```
> # Assignment: ASSIGNMENT 2
    > # Name: Lastname, Firstname
 3
    > # Date: 2010-02-14
 4
 5
    > ## Check your current working directory using `getwd()`
 6
    > getwd()
 7
    [1] "C:/Users/Daisy/Documents/Xin/Data science/dsc520"
8
9
    > ## List the contents of the working directory with the `dir()` function
10
    > dir(getwd())
11
     [1] "assignments" "completed" "data" "example-code.JPG"
      "helpful resource"
     [6] "LICENSE" "R-notes.txt" "README.md" "RMarkdown.md"
12
      "scratch"
13
     > ## If the current directory does not contain the `data` directory, set the
14
15
     > ## working directory to project root folder (the folder should contain the `data`
     directory
     > ## Use `setwd() ` if needed
16
17
    > setwd("/Users/Daisy/Documents/Xin/Data science/dsc520")
18
19
    > ## Load the file `data/tidynomicon/person.csv` to `person df1` using `read.csv`
20
    > ## Examine the structure of `person df1` using `str()
21
     > person df1 <- read.csv('data/tidynomicon/person.csv')</pre>
22
     > str(person df1)
    'data.frame': ->5 obs. of 3 variables:
$ person_id == : chr = "dyer" = "pb" = "lake" = "roe" = ...
$ personal_name: chr = "William" = "Frank" = "Anderson" = "Valentina" = ...
23
24
25
     $ family name : chr "Dyer" "Pabodie" "Lake" "Roerich" ...
26
27
28
    > ## R interpreted names as factors, which is not the behavior we want
29
    > ## Load the same file to person df2 using `read.csv` and setting `stringsAsFactors` to
     > ## Examine the structure of `person df2` using `str()`
30
31
     > person df2 <- read.csv('data/tidynomicon/person.csv', stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
32
     > str(person df2)
     'data.frame':—>5 obs.of o 3 variables:

$ person_id o o : chrodyer"o"pb"o"lake"o"roe"o...
33
34
     $ personal name: chr "William" "Frank" "Anderson" "Valentina" ...
35
36
     $ family name : chr "Dyer" "Pabodie" "Lake" "Roerich" ...
37
38
    > ## Read the file `data/scores.csv` to `scores df`
39
    > ## Display summary statistics using the `summary()` function
40
    > scores df <- read.csv('data/scores.csv', stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
41
    > ##str(scores df)
42
    > summary(scores df)
                        Score Section
43
      Count
    Min. :10.00 Min. :200.0 Length:38
44
45
     1st Qu.:10.00 - 1st Qu.:300.0 - Class :character
     Median :10.00 Median :322.5 Mode :character
46
47
    Mean :14.47 Mean :317.5
48
     3rd Qu.:20.00 3rd Qu.:357.5
49
    Max. :30.00 Max. :395.0
50
51
    > ## Load the `readxl` library
52
    > #install.packages("readxl")
53
    > library(readxl)
54
    > ## Using the excel sheets() function from the `readxl` package,
55
56
     > ## list the worksheets from the file `data/G04ResultsDetail2004-11-02.xls`
     > setwd("/Users/Daisy/Documents/Xin/Data science/dsc520")
57
58
     > library(readxl)
59
     > excel sheets('data/G04ResultsDetail2004-11-02.xls')
     [1] "Instructions" "Voter Turnout" "President" "House of
60
      Rep"
     [5] "Co Clerk" "Co Reg Deeds" "Co Public Defender" "Co Comm
61
     [9] "Co Comm 3" ----- "Co Comm 5" ----- "Co Comm 7" ---- "St Bd of
62
      Ed 2"
```

```
63
     [13] "St Bd of Ed 4" "Legislature 5" "Legislature 7"
     "Legislature 9"
 64
     [17] "Legislature 11"
                          "Legislature 13" "Legislature 23"
     "Legislature 31"
 65
     [21] "Legislature 39"
                          "MCC 1"
                                                     "MCC 2"
 66
     [25] "MCC 4"
                                "OPPD"
                                                     "MUD"
     [29] "NRD 5"
                                "NRD 7"
                                                    - "NRD 9"
 67
     [33] "OPS 4"
                                "OPS 6"
                                                       "OPS 8"
     [37] "OPS 11"
                                "OPS 12"
                                         *** "ESU 2"
 69
     [41] "Arlington Sch 24" "Bennington Sch 59" "Elkhorn Sch 10"
 70
     [45] "Ft Calhoun Sch 3" "Gretna Sch 37" "Millard Sch 17" "Ralston
 71
     Sch 54"
     [49] "Valley Sch 33" "Waterloo Sch 11" "Bennington Mayor" "Elkhorn
 72
     Mayor"
     [53] "Valley Mayor" "Ralston Mayor" "Ralston Library Bd" "Bennington
 73
     City Cnc 1"
 74
     [57] "Bennington City Cnc 2" "Elkhorn City Cnc A" "Elkhorn City Cnc B" "Elkhorn
     City Cnc C"
 75
     [61] "Ralston City Cnc 1" --- "Ralston City Cnc 2" --- "Ralston City Cnc 6" --
                                                                            "Waterloo
     Bd Trustees"
 76
     [65] "Valley City Cnc" "Amendment 1" "Amendment 2"
 77
     [69] "Amendment 4" "Initiative 417" "Initiative 418" "Initiative
     419"
 78
     [73] "Initiative 420"
 79
 80
     > ## Using the `read excel` function, read the Voter Turnout sheet
     > ## from the `data/G04ResultsDetail2004-11-02.xls`
 81
 82
     > ## Assign the data to the `voter turnout df1`
 83
     > ## The header is in the second row, so make sure to skip the first row
     > ## Examine the structure of `voter turnout dfl` using `str()`
 84
 85
 86
     > voter_turnout_df1 <- read_excel('./data/G04ResultsDetail2004-11-02.xls', sheet =
     'Voter Turnout', skip = 1)
 87
     > str(voter turnout df1)
 88
     tibble [342 × 4] (S3: tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
     $ Ward Precinct ---: chr [1:342] "01-01" "01-02" "01-03" "01-04" ...
 89
 90
      $ Ballots Cast ----: num [1:342] 421 443 705 827 527 323 358 410 440 500 ...
      $ Registered Voters: num [1:342] 678 691 1148 1308 978 ...
 91
 92
      $ Voter Turnout ---: num [1:342] 0.621 0.641 0.614 0.632 0.539 ...
 93
 94
     > ## Using the `read excel()` function, read the Voter Turnout sheet
 95
     > ## from ``data/G04ResultsDetail2004-11-02.xls`
     > ## Skip the first two rows and manually assign the columns using `col names`
 96
 97
     > ## Use the names "ward precint", "ballots cast", "registered voters", "voter turnout"
 98
     > ## Assign the data to the `voter turnout df2`
     > ## Examine the structure of `voter turnout df2` using `str()`
 99
     > my_col =c("ward_precint", "ballots cast", "registered voters", "voter turnout")
100
     > voter turnout df2 <- read excel('./data/G04ResultsDetail2004-11-02.xls', sheet =
     'Voter Turnout', skip = 2, col names = my col)
102
     > str(voter turnout df2)
103
     tibble [342 \times 4] (S3: tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
      104
105
106
      $ registered_voters: num [1:342] 678 691 1148 1308 978 ...
107
      $ voter turnout ---: num [1:342] -0.621 -0.641 -0.614 -0.632 -0.539 ...
108
     >
     > ## Load the `DBI` library
109
110
     > ##install.packages("DBI")
111
     > library(DBI)
112
     > #install.packages("RSQLite")
113
     > library(RSQLite)
114
```

```
> ## Create a database connection to `data/tidynomicon/example.db` using the dbConnect()
116
117
      > ## The first argument is the database driver which in this case is `RSQLite::SQLite()`
118
     > ## The second argument is the path to the database file
119
     > ## Assign the connection to `db` variable
120
     > db <- dbConnect(RSQLite::SQLite(), 'data/tidynomicon/example.db')
121
122
     > ## Query the Person table using the `dbGetQuery` function and the
123
    > ## `SELECT * FROM PERSON; ` SQL statement
124
     > ## Assign the result to the `person df` variable
     > ## Use `head()` to look at the first few rows of the `person df` dataframe
125
126
     > person df <- dbGetQuery(db, "SELECT * FROM PERSON")
127
     > head (person df, N = 3)
128
     person id personal name family name
129
      1 dyer William Dyer
130
     2 --- Pabodie
131
      3 Anderson Lake
132
     4 roe Valentina Roerich
133
      5 danforth Frank Danforth
134
    > .
135 > ## List the tables using the `dbListTables()` function
136
     > ## Assign the result to the `table names` variable
137
     > table names <- dbListTables(db)</pre>
138
     > table names
139
     [1] "Measurements" "Person" "Site" "Visited"
    > tables
140
141 [[1]]
142
     visit id person id quantity reading
143 1 --- 619 --- dyer --- rad -- 9.82
144 2 --- 619 --- dyer --- sal --- 0.13
145 3 --- 622 --- dyer --- rad -- 7.80
146 4 --- 622 --- dyer --- sal --- 0.09
    5 --- 734 --- pb --- rad 8.41
147
    6 - - - - - 734 - - - - lake - - - - sal - - - 0.05
148
149 7 734 pb temp -21.50
150 8 735 pb rad 7.22
151 9 735 <NA> sal 0.06
152 10 735 <NA> temp -26.00
153 11 · · · · · · · 751 · · · · · · · · pb · · · · · · · rad · · · · · 4.35
154 12 751 pb temp -18.50
155 13 ---- 751 --- lake --- sal --- 0.00
156 14 --- 752 --- lake --- rad 2.19
157 15 --- 752 --- lake --- sal -- 0.09
158 16 --- 752 --- lake --- temp --16.00
159 17 --- 752 --- roe --- sal -- 41.60
160 18 ----- 837 ----- lake ---- rad --- 1.46
     19 - - - 837 - - - lake - - - sal - - 0.21
20 - - 837 - - - roe - - sal - 22.50
161
162
     21 roe rad 11.25
163
164
165
    [[2]]
166
      person id personal name family name
167
     1 dyer William Dyer
168
     2 --- pb --- Frank --- Pabodie
169
      3 - Anderson - Lake
170
      4 roe roe Valentina Roerich
171
      5 danforth Frank Danforth
172
173
      [[3]]
174
     site id latitude longitude
175
     1 DR-1 -49.85 -128.57
176
      2 - - DR-3 - - -47.15 - - 126.72
177
      3 MSK-4 - -48.87 - -123.40
178
179
     [[4]]
180
      visit_id site_id visit_date
      1 - - - - 619 - - DR-1 1927-02-08
181
```

2 - - - 622 - - DR-1 1927-02-10

182

```
183
        734 · · · DR-3 · 1930-01-07
184
             735
                    DR-3 1930-01-12
185
             751
                    DR-3 1930-02-26
      5
186
      6
             752
                    DR-3
187
             837
                  MSK-4 1932-01-14
188
             844
                    DR-1 1932-03-22
189
190
      > dbDisconnect(db)
191
192
193
      > ## Import the `jsonlite` library
194
      > #install.packages("jsonlite")
195
      > library(jsonlite)
196
197
      > ## Convert the scores df dataframe to JSON using the `toJSON()` function
198
      > toJSON(x = scores df, dataframe = 'values')
      [[10,200, "Sports"], [10,205, "Sports"], [20,235, "Sports"], [10,240, "Sports"], [10,250, "Sports"]
199
      ],[10,265,"Regular"],[10,275,"Regular"],[30,285,"Sports"],[10,295,"Regular"],[10,300,"Reg
      ular"],[20,300,"Sports"],[10,305,"Sports"],[10,305,"Regular"],[10,310,"Regular"],[10,310,"
      "Sports"], [20,320, "Regular"], [10,305, "Regular"], [10,315, "Sports"], [20,320, "Regular"], [10,
      325, "Regular"], [10,325, "Sports"], [20,330, "Regular"], [10,330, "Sports"], [30,335, "Sports"], [
      10,335, "Regular"], [20,340, "Regular"], [10,340, "Sports"], [30,350, "Regular"], [20,360, "Regula
      r"],[10,360,"Sports"],[20,365,"Regular"],[20,365,"Sports"],[10,370,"Sports"],[10,370,"Reg
      ular"],[20,375,"Regular"],[10,375,"Sports"],[20,380,"Regular"],[10,395,"Sports"]]
200
201
      > ## Convert the scores dataframe to JSON using the `toJSON() ` function with the
       pretty=TRUE` option
202
      > toJSON(x = scores df, dataframe = 'values', pretty = TRUE)
203
204
      [10, 200, "Sports"],
      [10, 205, "Sports"],
205
206
      [20, 235, "Sports"],
      [10, 240, "Sports"],
207
      [10, 250, "Sports"],
208
      [10, 265, "Regular"],
209
      [10, 275, "Regular"],
210
       [30, 285, "Sports"],
211
212
      [10, 295, "Regular"],
213
      [10, 300,
                 "Regular"],
214
      [20, 300, "Sports"],
215
      [10, 305, "Sports"],
      [10, 305, "Regular"],
216
      [10, 310, "Regular"],
217
218
      [10, 310, "Sports"],
219
      [20, 320, "Regular"],
      [10, 305, "Regular"],
220
221
       [10, 315, "Sports"],
        [20, 320, "Regular"],
222
      [10, 325, "Regular"],
223
      [10, 325, "Sports"],
224
225
      [20, 330, "Regular"],
226
      [10, 330, "Sports"],
      [30, 335, "Sports"],
227
      [10, 335, "Regular"],
228
229
      [20, 340, "Regular"],
230
      [10, 340, "Sports"],
231
      [30, 350, "Regular"],
232
       [20, 360, "Regular"],
      [10, 360, "Sports"],
233
      [20, 365,
                 "Regular"],
234
      [20, 365,
235
                 "Sports"],
236
      [10, 370, "Sports"],
237
      [10, 370, "Regular"],
      [20, 375, "Regular"],
238
      [10, 375, "Sports"],
239
240
      [20, 380, "Regular"],
      [10, 395, "Sports"]
241
242
      ]
243
      >
```