# Huỳnh Tấn Dương 3122410061 Hoàn thành 4/4

# Bài 1/

```
🖺 bai1.c 🗙
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<limits.h>
struct arr{
        int n;
        int a[100];
};
int max=0;
int min=INT_MAX;
int tb;
void* thr1(void *ar){
        int count;int sum=0;
        struct arr*ap=(struct arr*) ar;
        for(count=0;count<ap->n;count++){
                 sum+=ap->a[count];
                printf("%d ",ap->a[count]);
        }
        printf("\n");
        tb = sum / ap->n;
        printf("Gia tri trung binh: %d\n",tb);
void* thr2(void *ar){
        int i;
        struct arr* ap=(struct arr*) ar;
        for(i=0;i<ap->n;i++)
                 if(ap->a[i]>max)
                         max=ap->a[i];
        printf("Gia tri lon nhat: %d\n",max);
void* thr3(void *ar){
        int i;
        struct arr* ap=(struct arr*) ar;
        for(i=0;i<ap->n;i++)
                if(ap->a[i]<min)</pre>
                         min=ap->a[i];
        printf("Gia tri nho nhat: %d\n",min);
}
```

```
int main(int argc,char*argv[]){
        struct arr ar;
        ar.n=argc-1;int i;
        for(i=0;i<ar.n;i++)</pre>
                 ar.a[i]=atoi(argv[i+1]);
        pthread_t tid[3];
        pthread_create(&tid[0],NULL,&thr1,&ar);
        //sleep(2);bo di de 3 luong chay song song
        pthread_create(&tid[1],NULL,&thr2,&ar);
        //sleep(2);
        pthread_create(&tid[2],NULL,&thr3,&ar);
        sleep(2);
return 0;
}
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai1$ gcc -c bai1.c
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai1$ gcc -o bai1.out bai1.o -lpthread
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai1$ ./bai1.out 90 81 78 95 79 72 85
90 81 78 95 79 72 85
Gia tri trung binh: 82
Gia tri lon nhat: 95
Gia tri nho nhat: 72
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai1$
```

#### Bài 2/

#### Cách 1

```
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$ gcc -c bai21.c
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$ gcc -o bai21.out bai21.o -lpthread -lm
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$ ./bai21.out 100
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$
```

```
🖺 bai21.c 🗙
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<math.h>
struct arr{
         int n;
         int a[100];
int snt(int n){
         int k=sqrt(n),i;
         if(n<2)return 0;</pre>
         for(i=2;i<=k;i++)</pre>
                  if(n%i==0)return 0;
         return 1;
void *thr(void *ar){
         struct arr* ap=(struct arr*) ar;
         if(snt(ap->n))printf("%d ",ap->n);
int main(int argc,char *argv[]){
int main(int argc,char *argv[]){
                struct arr ar;
                ar.n=atoi(argv[1]);
                int i=2,j;
                pthread_t tid[4];
                if (argc != 2) {
                         printf("nhap sai input%s\n", argv[0]);
                         return -1;}
                if (ar.n < 2) {
                         printf("Khong co so nguyen to nao <2\n");</pre>
                         return -1;}
        while(i<ar.n){</pre>
                if(i \le ar.n){//ktra de i++ 4 lan khong vuot qua ar.n
                         pthread_create(&tid[0],NULL,&thr,(void*)&i);
                         if(pthread_join(tid[0],NULL)==0 && i<ar.n){</pre>
                                 pthread_create(&tid[1],NULL,&thr,(void*)&i);
                                 if(pthread_join(tid[1],NULL)==0 && i<ar.n){</pre>
                                          pthread_create(&tid[2],NULL,&thr,(void*)&i);
                                          if(pthread_join(tid[2],NULL)==0 && i<ar.n){</pre>
                                                  pthread_create(&tid[3],NULL,&thr,(void*)&i);
                                                  if(pthread_join(tid[3],NULL)==0 && i<ar.n)</pre>
                                                          i++;
                                          }
                                 }
                         }
                }
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

#### Cách 2

```
🖺 bai22.c 🗙
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <math.h>
struct array {
    int *a;
    int n;
};
struct point {
    struct array a;
    int start;
    int end;
int snt(int n) {
    if(n<2)return 0;</pre>
    int k=sqrt(n),i;
    for(i=2;i<=k;i++)</pre>
        if(n%i==0)
            return 0;
    return 1;
void* thr(void* ar){
        struct point *ap=(struct point*)ar;
        int i;
        for(i=ap->start;i<=ap->end;i++)
                 if(snt(i))
                    printf("%d ",i);
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    if(argc != \overline{2}) {
        printf("Nhap sai input%s\n", argv[0]);//%s va argv[0] de goi lai ham thuc thi bai22.out
        return -1;
    int num = atoi(argv[1]);
    if (num < 2) {
        printf("Khong co so nguyen to nao <2\n");</pre>
    }
```

```
pthread_t tid[2];
    struct point p;
    p.a.n = num;
    p.start = 2;
    p.end = num / 2;
    pthread_create(&tid[0], NULL,thr,(void*)&p);
         pthread_join(tid[0], NULL);
    p.start=p.end+ 1;
    p.end=num;
    pthread_create(&tid[1], NULL,thr,(void*)&p);
         pthread_join(tid[1], NULL);
         printf("\n");
    return 0;
}
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$ gcc -c bai22.c
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$ gcc -o bai22.out bai22.o -lpthread -lm
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$ ./bai22.out 100
2  3  5  7  11  13  17  19  23  29  31  37  41  43  47  53  59  61  67  71  73  79  83  89  97
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai2$
```

### Bài3/

-Dòng if(pthread\_create(&tid[1],NULL,thr2,(void\*) &ar)==0) nên thay bằng if(pthread\_join(tid[1],NULL)==0) để chắc chắn luồng thứ 2 sẽ được hoàn thành và hàm pthread\_create đã được gọi 1 lần rồi gọi lần nữa sẽ bị dư thừa.

```
🖺 bai3.c 🗙
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
struct arr{
        int n;
        int a[10];
};
struct file {
        struct arr ar;
        char* filename;
static int sum =0;
void* thr1(void* ar){
        struct arr* ap = (struct arr*) ar;
        ap->n=3;
        int i=0;
        for(i=0;i<ap->n;i++)
        ap->a[i] = i+1;
void* thr2(void* ar){
        struct arr *ap = (struct arr*) ar;
        int i, s=0;
        for(i=0;i<ap->n;i++)
        s=s + ap->a[i];
        sum=s;
void* thr3 (void* ar){
        struct file *fi = (struct file*) ar;
        FILE *out; int count;
        out= fopen(fi->filename,"wb");
        fprintf(out,"number element or array: %d\n", fi->ar.n);
        for(count=0; count<fi->ar.n; count++){
                fprintf(out,"%d\t",fi->ar.a[count]);
        fprintf(out,"\n");
        fprintf(out,"sum=%d\n",sum);
        fclose(out);
int main (int argc,char * argv[]){
```

```
int main (int argc,char * argv[]){
        int i;
        pthread_t tid[3];
        struct arr ar;
        int status, *pstatus= &status;
        pthread_create(&tid[0],NULL,thr1,(void*) &ar);
        sleep(1);
        if(pthread join(tid[0],(void**) pstatus)==0){
                pthread_create(&tid[1],NULL,thr2,(void*) &ar);
                //if(pthread_create(&tid[1],NULL,thr2,(void*) &ar)==0){
                if(pthread_join(tid[1],NULL)==0){
                        struct file arf;
                        arf.ar=ar;
                        arf.filename=argv[1];
                        pthread_create(&tid[2],NULL,thr3,(void*) &arf);
                }
        }
        sleep(2);
        return 0;
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai3$ gcc -c bai3.c
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai3$ gcc -o bai3.out bai3.o -lpthread
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai3$ ./bai3.out tf1
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai3$ cat tf1
number element or array: 3
sum=6
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai3$
```

## Bài 4/

### File input.txt

```
input.txt x

10
4 5 7 8 11 9 20 13 2 3
```

```
🖺 *bai4.c 🗙
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<math.h>
struct arr{
        int *a,*b,*c;//c la mang copy tu b de sap xep theo thu tu tang dan.k sap xep mang b
//luon vi mang b can luu lai va ghi vao file
        int n,m;//n la so phan tu mag a ,m la so phan tu mang b,mang b la mang snt tu mang a
};
struct file{
        struct arr ar;
        char* filename;
};
int snt(int n) {
    if(n<2)return 0;</pre>
    int k=sqrt(n);
    int i;
    for(i=2;i<=k;i++)</pre>
        if(n%i==0)return 0;
    return 1;
void swap(int*a,int*b){
       int temp=*a;*a=*b;*b=temp;
```

```
void *thr1(void*ar){//doc va in ra cac phan tu tu file
         struct file *ap=(struct file*)ar;
         int i;
         FILE*f=fopen(ap->filename,"rt");
         fscanf(f,"%d",&ap->ar.n);
         ap->ar.a=(int*)malloc(ap->ar.n*sizeof(int));//cap phat dong cho mang a
         for(i=0;i<ap->ar.n;i++)
                 fscanf(f,"%d",&ap->ar.a[i]);
         printf("So phan tu cua mang :%d\n",ap->ar.n);
         for(i=0;i<ap->ar.n;i++)
                 printf("%d ",ap->ar.a[i]);
         printf("\n");
         //free(ap->ar.a);de mang a tiep tuc sudung o thr2 thi k nen free a luon
         fclose(f);
void *thr2(void *ar){//in ra va tinh tong cac so nguyen to
         struct arr *ap=(struct arr*)ar;
         int i;ap->m=0;
         int s=0;
         ap->b=(int *)malloc(ap->n*sizeof(int));//cap phat dong cho mang b bang so luong mang a
         for(i=0:i<ap->n:i++)
                 if(snt(ap->a[i]))
                          ap->b[ap->m++]=ap->a[i];
         printf("Mang cac so nguyen to: ");
         for(i=0;i<ap->m;i++){
        s+=ap->b[i];
printf("%d ",ap->b[i]);}
printf("\nTong cac so nguyen to : %d\n",s);
         //free(ap->b);
}
void *thr3(void*ar){//sap xepp cac so nguyen to theo thu tu giam dan
        struct arr*ap=(struct arr*)ar;
        int i,j;
        ap->c=(int*)malloc(ap->m*sizeof(int));
        for(i=0;i<ap->m;i++)ap->c[i]=ap->b[i];
        for(i=0;i<ap->m-1;i++)//swap
                 for(j=i+1;j<ap->m;j++)
                         if(ap->c[i]>ap->c[j])
                                 swap(&(ap->c[i]),&(ap->c[j]));//mang b kieu int* nen swap int k dc
        for(i=0;i<ap->m;i++)
                printf("%d ",ap->c[i]);
        printf("\n");
void*thr4(void*ar){// ket qua vao file result.txt
        struct arr *ap=(struct arr*)ar;
        int i,sum=0;
        FILE*f=fopen("result.txt","wt");
        fprintf(f, "So phan tu mang : %d\n", ap->n);
        for(i=0;i<ap->n;i++)
        fprintf(f,"%d ",ap->a[i]);
fprintf(f,"\nMang cac so nguyen to:\n");
        for(i=0;i<ap->m;i++){
                sum+=ap->b[i];
                fprintf(f, "%d ", ap->b[i]);
        fprintf(f,"\nTong cac so nguyen to: %d",sum);
fprintf(f,"\nMang sau khi sap xep:\n");
        for(i=0;i<ap->m;i++)
        fprintf(f,"%d ",ap->c[i]);
fclose(f);
```

```
int main(int argc,char*argv[]){
       pthread_t tid[4];
       struct file arf;//struct file de lay doi so ten file
       arf.filename=argv[1];//lay ten file input
       pthread_create(&tid[0],NULL,thr1,(void*) &arf);
       pthread_join(tid[0],NULL);
       struct arr ar:
       ar=arf.ar;//lay lai mang luu o arf tren
       pthread_create(&tid[1],NULL,thr2,(void*) &ar);//luong 2 va 3 dang chay song song
       pthread_create(&tid[2],NULL,thr3,(void*) &ar);
       pthread join(tid[1],NULL);
       pthread join(tid[2],NULL);
       pthread_create(&tid[3],NULL,thr4,(void*) &ar);
       pthread_join(tid[3],NULL);
       free(arf.ar.a);//giai phong o day chu giai phong o trong thr1 thi se
                       // xoa luon mang a k su dung lai duoc
       free(ar.b);
       free(ar.c);
return 0;
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai4$ gcc -c bai4.c
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai4$ gcc -o bai4.out bai4.o -lpthread -lm
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai4$ ./bai4.out input.txt
So phan tu cua mang :10
4 5 7 8 11 9 20 13 2 3
Mang cac so nguyen to: 5 7 11 13 2 3
Tong cac so nguyen to : 41
2 3 5 7 11 13
duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai4$ cat result.txt
So phan tu mang : 10
4 5 7 8 11 9 20 13 2 3
Mang cac so nguyen to:
5 7 11 13 2 3
Tong cac so nguyen to: 41
Mang sau khi sap xep:
2 3 5 7 11 13 duong@ubuntu:~/Desktop/baitap/lab5/bai4$
```