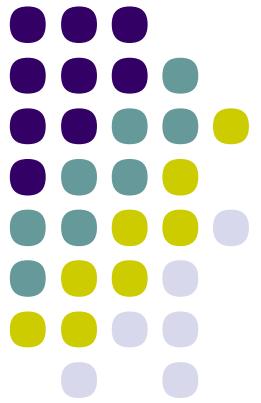


# GUI components

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# Các thành phần GUI Swing

- Gói `javax.swing.*`
- Các thành phần bắt nguồn từ AWT (gói `java.awt.*`)
- Chứa đựng cảm quan (look and feel)
  - Sự thể hiện và cách người sử dụng tương tác với chương trình
- Những thành phần nhẹ (lightweight)
  - Được viết hoàn toàn bằng Java



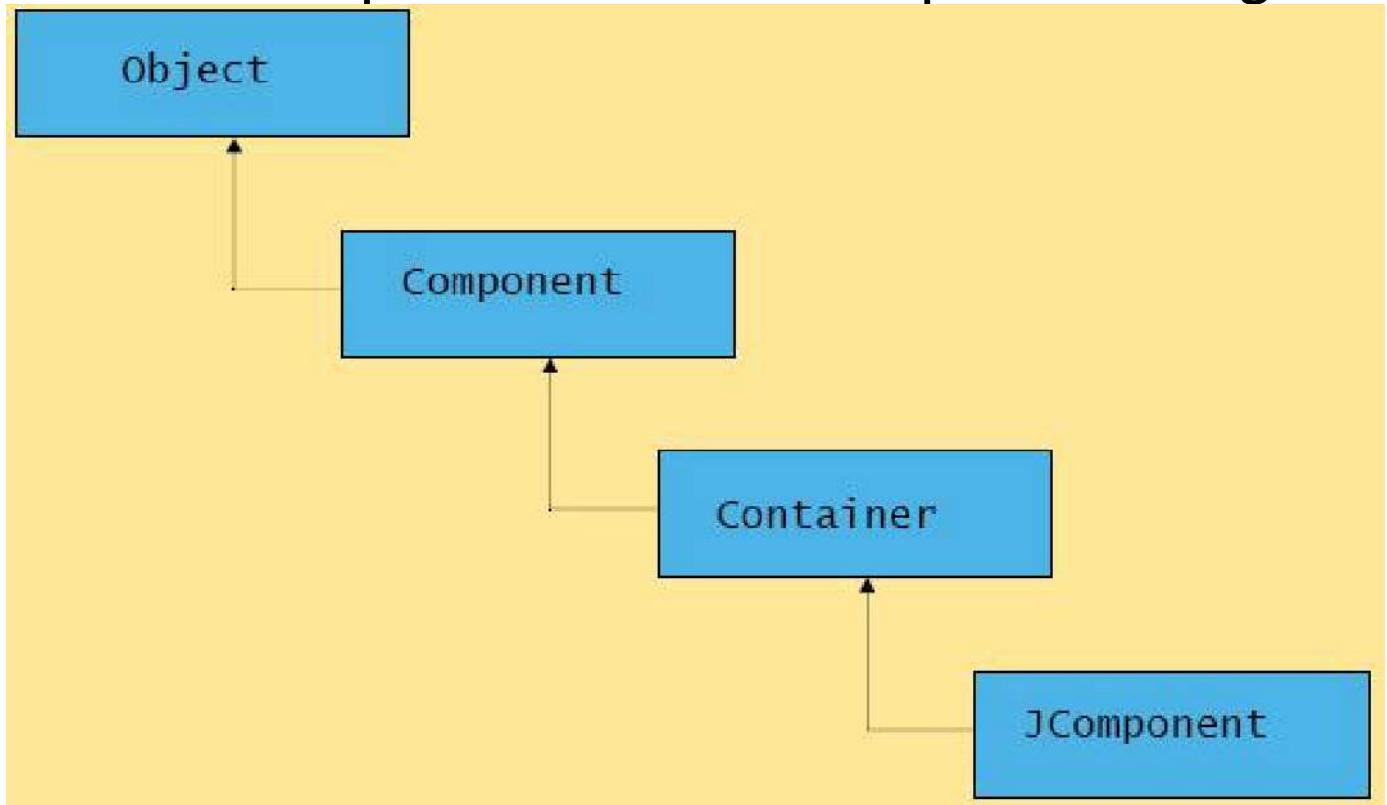
# Các thành phần GUI Swing

- Các thành phần
  - Chứa phương thức `paint()` để vẽ thành phần trên màn hình
- Các bộ chứa
  - Tập hợp các thành phần liên quan
  - Chứa phương thức `add()` để thêm các thành phần
- Lớp JComponent
  - Cảm quan khả kiến (Pluggable)
  - Phím tắt (tính dễ nhớ)
  - Khả năng xử lý sự kiện chung



# Các thành phần GUI Swing

- Các siêu lớp của nhiều thành phần Swing





# JComponent Class

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value (if applicable)
background	Color	.	.	.	
colorModel	ColorModel	.	.	.	
component	Component	.	.	.	
componentCount	int	.	.	.	
components	Component[]	.	.	.	
cursor	Cursor	.	.	.	Cursor.DEFAULT_CURSOR
enabled	boolean	.	.	.	true
font	Font	.	.	.	
foreground	Color	.	.	.	
insets	Insets	.	.	.	Insets(0,0,0,0)
layout	LayoutManager	.	.	.	BorderLayout()
locale	Locale	.	.	.	
location	Point	.	.	.	
locationOnScreen	Point	.	.	.	
name	String	.	.	.	" "
parent	Container	.	.	.	null
size	Dimension	.	.	.	
showing	boolean	.	.	.	true
valid	boolean	.	.	.	
visible	boolean	.	.	.	true
indexed					



# Các thành phần GUI cơ bản

- JButton
- JToggleButton
- JRadioButton
- JCheckBox
- JColorChooser
- JLabel
- JTextField
- JTextArea
- JList
- JComboBox
- JPopupMenu
- JToolBar

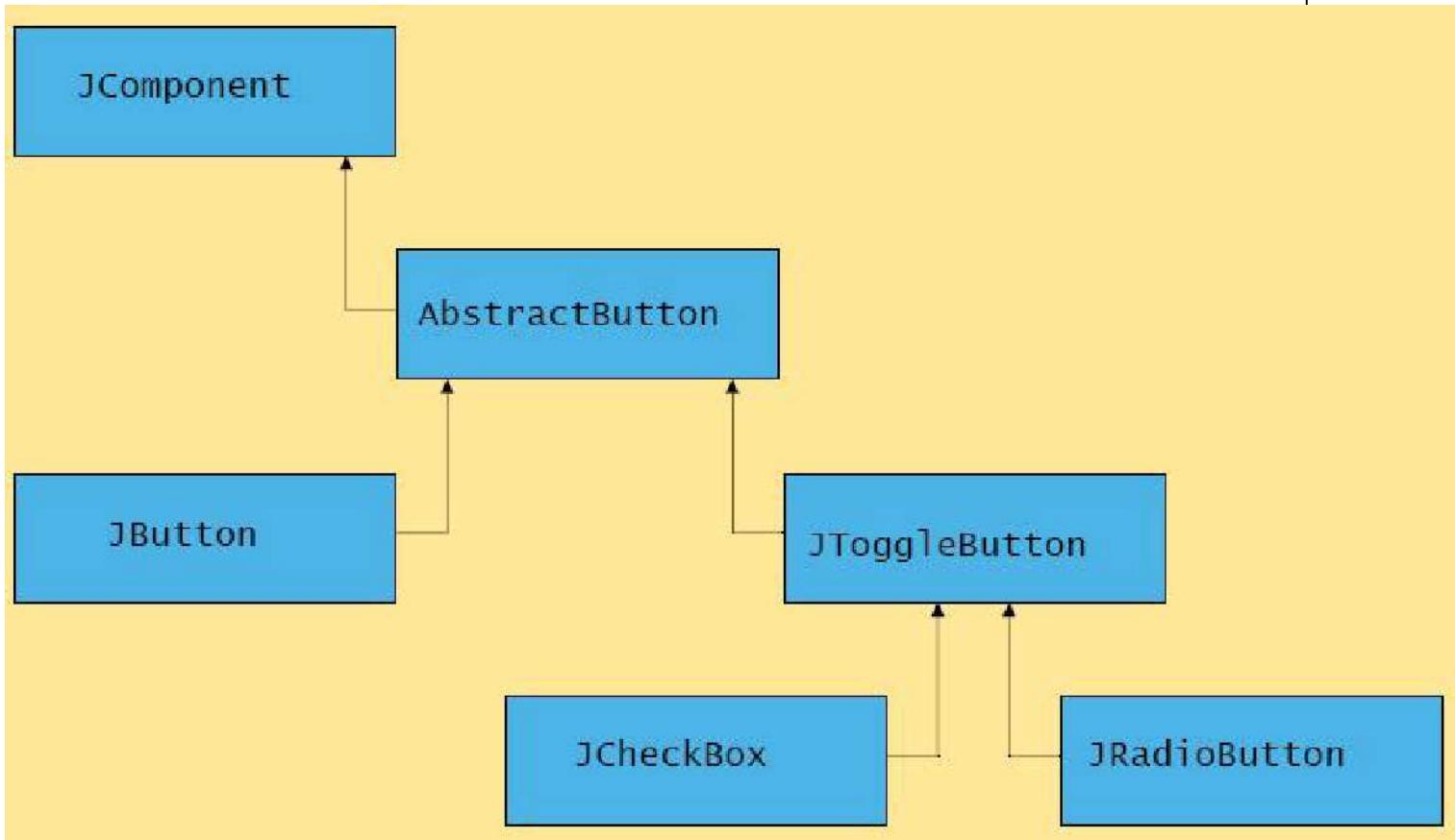


# JButton

- Nút nhấn - thành phần người sử dụng nhấp để kích hoạt một hành động cụ thể.
- Một vài kiểu khác nhau
  - Command Button
  - Check Box
  - Radio Button
  - JToggle Button
  - ...
- Các lớp dẫn xuất **javax.swing.AbstractButton**
  - Command Button được tạo với lớp JButton
- Sinh ra một **ActionEvent** khi người sử dụng nhấn trên nút.

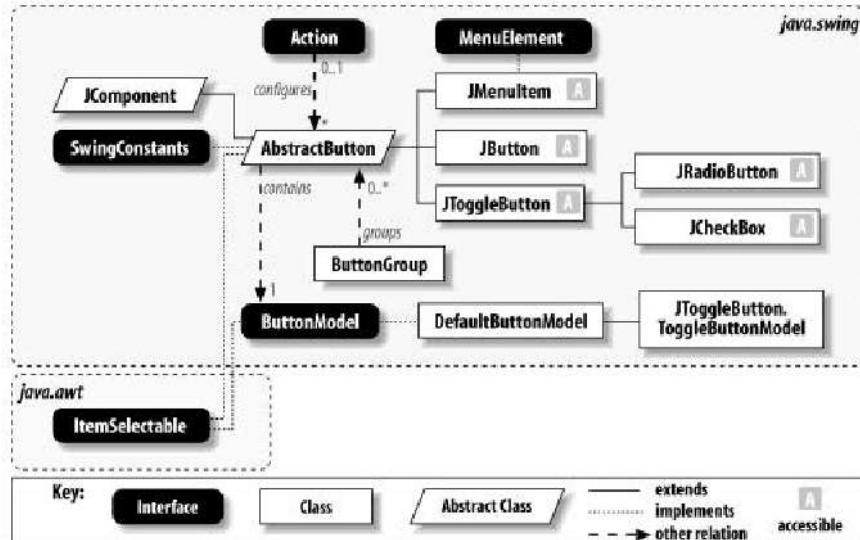


# Cây thừa kế các JButton





# Button class diagram





# ButtonModel Interface

- Đối tượng ButtonModel dùng để quản lý trạng thái của các Button.
- ButtonModel dùng để đọc và ghi trạng thái của các nút cũng như thêm và xóa các sự kiện trên nút đó.



# Thuộc tính của ButtonModel

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
actionCommand	String	.	.	.	
armed	boolean	.	.	.	
enabled	boolean	.	.	.	
group	ButtonGroup	.	.	.	
mnemonic	int	.	.	.	
pressed	boolean	.	.	.	
rollover	boolean	.	.	.	
selected	boolean	.	.	.	



# ButtonModel Events

Event	Description
ActionEvent	The button is pressed.
ChangeEvent	A change has occurred in one or more properties of the button model.
ItemEvent	The button is toggled on or off.

```
public void addActionListener(ActionListener l)
public void removeActionListener(ActionListener l)
public void addItemListener(ItemListener l)
public void removeItemListener(ItemListener l)
public void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
public void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
```

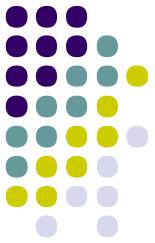


# DefaultButtonModel Class

- Các thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
actionCommand <sup>o</sup>	String	.	.	.	null
armed <sup>o</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	false
enabled <sup>o</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	true
group <sup>o, *</sup>	ButtonGroup	.	.	.	null
mnemonic <sup>o</sup>	int	.	.	.	KeyEvent.VK_UNDEFINED
pressed <sup>o</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	false
rollover <sup>o</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	false
selected <sup>o</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	false
selectedObjects	Object[]	.			null

<sup>o</sup>overridden, <sup>\*</sup>getter was introduced in SDK 1.3



# DefaultButtonModel Class

- Events

```
public void addActionListener(ActionListener l)
public void removeActionListener(ActionListener l)
public ActionListener[] getActionListeners( ) (added in SDK 1.3)
public void addItemListener(ItemListener l)
public void removeItemListener(ItemListener l)
public ItemListener[] getItemListeners( ) (added in SDK 1.3)
public void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
public void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
public ChangeListener[] getChangeListeners( ) (added in SDK 1.3)
public EventListener[] getListeners(Class listenerType) (SDK 1.4)
```



# DefaultButtonModel Class

- Constants of state

Constant	Type
ARMED	int
ENABLED	int
PRESSED	int
ROLLOVER	int
SELECTED	int

- Constructor

- `public DefaultButtonModel( )`



# AbstractButton Class

- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
action <sup>1..3</sup>	Action	.	.	.	null
actionCommand	String	.	.	.	null
borderPainted <sup>b</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	true
contentAreaFilled <sup>b</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	true
disabledIcon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
disabledSelectedIcon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
displayedMnemonicIndex <sup>1..4</sup>	int	.	.	.	-1
enabled <sup>a</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	true
focusPainted <sup>b</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	true
horizontalAlignment <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	CENTER
horizontalTextPosition <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	TRAILING <sup>1..4</sup>
icon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
iconTextGap <sup>1..4</sup>	int	.	.	.	4
label <sup>d</sup>	String	.	.	.	Same as text
margin <sup>b</sup>	Insets	.	.	.	null
mnemonic <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	KeyEvent.VK_UNDEFINED
model <sup>b</sup>	ButtonModel	.	.	.	null
multiClickThreshold <sup>1..4</sup>	long	.	.	.	0
pressedIcon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
rolloverEnabled <sup>b</sup>	boolean	.	.	.	false
rolloverIcon	Icon	.	.	.	null
rolloverSelectedIcon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
selected	boolean	.	.	.	false
selectedIcon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
selectedObjects	Object[]	.	.	.	null
text <sup>b</sup>	String	.	.	.	""
UI <sup>b</sup>	ButtonUI	.	.	.	From L&F
verticalAlignment <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	CENTER



# AbstractButton Class

- Events

```
public void addActionListener(ActionListener l)
public void removeActionListener(ActionListener l)
public ActionListener[] getActionListeners( ) (Added in SDK 1.4)
public void addItemListener(ItemListener l)
public void removeItemListener(ItemListener l)
public ItemListener[] getItemListeners( ) (Added in SDK 1.4)
public void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
public void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
public ChangeListener[] getChangeListeners( ) (Added in SDK 1.4)
```



# AbstractButton Class

- Constants of properties

Constant	Type	Description
BORDER_PAINTED_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	borderPainted property has changed
CONTENT_AREA_FILLED_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	contentAreaFilled property has changed
DISABLED_ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	disabledIcon property has changed
DISABLED_SELECTED_ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	disabledSelectedIcon property has changed
FOCUS_PAINTED_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	focusPainted property has changed
HORIZONTAL_ALIGNMENT_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	horizontalAlignment property has changed
HORIZONTAL_TEXT_POSITION_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	horizontalTextPosition property has changed
ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	icon property has changed
MARGIN_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	margin property has changed
MNEMONIC_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	mnemonic property has changed
MODEL_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	model property has changed
PRESSED_ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	pressedIcon property has changed
ROLLOVER_ENABLED_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	rolloverEnabled property has changed
ROLLOVER_ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	rolloverIcon property has changed
ROLLOVER_SELECTED_ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	rolloverSelectedIcon property has changed
SELECTED_ICON_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	selectedIcon property has changed
TEXT_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	text property has changed
VERTICAL_ALIGNMENT_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	verticalAlignment property has changed
VERTICAL_TEXT_POSITION_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	verticalTextPosition property has changed



# JButton class

- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>②</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			JButton.AccessibleJButton( )
defaultButton	boolean		.		false
defaultCapable	boolean		.	.	true
model <sup>③</sup>	ButtonModel	.		.	DefaultButtonModel( )
UIClassID <sup>④</sup>	String	.			"ButtonUI"
② overridden					

- Constructors

- `public JButton( )`
- `public JButton(Action a)`
- `public JButton(Icon icon)`
- `public JButton(String text)`
- `public JButton(String text, Icon icon)`



# JToggleButton Class

- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			JToggleButton.AccessibleJToggleButton()
model <sup>o</sup>	ButtonModel	.	.		ToggleButtonModel()
UIClassID <sup>o</sup> o overridden	String	.			"ToggleButtonUI"

- Constructors

- `public JToggleButton()`
- `public JToggleButton(Action a)`
- `public JToggleButton(Icon icon)`
- `public JToggleButton(Icon icon, boolean selected)`
- `public JToggleButton(String text)`
- `public JToggleButton(String text, boolean selected)`
- `public JToggleButton(String text, Icon icon)`
- `public JToggleButton(String text, Icon icon, boolean selected)`



# JCheckBox Class

- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>a</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			AccessibleJCheckBox
borderPainted <sup>a</sup>	boolean		.	.	false
borderPaintedFlat <sup>1,3, b</sup>	boolean		.	.	false
horizontalAlignment <sup>a</sup>	int	.		.	LEADING <sup>1,4</sup>
UIClassID <sup>a</sup>	String	.			"CheckBoxUI"

Constant	Type	Description
BORDER_PAINTED_FLAT_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	borderPaintedFlat property has changed



# JCheckBox Class

- Constructors

- `public JCheckBox( )`
- `public JCheckBox(Action a)`
- `public JCheckBox(Icon icon)`
- `public JCheckBox(Icon icon, boolean selected)`
- `public JCheckBox(String text)`
- `public JCheckBox(String text, boolean selected)`
- `public JCheckBox(String text, Icon icon)`
- `public JCheckBox(String text, Icon icon, boolean selected)`



# JRadioButton Class

- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	-			JRadioButton.AccessibleRadioButton( )
borderPainted <sup>o</sup>	boolean		-	-	false
horizontalAlignment <sup>o</sup>	int	-		-	LEADING <sup>1-4</sup>
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	-			"RadioButtonUI"
<sup>1-4</sup> since 1.4, <sup>o</sup> overridden					

- Constructors

- public JRadioButton( )
- public JRadioButton(Action a)
- public JRadioButton(Icon icon)
- public JRadioButton(Icon icon, boolean selected)
- public JRadioButton(String text)
- public JRadioButton(String text, boolean selected)
- public JRadioButton(String text, Icon icon)
- public JRadioButton(String text, Icon icon, boolean selected)



# ButtonGroup Class

- Dùng để nhóm các nút lại với nhau, đảm bảo sẽ có tối đa 1 nút được chọn
- ButtonGroups thường được dùng để nhóm các JRadioButtons hay JRadioButtonMenuItem
- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
buttonCount	int	.	.	.	0
elements	Enumeration	.	.	.	Empty
selection	ButtonModel	.	.	.	null



# ButtonGroup Class

- Constructor

- `public ButtonGroup( )`

- Methods

- `public void add(AbstractButton b)`
  - `public void remove(AbstractButton b)`
  - `public void setSelected(ButtonModel m, boolean b)`
  - `public boolean isSelected(ButtonModel m)`



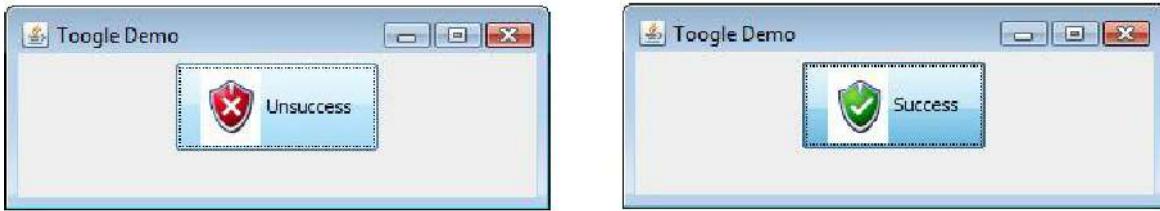
# Ví dụ sử dụng JButton

```
public class ButtonIcon extends JFrame {
    public ButtonIcon() {
        try {
            UIManager.setLookAndFeel(UIManager.getSystemLookAndFeelClassName());
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter() {
            @Override
            public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
                System.exit(0);
            }
        });
        ImageIcon prevIcon = new ImageIcon("prev.gif");
        JButton prevButton = new JButton("Previous", prevIcon);
        prevButton.setToolTipText("Move to the previous page");
        ImageIcon nextIcon = new ImageIcon("next.gif");
        JButton nextButton = new JButton("Next", nextIcon);
        nextButton.setToolTipText("Move to the next page");
        Container content = getContentPane();
        content.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        content.add(prevButton);
        content.add(nextButton);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ButtonIcon app = new ButtonIcon();
        app.setTitle("Button Icon Demo");
        app.setSize(320, 80);
        app.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```





# Ví dụ sử dụng JToggleButton



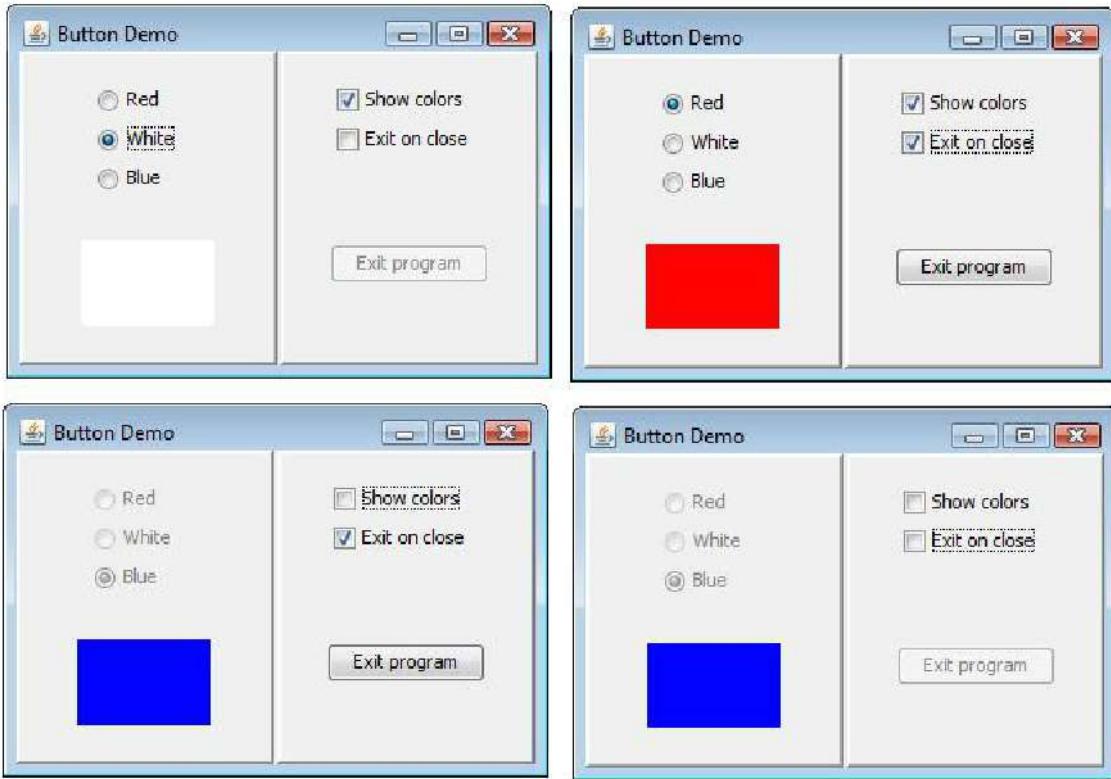


# Ví dụ sử dụng JToggleButton

```
public class ToogleDemo extends JFrame {  
    ImageIcon successIcon;  
    ImageIcon unsuccessIcon;  
    JToggleButton success_unsuccess_Button;  
  
    public ToogleDemo() {  
        ...  
        successIcon = new ImageIcon("success.gif");  
        unsuccessIcon = new ImageIcon("unsuccess.gif");  
        success_unsuccess_Button = new JToggleButton("Success", successIcon);  
        success_unsuccess_Button.addChangeListener(new ChangeListener() {  
  
            @Override  
            public void stateChanged(ChangeEvent e) {  
                if (success_unsuccess_Button.isSelected()) {  
                    success_unsuccess_Button.setIcon(successIcon);  
                    success_unsuccess_Button.setText("Success");  
                } else {  
                    success_unsuccess_Button.setIcon(unsuccessIcon);  
                    success_unsuccess_Button.setText("Unsuccess");  
                }  
            }  
        });  
        Container content = getContentPane();  
        content.setLayout(new FlowLayout());  
        content.add(success_unsuccess_Button);  
    }  
    ...
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



```
public class ButtonDemo extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
    ButtonGroup group;
    JRadioButton redButton;
    JRadioButton whiteButton;
    JRadioButton blueButton;
    JPanel colorBox;
    JCheckBox showColorsButton; // o chon thu 1
    JCheckBox exitOnClose; // o chon thu 2
    JButton exitButton;

    public ButtonDemo() {
        try {
            UIManager.setLookAndFeel(UIManager.getSystemLookAndFeelClassName());
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter() {
            @Override
            public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
                System.exit(0);
            }
        });
    }
}
```

# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



```
// tao bang nut radio va khung ben trong de giup hien thi gon gang hon
JPanel radioPane = new JPanel();
JPanel innerRadioPane = new JPanel();
radioPane
    .setBorder(BorderFactory.createBevelBorder(BevelBorder.RAISED));
innerRadioPane
    .setLayout(new BoxLayout(innerRadioPane, BoxLayout.Y_AXIS));
innerRadioPane.setBorder(BorderFactory
    .createEmptyBorder(10, 10, 10, 10));

// xay dung nhom radio va cac nut cua no
// tat ca bien co den ActionListener cua chuong trinh
group = new ButtonGroup();
redButton = new JRadioButton("Red");
whiteButton = new JRadioButton("White");
blueButton = new JRadioButton("Blue");
whiteButton.setSelected(true); // chon 1 nut
redButton.addActionListener(this); // xem actionPerformed
whiteButton.addActionListener(this);
blueButton.addActionListener(this);
group.add(redButton); // nhom dam bao khi 1 nut da chon thi cac nut khac
// se tat
group.add(whiteButton);
group.add(blueButton);
```

# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



```
// xay dung khung nho hien thi mau duoc chon
colorBox = new JPanel();
colorBox.setBackground(Color.white);
colorBox.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(50, 50));

// them doi tuong GUI vao khung radio trong
innerRadioPane.add(redButton);
innerRadioPane.add(whiteButton);
innerRadioPane.add(blueButton);
innerRadioPane.add(Box.createRigidArea(new Dimension(0, 25)));
innerRadioPane.add(colorBox);

// them khung trang vao khung radio noi ben trai
radioPane.add(innerRadioPane);

// tao khung o chon va khung trong
JPanel checkPane = new JPanel();
JPanel innerCheckPane = new JPanel();
checkPane
    .setBorder(BorderFactory.createBevelBorder(BevelBorder.RAISED));
innerCheckPane
    .setLayout(new BoxLayout(innerCheckPane, BoxLayout.Y_AXIS));
innerCheckPane.setBorder(BorderFactory
    .createEmptyBorder(10, 10, 10, 10));
```

# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



```
// tao doi tuong o chon "show colors" va
// kich hoat hoac vo hieu hoa cac nut radio chon mau
showColorsButton = new JCheckBox("Show colors");
showColorsButton.setSelected(true);
showColorsButton.addChangeListener(new ChangeListener() {
    @Override
    public void stateChanged(ChangeEvent e) {
        boolean t = showColorsButton.isSelected();
        redButton.setEnabled(t);// kich hoat hoac vo hieu hoa
        whiteButton.setEnabled(t);// cac nut radio tuy theo
        blueButton.setEnabled(t);// trang thai cua o chon
    }
});
// tao doi tuong o chon "Exit on close" va khai hoat hay vo hieu hoa nut
// Exit
exitOnClose = new JCheckBox("Exit on close");
exitOnClose.addChangeListener(new ChangeListener() {
    @Override
    public void stateChanged(ChangeEvent e) {
        boolean t = exitOnClose.isSelected();
        exitButton.setEnabled(t);
    }
});
```

# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



```
// tao nut tron "Exit program" va lop tiep nhan bien co thao tac
exitButton = new JButton("Exit program");
exitButton.setEnabled(false);
exitButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    @Override
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        System.exit(0);
    }
});

// them cac nut vao o ben trong
innerCheckPane.add(showColorsButton);
innerCheckPane.add(exitOnClose);
innerCheckPane.add(Box.createRigidArea(new Dimension(0, 50)));
innerCheckPane.add(exitButton);
// them o ben trong vao bang o chon noi
checkPane.add(innerCheckPane);

// them khung va doi tuong GUI vao noi dung cua khung
Container content = getContentPane();
content.setLayout(new GridLayout(1, 3, 2, 2));
content.add(radioPane);
content.add(checkPane);
}
```

# Ví dụ sử dụng JRadioButton & JCheckBox



```
@Override  
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {  
    Color c;  
    if (redButton.isSelected())  
        c = Color.red;  
    else if (whiteButton.isSelected())  
        c = Color.white;  
    else  
        c = Color.blue;  
    colorBox.setBackground(c);  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    ButtonDemo app = new ButtonDemo();  
    app.setTitle("Button Demo");  
    app.setSize(320, 220);  
    app.setVisible(true);  
}  
}
```

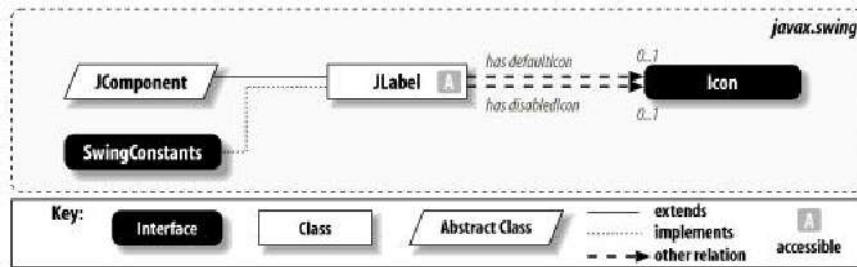


# JLabel

- Cung cấp văn bản trên GUI
- Được định nghĩa với lớp **JLabel**
- Có thể trình bày :
  - Dòng văn bản chỉ đọc
  - Hình ảnh
  - Văn bản và hình ảnh



# JLabel class diagram





# Các thuộc tính của JLabel

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
UI	LabelUI	.	.	.	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	.	.	.	"LabelUI"
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	.	.	.	JLabel.AccessibleJLabel
disabledIcon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
displayedMnemonic <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	KeyEvent.VK_UNDEFINED
displayedMnemonicIndex <sup>1.4, b</sup>	int	.	.	.	-1
font <sup>o</sup>	Font	.	.	.	From L&F
horizontalAlignment <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	LEADING <sup>1.3</sup>
horizontalTextPosition <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	TRAILING <sup>1.3</sup>
icon <sup>b</sup>	Icon	.	.	.	null
iconTextGap <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	4
labelFor <sup>b</sup>	Component	.	.	.	null
text <sup>b</sup>	String	.	.	.	null
verticalAlignment <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	CENTER
verticalTextPosition <sup>b</sup>	int	.	.	.	CENTER

<sup>1.3</sup>since 1.3, <sup>1.4</sup>since 1.4, <sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>o</sup>overridden

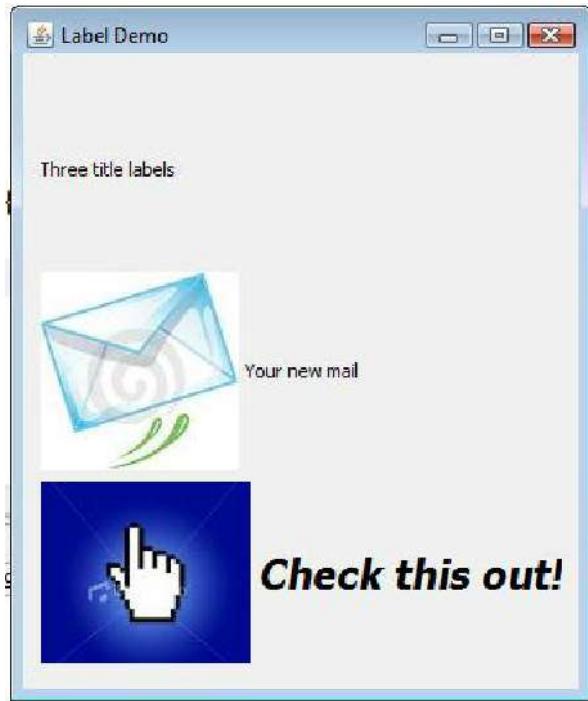


# Constructors

- `JLabel()`
- `JLabel(Icon image)`
- `JLabel(Icon image, int horizontalAlignment)`
- `JLabel(String text)`
- `JLabel(String text, int horizontalAlignment)`
- `JLabel(String text, Icon image, int horizontalAlignment)`
- **The horizontal alignment:** `LEADING`, `TRAILING`,  
`LEFT`, `RIGHT`, `CENTER`.



# Ví dụ sử dụng JLabel



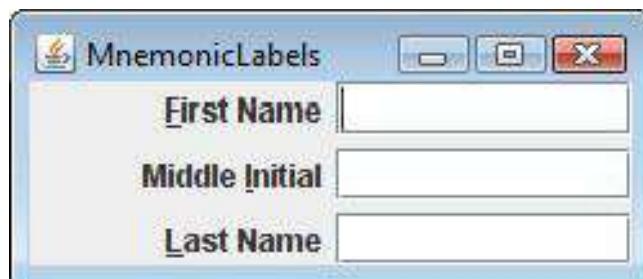


# Ví dụ sử dụng JLabel

```
public class LabelDemo extends JFrame {
    public LabelDemo() {
        ...
        // sap xep cac thanh phan trong o
        JPanel pane = new JPanel();
        pane.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 1, 2, 2));
        pane.setBorder(BorderFactory.createEmptyBorder(10, 10, 10, 10));
        // tao nhan don gian bang van ban mac dinh
        JLabel titleLabel = new JLabel("Three title labels");
        // them doi tuong hinh anh vao nhan
        ImageIcon mailIcon = new ImageIcon("email.jpg");
        JLabel mailLabel = new JLabel(mailIcon, JLabel.LEADING);
        mailLabel.setText("Your new mail");
        // dung HTML de dinh dang font va co chu cua nhan
        String s = "<html>" +
                   + "<font size = +2><b><i>Check this out!</i></b></font>" +
                   + "</html>";
        ImageIcon handIcon = new ImageIcon("hand.jpg");
        JLabel htmlLabel = new JLabel(s, handIcon, JLabel.CENTER);
        //them cac thanh phan vao o va them o vao lop noi dung
        pane.add(titleLabel);
        pane.add(mailLabel);
        pane.add(htmlLabel);
        getContentPane().add(pane);
    }
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JLabel





# Ví dụ sử dụng JLabel

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

// Shows how displayedMnemonic and labelFor properties work together
public class MnemonicLabels {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JTextField firstField = new JTextField(10);
        JTextField middleField = new JTextField(10);
        JTextField lastField = new JTextField(10);

        // Create labels and mnemonics.
        JLabel firstLabel = new JLabel("First Name", JLabel.RIGHT);
        firstLabel.setDisplayedMnemonic('F');
        firstLabel.setLabelFor(firstField);

        JLabel middleLabel = new JLabel("Middle Initial", JLabel.RIGHT);
        middleLabel.setDisplayedMnemonic('I');
        middleLabel.setDisplayedMnemonicIndex(7); // Requires 1.4
        middleLabel.setLabelFor(middleField);

        JLabel lastLabel = new JLabel("Last Name", JLabel.RIGHT);
        lastLabel.setDisplayedMnemonic('L');
        lastLabel.setLabelFor(lastField);
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JLabel

```
// Layout and display
JPanel p = new JPanel();
p.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 2, 5, 5));
p.add(firstLabel);
p.add(firstField);
p.add(middleLabel);
p.add(middleField);
p.add(lastLabel);
p.add(lastField);

JFrame f = new JFrame("MnemonicLabels");
f.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
f.setContentPane(p);
f.pack();
f.setVisible(true);
}

}
```



# Canh lề - Alignment



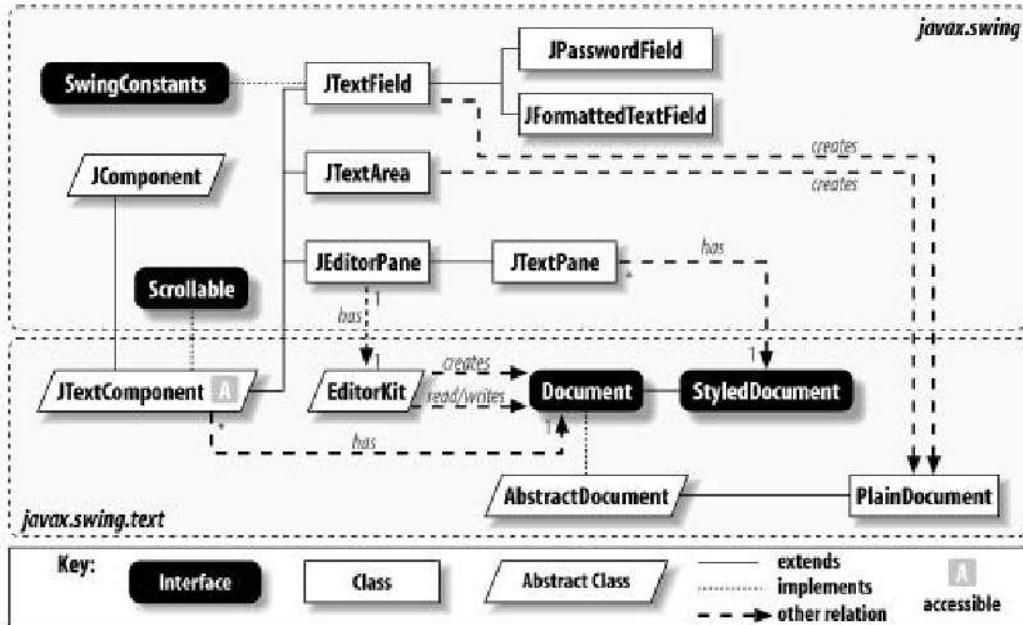


# Canh lề - Alignment

```
public class AlignmentExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // Create the labels and set alignment.  
        JLabel label1 = new JLabel("BottomRight", SwingConstants.RIGHT);  
        JLabel label2 = new JLabel("CenterLeft", SwingConstants.LEFT);  
        JLabel label3 = new JLabel("TopCenter", SwingConstants.CENTER);  
        label1.setVerticalAlignment(SwingConstants.BOTTOM);  
        label2.setVerticalAlignment(SwingConstants.CENTER);  
        label3.setVerticalAlignment(SwingConstants.TOP);  
  
        // Add borders to the labels (more on Borders later in the book).  
        label1.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.black));  
        label2.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.black));  
        label3.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.black));  
  
        // Put it all together.  
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("AlignmentExample");  
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
        JPanel p = new JPanel(new GridLayout(3, 1, 8, 8));  
        p.add(label1);  
        p.add(label2);  
        p.add(label3);  
        p.setBorder(BorderFactory.createEmptyBorder(8, 8, 8, 8));  
        frame.setContentPane(p);  
        frame.setSize(200, 200);  
        frame.setVisible(true);  
    }  
}
```



# JTextComponent Class





# Các thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>a</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			AccessibleJTextComponent
actions	Action[]	.			From the UI's EditorKit
caret <sup>b</sup>	Caret	.		-	null
caretColor <sup>b</sup>	Color	.		-	null
caretPosition	int	.		-	From caret
disabledTextColor <sup>b</sup>	Color	.		-	null
document <sup>b</sup>	Document	.		-	null
dragEnabled <sup>1.4</sup>	boolean	.		-	false
editable <sup>b</sup>	boolean	.	-	-	true
focusAccelerator <sup>b</sup>	char	.	-	-	'\0'
highlighter <sup>b</sup>	Highlighter	.		-	null
keymap <sup>b</sup>	Keymap	.		-	null
layout <sup>a</sup>	LayoutManager	.		-	null
margin <sup>b</sup>	Insets	.		-	From UI
navigationFilter <sup>1.4</sup>	NavigationFilter	.		-	null
preferredScrollableViewportSize <sup>a</sup>	Dimension	.			Preferred size of component
scrollableTracksViewportHeight <sup>a</sup>	boolean	.			See below
scrollableTracksViewportWidth <sup>a</sup>	boolean	.			See below
selectedText	String	.			From document
selectedTextColor <sup>b</sup>	Color	.		-	null
selectionColor <sup>b</sup>	Color	.		-	null
selectionEnd	int	.		-	From caret
selectionStart	int	.		-	From caret
text	String	.		-	From document
UI <sup>b</sup>	TextUI	.		-	From L&F

<sup>1.4</sup>since 1.4, <sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>a</sup>overridden

# Events, constants & constructor



- public void addCaretListener(CaretListener listener)
- public void removeCaretListener(CaretListener listener)
- public CaretListener[] getCaretListeners( )
- public JTextComponent( )

Constant	Type	Description
DEFAULT_KEYMAP	String	The name of the default keymap used by all text components. This string can be used as a parameter to the static <code>getKeymap()</code> method.
FOCUS_ACCELERATOR_KEY	String	The bound property name for the focus accelerator, used when firing property change events.



# Methods

- public void copy( )
- public void cut( )
- public void paste( )
- public void moveCaretPosition(int pos)
- public void replaceSelection(String content)
- public void select(int selectionStart, int selectionEnd)
- public void selectAll( )
- public int getScrollableUnitIncrement(Rectangle visibleRect, int orientation, int direction)
- public int getScrollableBlockIncrement(Rectangle visibleRect, int orientation, int direction)
- public Rectangle modelToView(int pos) throws BadLocationException
- public int viewToModel(Point pt)
- public String getText(int offset, int len) throws BadLocationException
- public void write(Writer out) throws IOException
- public void read(Reader in, Object desc) throws IOException
- public void updateUI( )



# JTextField class

- Hộp văn bản trong đó người sử dụng có thể nhập dữ liệu từ bàn phím

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			AccessibleJTextField
action <sup>1,3</sup>	Action	.		.	null
actionCommand	String	.		.	null
actions <sup>o</sup>	Action[]	.			From superclass plus NotifyAction
columns	int	.		.	0
document <sup>b, o</sup>	Document	.		.	PlainDocument( )
font <sup>b, o</sup>	Font	.		.	From superclass
horizontalAlignment <sup>b</sup>	int	.		.	LEADING
horizontalVisibility	BoundedRangeModel	.			DefaultBoundedRangeModel
preferredSize <sup>b, o</sup>	Dimension	.		.	Width based on columns and font
scrollOffset	int	.		.	From horizontal visibility
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	.			"TextFieldUI"
validateRoot <sup>o</sup>	boolean	.		.	true

<sup>1,3</sup>since 1.3, <sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>o</sup>overridden



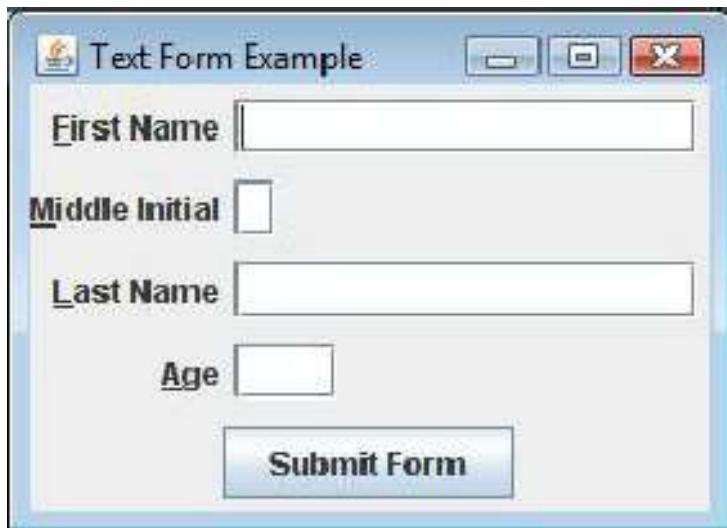
# Events Constructor & Constant , methods

- public void addActionListener(ActionListener l)
- public void removeActionListener(ActionListener l)
- public ActionListener[] getActionListeners( )
- public JTextField( )
- public JTextField(String text)
- public JTextField(int columns)
- public JTextField(String text, int columns)
- public JTextField(Document doc, String text, int columns)
- public void scrollRectToVisible(Rectangle r)

Constant	Type	Description
notifyAction	String	The name of the action used to send notification that the field's contents have been accepted



# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextField





# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextField

```
public class TextForm extends JPanel {  
    private JTextField[] fields;  
    public TextForm(String[] labels, char[] mnemonics, int[] widths,  
                   String[] tips) {  
        super(new BorderLayout());  
        JPanel labelPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(labels.length, 1));  
        JPanel fieldPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(labels.length, 1));  
        add(labelPanel, BorderLayout.WEST);  
        add(fieldPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);  
        fields = new JTextField[labels.length];  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < labels.length; i += 1) {  
            fields[i] = new JTextField();  
            if (i < tips.length)  
                fields[i].setToolTipText(tips[i]);  
            if (i < widths.length)  
                fields[i].setColumns(widths[i]);  
            JLabel lab = new JLabel(labels[i], JLabel.RIGHT);  
            lab.setLabelFor(fields[i]);  
            if (i < mnemonics.length)  
                lab.setDisplayedMnemonic(mnemonics[i]);  
            labelPanel.add(lab);  
            JPanel p = new JPanel(new FlowLayout(FlowLayout.LEFT));  
            p.add(fields[i]);  
            fieldPanel.add(p);  
        }  
    }  
}
```



# JPasswordField Class

- Mở rộng JTextField
- Che giấu các ký tự mà người sử dụng nhập vào

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>0</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			AccessibleJPasswordField
echoChar	char	.	.	.	'*' (asterisk)
password	char[]	.			
text <sup>0</sup>	String	.	.	.	
UIClassID <sup>0</sup>	String	.			"PasswordFieldUI"
overridden					



# Constructor & methods

- public JPasswordField( )
- public JPasswordField(String text)
- public JPasswordField(int columns)
- public JPasswordField(String text, int columns)
- public JPasswordField(Document doc, String text, int columns)
- public boolean echoCharlsSet( )
- **Protected methods**
  - public void cut( )
  - public void copy( )
  - public string getText(int offs, int len) throws BadLocationException



# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextField & JPasswordField





# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextField & JPasswordField

```
public class Password extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
    JTextField userName;
    JPasswordField password;
    JButton logon;

    public Password() {
        try {
            UIManager.setLookAndFeel(UIManager.getSystemLookAndFeelClassName());
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter() {
            @Override
            public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
                System.exit(0);
            }
        });
        JPanel pane = new JPanel();
        pane.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 2, 2, 2));
        pane.setBorder(BorderFactory.createEmptyBorder(10, 10, 10, 10));
        userName = new JTextField(16);
        password = new JPasswordField(16);
        logon = new JButton("Logon");
        logon.addActionListener(this);

        // ngăn người dùng điều chỉnh kích thước frame
        setResizable(false);
    }

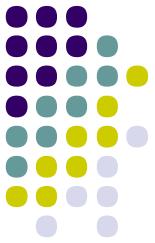
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        if (e.getSource() == logon) {
            String user = userName.getText();
            String pass = password.getText();
            if (user.equals("admin") & pass.equals("123456")) {
                JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Đăng nhập thành công!");
            } else {
                JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Tài khoản hoặc mật khẩu không chính xác!");
            }
        }
    }
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextField & JPasswordField

```
// them cac thanh phan vao o va them o vao lop noi dung
pane.add(new JLabel("User name:"));
pane.add(userName);
pane.add(new JLabel("Password:"));
pane.add(password);
pane.add(new JLabel("click button to logon:"));
pane.add(logon);
getContentPane().add(pane);
}

@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
    Object source = e.getSource();
    if (source.equals(logon)) {
        // bao mat gap nguy hiem
        char[] ptext = password.getPassword();
        String s = new String(ptext);
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this, "Password: " + s);
        for (int i = 0; i < ptext.length; i++)
            ptext[i] = 0;
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Password app = new Password();
    app.setTitle("Toogle Demo");
    app.pack();
    app.setVisible(true);
}
```



# JTextArea

- Vùng văn bản cho phép thao tác soạn thảo nhiều dòng văn bản.
- Sử dụng JScrollPane bên dưới

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
<code>accessibleContext<sup>a</sup></code>	<code>AccessibleContext</code>	.	.	.	<code>AccessibleJTextArea</code>
<code>columns</code>	<code>int</code>	.	.	.	0
<code>font<sup>b, c</sup></code>	<code>Font</code>	.	.	.	From superclass
<code>lineCount</code>	<code>int</code>	.	.	.	From document
<code>lineWrap<sup>b</sup></code>	<code>boolean</code>	.	.	.	false
<code>preferredScrollableViewportSize<sup>a</sup></code>	<code>Dimension</code>	.	.	.	See comments below
<code>preferredSize<sup>b, c</sup></code>	<code>Dimension</code>	.	.	.	See comments below
<code>rows</code>	<code>int</code>	.	.	.	0
<code>scrollableTracksViewportWidth<sup>a</sup></code>	<code>boolean</code>	.	.	.	See comments below
<code>tabSize<sup>b</sup></code>	<code>int</code>	.	.	.	8
<code>UIclassID<sup>a</sup></code>	<code>String</code>	.	.	.	"TextAreaUI"
<code>wrapStyleWord<sup>b</sup></code>	<code>boolean</code>	.	.	.	false

<sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>c</sup>overridden

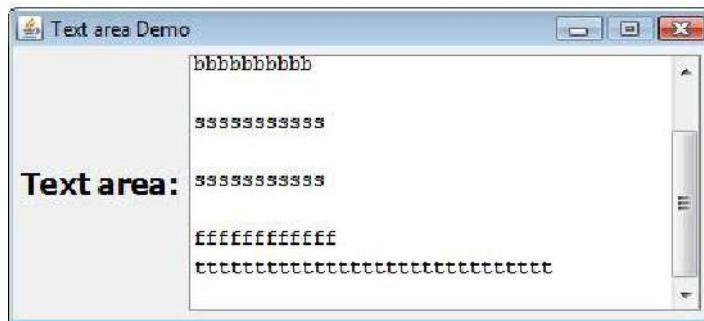


# Methods

- public JTextArea( )
- public JTextArea(int rows, int columns)
- public JTextArea(String text)
- public JTextArea(String text, int rows, int columns) public  
JTextArea(Document doc)
- public JTextArea(Document doc, String text, int rows, int columns)
- public void append(String str)
- public void insert(String str, int pos)
- public void replaceRange(String str, int start, int end)
- public int getLineStartOffset(int line) throws BadLocationException
- public int getLineEndOffset(int line) throws BadLocationException
- public int getLineOfOffset(int offset) throws BadLocationException



# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextArea





# Ví dụ sử dụng JTextArea

```
public class TextDemo extends JFrame {
    public TextDemo() {
        ...
        JPanel pane = new JPanel();
        // tao doi tuong vung van ban
        JTextArea theText = new JTextArea();
        theText.setFont(new Font("Courier", Font.PLAIN, 12));
        theText.setLineWrap(false);
        // them thanh cuon vao vung van ban
        JScrollPane scroller = new JScrollPane(theText);
        scroller.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(300, 150));
        scroller
            .setVerticalScrollBarPolicy(JScrollPane.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_ALWAYS);
        // tao nhan cho doi tuong vung van ban
        String s = "<html>" + "<font size = +1><b>Text area:</b></font>" +
                  "</html>";
        JLabel inputLabel = new JLabel(s);
        inputLabel.setLabelFor(theText);
        inputLabel.setAlignmentX(Component.LEFT_ALIGNMENT);
        // them tat ca cac thanh phan vao khung noi dung
        pane.add(inputLabel);
        pane.add(scroller);
        getContentPane().add(pane);
        setResizable(false);
    }
    ...
}
```

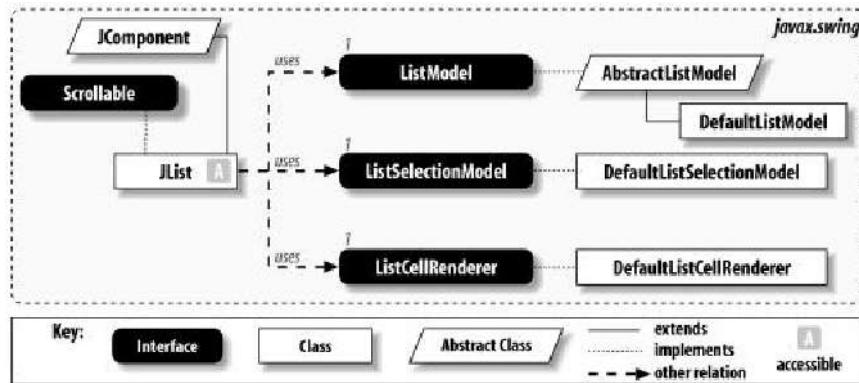


# Danh sách

- Thường dùng để liệt kê
- Java có 2 loại danh sách cơ bản:
  - **JList:**
    - dùng cho danh sách có các khoản mục cố định
    - Người sử dụng có thể chọn một hoặc nhiều mục
  - **JComboBox:**
    - dùng cho danh sách mà người dùng có thể lựa chọn mục nhập hay

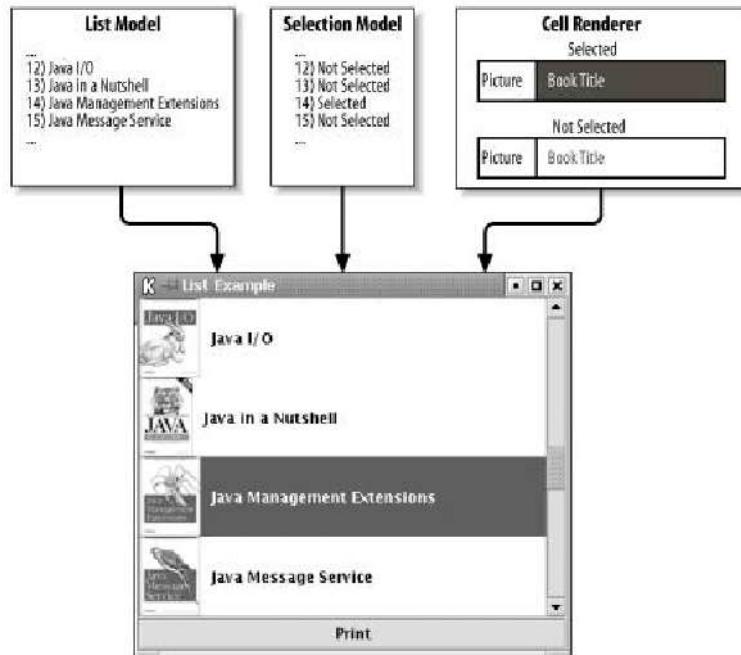


# Swing list class diagram





# The three parts of a Swing list





# Hiển thị danh sách dữ liệu

- ListModel Interface
  - Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
elementAt	Object	.			
size	int	.			
indexed					

- Events
  - `public abstract void addListDataListener(ListDataListener l)`
  - `public abstract void removeListDataListener(ListDataListener l)`



# Hiển thị danh sách dữ liệu

## ● AbstractListModel Class

- `protected void fireContentsChanged(Object source, int index1, int index2)`
- `protected void fireIntervalAdded(Object source, int index1, int index2)`
- `protected void fireIntervalRemoved(Object source, int index1, int index2)`
- `public EventListener[] getListeners(Class listenerType)`
- `public ListDataListener[] getListDataListeners( )`



# Hiển thị danh sách dữ liệu

## • DefaultListModel Class

- Là hiện thực mặc định của AbstractListModel
- Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
elementAt <sup>i</sup>	Object	.	.	.	
empty	boolean		.		true
size	int	.		.	0
indexed					

### • Constructor

- `public DefaultListModel( )`



# Hiển thị danh sách dữ liệu

- Methods
  - public void copyInto(Object anArray[])
  - public void trimToSize( )
  - public void ensureCapacity(int minCapacity)
  - public int capacity( )
  - public int size( )
  - public Enumeration elements( )
  - public boolean contains(Object elem)
  - public int indexOf(Object elem)
  - public int indexOf(Object elem, int index)
  - public int lastIndexOf(Object elem)
  - public int lastIndexOf(Object elem, int index)
  - public Object elementAt(int index)
  - public Object firstElement( )
  - public Object lastElement( )
- Methods
  - public void removeElementAt(int index)
  - public void insertElementAt(Object obj, int index)
  - public void addElement(Object obj)
  - public boolean removeElement(Object obj)
  - public void removeAllElements( )
  - public String toString( )
  - public Object[] toArray( )
  - public Object get(int index)
  - public Object set(int index, Object element)
  - public void add(int index, Object element)
  - public Object remove(int index)
  - public void clear( )
  - public void removeRange(int fromIndex, int toIndex)



# Hiển thị danh sách dữ liệu

- `ListDataEvent` là lớp mở rộng của `java.util.EventObject` nắm dữ thông tin về sự thay đổi dữ liệu trên danh sách
  - Sửa đổi các phần tử
  - Thêm phần tử
  - Xóa phần tử
  - Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set
index0	int	-		
index1	int	-		
source <sup>o</sup>	Object	-		
type	int	-		
<sup>o</sup> overridden				



# Hiển thị danh sách dữ liệu

- Constants

Constant	Data type	Description
CONTENTS_CHANGED	int	The elements between the two indices (inclusive) have been altered.
INTERVAL_ADDED	int	The elements now between the two indices (inclusive) have just been inserted into the list.
INTERVAL_REMOVED	int	The elements previously between the two indices (inclusive) have now been removed from the list.

- Constructor

- `public ListDataEvent(Object source, int type, int index0, int index1)`

- Method

- `public String toString( )`

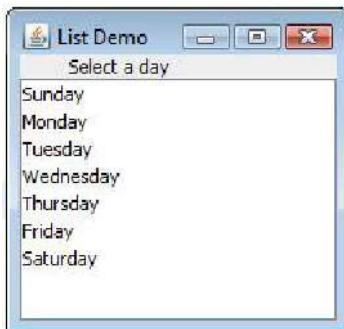


# Quản lý lựa chọn

- **ListDataListener Interface**
  - ListSelectionModel Interface liệt kê các phương thức cần thiết để quản lý các lựa chọn



# Ví dụ sử dụng JList





# Ví dụ sử dụng JList

```
public class ListDemo extends JFrame {
    JFrame frame; // tham chieu cua so frame nay
    JLabel label; // cho biet lua chon hien hanh

    public ListDemo() {
        try {
            UIManager.setLookAndFeel(UIManager.getSystemLookAndFeelClassName());
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter() {
            @Override
            public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
                System.exit(0);
            }
        });
        frame = this;
        String[] items = { "Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday",
                           "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday" };
        JList dayList = new JList(items);
        dayList.setSelectionMode(ListSelectionModel.SINGLE_SELECTION);
        dayList.setAlignmentX(Component.CENTER_ALIGNMENT);

        JScrollPane listScroller = new JScrollPane(dayList);
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JList

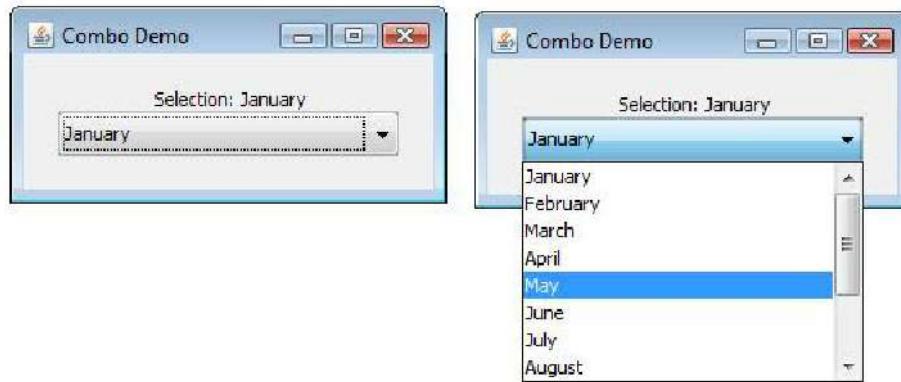
```
dayList.addListSelectionListener(new ListselectionListener() {
    @Override
    public void valueChanged(ListSelectionEvent e) {
        JList list = (JList) e.getSource();
        if (!list.isSelectionEmpty()) {
            int i = list.getSelectedIndex();
            String s = (String) list.getModel().getElementAt(i);
            label.setText("Selection: " + i);
        }
    }
});
```

```
label = new JLabel("Select a day");
Container content = getContentPane();
content.setLayout(new BoxLayout(content, BoxLayout.Y_AXIS));
content.add(label);
content.add(listScroller);
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    ListDemo app = new ListDemo();
    app.setTitle("Toogle Demo");
    app.pack();
    app.setVisible(true);
}
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JComboBox





# Ví dụ sử dụng JComboBox

```
public class ComboDemo extends JFrame {  
    JFrame frame;  
    JLabel label;  
    public ComboDemo() {  
        ...  
        frame = this;  
        label = new JLabel("Select a month");  
        String[] items = { "January", "February", "March", "April", "May",  
                           "June", "July", "August", "September", "October", "November", "December" };  
        JComboBox months = new JComboBox(items);  
        months.setSelectedIndex(0);  
        months.setEditable(false);  
        months.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
            @Override  
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {  
                JComboBox box = (JComboBox) e.getSource();  
                String s = (String) box.getSelectedItem();  
                label.setText("Selection: " + s);  
            }  
        });  
        JPanel pane = new JPanel();  
        pane.setLayout(new BoxLayout(pane, BoxLayout.Y_AXIS));  
        pane.setBorder(BorderFactory.createEmptyBorder(20, 20, 20, 20));  
        pane.add(label);  
        pane.add(months);  
        getContentPane().add(pane, BorderLayout.CENTER);  
    }  
    ...
```



# JColorChooser

- Giúp bạn dễ dàng lựa chọn các màu bằng cách nhấp vào các ô màu



# Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext	AccessibleContext	-			JColorChooser.AccessibleJColorChooser()
chooserPanels <sup>b</sup>	AbstractColorChooserPanel[]	-	-	-	null
color	Color	-	-	-	Color.white
dragEnabled <sup>1,4</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
previewPanel <sup>b</sup>	JComponent	-	-	-	null
selectionModel <sup>b</sup>	ColorSelectionModel	-	-	-	DefaultColorSelectionModel
UI <sup>b</sup>	ColorChooserUI	-	-	-	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>a</sup>	String	-			"ColorChooserUI"

<sup>1,4</sup>since 1.4, <sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>a</sup>overridden



# Constants for the property names

Constant	Type	Description
CHOOSEN_PANELS_PROPERTY	String	The name of the <code>chooserPanels</code> property
PREVIEW_PANEL_PROPERTY	String	The name of the <code>previewPanel</code> property
SELECTION_MODEL_PROPERTY	String	The name of the <code>selectionModel</code> property

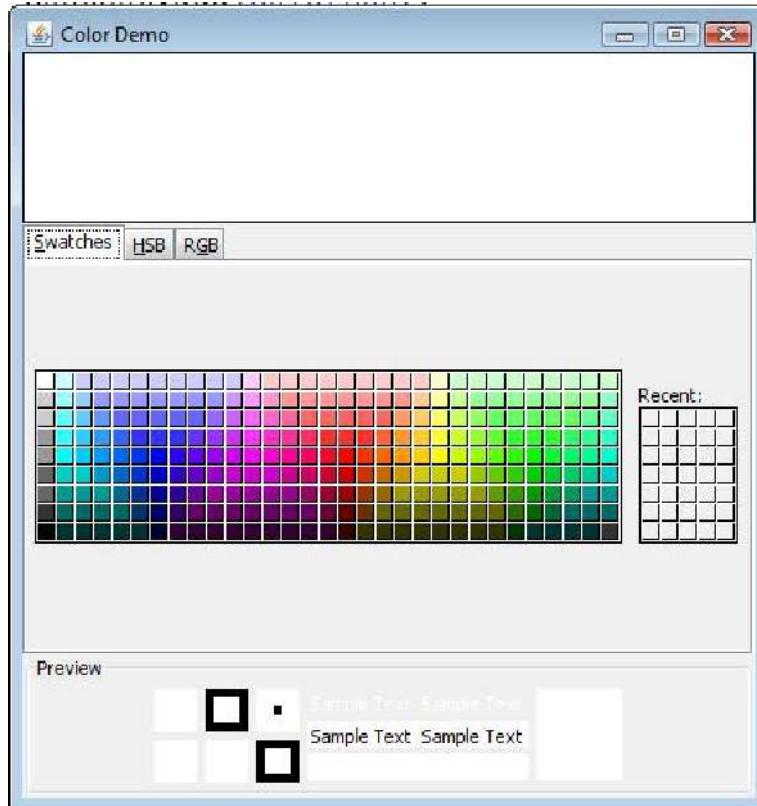


# Constructors

- public JColorChooser( )
- public JColorChooser(Color initialColor)
- public JColorChooser(ColorSelectionModel model)



# Ví dụ sử dụng JColorChooser





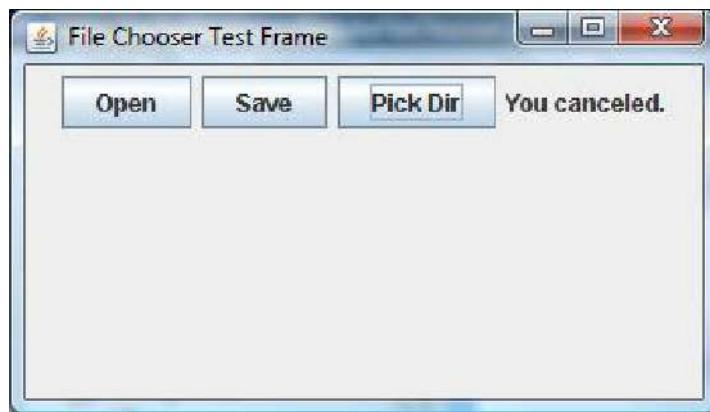
# Ví dụ sử dụng JColorChooser

```
public class ColorDemo extends JFrame {
    JColorChooser colorChooser; // thanh phan chon mau
    JPanel colorBox; // mau mau
    Color selectedColor; // mau duoc chon
    public ColorDemo() {
        ...
        selectedColor = Color.white;
        colorBox = new JPanel();
        colorBox.setBackground(selectedColor);
        colorBox.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(150, 100));
        colorBox.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.black));
        // tao thanh phan chon mau va thay doi lop tiep nhan bien co
        colorChooser = new JColorChooser(selectedColor);
        colorChooser.getSelectionModel().addChangeListener(
            new ChangeListener() {
                @Override
                public void stateChanged(ChangeEvent e) {
                    selectedColor = colorChooser.getColor();
                    colorBox.setBackground(selectedColor);
                }
            });
        // them cac thanh phan
        Container content = getContentPane();
        content.setLayout(new BoxLayout(content, BoxLayout.Y_AXIS));
        content.add(colorBox);
        content.add(colorChooser);
    }
}
```



# JFileChooser Class

- Giúp bạn lựa chọn 1 file bất kì





```
public class SimpleFileChooser extends JFrame {
    public SimpleFileChooser() {
        super("File Chooser Test Frame");
        setSize(350, 200);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        Container c = getContentPane();
        c.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        JButton openButton = new JButton("Open");
        JButton saveButton = new JButton("Save");
        JButton dirButton = new JButton("Pick Dir");
        final JLabel statusbar = new JLabel(
            "Output of your selection will go here");
        // Create a file chooser that opens up as an Open dialog.
        openButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae) {
                JFileChooser chooser = new JFileChooser();
                chooser.setMultiSelectionEnabled(true);
                int option = chooser.showOpenDialog(SimpleFileChooser.this);
                if (option == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION) {
                    File[] sf = chooser.getSelectedFiles();
                    String filelist = "nothing";
                    if (sf.length > 0)
                        filelist = sf[0].getName();
                    for (int i = 1; i < sf.length; i++)
                        filelist += ", " + sf[i].getName();
                    statusbar.setText("You chose " + filelist);
                }
            }
        });
    }
}
```

```
        } else
            statusbar.setText("You canceled.");
    });

// Create a file chooser that opens up as a Save dialog.
saveButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae) {
        JFileChooser chooser = new JFileChooser();
        int option = chooser.showSaveDialog(SimpleFileChooser.this);
        if (option == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION) {
            statusbar.setText("You saved "
                + ((chooser.getSelectedFile() != null) ? chooser
                    .getSelectedFile().getName() : "nothing"));
        } else {
            statusbar.setText("You canceled.");
        }
    }
});

// Create a file chooser that allows you to pick a directory
// rather than a file.
dirButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae) {
        JFileChooser chooser = new JFileChooser();
        chooser.setFileSelectionMode(JFileChooser.DIRECTORIES_ONLY);
        int option = chooser.showOpenDialog(SimpleFileChooser.this);
        if (option == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION) {
```



```
        if (option == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION) {
            statusbar.setText("You opened "
                + ((chooser.getSelectedFile() != null) ? chooser
                    .getSelectedFile().getName() : "nothing"));
        } else {
            statusbar.setText("You canceled.");
        }
    });
}

c.add(openButton);
c.add(saveButton);
c.add(dirButton);
c.add(statusbar);
}

public static void main(String args[]) {
    SimpleFileChooser sfc = new SimpleFileChooser();
    sfc.setVisible(true);
}
}
```



Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
acceptAllFileFilter	FileFilter	-	-	-	From L&F
acceptAllFileFilterUsed <sup>b, 1.3</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
accessibleContext	AccessibleContext	-	-	-	FileChooser.accessibleJFileChooser()
accessory <sup>b</sup>	JComponent	-	-	-	null
actionListeners <sup>1.4</sup>	ActionListener[]	-	-	-	Empty array
approveButtonMnemonic <sup>b, #</sup>	int	-	-	-	0 (no mnemonic)
approveButtonText <sup>b</sup>	String	-	-	-	null
approveButtonToolTipText <sup>b</sup>	String	-	-	-	null
choosableFileFilters <sup>b, *</sup>	FileFilter[]	-	-	-	{getAcceptAllFileFilter( )}
controlButtonsAreShown <sup>b, 1.3</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
currentDirectory <sup>b</sup>	File	-	-	-	User's home directory
dialogTitle	String	-	-	-	null
dialogType <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	OPEN_DIALOG
directorySelectionEnabled <sup>*</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
dragEnabled <sup>1.4</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
fileFilter <sup>b</sup>	FileFilter	-	-	-	AcceptAllFileFilter( )
fileHidingEnabled <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
fileSelectionEnabled <sup>+</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
fileSelectionMode <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	FILES_ONLY
fileSystemView <sup>b</sup>	FileSystemView	-	-	-	FileSystemView.getFileSystemView()
fileView <sup>b</sup>	FileView	-	-	-	null
multiSelectionEnabled <sup>b, \$</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
selectedFile <sup>b</sup>	File	-	-	-	null
selectedFiles <sup>b</sup>	File[]	-	-	-	Empty array
UI <sup>b</sup>	SplitPaneUI	-	-	-	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	-	-	-	"FileChooserUI"



# Events

- public void addActionListener(ActionListener l)
- public void removeActionListener(ActionListener l)
- public void approveSelection( )
- public void cancelSelection( )
- protected void fireActionPerformed(String command)



# Constant for change events

Constant	Type	Description
ACCEPT_ALL_FILE_FILTER_USED_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>acceptAllFileFilterUsed</code> property
ACCESSORY_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>accessory</code> property
APPROVE_BUTTON_MNEMONIC_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>approveButtonMnemonic</code> property
APPROVE_BUTTON_TEXT_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>approveButtonText</code> property
APPROVE_BUTTON_TOOL_TIP_TEXT_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>approveButtonToolTipText</code> property
CHOOSABLE_FILE_FILTER_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>choosableFileFilters</code> property
CONTROL_BUTTONS_ARE_SHOWN_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>controlButtonsAreShown</code> property
DIALOG_TITLE_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>dialogTitle</code> property
DIALOG_TYPE_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>dialogType</code> property
DIRECTORY_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>currentDirectory</code> property
FILE_FILTER_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>fileFilter</code> property
FILE HIDING_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>fileHidingEnabled</code> property
FILE_SELECTION_MODE_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>fileSelectionMode</code> property
FILE_SYSTEM_VIEW_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>fileSystemView</code> property
FILE_VIEW_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>fileView</code> property
MULTI_SELECTION_ENABLED_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>multiSelectionEnabled</code> property
SELECTED_FILE_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>selectedFile</code> property
SELECTED_FILES_CHANGED_PROPERTY	String	The name used for the <code>selectedFiles</code> property



# Constant dialog

Constant	Type	Description
APPROVE_OPTION	int	The return value from the <code>showDialog( )</code> methods, indicating that the user selected the approve option
APPROVE_SELECTION	String	The string to be used for the <code>actionCommand</code> property of the <code>ActionEvent</code> generated when the user approves the current selection
CANCEL_OPTION	int	The return value from the <code>showDialog( )</code> methods, indicating that the user selected the cancel option
CANCEL_SELECTION	String	The string to be used for the <code>actionCommand</code> property of the <code>ActionEvent</code> generated when the user cancels the current selection
CUSTOM_DIALOG	String	A valid option for the <code>dialogType</code> property, indicating that this dialog supports a user-defined operation
DIRECTORIES_ONLY	int	A valid option for the <code>fileSelectionMode</code> property, indicating that only directories can be selected
ERROR_OPTION	int	The return value from the <code>showDialog( )</code> methods, indicating that an error occurred
FILES_AND_DIRECTORIES	int	A valid option for the <code>fileSelectionMode</code> property, indicating that both files and directories can be selected
FILES_ONLY	int	A valid option for the <code>fileSelectionMode</code> property, indicating that only files can be selected
OPEN_DIALOG	int	A valid option for the <code>dialogType</code> property, indicating that this dialog is selecting files to be opened
SAVE_DIALOG	int	A valid option for the <code>dialogType</code> property, indicating that this dialog is selecting a file to be saved



# Constructors

- public JFileChooser( )
- public JFileChooser(File currentDirectory)
- public JFileChooser(String currentDirectoryPath)
- public JFileChooser(FileSystemView fsv)
- public JFileChooser(File currentDirectory, FileSystemView fsv)
- public JFileChooser(String currentDirectoryPath, FileSystemView fsv)



# Other methods

- public void addChoosableFileFilter(FileFilter filter)
- public void removeChoosableFileFilter(FileFilter filter)
- public void resetChoosableFileFilters( )
- public boolean accept(File f)
- public void changeToParentDirectory( )
- public void ensureFileIsVisible(File f)
- public String getDescription(File f)
- public Icon getIcon(File f)
- public String getName(File f)
- public String getTypeDescription(File f)
- public boolean isTraversable(File f)
- public void rescanCurrentDirectory( )
- protected JDialog createDialog(Component parent) throws HeadlessException
- public int showDialog(Component parent, String approveButtonText)
- public int showOpenDialog(Component parent)
- public int showSaveDialog(Component parent)



# Spinners

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
changeListeners	ChangeListener[]	-			Empty array
editor <sup>b</sup>	JComponent	-	-	-	JP_spinner.NumberEditor( )
model <sup>b</sup>	SpinnerModel	-	-	-	SpinnerNumberModel( )
nextValue	Object	-			
previousValue	Object	-			
UI	SpinnerUI	-			L&F-dependent
UIClassID	String	-			"SpinnerUI"
value	Object	-	-	-	
<sup>b</sup> bound					

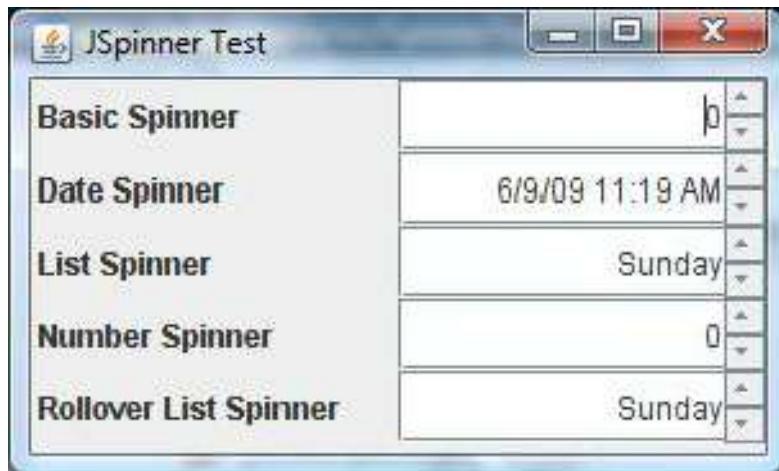


# Events & Constructors

- public void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
- public void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
- public JSpinner( )
- public JSpinner(SpinnerModel model)
- protected JComponent createEditor(SpinnerModel model)
- public void commitEdit( )



# Ví dụ sử dụng Spinner





# Ví dụ sử dụng Spinner

```
public SpinnerTest() {
    super("JSpinner Test");
    setSize(300, 180);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

    Container c = getContentPane();
    c.setLayout(new GridLayout(0, 2));

    c.add(new JLabel(" Basic Spinner"));
    c.add(new JSpinner());

    c.add(new JLabel(" Date Spinner"));
    c.add(new JSpinner(new SpinnerDateModel()));

    String weekdays[] = new String[] { "Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday",
        "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday" };
    c.add(new JLabel(" List Spinner"));
    c.add(new JSpinner(new SpinnerListModel(weekdays)));

    c.add(new JLabel(" Number Spinner"));
    c.add(new JSpinner(new SpinnerNumberModel(0, 0, 100, 5)));

    c.add(new JLabel(" Rollover List Spinner"));
    c.add(new JSpinner(new RolloverSpinnerListModel(weekdays)));

    setVisible(true);
}
```



# JTable Class

The screenshot shows a Java Swing application window titled "Simple JTable Test". The window contains a JTable with the following data:

Directory?	File Name	Read?	Writ
false	.classpath	true	true
false	.project	true	true
true	.settings	true	true
true	bin	true	true
false	cat_and_d...	true	true
false	email.jpg	true	true
false	hand.jpg	true	true
true	images	true	true



# Ví dụ sử dụng JTable

```
public class TableFeature extends JFrame {  
  
    String titles[] = new String[] { "Directory?", "File Name", "Read?",  
        "Write?", "Size", "Last Modified" };  
  
    public TableFeature() {  
        super("Simple JTable Test");  
        setSize(300, 200);  
        setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
  
        File pwd = new File(".");  
        Object[][] stats = getFileStats(pwd);  
  
        JTable jt = new JTable(stats, titles);  
        jt.setAutoResizeMode(JTable.AUTO_RESIZE_OFF);  
        jt.setColumnSelectionAllowed(true);  
  
        JScrollPane jsp = new JScrollPane(jt);  
        getContentPane().add(jsp, BorderLayout.CENTER);  
    }  
  
    public Object[][] getFileStats(File dir) {  
        String files[] = dir.list();  
        Object[][] results = new Object[files.length][titles.length];  
    }  
}
```

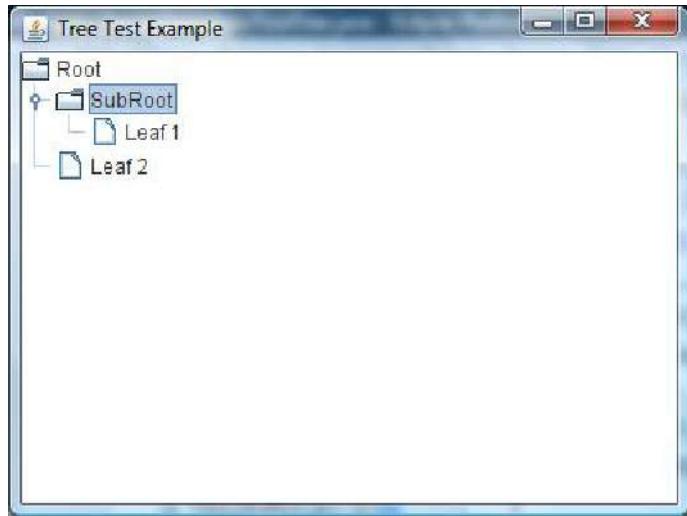


# Ví dụ sử dụng JTable

```
for (int i = 0; i < files.length; i++) {  
    File tmp = new File(files[i]);  
    results[i][0] = new Boolean(tmp.isDirectory());  
    results[i][1] = tmp.getName();  
    results[i][2] = new Boolean(tmp.canRead());  
    results[i][3] = new Boolean(tmp.canWrite());  
    results[i][4] = new Long(tmp.length());  
    results[i][5] = new Date(tmp.lastModified());  
}  
return results;  
}  
  
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    TableFeature tf = new TableFeature();  
    tf.setVisible(true);  
}  
}
```



# JTree





```
public class TestTree extends JFrame {
    JTree tree;
    DefaultTreeModel treeModel;
    public TestTree() {
        super("Tree Test Example");
        setSize(400, 300);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    }
    public void init() {
        // Build up a bunch of TreeNodes. We use DefaultMutableTreeNode because
        // the DefaultTreeModel can use it to build a complete tree.
        DefaultMutableTreeNode root = new DefaultMutableTreeNode("Root");
        DefaultMutableTreeNode subroot = new DefaultMutableTreeNode("SubRoot");
        DefaultMutableTreeNode leaf1 = new DefaultMutableTreeNode("Leaf 1");
        DefaultMutableTreeNode leaf2 = new DefaultMutableTreeNode("Leaf 2");
        // Build our tree model starting at the root node, and then make a JTree
        // out of it.
        treeModel = new DefaultTreeModel(root);
        tree = new JTree(treeModel);
        // Build the tree up from the nodes we created.
        treeModel.insertNodeInto(subroot, root, 0);
        // Or, more succinctly:
        subroot.add(leaf1);
        root.add(leaf2);
        // Display it.
        getContentPane().add(tree, BorderLayout.CENTER);
    }
}
```

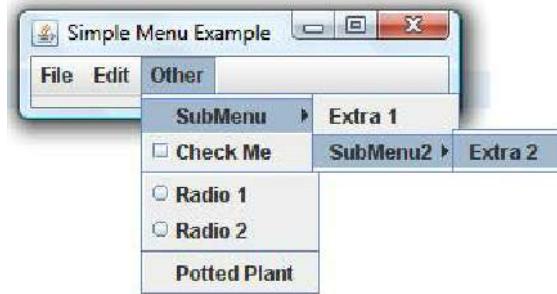


# JMenu

- JMenu có thể được dùng giống như một layout dùng để quản lý các Component
- Chú ý:
  - Chỉ được phép có 1 lựa chọn tại 1 thời điểm
  - Icon có thể dùng để thay thế cho các menu items
  - Hầu hết các component chuẩn đều có thể là Menu Item (radio button...)
  - Có thể gán phím tắt cho các Menu Item



# Ví dụ về JMenu





# SingleSelectionModel Interface

- Có chứa 1 mảng các lựa chọn có thể, và tại mỗi thời điểm chỉ được chọn duy nhất 1 lựa chọn.
- SingleSelectionModel sẽ nắm giữ vị trí của chọn lựa hiện tại, nếu có sự thay đổi ChangeEvent sẽ được bắt.

# Thuộc tính, sự kiện, phương thức



- Các thuộc tính của lớp SingleSelectionModel

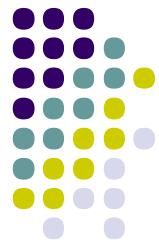
Property	Data type	get	is	set
selected	boolean	.	.	.
selectedIndex	int	.	.	.

- Events: ChangeEvent

- void addChangeListener(ChangeListener listener)
- void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener listener)

- Methods

- public void clearSelection( )



# DefaultSingleSelectionModel Class

- Là một hiện thực của interface SingleSelectionModel

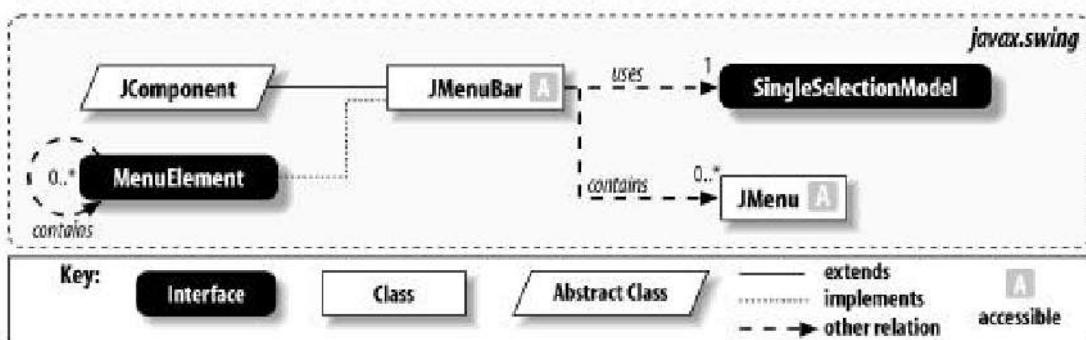
Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
selected	boolean		.		false
selectedIndex	int	.		.	-1

- Các phương thức và sự kiện giống với lớp cha



# JMenuBar Class

- Dùng để tạo ra 1 Menu bar theo chiều ngang của component với 0, 1 hoặc nhiều phần tử gắn lên đó.





# Chú ý

- Bạn sẽ dùng phương thức add để thêm vào các JMenu trên JMenuBar
- JMenubar sẽ hiển thị các JMenu theo thứ tự từ trái sang phải.
- Dùng sự kiện ActionListener
- Bạn có thể gắn 1 menu bar lên frame theo 1 trong 2 cách sau:
  - Sử dụng setJMenuBar( )

```
JFrame frame = new JFrame("Menu");
JMenuBar menuBar = new JMenuBar();
frame.setJMenuBar(menuBar);
```
  - Dùng layout để định vị

```
menuBar.setBorder(new BevelBorder(BevelBorder.RAISED));
frame.getContentPane().add(menuBar, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
```



# Thuộc tính, Constructor

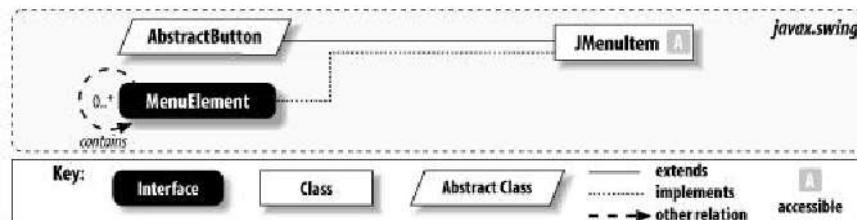
Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>a</sup>	AccessibleContext	-			JMenuBar.AccessibleJMenuBar( )
borderPainted <sup>b</sup>	boolean		-	-	true
component	Component	-			this
componentAtIndex <sup>i</sup>	Component	-			true
helpMenu <sup>u</sup>	JMenu	-		-	Throws an Error
layout <sup>a</sup>	LayoutManager	-	-	-	BoxLayout(X_AXIS)
margin <sup>b</sup>	Insets	-		-	null
menuCount	int	-			0
menu <sup>i</sup>	JMenu	-			null
selected	boolean		-		false
selectionMode <sup>b</sup>	SingleSelectionModel	-	-	-	DefaultSingleSelectionModel( )
subElements	MenuItem[]	-			
UI <sup>b</sup>	MenuBarUI	-	-	-	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>a</sup>	String	-			"MenuBarUI"
<sup>b</sup> bound, <sup>i</sup> indexed, <sup>a</sup> overridden, <sup>u</sup> unimplemented					

public JMenuBar( )



# JMenuItem Class

- Cung cấp nhiều lớp bao dùng để chuyển 1 String hay 1 icon thành 1 JMenuItem
- JMenuItem là 1 loại nút đặc biệt(xử lý mouseListener)



- Bạn có thể cung cấp Keyboard accelerators hay mnemonics cho JMenuItem



# Các thuộc tính trên JMenuItem

Property	Data type	get	is set	Default value
accelerator <sup>b</sup>	KeyStroke	.	.	null
accessibleContext <sup>c</sup>	Accessible Context	.	.	JMenuItem.AccessibleMenuItem()
armed <sup>b, c</sup>	boolean	.	.	false
borderPainted <sup>d</sup>	boolean	.	.	false
component <sup>d</sup>	Component	.	.	
enabled <sup>d</sup>	boolean	.	.	true
focusPainted <sup>d</sup>	boolean	.	.	false
horizontalAlignment <sup>d</sup>	int	.	.	JButton.LEFT
horizontalTextPosition <sup>d</sup>	int	.	.	JButton.LEFT
menuDragMouseListeners <sup>1-4</sup>	MenuDragMouseListener[]	.	.	
menuKeyListeners <sup>1-4</sup>	MenuKeyListener[]	.	.	
model <sup>d</sup>	ButtonModel	.	.	DefaultButtonModel()
subElements <sup>d</sup>	MenuElement[]	.	.	
UI <sup>b</sup>	MenuItemUI	.	.	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>d</sup>	String	.	.	"MenuItemUI"

<sup>1-4</sup>since 1.4, <sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>c</sup>overridden



# Constructors

- `JMenuItem( )`
- `JMenuItem(Action action)`
- `JMenuItem(Icon icon)`
- `JMenuItem(String string)`
- `JMenuItem(String string, Icon icon)`
- `JMenuItem(String string, int mnemonic)`



# Events

- ActionEvents, ChangeEvents,  
MenuDragMouseEvent, MenuKeyEvent
  - *addMenuDragMouseListener (MenuDragMouseListener 1)*
  - *removeMenuDragMouseListener (MenuDragMouseListener 1)*
  - *public void processMenuDragMouseEvent (MenuDragMouseEvent e)*
  - *addMenuKeyListener (MenuKeyListener 1)*
  - *removeMenuKeyListener (MenuKeyListener 1)*
  - *public void processMenuKeyEvent (MenuKeyEvent e)*



# Ví dụ sử dụng JMenuBar

```
public class IntroExample extends JMenuBar {

    String[] fileItems = new String[] { "New", "Open", "Save", "Exit" };
    String[] editItems = new String[] { "Undo", "Cut", "Copy", "Paste" };
    char[] fileShortcuts = { 'N', 'O', 'S', 'X' };
    char[] editShortcuts = { 'Z', 'X', 'C', 'V' };

    public IntroExample() {

        JMenu fileMenu = new JMenu("File");
        JMenu editMenu = new JMenu("Edit");
        JMenu otherMenu = new JMenu("Other");
        JMenu subMenu = new JMenu("SubMenu");
        JMenu subMenu2 = new JMenu("SubMenu2");

        // Assemble the File menus with mnemonics.
        ActionListener printListener = new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
                System.out.println("Menu item [" + event.getActionCommand()
                    + "] was pressed.");
            }
        };
        for (int i = 0; i < fileItems.length; i++) {
            JMenuItem item = new JMenuItem(fileItems[i], fileShortcuts[i]);
            item.addActionListener(printListener);
            fileMenu.add(item);
        }
    }
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JMenuBar

```
// Assemble the File menus with keyboard accelerators.  
for (int i = 0; i < editItems.length; i++) {  
    JMenuItem item = new JMenuItem(editItems[i]);  
    item.setAccelerator(KeyStroke  
        .getKeyStroke(editShortcuts[i], Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit()  
            .getMenuShortcutKeyMask(), false));  
    item.addActionListener(printListener);  
    editMenu.add(item);  
}  
// Insert a separator in the Edit menu in Position 1 after "Undo".  
editMenu.insertSeparator(1);  
// Assemble the submenus of the Other menu.  
JMenuItem item;  
subMenu2.add(item = new JMenuItem("Extra 2"));  
item.addActionListener(printListener);  
subMenu.add(item = new JMenuItem("Extra 1"));  
item.addActionListener(printListener);  
subMenu.add(subMenu2);  
// Assemble the Other menu itself.  
otherMenu.add(subMenu);  
otherMenu.add(item = new JCheckBoxMenuItem("Check Me"));  
item.addActionListener(printListener);  
otherMenu.addSeparator();
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JMenuBar

```
ButtonGroup buttonGroup = new ButtonGroup();
otherMenu.add(item = new JRadioButtonMenuItem("Radio 1"));
item.addActionListener(printListener);
buttonGroup.add(item);
otherMenu.add(item = new JRadioButtonMenuItem("Radio 2"));
item.addActionListener(printListener);
buttonGroup.add(item);
otherMenu.addSeparator();
otherMenu.add(item = new JMenuItem("Potted Plant", new ImageIcon(
    "image.gif")));
item.addActionListener(printListener);

// Finally, add all the menus to the menu bar.
add(fileMenu);
add(editMenu);
add(otherMenu);
}

public static void main(String s[]) {
    JFrame frame = new JFrame("Simple Menu Example");
    frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    frame.setJMenuBar(new IntroExample());
    frame.pack();
    frame.setVisible(true);
}
```

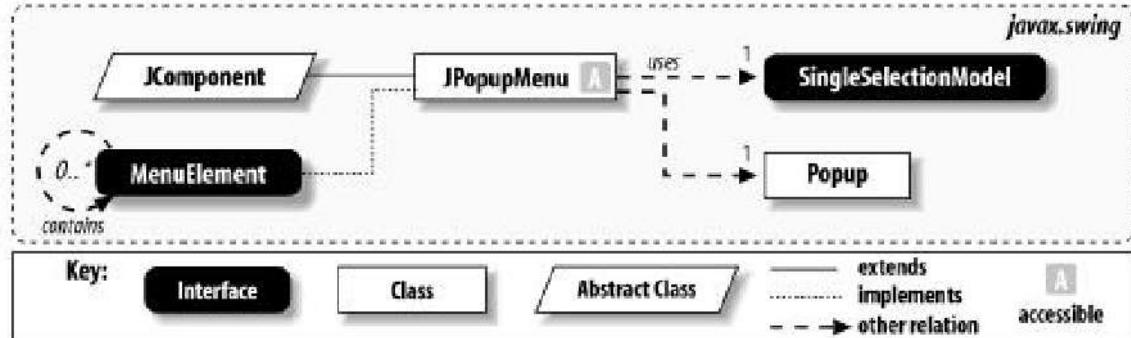


# JPopupMenu Class

- Là một loại menu đặc biệt mà không cần phải gắn vào menu bar
- Nó có thể được hiển thị ở bất cứ vị trí nào trên thành phần chứa.
- Bạn có thể thêm, chèn một JMenuItem, 1 component hay 1 Action tùy ý vào popup menu này với phương thức add() và insert()
- JPopupMenu sẽ gán cho mỗi menu item 1 số thứ tự rồi gắn chúng vào popup menu theo layout mà nó có
- Bạn cũng có thể thêm 1 separator vào popup menu với phương thức addSeparator()



# Class diagram





# Hiển thị popup menu

- Bạn có thể hiển thị popup menu bằng phương thức show()

```
public void processMouseEvent(MouseEvent e) {  
    if (e.isPopupTrigger( )) {  
        popup.show(this, e.getX( ), e.getY( ));  
    } else {  
        super.processMouseEvent(e);  
    }  
}
```



# Các thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	-			JPopupMenu.accessibleJPopupMenu( )
borderPainted	boolean		-	-	true
component	Component	-			
componentAtIndex <sup>i</sup>	Component	-			
invoker	Component	-		-	
label <sup>b</sup>	String	-		-	""
layout <sup>a</sup>	LayoutManager	-		-	GridBagLayout( )
lightWeightPopupEnabled	boolean		-	-	getDefaultLightWeightPop-upEnabled( )
location <sup>o</sup>	Point			-	
margin	Insets	-			
popupMenuListeners <sup>1,4</sup>	PopupMenuListener[]	-			
popupSize	Dimension			-	
selectionModel	SingleSelectionModel	-			DefaultSingleSelectionMo-del( )
subElements	MenuItem[]	-			
UI <sup>b</sup>	PopupMenuUI	-		-	BasicPopupMenuUI( )
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	-			"PopupMenuUI"
visible <sup>b, o</sup>	boolean		-	-	false

<sup>1,4</sup>since 1.4, <sup>b</sup>bound, <sup>i</sup>indexed, <sup>o</sup>overridden



# Events

- Sử dụng PopupMenuEvent trong 2 trường hợp sau:
  - Menu hiện ⇔ ẩn
  - Loại bỏ 1 lựa chọn
  - `public void addPopupMenuListener(PopupMenuListener l)`
  - `public void removePopupMenuListener(PopupMenuListener l)`



# Constructor, JMenuItem

- public JPopupMenu( )
- public JPopupMenu(String title)
- public JMenuItem add(JMenuItem menuItem)
- public Component add(Component c)
- public JMenuItem add(Action a)
- public JMenuItem insert(Action a, int index)
- public Component insert(Component component, int index)
- public void addSeparator( )



# Một số phương thức khác

- public void show(Component invoker, int x, int y)
- public void setPopupSize(int width, int height)
- public int getComponentIndex(Component c)
- public static boolean getDefaultLightWeightEnabled ()
- public boolean isPopupTrigger(MouseEvent e)
- public static void setDefaultLightWeightPopupEnabled(boolean aFlag)
- public void setSelected(Component c)
- public void updateUI( )



# PopupMenuEvent Class

- Dùng để báo cho các listener về việc ẩn, hiện hay hủy bỏ popup menu
- Constructor
  - public PopupMenuEvent(Object source)

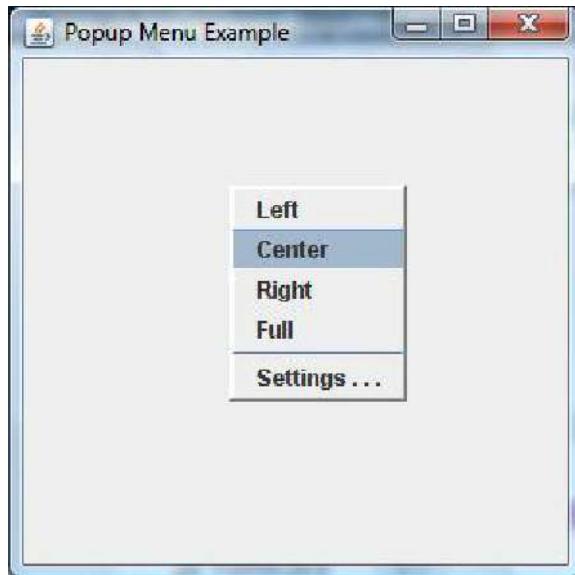


# PopupMenuListener Interface

- Là nơi tiếp nhận PopupMenuEvent
  - `public abstract void popupMenuCanceled(PopupMenuEvent e)`
  - `public abstract void popupMenuWillBecomeInvisible(PopupMenuEvent e)`
  - `public abstract void popupMenuWillBecomeVisible(PopupMenuEvent e)`



# Ví dụ sử dụng JPopupMenu





# Ví dụ sử dụng JPopupMenu

```
public class PopupMenuExample extends JPanel {
    public JPopupMenu popup;

    public PopupMenuExample() {
        popup = new JPopupMenu();
        ActionListener menuListener = new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
                System.out.println("Popup menu item ["
                    + event.getActionCommand() + "] was pressed.");
            }
        };
        JMenuItem item;
        popup.add(item = new JMenuItem("Left", new ImageIcon("left.gif")));
        item.setHorizontalTextPosition(JMenuItem.RIGHT);
        item.addActionListener(menuListener);
        popup.add(item = new JMenuItem("Center", new ImageIcon("center.gif")));
        item.setHorizontalTextPosition(JMenuItem.RIGHT);
        item.addActionListener(menuListener);
        popup.add(item = new JMenuItem("Right", new ImageIcon("right.gif")));
        item.setHorizontalTextPosition(JMenuItem.RIGHT);
        item.addActionListener(menuListener);
        popup.add(item = new JMenuItem("Full", new ImageIcon("full.gif")));
        item.setHorizontalTextPosition(JMenuItem.RIGHT);
        item.addActionListener(menuListener);
        popup.addSeparator();
        popup.add(item = new JMenuItem("Settings . . ."));
        item.addActionListener(menuListener);
    }
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JPopupMenu

```
popup.setLabel("Justification");
popup.setBorder(new BevelBorder(BevelBorder.RAISED));
popup.addPopupMenuListener(new PopupPrintListener());

addMouseListener(new MousePopupListener());
}

// An inner class to check whether mouse events are the pop-up trigger
class MousePopupListener extends MouseAdapter {
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {
        checkPopup(e);
    }

    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
        checkPopup(e);
    }

    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {
        checkPopup(e);
    }

    private void checkPopup(MouseEvent e) {
        if (e.isPopupTrigger()) {
            popup.show(PopupMenuExample.this, e.getX(), e.getY());
        }
    }
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JPopupMenu

```
// An inner class to show when pop-up events occur
class PopupPrintListener implements PopupMenuListener {
    public void popupMenuWillBecomeVisible(PopupMenuEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Popup menu will be visible!");
    }

    public void popupMenuWillBecomeInvisible(PopupMenuEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Popup menu will be invisible!");
    }

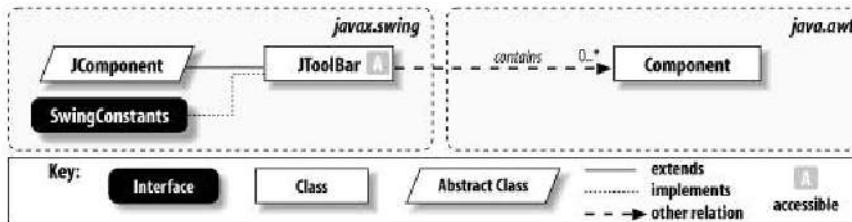
    public void popupMenuCanceled(PopupMenuEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Popup menu is hidden!");
    }
}

public static void main(String s[]) {
    JFrame frame = new JFrame("Popup Menu Example");
    frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    frame.setContentPane(new PopupMenuExample());
    frame.setSize(300, 300);
    frame.setVisible(true);
}
```



# JToolBar

- Là lớp chứa cho nhiều thành phần khác
- Khi 1 component được gắn vào tool bar nó sẽ được định vị từ trái sang phải theo chỉ mục của nó





# Các thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext	AccessibleContext	-			JToolBar.AccessibleJToolBar()
borderPainted <sup>b</sup>	boolean		-	-	true
componentAtIndex <sup>i</sup>	Component	-			
floatable <sup>b</sup>	boolean		-	-	true
layout <sup>o</sup>	LayoutManager	-		-	BoxLayout(X_AXIS)
margin <sup>b</sup>	Insets	-		-	Insets(0,0,0,0)
orientation <sup>b</sup>	int		-	-	SwingConstants.HORIZONTAL
rollover <sup>1,4, b</sup>	boolean		-	-	false
UI <sup>b</sup>	ToolBarUI	-		-	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	-			"ToolBarUI"

<sup>1,4</sup>since 1.4, <sup>b</sup>bound,



# Event, constructor

- Dùng sự kiện PropertyChangeEvent khi có 1 sự thay đổi giá trị của các thuộc tính
- public JToolBar( )
- public JToolBar(int orientation)
- public JToolBar(String name)
- public JToolBar(String name, int orientation)



# Ví dụ sử dụng JToolBar





# Ví dụ sử dụng JToolBar

```
public class ToolBarExample extends JPanel {  
  
    public JTextPane pane;  
    public JMenuBar menuBar;  
    public JToolBar toolBar;  
    String fonts[] = {"Serif", "SansSerif", "Monospaced", "Dialog", "DialogInput"};  
  
    public ToolBarExample() {  
        menuBar = new JMenuBar();  
  
        // Create a set of actions to use in both the menu and toolbar.  
        DemoAction leftJustifyAction = new DemoAction("Left",  
            new ImageIcon("align_h_left.gif"), "Left justify text", 'L');  
        DemoAction rightJustifyAction = new DemoAction("Right",  
            new ImageIcon("align_h_right.gif"), "Right justify text", 'R');  
        DemoAction centerJustifyAction = new DemoAction("Center",  
            new ImageIcon("align_h_centers.gif"), "Center justify text", 'M');  
        DemoAction fullJustifyAction = new DemoAction("Full",  
            new ImageIcon("align_v_space_disabled.gif"), "Full justify text", 'F');  
  
        JMenu formatMenu = new JMenu("Justify");  
        formatMenu.add(leftJustifyAction);  
        formatMenu.add(rightJustifyAction);  
        formatMenu.add(centerJustifyAction);  
        formatMenu.add(fullJustifyAction);  
        menuBar.add(formatMenu);  
    }  
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JToolBar

```
toolBar = new JToolBar("Formatting");
toolBar.add(leftJustifyAction);
toolBar.add(rightJustifyAction);
toolBar.add(centerJustifyAction);
toolBar.add(fullJustifyAction);

toolBar.addSeparator( );
JLabel label = new JLabel("Font");
toolBar.add(label);

toolBar.addSeparator( );
JComboBox combo = new JComboBox(fonts);
combo.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        try { pane.getstyledDocument( ).insertString(0,
            "Font [" + ((JComboBox)e.getSource( )).getSelectedItem( ) +
            "] chosen!\n", null);
        } catch (Exception ex) { ex.printStackTrace( ); }
    }
});
toolBar.add(combo);

// Disable one of the Actions.
fullJustifyAction.setEnabled(false);
}
```



# Ví dụ sử dụng JToolBar

```
public static void main(String s[]) {  
    ToolBarExample example = new ToolBarExample();  
    example.pane = new JTextPane();  
    example.pane.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(250, 250));  
    example.pane.setBorder(new BevelBorder(BevelBorder.LOWERED));  
    example.toolBar.setMaximumSize(example.toolBar.getSize());  
    JFrame frame = new JFrame("Menu Example");  
    frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
    frame.setJMenuBar(example.menuBar);  
    frame.getContentPane().add(example.toolBar, BorderLayout.NORTH);  
    frame.getContentPane().add(example.pane, BorderLayout.CENTER);  
    frame.pack();  
    frame.setVisible(true);  
}  
  
class DemoAction extends AbstractAction {  
    public DemoAction(String text, Icon icon, String description,  
                      char accelerator) {  
        super(text, icon);  
        putValue(ACCELERATOR_KEY, KeyStroke.getKeyStroke(accelerator,  
                                                       Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getMenuShortcutKeyMask()));  
        putValue(SHORT_DESCRIPTION, description);  
    }  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {  
        try { pane.getStyledDocument().insertString(0,  
                                                 "Action [" + getValue(NAME) + "] performed!\n", null);  
        } catch (Exception ex) { ex.printStackTrace(); }  
    }  
}
```



# JSlider Class

- JSlider là lớp dùng để hiển thị con chạy
- Giống như scrollbar, slider có con chạy theo cả hai chiều dọc và ngang
- Slider thường được dùng để hiển thị 1 giá trị trong khoảng nào đó.
- JSlider cho phép chúng ta lựa chọn khoảng cách giữa 2 điểm **tick**



# Các thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	-	-	-	JSlider.AccessibleJSlider()
changeListeners <sup>1,4</sup>	ChangeListener[]	-	-	-	Empty array
extent	int	-	-	-	0
inverted <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
labelTable <sup>b</sup>	Dictionary	-	-	-	null
majorTickSpacing <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	10
maximum <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	100
minimum <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	0
minorTickSpacing <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	2
model <sup>b</sup>	BoundedRangeModel	-	-	-	DefaultBoundedRangeModel
orientation <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	JSlider.HORIZONTAL
paintLabels <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
paintTicks <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
paintTrack <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
snapToTicks <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
UI <sup>b</sup>	SliderUI	-	-	-	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>o</sup>	String	-	-	-	"SliderUI"
value	int	-	-	-	50
valueIsAdjusting	boolean	-	-	-	false



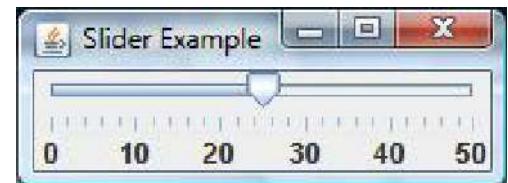
# Events, Constructors & Labels

- public void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
- public void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
- public JSlider( )
- public JSlider(int orientation)
- public JSlider(int min, int max)
- public JSlider(int min, int max, int value)
- public JSlider(int orientation, int minimum, int maximum, int value)
- public JSlider(BoundedRangeModel brm)
- public Hashtable createStandardLabels(int increment)
- public Hashtable createStandardLabels(int increment, int start)



# Ví dụ sử dụng JSlider

```
public class SliderExample extends JPanel {
    public SliderExample() {
        super(true);
        this.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
        JSlider slider = new JSlider(JSeparator.HORIZONTAL, 0, 50, 25);
        slider.setMinorTickSpacing(2);
        slider.setMajorTickSpacing(10);
        slider.setPaintTicks(true);
        slider.setPaintLabels(true);
        // We'll use just the standard numeric labels for now.
        slider.setLabelTable(slider.createStandardLabels(10));
        add(slider, BorderLayout.CENTER);
    }
    public static void main(String s[]) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("Slider Example");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setContentPane(new SliderExample());
        frame.pack();
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```





# JProgressBar Class

- Thanh progress bar thường được dùng để chỉ trạng thái thời gian thực thi của chương trình
- Thanh progress bar thực chất chỉ là 1 hình chữ nhật có chiều dài tùy ý, tỷ lệ chiều dài của nó sẽ được làm đầy dựa trên giá trị của model.
- Có 2 dạng progress bar trong swing:
  - Thanh dọc: sẽ được vẽ từ trái sang phải
  - Thanh ngang: sẽ được vẽ từ dưới lên trên



# Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>a</sup>	AccessibleContext	-	-	-	JProgressBar.AccessibleJProgressBar()
borderPainted <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	true
changeListeners <sup>1..4</sup>	ChangeListener[]	-	-	-	Empty array
indeterminate <sup>b, 1..4</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
maximum	int	-	-	-	100
minimum	int	-	-	-	0
model	BoundedRangeModel	-	-	-	DefaultBoundedRangeModel()
orientation <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	JProgressBar.HORIZONTAL
percentComplete	double	-	-	-	
string <sup>b</sup>	String	-	-	-	null
stringPainted <sup>b</sup>	boolean	-	-	-	false
UI <sup>b</sup>	progressBarUI	-	-	-	From L&F
UIClassID <sup>a</sup>	String	-	-	-	"ProgressBarUI"
value <sup>b</sup>	int	-	-	-	0



# Events & constructor

- public void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
- public void removeChangeListener(ChangeListener l)
- public JProgressBar( )
- public JProgressBar(BoundedRangeModel model)
- public JProgressBar(int orient, int min, int max)
- public JProgressBar(int min, int max)
- public JProgressBar(int orient)



# Ví dụ sử dụng JProgressBar

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class ProgressBarExample extends JPanel {
    JProgressBar pbar;
    static final int MY_MINIMUM=0;
    static final int MY_MAXIMUM=100;

    public ProgressBarExample( ) {
        pbar = new JProgressBar( );
        pbar.setMinimum(MY_MINIMUM);
        pbar.setMaximum(MY_MAXIMUM);
        add(pbar);
    }

    public void updateBar(int newValue) {
        pbar.setValue(newValue);
    }
}
```





# Ví dụ sử dụng JProgressBar

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
  
    final ProgressBarExample it = new ProgressBarExample();  
  
    JFrame frame = new JFrame("Progress Bar Example");  
    frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
    frame.setContentPane(it);  
    frame.pack();  
    frame.setVisible(true);  
  
    for (int i = MY_MINIMUM; i <= MY_MAXIMUM; i++) {  
        final int percent=i;  
        try {  
            SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable() {  
                public void run() {  
                    it.updateBar(percent);  
                }  
            });  
            java.lang.Thread.sleep(100);  
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {}  
    }  
}
```



# JDialog Class

- Hộp thoại thường là cửa sổ phụ trình bày danh sách tùy chọn hoặc hiển thị thông điệp
- Hộp thoại thường cung cấp nút xác nhận thay đổi hoặc trường nhập vào thành phần, hủy bỏ thay đổi...
- Có 3 dạng hộp thoại:
  - Hộp thoại thông điệp
  - Hộp thoại xác nhận
  - Hộp thoại tập tin (JFileChooser)



# Thuộc tính

Property	Data type	get	is	set	Default value
accessibleContext <sup>o</sup>	AccessibleContext	.			JDialog.AccessibleJDialog( )
contentPane <sup>o</sup>	Container	.	.	.	From rootPane
defaultCloseOperation	int	.	.	.	HIDE_ON_CLOSE
defaultLookAndFeelDecorated <sup>s, 1.4</sup>	boolean		.	.	Depends on L&F, often false
glassPane <sup>o</sup>	Component	.	.	.	From rootPane
JMenuBar <sup>o</sup>	JMenuBar	.	.	.	null
layeredPane <sup>o</sup>	JLayeredPane	.	.	.	From rootPane
layout <sup>o</sup>	LayoutManager	.	.	.	BorderLayout
modal <sup>s</sup>	boolean		.	.	false
parent <sup>s</sup>	Container	.			SwingUtilities.getSharedOwnerFrame( )
rootPane	JRootPane	.			JRootPane
title <sup>s</sup>	String	.	.	.	""

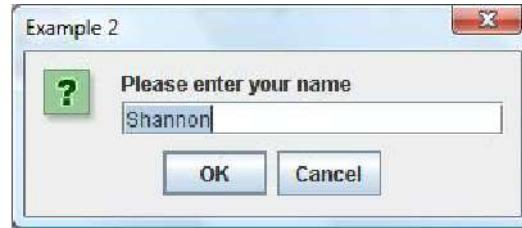


# Constructors

- public JDialog( )
- public JDialog(Dialog owner, String title, boolean modal, GraphicsConfiguration gc)
- public JDialog(Frame owner, String title, boolean modal, GraphicsConfiguration gc)

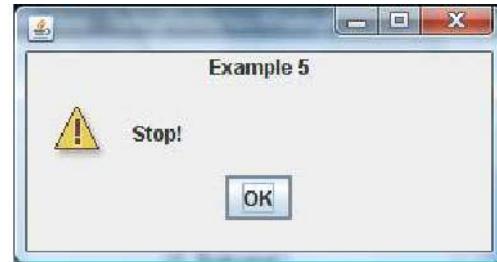
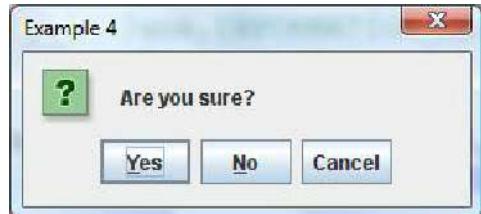


# Một vài ví dụ về JDialog





# Một vài ví dụ về JDialog





# Một vài ví dụ về JDialog

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class JDialogExample extends JFrame {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        //ex1
        JOptionPane.showInputDialog(null, "Please choose a name",
            "Example 1",
            JOptionPane.QUESTION_MESSAGE, null, new Object[] {
                "Amanda", "Colin", "Don", "Fred", "Gordon", "Janet", "Jay", "Joe",
                "Judie", "Kerstin", "Lotus", "Maciek", "Mark", "Mike", "Mulhern",
                "Oliver", "Peter", "Quaxo", "Rita", "Sandro", "Tim", "Will"}, "Joe");

        //ex2
        JOptionPane.showInputDialog(null, "Please enter your name",
            "Example 2",
            JOptionPane.QUESTION_MESSAGE, null, null, "Shannon");

        //ex3
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Have a nice day.", "Example 3",
            JOptionPane.INFORMATION_MESSAGE, new ImageIcon(
            "hand.jpg"));
    }
}
```



# Một vài ví dụ về JDialog

```
//ex4
JOptionPane.showConfirmDialog(null, "Are you sure?", "Example 4",
JOptionPane.YES_NO_CANCEL_OPTION);

// ex5
JFrame f = new JFrame();
Container c = f.getContentPane();
c.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
JOptionPane op = new JOptionPane("Stop!", JOptionPane.WARNING_MESSAGE);
JPanel p = new JPanel(new FlowLayout());
p.add(op);
c.add(p);
c.add(new JLabel("Example 5", JLabel.CENTER), BorderLayout.NORTH);
f.pack();
f.setVisible(true);
}
```



# Summary