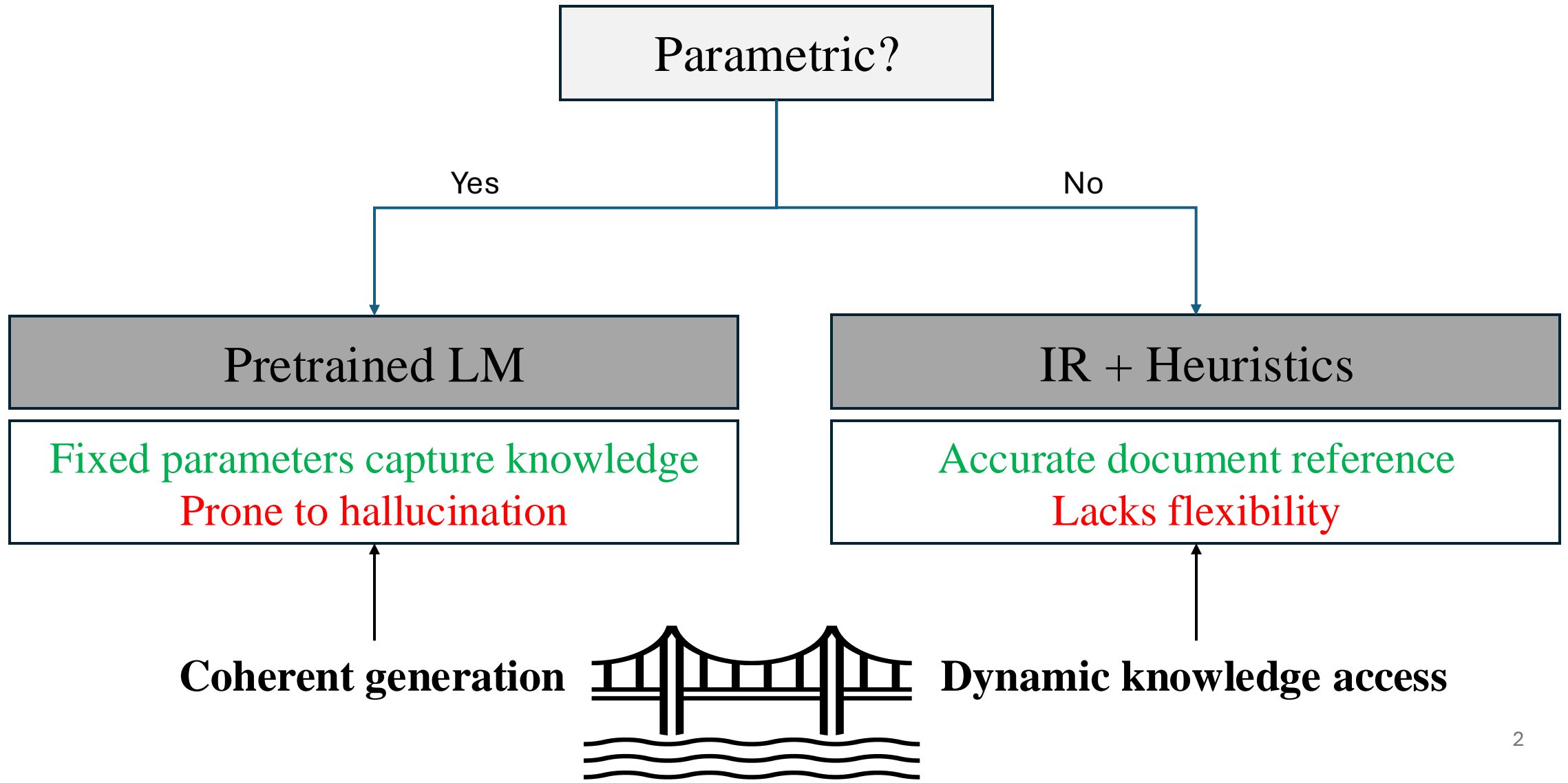


Retrieval-Augmented Generation for Knowledge-Intensive NLP Tasks

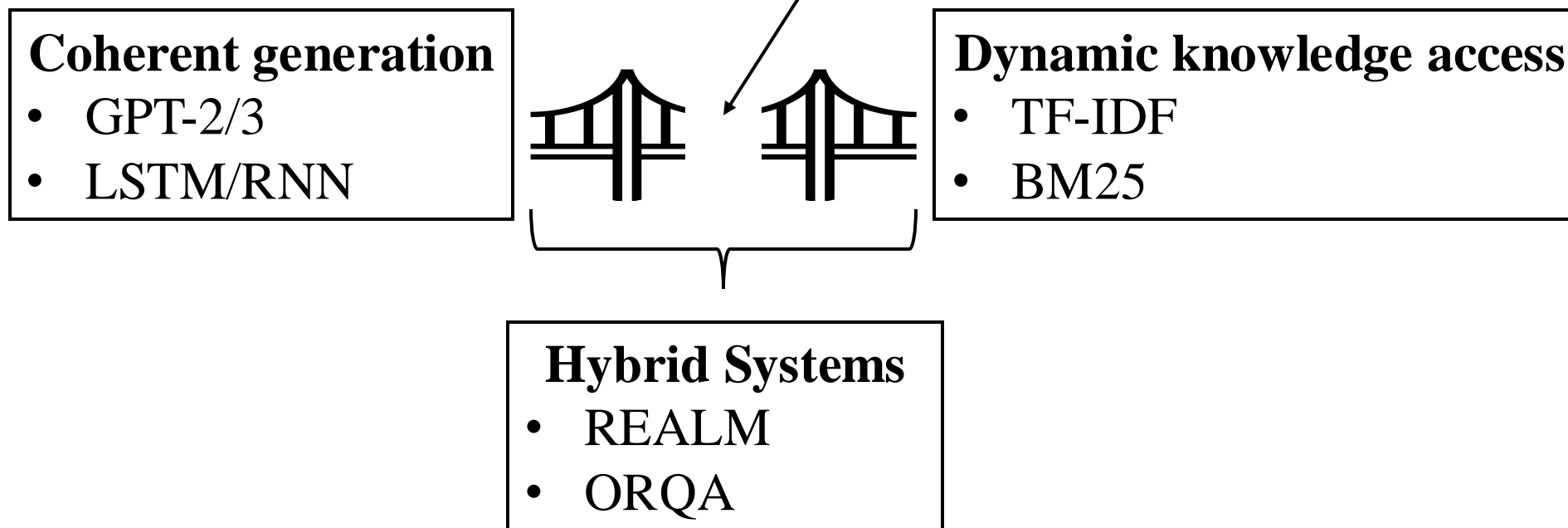
Patrick Lewis, Ethan Perez, Aleksandra Piktus, Fabio Petroni, Vladimir Karpukhin,
Naman Goyal, Heinrich Küttler, Mike Lewis, Wen-tau Yih,
Tim Rocktäschel, Sebastian Riedel, Douwe Kiela

Knowledge-Intensive NLP Tasks

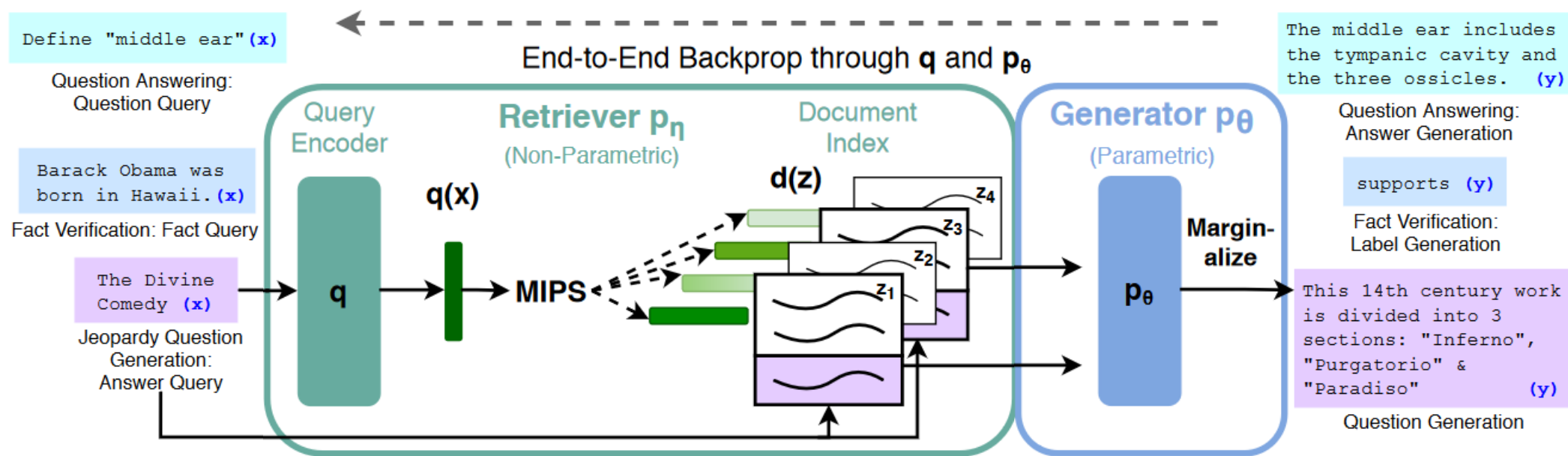


Previous Approaches

Gap: Joint retrieval and generation



Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)



RAG Variants

x ← Input sequence
 y ← Output sequence
 z ← Latent document

Sequence-level marginalization

$$p_{\text{RAG-Sequence}}(y|x) \approx \sum_{z \in \text{top-}k(p(\cdot|x))} p_{\eta}(z|x) p_{\theta}(y|x, z) = \sum_{z \in \text{top-}k(p(\cdot|x))} p_{\eta}(z|x) \prod_i^N p_{\theta}(y_i|x, z, y_{1:i-1})$$

Token-level marginalization

$$p_{\text{RAG-Token}}(y|x) \approx \prod_i^N \sum_{z \in \text{top-}k(p(\cdot|x))} p_{\eta}(z|x) p_{\theta}(y_i|x, z, y_{1:i-1})$$

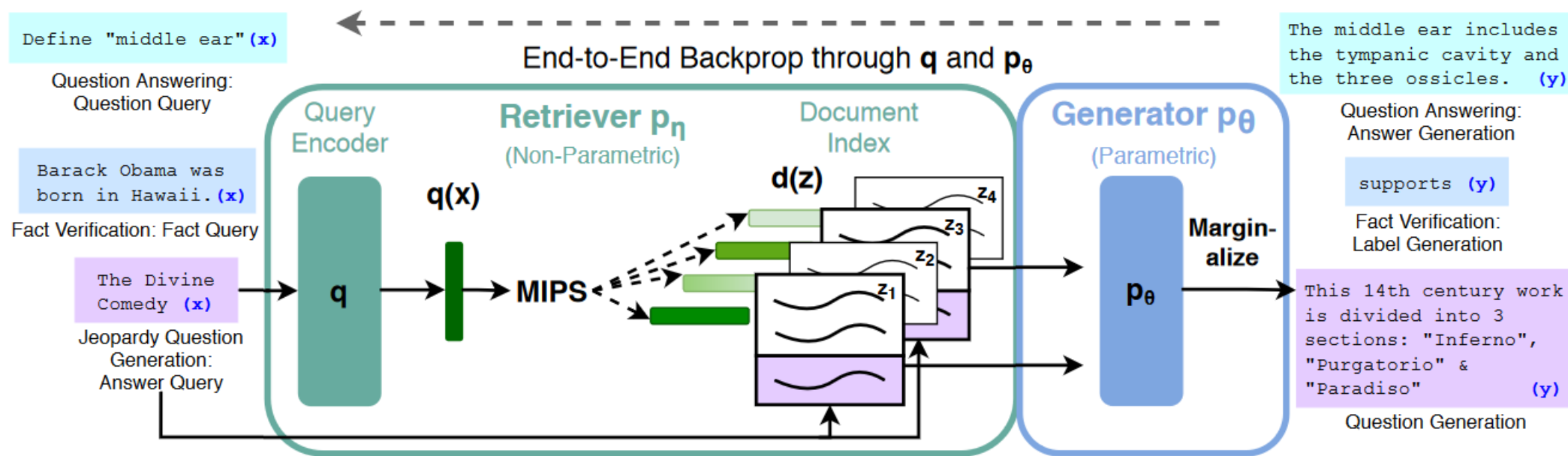
$p_{\eta}(\cdot)$ ← Retriever

$p_{\theta}(\cdot)$ ← Generator

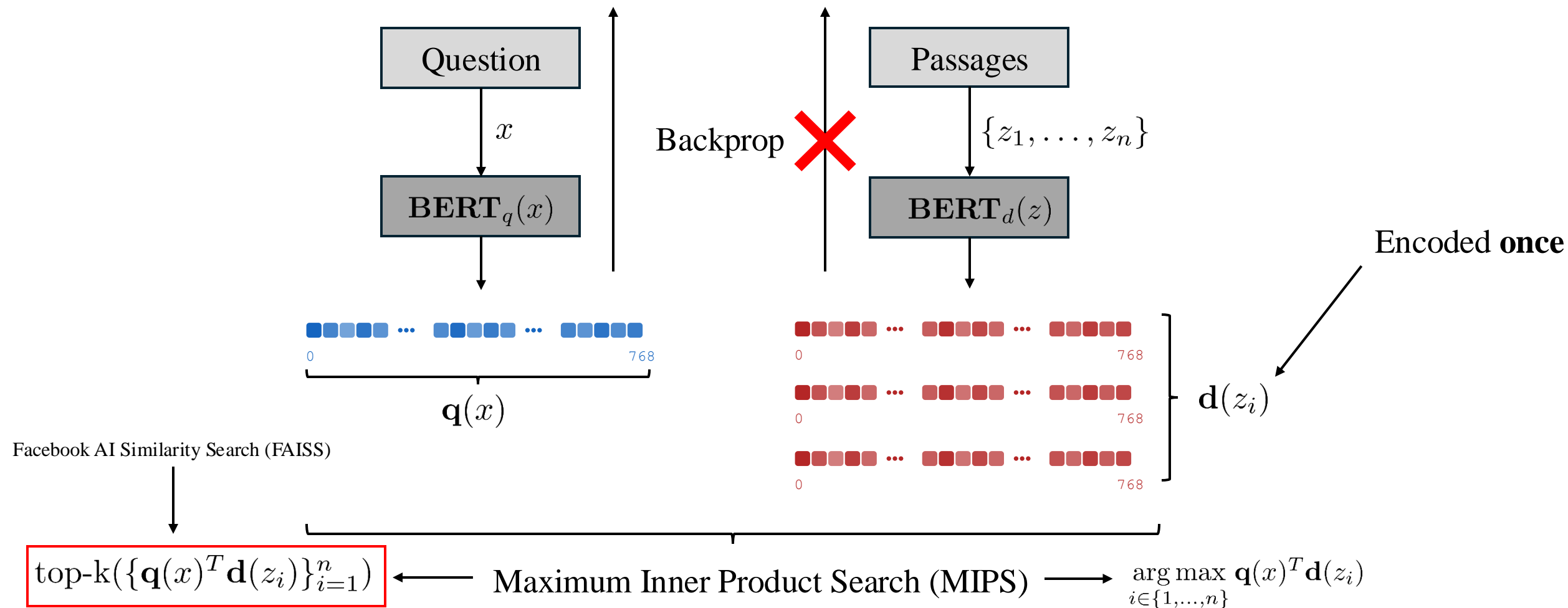
Training: minimization of negative marginal log likelihood

$$(x_j, y_j) \rightarrow \sum_j -\log p(y_j|x_j)$$

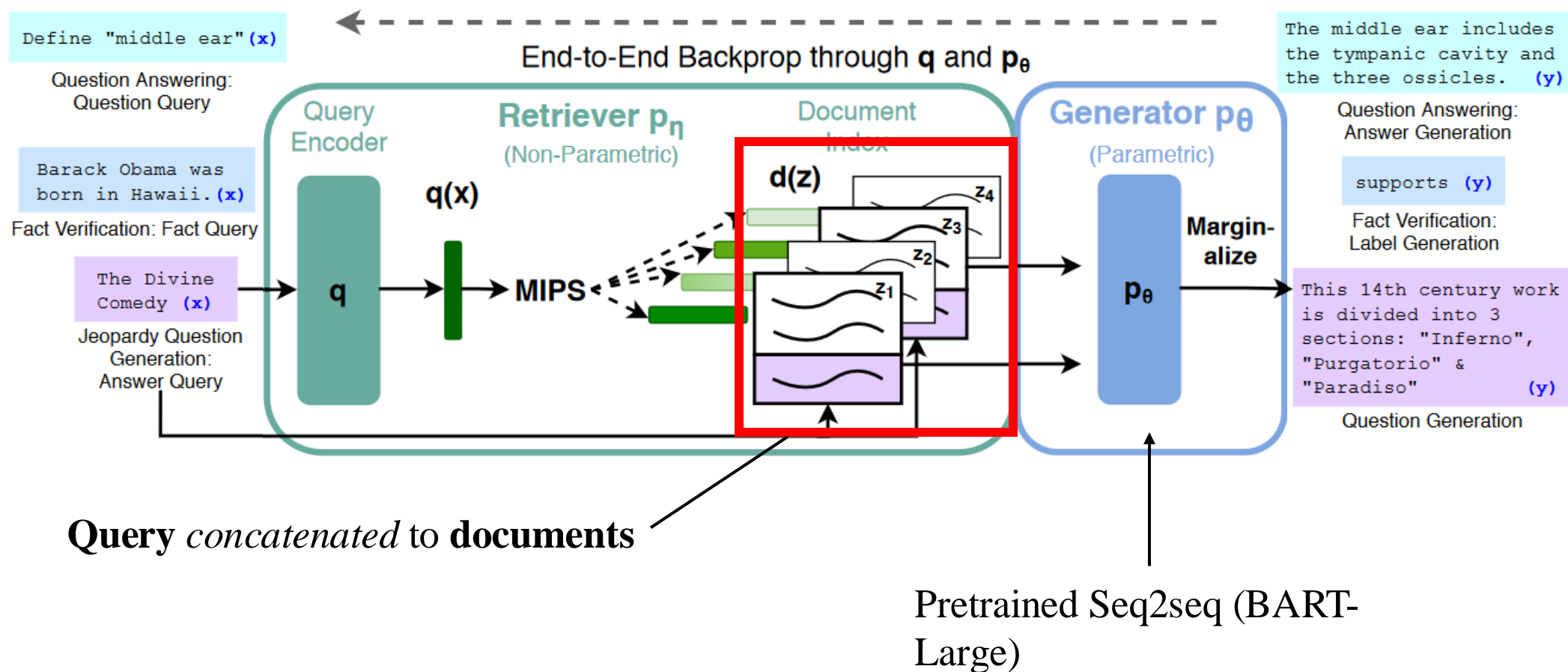
Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)



Dense Passage Retrieval (DPR)



Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)



RAG Variants

x ← Input sequence
 y ← Output sequence
 z ← Latent document

Sequence-level marginalization

$$p_{\text{RAG-Sequence}}(y|x) \approx \sum_{z \in \text{top-}k(p(\cdot|x))} p_{\eta}(z|x) p_{\theta}(y|x, z) = \sum_{z \in \text{top-}k(p(\cdot|x))} p_{\eta}(z|x) \prod_i^N p_{\theta}(y_i|x, z, y_{1:i-1})$$

Token-level marginalization

$$p_{\text{RAG-Token}}(y|x) \approx \prod_i^N \sum_{z \in \text{top-}k(p(\cdot|x))} p_{\eta}(z|x) p_{\theta}(y_i|x, z, y_{1:i-1})$$

$p_{\eta}(\cdot)$ ← Retriever

$p_{\theta}(\cdot)$ ← Generator

Training: minimization of negative marginal log likelihood

$$(x_j, y_j) \rightarrow \sum_j -\log p(y_j|x_j)$$

Experiments

- Can be applied to any task with input/output sequence
- Focus is on tasks with need for precise knowledge access

Open-domain QA

Abstractive open-domain QA

Question Generation

Fact Verification

Results – Open-Domain QA

	Model	NQ	TQA	WQ	CT
Closed	T5-11B [52]	34.5	- /50.1	37.4	-
Book	T5-11B+SSM[52]	36.6	- /60.5	44.7	-
Open	REALM [20]	40.4	- / -	40.7	46.8
Book	DPR [26]	41.5	57.9 / -	41.1	50.6
	RAG-Token	44.1	55.2/66.1	45.5	50.0
	RAG-Seq.	44.5	56.8/68.0	45.2	52.2

Standard test set TQA-Wiki test set

Results – Abstractive QA

Input: how many calories in average apple

GOLD: an average apple has 80 calories

BART: The average apple contains 1,000 calories in an average apple and 1,200 calories in a medium apple

RAG: There are 126 calories in an average apple, while an extra large size apple has 172 calories

Top Retrieved doc: A typical apple serving weighs 242 grams and provides 126 calories with a moderate content of dietary fiber (table). Otherwise, there is ... is usually not eaten and is discarded.

Model	MSMARCO	
	R-L	B-1
SotA	49.8*	49.9*
BART	38.2	41.6
RAG-Tok.	40.1	41.5
RAG-Seq.	<u>40.8</u>	<u>44.2</u>

*Uses gold context/evidence. Best model without gold access underlined.

Results – Abstractive QA

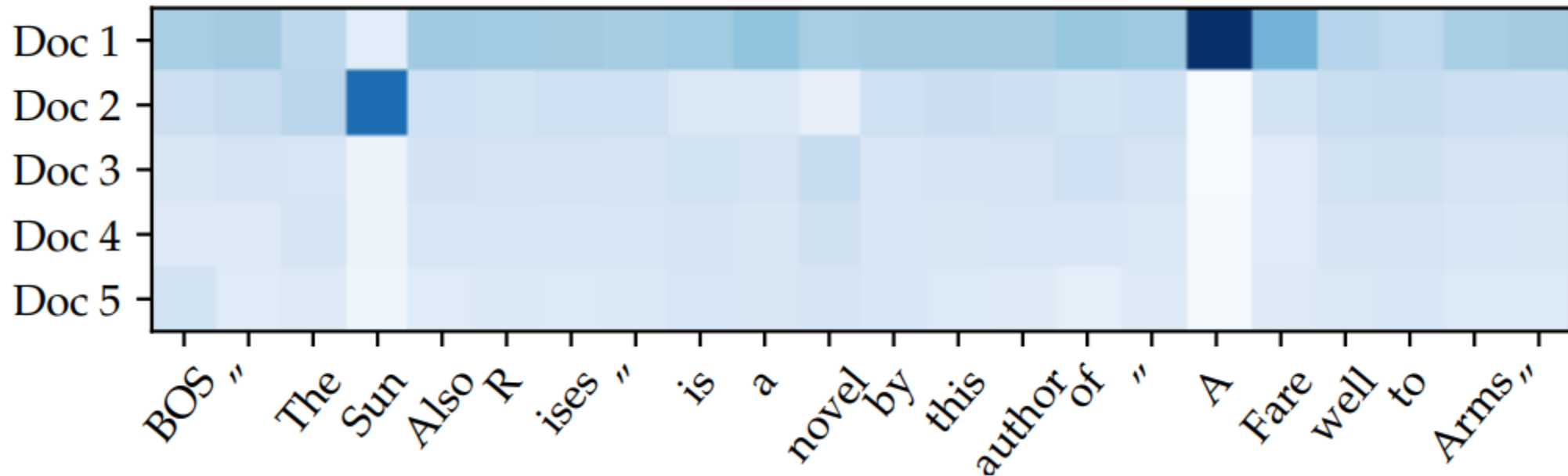
Task	Input	Model	Generation
MS-MARCO	define middle ear	BART	?The middle ear is the part of the ear between the middle ear and the nose.
		RAG-T	The middle ear is the portion of the ear internal to the eardrum.
		RAG-S	The middle ear includes the tympanic cavity and the three ossicles.
	what currency needed in scotland	BART	The currency needed in Scotland is Pound sterling.
		RAG-T	Pound is the currency needed in Scotland.
		RAG-S	The currency needed in Scotland is the pound sterling.

Results – Jeopardy Question Generation

Task	Input	Model	Generation
Jeopardy Question Gener- ation	Washington	BART	[?] This state has the largest number of counties in the U.S.
		RAG-T	It's the only U.S. state named for a U.S. president
		RAG-S	It's the state where you'll find Mount Rainier National Park
	The Divine Comedy	BART	[*] This epic poem by Dante is divided into 3 parts: the Inferno, the Purgatorio & the Purgatorio
		RAG-T	Dante's "Inferno" is the first part of this epic poem
		RAG-S	This 14th century work is divided into 3 sections: "Inferno", "Purgatorio" & "Paradiso"

Model	Jeopardy			Factuality	Specificity
	B-1	QB-1			
SotA	-	-	BART better	7.1%	16.8%
			RAG better	42.7%	37.4%
BART	15.1	19.7	Both good	11.7%	11.8%
RAG-Tok.	17.3	22.2	Both poor	17.7%	6.9%
RAG-Seq.	14.7	21.4	No majority	20.8%	20.1%

Results – Jeopardy Question Generation



Document 1: his works are considered classics of American literature ... His wartime experiences formed the basis for his novel **"A Farewell to Arms"** (1929) ...

Document 2: ... artists of the 1920s "Lost Generation" expatriate community. His debut novel, **"The Sun Also Rises"**, was published in 1926.

Results – Fact checking

- **FVR3**: supports/refutes/not enough info
- **FVR2**: supports/refutes
- **SotA**: complex pipeline, retrieval supervision
- **RAG**: No supervision on retrieved evidence

Model	FVR3 Label	FVR2 Acc.
SotA	76.8	92.2*
BART	64.0	81.1
RAG-Tok. RAG-Seq.	72.5	<u>89.5</u>

*Uses gold context/evidence. Best model without gold access underlined.

Results – Ablation

Model	NQ	TQA Exact Match	WQ	CT	Jeopardy-QGen B-1	QB-1	MSMarco R-L	B-1	FVR-3 Label Accuracy	FVR-2 Accuracy
RAG-Token-BM25	29.7	41.5	32.1	33.1	17.5	22.3	55.5	48.4	75.1	91.6
RAG-Sequence-BM25	31.8	44.1	36.6	33.8	11.1	19.5	56.5	46.9		
RAG-Token-Frozen	37.8	50.1	37.1	51.1	16.7	21.7	55.9	49.4	72.9	89.4
RAG-Sequence-Frozen	41.2	52.1	41.8	52.6	11.8	19.6	56.7	47.3		
RAG-Token	43.5	54.8	46.5	51.9	17.9	22.6	56.2	49.4	74.5	90.6
RAG-Sequence	44.0	55.8	44.9	53.4	15.3	21.5	57.2	47.5		

Conclusion

- **Hybrid generation:** Access to parametric/non-parametric memory
- **Learned retrieval:** Ablations support trainable retriever
- **Index hot-Swapping:** Update model memory on the fly
- **Fewer hallucinations**
- **Knowledge source bias**

Questions?