times");
// 创建 NameCache
nameCache = new NameCache<ByteArray>(threshold);
// FSNamesystem
namesystem = ns;
// 从 FSNamesystem 属性 FSImage 中获取 FSEditLogAsync
this.editLog = ns.getEditLog();
ezManager = new EncryptionZoneManager(this, conf);
this.quotaInitThreads = conf.getInt(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE QUOTA INIT THREADS KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE QUOTA INIT THREADS DEFAULT);
initUsersToBypassExtProvider(conf);
```

3.3.4.2.3.3 创建 SnapshotManager

```
public SnapshotManager(final Configuration conf, final FSDirectory fsdir) {
   // FSDirectory
    this.fsdir = fsdir;
   // false
    this.captureOpenFiles = conf.getBoolean(
        DFS NAMENODE SNAPSHOT CAPTURE OPENFILES,
        DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_CAPTURE_OPENFILES_DEFAULT);
   // false
    this.skipCaptureAccessTimeOnlyChange = conf.getBoolean(
        DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_SKIP_CAPTURE_ACCESSTIME_ONLY_CHANGE,
        DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_SKIP_CAPTURE_ACCESSTIME_ONLY_CHANGE_DEFAULT);
    // true
    this.snapshotDiffAllowSnapRootDescendant = conf.getBoolean(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_DIFF_ALLOW_SNAP_ROOT_DESCENDANT,
        DFSConfigKeys.
DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_DIFF_ALLOW_SNAP_ROOT_DESCENDANT_DEFAULT);
    // 65535
    this.maxSnapshotLimit = conf.getInt(
```

```
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_MAX_LIMIT,
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_MAX_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
LOG.info("Loaded config captureOpenFiles: " + captureOpenFiles
    + ", skipCaptureAccessTimeOnlyChange: "
    + skipCaptureAccessTimeOnlyChange
    + ", snapshotDiffAllowSnapRootDescendant: "
    + snapshotDiffAllowSnapRootDescendant
    + ", maxSnapshotLimit: "
    + maxSnapshotLimit);
// 0
final int maxLevels = conf.getInt(
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_SNAPSHOT_SKIPLIST_MAX_LEVELS,
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE SNAPSHOT SKIPLIST MAX SKIP LEVELS DEFAULT);
// 10
final int skipInterval = conf.getInt(
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE SNAPSHOT SKIPLIST SKIP INTERVAL,
    DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE SNAPSHOT SKIPLIST SKIP INTERVAL DEFAULT);
DirectoryDiffListFactory.init(skipInterval, maxLevels, LOG);
```

3.3.4.2.3.4 创建 CacheManager

```
CacheManager(FSNamesystem namesystem, Configuration conf,
                  BlockManager blockManager) {
        // FSNamesystem
        this.namesystem = namesystem;
        // BlockManager
        this.blockManager = blockManager;
        this.nextDirectiveId = 1;
        // 100
        this.maxListCachePoolsResponses = conf.getInt(
                 DFS_NAMENODE_LIST_CACHE_POOLS_NUM_RESPONSES,
                 DFS NAMENODE LIST CACHE POOLS NUM RESPONSES DEFAULT);
        // 100
        this.maxListCacheDirectivesNumResponses = conf.getInt(
                 DFS_NAMENODE_LIST_CACHE_DIRECTIVES_NUM_RESPONSES,
                 DFS_NAMENODE_LIST_CACHE_DIRECTIVES_NUM_RESPONSES_DEFAULT);
        // 30 * 1000
        scanIntervalMs = conf.getLong(
                 DFS NAMENODE PATH BASED CACHE REFRESH INTERVAL MS,
                 DFS_NAMENODE_PATH_BASED_CACHE_REFRESH_INTERVAL_MS_DEFAULT);
```

3.3.4.2.4 从磁盘加载元数据到内存

代码入口: org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.namenode.FSNamesystem.loadFSImage()

```
private void loadFSImage(StartupOption startOpt) throws IOException {
         // 获取 FSImage
         final FSImage fsImage = getFSImage();
         // format before starting up if requested
         if (startOpt == StartupOption.FORMAT) {
              fsImage.format(this, fsImage.getStorage().determineClusterId());// reuse current
id
              startOpt = StartupOption.REGULAR;
         }
         boolean success = false;
         writeLock();
         try {
              // We shouldn't be calling saveNamespace if we've come up in standby state.
              MetaRecoveryContext recovery = startOpt.createRecoveryContext();
              // 加载元数据
              final boolean staleImage
                       = fsImage.recoverTransitionRead(startOpt, this, recovery);
              if (RollingUpgradeStartupOption.ROLLBACK.matches(startOpt)) {
                   rollingUpgradeInfo = null;
              }
              final boolean needToSave = staleImage && !haEnabled && !isRollingUpgrade();
```

```
LOG.info("Need to save fs image? " + needToSave
                      + " (staleImage=" + staleImage + ", haEnabled=" + haEnabled
                      + ", isRollingUpgrade=" + isRollingUpgrade() + ")");
             if (needToSave) {
                  // 可能 NameNode 启动需要将之前的 FSimage + Editlig 合并输出新的
FSImage
                  fsImage.saveNamespace(this);
             } else {
                  // No need to save, so mark the phase done.
                  StartupProgress prog = NameNode.getStartupProgress();
                  prog.beginPhase(Phase.SAVING_CHECKPOINT);
                  prog.endPhase(Phase.SAVING_CHECKPOINT);
             }
             // This will start a new log segment and write to the seen txid file, so
             // we shouldn't do it when coming up in standby state
             if (!haEnabled || (haEnabled && startOpt == StartupOption.UPGRADE)
                       || (haEnabled && startOpt == StartupOption.UPGRADEONLY)) {
                  fsImage.openEditLogForWrite(getEffectiveLayoutVersion());
             }
             success = true;
         } finally {
             if (!success) {
                  fsImage.close();
             }
             writeUnlock("loadFSImage", true);
         }
         // 加载元数据完成
        imageLoadComplete();
    }
```

```
/**

* Analyze storage directories.

* Recover from previous transitions if required.

* Perform fs state transition if necessary depending on the namespace info.

* Read storage info.

* @throws IOException

* @return true if the image needs to be saved or false otherwise

*/

boolean recoverTransitionRead(StartupOption startOpt, FSNamesystem target,

MetaRecoveryContext recovery)

throws IOException {

assert startOpt != StartupOption.FORMAT :
```

```
"NameNode formatting should be performed before reading the image";
// 获取 image dirs
Collection<URI> imageDirs = storage.getImageDirectories();
// 获取 EditLog dirs
Collection<URI> editsDirs = editLog.getEditURIs();
// none of the data dirs exist
if((imageDirs.size() == 0 || editsDirs.size() == 0)
                              && startOpt != StartupOption.IMPORT)
  throw new IOException(
       "All specified directories are not accessible or do not exist.");
// 1. For each data directory calculate its state and
// check whether all is consistent before transitioning.
Map<StorageDirectory, StorageState> dataDirStates =
           new HashMap<StorageDirectory, StorageState>();
boolean isFormatted = recoverStorageDirs(startOpt, storage, dataDirStates);
if (LOG.isTraceEnabled()) {
  LOG.trace("Data dir states:\n "+
     Joiner.on("\n ").withKeyValueSeparator(": ")
     .join(dataDirStates));
}
if (!isFormatted && startOpt != StartupOption.ROLLBACK
                    && startOpt != StartupOption.IMPORT) {
  throw new IOException("NameNode is not formatted.");
}
int layoutVersion = storage.getLayoutVersion();
if (startOpt == StartupOption.METADATAVERSION) {
  System.out.println("HDFS Image Version: " + layoutVersion);
  System.out.println("Software format version: " +
     HdfsServerConstants.NAMENODE_LAYOUT_VERSION);
  return false;
}
if (layoutVersion < Storage.LAST_PRE_UPGRADE_LAYOUT_VERSION) {
  NNStorage.checkVersionUpgradable(storage.getLayoutVersion());
if (startOpt != StartupOption.UPGRADE
     && startOpt != StartupOption.UPGRADEONLY
```

```
&& !RollingUpgradeStartupOption.STARTED.matches(startOpt)
     && layoutVersion < Storage.LAST_PRE_UPGRADE_LAYOUT_VERSION
     && layoutVersion != HdfsServerConstants.NAMENODE_LAYOUT_VERSION) {
  throw new IOException(
       "\nFile system image contains an old layout version "
       + storage.getLayoutVersion() + ".\nAn upgrade to version "
       + HdfsServerConstants.NAMENODE_LAYOUT_VERSION + " is required.\n"
       + "Please restart NameNode with the \""
       + RollingUpgradeStartupOption.STARTED.getOptionString()
       + "\" option if a rolling upgrade is already started;"
       + " or restart NameNode with the \""
       + StartupOption.UPGRADE.getName() + "\" option to start"
       + " a new upgrade.");
}
storage.processStartupOptionsForUpgrade(startOpt, layoutVersion);
// 2. Format unformatted dirs.
for (Iterator<StorageDirectory> it = storage.dirIterator(); it.hasNext();) {
  StorageDirectory sd = it.next();
  StorageState curState = dataDirStates.get(sd);
  switch(curState) {
  case NON EXISTENT:
     throw new IOException(StorageState.NON_EXISTENT +
                                " state cannot be here");
  case NOT_FORMATTED:
     // Create a dir structure, but not the VERSION file. The presence of
     // VERSION is checked in the inspector's needToSave() method and
     // saveNamespace is triggered if it is absent. This will bring
     // the storage state uptodate along with a new VERSION file.
     // If HA is enabled, NNs start up as standby so saveNamespace is not
     // triggered.
     LOG.info("Storage directory " + sd.getRoot() + " is not formatted.");
     LOG.info("Formatting ...");
     sd.clearDirectory(); // create empty currrent dir
     // For non-HA, no further action is needed here, as saveNamespace will
     // take care of the rest.
     if (!target.isHaEnabled()) {
       continue;
    // If HA is enabled, save the dirs to create a version file later when
     // a checkpoint image is saved.
     if (newDirs == null) {
       newDirs = new HashSet<StorageDirectory>();
```

```
}
       newDirs.add(sd);
       break;
    default:
       break;
    }
  // 3. Do transitions
  switch(startOpt) {
  case UPGRADE:
  case UPGRADEONLY:
    doUpgrade(target);
    return false; // upgrade saved image already
  case IMPORT:
    doImportCheckpoint(target);
    return false; // import checkpoint saved image already
  case ROLLBACK:
    throw new AssertionError("Rollback is now a standalone command, " +
         "NameNode should not be starting with this option.");
  case REGULAR:
  default:
    // just load the image
  }
  // 从磁盘加载元数据到内存
  return loadFSImage(target, startOpt, recovery);
}
```

```
* Choose latest image from one of the directories,
* load it and merge with the edits.

* Saving and loading fsimage should never trigger symlink resolution.

* The paths that are persisted do not have *intermediate* symlinks

* because intermediate symlinks are resolved at the time files,

* directories, and symlinks are created. All paths accessed while

* loading or saving fsimage should therefore only see symlinks as

* the final path component, and the functions called below do not

* resolve symlinks that are the final path component.

*

* @return whether the image should be saved

* @throws IOException
```

```
*/
private boolean loadFSImage(FSNamesystem target, StartupOption startOpt,
    MetaRecoveryContext recovery)
    throws IOException {
  final boolean rollingRollback
       = RollingUpgradeStartupOption.ROLLBACK.matches(startOpt);
  final EnumSet<NameNodeFile> nnfs;
  if (rollingRollback) {
    // if it is rollback of rolling upgrade, only load from the rollback image
    nnfs = EnumSet.of(NameNodeFile.IMAGE_ROLLBACK);
  } else {
    // otherwise we can load from both IMAGE and IMAGE_ROLLBACK
    nnfs = EnumSet.of(NameNodeFile.IMAGE, NameNodeFile.IMAGE_ROLLBACK);
  final FSImageStorageInspector inspector = storage
       .readAndInspectDirs(nnfs, startOpt);
  isUpgradeFinalized = inspector.isUpgradeFinalized();
  // 获取 FSImage 文件
  List<FSImageFile> imageFiles = inspector.getLatestImages();
  StartupProgress prog = NameNode.getStartupProgress();
  prog.beginPhase(Phase.LOADING FSIMAGE);
  File phaseFile = imageFiles.get(0).getFile();
  prog.setFile(Phase.LOADING FSIMAGE, phaseFile.getAbsolutePath());
  prog.setSize(Phase.LOADING_FSIMAGE, phaseFile.length());
  boolean needToSave = inspector.needToSave();
  Iterable<EditLogInputStream> editStreams = null;
  // 初始化 EditLog (NameNode 本地和 JournalNode)
  initEditLog(startOpt);
  if (NameNodeLayoutVersion.supports(
       LayoutVersion.Feature.TXID BASED LAYOUT, getLayoutVersion())) {
    // If we're open for write, we're either non-HA or we're the active NN, so
    // we better be able to load all the edits. If we're the standby NN, it's
    // OK to not be able to read all of edits right now.
    // In the meanwhile, for HA upgrade, we will still write editlog thus need
    // this toAtLeastTxId to be set to the max-seen txid
    // For rollback in rolling upgrade, we need to set the toAtLeastTxId to
    // the txid right before the upgrade marker.
    long toAtLeastTxId = editLog.isOpenForWrite() ? inspector
         .getMaxSeenTxId(): 0;
```

```
if (rollingRollback) {
     // note that the first image in imageFiles is the special checkpoint
     // for the rolling upgrade
     toAtLeastTxId = imageFiles.get(0).getCheckpointTxId() + 2;
  }
  editStreams = editLog.selectInputStreams(
       imageFiles.get(0).getCheckpointTxId() + 1,
       toAtLeastTxId, recovery, false);
} else {
  editStreams = FSImagePreTransactionalStorageInspector
     .getEditLogStreams(storage);
}
int maxOpSize = conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_OP_SIZE_KEY,
     DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MAX_OP_SIZE_DEFAULT);
for (EditLogInputStream elis : editStreams) {
  elis.setMaxOpSize(maxOpSize);
}
for (EditLogInputStream I : editStreams) {
  LOG.debug("Planning to load edit log stream: " + I);
}
if (!editStreams.iterator().hasNext()) {
  LOG.info("No edit log streams selected.");
}
FSImageFile imageFile = null;
for (int i = 0; i < imageFiles.size(); i++) {
  try {
     imageFile = imageFiles.get(i);
     // 加载 fsimage
     loadFSImageFile(target, recovery, imageFile, startOpt);
     break;
  } catch (IllegalReservedPathException ie) {
     throw new IOException("Failed to load image from " + imageFile,
          ie);
  } catch (Exception e) {
     LOG.error("Failed to load image from " + imageFile, e);
     target.clear();
     imageFile = null;
  }
}
// Failed to load any images, error out
if (imageFile == null) {
  FSEditLog.closeAllStreams(editStreams);
```

```
throw new IOException("Failed to load FSImage file, see error(s) " +
          "above for more info.");
  prog.endPhase(Phase.LOADING FSIMAGE);
  if (!rollingRollback) {
     // 加载 editlog
     long txnsAdvanced = loadEdits(editStreams, target, Long.MAX_VALUE,
         startOpt, recovery);
     needToSave |= needsResaveBasedOnStaleCheckpoint(imageFile.getFile(),
         txnsAdvanced);
  } else {
     // Trigger the rollback for rolling upgrade. Here lastAppliedTxId equals
     // to the last txid in rollback fsimage.
     rollingRollback(lastAppliedTxId + 1, imageFiles.get(0).getCheckpointTxId());
     needToSave = false:
  editLog.setNextTxId(lastAppliedTxId + 1);
  return needToSave;
}
```

3.3.4.2.4.1 初始化 EditLog (NameNode 本地和 JournalNode)

```
public void initEditLog(StartupOption startOpt) throws IOException {
    Preconditions.checkState(getNamespaceID() != 0,
         "Must know namespace ID before initting edit log");
    String nameserviceId = DFSUtil.getNamenodeNameServiceId(conf);
    if (!HAUtil.isHAEnabled(conf, nameserviceId)) {
       // If this NN is not HA
       editLog.initJournalsForWrite();
       editLog.recoverUnclosedStreams();
    } else if (HAUtil.isHAEnabled(conf, nameserviceId)
         && (startOpt == StartupOption.UPGRADE
              || startOpt == StartupOption.UPGRADEONLY
              | | RollingUpgradeStartupOption.ROLLBACK.matches(startOpt))) {
       // This NN is HA, but we're doing an upgrade or a rollback of rolling
       // upgrade so init the edit log for write.
       editLog.initJournalsForWrite();
       if (startOpt == StartupOption.UPGRADE
            || startOpt == StartupOption.UPGRADEONLY) {
         long sharedLogCTime = editLog.getSharedLogCTime();
         if (this.storage.getCTime() < sharedLogCTime) {</pre>
            throw new IOException("It looks like the shared log is already " +
                 "being upgraded but this NN has not been upgraded yet. You " +
```

```
"should restart this NameNode with the '" +
StartupOption.BOOTSTRAPSTANDBY.getName() + "' option to bring " +
"this NN in sync with the other.");
}
editLog.recoverUnclosedStreams();
} else {
// This NN is HA and we're not doing an upgrade.
// 初始化 Editlog 输出流 (包括 本地 editLog 以及 JournalNode)
editLog.initSharedJournalsForRead();
}
}
```

```
public synchronized void initSharedJournalsForRead() {
         if (state == State.OPEN_FOR_READING) {
             LOG.warn("Initializing shared journals for READ, already open for READ",
                      new Exception());
             return;
         }
         Preconditions.checkState(state == State.UNINITIALIZED ||
                  state == State.CLOSED);
         // 初始化 JournalNode 连接信息
         initJournals(
                 // 从配置中获取 key = dfs.namenode.shared.edits.dir
                                                                配置
                                                                                比
                              般
                                    在
                                               hdfs-site.xml
qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
                 this.sharedEditsDirs
        );
        state = State.OPEN_FOR_READING;
```

```
// true
         boolean required = FSNamesystem.getRequiredNamespaceEditsDirs(conf)
                   .contains(u);
         // false
         if (u.getScheme().equals(NNStorage.LOCAL_URI_SCHEME)) {
              StorageDirectory sd = storage.getStorageDirectory(u);
              if (sd != null) {
                   // 创建 FileJournalManager (NameNode 本地 EditLog)
                   journalSet.add(new FileJournalManager(conf, sd, storage),
                             required, sharedEditsDirs.contains(u));
              }
         } else {
              //
              journalSet.add(
                        // 创建 QuorumJournalManager (JournalNode)
                        createJournal(u),
                        // true
                        required,
                        // true
                        sharedEditsDirs.contains(u));
         }
    }
}
if (journalSet.isEmpty()) {
     LOG.error("No edits directories configured!");
}
```

3.3.4.2.4.1.1 创建 FileJournalManager (NameNode 本地 EditLog)

3.3.4.2.4.1.2 创建 QuorumJournalManager (JournalNode)

```
journals.add(jas);
}
```

3.3.4.2.4.2 加载 FSImage

```
void loadFSImageFile(FSNamesystem target, MetaRecoveryContext recovery,
       FSImageFile imageFile, StartupOption startupOption) throws IOException {
    LOG.info("Planning to load image: " + imageFile);
    StorageDirectory sdForProperties = imageFile.sd;
    storage.readProperties(sdForProperties, startupOption);
    if (NameNodeLayoutVersion.supports(
         LayoutVersion.Feature.TXID_BASED_LAYOUT, getLayoutVersion())) {
       // For txid-based layout, we should have a .md5 file
       // next to the image file
       boolean isRollingRollback = RollingUpgradeStartupOption.ROLLBACK
            .matches(startupOption);
       loadFSImage(imageFile.getFile(), target, recovery, isRollingRollback);
    } else if (NameNodeLayoutVersion.supports(
         LayoutVersion.Feature.FSIMAGE CHECKSUM, getLayoutVersion())) {
       // In 0.22, we have the checksum stored in the VERSION file.
       String md5 = storage.getDeprecatedProperty(
            NNStorage.DEPRECATED MESSAGE DIGEST PROPERTY);
       if (md5 == null) {
         throw new InconsistentFSStateException(sdForProperties.getRoot(),
              "Message digest property " +
              NNStorage.DEPRECATED MESSAGE DIGEST PROPERTY +
              " not set for storage directory " + sdForProperties.getRoot());
       }
       // 执行
       loadFSImage(imageFile.getFile(), new MD5Hash(md5), target, recovery,
            false);
    } else {
       // We don't have any record of the md5sum
       loadFSImage(imageFile.getFile(), null, target, recovery, false);
```

3.3.4.2.4.3 加载 EditLog

```
StartupProgress prog = NameNode.getStartupProgress();
prog.beginPhase(Phase.LOADING_EDITS);
long prevLastAppliedTxId = lastAppliedTxId;
long remainingReadTxns = maxTxnsToRead;
try {
  // 创建 FSEditLogLoader
  FSEditLogLoader loader = new FSEditLogLoader(target, lastAppliedTxId);
  // Load latest edits
  for (EditLogInputStream editIn : editStreams) {
     LogAction logAction = loadEditLogHelper.record();
     if (logAction.shouldLog()) {
       String logSuppressed = "";
       if (logAction.getCount() > 1) {
          logSuppressed = "; suppressed logging for " +
               (logAction.getCount() - 1) + " edit reads";
       }
       LOG.info("Reading " + editIn + " expecting start txid #" +
            (lastAppliedTxId + 1) + logSuppressed);
     }
     try {
       // 执行
       remainingReadTxns -= loader.loadFSEdits(editIn, lastAppliedTxId + 1,
                 remainingReadTxns, startOpt, recovery);
     } finally {
       // Update lastAppliedTxId even in case of error, since some ops may
       // have been successfully applied before the error.
       lastAppliedTxId = loader.getLastAppliedTxId();
     // If we are in recovery mode, we may have skipped over some txids.
     if (editIn.getLastTxId() != HdfsServerConstants.INVALID TXID
          && recovery != null) {
       lastAppliedTxId = editIn.getLastTxId();
     if (remainingReadTxns <= 0) {</pre>
       break;
    }
  }
} finally {
  FSEditLog.closeAllStreams(editStreams);
prog.endPhase(Phase.LOADING_EDITS);
return lastAppliedTxId - prevLastAppliedTxId;
```

}

3.3.4.3 创建 NameNodeRpcServer

```
* Create the RPC server implementation. Used as an extension point for the
* BackupNode.
*/
protected NameNodeRpcServer createRpcServer(Configuration conf)
throws IOException {
// 创建 NameNodeRpcServer
return new NameNodeRpcServer(conf, this);
}
```

NameNodeRpcServer 实现如下协议

```
NameNodeRpcServer implements NamenodeProtocols
extends ClientProtocol,

DatanodeProtocol,
DatanodeLifelineProtocol,
NamenodeProtocol,
RefreshAuthorizationPolicyProtocol,
ReconfigurationProtocol,
RefreshUserMappingsProtocol,
RefreshCallQueueProtocol,
GenericRefreshProtocol,
GetUserMappingsProtocol,
HAServiceProtocol,
TraceAdminProtocol {
}
```

```
int handlerCount =
        conf.getInt(DFS_NAMENODE_HANDLER_COUNT_KEY,
                  DFS NAMENODE HANDLER COUNT DEFAULT);
// 注册 Rpc 协议 ClientProtocol (NameNodeRpcServer 实现该接口)
// 客户端 (编写用户代码上传/下载文件) 与 NameNode 通讯协议
RPC.setProtocolEngine(conf, ClientNamenodeProtocolPB.class,
         ProtobufRpcEngine.class);
ClientNamenodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB
        clientProtocolServerTranslator =
         new ClientNamenodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
BlockingService clientNNPbService = ClientNamenodeProtocol.
         newReflectiveBlockingService(clientProtocolServerTranslator);
// 一次 RPC Request 数据包最大长度
// key = ipc.maximum.data.length = ipc.maximum.data.length
int maxDataLength = conf.getInt(IPC_MAXIMUM_DATA_LENGTH,
         IPC_MAXIMUM_DATA_LENGTH_DEFAULT);
// NameNodeRpcServer 实现 DatanodeProtocol 接口协议
// 该接口协议与 DataNode 通讯
// Protocol that a DFS datanode uses to communicate with the NameNode
// It's used to upload current load information and block reports
DatanodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB dnProtoPbTranslator =
         new DatanodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this, maxDataLength);
BlockingService dnProtoPbService = DatanodeProtocolService
         .newReflectiveBlockingService(dnProtoPbTranslator);
// Protocol used by a DataNode to send lifeline messages to a NameNode.
DatanodeLifelineProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB lifelineProtoPbTranslator =
         new DatanodeLifelineProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
BlockingService lifelineProtoPbService = DatanodeLifelineProtocolService
         .newReflectiveBlockingService(lifelineProtoPbTranslator);
// Protocol that a secondary NameNode uses to communicate with the NameNode
// It's used to get part of the name node state
NamenodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB namenodeProtocolXlator =
         new NamenodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
BlockingService NNPbService = NamenodeProtocolService
         .newReflectiveBlockingService(namenodeProtocolXlator);
RefreshAuthorizationPolicyProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB refreshAuthPolicyXlator =
         new RefreshAuthorizationPolicyProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
BlockingService refreshAuthService = RefreshAuthorizationPolicyProtocolService
```

```
.newReflectiveBlockingService(refreshAuthPolicyXlator);
         RefreshUserMappingsProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB refreshUserMappingXlator =
                  new RefreshUserMappingsProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService refreshUserMappingService = RefreshUserMappingsProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(refreshUserMappingXlator);
         RefreshCallQueueProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB refreshCallQueueXlator =
                  new RefreshCallQueueProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService refreshCallQueueService = RefreshCallQueueProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(refreshCallQueueXlator);
         GenericRefreshProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB genericRefreshXlator =
                  new GenericRefreshProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService genericRefreshService = GenericRefreshProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(genericRefreshXlator);
         GetUserMappingsProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB getUserMappingXlator =
                  new GetUserMappingsProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService getUserMappingService = GetUserMappingsProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(getUserMappingXlator);
         // 与 ZKFC 通讯协议接口
         // Protocol interface that provides High Availability related primitives to
         // monitor and fail-over the service.
         HAServiceProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB haServiceProtocolXlator =
                  new HAServiceProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService haPbService = HAServiceProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(haServiceProtocolXlator);
         Reconfiguration Protocol Server Side Translator PB\ reconfiguration Protocol X lator
                  = new ReconfigurationProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService reconfigurationPbService = ReconfigurationProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(reconfigurationProtocolXlator);
         TraceAdminProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB traceAdminXlator =
                  new TraceAdminProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService traceAdminService = TraceAdminService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(traceAdminXlator);
         // 默认返回 null (因为没有在 hdfs-site.xml 配置
dfs.namenode.servicerpc-address.mycluster.nn1 value = hj101:53310)
         // 如果配置了 返回 hj101:53310
         InetSocketAddress serviceRpcAddr = nn.getServiceRpcServerAddress(conf);
```

```
if (serviceRpcAddr != null) {
              String bindHost = nn.getServiceRpcServerBindHost(conf);
              if (bindHost == null) {
                  bindHost = serviceRpcAddr.getHostName();
              }
              LOG.info("Service RPC server is binding to " + bindHost + ":" +
                       serviceRpcAddr.getPort());
              // ServiceRpcServer Handler 线程个数 默认值 10
              int serviceHandlerCount =
                       conf.getInt(DFS_NAMENODE_SERVICE_HANDLER_COUNT_KEY,
                                 DFS_NAMENODE_SERVICE_HANDLER_COUNT_DEFAULT);
              // 创建 ServiceRpcServer 并绑定一堆协议
              serviceRpcServer = new RPC.Builder(conf)
                       .setProtocol(
org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.protocolPB.ClientNamenodeProtocolPB.class)
                       .setInstance(clientNNPbService)
                       .setBindAddress(bindHost)
                       .setPort(serviceRpcAddr.getPort())
                       .setNumHandlers(serviceHandlerCount)
                       .setVerbose(false)
                       .setSecretManager(namesystem.getDelegationTokenSecretManager())
                       .build();
              // Add all the RPC protocols that the namenode implements
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, HAServiceProtocolPB.class, haPbService,
                       serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, ReconfigurationProtocolPB.class,
                       reconfigurationPbService, serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, NamenodeProtocolPB.class, NNPbService,
                       serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, DatanodeProtocolPB.class, dnProtoPbService,
                       serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, RefreshAuthorizationPolicyProtocolPB.class,
                       refreshAuthService, serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, RefreshUserMappingsProtocolPB.class,
                       refreshUserMappingService, serviceRpcServer);
              // We support Refreshing call queue here in case the client RPC queue is full
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, RefreshCallQueueProtocolPB.class,
                       refreshCallQueueService, serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, GenericRefreshProtocolPB.class,
                       genericRefreshService, serviceRpcServer);
```

```
DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, GetUserMappingsProtocolPB.class,
                       getUserMappingService, serviceRpcServer);
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, TraceAdminProtocolPB.class,
                       traceAdminService, serviceRpcServer);
              // Update the address with the correct port
              InetSocketAddress listenAddr = serviceRpcServer.getListenerAddress();
              serviceRPCAddress = new InetSocketAddress(
                       serviceRpcAddr.getHostName(), listenAddr.getPort());
              // set key = dfs.namenode.servicerpc-address value = hj101:53310
              nn.setRpcServiceServerAddress(conf, serviceRPCAddress);
         } else {
              serviceRpcServer = null;
              serviceRPCAddress = null;
         }
         // 类似与 ServiceRpcServer
               默 认 返 回
                                                    果在
                                                                                           置
                                                                     hdfs-site.xml
                                                                                     配
                                        null
                                                如
dfs.namenode.lifeline.rpc-address.mycluster.nn1 = xxx
         InetSocketAddress lifelineRpcAddr = nn.getLifelineRpcServerAddress(conf);
         if (lifelineRpcAddr != null) {
              RPC.setProtocolEngine(conf, HAServiceProtocolPB.class,
                       ProtobufRpcEngine.class);
              String bindHost = nn.getLifelineRpcServerBindHost(conf);
              if (bindHost == null) {
                   bindHost = lifelineRpcAddr.getHostName();
              }
              LOG.info("Lifeline RPC server is binding to {}:{}", bindHost,
                       lifelineRpcAddr.getPort());
              int lifelineHandlerCount = conf.getInt(
                       DFS_NAMENODE_LIFELINE_HANDLER_COUNT_KEY, 0);
              if (lifelineHandlerCount <= 0) {
                  float lifelineHandlerRatio = conf.getFloat(
                            DFS_NAMENODE_LIFELINE_HANDLER_RATIO_KEY,
                            DFS_NAMENODE_LIFELINE_HANDLER_RATIO_DEFAULT);
                  lifelineHandlerCount = Math.max(
                            (int) (handlerCount * lifelineHandlerRatio), 1);
              lifelineRpcServer = new RPC.Builder(conf)
                       .setProtocol(HAServiceProtocolPB.class)
                       .setInstance(haPbService)
                       .setBindAddress(bindHost)
```

```
.setPort(lifelineRpcAddr.getPort())
                        .setNumHandlers(lifelineHandlerCount)
                        .setVerbose(false)
                        .setSecretManager(namesystem.getDelegationTokenSecretManager())
                        .build();
              DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, DatanodeLifelineProtocolPB.class,
                        lifelineProtoPbService, lifelineRpcServer);
              // Update the address with the correct port
              InetSocketAddress listenAddr = lifelineRpcServer.getListenerAddress();
              lifelineRPCAddress = new InetSocketAddress(lifelineRpcAddr.getHostName(),
                        listenAddr.getPort());
              nn.setRpcLifelineServerAddress(conf, lifelineRPCAddress);
         } else {
              lifelineRpcServer = null;
              lifelineRPCAddress = null;
         }
         // 返回 hj101:8020
         InetSocketAddress rpcAddr = nn.getRpcServerAddress(conf);
         // null
         String bindHost = nn.getRpcServerBindHost(conf);
         if (bindHost == null) {
              bindHost = rpcAddr.getHostName();
         // RPC server is binding to hj101:8020
         LOG.info("RPC server is binding to " + bindHost + ":" + rpcAddr.getPort());
         // 创建 RPC Server 并绑定一推协议
         clientRpcServer = new RPC.Builder(conf)
                   .setProtocol(
org. apache. hadoop. hdfs. protocol PB. Client Nameno de Protocol PB. class)\\
                   .setInstance(clientNNPbService)
                   .setBindAddress(bindHost)
                   .setPort(rpcAddr.getPort())
                   .setNumHandlers(handlerCount)
                   .setVerbose(false)
                   .setSecretManager(namesystem.getDelegationTokenSecretManager())
                   .setAlignmentContext(new GlobalStateIdContext(namesystem))
                   .build();
         // Add all the RPC protocols that the namenode implements
```

```
DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, HAServiceProtocolPB.class, haPbService,
                   clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, ReconfigurationProtocolPB.class,
                   reconfigurationPbService, clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, NamenodeProtocolPB.class, NNPbService,
                   clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, DatanodeProtocolPB.class, dnProtoPbService,
                   clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, RefreshAuthorizationPolicyProtocolPB.class,
                   refreshAuthService, clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, RefreshUserMappingsProtocolPB.class,
                   refreshUserMappingService, clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.add PBP rotocol (conf, Refresh Call Queue Protocol PB. class, \\
                   refreshCallQueueService, clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, GenericRefreshProtocolPB.class,
                   genericRefreshService, clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, GetUserMappingsProtocolPB.class,
                   getUserMappingService, clientRpcServer);
         DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(conf, TraceAdminProtocolPB.class,
                   traceAdminService, clientRpcServer);
         // set service-level authorization security policy
         if (serviceAuthEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                             CommonConfigurationKeys.HADOOP_SECURITY_AUTHORIZATION,
false)) {
              clientRpcServer.refreshServiceAcl(conf, new HDFSPolicyProvider());
              if (serviceRpcServer != null) {
                   serviceRpcServer.refreshServiceAcl(conf, new HDFSPolicyProvider());
              }
              if (lifelineRpcServer != null) {
                   lifelineRpcServer.refreshServiceAcl(conf, new HDFSPolicyProvider());
              }
         }
         // The rpc-server port can be ephemeral... ensure we have the correct info
         InetSocketAddress listenAddr = clientRpcServer.getListenerAddress();
         clientRpcAddress = new InetSocketAddress(
                   rpcAddr.getHostName(), listenAddr.getPort());
         // set fs.defaultFS = hdfs://hj101:8020
         nn.setRpcServerAddress(conf, clientRpcAddress);
         minimumDataNodeVersion = conf.get(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE MIN SUPPORTED DATANODE VERSION KEY,
```

```
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_MIN_SUPPORTED_DATANODE_VERSION_DEFAULT);
                                  defaultECPolicyName = conf.getTrimmed(
                                                                     DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EC_SYSTEM_DEFAULT_POLICY,
                                                                     DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EC_SYSTEM_DEFAULT_POLICY_DEFAULT);
                                  // Set terse exception whose stack trace won't be logged
                                  client Rpc Server. add Terse Exceptions (Safe Mode Exception. class, the same statement of the same statemen
                                                                     FileNotFoundException.class,
                                                                     HadoopIllegalArgumentException.class,
                                                                     FileAlreadyExistsException.class,
                                                                     InvalidPathException.class,
                                                                     ParentNotDirectoryException.class,
                                                                     UnresolvedLinkException.class,
                                                                     AlreadyBeingCreatedException.class,
                                                                     QuotaExceededException.class,
                                                                     RecoveryInProgressException.class,
                                                                     AccessControlException.class,
                                                                     InvalidToken.class,
                                                                     LeaseExpiredException.class,
                                                                     NSQuotaExceededException.class,
                                                                     DSQuotaExceededException.class,
                                                                     QuotaByStorageTypeExceededException.class,
                                                                     AclException.class,
                                                                     FSLimitException.PathComponentTooLongException.class,
                                                                     FSLimitException.MaxDirectoryItemsExceededException.class);
                                  client Rpc Server. add Suppressed Logging Exceptions (Standby Exception. class, and the suppressed Logging Exceptions) and the suppressed Logging Exceptions (Standby Exception). The suppressed Logging Exceptions (Standby Exception) and the suppressed Logging Exceptions (Standby Exception). The suppressed Logging Exceptions (Standby Exception) and the suppressed Logging Exceptions (Standby Exception). The suppressed Logging Exception (Standby Exception) and the suppressed Logging Exception (Standby Exception). The suppressed Logging Exception (Standby Exception) and the suppressed Logging Exception (Standby Exception). The suppressed Logging Exception (Standby Exception) and the suppressed Logging Exception (Standby Exceptio
                                                                      UnresolvedPathException.class);
                                  clientRpcServer.setTracer(nn.tracer);
                                  if (serviceRpcServer != null) {
                                                    serviceRpcServer.setTracer(nn.tracer);
                                  if (lifelineRpcServer != null) {
                                                    lifelineRpcServer.setTracer(nn.tracer);
                                  }
                                  int[] auxiliaryPorts =
                                                                     conf.getInts(DFS_NAMENODE_RPC_ADDRESS_AUXILIARY_KEY);
                                  if (auxiliaryPorts != null && auxiliaryPorts.length != 0) {
                                                    for (int auxiliaryPort : auxiliaryPorts) {
                                                                     this.clientRpcServer.addAuxiliaryListener(auxiliaryPort);
```

```
}
}
```

3.3.4.3.1 创建 ServiceRpcServer 并绑定一堆协议

3.3.4.3.2 创建 ClientRpcServer 并绑定一推协议

3.3.4.4 启动公共组件

```
/**
     * Start the services common to active and standby states
    private void startCommonServices(Configuration conf) throws IOException {
         // 启动 FSNamesystem 公共服务
         namesystem.startCommonServices(conf, haContext);
         registerNNSMXBean();
         if (NamenodeRole.NAMENODE != role) {
             startHttpServer(conf);
              httpServer.setNameNodeAddress(getNameNodeAddress());
              httpServer.setFSImage(getFSImage());
         }
         // 启动 NameNodeRpcServer (clientRpcServer 或者 serviceRpcServer)
         rpcServer.start();
         try {
              plugins = conf.getInstances(DFS_NAMENODE_PLUGINS_KEY,
                       ServicePlugin.class);
         } catch (RuntimeException e) {
             String pluginsValue = conf.get(DFS_NAMENODE_PLUGINS_KEY);
              LOG.error("Unable to load NameNode plugins. Specified list of plugins: " +
                       pluginsValue, e);
             throw e;
         for (ServicePlugin p : plugins) {
             try {
                  p.start(this);
             } catch (Throwable t) {
                  LOG.warn("ServicePlugin " + p + " could not be started", t);
```

3.3.4.4.1 启动 FSNamesystem 公共服务

```
/**
     * Start services common to both active and standby states
     */
    void startCommonServices(Configuration conf, HAContext haContext) throws IOException {
        this.registerMBean(); // register the MBean for the FSNamesystemState
        writeLock();
        this.haContext = haContext;
        try {
             // 创建资源检查对象 NameNodeResourceChecker
             nnResourceChecker = new NameNodeResourceChecker(conf);
             // 判断 NameNode 元数据存储目录磁盘空间是否大于 100 MB
             checkAvailableResources();
             assert !blockManager.isPopulatingReplQueues();
             StartupProgress prog = NameNode.getStartupProgress();
             prog.beginPhase(Phase.SAFEMODE);
             // 根据 NameNode 元数据计算 completeBlock 个数
             long completeBlocksTotal = getCompleteBlocksTotal();
             prog.setTotal(Phase.SAFEMODE, STEP_AWAITING_REPORTED_BLOCKS,
                      completeBlocksTotal);
             // 激活 BlockManager
             blockManager.activate(conf, completeBlocksTotal);
        } finally {
             writeUnlock("startCommonServices");
        }
        registerMXBean();
        DefaultMetricsSystem.instance().register(this);
        if (inodeAttributeProvider != null) {
             inodeAttributeProvider.start();
```

3.3.4.4.1.1 创建资源检查对象 NameNodeResourceChecker

```
/**
     * Create a NameNodeResourceChecker, which will check the edits dirs and any
     * additional dirs to check set in <code>conf</code>.
     */
    public NameNodeResourceChecker(Configuration conf) throws IOException {
         this.conf = conf;
         // 初始化卷 (NameNode 元数据存储目录)
         volumes = new HashMap<String, CheckedVolume>();
         // 默认 100MB
         duReserved = conf.getLong(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DU_RESERVED_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DU_RESERVED_DEFAULT);
         // key = dfs.namenode.resource.checked.volumes 默认值空
         Collection<URI> extraCheckedVolumes = Util.stringCollectionAsURIs(conf
                  .getTrimmedStringCollection(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_CHECKED_VOL
UMES_KEY));
         // file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
         Collection<URI> localEditDirs = Collections2.filter(
                  // 1 qjournal://hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
                 // 2 file:///tmp/hadoop/dfs/name
                  FSNamesystem.getNamespaceEditsDirs(conf),
                  new Predicate<URI>() {
                      @Override
                      public boolean apply(URI input) {
                           if (input.getScheme().equals(NNStorage.LOCAL_URI_SCHEME)) {
                               return true;
                           return false;
                      }
                  });
```

```
// Add all the local edits dirs, marking some as required if they are
// configured as such.
for (URI editsDirToCheck : localEditDirs) {
    // 往 volumes 添加检查目录
    addDirToCheck(editsDirToCheck,
             // true
             FSNamesystem.getRequiredNamespaceEditsDirs(conf).contains(
                      editsDirToCheck));
}
// All extra checked volumes are marked "required"
for (URI extraDirToCheck : extraCheckedVolumes) {
    addDirToCheck(extraDirToCheck, true);
}
// 1
minimumRedundantVolumes = conf.getInt(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE CHECKED VOLUMES MINIMUM KEY,
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_CHECKED_VOLUMES_MINIMUM_DEFAULT);
```

```
/**
      * Add the volume of the passed-in directory to the list of volumes to check.
      * If <code>required</code> is true, and this volume is already present, but
      * is marked redundant, it will be marked required. If the volume is already
      * present but marked required then this method is a no-op.
      * @param directoryToCheck The directory whose volume will be checked for available
space.
      */
    private void addDirToCheck(URI directoryToCheck, boolean required)
              throws IOException {
         File dir = new File(directoryToCheck.getPath());
         if (!dir.exists()) {
              throw new IOException("Missing directory " + dir.getAbsolutePath());
         }
         CheckedVolume newVolume = new CheckedVolume(dir, required);
         CheckedVolume volume = volumes.get(newVolume.getVolume());
         if (volume == null | | !volume.isRequired()) {
              volumes.put(newVolume.getVolume(), newVolume);
         }
```

3.3.4.4.1.2 判断 NameNode 元数据存储目录磁盘空间是否大于 100 MB

```
***

* Return true if disk space is available on at least one of the configured

* redundant volumes, and all of the configured required volumes.

*

* @return True if the configured amount of disk space is available on at

* least one redundant volume and all of the required volumes, false

* otherwise.

*/

public boolean hasAvailableDiskSpace() {

// 往下追

return NameNodeResourcePolicy.areResourcesAvailable(volumes.values(),

minimumRedundantVolumes);
}
```

```
***

* Return true if and only if there are sufficient NN

* resources to continue logging edits.

*

* @param resources the collection of resources to check.

* @param minimumRedundantResources the minimum number of redundant resources

* required to continue operation.

* @return true if and only if there are sufficient NN resources to

* continue logging edits.

*/

static boolean areResourcesAvailable(

Collection<? extends CheckableNameNodeResource> resources,
    int minimumRedundantResources) {

// TODO: workaround:

// - during startup, if there are no edits dirs on disk, then there is
```

```
// a call to areResourcesAvailable() with no dirs at all, which was
  // previously causing the NN to enter safemode
  if (resources.isEmpty()) {
    return true;
  }
  int requiredResourceCount = 0;
  int redundantResourceCount = 0;
  int disabledRedundantResourceCount = 0;
  // 遍历 NamNode 元数据存储目录
  for (CheckableNameNodeResource resource : resources) {
    if (!resource.isRequired()) {
       redundantResourceCount++;
       if (!resource.isResourceAvailable()) {
         disabledRedundantResourceCount++;
      }
    } else {
       requiredResourceCount++;
       // 判断 NamNode 元数据存储目录存储空间是否大于等于 100 MB
       if (!resource.isResourceAvailable()) {
         // Short circuit - a required resource is not available.
         return false;
      }
    }
  }
  if (redundantResourceCount == 0) {
    // If there are no redundant resources, return true if there are any
    // required resources available.
    return requiredResourceCount > 0;
  } else {
    return redundantResourceCount - disabledRedundantResourceCount >=
         minimumRedundantResources;
  }
}
```

3.3.4.4.1.3 根据 NameNode 元数据计算 completeBlock 个数

```
/**

* Get the total number of COMPLETE blocks in the system.

* For safe mode only complete blocks are counted.

* This is invoked only during NN startup and checkpointing.

*/
public long getCompleteBlocksTotal() {
```

```
// Calculate number of blocks under construction
long numUCBlocks = 0;
readLock();
try {
    // 获取 ConstructionBlock 个数
    numUCBlocks = leaseManager.getNumUnderConstructionBlocks();
    // CompleteBlock = BlocksTotal - ConstructionBlock
    return getBlocksTotal() - numUCBlocks;
} finally {
    readUnlock("getCompleteBlocksTotal");
}
```

```
/**
   * This method iterates through all the leases and counts the number of blocks
   * which are not COMPLETE. The FSNamesystem read lock MUST be held before
   * calling this method.
   */
  synchronized long getNumUnderConstructionBlocks() {
    assert this.fsnamesystem.hasReadLock(): "The FSNamesystem read lock wasn't"
      + "acquired before counting under construction blocks";
    long numUCBlocks = 0;
    // 遍历文件
    for (Long id : getINodeldWithLeases()) {
      // 从 FSDirectory 获取 Inode 表示一个文件
      INode inode = fsnamesystem.getFSDirectory().getInode(id);
      if (inode == null) {
         // The inode could have been deleted after getINodeIdWithLeases() is
         // called, check here, and ignore it if so
         LOG.warn("Failed to find inode {} in getNumUnderConstructionBlocks().",
              id);
         continue;
      }
      final INodeFile cons = inode.asFile();
      // 判断该文件是否处于 UnderConstruction
      if (!cons.isUnderConstruction()) {
         LOG.warn("The file {} is not under construction but has lease.",
             cons.getFullPathName());
         continue;
      }
      // 获取该文件的 Block 个数
      BlockInfo[] blocks = cons.getBlocks();
      if(blocks == null) {
```

```
continue;
}
for(BlockInfo b : blocks) {
    if(!b.isComplete()) {
        // 该文件的其中一个 Block 处于 UnderConstruction
        numUCBlocks++;
    }
}
LOG.info("Number of blocks under construction: {}", numUCBlocks);
return numUCBlocks;
}
```

```
/**

* Get the total number of blocks in the system.

*/

@Override // FSNamesystemMBean

@Metric

public long getBlocksTotal() {

return blockManager.getTotalBlocks();

}
```

3.3.4.4.1.4 激活 BlockManager

```
public void activate(Configuration conf, long blockTotal) {

// 启动 PendingReconstructionMonitor 线程
pendingReconstruction.start();

// 激活 DataNodeManager
datanodeManager.activate(conf);

// 启动 RedundancyMonitor 线程
this.redundancyThread.setName("RedundancyMonitor");
this.redundancyThread.start();

// 启动 StorageInfoDefragmenter 线程
storageInfoDefragmenterThread.setName("StorageInfoMonitor");
storageInfoDefragmenterThread.start();

// 启动 BlockReportProcessingThread 线程
this.blockReportThread.start();

mxBeanName = MBeans.register("NameNode", "BlockStats", this);
```

```
// Initialize the safe mode information
// 检查 DataNode 的 Block 上报情况 可能进入安全模式
bmSafeMode.activate(blockTotal);
}
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.1 启动 PendingReconstructionMonitor 线程

```
/*
  * A periodic thread that scans for blocks that never finished
  * their reconstruction request.
  */
class PendingReconstructionMonitor implements Runnable {
  @Override
  public void run() {
    while (fsRunning) {
        long period = Math.min(DEFAULT_RECHECK_INTERVAL, timeout);
        try {
            pendingReconstructionCheck();
            Thread.sleep(period);
        } catch (InterruptedException ie) {
            LOG.debug("PendingReconstructionMonitor thread is interrupted.", ie);
        }
    }
    }
}
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.2 激活 DataNodeManager

```
void activate(final Configuration conf) {
    // start the DataNode admin monitor thread
    datanodeAdminManager.activate(conf);

    // 激活 HeartbeatManager
    heartbeatManager.activate();
}
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.2.1 启动 DataNode 管理者线程

org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.blockmanagement.DatanodeAdminManager

```
/**

* Start the DataNode admin monitor thread.

* @param conf

*/

void activate(Configuration conf) {

final int intervalSecs = (int) conf.getTimeDuration(

DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_INTERVAL_KEY,
```

```
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_INTERVAL_DEFAULT,
        TimeUnit.SECONDS);
    checkArgument(intervalSecs >= 0, "Cannot set a negative " +
         "value for " + DFSConfigKeys.DFS NAMENODE DECOMMISSION INTERVAL KEY);
    int blocksPerInterval = conf.getInt(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_BLOCKS_PER_INTERVAL_KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_BLOCKS_PER_INTERVAL_DEFAULT);
    final String deprecatedKey =
         "dfs.namenode.decommission.nodes.per.interval";
    final String strNodes = conf.get(deprecatedKey);
    if (strNodes != null) {
      LOG.warn("Deprecated configuration key {} will be ignored.",
           deprecatedKey);
      LOG.warn("Please update your configuration to use {} instead.",
           DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_BLOCKS_PER_INTERVAL_KEY);
    }
    checkArgument(blocksPerInterval > 0,
         "Must set a positive value for "
        + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_BLOCKS_PER_INTERVAL_KEY);
    final int maxConcurrentTrackedNodes = conf.getInt(
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_MAX_CONCURRENT_TRACKED_NODES,
         DFSConfigKeys
             .DFS NAMENODE DECOMMISSION MAX CONCURRENT TRACKED NODES DEFA
ULT);
    checkArgument(maxConcurrentTrackedNodes >= 0, "Cannot set a negative " +
         "value for "
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_DECOMMISSION_MAX_CONCURRENT_TRACKED_NODES);
    // 定时调度 Monitor 线程
    monitor = new Monitor(blocksPerInterval, maxConcurrentTrackedNodes);
    executor.scheduleAtFixedRate(monitor, intervalSecs, intervalSecs,
        TimeUnit.SECONDS);
    LOG.debug("Activating DatanodeAdminManager with interval {} seconds, " +
             "{} max blocks per interval, " +
             "{} max concurrently tracked nodes.", intervalSecs,
        blocksPerInterval, maxConcurrentTrackedNodes);
```

```
@Override
    public void run() {
      LOG.debug("DatanodeAdminMonitor is running.");
      if (!namesystem.isRunning()) {
         LOG.info("Namesystem is not running, skipping " +
              "decommissioning/maintenance checks.");
         return;
      }
      // Reset the checked count at beginning of each iteration
      numBlocksChecked = 0;
      numBlocksCheckedPerLock = 0;
      numNodesChecked = 0;
      // Check decommission or maintenance progress.
      namesystem.writeLock();
      try {
         processPendingNodes();
         check();
      } catch (Exception e) {
         LOG.warn("DatanodeAdminMonitor caught exception when processing node.",
      } finally {
         namesystem.writeUnlock();
      }
      if (numBlocksChecked + numNodesChecked > 0) {
         LOG.info("Checked {} blocks and {} nodes this tick", numBlocksChecked,
              numNodesChecked);
      }
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.2.2 激活 HeartbeatManager 并检查 DataNode 的心跳

```
// 启动 DataNode 心跳检查服务 也即调用 Monitor 线程的 run()
heartbeatThread.start();
}
```

org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.blockmanagement.HeartbeatManager

```
* Periodically check heartbeat and update block key
private class Monitor implements Runnable {
    private long lastHeartbeatCheck;
    private long lastBlockKeyUpdate;
    @Override
    public void run() {
         while (namesystem.isRunning()) {
              // 重设 StopWatch
              restartHeartbeatStopWatch();
              try {
                   final long now = Time.monotonicNow();
                   // 0 + 30s (每隔 30s 执行 heartbeatCheck)
                   if (lastHeartbeatCheck + heartbeatRecheckInterval < now) {</pre>
                        heartbeatCheck();
                       lastHeartbeatCheck = now;
                   if (blockManager.shouldUpdateBlockKey(now - lastBlockKeyUpdate)) {
                        synchronized (HeartbeatManager.this) {
                            for (DatanodeDescriptor d : datanodes) {
                                 d.setNeedKeyUpdate(true);
                        lastBlockKeyUpdate = now;
                   }
              } catch (Exception e) {
                   LOG.error("Exception while checking heartbeat", e);
              }
              try {
                   Thread.sleep(5000); // 5 seconds
              } catch (InterruptedException ignored) {
              }
              // avoid declaring nodes dead for another cycle if a GC pause lasts
              // longer than the node recheck interval
              if (shouldAbortHeartbeatCheck(-5000)) {
                   LOG.warn("Skipping next heartbeat scan due to excessive pause");
                   lastHeartbeatCheck = Time.monotonicNow();
```

```
}
}
}
}
```

```
/**
    * Check if there are any expired heartbeats, and if so,
     * whether any blocks have to be re-replicated.
     * While removing dead datanodes, make sure that only one datanode is marked
     * dead at a time within the synchronized section. Otherwise, a cascading
     * effect causes more datanodes to be declared dead.
    * Check if there are any failed storage and if so,
     * Remove all the blocks on the storage. It also covers the following less
     * common scenarios. After DatanodeStorage is marked FAILED, it is still
    * possible to receive IBR for this storage.
     * 1) DN could deliver IBR for failed storage due to its implementation.
    * a) DN queues a pending IBR request.
     * b) The storage of the block fails.
    * c) DN first sends HB, NN will mark the storage FAILED.
    * d) DN then sends the pending IBR request.
     * 2) SBN processes block request from pendingDNMessages.
    * It is possible to have messages in pendingDNMessages that refer
     * to some failed storage.
    * a) SBN receives a IBR and put it in pendingDNMessages.
    * b) The storage of the block fails.
     * c) Edit log replay get the IBR from pendingDNMessages.
    * Alternatively, we can resolve these scenarios with the following approaches.
    * A. Make sure DN don't deliver IBR for failed storage.
    * B. Remove all blocks in PendingDataNodeMessages for the failed storage
    * when we remove all blocks from BlocksMap for that storage.
     */
   @VisibleForTesting
   void heartbeatCheck() {
        // 获取 DatanodeManager
        final DatanodeManager dm = blockManager.getDatanodeManager();
        // It's OK to check safe mode w/o taking the lock here, we re-check
        // for safe mode after taking the lock before removing a datanode.
        if (namesystem.isInStartupSafeMode()) {
             return;
        }
        boolean allAlive = false;
        while (!allAlive) {
             // locate the first dead node.
```

```
DatanodeDescriptor dead = null;
              // locate the first failed storage that isn't on a dead node.
              DatanodeStorageInfo failedStorage = null;
             // check the number of stale nodes
              int numOfStaleNodes = 0;
              int numOfStaleStorages = 0;
              synchronized (this) {
                  // 遍历每个 DataNode
                  for (DatanodeDescriptor d : datanodes) {
                       // check if an excessive GC pause has occurred
                       if (shouldAbortHeartbeatCheck(0)) {
                           return;
                       }
                       if (dead == null &&
                                // 判断上一次 DataNode 心跳事件是否小于当前时间 -
630s
                                // 如果是 认为该 DataNode 死了
                                dm.isDatanodeDead(d)
                       ) {
                           // 心跳超时计数器加1
                           stats.incrExpiredHeartbeats();
                           dead = d;
                       if (d.isStale(dm.getStaleInterval())) {
                           numOfStaleNodes++;
                       }
                       DatanodeStorageInfo[] storageInfos = d.getStorageInfos();
                       for (DatanodeStorageInfo storageInfo : storageInfos) {
                           if (storageInfo.areBlockContentsStale()) {
                                numOfStaleStorages++;
                           }
                           if (failedStorage == null &&
                                     storageInfo.areBlocksOnFailedStorage() &&
                                     d != dead) {
                                failedStorage = storageInfo;
                           }
                       }
                  }
                  // Set the number of stale nodes in the DatanodeManager
```

```
dm.setNumStaleNodes(numOfStaleNodes);
         dm.setNumStaleStorages(numOfStaleStorages);
    }
     allAlive = dead == null && failedStorage == null;
     if (!allAlive && namesystem.isInStartupSafeMode()) {
         return;
    }
     if (dead != null) {
         // acquire the fsnamesystem lock, and then remove the dead node.
         namesystem.writeLock();
         try {
              // 移除死掉的 DataNode
              dm.removeDeadDatanode(dead, !dead.isMaintenance());
         } finally {
              namesystem.writeUnlock();
         }
    }
     if (failedStorage != null) {
         // acquire the fsnamesystem lock, and remove blocks on the storage.
         namesystem.writeLock();
         try {
              blockManager.removeBlocksAssociatedTo(failedStorage);
         } finally {
              namesystem.writeUnlock();
    }
}
```

```
/** Remove a dead datanode. */
void removeDeadDatanode(final DatanodeID nodeID,
boolean removeBlocksFromBlockMap) {

DatanodeDescriptor d;
try {

// 获取 DatanodeDescriptor
d = getDatanode(nodeID);
} catch (IOException e) {
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.3 启动 RedundancyMonitor 线程

```
/**
      * Periodically calls computeBlockRecoveryWork().
     */
    private class RedundancyMonitor implements Runnable {
         @Override
         public void run() {
              while (namesystem.isRunning()) {
                   try {
                        // Process recovery work only when active NN is out of safe mode.
                        if (isPopulatingReplQueues()) {
                             computeDatanodeWork();
                             processPendingReconstructions();
                             rescanPostponedMisreplicatedBlocks();
                        }
                        TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS.sleep(redundancyRecheckIntervalMs);
                   } catch (Throwable t) {
                        if (!namesystem.isRunning()) {
                             LOG.info("Stopping RedundancyMonitor.");
                             if (!(t instanceof InterruptedException)) {
                                 LOG.info("RedundancyMonitor received an exception"
                                           + " while shutting down.", t);
                            }
                             break;
                        } else if (!checkNSRunning && t instanceof InterruptedException) {
                             LOG.info("Stopping RedundancyMonitor for testing.");
                             break;
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.4 启动 StorageInfoDefragmenter 线程

```
* Runnable that monitors the fragmentation of the StorageInfo TreeSet and
 * compacts it when it falls under a certain threshold.
*/
private class StorageInfoDefragmenter implements Runnable {
    @Override
    public void run() {
         while (namesystem.isRunning()) {
              try {
                   // Check storage efficiency only when active NN is out of safe mode.
                   if (isPopulatingReplQueues()) {
                        scanAndCompactStorages();
                   Thread.sleep(storageInfoDefragmentInterval);
              } catch (Throwable t) {
                   if (!namesystem.isRunning()) {
                        LOG.info("Stopping thread.");
                        if (!(t instanceof InterruptedException)) {
                             LOG.info("Received an exception while shutting down.", t);
                        }
                        break;
                   } else if (!checkNSRunning && t instanceof InterruptedException) {
                        LOG.info("Stopping for testing.");
                        break;
                   }
                   LOG.error("Thread received Runtime exception.", t);
                   terminate(1, t);
              }
         }
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.5 启动 BlockReportProcessingThread 线程

```
private class BlockReportProcessingThread extends Thread {
         private static final long MAX_LOCK_HOLD_MS = 4;
         private long lastFull = 0;
         private final BlockingQueue<Runnable> queue;
         BlockReportProcessingThread(int size) {
              super("Block report processor");
              // 1024
              queue = new ArrayBlockingQueue<>(size);
              setDaemon(true);
         }
         @Override
         public void run() {
              try {
                   processQueue();
              } catch (Throwable t) {
                   ExitUtil.terminate(1,
                             getName() + " encountered fatal exception: " + t);
              }
```

```
private void processQueue() {
              while (namesystem.isRunning()) {
                   NameNodeMetrics metrics = NameNode.getNameNodeMetrics();
                   try {
                        Runnable action = queue.take();
                        // batch as many operations in the write lock until the queue
                        // runs dry, or the max lock hold is reached.
                        int processed = 0;
                        namesystem.writeLock();
                        metrics.setBlockOpsQueued(queue.size() + 1);
                        try {
                             long start = Time.monotonicNow();
                            do {
                                 processed++;
                                 action.run();
                                 if (Time.monotonicNow() - start > MAX_LOCK_HOLD_MS) {
                                      break;
                                 action = queue.poll();
                            } while (action != null);
```

3.3.4.4.1.4.6 检查 DataNode 的 Block 上报情况 可能进入安全模式

```
/**
     * Initialize the safe mode information.
     * @param total initial total blocks
    void activate(long total) {
         assert namesystem.hasWriteLock();
         assert status == BMSafeModeStatus.OFF;
         startTime = monotonicNow();
         //total = CompleteBlocks 个数 假设 1000
         setBlockTotal(total);
         // 判断离开安全模式
         if (areThresholdsMet()) {
              boolean exitResult = leaveSafeMode(false);
              Preconditions.checkState(exitResult, "Failed to leave safe mode.");
         } else {
             // enter safe mode
             // 进入安全模式
             status = BMSafeModeStatus.PENDING_THRESHOLD;
             initializeReplQueuesIfNecessary();
              reportStatus("STATE* Safe mode ON.", true);
             lastStatusReport = monotonicNow();
         }
```

```
* Set total number of blocks.

*/

void setBlockTotal(long total) {
    assert namesystem.hasWriteLock();
    synchronized (this) {
        // 1000
        this.blockTotal = total;
        // 1000 * 0.999 = 999
        this.blockThreshold = (long) (total * threshold);
    }
    // 1000 * 0.999 = 999
    this.blockReplQueueThreshold = (long) (total * replQueueThreshold);
}
```

```
* @return true if both block and datanode threshold are met else false.
     */
    private boolean areThresholdsMet() {
        assert namesystem.hasWriteLock();
        // Calculating the number of live datanodes is time-consuming
        // in large clusters. Skip it when datanodeThreshold is zero.
        int datanodeNum = 0;
        // 0
        // 总是返回 false
        if (datanodeThreshold > 0) {
             datanodeNum = blockManager.getDatanodeManager().getNumLiveDataNodes();
        synchronized (this) {
             return
                     // blockSafe 等待 DataNode 上传 Block
                     // 如果 DataNode 还没有启动 blockSafe = 0 则返回 false
                     // 直到 DataNode 启动并上报其 Block 个数总和大于等于
blockThreshold (CompleteBlock)
                     blockSafe >= blockThreshold
                              // 总是返回 true
                              && datanodeNum >= datanodeThreshold;
        }
```

3.3.4.4.2 启 动 NameNodeRpcServer (clientRpcServer 或 者 serviceRpcServer)

3.3.5 NameNode 进入 Standby 状态

org. a pache. hado op. hdfs. server. name node. ha. Standby State

```
@Override
public void enterState(HAContext context) throws ServiceFailedException {
    try {
        // NameNode 进入 Standby 状态 启动 Standby 对应的服务
        context.startStandbyServices();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        throw new ServiceFailedException("Failed to start standby services", e);
    }
}
```

3.3.5.1 启动 Standby 对应的服务

3.3.5.1.1 NameNode 为 Standby 状态下 启动 FSNamesystem 相关服务

```
* Start services required in standby or observer state
 * @throws IOException
void startStandbyServices(final Configuration conf, boolean isObserver)
         throws IOException {
    LOG.info("Starting services required for " +
              (isObserver? "observer": "standby") + " state");
    // !false = true
    if (!getFSImage().editLog.isOpenForRead()) {
         // During startup, we're already open for read.
         // 初始化 JournalNode 连接信息
         getFSImage().editLog.initSharedJournalsForRead();
    blockManager.setPostponeBlocksFromFuture(true);
    // Disable quota checks while in standby.
    dir.disableQuotaChecks();
    // 创建 EditLogTailer
    editLogTailer = new EditLogTailer(this, conf);
    // 启动 EditLogTailerThread 线程
    editLogTailer.start();
    if (!isObserver && standbyShouldCheckpoint) {
         // 创建 StandbyCheckpointer
         standbyCheckpointer = new StandbyCheckpointer(conf, this);
         // 启动 CheckpointerThread 线程
         standbyCheckpointer.start();
    }
```

3.3.5.1.1.1 初始化 JournalNode 连接信息

```
private synchronized void initJournals(List<URI> dirs) {
         // 1
         int minimumRedundantJournals = conf.getInt(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_MINIMUM_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_MINIMUM_DEFAULT);
         synchronized (journalSetLock) {
             // 创建 JournalSet
             journalSet = new JournalSet(minimumRedundantJournals);
             for (URI u : dirs) {
                  // true
                  boolean required = FSNamesystem.getRequiredNamespaceEditsDirs(conf)
                            .contains(u);
                  // false
                  if (u.getScheme().equals(NNStorage.LOCAL_URI_SCHEME)) {
                       StorageDirectory sd = storage.getStorageDirectory(u);
                       if (sd != null) {
                           journalSet.add(new FileJournalManager(conf, sd, storage),
                                     required, sharedEditsDirs.contains(u));
                       }
                  } else {
                       journalSet.add(
                                // 创建 QuorumJournalManager
                                createJournal(u),
                                // true
                                required,
                                // true
                                sharedEditsDirs.contains(u));
```

```
}
}
if (journalSet.isEmpty()) {
    LOG.error("No edits directories configured!");
}
```

3.3.5.1.1.1.1 创建 QuorumJournalManager

```
/**
      * Construct a custom journal manager.
     * The class to construct is taken from the configuration.
      * @param uri Uri to construct
     * @return The constructed journal manager
      * @throws IllegalArgumentException if no class is configured for uri
     */
    @VisibleForTesting
    JournalManager createJournal(URI uri) {
         // 获取 org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.qjournal.client.QuorumJournalManager.class
         Class<? extends JournalManager> clazz
                  = getJournalClass(conf, uri.getScheme());
         try {
              Constructor<? extends JournalManager> cons
                       = clazz.getConstructor(
                       Configuration.class,
                       URI.class,
                       NamespaceInfo.class,
                       String.class);
              // mycluster
              String nameServiceId = conf.get(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMESERVICE_ID);
              // 调用 QuorumJournalManager 的构造函数 (四个参数的构造函数)
              return cons.newInstance(conf, uri, storage.getNamespaceInfo(),
                       nameServiceId);
         } catch (NoSuchMethodException ne) {
              try {
                  Constructor<? extends JournalManager> cons
                            = clazz.getConstructor(Configuration.class, URI.class,
                            NamespaceInfo.class);
                   return cons.newInstance(conf, uri, storage.getNamespaceInfo());
             } catch (Exception e) {
```

3.3.5.1.1.1.2 初始化 QuorumJournalManager

```
QuorumJournalManager(Configuration conf,
                            URI uri, NamespaceInfo nsInfo, String nameServiceId,
                            AsyncLogger.Factory loggerFactory) throws IOException {
         Preconditions.checkArgument(conf != null, "must be configured");
         this.conf = conf;
         this.uri = uri:
         this.nsInfo = nsInfo;
         this.nameServiceId = nameServiceId;
         // 创建 AsyncLoggerSet
         this.loggers = new AsyncLoggerSet(
                 // 解析 JournalNode 连接地址 创建 IPCLoggerChannel
                  createLoggers(loggerFactory)
         );
         this.maxTxnsPerRpc =
                  conf.getInt(QJM_RPC_MAX_TXNS_KEY, QJM_RPC_MAX_TXNS_DEFAULT);
         Preconditions.checkArgument(maxTxnsPerRpc > 0,
                  "Must specify %s greater than 0!", QJM_RPC_MAX_TXNS_KEY);
         this.inProgressTailingEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_INPROGRESS_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_INPROGRESS_DEFAULT);
         // Configure timeouts.
         this.startSegmentTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
```

```
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_START_SEGMENT_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_START_SEGMENT_TIMEOUT_DEFAULT);
        this.prepareRecoveryTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL PREPARE RECOVERY TIMEOUT KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL PREPARE RECOVERY TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.acceptRecoveryTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL ACCEPT RECOVERY TIMEOUT KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL ACCEPT RECOVERY TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.finalizeSegmentTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_FINALIZE_SEGMENT_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_FINALIZE_SEGMENT_TIMEOUT_DEFAULT);
        this.selectInputStreamsTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_SELECT_INPUT_STREAMS_TIMEOUT_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL SELECT INPUT STREAMS TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.getJournalStateTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_GET_JOURNAL_STATE_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL GET JOURNAL STATE TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.newEpochTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_NEW_EPOCH_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL NEW EPOCH TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.writeTxnsTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL WRITE TXNS TIMEOUT KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL WRITE TXNS TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.timeoutMs = (int) conf.getTimeDuration(DFSConfigKeys
                         .DFS QJM OPERATIONS TIMEOUT,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJM_OPERATIONS_TIMEOUT_DEFAULT, TimeUnit
                         .MILLISECONDS);
        int connectTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_HTTP_OPEN_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL HTTP OPEN TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        int readTimeoutMs = conf.getInt(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_HTTP_READ_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS QJOURNAL HTTP READ TIMEOUT DEFAULT);
        this.connectionFactory = URLConnectionFactory
                .newDefaultURLConnectionFactory(connectTimeoutMs,
                                                                    readTimeoutMs.
conf);
        // 设置发送元数据给 JournalNode 的缓存区大小 默认 512KB
        setOutputBufferCapacity(OUTPUT_BUFFER_CAPACITY_DEFAULT);
```

3.3.5.1.1.1.2.1 创建 AsyncLoggerSet 并初始化 JournalNode 连接信息 IPCLoggerChannel

```
static List<AsyncLogger> createLoggers(Configuration conf,
                                                    URI uri,
                                                    NamespaceInfo nsInfo,
                                                    AsyncLogger.Factory factory,
                                                   String nameServiceId)
              throws IOException {
         List<AsyncLogger> ret = Lists.newArrayList();
         // 解析 JournalNode 地址 也即解析 hj101:8485;hj102:8485;hj103:8485/mycluster
         // 1 -> hj101:8485
         // 2 -> hj102:8485
         // 3 -> hj103:8485
         List<InetSocketAddress> addrs = Util.getAddressesList(uri);
         if (addrs.size() % 2 == 0) {
              LOG.warn("Quorum journal URI "" + uri + "' has an even number " +
                        "of Journal Nodes specified. This is not recommended!");
         }
         // 返回 mycluster
         String jid = parseJournalId(uri);
         for (InetSocketAddress addr : addrs) {
              ret.add(
                       // 创建 IPCLoggerChannel
                        factory.createLogger(conf, nsInfo, jid, nameServiceId, addr)
              );
         return ret;
```

```
InetSocketAddress addr) {

// 创建 IPCLoggerChannel

return new IPCLoggerChannel(conf, nsInfo, journalld, nameServiceId, addr);
}

};
```

```
public IPCLoggerChannel(Configuration conf,
                                NamespaceInfo nsInfo,
                                String journalld,
                                String nameServiceId,
                                InetSocketAddress addr) {
         this.conf = conf;
         this.nsInfo = nsInfo;
         // mycluster
         this.journalId = journalId;
         // mycluster
         this.nameServiceId = nameServiceId;
         // hj101:8485
         this.addr = addr;
         // 10
         this.queueSizeLimitBytes = 1024 * 1024 * conf.getInt(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_QUEUE_SIZE_LIMIT_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_QJOURNAL_QUEUE_SIZE_LIMIT_DEFAULT);
         // 初始化两个线程池
         singleThreadExecutor = MoreExecutors.listeningDecorator(
                  createSingleThreadExecutor());
         parallelExecutor = MoreExecutors.listeningDecorator(
                  createParallelExecutor());
         metrics = IPCLoggerChannelMetrics.create(this);
```

3.3.5.1.1.2 创建 EditLogTailer 并启动 EditLogTailerThread 线程

```
public EditLogTailer(FSNamesystem namesystem, Configuration conf) {
    // 创建 EditLogTailerThread 线程
    this.tailerThread = new EditLogTailerThread();

    this.conf = conf;
    this.namesystem = namesystem;
    // 从 FSImage 获取 FSEditLogAsync
    this.editLog = namesystem.getEditLog();

lastLoadTimeMs = monotonicNow();
```

```
lastRollTimeMs = monotonicNow();
         // 120s
         logRollPeriodMs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_LOGROLL_PERIOD_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_LOGROLL_PERIOD_DEFAULT,
                 TimeUnit.SECONDS,
                 TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
         List<RemoteNameNodeInfo> nns = Collections.emptyList();
         if (logRollPeriodMs >= 0) {
             try {
                  // 另一个 NameNode (hj102:8020) 连接信息
                  nns = RemoteNameNodeInfo.getRemoteNameNodes(conf);
             } catch (IOException e) {
                  throw new IllegalArgumentException("Remote NameNodes not correctly
configured!", e);
             // 解析另一个 NameNode(hj102:8020) 连接信息
             for (RemoteNameNodeInfo info : nns) {
                  // overwrite the socket address, if we need to
                  InetSocketAddress
                                                            ipc
NameNode.getServiceAddress(info.getConfiguration(), true);
                 // sanity check the ipc address
                  Preconditions.checkArgument(ipc.getPort() > 0,
                           "Active NameNode must have an IPC port configured. " + "Got
address '%s'", ipc);
                 info.setIpcAddress(ipc);
             }
             LOG.info("Will roll logs on active node every " +
                      (logRollPeriodMs / 1000) + " seconds.");
         } else {
             LOG.info("Not going to trigger log rolls on active node because " +
                      DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA LOGROLL PERIOD KEY + " is negative.");
        }
         sleepTimeMs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA TAILEDITS PERIOD KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_PERIOD_DEFAULT,
                 TimeUnit.SECONDS, TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
         long maxSleepTimeMsTemp = conf.getTimeDuration(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_PERIOD_BACKOFF_MAX_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA TAILEDITS PERIOD BACKOFF MAX DEFAULT,
```

```
TimeUnit.SECONDS, TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
        if (maxSleepTimeMsTemp > 0 && maxSleepTimeMsTemp < sleepTimeMs) {
             LOG.warn(DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA TAILEDITS PERIOD BACKOFF MAX KEY
                      + " was configured to be " + maxSleepTimeMsTemp
                      + " ms, but this is less than "
                      + DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_PERIOD_KEY
                      + ". Disabling backoff when tailing edit logs.");
             maxSleepTimeMs = 0;
        } else {
             maxSleepTimeMs = maxSleepTimeMsTemp;
        }
        // 60s
        rollEditsTimeoutMs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_ROLLEDITS_TIMEOUT_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_ROLLEDITS_TIMEOUT_DEFAULT,
                 TimeUnit.SECONDS, TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
        rollEditsRpcExecutor = Executors.newSingleThreadExecutor(
                  new ThreadFactoryBuilder().setDaemon(true).build());
        //3
        maxRetries
conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_ALL_NAMESNODES_RETRY_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA TAILEDITS ALL NAMESNODES RETRY DEFAULT);
        if (maxRetries <= 0) {
             LOG.error("Specified a non-positive number of retries for the number of retries for
the " +
                      "namenode connection when manipulating the edit log (" +
                      DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA TAILEDITS ALL NAMESNODES RETRY KEY + "),
setting to default: " +
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_ALL_NAMESNODES_RETRY_DEFAULT);
             maxRetries
DFSConfigKeys.DFS HA TAILEDITS ALL NAMESNODES RETRY DEFAULT;
        }
        // false
        inProgressOk = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_INPROGRESS_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_HA_TAILEDITS_INPROGRESS_DEFAULT);
        this.maxTxnsPerLock = conf.getLong(
                  DFS HA TAILEDITS MAX TXNS PER LOCK KEY,
```

```
/**
      * The thread which does the actual work of tailing edits journals and
     * applying the transactions to the FSNS.
      */
    private class EditLogTailerThread extends Thread {
         private volatile boolean shouldRun = true;
         private EditLogTailerThread() {
              super("Edit log tailer");
         }
         private void setShouldRun(boolean shouldRun) {
              this.shouldRun = shouldRun;
         }
          @Override
         public void run() {
              SecurityUtil.doAsLoginUserOrFatal(
                        new PrivilegedAction<Object>() {
                             @Override
                             public Object run() {
                                  // 执行
                                  doWork();
                                  return null;
                             }
                        });
         }
```

3.3.5.1.1.3 创建 StandbyCheckpointer 并启动 CheckpointerThread 线程

```
private class CheckpointerThread extends Thread {
         private volatile boolean shouldRun = true;
         private volatile long preventCheckpointsUntil = 0;
         private CheckpointerThread() {
              super("Standby State Checkpointer");
         }
         private void setShouldRun(boolean shouldRun) {
              this.shouldRun = shouldRun;
         }
         @Override
         public void run() {
              // We have to make sure we're logged in as far as JAAS
              // is concerned, in order to use kerberized SSL properly.
              SecurityUtil.doAsLoginUserOrFatal(
                        new PrivilegedAction<Object>() {
                             @Override
                             public Object run() {
                                  // 执行
                                  doWork();
                                  return null;
                             }
                        });
```

3.3.6 DataNode 往 NameNode 注册

入口类: NameNodeRpcServe.registerDatanode()

```
* Register Datanode.
 * The purpose of registration is to identify whether the new datanode
 * serves a new data storage, and will report new data block copies,
 * which the namenode was not aware of; or the datanode is a replacement
 * node for the data storage that was previously served by a different
 * or the same (in terms of host:port) datanode.
 * The data storages are distinguished by their storageIDs. When a new
 * data storage is reported the namenode issues a new unique storageID.
 * 
 * Finally, the namenode returns its namespaceID as the registrationID
 * for the datanodes.
 * namespaceID is a persistent attribute of the name space.
 * The registrationID is checked every time the datanode is communicating
 * with the namenode.
 * Datanodes with inappropriate registrationID are rejected.
 * If the namenode stops, and then restarts it can restore its
 * namespaceID and will continue serving the datanodes that has previously
 * registered with the namenode without restarting the whole cluster.
 * @see org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.datanode.DataNode
void registerDatanode(DatanodeRegistration nodeReg) throws IOException {
    writeLock();
    try {
         // BlockManager 添加 DataNode 信息
```

```
blockManager.registerDatanode(nodeReg);
} finally {
    writeUnlock("registerDatanode");
}
```

3.3.6.1 BlockManager 添加 DataNode 信息

3.3.6.1.1 DatanodeManager 添加 DataNode 注册信息

```
* Register the given datanode with the namenode. NB: the given
 * registration is mutated and given back to the datanode.
 * @param nodeReg the datanode registration
 * @throws DisallowedDatanodeException if the registration request is
       denied because the datanode does not match includes/excludes
 * @throws UnresolvedTopologyException if the registration request is
       denied because resolving datanode network location fails.
 */
public void registerDatanode(DatanodeRegistration nodeReg)
         throws DisallowedDatanodeException, UnresolvedTopologyException {
    // DataNode Rpc Client 地址
    InetAddress dnAddress = Server.getRemotelp();
    if (dnAddress != null) {
         // Mostly called inside an RPC, update ip and peer hostname
         String hostname = dnAddress.getHostName();
         String ip = dnAddress.getHostAddress();
         if (checklpHostnameInRegistration && !isNameResolved(dnAddress)) {
              // Reject registration of unresolved datanode to prevent performance
             // impact of repetitive DNS lookups later.
              final String message = "hostname cannot be resolved (ip="
                       + ip + ", hostname=" + hostname + ")";
              LOG.warn("Unresolved datanode registration: " + message);
              throw new DisallowedDatanodeException(nodeReg, message);
```

```
}
    // update node registration with the ip and hostname from rpc request
    nodeReg.setIpAddr(ip);
    nodeReg.setPeerHostName(hostname);
}
try {
    nodeReg.setExportedKeys(blockManager.getBlockKeys());
    // Checks if the node is not on the hosts list. If it is not, then
    // it will be disallowed from registering.
    if (!hostConfigManager.isIncluded(nodeReg)) {
         throw new DisallowedDatanodeException(nodeReg);
    }
    // BLOCK* registerDatanode: from DatanodeRegistration(192.168.2.102:9866,
    // datanodeUuid=6099a2c7-afc2-4b65-9f0e-9f174b13050f, infoPort=9864,
    // infoSecurePort=0, ipcPort=9867, storageInfo=lv=-57;
    // cid=CID-46886fa9-7e22-40a1-b909-935ee379f640;nsid=1229485002;
    // c=1650950314011) storage 6099a2c7-afc2-4b65-9f0e-9f174b13050f
    NameNode.stateChangeLog.info("BLOCK* registerDatanode: from "
              + nodeReg + " storage " + nodeReg.getDatanodeUuid());
    // 从注册信息中获取 DatanodeDescriptor
    // null
    DatanodeDescriptor nodeS = getDatanode(nodeReg.getDatanodeUuid());
    DatanodeDescriptor nodeN = host2DatanodeMap.getDatanodeByXferAddr(
              nodeReg.getIpAddr(), nodeReg.getXferPort());
    if (nodeN != null && nodeN != nodeS) {
         NameNode.LOG.info("BLOCK* registerDatanode: " + nodeN);
         // nodeN previously served a different data storage,
         // which is not served by anybody anymore.
         removeDatanode(nodeN);
         // physically remove node from datanodeMap
         wipeDatanode(nodeN);
         nodeN = null;
    }
    if (nodeS != null) {
         if (nodeN == nodeS) {
              // The same datanode has been just restarted to serve the same data
              // storage. We do not need to remove old data blocks, the delta will
```

```
if (NameNode.stateChangeLog.isDebugEnabled()) {
                            NameNode.stateChangeLog.debug("BLOCK* registerDatanode: "
                                     + "node restarted.");
                       }
                  } else {
                       // nodeS is found
           /* The registering datanode is a replacement node for the existing
              data storage, which from now on will be served by a new node.
              If this message repeats, both nodes might have same storageID
              by (insanely rare) random chance. User needs to restart one of the
              nodes with its data cleared (or user can just remove the StorageID
              value in "VERSION" file under the data directory of the datanode,
              but this is might not work if VERSION file format has changed
          */
                       NameNode.stateChangeLog.info("BLOCK* registerDatanode: " + nodeS
                                 + " is replaced by " + nodeReg + " with the same storageID "
                                 + nodeReg.getDatanodeUuid());
                  }
                  boolean success = false;
                  try {
                       // update cluster map
                       getNetworkTopology().remove(nodeS);
                       if (shouldCountVersion(nodeS)) {
                            decrementVersionCount(nodeS.getSoftwareVersion());
                       nodeS.updateRegInfo(nodeReg);
                       nodeS.setSoftwareVersion(nodeReg.getSoftwareVersion());
                       nodeS.setDisallowed(false); // Node is in the include list
                       // resolve network location
                       if (this.rejectUnresolvedTopologyDN) {
                            nodeS.setNetworkLocation(resolveNetworkLocation(nodeS));
nodeS.setDependentHostNames(getNetworkDependencies(nodeS));
                       } else {
                            nodeS.setNetworkLocation(
resolveNetworkLocationWithFallBackToDefaultLocation(nodeS));
                            nodeS.setDependentHostNames(
                                     getNetworkDependenciesWithDefault(nodeS));
```

// be calculated on the next block report from the datanode

```
getNetworkTopology().add(nodeS);
                      resolveUpgradeDomain(nodeS);
                      // also treat the registration message as a heartbeat
                      heartbeatManager.register(nodeS);
                      incrementVersionCount(nodeS.getSoftwareVersion());
                      startAdminOperationIfNecessary(nodeS);
                      success = true;
                  } finally {
                      if (!success) {
                           removeDatanode(nodeS);
                           wipeDatanode(nodeS);
                           countSoftwareVersions();
                      }
                  }
                  return;
             }
             // 创建 DatanodeDescriptor
             DatanodeDescriptor nodeDescr
                      = new DatanodeDescriptor(nodeReg, NetworkTopology.DEFAULT_RACK);
             boolean success = false;
             try {
                  // resolve network location
                  if (this.rejectUnresolvedTopologyDN) {
                      nodeDescr.setNetworkLocation(resolveNetworkLocation(nodeDescr));
nodeDescr.setDependentHostNames(getNetworkDependencies(nodeDescr));
                  } else {
                      nodeDescr.setNetworkLocation(
resolveNetworkLocationWithFallBackToDefaultLocation(nodeDescr));
                      nodeDescr.setDependentHostNames(
                               getNetworkDependenciesWithDefault(nodeDescr));
                  }
                  nodeDescr.setSoftwareVersion(nodeReg.getSoftwareVersion());
                  resolveUpgradeDomain(nodeDescr);
                  // register new datanode
                  // 注册 DataNode
                  addDatanode(nodeDescr);
                  // 往 BlockReportLeaseManager 注册 DataNode
                  blockManager.getBlockReportLeaseManager()
                           .register(nodeDescr);
```

```
// also treat the registration message as a heartbeat
              // no need to update its timestamp
              // because its is done when the descriptor is created
              // 往心跳管理者添加 DataNode
              heartbeatManager.addDatanode(nodeDescr);
              heartbeatManager.updateDnStat(nodeDescr);
              increment Version Count (node Reg. get Software Version ()); \\
              startAdminOperationIfNecessary(nodeDescr);
              success = true;
         } finally {
              if (!success) {
                   removeDatanode(nodeDescr);
                   wipeDatanode(nodeDescr);
                   countSoftwareVersions();
         }
    } catch (InvalidTopologyException e) {
         // If the network location is invalid, clear the cached mappings
         // so that we have a chance to re-add this DataNode with the
         // correct network location later.
         List<String> invalidNodeNames = new ArrayList<>(3);
         // clear cache for nodes in IP or Hostname
         invalidNodeNames.add(nodeReg.getIpAddr());
         invalidNodeNames.add(nodeReg.getHostName());
         invalidNodeNames.add(nodeReg.getPeerHostName());
         dnsToSwitchMapping.reloadCachedMappings(invalidNodeNames);
         throw e;
    }
}
```

3.3.6.1.1.1 往 BlockReportLeaseManager 注册 DataNode

```
private synchronized NodeData registerNode(DatanodeDescriptor dn) {
         if (nodes.containsKey(dn.getDatanodeUuid())) {
              LOG.info("Can't register DN {} because it is already registered.",
                       dn.getDatanodeUuid());
              return null;
         }
         NodeData node = new NodeData(dn.getDatanodeUuid());
         // 添加 NodeData
         deferredHead.addToBeginning(node);
         nodes.put(dn.getDatanodeUuid(), node);
         //2023-03-25
                                                 11:25:39.249
                                                                                         INFO
org. apache. hadoop. hdfs. server. block management. Block Report Lease Manager:\\
         // Registered DN 01263ed0-7bb5-4dec-845b-97a8d2d5d052 (192.168.2.101:9866)
         LOG.info("Registered DN {} ({}).", dn.getDatanodeUuid(), dn.getXferAddr());
         return node;
```

3.3.6.1.2 往心跳管理者 HeartbeatManager 添加 DataNode

3.3.7 DataNode 向 NameNode 发送心跳

入口类: NameNodeRpcServer.sendHeartbeat()

```
@Override // DatanodeProtocol
    public HeartbeatResponse sendHeartbeat(DatanodeRegistration nodeReg,
                                               StorageReport[]
                                                                                    long
                                                                      report,
dnCacheCapacity, long dnCacheUsed,
                                                int xmitsInProgress, int xceiverCount,
                                                int failedVolumes, VolumeFailureSummary
volumeFailureSummary,
                                                boolean requestFullBlockReportLease,
                                                @Nonnull SlowPeerReports slowPeers,
                                                @Nonnull
                                                            SlowDiskReports
                                                                              slowDisks)
throws IOException {
        checkNNStartup();
        verifyRequest(nodeReg);
        // FSNamesystem 处理 DataNode 发送过来的心跳
```

```
return namesystem.handleHeartbeat(nodeReg, report,
dnCacheCapacity, dnCacheUsed, xceiverCount, xmitsInProgress,
failedVolumes, volumeFailureSummary, requestFullBlockReportLease,
slowPeers, slowDisks);
}
```

```
/**
     * The given node has reported in. This method should:
     * 1) Record the heartbeat, so the datanode isn't timed out
     * 2) Adjust usage stats for future block allocation
     * 
     * If a substantial amount of time passed since the last datanode
     * heartbeat then request an immediate block report.
     * @return an array of datanode commands
     * @throws IOException
    HeartbeatResponse handleHeartbeat(DatanodeRegistration nodeReg,
                                           StorageReport[] reports, long cacheCapacity, long
cacheUsed,
                                                xceiverCount, int xmitsInProgress,
                                                                                       int
failedVolumes,
                                           VolumeFailureSummary volumeFailureSummary,
                                           boolean requestFullBlockReportLease,
                                           @Nonnull SlowPeerReports slowPeers,
                                           @Nonnull SlowDiskReports slowDisks) throws
IOException {
         readLock();
         try {
             //get datanode commands
             final int maxTransfer = blockManager.getMaxReplicationStreams()
                      - xmitsInProgress;
             // BlockManager 的 DatanodeManager 处理 DataNode 发送过来的心跳并返
回处理结果
             DatanodeCommand[] cmds = blockManager.getDatanodeManager()
                      .handleHeartbeat(
                      nodeReg, reports, getBlockPoolId(), cacheCapacity, cacheUsed,
                      xceiverCount, maxTransfer, failedVolumes, volumeFailureSummary,
                      slowPeers, slowDisks);
             long blockReportLeaseId = 0;
             if (requestFullBlockReportLease) {
                  blockReportLeaseId = blockManager.requestBlockReportLeaseId(nodeReg);
```

3.3.7.1 BlockManager 的 DatanodeManager 处理 DataNode 发送过来的心跳并返回处理结果 (DataNode 上报 Block 命令)

```
/** Handle heartbeat from datanodes. */
    public DatanodeCommand[] handleHeartbeat(DatanodeRegistration nodeReg,
                                                   StorageReport[] reports, final String
blockPoolId,
                                                   long cacheCapacity, long cacheUsed, int
xceiverCount,
                                                   int maxTransfers, int failedVolumes,
                                                   VolumeFailureSummary
volumeFailureSummary,
                                                   @Nonnull SlowPeerReports slowPeers,
                                                   @Nonnull SlowDiskReports slowDisks)
throws IOException {
         final DatanodeDescriptor nodeinfo;
         try {
             // 从缓存中获取 DatanodeDescriptor
             nodeinfo = getDatanode(nodeReg);
         } catch (UnregisteredNodeException e) {
             return new DatanodeCommand[]{RegisterCommand.REGISTER};
         }
         // Check if this datanode should actually be shutdown instead.
         if (nodeinfo != null && nodeinfo.isDisallowed()) {
             setDatanodeDead(nodeinfo);
             throw new DisallowedDatanodeException(nodeinfo);
         }
```

```
if (nodeinfo == null | | !nodeinfo.isRegistered()) {
              return new DatanodeCommand[]{RegisterCommand.REGISTER};
         // 更新心跳
         heartbeatManager.updateHeartbeat(nodeinfo, reports, cacheCapacity,
                   cacheUsed, xceiverCount, failedVolumes, volumeFailureSummary);
         // If we are in safemode, do not send back any recovery / replication
         // requests. Don't even drain the existing queue of work.
         if (namesystem.isInSafeMode()) {
              return new DatanodeCommand[0];
         }
         // block recovery command
         final BlockRecoveryCommand brCommand = getBlockRecoveryCommand(blockPoolId,
                   nodeinfo);
         if (brCommand != null) {
              return new DatanodeCommand[]{brCommand};
         final List<DatanodeCommand> cmds = new ArrayList<>();
         // Allocate _approximately_ maxTransfers pending tasks to DataNode.
         // NN chooses pending tasks based on the ratio between the lengths of
         // replication and erasure-coded block queues.
         int totalReplicateBlocks = nodeinfo.getNumberOfReplicateBlocks();
         int totalECBlocks = nodeinfo.getNumberOfBlocksToBeErasureCoded();
         int totalBlocks = totalReplicateBlocks + totalECBlocks;
         if (totalBlocks > 0) {
              int numReplicationTasks = (int) Math.ceil(
                       (double) (totalReplicateBlocks * maxTransfers) / totalBlocks);
              int numECTasks = (int) Math.ceil(
                       (double) (totalECBlocks * maxTransfers) / totalBlocks);
              if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
                   LOG.debug("Pending replication tasks: " + numReplicationTasks
                            + " erasure-coded tasks: " + numECTasks);
              // check pending replication tasks
              List<BlockTargetPair> pendingList = nodeinfo.getReplicationCommand(
                       numReplicationTasks);
              if (pendingList != null && !pendingList.isEmpty()) {
                   cmds.add(new
                                            BlockCommand(DatanodeProtocol.DNA_TRANSFER,
blockPoolId,
                            pendingList));
```

```
}
    // check pending erasure coding tasks
     List<BlockECReconstructionInfo> pendingECList = nodeinfo
              .getErasureCodeCommand(numECTasks);
     if (pendingECList != null && !pendingECList.isEmpty()) {
         cmds.add(new BlockECReconstructionCommand(
                   DNA_ERASURE_CODING_RECONSTRUCTION, pendingECList));
    }
}
// check block invalidation
Block[] blks = nodeinfo.getInvalidateBlocks(blockInvalidateLimit);
if (blks != null) {
     cmds.add(new BlockCommand(DatanodeProtocol.DNA INVALIDATE, blockPoolId,
              blks));
}
// cache commands
addCacheCommands(blockPoolId, nodeinfo, cmds);
// key update command
blockManager.addKeyUpdateCommand(cmds, nodeinfo);
// check for balancer bandwidth update
if (nodeinfo.getBalancerBandwidth() > 0) {
     cmds.add(new BalancerBandwidthCommand(nodeinfo.getBalancerBandwidth()));
    // set back to 0 to indicate that datanode has been sent the new value
     nodeinfo.setBalancerBandwidth(0);
}
if (slowPeerTracker != null) {
     final Map<String, Double> slowPeersMap = slowPeers.getSlowPeers();
     if (!slowPeersMap.isEmpty()) {
         if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
              LOG.debug("DataNode" + nodeReg + " reported slow peers: " +
                       slowPeersMap);
         }
         for (String slowNodeId : slowPeersMap.keySet()) {
              slowPeerTracker.addReport(slowNodeId, nodeReg.getIpcAddr(false));
         }
    }
}
if (slowDiskTracker != null) {
     if (!slowDisks.getSlowDisks().isEmpty()) {
         if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
```

3.3.7.1.1 HeartbeatManager 更新心跳

3.3.7.1.1.1 BlockManager 更新心跳

3.3.7.1.1.1 DatanodeDescriptor 更新心跳

```
private void updateStorageStats(StorageReport[] reports, long cacheCapacity,
       long cacheUsed, int xceiverCount, int volFailures,
       VolumeFailureSummary volumeFailureSummary) {
    long totalCapacity = 0;
    long totalRemaining = 0;
    long totalBlockPoolUsed = 0;
    long totalDfsUsed = 0;
    long totalNonDfsUsed = 0;
    Set<DatanodeStorageInfo> failedStorageInfos = null;
    // Decide if we should check for any missing StorageReport and mark it as
    // failed. There are different scenarios.
    // 1. When DN is running, a storage failed. Given the current DN
           implementation doesn't add recovered storage back to its storage list
    //
           until DN restart, we can assume volFailures won't decrease
    //
    //
           during the current DN registration session.
    //
           When volumeFailures == this.volumeFailures, it implies there is no
    //
           state change. No need to check for failed storage. This is an
```

```
//
       optimization. Recent versions of the DataNode report a
//
       VolumeFailureSummary containing the date/time of the last volume
//
       failure. If that's available, then we check that instead for greater
//
       accuracy.
// 2. After DN restarts, volFailures might not increase and it is possible
       we still have new failed storage. For example, admins reduce
//
       available storages in configuration. Another corner case
//
      is the failed volumes might change after restart; a) there
//
      is one good storage A, one restored good storage B, so there is
       one element in storageReports and that is A. b) A failed. c) Before
//
//
       DN sends HB to NN to indicate A has failed, DN restarts. d) After DN
       restarts, storageReports has one element which is B.
final boolean checkFailedStorages;
if (volumeFailureSummary != null && this.volumeFailureSummary != null) {
  checkFailedStorages = volumeFailureSummary.getLastVolumeFailureDate() >
       this.volumeFailureSummary.getLastVolumeFailureDate();
} else {
  checkFailedStorages = (volFailures > this.volumeFailures) | |
       !heartbeatedSinceRegistration;
}
if (checkFailedStorages) {
  if (this.volumeFailures != volFailures) {
     LOG.info("Number of failed storages changes from {} to {}",
          this.volumeFailures, volFailures);
  synchronized (storageMap) {
     failedStorageInfos =
          new HashSet<>(storageMap.values());
  }
}
setCacheCapacity(cacheCapacity);
setCacheUsed(cacheUsed);
setXceiverCount(xceiverCount);
this.volumeFailures = volFailures;
this.volumeFailureSummary = volumeFailureSummary;
for (StorageReport report : reports) {
  DatanodeStorageInfo storage =
       storageMap.get(report.getStorage().getStorageID());
  if (checkFailedStorages) {
     failedStorageInfos.remove(storage);
```

```
// DatanodeStorageInfo 接收心跳
  storage.receivedHeartbeat(report);
  // skip accounting for capacity of PROVIDED storages!
  if (StorageType.PROVIDED.equals(storage.getStorageType())) {
     continue;
  }
  totalCapacity += report.getCapacity();
  totalRemaining += report.getRemaining();
  totalBlockPoolUsed += report.getBlockPoolUsed();
  totalDfsUsed += report.getDfsUsed();
  totalNonDfsUsed += report.getNonDfsUsed();
}
// Update total metrics for the node.
setCapacity(totalCapacity);
setRemaining(totalRemaining);
setBlockPoolUsed(totalBlockPoolUsed);
setDfsUsed(totalDfsUsed);
setNonDfsUsed(totalNonDfsUsed);
if (checkFailedStorages) {
  updateFailedStorage(failedStorageInfos);
long storageMapSize;
synchronized (storageMap) {
  storageMapSize = storageMap.size();
if (storageMapSize != reports.length) {
  pruneStorageMap(reports);
}
```

```
/** Sets time when this information was accurate. */
public void setLastUpdate(long lastUpdate) {
    this.lastUpdate = lastUpdate;
}
```

3.3.7.1.2 心跳结果返回 DataNode 上报 Block 命令

```
// block recovery command
// 心跳返回 DataNode 需要上报 Block 命令
final BlockRecoveryCommand brCommand = getBlockRecoveryCommand(blockPoolId, nodeinfo);
if (brCommand != null) {
```

```
return new DatanodeCommand[]{brCommand};
}
```

3.3.8 处理 DataNode 上报 Block 请求

入口类: NameNodeRpcServer.blockReport()

```
@Override // DatanodeProtocol
     public DatanodeCommand blockReport(final DatanodeRegistration nodeReg,
                                               String poolId, final StorageBlockReport[] reports,
                                               final BlockReportContext context)
IOException {
         checkNNStartup();
         verifyRequest(nodeReg);
         if (blockStateChangeLog.isDebugEnabled()) {
              blockStateChangeLog.debug("*BLOCK* NameNode.blockReport: "
                        + "from " + nodeReg + ", reports.length=" + reports.length);
         }
         final BlockManager bm = namesystem.getBlockManager();
         boolean noStaleStorages = false;
         try {
              if (bm.checkBlockReportLease(context, nodeReg)) {
                   for (int r = 0; r < reports.length; <math>r++) {
                        final BlockListAsLongs blocks = reports[r].getBlocks();
                        //
                        // BlockManager.processReport accumulates information of prior calls
                        // for the same node and storage, so the value returned by the last
                        // call of this loop is the final updated value for noStaleStorage.
                        final int index = r;
                        noStaleStorages = bm.runBlockOp(new Callable<Boolean>() {
                             @Override
                             public Boolean call() throws IOException {
                                 // 处理上报 Block
                                 return
                                                                    bm.processReport(nodeReg,
reports[index].getStorage(),
                                           blocks, context);
                        });
                   }
              }
         } catch (UnregisteredNodeException une) {
              LOG.debug("Datanode {} is attempting to report but not register yet.",
                        nodeReg);
```

```
return RegisterCommand.REGISTER;
}
bm.removeBRLeaselfNeeded(nodeReg, context);

BlockManagerFaultInjector.getInstance().
    incomingBlockReportRpc(nodeReg, context);

if (nn.getFSImage().isUpgradeFinalized() &&
    !namesystem.isRollingUpgrade() &&
    nn.isActiveState() &&
    noStaleStorages) {
    return new FinalizeCommand(poolId);
}

return null;
}
```

3.3.9 NameNode 成为 Active

入口类: NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToActive()

```
@Override // HAServiceProtocol
    public synchronized void transitionToActive(StateChangeRequestInfo req)
        throws ServiceFailedException, AccessControlException, IOException {
        checkNNStartup();
        nn.checkHaStateChange(req);
        // NameNode 成为 Active
        nn.transitionToActive();
    }
```

}

ACTIVE_STATE = new ActiveState();

```
@Override
public void setState(HAContext context, HAState s) throws ServiceFailedException {
    if (s == NameNode.ACTIVE_STATE ||
        (!isObserver && s == NameNode.OBSERVER_STATE) ||
        (isObserver && s == NameNode.STANDBY_STATE)) {
        // 设置 ACTIVE_STATE
        setStateInternal(context, s);
        return;
    }
    super.setState(context, s);
}
```

```
/**
  * Internal method to move from the existing state to a new state.
  * @param context HA context
  * @param s new state
  * @throws ServiceFailedException on failure to transition to new state.
  */
 protected final void setStateInternal(final HAContext context, final HAState s)
     throws ServiceFailedException {
   // 取消 StandbyCheckpointer
   prepareToExitState(context);
   s.prepareToEnterState(context);
   context.writeLock();
   try {
     // 停止 Standby 服务
     exitState(context);
     // 设置状态 ActiveState
     context.setState(s);
     // 进入 ActiveState
     s.enterState(context);
     // 更新 HA Active 时间
     s.updateLastHATransitionTime();
   } finally {
     context.writeUnlock();
   }
```

3.3.9.1 取消 StandbyCheckpointer

```
@Override
    public void prepareToExitState(HAContext context) throws ServiceFailedException {
        // 停止 StandbyCheckpointer
        context.prepareToStopStandbyServices();
    }
```

```
@Override
public void prepareToStopStandbyServices() throws ServiceFailedException {
    try {
        // 停止 StandbyCheckpointer
        namesystem.prepareToStopStandbyServices();
    } catch (Throwable t) {
        doImmediateShutdown(t);
    }
}
```

```
**

* Cancel any checkpoint that's currently being made,

* and prevent any new checkpoints from starting for the next

* minute or so.

*/

public void cancelAndPreventCheckpoints(String msg) throws ServiceFailedException {

synchronized (cancelLock) {

// The checkpointer thread takes this lock and checks if checkpointing is

// postponed.

thread.preventCheckpointsFor(PREVENT_AFTER_CANCEL_MS);
```

```
// Before beginning a checkpoint, the checkpointer thread
// takes this lock, and creates a canceler object.
// If the canceler is non-null, then a checkpoint is in
// progress and we need to cancel it. If it's null, then
// the operation has not started, meaning that the above
// time-based prevention will take effect.
if (canceler != null) {
            canceler.cancel(msg);
        }
}
```

3.3.9.2 退出 Standby 相关服务

```
@Override
public void stopStandbyServices() throws IOException {
    try {
        if (namesystem != null) {
            namesystem.stopStandbyServices();
        }
    } catch (Throwable t) {
        doImmediateShutdown(t);
    }
}
```

```
* Stop services required in standby state

*/

void stopStandbyServices() throws IOException {

LOG.info("Stopping services started for standby state");

if (standbyCheckpointer != null) {

// 停止 CheckpointerThread 线程
```

3.3.9.2.1 停止 CheckpointerThread 线程

```
public void stop() throws IOException {
          cancelAndPreventCheckpoints("Stopping checkpointer");
          thread.setShouldRun(false);
          thread.interrupt();
          try {
                thread.join();
          } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                LOG.warn("Edit log tailer thread exited with an exception");
                throw new IOException(e);
          }
     }
}
```

3.3.9.2.2 停止 EditLogTailerThread 线程

```
public void stop() throws IOException {
    tailerThread.setShouldRun(false);
    tailerThread.interrupt();
    try {
        tailerThread.join();
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        LOG.warn("Edit log tailer thread exited with an exception");
        throw new IOException(e);
    } finally {
        rollEditsRpcExecutor.shutdown();
    }
}
```

3.3.9.3 设置状态 ActiveState

```
@Override
public void setState(HAState s) {
    // ActiveState
    state = s;
}
```

3.3.9.4 进入 ActiveState 并启动相关服务

```
@Override
public void enterState(HAContext context) throws ServiceFailedException {
    try {
        // 启动 ActiveState 服务
        context.startActiveServices();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        throw new ServiceFailedException("Failed to start active services", e);
    }
}
```

```
@Override

public void startActiveServices() throws IOException {

try {

// 启动 ActiveState 服务

namesystem.startActiveServices();

startTrashEmptier(getConf());
} catch (Throwable t) {

dolmmediateShutdown(t);
}

}
```

3.3.9.4.1 启动 ActiveState 服务

```
**

* Start services required in active state

*

* @throws IOException

*/

void startActiveServices() throws IOException {

startingActiveService = true;

LOG.info("Starting services required for active state");

writeLock();

try {

// 从 FSImage 获取 FSEditLogAsync

FSEditLog editLog = getFSImage().getEditLog();
```

```
if (!editLog.isOpenForWrite()) {
                  // During startup, we're already open for write during initialization.
                  // 初始化 JournalNode 连接 (以便后续发送 RPC Request 给
JournalNode)
                  editLog.initJournalsForWrite();
                  // May need to recover
                  editLog.recoverUnclosedStreams();
                   LOG.info("Catching up to latest edits from old active before " +
                            "taking over writer role in edits logs");
                  editLogTailer.catchupDuringFailover();
                   blockManager.setPostponeBlocksFromFuture(false);
                   blockManager.getDatanodeManager().markAllDatanodesStale();
                  blockManager.clearQueues();
                   blockManager.processAllPendingDNMessages();
                  // Only need to re-process the queue, If not in SafeMode.
                  if (!isInSafeMode()) {
                       LOG.info("Reprocessing replication and invalidation queues");
                       blockManager.initializeReplQueues();
                  }
                  if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
                       LOG.debug("NameNode metadata after re-processing " +
                                 "replication and invalidation queues during failover:\n" +
                                 metaSaveAsString());
                  }
                  long nextTxId = getFSImage().getLastAppliedTxId() + 1;
                  LOG.info("Will take over writing edit logs at txnid " +
                            nextTxId);
                  // 设置下一次 TXID
                  editLog.setNextTxId(nextTxId);
                  // open write
                  getFSImage().editLog.openForWrite(getEffectiveLayoutVersion());
              }
              // Initialize the quota.
              dir.updateCountForQuota();
              // Enable quota checks.
              dir.enableQuotaChecks();
              dir.ezManager.startReencryptThreads();
```

```
if (haEnabled) {
         // Renew all of the leases before becoming active.
         // This is because, while we were in standby mode,
         // the leases weren't getting renewed on this NN.
         // Give them all a fresh start here.
         leaseManager.renewAllLeases();
    }
    leaseManager.startMonitor();
    startSecretManagerIfNecessary();
    //ResourceMonitor required only at ActiveNN. See HDFS-2914
    this.nnrmthread = new Daemon(new NameNodeResourceMonitor());
    nnrmthread.start();
    nnEditLogRoller = new Daemon(new NameNodeEditLogRoller(
              editLogRollerThreshold, editLogRollerInterval));
    nnEditLogRoller.start();
    if (lazyPersistFileScrubIntervalSec > 0) {
         lazyPersistFileScrubber = new Daemon(new LazyPersistFileScrubber(
                   lazyPersistFileScrubIntervalSec));
         lazyPersistFileScrubber.start();
    } else {
         LOG.warn("Lazy persist file scrubber is disabled,"
                   + " configured scrub interval is zero.");
    }
    cacheManager.startMonitorThread();
    blockManager.getDatanodeManager().setShouldSendCachingCommands(true);
    if (provider != null) {
         edekCacheLoader = Executors.newSingleThreadExecutor(
                   new ThreadFactoryBuilder().setDaemon(true)
                            .setNameFormat("Warm Up EDEK Cache Thread #%d")
                            .build());
         FSDirEncryptionZoneOp.warmUpEdekCache(edekCacheLoader, dir,
                   edekCacheLoaderDelay, edekCacheLoaderInterval);
    }
} finally {
    startingActiveService = false;
    blockManager.checkSafeMode();
    writeUnlock("startActiveServices");
```

}

3.3.9.4.1.1 初始化 JournalNode 连接 (以便后续发送 RPC Request 给 JournalNode)

```
public synchronized void initJournalsForWrite() {
    Preconditions.checkState(state == State.UNINITIALIZED ||
        state == State.CLOSED, "Unexpected state: %s", state);

// 初始化 JournalNode 连接
    initJournals(this.editsDirs);
    state = State.BETWEEN_LOG_SEGMENTS;
}
```

```
private synchronized void initJournals(List<URI> dirs) {
         // 1
         int minimumRedundantJournals = conf.getInt(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_MINIMUM_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMENODE_EDITS_DIR_MINIMUM_DEFAULT);
         synchronized (journalSetLock) {
             // 创建 JournalSet
             journalSet = new JournalSet(minimumRedundantJournals);
             for (URI u : dirs) {
                  // true
                  boolean required = FSNamesystem.getRequiredNamespaceEditsDirs(conf)
                           .contains(u);
                  // false
                  if (u.getScheme().equals(NNStorage.LOCAL_URI_SCHEME)) {
                       StorageDirectory sd = storage.getStorageDirectory(u);
                       if (sd != null) {
                           // 创建 FileJournalManager
                           journalSet.add(new FileJournalManager(conf, sd, storage),
                                     required, sharedEditsDirs.contains(u));
                      }
                  } else {
                       journalSet.add(
                                // 创建 QuorumJournalManager
                                createJournal(u),
                                // true
                                required,
                                // true
                                sharedEditsDirs.contains(u));
```

```
}

if (journalSet.isEmpty()) {

LOG.error("No edits directories configured!");

}

}
```

3.3.9.4.1.2 LeaseManager 开始监控 EditLog

3.3.9.4.1.2.1 创建 Monitor 线程并启动

```
/****************
   * Monitor checks for leases that have expired,
   * and disposes of them.
 class Monitor implements Runnable {
    final String name = getClass().getSimpleName();
    /** Check leases periodically. */
    @Override
    public void run() {
      for(; shouldRunMonitor && fsnamesystem.isRunning(); ) {
        boolean needSync = false;
        try {
           fsnamesystem.writeLockInterruptibly();
          try {
             if (!fsnamesystem.isInSafeMode()) {
               needSync = checkLeases();
             }
          } finally {
             fsnamesystem.writeUnlock("leaseManager");
             // lease reassignments should to be sync'ed.
             if (needSync) {
```

```
fsnamesystem.getEditLog().logSync();
}

Thread.sleep(fsnamesystem.getLeaseRecheckIntervalMs());
} catch(InterruptedException ie) {
    LOG.debug("{} is interrupted", name, ie);
} catch(Throwable e) {
    LOG.warn("Unexpected throwable: ", e);
}
}
}
```

3.3.9.4.1.3 创建 NameNodeResourceMonitor 线程并启动

```
/**
      * Periodically calls has Available Resources of Name Node Resource Checker, and if
      * there are found to be insufficient resources available, causes the NN to
      * enter safe mode. If resources are later found to have returned to
      * acceptable levels, this daemon will cause the NN to exit safe mode.
    class NameNodeResourceMonitor implements Runnable {
         boolean shouldNNRmRun = true;
         @Override
         public void run() {
              try {
                   while (fsRunning && shouldNNRmRun) {
                        checkAvailableResources();
                        if (!nameNodeHasResourcesAvailable()) {
                             String lowResourcesMsg = "NameNode low on available disk space.
";
                             if (!isInSafeMode()) {
                                 LOG.warn(lowResourcesMsg + "Entering safe mode.");
                            } else {
                                 LOG.warn(lowResourcesMsg + "Already in safe mode.");
                            enterSafeMode(true);
                        }
                        try {
                             Thread.sleep(resourceRecheckInterval);
                        } catch (InterruptedException ie) {
                            // Deliberately ignore
```

```
}
} catch (Exception e) {

FSNamesystem.LOG.error("Exception in NameNodeResourceMonitor: ", e);
}
}
```

3.3.9.4.1.4 创建 NameNodeEditLogRoller 线程并启动

```
class NameNodeEditLogRoller implements Runnable {
         private boolean shouldRun = true;
         private final long rollThreshold;
         private final long sleepIntervalMs;
         public NameNodeEditLogRoller(long rollThreshold, int sleepIntervalMs) {
              //edit 默认滚动阈值 0.5 * 100 0000
              this.rollThreshold = rollThreshold;
              // edit 默认滚动间隔 5 * 60 * 1000
              this.sleepIntervalMs = sleepIntervalMs;
         }
         @Override
         public void run() {
              while (fsRunning && shouldRun) {
                   try {
                       long numEdits = getCorrectTransactionsSinceLastLogRoll();
                       if (numEdits > rollThreshold) {
                            FSNamesystem.LOG.info("NameNode rolling its own edit log
because"
                                      + " number of edits in open segment exceeds threshold of
                                      + rollThreshold);
                            rollEditLog();
                       }
                  } catch (Exception e) {
                       FSNamesystem.LOG.error("Swallowing exception in "
                                 + NameNodeEditLogRoller.class.getSimpleName() + ":", e);
                   }
                   try {
                       Thread.sleep(sleepIntervalMs);
                  } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                       FSNamesystem.LOG.info(NameNodeEditLogRoller.class.getSimpleName()
                                 + " was interrupted, exiting");
```

```
break;
}
}
```

3.3.9.4.1.5 更新 HA Active 时间

```
private void updateLastHATransitionTime() {
    lastHATransitionTime = Time.now();
}
```

3.3.10 NameNode 成为 Standby

入口类: NameNodeRpcServer.transitionToStandby

```
@Override // HAServiceProtocol
    public synchronized void transitionToStandby(StateChangeRequestInfo req)
        throws ServiceFailedException, AccessControlException, IOException {
        checkNNStartup();
        nn.checkHaStateChange(req);
        // NameNode 进入 Standby 状态
        nn.transitionToStandby();
    }
```

```
super.setState(context, s);
}
```

3.4 DataNode 启动源码分析

入口类: org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.datanode.DataNode

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
    if (DFSUtil.parseHelpArgument(args, DataNode.USAGE, System.out, true)) {
        System.exit(0);
    }

// 启动 DataNode
    secureMain(args, null);
}
```

```
public static void secureMain(String args[], SecureResources resources) {
         int errorCode = 0;
         try {
              StringUtils.startupShutdownMessage(DataNode.class, args, LOG);
              // 创建 DataNode 并启动
              DataNode datanode = createDataNode(args, null, resources);
              if (datanode != null) {
                   // 阻塞等待
                   datanode.join();
              } else {
                   errorCode = 1;
              }
         } catch (Throwable e) {
              LOG.error("Exception in secureMain", e);
              terminate(1, e);
         } finally {
              // We need to terminate the process here because either shutdown was called
              // or some disk related conditions like volumes tolerated or volumes required
              // condition was not met. Also, In secure mode, control will go to Jsvc
              // and Datanode process hangs if it does not exit.
              LOG.warn("Exiting Datanode");
              terminate(errorCode);
         }
```

```
/**

* Instantiate & Start a single datanode daemon and wait for it to finish.
```

```
* If this thread is specifically interrupted, it will stop waiting.
     */
    @VisibleForTesting
    @InterfaceAudience.Private
    public static DataNode createDataNode(String args[], Configuration conf,
                                                  SecureResources
                                                                        resources)
                                                                                       throws
IOException {
         // 初始化 DataNode
         DataNode dn = instantiateDataNode(args, conf, resources);
         if (dn != null) {
              // 启动 DataNode
              dn.runDatanodeDaemon();
         }
         return dn;
```

3.4.1 初始化 DataNode

```
/**
      * Instantiate a single datanode object, along with its secure resources.
      * This must be run by invoking{@link DataNode#runDatanodeDaemon()}
      * subsequently.
      */
    public static DataNode instantiateDataNode(String args[], Configuration conf,
                                                        SecureResources resources) throws
IOException {
         if (conf == null)
              // 创建 HdfsConfiguration
              conf = new HdfsConfiguration();
         if (args != null) {
              // parse generic hadoop options
              // 解析入参
              GenericOptionsParser hParser = new GenericOptionsParser(conf, args);
              args = hParser.getRemainingArgs();
         }
         if (!parseArguments(args, conf)) {
              printUsage(System.err);
              return null;
         }
```

3.4.1.1 DataNode 存储数据的目录封装成 StorageLocation

```
public static List<StorageLocation> getStorageLocations(Configuration conf) {
         // 从配置中获取 key = dfs.datanode.data.dir 对应的 value
        // 一般情况下在
                                        hdfs-site.xml 配置对应的值
/opt/app/hadoop-3.1.3/data/data
         Collection<String> rawLocations =
                  conf.getTrimmedStringCollection(DFS_DATANODE_DATA_DIR_KEY);
         List<StorageLocation> locations =
                  new ArrayList<StorageLocation>(rawLocations.size());
         for (String locationString : rawLocations) {
             final StorageLocation location;
             try {
                 // 将 DataNode 存储数据的目录封装成 StorageLocation
                  location = StorageLocation.parse(locationString);
             } catch (IOException | SecurityException ioe) {
                  LOG.error("Failed to initialize storage directory {}." +
                           "Exception details: {}", locationString, ioe.toString());
                 // Ignore the exception.
                  continue;
             }
             // 添加
             locations.add(location);
         }
         return locations;
    }
```

3.4.1.2 实例化 DataNode (构造函数)

```
/**
     * Make an instance of DataNode after ensuring that at least one of the
     * given data directories (and their parent directories, if necessary)
      * can be created.
      * @param dataDirs List of directories, where the new DataNode instance should
                            keep its files.
      * @param conf
                           Configuration instance to use.
      * @param resources Secure resources needed to run under Kerberos
      * @return DataNode instance for given list of data dirs and conf, or null if
      * no directory from this directory list can be created.
     * @throws IOException
    static DataNode makeInstance(Collection<StorageLocation> dataDirs,
                                       Configuration conf, SecureResources resources) throws
IOException {
         List<StorageLocation> locations;
         // 创建 StorageLocationChecker 检查 DataNode 数据存储目录
         StorageLocationChecker storageLocationChecker =
                  new StorageLocationChecker(conf, new Timer());
         try {
              // 检查 DataNode 数据存储目录
              locations = storageLocationChecker.check(conf, dataDirs);
         } catch (InterruptedException ie) {
              throw new IOException("Failed to instantiate DataNode", ie);
         DefaultMetricsSystem.initialize("DataNode");
         assert locations.size() > 0 : "number of data directories should be > 0";
         // 创建 DataNode 对象
         return new DataNode(conf, locations, storageLocationChecker, resources);
    }
```

```
/**

* Create the DataNode given a configuration, an array of dataDirs,

* and a namenode proxy.

*/

DataNode(final Configuration conf,
```

```
final List<StorageLocation> dataDirs,
              final StorageLocationChecker storageLocationChecker,
              final SecureResources resources) throws IOException {
         // 往下追
         super(conf);
         this.tracer = createTracer(conf);
         this.tracerConfigurationManager =
                  new TracerConfigurationManager(DATANODE HTRACE PREFIX, conf);
         // 创建 FileIoProvider
         this.fileIoProvider = new FileIoProvider(conf, this);
         // 创建 BlockScanner
         this.blockScanner = new BlockScanner(this);
         this.lastDiskErrorCheck = 0:
         this.maxNumberOfBlocksToLog = conf.getLong(DFS_MAX_NUM_BLOCKS_TO_LOG_KEY,
                  DFS MAX NUM BLOCKS TO LOG DEFAULT);
         this.usersWithLocalPathAccess = Arrays.asList(
conf.getTrimmedStrings(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_BLOCK_LOCAL_PATH_ACCESS_USER_KEY));
         this.connectToDnViaHostname = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE USE DN HOSTNAME,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE USE DN HOSTNAME DEFAULT);
         this.supergroup = conf.get(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_PERMISSIONS_SUPERUSERGROUP_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_PERMISSIONS_SUPERUSERGROUP_DEFAULT);
         this.isPermissionEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_PERMISSIONS_ENABLED_KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS PERMISSIONS ENABLED DEFAULT);
         this.pipelineSupportECN = conf.getBoolean(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS PIPELINE ECN ENABLED,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS_PIPELINE_ECN_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
         confVersion = "core-" +
                  conf.get("hadoop.common.configuration.version", "UNSPECIFIED") +
                  conf.get("hadoop.hdfs.configuration.version", "UNSPECIFIED");
         // 创建 DatasetVolumeChecker
         this.volumeChecker = new DatasetVolumeChecker(conf, new Timer());
         // Determine whether we should try to pass file descriptors to clients.
         if (conf.getBoolean(HdfsClientConfigKeys.Read.ShortCircuit.KEY,
```

```
HdfsClientConfigKeys.Read.ShortCircuit.DEFAULT)) {
              String reason = DomainSocket.getLoadingFailureReason();
              if (reason != null) {
                  LOG.warn("File descriptor passing is disabled because {}", reason);
                  this.fileDescriptorPassingDisabledReason = reason;
             } else {
                  LOG.info("File descriptor passing is enabled.");
                  this.fileDescriptorPassingDisabledReason = null;
             }
         } else {
              this.fileDescriptorPassingDisabledReason =
                       "File descriptor passing was not configured.";
              LOG.debug(this.fileDescriptorPassingDisabledReason);
         }
         // 通过反射的方式创建 StandardSocketFactory 对象
         this.socketFactory = NetUtils.getDefaultSocketFactory(conf);
         try {
             // 返回 DataNode 本地 IP 地址 比如 192.168.2.103 -> hj103
              hostName = getHostName(conf);
             // Configured hostname is hj101
              LOG.info("Configured hostname is {}", hostName);
             // 启动 DataNode
             startDataNode(dataDirs, resources);
         } catch (IOException ie) {
             shutdown();
              throw ie;
         final int dncCacheMaxSize =
                  conf.getInt(DFS_DATANODE_NETWORK_COUNTS_CACHE_MAX_SIZE_KEY,
DFS_DATANODE_NETWORK_COUNTS_CACHE_MAX_SIZE_DEFAULT);
         datanodeNetworkCounts =
                  CacheBuilder.newBuilder()
                           .maximumSize(dncCacheMaxSize)
                           .build(new CacheLoader<String, Map<String, Long>>() {
                                @Override
                                public Map<String, Long> load(String key) throws Exception {
                                     final Map<String, Long> ret = new HashMap<String,
Long>();
                                     ret.put("networkErrors", OL);
                                     return ret;
```

```
}
});

initOOBTimeout();

this.storageLocationChecker = storageLocationChecker;
}
```

3.4.1.2.1 创建 DatasetVolumeChecker

```
/**
    * @param conf Configuration object.
    * @param timer {@link Timer} object used for throttling checks.
   public DatasetVolumeChecker(Configuration conf, Timer timer)
            throws DiskErrorException {
       // 10m = 10 * 60 * 1000
       maxAllowedTimeForCheckMs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                DFS DATANODE DISK CHECK TIMEOUT KEY,
                DFS_DATANODE_DISK_CHECK_TIMEOUT_DEFAULT,
                TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
       if (maxAllowedTimeForCheckMs <= 0) {
            throw new DiskErrorException("Invalid value configured for "
                     + DFS_DATANODE_DISK_CHECK_TIMEOUT_KEY + " - "
                     + maxAllowedTimeForCheckMs + " (should be > 0)");
       }
       this.timer = timer;
       //0
       maxVolumeFailuresTolerated = conf.getInt(
                DFS DATANODE FAILED VOLUMES TOLERATED KEY,
                DFS_DATANODE_FAILED_VOLUMES_TOLERATED_DEFAULT);
       minDiskCheckGapMs = conf.getTimeDuration(
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_DISK_CHECK_MIN_GAP_KEY,
                DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_DISK_CHECK_MIN_GAP_DEFAULT,
                TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
       if (minDiskCheckGapMs < 0) {
            throw new DiskErrorException("Invalid value configured for "
                     + DFS DATANODE DISK CHECK MIN GAP KEY + " - "
                     + minDiskCheckGapMs + " (should be >= 0)");
       }
```

```
// 10m = 10 * 60 * 1000
         diskCheckTimeout = conf.getTimeDuration(
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE DISK CHECK TIMEOUT KEY,
                  DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE DISK CHECK TIMEOUT DEFAULT,
                 TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS);
         if (diskCheckTimeout < 0) {
             throw new DiskErrorException("Invalid value configured for "
                      + DFS DATANODE DISK CHECK TIMEOUT KEY + " - "
                      + diskCheckTimeout + " (should be >= 0)");
         }
         lastAllVolumesCheck = timer.monotonicNow() - minDiskCheckGapMs;
         if
                                   (maxVolumeFailuresTolerated
                                                                                        <
DataNode.MAX_VOLUME_FAILURE_TOLERATED_LIMIT) {
             throw new DiskErrorException("Invalid value configured for "
                      + DFS_DATANODE_FAILED_VOLUMES_TOLERATED_KEY + " - "
                      + maxVolumeFailuresTolerated + " "
                      + DataNode.MAX_VOLUME_FAILURES_TOLERATED_MSG);
        }
         // 创建 ThrottledAsyncChecker
         delegateChecker = new ThrottledAsyncChecker<>(
                  timer, minDiskCheckGapMs, diskCheckTimeout,
                  Executors.newCachedThreadPool(
                           new ThreadFactoryBuilder()
                                    .setNameFormat("DataNode DiskChecker thread %d")
                                    .setDaemon(true)
                                    .build()));
         checkVolumeResultHandlerExecutorService = Executors.newCachedThreadPool(
                  new ThreadFactoryBuilder()
                           .setNameFormat("VolumeCheck ResultHandler thread %d")
                           .setDaemon(true)
                          .build());
```

3.4.1.2.2 启动 DataNode

```
/**

* This method starts the data node with the specified conf.

* 
* If conf's CONFIG_PROPERTY_SIMULATED property is set
```

```
* then a simulated storage based data node is created.
     * @param dataDirectories - only for a non-simulated storage data node
     * @throws IOException
     */
    void startDataNode(List<StorageLocation> dataDirectories,
                          SecureResources resources
    ) throws IOException {
         // settings global for all BPs in the Data Node
         // null
         this.secureResources = resources;
         synchronized (this) {
             // DataNode 数据存储目录
             this.dataDirs = dataDirectories;
         this.dnConf = new DNConf(this);
         checkSecureConfig(dnConf, getConf(), resources);
         if (dnConf.maxLockedMemory > 0) {
              if (!NativeIO.POSIX.getCacheManipulator().verifyCanMlock()) {
                  throw new RuntimeException(String.format(
                           "Cannot start datanode because the configured max locked
memory" +
                                     " size (%s) is greater than zero and native code is not
available.",
                           DFS_DATANODE_MAX_LOCKED_MEMORY_KEY));
             }
              if (Path.WINDOWS) {
                  NativeIO.Windows.extendWorkingSetSize(dnConf.maxLockedMemory);
             } else {
                  long ulimit = NativeIO.POSIX.getCacheManipulator().getMemlockLimit();
                  if (dnConf.maxLockedMemory > ulimit) {
                       throw new RuntimeException(String.format(
                                "Cannot start datanode because the configured max locked
memory" +
                                         " size (%s) of %d bytes is more than the datanode's
available" +
                                         " RLIMIT MEMLOCK ulimit of %d bytes.",
                                DFS_DATANODE_MAX_LOCKED_MEMORY_KEY,
                                dnConf.maxLockedMemory,
                                ulimit));
                  }
```

```
}
LOG.info("Starting DataNode with maxLockedMemory = {}",
         dnConf.maxLockedMemory);
int volFailuresTolerated = dnConf.getVolFailuresTolerated();
int volsConfigured = dnConf.getVolsConfigured();
if (volFailuresTolerated < MAX_VOLUME_FAILURE_TOLERATED_LIMIT
         || volFailuresTolerated >= volsConfigured) {
     throw new DiskErrorException("Invalid value configured for "
              + "dfs.datanode.failed.volumes.tolerated - " + volFailuresTolerated
              + ". Value configured is either less than -1 or >= "
              + "to the number of configured volumes (" + volsConfigured + ").");
}
// 创建 DataStorage
storage = new DataStorage();
// global DN settings
registerMXBean();
// 初始化 DataXceiverServer
initDataXceiver();
// 创建 DatanodeHttpServer 并启动
startInfoServer();
pauseMonitor = new JvmPauseMonitor();
pauseMonitor.init(getConf());
pauseMonitor.start();
// BlockPoolTokenSecretManager is required to create ipc server.
// 创建 BlockPoolTokenSecretManager
this.blockPoolTokenSecretManager = new BlockPoolTokenSecretManager();
// Login is done by now. Set the DN user name.
dnUserName = UserGroupInformation.getCurrentUser().getUserName();
LOG.info("dnUserName = {}", dnUserName);
LOG.info("supergroup = {}", supergroup);
// 初始化 RpcServer
initlpcServer();
metrics = DataNodeMetrics.create(getConf(), getDisplayName());
```

```
peerMetrics = dnConf.peerStatsEnabled ?
         DataNodePeerMetrics.create(getDisplayName(), getConf()): null;
metrics.getJvmMetrics().setPauseMonitor(pauseMonitor);
// 创建 ErasureCodingWorker
ecWorker = new ErasureCodingWorker(getConf(), this);
// 创建 BlockRecoveryWorker
blockRecoveryWorker = new BlockRecoveryWorker(this);
// 创建 BlockPoolManager
blockPoolManager = new BlockPoolManager(this);
// 刷新 NameNode 地址
blockPoolManager.refreshNamenodes(getConf());
// Create the ReadaheadPool from the DataNode context so we can
// exit without having to explicitly shutdown its thread pool.
readaheadPool = ReadaheadPool.getInstance();
saslClient = new SaslDataTransferClient(dnConf.getConf(),
         dnConf.saslPropsResolver, dnConf.trustedChannelResolver);
saslServer = new SaslDataTransferServer(dnConf, blockPoolTokenSecretManager);
startMetricsLogger();
if (dnConf.diskStatsEnabled) {
    diskMetrics = new DataNodeDiskMetrics(this,
              dnConf.outliersReportIntervalMs);
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.1 创建 DataStorage

```
DataStorage() {
    // 往下追
    super(NodeType.DATA_NODE);
    trashEnabledBpids = Collections.newSetFromMap(
        new ConcurrentHashMap<String, Boolean>());
}
```

```
/**

* Create empty storage info of the specified type

*/

protected Storage(NodeType type) {

// 往下追

super(type);
}
```

```
public StorageInfo(NodeType type) {
    // 往下追
    this(0, 0, "", 0L, type);
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.2 初始化 DataXceiverServer

```
private void initDataXceiver() throws IOException {
         // find free port or use privileged port provided
         TcpPeerServer tcpPeerServer;
         if (secureResources != null) {
              tcpPeerServer = new TcpPeerServer(secureResources);
         } else {
              // 128
              int backlogLength = getConf().getInt(
CommonConfigurationKeysPublic.IPC_SERVER_LISTEN_QUEUE_SIZE_KEY,
CommonConfigurationKeysPublic.IPC_SERVER_LISTEN_QUEUE_SIZE_DEFAULT);
              // 创建 TcpPeerServer (TCP-Server)
              tcpPeerServer = new TcpPeerServer(
                       dnConf.socketWriteTimeout,
                       // 默认 0.0.0.0:9866
                       DataNode.getStreamingAddr(getConf()),
                       backlogLength);
         if (dnConf.getTransferSocketRecvBufferSize() > 0) {
              tcpPeerServer.setReceiveBufferSize(
                       dnConf.getTransferSocketRecvBufferSize());
         }
         // Opened streaming server at /0.0.0.0:9866
         streamingAddr = tcpPeerServer.getStreamingAddr();
         LOG.info("Opened streaming server at {}", streamingAddr);
```

```
// 创建 ThreadGroup
         this.threadGroup = new ThreadGroup("dataXceiverServer");
         // 创建 DataXceiverServer (实现 Runnable 接口)
         xserver = new DataXceiverServer(tcpPeerServer, getConf(), this);
         // 封装 DataXceiverServer 为 Daemon 对象
         this.dataXceiverServer = new Daemon(threadGroup, xserver);
         this.threadGroup.setDaemon(true); // auto destroy when empty
         if (getConf().getBoolean(
                  HdfsClientConfigKeys.Read.ShortCircuit.KEY,
                  HdfsClientConfigKeys.Read.ShortCircuit.DEFAULT) ||
                  getConf().getBoolean(
HdfsClientConfigKeys.DFS_CLIENT_DOMAIN_SOCKET_DATA_TRAFFIC,
                           HdfsClientConfigKeys
                                    .DFS_CLIENT_DOMAIN_SOCKET_DATA_TRAFFIC_DEFAULT
)) {
             DomainPeerServer domainPeerServer =
                       getDomainPeerServer(getConf(), streamingAddr.getPort());
             if (domainPeerServer != null) {
                  this.localDataXceiverServer = new Daemon(threadGroup,
                           new DataXceiverServer(domainPeerServer, getConf(), this));
                  LOG.info("Listening on UNIX domain socket: {}",
                           domainPeerServer.getBindPath());
             }
         // 创建 ShortCircuitRegistry
         this.shortCircuitRegistry = new ShortCircuitRegistry(getConf());
```

3.4.1.2.2.2.1 创建 TcpPeerServer (TCP-Server)

```
ServerSocketChannel.open().socket(): new ServerSocket();
// ServerSocketChannel 绑定地址 (默认 0.0.0.0:9866)
Server.bind(serverSocket, bindAddr, backlogLength);
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.2.2 创建 DataXceiverServer (实现 Runnable 接口)

```
DataXceiverServer(PeerServer peerServer, Configuration conf,
                        DataNode datanode) {
        // TcpPeerServer (0.0.0.0:9866)
        this.peerServer = peerServer;
        this.datanode = datanode;
        // 4096
        this.maxXceiverCount =
                 conf.getInt (DFSConfigKeys.DFS\_DATANODE\_MAX\_RECEIVER\_THREADS\_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS DATANODE MAX RECEIVER THREADS DEFAULT);
        // 128MB
        this.estimateBlockSize = conf.getLongBytes(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_BLOCK_SIZE_KEY,
                 DFSConfigKeys.DFS_BLOCK_SIZE_DEFAULT);
        //set up parameter for cluster balancing
        // 创建 BlockBalanceThrottler
        this.balanceThrottler = new BlockBalanceThrottler(
                 // 10MB
conf.getLongBytes(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_BALANCE_BANDWIDTHPERSEC_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_BALANCE_BANDWIDTHPERSEC_DEFAULT),
                 // 50
conf.getInt(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_BALANCE_MAX_NUM_CONCURRENT_MOVES_KEY,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DATANODE_BALANCE_MAX_NUM_CONCURRENT_MOVES_DEFAULT));
```

3.4.1.2.2.3 创建 DatanodeHttpServer 并启动

```
/**

* @see DFSUtil#getHttpPolicy(org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration)

* for information related to the different configuration options and

* Http Policy is decided.

*/
```

```
private void startInfoServer()
         throws IOException {
    // SecureDataNodeStarter will bind the privileged port to the channel if
    // the DN is started by JSVC, pass it along.
    // null
    ServerSocketChannel httpServerChannel = secureResources != null ?
              secureResources.getHttpServerChannel(): null;
    // 创建 DatanodeHttpServer
    httpServer = new DatanodeHttpServer(getConf(), this, httpServerChannel);
    // 启动 DatanodeHttpServer
    httpServer.start();
    if (httpServer.getHttpAddress() != null) {
         infoPort = httpServer.getHttpAddress().getPort();
    if (httpServer.getHttpsAddress() != null) {
         infoSecurePort = httpServer.getHttpsAddress().getPort();
    }
```

3.4.1.2.2.3.1 创建 DatanodeHttpServer

```
public DatanodeHttpServer(final Configuration conf,
                                  final DataNode datanode,
                                  final ServerSocketChannel externalHttpChannel)
             throws IOException {
         // 创建 RestCsrfPreventionFilter
         this.restCsrfPreventionFilter = createRestCsrfPreventionFilter(conf);
         this.conf = conf;
         Configuration confForInfoServer = new Configuration(conf);
         // 4
         confForInfoServer.setInt(HttpServer2.HTTP_MAX_THREADS_KEY,
                  HTTP_MAX_THREADS);
         //1
         confForInfoServer.setInt(HttpServer2.HTTP_SELECTOR_COUNT_KEY,
                  HTTP_SELECTOR_THREADS);
         // 1
         confForInfoServer.setInt(HttpServer2.HTTP_ACCEPTOR_COUNT_KEY,
                  HTTP_ACCEPTOR_THREADS);
         int proxyPort =
                  confForInfoServer.getInt(DFS_DATANODE_HTTP_INTERNAL_PROXY_PORT, 0);
```

```
// 创建 HttpServer2
HttpServer2.Builder builder = new HttpServer2.Builder()
         .setName("datanode")
         .setConf(confForInfoServer)
         .setACL(new AccessControlList(conf.get(DFS_ADMIN, " ")))
         .hostName(getHostnameForSpnegoPrincipal(confForInfoServer))
         .addEndpoint(URI.create("http://localhost:" + proxyPort))
         .setFindPort(true);
// true
final boolean xFrameEnabled = conf.getBoolean(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_ENABLED,
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_ENABLED_DEFAULT);
final String xFrameOptionValue = conf.getTrimmed(
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_VALUE,
         DFSConfigKeys.DFS_XFRAME_OPTION_VALUE_DEFAULT);
builder.configureXFrame(xFrameEnabled).setXFrameOption(xFrameOptionValue);
// 构建 HttpServer2
this.infoServer = builder.build();
this.infoServer.setAttribute(HttpServer2.CONF_CONTEXT_ATTRIBUTE, conf);
this.infoServer.setAttribute("datanode", datanode);
this.infoServer.setAttribute(JspHelper.CURRENT_CONF, conf);
// HttpServer2 添加 Servlet
this.infoServer.addServlet(null, "/blockScannerReport",
         BlockScanner.Servlet.class);
DataNodeUGIProvider.init(conf);
// 启动 HttpServer2
this.infoServer.start();
final InetSocketAddress jettyAddr = infoServer.getConnectorAddress(0);
this.confForCreate = new Configuration(conf);
confForCreate.set(FsPermission.UMASK_LABEL, "000");
// Netty NIO 相关组件
this.bossGroup = new NioEventLoopGroup();
this.workerGroup = new NioEventLoopGroup();
```

```
this.externalHttpChannel = externalHttpChannel;
         HttpConfig.Policy policy = DFSUtil.getHttpPolicy(conf);
         if (policy.isHttpEnabled()) {
             // 基于 Netty 创建 Http Server 服务
             this.httpServer = new ServerBootstrap().group(bossGroup, workerGroup)
                      .childHandler(new ChannelInitializer<SocketChannel>() {
                           @Override
                           protected void initChannel(SocketChannel ch) throws Exception {
                               ChannelPipeline p = ch.pipeline();
                               p.addLast(new HttpRequestDecoder(),
                                         new HttpResponseEncoder());
                               if (restCsrfPreventionFilter != null) {
                                    p.addLast(new RestCsrfPreventionFilterHandler(
                                             restCsrfPreventionFilter));
                               p.addLast(
                                         new ChunkedWriteHandler(),
                                         new URLDispatcher(jettyAddr, conf, confForCreate));
                      });
             // 设置参数
             this.httpServer.childOption(
                      ChannelOption.WRITE_BUFFER_HIGH_WATER_MARK,
                      conf.getInt(
                               DFSConfigKeys.DFS_WEBHDFS_NETTY_HIGH_WATERMARK,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_WEBHDFS_NETTY_HIGH_WATERMARK_DEFAULT));
             this.httpServer.childOption(
                      ChannelOption.WRITE_BUFFER_LOW_WATER_MARK,
                      conf.getInt(
                               DFSConfigKeys.DFS_WEBHDFS_NETTY_LOW_WATERMARK,
DFSConfigKeys.DFS_WEBHDFS_NETTY_LOW_WATERMARK_DEFAULT));
             if (externalHttpChannel == null) {
                  // 绑定 NioServerSocketChannel
                  httpServer.channel(NioServerSocketChannel.class);
             } else {
                  httpServer.channelFactory(new ChannelFactory<NioServerSocketChannel>() {
                      @Override
                      public NioServerSocketChannel newChannel() {
```

```
return new NioServerSocketChannel(externalHttpChannel) {
                                  // The channel has been bounded externally via JSVC,
                                  // thus bind() becomes a no-op.
                                  @Override
                                  protected void doBind(SocketAddress localAddress) throws
Exception {
                             };
                        }
                   });
              }
         } else {
              this.httpServer = null;
         }
         if (policy.isHttpsEnabled()) {
              this.sslFactory = new SSLFactory(SSLFactory.Mode.SERVER, conf);
              try {
                   sslFactory.init();
              } catch (GeneralSecurityException e) {
                   throw new IOException(e);
              }
              this.httpsServer = new ServerBootstrap().group(bossGroup, workerGroup)
                        .channel(NioServerSocketChannel.class)
                        .childHandler(new ChannelInitializer<SocketChannel>() {
                             @Override
                             protected void initChannel(SocketChannel ch) throws Exception {
                                  ChannelPipeline p = ch.pipeline();
                                  p.addLast(
                                            new SslHandler(sslFactory.createSSLEngine()),
                                            new HttpRequestDecoder(),
                                            new HttpResponseEncoder());
                                  if (restCsrfPreventionFilter != null) {
                                       p.addLast(new RestCsrfPreventionFilterHandler(
                                                 restCsrfPreventionFilter));
                                  }
                                  p.addLast(
                                            new ChunkedWriteHandler(),
                                            new URLDispatcher(jettyAddr, conf, confForCreate));
                             }
                        });
         } else {
              this.httpsServer = null;
              this.sslFactory = null;
```

```
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.3.1.1 创建 HttpServer2 并启动

3.4.1.2.2.3.1.2 基于 Netty 创建 Http Server 服务

3.4.1.2.2.3.2 启动 DatanodeHttpServer (基于 Netty 创建的 Http-Server)

```
public void start() throws IOException {
         if (httpServer != null) {
              InetSocketAddress infoAddr = DataNode.getInfoAddr(conf);
              // 绑定 0.0.0.0:9864
              ChannelFuture f = httpServer.bind(infoAddr);
              try {
                   f.syncUninterruptibly();
              } catch (Throwable e) {
                   if (e instanceof BindException) {
                        throw NetUtils.wrapException(null, 0, infoAddr.getHostName(),
                                  infoAddr.getPort(), (SocketException) e);
                   } else {
                        throw e;
                   }
              }
              httpAddress = (InetSocketAddress) f.channel().localAddress();
              // Listening HTTP traffic on /0.0.0.0:9864
              LOG.info("Listening HTTP traffic on " + httpAddress);
         }
         if (httpsServer != null) {
              InetSocketAddress secInfoSocAddr =
                        NetUtils.createSocketAddr(conf.getTrimmed(
                                  DFS_DATANODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_KEY,
                                  DFS_DATANODE_HTTPS_ADDRESS_DEFAULT));
              ChannelFuture f = httpsServer.bind(secInfoSocAddr);
              try {
                   f.syncUninterruptibly();
              } catch (Throwable e) {
                   if (e instanceof BindException) {
                        throw NetUtils.wrapException(null, 0, secInfoSocAddr.getHostName(),
                                  secInfoSocAddr.getPort(), (SocketException) e);
```

3.4.1.2.2.4 创建 BlockPoolTokenSecretManager

3.4.1.2.2.5 始化 RpcServer 并绑定通讯协议

```
private void initlpcServer() throws IOException {
         // 默认 0.0.0.0: 9867
         InetSocketAddress ipcAddr = NetUtils.createSocketAddr(
                  getConf().getTrimmed(DFS_DATANODE_IPC_ADDRESS_KEY));
         // Add all the RPC protocols that the Datanode implements
         // 设置 ClientDatanodeProtocol 通讯协议
         RPC.setProtocolEngine(getConf(), ClientDatanodeProtocolPB.class,
                  ProtobufRpcEngine.class);
         ClientDatanodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB clientDatanodeProtocolXlator =
                  new ClientDatanodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
         BlockingService service = ClientDatanodeProtocolService
                  .newReflectiveBlockingService(clientDatanodeProtocolXlator);
         // 构建 RPC
         ipcServer = new RPC.Builder(getConf())
                  .setProtocol(ClientDatanodeProtocolPB.class)
                  .setInstance(service)
                  .setBindAddress(ipcAddr.getHostName())
                  .setPort(ipcAddr.getPort())
                  .setNumHandlers(
                           // 默认 Handler 个数 10
                           getConf().getInt(DFS_DATANODE_HANDLER_COUNT_KEY,
DFS_DATANODE_HANDLER_COUNT_DEFAULT)).setVerbose(false)
                  .setSecretManager(blockPoolTokenSecretManager).build();
         // 绑定通讯协议
         Reconfiguration Protocol Server Side Translator PB\ reconfiguration Protocol X lator
                  = new ReconfigurationProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
```

```
service = ReconfigurationProtocolService
         .newReflectiveBlockingService(reconfigurationProtocolXlator);
DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(getConf(), ReconfigurationProtocolPB.class, service,
         ipcServer);
InterDatanodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB interDatanodeProtocolXlator =
         new InterDatanodeProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
service = InterDatanodeProtocolService
         .newReflectiveBlockingService(interDatanodeProtocolXlator);
DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(getConf(), InterDatanodeProtocolPB.class, service,
         ipcServer);
TraceAdminProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB traceAdminXlator =
         new TraceAdminProtocolServerSideTranslatorPB(this);
BlockingService traceAdminService = TraceAdminService
         .newReflectiveBlockingService(traceAdminXlator);
DFSUtil.addPBProtocol(
         getConf(),
         TraceAdminProtocolPB.class,
         traceAdminService,
         ipcServer);
// Opened IPC server at /0.0.0.0:9867
LOG.info("Opened IPC server at {}", ipcServer.getListenerAddress());
// set service-level authorization security policy
if (getConf().getBoolean(
         CommonConfigurationKeys.HADOOP_SECURITY_AUTHORIZATION, false)) {
    ipcServer.refreshServiceAcl(getConf(), new HDFSPolicyProvider());
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.6 创建 ErasureCodingWorker

```
public ErasureCodingWorker(Configuration conf, DataNode datanode) {
    this.datanode = datanode;
    this.conf = conf;
    this.xmitWeight = conf.getFloat(
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DN_EC_RECONSTRUCTION_XMITS_WEIGHT_KEY,
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DN_EC_RECONSTRUCTION_XMITS_WEIGHT_DEFAULT
    );
    Preconditions.checkArgument(this.xmitWeight >= 0,
        "Invalid value configured for " +
        DFSConfigKeys.DFS_DN_EC_RECONSTRUCTION_XMITS_WEIGHT_KEY +
        ", it can not be negative value (" + this.xmitWeight + ").");
```

3.4.1.2.2.7 创建 BlockRecoveryWorker

```
BlockRecoveryWorker(DataNode datanode) {
    this.datanode = datanode;
    conf = datanode.getConf();
    dnConf = datanode.getDnConf();
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.8 创建 BlockPoolManager

```
BlockPoolManager(DataNode dn) {

this.dn = dn;
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.9 刷新 NameNode 地址

```
void refreshNamenodes(Configuration conf)
              throws IOException {
         LOG.info("Refresh request received for nameservices: " +
                  conf.get(DFSConfigKeys.DFS_NAMESERVICES));
         Map<String, Map<String, InetSocketAddress>> newAddressMap = null;
         Map<String, Map<String, InetSocketAddress>> newLifelineAddressMap = null;
         try {
              // mycluster -> {nn1 -> hj101:53310, nn2 -> hj102:53310}
              newAddressMap =
                       DFSUtil.getNNServiceRpcAddressesForCluster(conf);
              // null
              newLifelineAddressMap =
                       DFSUtil.getNNLifelineRpcAddressesForCluster(conf);
         } catch (IOException ioe) {
              LOG.warn("Unable to get NameNode addresses.");
         if (newAddressMap == null | | newAddressMap.isEmpty()) {
              throw new IOException("No services to connect, missing NameNode " +
                       "address.");
```

```
private void doRefreshNamenodes(
              // mycluster -> {nn1 -> hj101:53310, nn2 -> hj102:53310}
              Map<String, Map<String, InetSocketAddress>> addrMap,
              // null
              Map<String, Map<String, InetSocketAddress>> lifelineAddrMap)
              throws IOException {
         assert Thread.holdsLock(refreshNamenodesLock);
         Set<String> toRefresh = Sets.newLinkedHashSet();
         Set<String> toAdd = Sets.newLinkedHashSet();
         Set<String> toRemove;
         synchronized (this) {
              // Step 1. For each of the new nameservices, figure out whether
              // it's an update of the set of NNs for an existing NS,
              // or an entirely new nameservice.
              for (String nameserviceId : addrMap.keySet()) {
                   if (bpByNameserviceId.containsKey(nameserviceId)) {
                        toRefresh.add(nameserviceId);
                   } else {
                        // add mycluster
                        toAdd.add(nameserviceId);
                   }
              }
              // Step 2. Any nameservices we currently have but are no longer present
              // need to be removed.
              toRemove = Sets.newHashSet(Sets.difference(
                        bpByNameserviceId.keySet(), addrMap.keySet()));
              assert toRefresh.size() + toAdd.size() ==
                        addrMap.size():
                        "toAdd: " + Joiner.on(",").useForNull("<default>").join(toAdd) +
                                                           toRemove:
Joiner.on(",").useForNull("<default>").join(toRemove) +
                                                           toRefresh:
```

```
Joiner.on(",").useForNull("<default>").join(toRefresh);
             // Step 3. Start new nameservices
             if (!toAdd.isEmpty()) {
                 // Starting BPOfferServices for nameservices: mycluster
                  LOG.info("Starting BPOfferServices for nameservices: " +
                          Joiner.on(",").useForNull("<default>").join(toAdd));
                 // [mycluster]
                 for (String nsToAdd : toAdd) {
                      // {nn1 -> hj101:53310, nn2 -> hj102:53310}
                      Map<String, InetSocketAddress> nnIdToAddr = addrMap.get(nsToAdd);
                      Map<String, InetSocketAddress> nnIdToLifelineAddr =
                               lifelineAddrMap.get(nsToAdd);
                      ArrayList<InetSocketAddress> addrs =
                               Lists.newArrayListWithCapacity(nnIdToAddr.size());
                      ArrayList<InetSocketAddress> lifelineAddrs =
                               Lists.newArrayListWithCapacity(nnIdToAddr.size());
                      for (String nnId : nnIdToAddr.keySet()) {
                          // add hj101:53310
                          // add hj102:53310
                          addrs.add(nnIdToAddr.get(nnId));
                          lifelineAddrs.add(nnIdToLifelineAddr!= null?
                                   nnIdToLifelineAddr.get(nnId) : null);
                      // 创建 BPOfferService
                      // 一个 BPOfferService 就是一个联邦 也即一个 NameNode HA 组
合
                      // 比如一般配置 NameNode HA 的 nameservice 为 mycluster
                      // mycluster 也即 NameNode 的 HA 组合 存在两个 NameNode
(nn1,nn2)
                      // nn1 或者 nn2 就是 NameNode 的地址 也即 BPServiceActor
                      BPOfferService bpos = createBPOS(nsToAdd, addrs, lifelineAddrs);
                      bpByNameserviceId.put(nsToAdd, bpos);
                      offerServices.add(bpos);
                 }
             }
             // 启动 BPOfferServices 的 BPServiceActor 去跟 NameNode 进行连接并向
```

```
NameNode 注册
              startAll();
         // Step 4. Shut down old nameservices. This happens outside
         // of the synchronized(this) lock since they need to call
         // back to .remove() from another thread
         if (!toRemove.isEmpty()) {
              LOG.info("Stopping BPOfferServices for nameservices: " +
                        Joiner.on(",").useForNull("<default>").join(toRemove));
              for (String nsToRemove : toRemove) {
                   BPOfferService bpos = bpByNameserviceId.get(nsToRemove);
                   bpos.stop();
                   bpos.join();
                   // they will call remove on their own
              }
         }
         // Step 5. Update nameservices whose NN list has changed
         if (!toRefresh.isEmpty()) {
              LOG.info("Refreshing list of NNs for nameservices: " +
                        Joiner.on(",").useForNull("<default>").join(toRefresh));
              for (String nsToRefresh : toRefresh) {
                   BPOfferService bpos = bpByNameserviceId.get(nsToRefresh);
                   Map<String, InetSocketAddress> nnIdToAddr = addrMap.get(nsToRefresh);
                   Map<String, InetSocketAddress> nnIdToLifelineAddr =
                             lifelineAddrMap.get(nsToRefresh);
                   ArrayList<InetSocketAddress> addrs =
                             Lists.newArrayListWithCapacity(nnIdToAddr.size());
                   ArrayList<InetSocketAddress> lifelineAddrs =
                             Lists.newArrayListWithCapacity(nnIdToAddr.size());
                   for (String nnId: nnIdToAddr.keySet()) {
                        addrs.add(nnIdToAddr.get(nnId));
                        lifelineAddrs.add(nnIdToLifelineAddr!= null?
                                 nnIdToLifelineAddr.get(nnId): null);
                   }
                   try {
                        UserGroupInformation.getLoginUser()
                                 .doAs(new PrivilegedExceptionAction<Object>() {
                                       @Override
                                       public Object run() throws Exception {
                                           bpos.refreshNNList(addrs, lifelineAddrs);
```

```
return null;

}

});

} catch (InterruptedException ex) {

IOException ioe = new IOException();

ioe.initCause(ex.getCause());

throw ioe;

}

}

}
```

3.4.1.2.2.9.1 创建 BPOfferService

```
* Extracted out for test purposes.

*/

protected BPOfferService createBPOS(
    final String nameserviceId,
    List<InetSocketAddress> nnAddrs,
    List<InetSocketAddress> lifelineNnAddrs) {

// 创建 BPOfferService
    return new BPOfferService(nameserviceId, nnAddrs, lifelineNnAddrs, dn);
}
```

```
BPOfferService(
              // mycluster
              final String nameserviceld,
              // [hj101:53310, hj102:53310]
              List<InetSocketAddress> nnAddrs,
              // null
              List<InetSocketAddress> lifelineNnAddrs,
              DataNode dn) {
         Preconditions.checkArgument(!nnAddrs.isEmpty(),
                   "Must pass at least one NN.");
         Preconditions.checkArgument(nnAddrs.size() == lifelineNnAddrs.size(),
                   "Must pass same number of NN addresses and lifeline addresses.");
         this.nameserviceId = nameserviceId;
         this.dn = dn;
         for (int i = 0; i < nnAddrs.size(); ++i) {
              // 创建 BPServiceActor(hj101:53310) BPServerActor(hj102:53310)
              this.bpServices.add(new BPServiceActor(nnAddrs.get(i),
```

```
lifelineNnAddrs.get(i), this));
}
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.9.1.1 创建 BPServiceActor

```
BPServiceActor(InetSocketAddress nnAddr, InetSocketAddress lifelineNnAddr,
                      BPOfferService bpos) {
         // BPOfferService
         this.bpos = bpos;
         // DataNode
         this.dn = bpos.getDataNode();
         // hj101:53310
         this.nnAddr = nnAddr;
         // null
         this.lifelineSender = lifelineNnAddr != null?
                   new LifelineSender(lifelineNnAddr): null;
         // null
         this.initialRegistrationComplete = lifelineNnAddr != null ?
                   new CountDownLatch(1) : null;
         this.dnConf = dn.getDnConf();
         // 创建 IncrementalBlockReportManager
         this.ibrManager = new IncrementalBlockReportManager(
                   dnConf.ibrInterval,
                   dn.getMetrics());
         prevBlockReportId = ThreadLocalRandom.current().nextLong();
         fullBlockReportLeaseId = 0;
         scheduler = new Scheduler(dnConf.heartBeatInterval,
                   dnConf.getLifelineIntervalMs(), dnConf.blockReportInterval,
                   dnConf.outliersReportIntervalMs);
         // get the value of maxDataLength.
         this.maxDataLength = dnConf.getMaxDataLength();
    }
```

3.4.1.2.2.9.2 启动 BPOfferServices 的 BPServiceActor 去跟 NameNode 进行连接并向 NameNode 注册

```
@Override
public Object run() throws Exception {
    for (BPOfferService bpos : offerServices) {
        // 启动 BPOfferService
        bpos.start();
    }
    return null;
}

});
} catch (InterruptedException ex) {
    IOException ioe = new IOException();
    ioe.initCause(ex.getCause());
    throw ioe;
}
```

```
//This must be called only by blockPoolManager
void start() {
    for (BPServiceActor actor : bpServices) {
        // 启动 BPServiceActor
        actor.start();
    }
}
```

3.4.1.2.2.9.2.1 启动 BPOfferService 并调用其 run()

```
//This must be called only by BPOfferService
void start() {
    if ((bpThread != null) && (bpThread.isAlive())) {
        //Thread is started already
        return;
    }
    // 创建线程
    bpThread = new Thread(this);
    bpThread.setDaemon(true); // needed for JUnit testing
    // 启动线程 调用 run()
    bpThread.start();

if (lifelineSender != null) {
        lifelineSender.start();
    }
}
```

```
/**
     * No matter what kind of exception we get, keep retrying to offerService().
     * That's the loop that connects to the NameNode and provides basic DataNode
      * functionality.
     * Only stop when "shouldRun" or "shouldServiceRun" is turned off, which can
     * happen either at shutdown or due to refreshNamenodes.
     */
    @Override
    public void run() {
         LOG.info(this + " starting to offer service");
         try {
              while (true) {
                   // init stuff
                   try {
                        // setup storage
                        // DataNode 连接 NameNode 并向 NameNode 注册 DataNode 信
息
                        connectToNNAndHandshake();
                        break;
                   } catch (IOException ioe) {
                        // Initial handshake, storage recovery or registration failed
                        runningState = RunningState.INIT_FAILED;
                        if (shouldRetryInit()) {
                             // Retry until all namenode's of BPOS failed initialization
                             LOG.error("Initialization failed for " + this + " "
                                       + ioe.getLocalizedMessage());
                             sleepAndLogInterrupts(5000, "initializing");
                        } else {
                             runningState = RunningState.FAILED;
                             LOG.error("Initialization failed for " + this + ". Exiting. ", ioe);
                             return;
                        }
                   }
              }
              runningState = RunningState.RUNNING;
              if (initialRegistrationComplete != null) {
                   initialRegistrationComplete.countDown();
              }
              while (shouldRun()) {
```

```
try {
              // DataNode 与 NameNode 维持心跳
              offerService();
         } catch (Exception ex) {
              LOG.error("Exception in BPOfferService for " + this, ex);
              sleepAndLogInterrupts(5000, "offering service");
         }
     }
     runningState = RunningState.EXITED;
} catch (Throwable ex) {
     LOG.warn("Unexpected exception in block pool " + this, ex);
     runningState = RunningState.FAILED;
} finally {
     LOG.warn("Ending block pool service for: " + this);
     cleanUp();
}
```

3.4.2 启动 DataNode

```
/**
    * Start a single datanode daemon and wait for it to finish.
    * If this thread is specifically interrupted, it will stop waiting.
    */
   public void runDatanodeDaemon() throws IOException {
        // 启动 BlockPoolManager
        blockPoolManager.startAll();
        // start dataXceiveServer
        // 启动 DataXceiverServer
        dataXceiverServer.start();
        if (localDataXceiverServer != null) {
             localDataXceiverServer.start();
        ipcServer.setTracer(tracer);
        // 启动 RpcServer
        ipcServer.start();
        startPlugins(getConf());
```

3.4.2.1 启动 BlockPoolManager

```
synchronized void startAll() throws IOException {
         try {
              UserGroupInformation.getLoginUser().doAs(
                        new PrivilegedExceptionAction<Object>() {
                             @Override
                             public Object run() throws Exception {
                                 for (BPOfferService bpos: offerServices) {
                                      // 启动 BPOfferService (前面已经启动过了)
                                      bpos.start();
                                 return null;
                            }
                        });
         } catch (InterruptedException ex) {
              IOException ioe = new IOException();
              ioe.initCause(ex.getCause());
              throw ioe;
         }
```

3.4.2.2 启动 DataXceiverServer 调用其 run()

```
// 封装成 DataXceiver 并调用其 run() 进行接收数据处理
                   new Daemon(datanode.threadGroup,
                             DataXceiver.create(peer, datanode, this))
                             .start();
              } catch (SocketTimeoutException ignored) {
                   // wake up to see if should continue to run
              } catch (AsynchronousCloseException ace) {
                   // another thread closed our listener socket - that's expected during
shutdown,
                   // but not in other circumstances
                   if (datanode.shouldRun &&!datanode.shutdownForUpgrade) {
                        LOG.warn(datanode.getDisplayName() + ":DataXceiverServer: ", ace);
                   }
              } catch (IOException ie) {
                   IOUtils.cleanup(null, peer);
                   LOG.warn(datanode.getDisplayName() + ":DataXceiverServer: ", ie);
              } catch (OutOfMemoryError ie) {
                   IOUtils.cleanup(null, peer);
                   // DataNode can run out of memory if there is too many transfers.
                   // Log the event, Sleep for 30 seconds, other transfers may complete by
                   // then.
                   LOG.error("DataNode is out of memory. Will retry in 30 seconds.", ie);
                   try {
                        Thread.sleep(30 * 1000);
                   } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                        // ignore
                   }
              } catch (Throwable te) {
                   LOG.error(datanode.getDisplayName()
                            + ":DataXceiverServer: Exiting due to: ", te);
                   datanode.shouldRun = false;
              }
         }
         // Close the server to stop reception of more requests.
         try {
              peerServer.close();
              closed = true;
         } catch (IOException ie) {
              LOG.warn(datanode.getDisplayName()
                        + ":DataXceiverServer: close exception", ie);
         }
         // if in restart prep stage, notify peers before closing them.
```

```
if (datanode.shutdownForUpgrade) {
     restartNotifyPeers();
     // Each thread needs some time to process it. If a thread needs
     // to send an OOB message to the client, but blocked on network for
     // long time, we need to force its termination.
     LOG.info("Shutting down DataXceiverServer before restart");
     // Allow roughly up to 2 seconds.
     for (int i = 0; getNumPeers() > 0 \&\& i < 10; i++) {
          try {
               Thread.sleep(200);
          } catch (InterruptedException e) {
               // ignore
     }
}
// Close all peers.
closeAllPeers();
```

3.4.2.2.1 TcpPeerServer 等待接收 SocketChannel 连接 (阻塞)

```
@Override
public Peer accept() throws IOException, SocketTimeoutException {
    // serverSocket 绑定默认为
    Peer peer = DFSUtilClient.peerFromSocket(serverSocket.accept());
    return peer;
}
```

```
public static Peer peerFromSocket(Socket socket)
              throws IOException {
         Peer peer;
         boolean success = false;
         try {
              // TCP NODELAY is crucial here because of bad interactions between
              // Nagle's Algorithm and Delayed ACKs. With connection keepalive
              // between the client and DN, the conversation looks like:
                    1. Client -> DN: Read block X
                   2. DN -> Client: data for block X
              //
                    3. Client -> DN: Status OK (successful read)
                    4. Client -> DN: Read block Y
              // The fact that step #3 and #4 are both in the client->DN direction
              // triggers Nagling. If the DN is using delayed ACKs, this results
              // in a delay of 40ms or more.
              //
              // TCP_NODELAY disables nagling and thus avoids this performance
```

```
// disaster.
     socket.setTcpNoDelay(true);
     // 接收到 SocketChannel
     SocketChannel channel = socket.getChannel();
     if (channel == null) {
         // 创建 BasicInetPeer
          peer = new BasicInetPeer(socket);
    } else {
          peer = new NioInetPeer(socket);
    }
     success = true;
     return peer;
} finally {
     if (!success) {
          // peer is always null so no need to call peer.close().
          socket.close();
}
```

3.4.2.2.1.1 将接收的 SocketChannel 封装成 BasicInetPeer

```
public BasicInetPeer(Socket socket) throws IOException {
    // SocketChannel
    this.socket = socket;
    // SocketChannel 的 output 输出流
    this.out = socket.getOutputStream();
    // SocketChannel 的 input 输入流
    this.in = socket.getInputStream();
    // 判断是否为本地短路
    this.isLocal = socket.getInetAddress().equals(socket.getLocalAddress());
}
```

3.4.2.2.2 收到一个 Socket (BasicInetPeer) 封装成 DataXceiver 线程 并调用其 run() 进行接收数据处理

```
private DataXceiver(Peer peer, DataNode datanode,

DataXceiverServer dataXceiverServer) throws IOException {
```

```
super(datanode.getTracer());
this.peer = peer;
this.dnConf = datanode.getDnConf();
this.socketIn = peer.getInputStream();
this.socketOut = peer.getOutputStream();
this.datanode = datanode;
this.dataXceiverServer = dataXceiverServer;
this.connectToDnViaHostname = datanode.getDnConf().connectToDnViaHostname;
this.ioFileBufferSize = DFSUtilClient.getIoFileBufferSize(datanode.getConf());
this.smallBufferSize = DFSUtilClient.getSmallBufferSize(datanode.getConf());
remoteAddress = peer.getRemoteAddressString();
final int colonIdx = remoteAddress.indexOf(':');
remoteAddressWithoutPort =
     (colonIdx < 0) ? remoteAddress : remoteAddress.substring(0, colonIdx);
localAddress = peer.getLocalAddressString();
LOG.debug("Number of active connections is: {}",
    datanode.getXceiverCount());
```

3.4.2.2.2.1 调用 DataXceiver.run() 进行数据处理

3.4.2.3 启动 RpcServer (0.0.0.0:9867)

```
**

* Starts the service. Must be called before any calls will be handled.

*/

public synchronized void start() {

    // 启动 Responder 线程 (本质调用 Responder run())
    responder.start();

    // 启动 Listener 线程 (本质调用 Listener run())
    listener.start();

if (auxiliaryListenerMap != null && auxiliaryListenerMap.size() > 0) {
    for (Listener newListener : auxiliaryListenerMap.values()) {
        newListener.start();
    }

}

// 创建 Handler 线程数组 默认大小 10
handlers = new Handler[handlerCount];
```

```
// 初始化 Handler 线程并启动
for (int i = 0; i < handlerCount; i++) {
    handlers[i] = new Handler(i);
    handlers[i].start();
}
```

3.4.2.4 DataNode 向 NameNode 注册以及心跳维持

入口类: org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.datanode.BPServiceActor.run()

3.4.2.4.1 DataNode 向 NameNode 注册

connectToNNAndHandshake()

```
private void connectToNNAndHandshake() throws IOException {
        // get NN proxy
        // 创建
                    DatanodeProtocolClientSideTranslatorPB (通讯协议接口为
DatanodeProtocol) 并获取 NameNode 代理
        bpNamenode = dn.connectToNN(nnAddr);
        // First phase of the handshake with NN - get the namespace
        // info.
        // 发送一个 Rpc 请求获取 NameNode 信息 (阻塞直到获取成功)
        NamespaceInfo nsInfo = retrieveNamespaceInfo();
        // Verify that this matches the other NN in this HA pair.
        // This also initializes our block pool in the DN if we are
        // the first NN connection for this BP.
        // 更新 NameNode 信息并加载 DataNode 数据存储信息
        bpos.verifyAndSetNamespaceInfo(this, nsInfo);
        /* set thread name again to include NamespaceInfo when it's available. */
        this.bpThread.setName(formatThreadName("heartbeating", nnAddr));
        // Second phase of the handshake with the NN.
        // 往 NameNode 注册 DataNode
        register(nsInfo);
```

3.4.2.4.1.1 获取 NameNode 代理 (通讯协议接口为 DatanodeProtocol)

```
/**

* Connect to the NN. This is separated out for easier testing.

*/
```

3.4.2.4.1.2 发送一个 Rpc 请求获取 NameNode 信息 (阻塞直到获取成功)

```
* Perform the first part of the handshake with the NameNode.

* This calls <code>versionRequest</code> to determine the NN's

* namespace and version info. It automatically retries until

* the NN responds or the DN is shutting down.

*

* @return the NamespaceInfo

*/

@VisibleForTesting

NamespaceInfo retrieveNamespaceInfo() throws IOException {

NamespaceInfo nsInfo = null;

while (shouldRun()) {
```

```
try {
         // 发送 Rpc Request 获取 NameNode 信息 返回 NamespaceInfo
         // 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.versionRequest()
         nsInfo = bpNamenode.versionRequest();
         LOG.debug(this + " received versionRequest response: " + nsInfo);
         break;
    } catch (SocketTimeoutException e) { // namenode is busy
         LOG.warn("Problem connecting to server: " + nnAddr);
    } catch (IOException e) { // namenode is not available
         LOG.warn("Problem connecting to server: " + nnAddr);
    }
    // try again in a second
    sleepAndLogInterrupts(5000, "requesting version info from NN");
}
if (nsInfo != null) {
    checkNNVersion(nsInfo);
} else {
     throw new IOException("DN shut down before block pool connected");
return nsInfo;
```

3.4.2.4.1.2.1 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.versionRequest()

3.4.2.4.1.3 更新 NameNode 信息并加载 DataNode 数据存储信息

```
/**

* Called by the BPServiceActors when they handshake to a NN.

* If this is the first NN connection, this sets the namespace info

* for this BPOfferService. If it's a connection to a new NN, it

* verifies that this namespace matches (eg to prevent a misconfiguration

* where a StandbyNode from a different cluster is specified)

*/

void verifyAndSetNamespaceInfo(BPServiceActor actor, NamespaceInfo nsInfo)

throws IOException {

writeLock();

if (nsInfo.getState() == HAServiceState.ACTIVE

&& bpServiceToActive == null) {

LOG.info("Acknowledging ACTIVE Namenode during handshake" + actor);

bpServiceToActive = actor;
```

```
}
try {
     // DataNode 更新 NameNode 信息
     if (setNamespaceInfo(nsInfo) == null) {
          boolean success = false;
         // Now that we know the namespace ID, etc, we can pass this to the DN.
         // The DN can now initialize its local storage if we are the
         // first BP to handshake, etc.
         try {
               // 初始化 DataNode BlockPoolManager
               dn.initBlockPool(this);
               success = true;
         } finally {
               if (!success) {
                   // The datanode failed to initialize the BP. We need to reset
                   // the namespace info so that other BPService actors still have
                   // a chance to set it, and re-initialize the datanode.
                    setNamespaceInfo(null);
               }
         }
     }
} finally {
     writeUnlock();
}
```

3.4.2.4.1.4 往 NameNode 注册 DataNode

```
* Register one bp with the corresponding NameNode

* 
* The bpDatanode needs to register with the namenode on startup in order

* 1) to report which storage it is serving now and

* 2) to receive a registrationID

*

* issued by the namenode to recognize registered datanodes.

*

* @param nsInfo current NamespaceInfo

* @see FSNamesystem#registerDatanode(DatanodeRegistration)

* @throws IOException

*/

void register(NamespaceInfo nsInfo) throws IOException {

// The handshake() phase loaded the block pool storage
```

```
// off disk - so update the bpRegistration object from that info
         // 创建 DataNode 注册 DatanodeRegistration
         DatanodeRegistration newBpRegistration = bpos.createRegistration();
         //
              (Datanode
                           Uuid
                                   01263ed0-7bb5-4dec-845b-97a8d2d5d052)
                                                                               service
                                                                                         to
hj101/192.168.2.101:53310 beginning handshake with NN
         LOG.info(this + " beginning handshake with NN");
         while (shouldRun()) {
              try {
                  // Use returned registration from namenode with updated fields
                  // DataNode 向 NameNode 注册并返回注册结果信息
                  // 调用 NameNodeRpcServer 的 registerDatanode()
                  newBpRegistration = bpNamenode.registerDatanode(newBpRegistration);
                  newBpRegistration.setNamespaceInfo(nsInfo);
                  bpRegistration = newBpRegistration;
                  break;
             } catch (EOFException e) { // namenode might have just restarted
                  LOG.info("Problem connecting to server: " + nnAddr + ":"
                           + e.getLocalizedMessage());
                  sleepAndLogInterrupts(1000, "connecting to server");
             } catch (SocketTimeoutException e) { // namenode is busy
                  LOG.info("Problem connecting to server: " + nnAddr);
                  sleepAndLogInterrupts(1000, "connecting to server");
             }
         }
         // Block pool <registering> (Datanode Uuid unassigned) service to
         // hj101/192.168.2.101:53310 starting to offer service
         LOG.info("Block pool" + this + " successfully registered with NN");
         bpos.registrationSucceeded(this, bpRegistration);
         // reset lease id whenever registered to NN.
         // ask for a new lease id at the next heartbeat.
         fullBlockReportLeaseId = 0;
         // random short delay - helps scatter the BR from all DNs
         // 定时上报 Block 调度器更新上报时间
         scheduler.scheduleBlockReport(dnConf.initialBlockReportDelayMs);
```

3.4.2.4.1.4.1 调用 NameNodeRpcServer 的 registerDatanode()

3.4.2.4.2 DataNode 与 NameNode 维持心跳

offerService();

```
/**
     * Main loop for each BP thread. Run until shutdown,
     * forever calling remote NameNode functions.
     */
    private void offerService() throws Exception {
         LOG.info("For namenode " + nnAddr + " using"
                   + " BLOCKREPORT INTERVAL of " + dnConf.blockReportInterval + "msec"
                   + " CACHEREPORT_INTERVAL of " + dnConf.cacheReportInterval + "msec"
                   + "Initial delay: " + dnConf.initialBlockReportDelayMs + "msec"
                   + "; heartBeatInterval=" + dnConf.heartBeatInterval
                   + (lifelineSender != null?
                   "; lifelineIntervalMs=" + dnConf.getLifelineIntervalMs(): ""));
         //
         // Now loop for a long time....
         while (shouldRun()) {
              try {
                   DataNodeFaultInjector.get().startOfferService();
                   final long startTime = scheduler.monotonicNow();
                   // Every so often, send heartbeat or block-report
                   // 每隔 3s 发送心跳
                   final boolean sendHeartbeat = scheduler.isHeartbeatDue(startTime);
                   HeartbeatResponse resp = null;
                   if (sendHeartbeat) {
                        //
                       // All heartbeat messages include following info:
                        // -- Datanode name
                        // -- data transfer port
                       // -- Total capacity
                        // -- Bytes remaining
                        boolean requestBlockReportLease = (fullBlockReportLeaseId == 0) &&
                                 scheduler.isBlockReportDue(startTime);
                        if (!dn.areHeartbeatsDisabledForTests()) {
                             // 发送心跳返回结果
                             resp = sendHeartBeat(requestBlockReportLease);
                            assert resp != null;
                             if (resp.getFullBlockReportLeaseId() != 0) {
                                 if (fullBlockReportLeaseId != 0) {
```

```
LOG.warn(nnAddr + " sent back a full block report lease "
+
                                              "ID of 0x" +
Long.toHexString(resp.getFullBlockReportLeaseId()) +
                                              ", but we already have a lease ID of 0x" +
                                              Long.toHexString(fullBlockReportLeaseId) + ". "
+
                                              "Overwriting old lease ID.");
                                fullBlockReportLeaseId = resp.getFullBlockReportLeaseId();
                            }
                            dn.getMetrics().addHeartbeat(scheduler.monotonicNow()
startTime);
                           // If the state of this NN has changed (eg STANDBY->ACTIVE)
                           // then let the BPOfferService update itself.
                           //
                           // Important that this happens before processCommand below,
                           // since the first heartbeat to a new active might have commands
                            // that we should actually process.
                            bpos.updateActorStatesFromHeartbeat(
                                     this, resp.getNameNodeHaState());
                            state = resp.getNameNodeHaState().getState();
                            if (state == HAServiceState.ACTIVE) {
                                handleRollingUpgradeStatus(resp);
                           }
                            long startProcessCommands = monotonicNow();
                            // 判断 DataNode 发送心跳是否返回执行命令
                            if (!processCommand(resp.getCommands()))
                                continue;
                            long endProcessCommands = monotonicNow();
                            if (endProcessCommands - startProcessCommands > 2000) {
                                LOG.info("Took
                                                                (endProcessCommands
startProcessCommands)
                                         + "ms to process " + resp.getCommands().length
                                         + " commands from NN");
                           }
                       }
                  }
                  if (!dn.areIBRDisabledForTests() &&
                            (ibrManager.sendImmediately() | | sendHeartbeat)) {
```

```
ibrManager.sendIBRs(bpNamenode, bpRegistration,
                                 bpos.getBlockPoolId());
                  }
                   List<DatanodeCommand> cmds = null;
                   boolean forceFullBr =
                            scheduler.forceFullBlockReport.getAndSet(false);
                   if (forceFullBr) {
                       LOG.info("Forcing a full block report to " + nnAddr);
                  }
                   if ((fullBlockReportLeaseId != 0) || forceFullBr) {
                       cmds = blockReport(fullBlockReportLeaseId);
                       fullBlockReportLeaseId = 0;
                  }
                   processCommand(cmds
                                                    null
                                                                 null
                                                                             cmds.toArray(new
DatanodeCommand[cmds.size()]));
                   if (!dn.areCacheReportsDisabledForTests()) {
                       DatanodeCommand cmd = cacheReport();
                       processCommand(new DatanodeCommand[]{cmd});
                  }
                   if (sendHeartbeat) {
                       dn.getMetrics().addHeartbeatTotal(
                                 scheduler.monotonicNow() - startTime);
                  }
                  // There is no work to do; sleep until hearbeat timer elapses,
                   // or work arrives, and then iterate again.
                   ibrManager.waitTillNextIBR(scheduler.getHeartbeatWaitTime());
              } catch (RemoteException re) {
                   String reClass = re.getClassName();
                   if (UnregisteredNodeException.class.getName().equals(reClass) | |
                            DisallowedDatanodeException.class.getName().equals(reClass) ||
                            IncorrectVersionException.class.getName().equals(reClass)) {
                       LOG.warn(this + " is shutting down", re);
                       shouldServiceRun = false;
                       return;
                   LOG.warn("RemoteException in offerService", re);
                   sleepAfterException();
              } catch (IOException e) {
                   LOG.warn("IOException in offerService", e);
                   sleepAfterException();
```

3.4.2.4.2.1 发送心跳并调用 NameNodeRpcServer.sendHeartbeat()

```
HeartbeatResponse sendHeartBeat(boolean requestBlockReportLease)
             throws IOException {
         // 更新下一次心跳时间
         scheduler.scheduleNextHeartbeat();
         // 获取 DataNode Block 信息
         StorageReport[] reports =
                  dn.getFSDataset().getStorageReports(bpos.getBlockPoolId());
         if (LOG.isDebugEnabled()) {
             LOG.debug("Sending heartbeat with " + reports.length +
                       " storage reports from service actor: " + this);
         }
         // 更新下一次心跳时间
         final long now = monotonicNow();
         scheduler.updateLastHeartbeatTime(now);
         VolumeFailureSummary volumeFailureSummary = dn.getFSDataset()
                  .getVolumeFailureSummary();
         int numFailedVolumes = volumeFailureSummary != null ?
                  volumeFailureSummary.getFailedStorageLocations().length: 0;
         final boolean outliersReportDue = scheduler.isOutliersReportDue(now);
         final SlowPeerReports slowPeers =
                  outliersReportDue && dn.getPeerMetrics() != null ?
                           SlowPeerReports.create(dn.getPeerMetrics().getOutliers()):
                           SlowPeerReports.EMPTY_REPORT;
         final SlowDiskReports slowDisks =
                  outliersReportDue && dn.getDiskMetrics() != null ?
SlowDiskReports.create(dn.getDiskMetrics().getDiskOutliersStats()):
                           SlowDiskReports.EMPTY_REPORT;
         // 发送心跳 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.sendHeartbeat()
         HeartbeatResponse response = bpNamenode.sendHeartbeat(bpRegistration,
                  reports,
                  dn.getFSDataset().getCacheCapacity(),
                  dn.getFSDataset().getCacheUsed(),
```

3.4.2.4.2.1.1 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.sendHeartbeat()

3.4.2.4.2.2 心跳结果返回是否存在执行命令 (存在则执行)

3.4.2.4.2.2.1 处理 NameNode 心跳返回结果命令-上报 Block

```
/**
     * Report the list blocks to the Namenode
     * @return DatanodeCommands returned by the NN. May be null.
     * @throws IOException
     */
    List<DatanodeCommand> blockReport(long fullBrLeaseId) throws IOException {
         final ArrayList<DatanodeCommand> cmds = new ArrayList<DatanodeCommand>();
         // Flush any block information that precedes the block report. Otherwise
         // we have a chance that we will miss the delHint information
         // or we will report an RBW replica after the BlockReport already reports
         // a FINALIZED one.
         ibrManager.sendIBRs(bpNamenode, bpRegistration,
                  bpos.getBlockPoolId());
         long brCreateStartTime = monotonicNow();
         Map<DatanodeStorage, BlockListAsLongs> perVolumeBlockLists =
                  dn.getFSDataset().getBlockReports(bpos.getBlockPoolId());
         // Convert the reports to the format expected by the NN.
         int i = 0;
```

```
int totalBlockCount = 0;
         StorageBlockReport reports[] =
                   new StorageBlockReport[perVolumeBlockLists.size()];
         for
                   (Map.Entry<DatanodeStorage,
                                                         BlockListAsLongs>
                                                                                 kvPair
perVolumeBlockLists.entrySet()) {
              BlockListAsLongs blockList = kvPair.getValue();
              reports[i++] = new StorageBlockReport(kvPair.getKey(), blockList);
              totalBlockCount += blockList.getNumberOfBlocks();
         }
         // Send the reports to the NN.
         int numReportsSent = 0;
         int numRPCs = 0;
         boolean success = false;
         long brSendStartTime = monotonicNow();
         long reportId = generateUniqueBlockReportId();
         boolean useBlocksBuffer =
                   bpRegistration.getNamespaceInfo().isCapabilitySupported(
                             NamespaceInfo.Capability.STORAGE_BLOCK_REPORT_BUFFERS);
         blockReportSizes.clear();
         try {
              if (totalBlockCount < dnConf.blockReportSplitThreshold) {
                   // Below split threshold, send all reports in a single message.
                   DatanodeCommand cmd = bpNamenode.blockReport(
                             bpRegistration, bpos.getBlockPoolId(), reports,
                             new BlockReportContext(1, 0, reportId, fullBrLeaseId, true));
                   blockReportSizes.add(
                            calculateBlockReportPBSize(useBlocksBuffer, reports));
                   numRPCs = 1;
                   numReportsSent = reports.length;
                   if (cmd != null) {
                        cmds.add(cmd);
                   }
              } else {
                   // Send one block report per message.
                   for (int r = 0; r < reports.length; <math>r++) {
                        StorageBlockReport singleReport[] = {reports[r]};
                        // 上报 Block to NameNode
                        DatanodeCommand cmd = bpNamenode.blockReport(
                                 bpRegistration, bpos.getBlockPoolId(), singleReport,
                                 new BlockReportContext(reports.length, r, reportId,
                                           fullBrLeaseId, true));
                        blockReportSizes.add(
```

```
calculateBlockReportPBSize(useBlocksBuffer, singleReport));
                       numReportsSent++;
                       numRPCs++;
                       if (cmd != null) {
                            cmds.add(cmd);
                       }
                  }
              }
              success = true;
         } finally {
              // Log the block report processing stats from Datanode perspective
              long brSendCost = monotonicNow() - brSendStartTime;
              long brCreateCost = brSendStartTime - brCreateStartTime;
              dn.getMetrics().addBlockReport(brSendCost);
              final int nCmds = cmds.size();
              LOG.info((success? "S": "Uns")+
                       "uccessfully sent block report 0x" +
                       Long.toHexString(reportId) + ", containing " + reports.length +
                       " storage report(s), of which we sent " + numReportsSent + "." +
                       " The reports had " + totalBlockCount +
                       " total blocks and used " + numRPCs +
                       " RPC(s). This took " + brCreateCost +
                       " msec to generate and " + brSendCost +
                       " msecs for RPC and NN processing." +
                       " Got back " +
                       ((nCmds == 0)? "no commands":
                                 ((nCmds == 1) ? "one command: " + cmds.get(0) :
                                          (nCmds + " commands: " + Joiner.on(";
").join(cmds)))) +
                       ".");
         }
         scheduler.updateLastBlockReportTime(monotonicNow());
         scheduler.scheduleNextBlockReport();
         return cmds.size() == 0 ? null : cmds;
    }
```

3.4.2.4.2.1.1 调用 NameNodeRpcServer.blockReport()

```
verifyRequest(nodeReg);
         if (blockStateChangeLog.isDebugEnabled()) {
              blockStateChangeLog.debug("*BLOCK* NameNode.blockReport: "
                        + "from " + nodeReg + ", reports.length=" + reports.length);
         }
         final BlockManager bm = namesystem.getBlockManager();
         boolean noStaleStorages = false;
         try {
              if (bm.checkBlockReportLease(context, nodeReg)) {
                   for (int r = 0; r < reports.length; r++) {
                        final BlockListAsLongs blocks = reports[r].getBlocks();
                        //
                        // BlockManager.processReport accumulates information of prior calls
                        // for the same node and storage, so the value returned by the last
                        // call of this loop is the final updated value for noStaleStorage.
                        final int index = r;
                        noStaleStorages = bm.runBlockOp(new Callable<Boolean>() {
                             @Override
                             public Boolean call() throws IOException {
                                                                   bm.processReport(nodeReg,
reports[index].getStorage(),
                                           blocks, context);
                            }
                        });
                   }
              }
         } catch (UnregisteredNodeException une) {
              LOG.debug("Datanode {} is attempting to report but not register yet.",
                        nodeReg);
              return RegisterCommand.REGISTER;
         bm.removeBRLeaseIfNeeded(nodeReg, context);
         BlockManagerFaultInjector.getInstance().
                   incomingBlockReportRpc(nodeReg, context);
         if (nn.getFSImage().isUpgradeFinalized() &&
                   !namesystem.isRollingUpgrade() &&
                   nn.isActiveState() &&
                   noStaleStorages) {
              return new FinalizeCommand(poolId);
         }
```

return null;