

# Table of Contents

[Overview](#)

[Get Started](#)

[Platform](#)

[Architecture](#)

[Services](#)

[Devices](#)

[Get Access](#)

[Overview](#)

[Deploy New](#)

[Request to Join](#)

[User Manual](#)

[Overview](#)

[Dashboard](#)

[Toolbar](#)

[Device Explorer](#)

[User Management](#)

[Rules](#)

[Packages](#)

[Deployments](#)

[Maintenance](#)

[User Profile](#)

[System Settings](#)

[Contribute](#)

[Overview](#)

[Community](#)

[Overview](#)

[Request a Feature](#)

[Report a Bug](#)

[Influence Priorities](#)

[Track Work](#)

[Track Releases](#)

[Improve Documentation](#)

[Platform](#)

[Overview](#)

[Setup by Role](#)

[Tools](#)

[All Products](#)

[Visual Studio 2019](#)

[Visual Studio Code](#)

[Virtualization](#)

[.NET Core 3.1](#)

[PowerShell](#)

[Azure CLI](#)

[Git](#)

[Bash](#)

[NodeJS](#)

[NPM](#)

[Azure Data Studio](#)

[Storage Explorer](#)

[Azure IoT Explorer](#)

[Docker](#)

[Terraform](#)

[Kubernetes](#)

[Helm](#)

[Redux](#)

[Postman](#)

[Dev spaces](#)

[XUnit](#)

[Source Code](#)

[Overview](#)

[Commit Changes](#)

[One Time Setup](#)

[Guide 1](#)

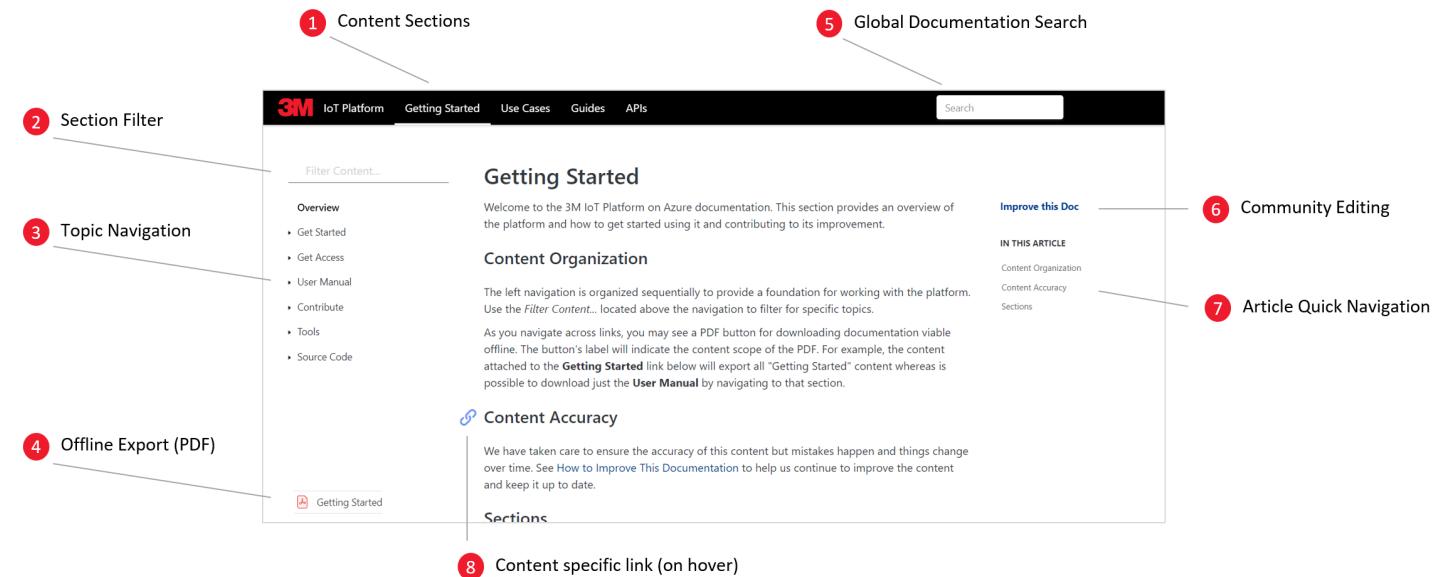
[Guide 2](#)

# Getting Started

Welcome to the 3M IoT Platform on Azure documentation. This section provides an overview of the platform and how to get started using it and contributing to its improvement.

## Layout

The left navigation is organized sequentially to provide a foundation for working with the platform. Use the *Filter Content...* located above the navigation to filter for specific topics.



## Highlights

1Content Sections	Documentation organized by purpose.
2Search	Search across all documentation.
3Filter	Search within section.
4Topic Navigation	Navigate section topics.
5Download PDF	Export content. Description specifies scope.
6Community Editing	Help make improvements.
7Quick Links	Navigate in current document.
8Header Link	Bookmark link. Helpful when sharing.

## Download PDF Details

As you navigate across links, you may see a PDF button for downloading documentation viable offline. The button's label will indicate the content scope of the PDF. For example, the content attached to the **Getting Started** link below will export all "Getting Started" documentation. It is also possible to download just the **User Manual** by navigating to that topic [here](#), which changes to download scope to just the User Manual. In this case, the button's label says User Manual to imply the change in scope.

## Accuracy

We have taken care to ensure the accuracy of this content but mistakes happen and things change over time. See [How to Improve This Documentation](#) to help us continue to improve the content and keep it up to date.

## Content Sections

The top navigation organizes content into the following sections:

SECTION	DESCRIPTION
Getting Started	Introductory resources for those new to the platform
Use Cases	Examples of how the platform is being used at 3M.
Guides	Topics related to common questions and activities like how to manage devices.
APIs	Information about integrating the common services into custom solutions.

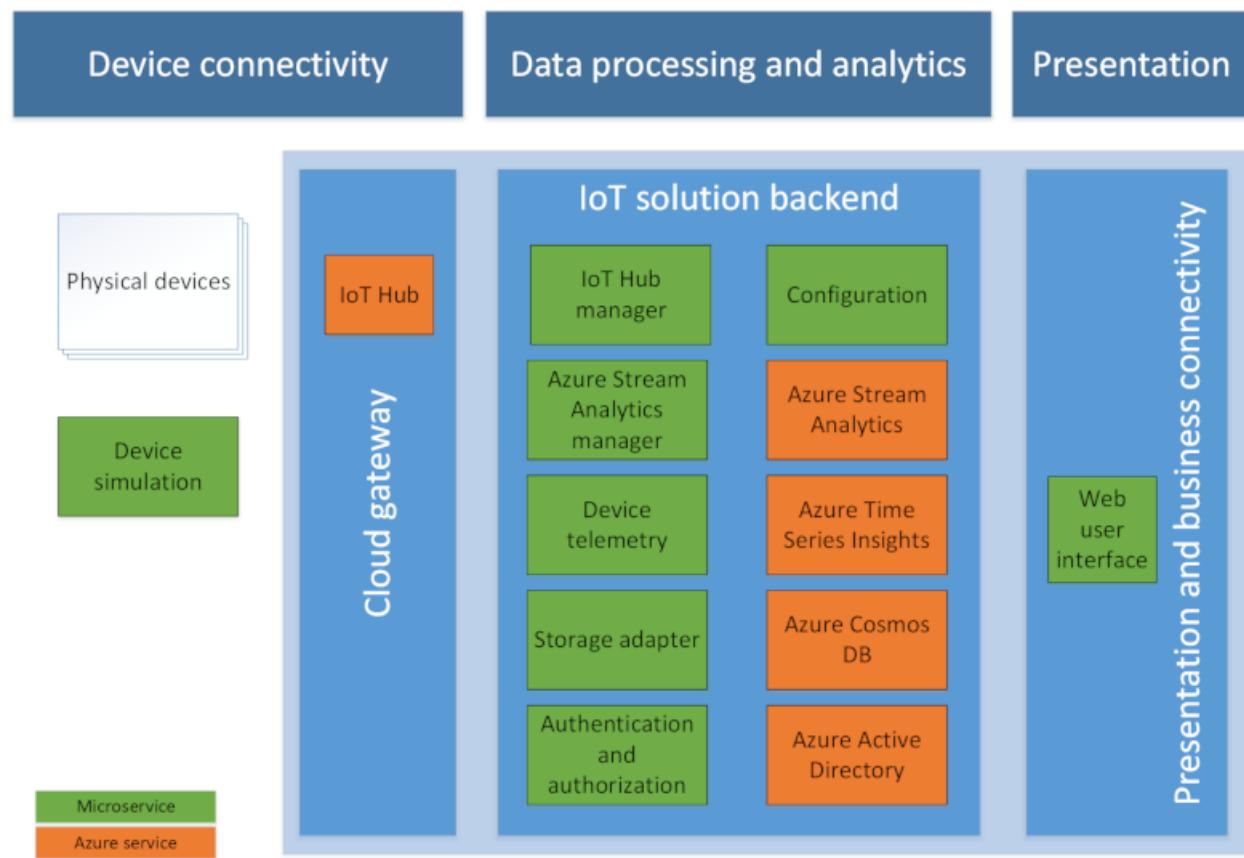
# 3M IoT Platform Overview

The 3M IoT Platform on Azure, called Serenity, provides essential services for managing devices at scale. It can be used directly via its web UI or programmatically via APIs. Product teams across 3M are using Serenity to accelerate innovation. The platform standardizes aspects of each innovation by providing core capabilities needed in any IoT scenarios, including device management services, security monitoring, and CI/CD. The platform allows adopters to focus on unique IoT objectives rather than having to build, validate, and independently maintain common services.

The code for the 3M IoT Platform is open source, available on [GitHub](#). Use it to request features, track improvements, and even make contribution to platform enhancements.

## Logical Components

The following diagram outlines the logical components of the platform and highlights the primary Azure Resources that it uses.



## IoT Hub

The [IoT Hub](#) is a Microsoft Azure Resource used to ingest telemetry sent from both real and simulated devices into the cloud. The hub makes the telemetry available to the services in the IoT solution for processing.

The IoT Hub also provides the following:

- Maintains an identity registry that stores the IDs and authentication keys of all the devices permitted to connect to the portal.
- Invokes methods on your devices on behalf of the solution accelerator.
- Maintains device twins for all registered devices. A device twin stores the property values reported by a device. A device twin also stores desired properties, set in the solution portal, for the device to retrieve when it next connects.
- Schedules jobs to set properties for multiple devices or invoke methods on multiple devices.

## Web UI

A web user interface is available for device management. This presentation offers a user friendly way to register and configure devices, deploy firmware, and manage alerts, and provides a dashboard for generally observing device telemetry.

The web user interface is a [React Javascript](#) application that:

- Is served to the browser via backend services
- Is styled with Css and SaSS
- Interacts with other backend services like the authentication and authorization service to protect user data and communicate with Azure resources

## Backend Services

The platform is made up of several services running in [Azure Kubernetes Service \(AKS\)](#). The platform containerizes services to offer enterprise-grade security and scalability. The services - often called *microservices*- are written in .NET (C#) and provide RESTful endpoints that can be used for direct integration in business specific solutions.

## Data processing and analytics

The solution includes the following components in the data processing and analytics part of the logical architecture:

### IoT Hub manager

The solution includes the IoT Hub manager microservice to handle interactions with your IoT hub such as:

Creating and managing IoT devices. Managing device twins. Invoking methods on devices. Managing IoT credentials. This service also runs IoT Hub queries to retrieve devices belonging to user-defined groups.

The microservice provides a RESTful endpoint to manage devices and device twins, invoke methods, and run IoT Hub queries.

### Device telemetry

The device telemetry microservice provides a RESTful endpoint for read access to device telemetry stored in Time Series Insights. The RESTful endpoint also enables CRUD operations on rules and read/write access for alarm definitions from storage.

### Storage adapter

The storage adapter microservice manages key-value pairs, abstracting the storage service semantics, and presenting a simple interface to store data of any format using Azure Cosmos DB.

Values are organized in collections. You can work on individual values or fetch entire collections. Complex data structures are serialized by the clients and managed as simple text payload.

The service provides a RESTful endpoint for CRUD operations on key-value pairs.

### Azure Cosmos DB

Deployments use Azure Cosmos DB to store rules, alerts, configuration settings, and all other cold storage.

### Azure Stream Analytics

The Azure Stream Analytics manager microservice manages Azure Stream Analytics (ASA) jobs, including setting their configuration, starting and stopping them, and monitoring their status.

The ASA job is supported by two reference data sets. One data set defines rules and one defines device groups. The rules reference data is generated from the information managed by the device telemetry microservice. The Azure Stream Analytics manager microservice transforms telemetry rules into stream processing logic.

The device groups reference data is used to identify which group of rules to apply to an incoming telemetry message. The device groups are managed by the configuration microservice and use Azure IoT Hub device twin queries.

The ASA jobs deliver the telemetry from the connected devices to Time Series Insights for storage and analysis.

Azure Stream Analytics is an event-processing engine that allows you to examine high volumes of data streaming from devices.

### Azure Time Series Insights

Azure Time Series Insights stores the telemetry from the devices connected to the solution accelerator. It also enables visualizing and querying device telemetry in the solution web UI.

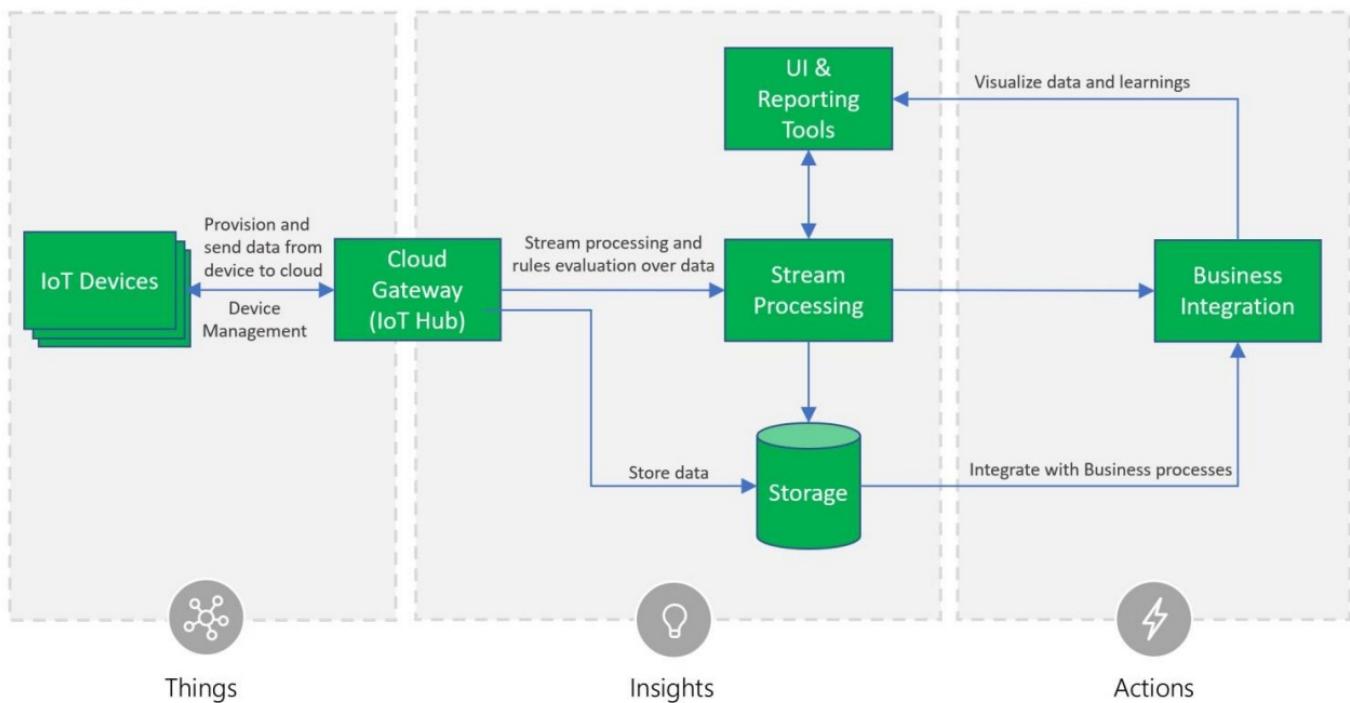
### Authentication and authorization microservice

The authentication and authorization microservice manages the users authorized to access the solution accelerator. User management supports a variety of identity service providers that support OpenId Connect, including Azure B2C.

# Architecture

The 3M IoT Platform on Azure consists of the following subsystems: 1) devices (and/or on premise edge gateways) that have the ability to securely register with the cloud, and connectivity options for sending and receiving data with the cloud, 2) a cloud gateway service, or hub, to securely accept that data and provide device management capabilities, 3) stream processors that consume that data, integrate with business processes, and place the data into storage, and 4) a user interface to visualize telemetry data and facilitate device management.

## Core Subsystems



Security is a critical consideration in each of the subsystems. The platform protects IoT devices, data, and communication by securely provisioning devices, secure connectivity between devices, edge devices, and the cloud, secure access to the backend solutions, and secure data protection in the cloud during processing and storage (encryption at rest).

The platform's use of Azure IoT Hub offers a fully-managed service that enables reliable and secure bi-directional communication between IoT devices and Azure services such as Azure Machine Learning and Azure Stream Analytics by using per-device security credentials and access control. Both Azure Cosmos DB for warm path storage and Azure Blob Storage for cold storage are available and support encryption at rest.

All data access and permissions are governed by Azure Active Directory. External access is available via OpenID Connectivity as needed.

# Overview of Platform Services

The 3M IoT Platform on Azure has several scalable services for addressing core Device Management capabilities.

The platform provides the following services:

NAME	DESCRIPTION
Identity Gateway	Authorization gateway service
IoT Hub Manager	Manage Azure IoT Hub and devices
Device Telemetry	Manage Alarms, Rules, Messages and Device Files
Tenant Manager	Tenant management and alerting services
Config	Manage Packages, Device groups, Configuration types and Settings
Storage Adapter	Storage service
ASA Amanager	Data formating service



## IoT Devices

The 3M IoT Platform provides a Web UI and set of APIs that can be tailored to unique industry and product requirements related to device enrollment, discovery, connectivity, remote configuration, and software updates.

The platform's common services include the following device management capabilities:

1. Device provisioning and discovery
2. Device access management
3. Remote control
4. Remote administration and monitoring
5. Remote configuration
6. Remote firmware and software update

To start working with devices, see the [Device Guide](#) for more information



## First Step

Before you can begin, you need access to a instance of the IoT Platform. You have two options:

1. Deploy a new instance into Azure
2. Access an existing instance







# User Guide Overview

This guide provides a walk-through us using the application user interface for the 3M IoT Platform on Azure.  
You can take the User Manual offline by downloading the PDF.

Here are shortcuts to commonly accessed documentation:

Users Management

[Add User Roles and Permissions](#)

Manage Devices

[Add Device Organize Devices](#)

# Dashboard

The dashboard is the homepage where the user can visualize and monitor real-time Device status.

Below are the panels the dashboard offers:

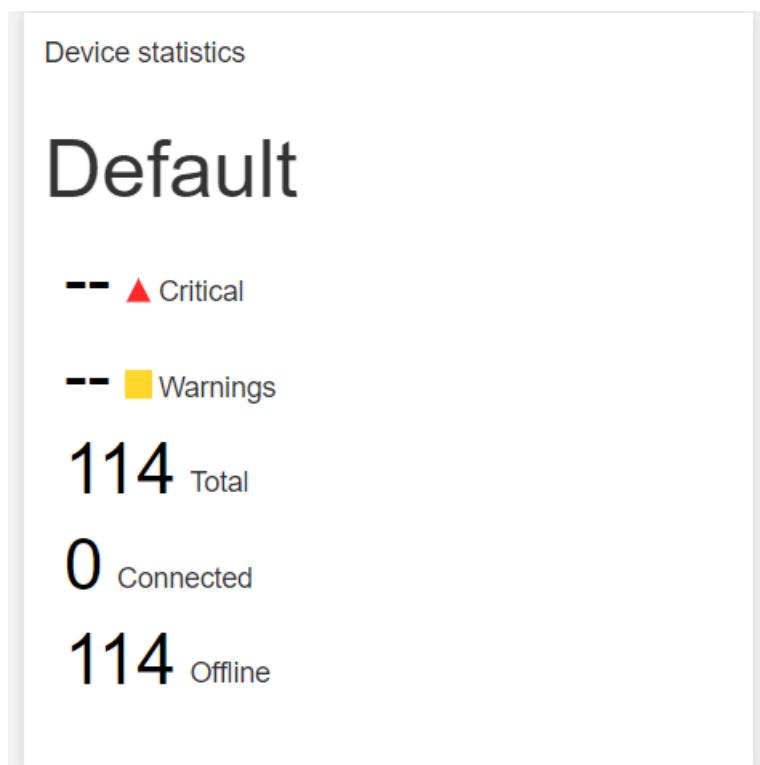
1. [Device statistics](#)
2. [Device locations](#)
3. [Alerts](#)
4. [Telemetry](#)
5. [Analytics](#)

## Device statistics

The device statistics panel provides collective data on IoT Devices' state and health.

Device statistics show the following information

- Device Group name.
- Number of critical alerts recorded in a device group.
- Number of warning alerts recorded in a device group.
- Total number of IoT Devices present in the device group.
- Number of IoT Devices that are online or connected to the internet.
- Number of IoT devices that are offline.

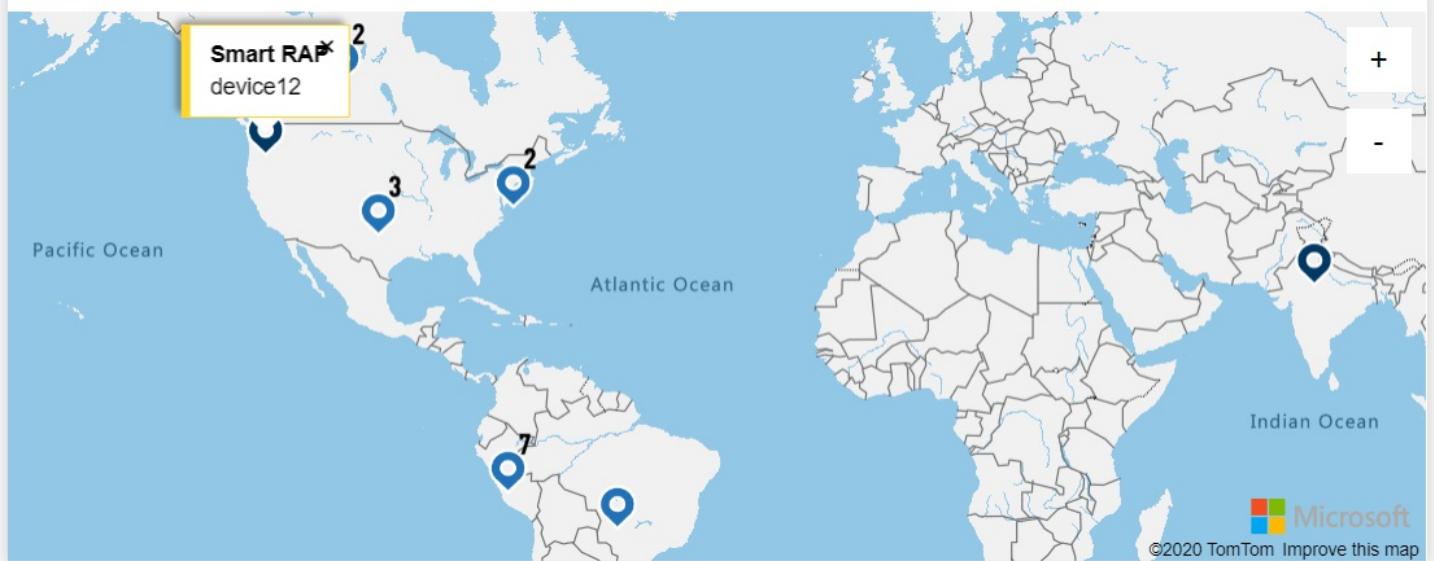


## Device locations [refresh]

Device locations provide the location of IoT Devices on the world map; it only plots those devices configured with coordinates.

Clicking a pin [info] on the map reveals the device type and device name.

## Device locations



## Alerts □□

Alerts list the anomalies in telemetry based on rules.

Below are the details:

1. Rule Name
2. Severity
3. Count - Number of alerts observed.
4. Explore - A link that routes to more details on the alert.

Alerts				
Rule name	S.	C.	E.	> Expand Columns
ShiftHumidityGreaterThan70	▲	C..	2	...
ShiftTemperatureGreaterT...	▲	C..	4	...
temp30	■	W..	10	...

1 to 3 of 3   First   Previous   Page 1 of 1   Next   Last

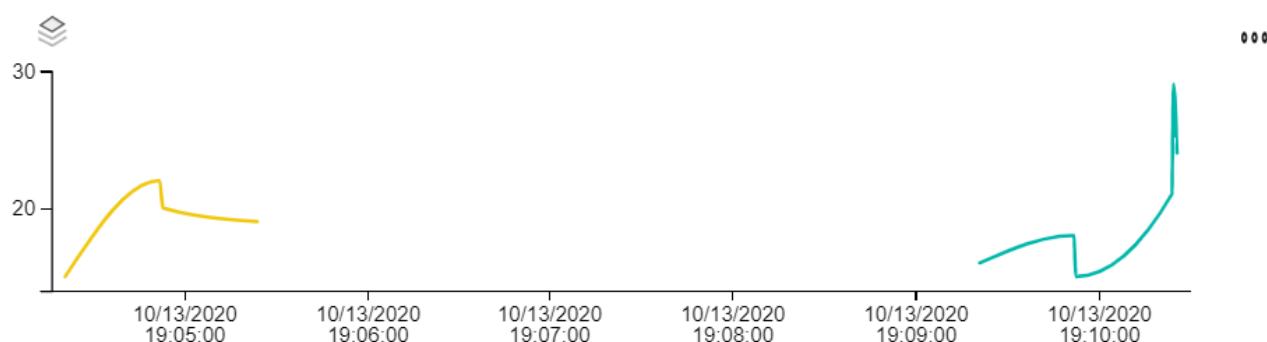
## Telemetry □

Telemetry shows a real-time chart based on data sent by the devices.

## Telemetry

< aqi [2] filterLifeRemaining [2] humidity [2] pm1 [2] pm10 [2] pm25 [2] temperature [2] >

device13 device12



Displaying in local timezone: Asia/Calcutta

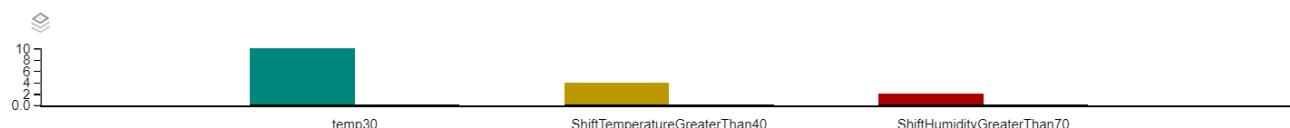
## Analytics

Analytics provide the visual representation of alert data in the form of charts □ as follows:

1. Top rules with active alerts
  - o It is visualized in the form of a Bar Graph □.
  - o The graph represents the number of alerts recorded per rule.
2. Alert by device group
  - o It is visualized in the form of a Pie Graph □□.
  - o The graph shows the number of alerts recorded per device type.
3. Critical alerts
  - o Percentage of Critical alerts in the open state.

### Analytics

#### Top rules with active alerts



#### Alert by device group



100.00%

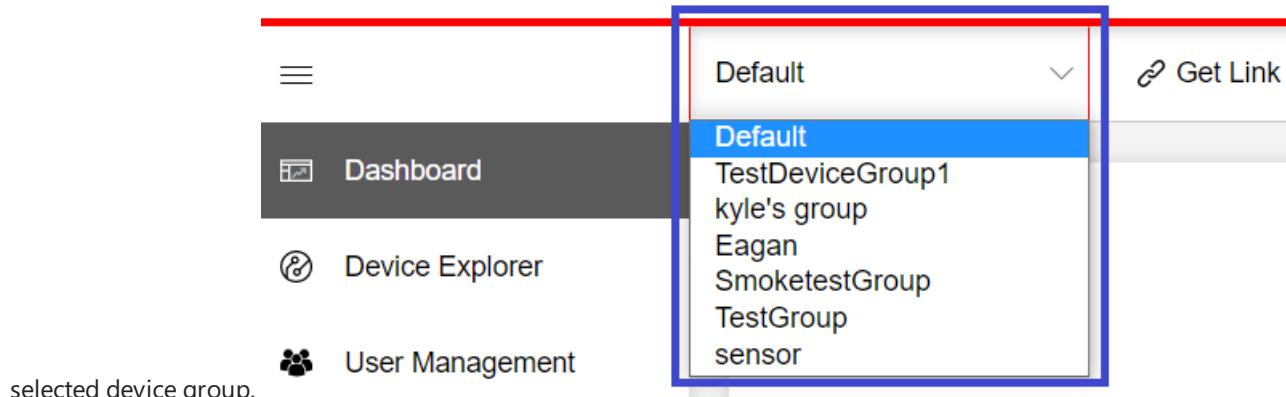
## Tool Bar

The tool bar has various options to access different functionalities. This section covers the tool bar functionalities that are common across the application. Below are some of them:

1. [Device Group](#)
2. [Get Link](#)
3. [Devices Loaded](#)
4. [Manage Device Groups](#)
5. [Time Period](#)
6. [Last Refreshed](#)

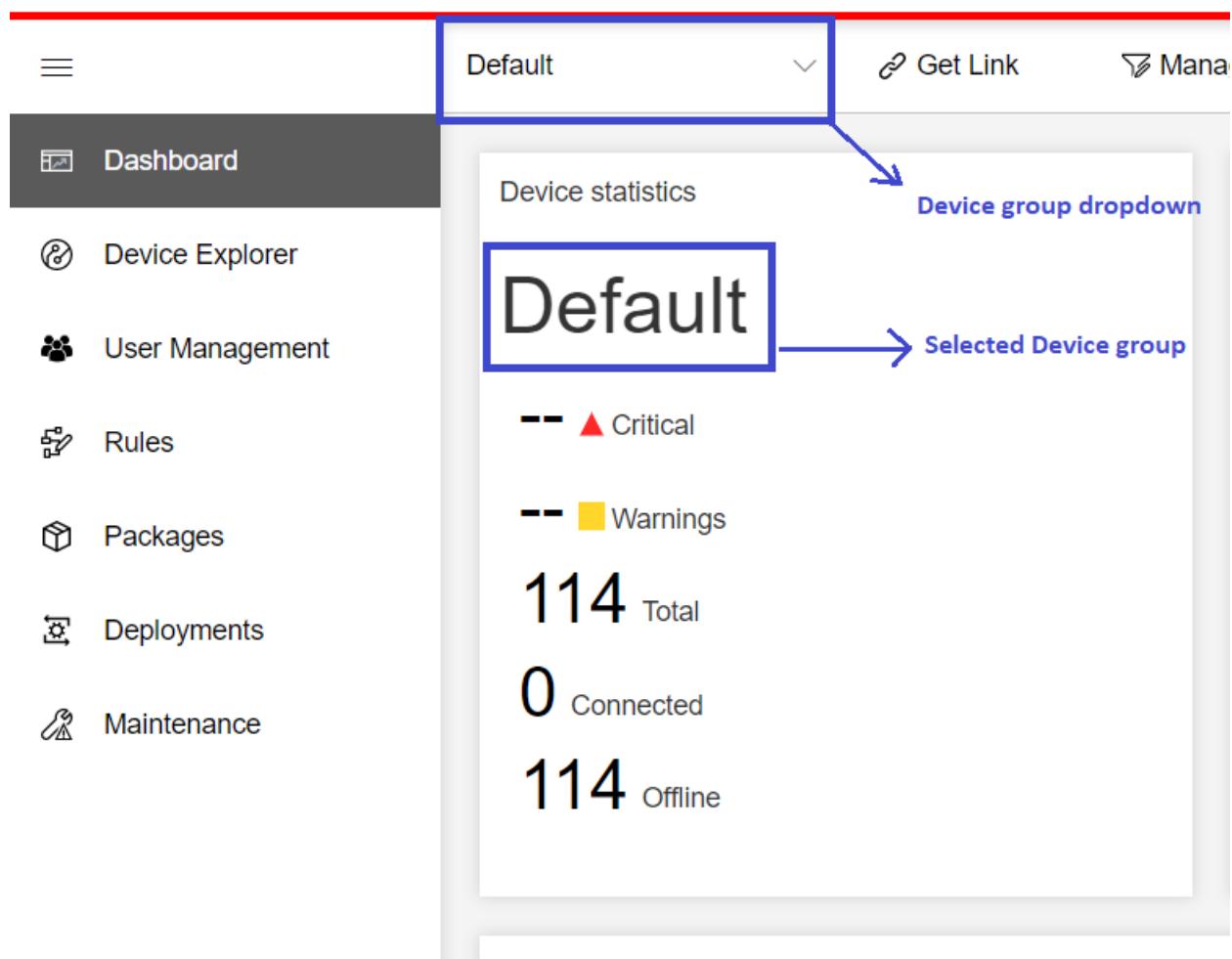
## Device Group

The **Device Group dropdown** in the tool bar is used to select a device group to filter the data in any given page. The selected device group remains same across all the pages for a user. And the data shown in most of the pages is filtered based on the



selected device group.

**Ex:** Dashboard- Device statistics, Device Explorer, Packages, etc.



#### Note:

By default, the device group **Default** is selected for any user for the first login.

## Get Link

**Get Link** is a button which lets the user copy the link for that page appended with the Selected Device Group ID. This helps share links with other users that target a specific Device Group ID.

#### Steps to copy link

1. Navigate to the page for which the link (with Device Group ID) needs to be copied **Ex: Device Explorer**
2. Click the **Get Link** button
3. The Copy Link pop-up opens with the link that can be used to share
4. Click Copy : This copies the link to the clipboard

Get Link Manage device groups Query Devices

# Explorer

Simulated	Copy Link https://crsliot-aks-dev.centralus.cloudapp.azure.com/devices?deviceGroupId=cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36
No	
No	

Copy Link  
https://crsliot-aks-dev.centralus.cloudapp.azure.com/devices?deviceGroupId=cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36  
Copy Cancel

## Devices Loaded

**Devices Loaded** in the tool bar provides information on *number of device details loaded in the application vs total number of devices in the system.*

▼ Get Link Devices Loaded 1000/ 3311 Manage device groups

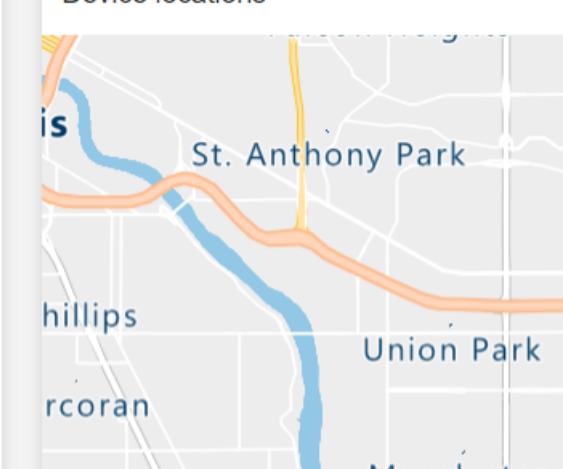
# vices

ings

total

devices in the system.

### Device locations



A map showing device locations in St. Anthony Park, Phillips, and Union Park. The map displays a river and several streets. A blue line highlights a path through these areas, indicating the locations of the 1000 devices loaded.

## Manage Device Groups

The **Manage Device Groups** button allows a user to:

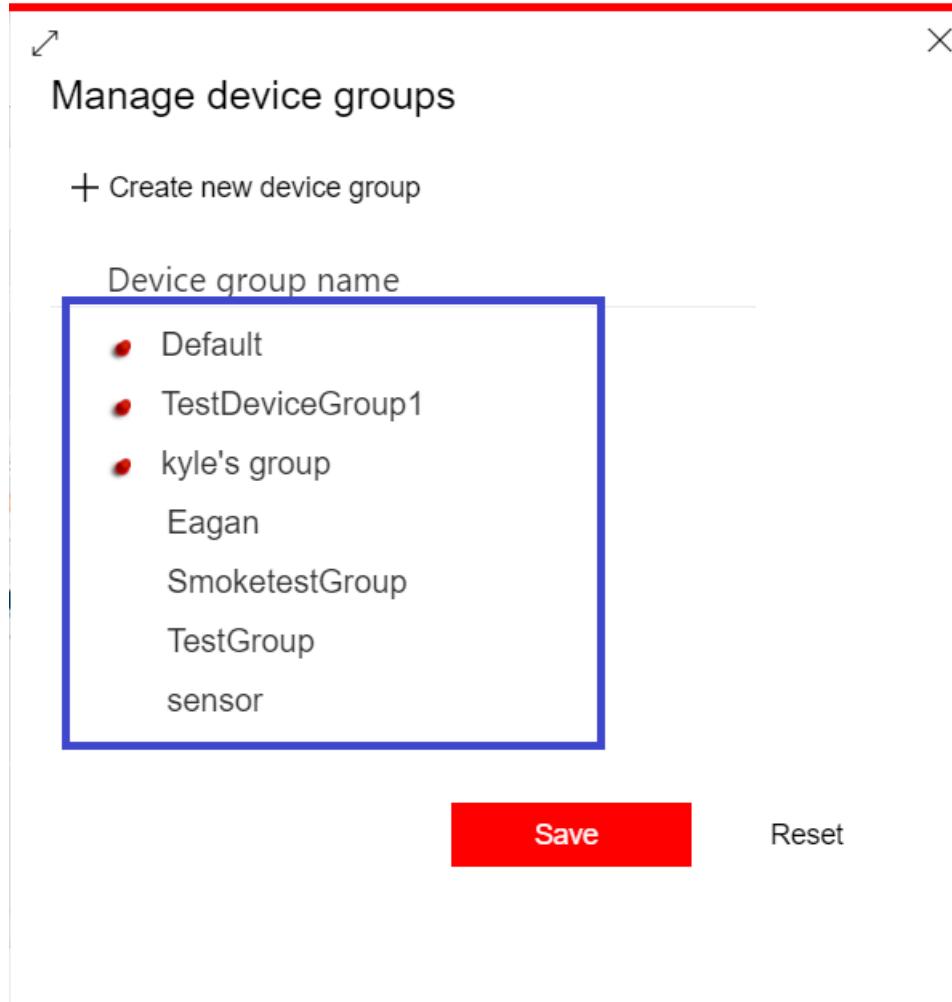
1. View Device group list

2. [Create Device Group](#)
3. [Edit Device Group](#)
4. [Delete Device Group](#)
5. [Pin Device Groups](#)

#### View Device group list

To view list of device groups present:

1. Click the **Manage device groups** button from the toolbar
2. The **Manage device groups** flyout opens
3. The list of device groups is displayed under "Create new device group" button



#### Create Device Group

A user can create a new device group using this option. Steps to create a new device group:

1. Click **Manage device groups** button from the toolbar
2. Manage device groups flyout opens

The screenshot shows a user interface titled "Manage device groups". At the top right is a blue button labeled "+ Create new device group". Below it is a list of device group names. The first name, "Default", has a red dot next to it, indicating it is selected. Other names listed are "Blake\_group", "Test2", "joetest", "this-is-long-to-resemble-chim-formatti...", and "Andrew". At the bottom right are two buttons: a red "Save" button and a "Reset" button.

3. Click **Create new device group** button

4. A **New device group** form opens

5. Below are the details to fill in:

- **Name(required)** : This is a mandatory field. Enter a unique Device group name

The screenshot shows a "New device group" form. It has a title "Manage device groups" and a sub-section "New device group". There is a required "Name \*" field with a placeholder "Device group name".

- **Conditions:** A user can either add/remove a condition on which a Device group needs to be created. These conditions are used as filters on Devices.

- For adding a condition:

- Click **Add Condition** or a new condition already appears while creating a new device group. Populate the fields to add the condition
- Field(required): Lets the user select the field on which the filter needs to be created on devices (Ex: tags, properties, etc.)
- Operator(required): Lets the user select a logical operator like Equals, Greater than, etc.
- Value(required): Lets the user enter the value to compare against the data for the selected field using the selected operator
- Type(required): Allows the user to select the type of value: Number/Text



## Manage device groups

### New device group

Name \*

+ Add condition

#### Condition 1

Field \*

Operator \*

Value \*

Type \*

Remove condition

- For removing a condition:
  - A **Remove condition** button is present below each condition

+ Add condition

### Condition 1 ^

Field \*

Tags.name

Operator \*

= Equals

Value \*

test-tag

Type \*

Text

Remove condition

- **Telemetry Format:** This is used to filter the telemetry data of devices under the device group based on telemetry keys.

- To configure telemetry format,
  - Click on **Add**
  - Enter Key: This key is used in sending the telemetry data

## Manage device groups

### Telemetry Format ^

KEY

DISPLAY NAME

test

Telemetry

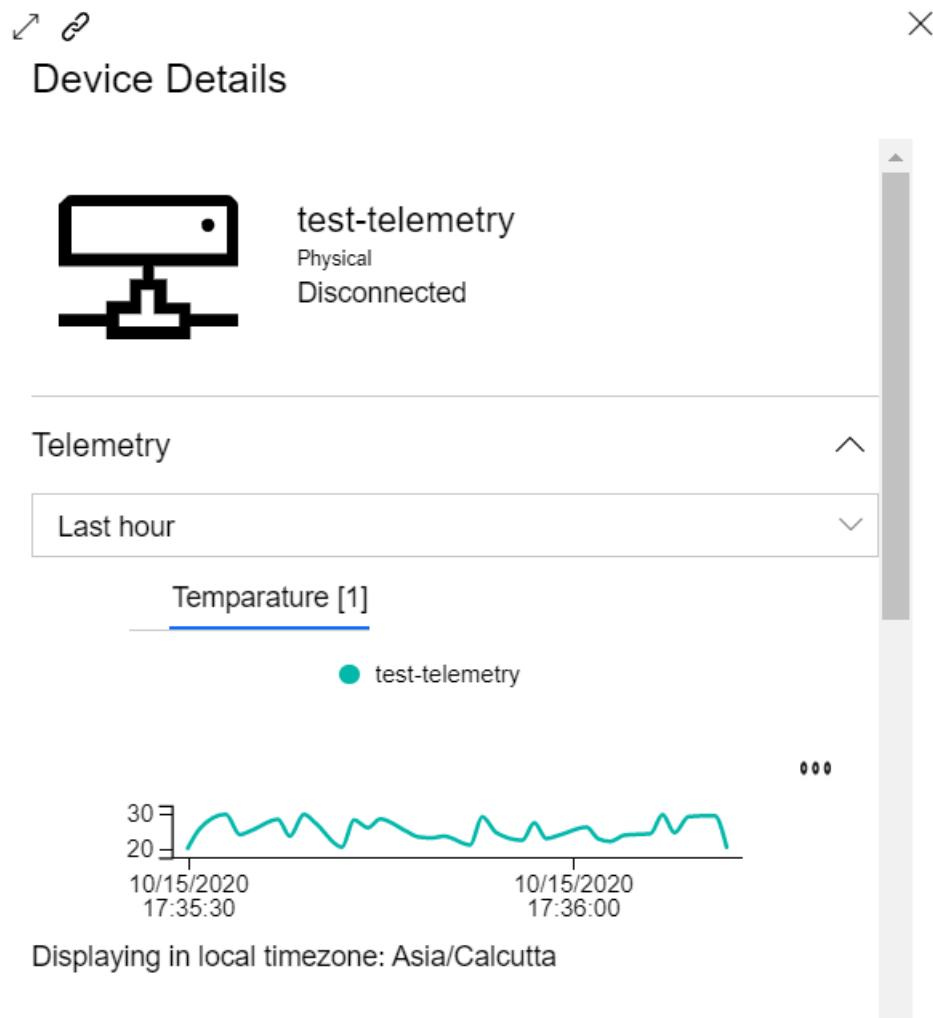


+ Add

- Enter Display Name

- To verify the telemetry format

- Add an entry under telemetry format (Ex: Key=temp and Display Name=Temperature)
- Create a device
- Simulate device telemetry by sending a message with different properties along with value for temp (Key from above) and any value **Ex:** { humidity: 60, temp: 20 } **Note:** Refer to this to simulate device telemetry using Azure online simulator
- Select the device and click "Show telemetry"
- You should be able to see only telemetry for temp(Temperature)



- **Supported Methods:** TODO

## Edit Device Group

A user can edit an existing device group using this option. Steps to edit a device group:

1. Click **Manage device groups** button from the toolbar
2. The **Manage device groups** flyout opens
3. The list of device groups is displayed under "Create new device group" button
4. Click on the name of the device group to edit

Manage device groups

+ Create new device group

Device group name

- Default
- TestDeviceGroup1
- kyle's group
- Eagan
- SmoketestGroup
- TestGroup
- sensor

Save      Reset

- The **Manage device groups** flyout display changes to show the "Edit device group" form where the existing device group details can be modified. Edit the details
- Click **Save** to save the updates
- Click **Cancel** in order to cancel and navigate back to Manage device groups

Manage device groups

Edit a device group

Name \*

Default

+ Add condition

Telemetry Format

Supported Methods

Save      Cancel      Delete

Delete Device Group

A user can delete an existing device group using this option. Steps to delete a device group:

1. Click the **Manage device groups** button from the toolbar
2. The **Manage device groups** flyout opens
3. The list of device groups is displayed under the "Create new device group" button
4. Click on the name of the device group to delete
5. The display changes to "Edit device group". Scroll down the flyout to find the buttons Save, Cancel and Delete



## Manage device groups

### Edit a device group

Name \*

Default

+ Add condition

Telemetry Format



Supported Methods



Save

Cancel

Delete

6. Click the **Delete** button. A confirmation section appears

7. Change the toggle to "Yes" and click **Delete**



## Manage device groups

### Delete device group

This action will delete the 'Default' device group permanently from the platform.

Yes, please delete the device group.

## Summary

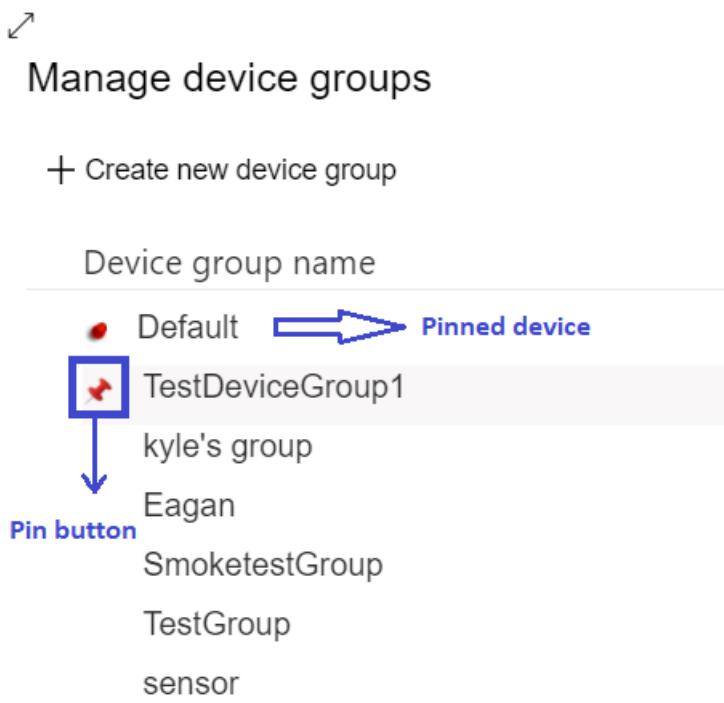
Delete

Cancel

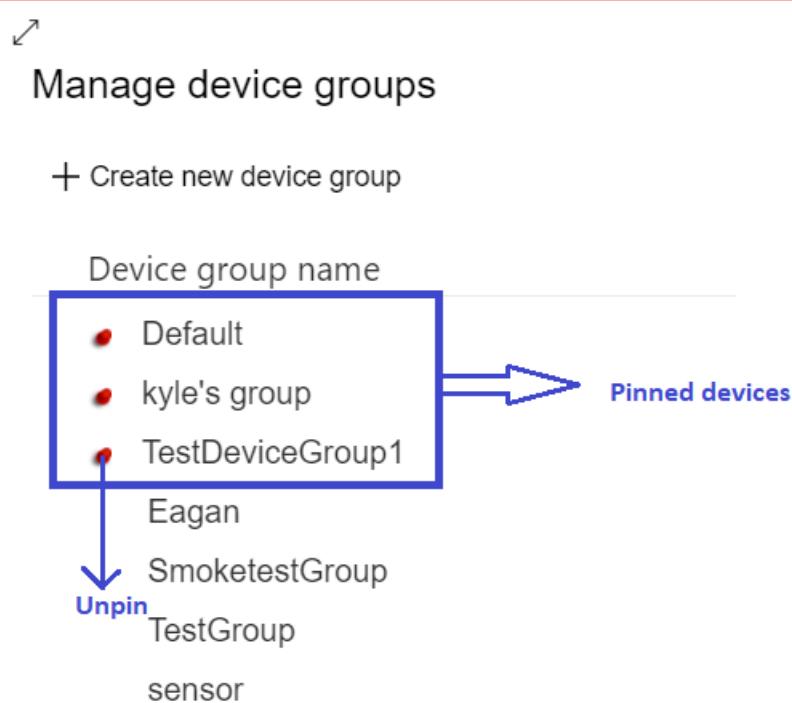
A user can pin one/multiple device groups using this option. Pinned device groups always show on top of the Device group list.

Steps to pin/unpin device groups:

1. Click the **Manage device groups** button from the toolbar
2. The **Manage device groups** flyout opens
3. The list of device groups is displayed under the "Create new device group" button
4. Hover on the name of the device group to pin or unpin
5. Pin Device groups: Click on the pin button that appears before the names of the Device groups



6. Unpin Device groups: Pinned devices can be unpinned. Pinned devices appear on the top of the list. Click on pin(unpin) button that appears before the name of the Device group



7. Click the **Save** button to update the changes
8. Click the **Reset** button to reset the changes



## Manage device groups

+ Create new device group

Device group name

- Default
- kyle's group
- TestDeviceGroup1

Eagan

SmoketestGroup

TestGroup

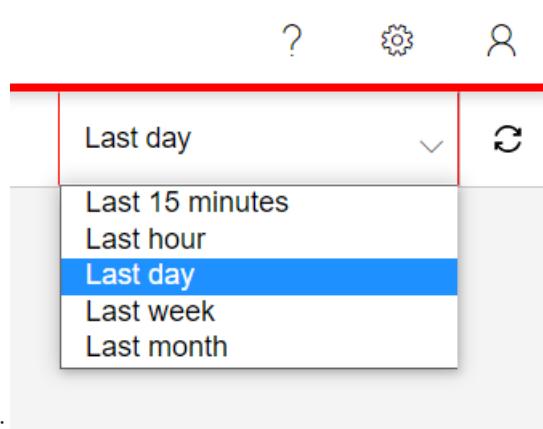
sensor

Save

Reset

## Time Period

The **Time period** dropdown is used in different pages to filter the data based on selected time interval.



Below are the available time period options:

### Note:

- The **Time period** dropdown can be found on pages like dashboard, maintenance and some other places in the application like Device Telemetry, etc.
- The default selected value for the Time period dropdown is **Last hour**

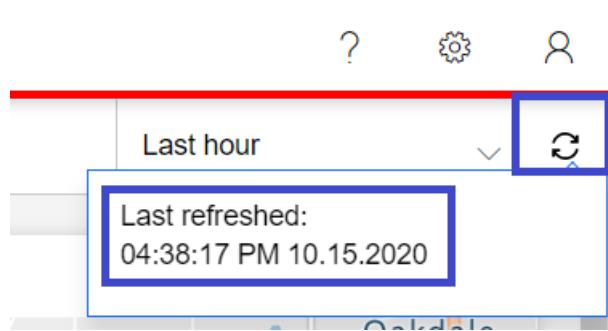
## Last Refreshed

**Last refreshed** is a label and button combination which can be used to:

1. Display the last-refreshed datetime of data on a given page when data is automatically refreshed
  - Hover on the refresh button to view the last-refreshed datetime

2. Manually refresh the data in a given page.

- o Click the refresh button to manually refresh the data in the page



# Device Explorer

The **Device Explorer** is used for maintaining the IoT devices. This section explores the creation and maintenance of devices.

Below are the features it offers:

1. [Device Explorer Grid](#)
2. [Add a Device](#)
3. [Device Details](#)
4. [Delete Device](#)
5. [Configure a Device](#)
6. [Organize devices](#)
7. [More](#)

## Device Explorer grid

The **Device Explorer** grid lists all the devices which are registered to the Azure IoT Hub.

- The following lists the columns and their usage in the **Device Explorer** grid

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Device Name	Name of the Device
Simulated	Indicates whether device simulation is on or off
Device Type	Describes the type of device
Firmware	Latest device firmware version
Telemetry	Schema of the telemetry
Status	Indicates whether the device is connected to the Azure IoT hub
Last Connection	Last date when a device connected to Azure IoT hub

- We have a search bar associated with the grid where we can search the grid data.
- We have a **Load more** switch to load more devices. Once switch is **ON** it starts loading more devices and device count will be reflected in **Devices Loaded** section in tool bar, and on **OFF** it stops loading devices into the application.

**3M Serenity IoT Platform**

Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry	Status	Last connection
1231daf4-9c09-4d5b-...	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
2705bb89-0af8-4ef5-...	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
c6c6d0d8-099b-49c3-...	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-0	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-105	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-106	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-110	No	---	---	---	Offline	---

- **Download** button is available for downloading the Devices Details of active device group. On clicking this button, the results are downloaded in the form of a spreadsheet.

**3M Serenity IoT Platform**

Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry	Status	Last connection
1231daf4-9c09-4d5b-...	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
2705bb89-0af8-4ef5-...	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
c6c6d0d8-099b-49c3-...	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-0	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-105	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
D-106	No	---	---	---	Offline	---

## Add a Device

Steps for adding a device:

- Navigate to the **Device Explorer** page from the left menu. Click on **New device**

The screenshot shows the 'Device Explorer' page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Default' selected, a 'Get Link' button, 'Manage device groups', 'Query Devices', and a '+ New device' button (which is highlighted with a blue box). Below the navigation is a search bar labeled 'Search devices...'. The main area displays a table of devices with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, Telemetry, Status, and Last connection. Several devices are listed, including 'sah\_test', 'sahh\_test', 'Test', 'Test-1', 'Test-2', 'test-tel1', 'test-telemetry', 'Test3', and 'Test4'. Most devices are marked as 'Offline'. At the bottom right of the table, there are 'Load more' and 'Download' buttons, along with an 'Expand Columns' link.

- Choose between the below device management services
  - IoT Edge device**
  - IoT device**
- Enter a device ID or choose **System generated device IDs** to generate a random device ID.
- Choose one of the below authentication types
  - Symmetric key**
  - X.509**

The screenshot shows the 'Device Explorer' page with a 'New device' modal open. The modal has several sections:
 

- Device:** Contains radio buttons for 'IoT Edge device' (selected) and 'IoT device'.
- Number of devices:** Set to 1.
- Device ID:** Contains radio buttons for 'Enter device ID' (selected) and 'System generated device IDs'.
- Authentication type:** Contains radio buttons for 'Symmetric key' (selected) and 'X.509'.
- Authentication key:** Contains radio buttons for 'Auto generate keys' (selected) and 'Enter keys manually'.
- Primary Key:** A disabled input field.
- Secondary Key:** A disabled input field.

- Choose one of the below authentication key options

- **Auto generate keys**

- If selected, the system generates the primary and secondary keys for the device.
- This option is only available when authentication type **Symmetric key** is selected.

- **Enter keys manually**

- If selected, the user should provide Primary and Secondary Keys.

**Device Explorer**

Explore devices within the current device group.

Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry
sah_test	No	---	1.5.5	---
sahh_test	No	---	---	---
Test	No	---	---	---
Test-1	No	---	4.1.0	messageSche
Test-2	No	---	4.0.0	messageSche
test-tel1	No	---	---	---
test-telemetry	No	---	---	---
Test3	No	---	---	---
Test4	No	---	---	---

**New device**

Device ID: TestT (radio button selected)

Authentication type: Symmetric key (radio button selected)

Authentication key: Auto generate keys (radio button selected)

Primary Key: [Redacted]

Secondary Key: [Redacted]

Provision summary: 1 Devices to provision

Buttons: Apply (highlighted), Cancel

- Now verify the details provided and click **Apply**.

**Device Explorer**

Explore devices within the current device group.

Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry
sah_test	No	---	1.5.5	---
sahh_test	No	---	---	---
Test	No	---	---	---
Test-1	No	---	4.1.0	messageSche
Test-2	No	---	4.0.0	messageSche
test-tel1	No	---	---	---
test-telemetry	No	---	---	---
Test3	No	---	---	---
Test4	No	---	---	---

**New device**

Device ID: TestT (radio button selected)

Authentication type: Symmetric key (radio button selected)

Authentication key: Auto generate keys (radio button selected)

Primary Key: [Redacted]

Secondary Key: [Redacted]

Provision summary: 1 Devices to provision

Buttons: Apply (highlighted), Cancel

- Once the device is successfully created, you will be presented with the created device information and the device will be reflected in Device Explorer Grid.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer panel. On the left is a sidebar with links: Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area has a title "Device Explorer" and a subtitle "Explore devices within the current device group." Below is a search bar with placeholder "Search devices..." and a table with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, and Telemetry. The table lists several devices, including "sah\_test", "sahh\_test", "Test", "Test-1", "Test-2", "test-tel1", "test-telemetry", "Test3", and "Test4". A modal window titled "New device" is open on the right, showing a "Provision summary" section with a success message: "1 Devices provisioned successfully ✓". It also displays "Device ID: TestT", "Primary Key" (redacted), "Secondary Key" (redacted), "Connection string primary Key" (redacted), and "Connection string secondary Key" (redacted). There is a close button at the bottom right of the modal.

## Device Details

The **Device Details** panel displays information about a device such as telemetry, tag values, the methods it supports, and the properties reported by the device.

Click on the device name in the grid. It will open the **Device Details** panel.

Below are the details the **Device Details** panel provides.

### 1. Alert Grid

- The grid will be displayed when alerts are observed for a device.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer panel with the "Device Details" tab selected. The sidebar remains the same. The main area has a title "Device Explorer" and a subtitle "Explore devices within the current device group." Below is a search bar with placeholder "Search devices..." and a table with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, and Firmware. The table lists the same devices as the previous screenshot. To the right, there is a "Device Details" panel. At the top of this panel is a small icon of a computer monitor with a red exclamation mark and the text "Test-1 Physical Disconnected". Below this is a table titled "Alerts" with columns: Rule name, Severity, and Status. It lists five entries, all of which are "TestRule" with "Critical" severity and "open" status. At the bottom of the "Alerts" panel is a pagination bar showing "1 to 5 of 5" and buttons for First, Previous, Page 1 of 1, Next, and Last. Below the "Alerts" panel is a "Telemetry" section with a dropdown menu set to "Last hour".

### 2. Telemetry

### 3. Tags

### 4. Methods

The screenshot shows the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface. On the left, a sidebar menu includes options like Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is selected), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area is titled "Device Explorer" and displays a list of devices. A search bar at the top of the device list allows filtering by device name. The device list includes columns for Device name, Simulated, Device type, and Firmware. Devices listed include sah\_test, sahh\_test, Test, Test-1, Test-2, test-tel1, test-telemetry, Test3, and TestDevice. To the right of the device list is the "Device Details" pane, which is currently expanded to show the "Telemetry" tab. This tab displays a chart for the "humidity" series over the last day, with a single data point labeled "Test-1". Below the chart, it says "Displaying in local timezone: Asia/Calcutta". The "Tags" section shows a key-value pair for "owner": "Ragav". The "Methods" section indicates no methods found for this device. At the bottom of the Device Details pane, there is a "Properties" section.

### 5. Properties

### 6. Diagnostics

This screenshot shows the same 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface as the previous one, but the "Properties" section in the Device Details pane is now expanded. It lists several properties for the device: weather.temperature (150), weather.humidity (17), ...fields.temperature (Double), and ...a.fields.humidity (Double). There is also a "Copy" button next to the property list. Below the properties is the "Diagnostics" section, which contains diagnostic information from the device. The "Deployment messages" section is also visible at the bottom.

### 7. Deployment messages

- Edge module messages on the device.

### 8. Device Uploads

- File Uploads from the device.

## 9. Device Deployments

- Deployment history of the device.

The screenshot shows the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface. On the left, a sidebar menu includes options like Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (selected), and Maintenance. The main area is titled "Device Explorer" and displays a grid of devices. A search bar at the top of the grid allows searching by device name. The columns in the grid are: Device name, Simulated, Device type, and Firmware. The grid lists several devices, including "sah\_test", "sahh\_test", "Test", "Test-1", "Test-2", "test-tel1", "test-telemetry", "Test3", and "TestDevice". To the right of the grid, a large modal window titled "Device Details" is open. It contains three sections: "Deployment messages" (which shows "No messages found for this device"), "Device Uploads" (which shows "No Files are uploaded from Device"), and "Device Deployments" (which shows deployment history with entries for Deployment-6, Deployment-5, Deployment-4, and Deployment-4). The "Deployment-6" entry has details: Firmware Version 3.0.0, Date 05:18:49 PM 02.04.2021.

## Delete Device

Devices that are no longer needed or in use can be deleted.

Steps to delete a device:

- Select one or more devices by clicking on the checkbox to the left of the device name in the grid.
- After selecting devices the **Delete** button will be visible in the toolbar; click **Delete**.

This screenshot shows the same 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface as the previous one, but with a different focus. The "Device Explorer" section is still present, showing the same list of devices. However, the "Delete" button in the toolbar is now highlighted with a blue border, indicating it is the active or next step. The rest of the interface remains the same, including the sidebar menu and the "Device Details" modal window.

- Click on the toggle button to delete the device(s) and the **Delete** button will be activated.

The screenshot shows the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface. On the left is a sidebar with links: Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is selected and highlighted in grey), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area is titled "Device Explorer" and contains a table with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, and Telemetry. Several devices are listed, including "761ff20b-6880-41dd-8...", "BridgetteDemo", "DemoDevice", "groupitest2", "JA-Device1", "joetest" (which has a checked checkbox), "rule\_test", "sah\_test", and "sahh test". A search bar at the top says "Search devices...". At the top right, there are buttons for "Get Link", "Manage device groups", "Query Devices", and a "Delete" button. A modal window titled "Delete" is open, containing a "Delete device" section with a warning message: "This action will delete the devices permanently from the platform." It includes a toggle switch set to "Yes, please delete the selected physical devices." Below this is a "Summary" section stating "1 Affected devices" and a red "Delete" button. A "Cancel" button is also present.

- After deleting the device(s) you will see a message that the device(s) have been deleted and the device details removed from the **Device Explorer** grid.

This screenshot shows the same interface after a device has been deleted. The "joetest" device, which was previously selected for deletion, is no longer visible in the grid. The "Delete" modal window now displays a success message: "1 devices deleted successfully! ✓". The "Cancel" button is also present.

## Configure a Device

The **Device Explorer** grid also allows updating device properties, below are the steps:

- Select a device by clicking on the check box to the left side of the device name in the grid.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page. On the left is a sidebar with icons for Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area has a title "Device Explorer" and a subtitle "Explore devices within the current device group." Below is a search bar with placeholder "Search devices...". To the right are buttons for "Load more" and "Download", and a link to "Expand Columns". A table lists devices with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, Telemetry, Status, and Last connection. One row for a device named "Test" is selected and highlighted with a blue border around its entire row.

- Then click the **Jobs** button in the toolbar and then choose **Properties**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page with the Jobs panel open. The sidebar and main table are identical to the previous screenshot. On the right, a "Jobs" panel is open. It has a "Select job" dropdown with three options: Tags, Methods, and Properties, where Properties is selected (indicated by a blue border). Below is a section titled "Properties on selected devices" with the sub-section "Available properties and values to change". Under "Job Name", there is a text input field containing "Test". Below it is a table with columns PROPERTY, VALUE, and TYPE. It contains two rows: one for ATest1 with value "Test1" and type Text, and another for ATest2 with value "Test1" and type Text. At the bottom of the panel, there is a "Summary" section showing "1 Affected devices".

- The **Jobs** panel shows the updateable property values for the selected device.
- To update the device properties, set the **Job Name** in the text box, update the properties value(s), and click **Apply**.

The screenshot shows the 'Jobs' configuration dialog. On the left, a sidebar lists 'Dashboard', 'Device Explorer', 'Device Search', 'User Management', 'Rules', 'Packages', 'Deployments', and 'Maintenance'. The 'Device Explorer' item is selected. In the main area, a table lists devices: joetest, rule\_test, sah\_test, sahh\_test, Test, Test-1, Test-2, test-tel1, and test-telemetry. To the right, a panel titled 'Properties on selected devices' shows 'Job Name' set to 'Test'. It includes a table for properties ATest1 and ATest2, both set to 'Test1'. A summary section indicates '1 Affected devices'. At the bottom right is a red-bordered 'Apply' button.

- To track the status of the job, click **View job status**.

The screenshot shows the 'Device Explorer' page. The sidebar and device list are identical to the previous screenshot. The main area now displays a message: '1 Job submitted successfully! ✓'. At the bottom right is a red-bordered 'View job status' button.

- After the job completes, navigate to the **Device Explorer** and verify the updated properties details in the device details panel under the **Properties** section.

#### Note:

The job status does not show live status, to refresh the status click the **refresh** button.

**Test-b20a5b20-9332-4d9b-8783-ab963830baee**

Job Name Status Operation No. of devices Succeeded Failed Start time End time

Test-b20a5b20-9332-4d9b-8783-ab963830baee	Completed		1	1	0	02:52:29 PM 02.05...	02:52:34 PM 02.05...
---	-----------	--	---	---	---	----------------------	----------------------

Job Name Status Device ID affected Last return message Start time End time

Test-b20a5b20-9332-4d9b-8783-ab963830baee	Completed	Test	Completed	02:52:29 PM 02.05.2021	02:52:34 PM 02.05.2021
---	-----------	------	-----------	------------------------	------------------------

1 to 1 of 1 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

## Organize devices

To make it easier as a user to organize and manage your devices, you can tag them with a team name.

To display all your devices, navigate to the **Device Explorer** page and choose the **Default** device group:

**3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform**

Default  Devices Loaded 23 / 23   + New device

**Device Explorer**

Explore devices within the current device group.

Load more Download > Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/> Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry	Status	Last connection
<a href="#">sah_test</a>	No	---	1.5.5	---	Offline	04:23:02 PM 09.11.2020
<a href="#">sahh_test</a>	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<a href="#">Test</a>	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<a href="#">Test-1</a>	No	---	4.1.0	messageSchema	Offline	02:50:31 PM 02.04.20...
<a href="#">Test-2</a>	No	---	4.0.0	messageSchema	Offline	---
<a href="#">test-tel1</a>	No	---	---	---	Offline	05:08:39 PM 10.15.20...
<a href="#">test-telemetry</a>	No	---	---	---	Offline	05:40:07 PM 10.15.20...
<a href="#">Test3</a>	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<a href="#">Test4</a>	Nn	---	---	---	Offline	---

### Add tags

- Select the devices in the grid for which you want to add a tag and click the **Jobs** button.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page. On the left is a sidebar with links: Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is active and highlighted), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area has a search bar labeled "Search devices...". Below it is a table with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, Telemetry, Status, and Last connection. There are 23 devices listed. One device, "Test", is selected and highlighted with a blue border around its row.

2. In the **Jobs** panel, select **Tag**, provide a name to the job, and then add a text tag (for example **TestKey** as the key and **TestValue** as the value). Then click **Apply**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page with the Jobs panel open. The "Tags" option is selected in the "Select job" section. In the "Job Name" input field, "Test" is typed. In the "Add tag" section, there is a table with one row containing "TestKey" in the KEY column and "TestValue" in the VALUE column. The "Apply" button at the bottom right of the panel is highlighted with a red border.

3. To track the status of the job, click **View job status**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer panel with a list of devices and a sidebar for job configuration.

**Device Explorer Panel:**

- Search bar: Search devices...
- Table headers: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, Telemetry
- Device list:
  - rule\_test (No, ---, ---, ---)
  - sah\_test (No, ---, 1.5.5, ---)
  - sahh\_test (No, ---, ---, ---)
  - Test** (No, ---, ---, ---)
  - Test-1 (No, ---, 4.1.0, messageSche...)
  - Test-2 (No, ---, 4.0.0, messageSche...)
  - test-tel1 (No, ---, ---, ---)
  - test-telemetry (No, ---, ---, ---)

**Job Configuration Sidebar:**

- Select job: Tags (radio button selected), Methods, Properties
- Tags on selected devices
- Tags in common on selected devices
- Job Name: Test
- Only letters and numbers are allowed
- KEY: TestKey, VALUE: TestValue, TYPE: Text
- Add tag: + Add tag
- Summary: 1 Job submitted successfully! ✓
- View job status (button)

4. After the job completes, verify the tags on the device by using the **Device Details** panel.

The screenshot shows the Device Details panel displaying the results of the completed job.

**Job Status:**

Job Name	Status	Operation	No. of devices	Succeeded	Failed	Start time	End time
Test-a7e8f5ba-15c5-4025-9f60-51fa9715d75b	Completed		1	1	0	03:17:42 PM 02.05...	03:17:47 PM 02.05...

**Job Details:**

Job Name	Status	Device ID affected	Last return message	Start time	End time
Test-a7e8f5ba-15c5-4025-...	Completed	Test	Completed	03:17:42 PM 02.05.2021	03:17:47 PM 02.05.2021

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page. On the left is a sidebar with links: Dashboard, Device Explorer (selected), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, Maintenance. The main area has a search bar 'Search devices...' and a table with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, Telemetry. A row for 'Test' is selected, highlighted with a blue border. The right side has tabs for 'Device Details', 'Tags', 'Methods', and 'Properties'. The 'Tags' tab shows a table with one row: KEY TestKey, VALUE TestValue. The 'Methods' tab says 'No methods found for this device.' The 'Properties' tab shows a table with two rows: PROPERTY ATest1, VALUE Test1; PROPERTY ATest2, VALUE Test1.

Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry
rule_test	No	---	---	---
sah_test	No	---	1.5.5	---
sahh_test	No	---	---	---
<b>Test</b>	No	---	---	---
Test-1	No	---	4.1.0	messageSchema
Test-2	No	---	4.0.0	messageSchema
test-tel1	No	---	---	---
test-telemetry	No	---	---	---
Test3	No	---	---	---

## Create filters

You can use tag values to create filters. You can do this two ways:

1. **Query Devices** panel.
2. **Manage device groups** panel.

**Query Devices** is useful for creating a quick filter over the device grid, below are the steps to follow:

- On the **Device Explorer** page, click **Query Devices**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page with the 'Query Devices' button highlighted in a blue box. The interface is similar to the previous one, with a sidebar and a main device grid. The grid includes columns for Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, Telemetry, Status, and Last connection. Several devices are listed, including '761ff20b-6880-41dd...', 'BridgetteDemo', 'DemoDevice', 'groupitest2', 'JA-Device1', 'joetest', 'rule\_test', 'sah\_test', and 'sahh\_test'. The 'joetest' row is selected, indicated by a blue border.

Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry	Status	Last connection
761ff20b-6880-41dd...	No	---	2.0.0	---	Offline	05:39:37 PM 12.28.20...
BridgetteDemo	No	---	---	---	Offline	09:38:25 PM 08.18.20...
DemoDevice	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
groupitest2	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
JA-Device1	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
joetest	No	---	---	messageSchema	Offline	08:54:35 PM 08.06.20...
rule_test	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
sah_test	No	---	1.5.5	---	Offline	04:23:02 PM 09.11.20...
sahh_test	No	---	---	---	Offline	---

- Create a condition to filter the devices, for example, create a text filter that uses the tag name **TestKey** and value **TestValue** in the condition. Then click **Query**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page with a sidebar containing links like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area displays a table with one device entry: 'Test' (No, ---, ---, ---). A query builder panel on the right shows a single condition: 'Properties.Reported.ATest1' = Equals 'Test1'. Below it are buttons for 'Query' (red box), '+ Device group', and 'Reset'.

- To remove the filter, click **Reset query**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer page with a sidebar containing links like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area displays a table with one device entry: 'Test' (No, ---, ---, ---, Offline, ---). A 'Reset query' button is highlighted with a red box. Other visible buttons include 'Load more', 'Download', and 'Expand Columns'.

- To save the filter, click **Device group**.

The screenshot shows the Device Explorer interface. On the left is a sidebar with links: Dashboard, Device Explorer (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area is titled "Device Explorer" and contains a search bar with placeholder text "Search devices...". Below the search bar is a table with columns: Device name, Simulated, Device type, Firmware, and Telemetry. One row is visible, showing "Test" under Device name, "No" under Simulated, and three dashes for the other columns. To the right of the table is a "Query Devices" panel. It includes a "+ Add condition" button and a "Condition 1" section. Inside the condition section are fields for "Field" (set to "Properties.Reported.ATest1"), "Operator" (set to "= Equals"), and "Value" (set to "Test1"). Below this are fields for "Type" (set to "Text") and a "Remove condition" link. At the bottom of the panel are three buttons: a red "Query" button, a blue "+ Device group" button (which is highlighted with a blue border), and a "Reset" button.

The **Manage device groups** panel is useful for creating new device groups and managing them, for more info [click here](#)

## More

Device Explorer also provides a few more features, listed below:

1. Show telemetry
2. Send Message
3. SIM Management

### Show telemetry

The **Show telemetry** page is useful to show one or more devices' telemetry on a separate page.

Select one or more devices in the grid and click the **Show telemetry** button.

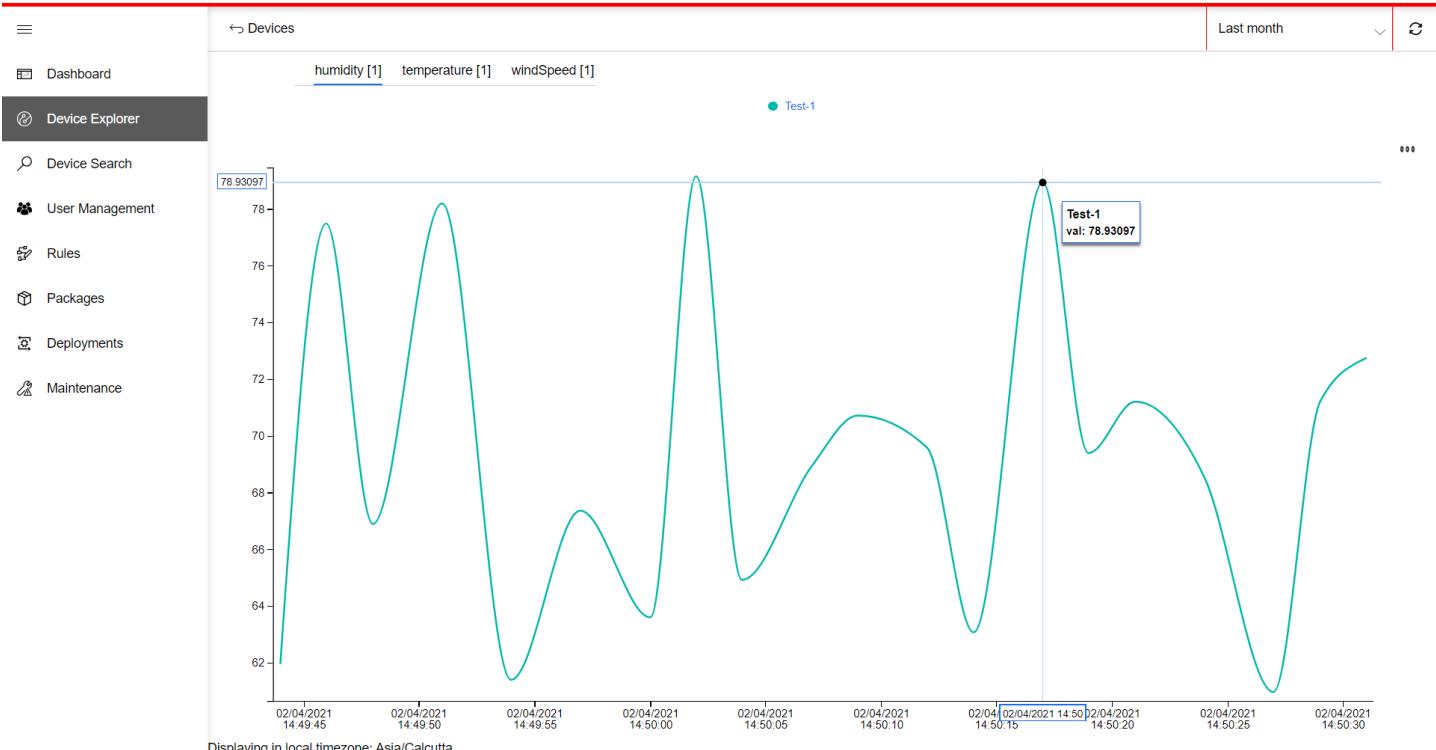
Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups Query Devices Jobs Delete Send Message Show telemetry + New device Dashboard

## Device Explorer

Explore devices within the current device group.

Search devices... Load more Download Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/>	Device name	Simulated	Device type	Firmware	Telemetry	Status	Last connection
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test-1	No	---	4.1.0	messageSchema	Offline	02:50:31 PM 02/04/2021
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test-2	No	---	4.0.0	messageSchema	Offline	---
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	test-te1	No	---	---	---	Offline	05:08:39 PM 10.15.2020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	test-telemetry	No	---	---	---	Offline	05:40:07 PM 10.15.2020
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test3	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestDevice	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	testdevice04011	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestDevice1	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestDevice3	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestDevice5	No	---	---	---	Offline	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestDeviceCHIM	No	---	---	---	Offline	---



## Send Message

## TODO

## SIM Management

## TODO

# User Management

The **User Management** page is used to manage all the available users of the tenant.

This document covers the the following aspects of the **User Management** page:

1. [User Grid](#)
2. [New User Creation](#)
3. [Delete User](#)
4. [Add System Admin](#)
5. [Delete System Admin](#)
6. [Add Service principal](#)

## User Grid

The **User Grid** lists all the active users of the tenant.

The following shows the columns in the grid and their description:

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Name	Name of the user
Role	Describes the role assigned to that particular user
Type	Indicates the current status of the user such as Invited, Member etc .

Name	Role	Type
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin	Client Credentials
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin	Invited
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin	Member
Andrew Schmidt	Admin	Member
Anup Warade CW	Contributor	Member
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin	Invited
Blake Ma	Admin	Member

- We have a search bar associated with the grid where we can search the grid data.

+ New user   + Add System Admin      + Add Service Principal

> Expand Columns

Name	Role	Type
TestAccount - Admin	Admin	Member
TestAccount - SystemAdmin	Admin	Member
TestAccount - User	ReadOnly	Member
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly	Invited

1 to 7 of 7   First   Previous   Page 1 of 1   Next   Last

## New User

The following steps are used to add a new user for the tenant.

- Navigate to the **User Management** page from the left menu.
- Click on **+New User**.
  - Enter the email address of the user to be created.
  - Select the **UserRole** you want to assign.

+ New user   + Add System Admin

Invite users

Email Address

\* Is required

User Role

Name	Role
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2446706934	Admin
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin
Andrew Schmidt	Admin
Anup Warade CW	Contributor
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin
Blake Ma	Admin

- Click the **Send Invite** button to send an email to the user.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with a modal window titled "Invite users". The modal contains fields for "Email Address" (vkotha.cw@mmm.com) and "User Role" (Admin). A summary message indicates the user was successfully invited with a checkmark. The main table lists users with columns for Name, Role, and Action (Delete).

Name	Role	Action
96d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin	
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin	
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin	
Andrew Schmidt	Admin	
Anup Warade CW	Contributor	
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin	
Blake Ma	Admin	

The screenshot shows the User Management page with a table listing users. One user, "Viswanadh Kotha CW", is highlighted with a blue border. The table has columns for Name, Role, and Type. The "Type" column shows "Invited" for most users except the highlighted one.

Name	Role	Type
TestAccount - User	ReadOnly	Member
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly	Invited
timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin	Invited
Viswanadh Kotha CW	Admin	Invited

- After the user accepts the invite via email, they will be added to the tenant and will be able to access the application.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with the same table as the previous screenshot. The user "Viswanadh Kotha CW" is now listed under the "Type" column as "Member", indicating they have accepted the invitation and joined the tenant.

Name	Role	Type
TestAccount - User	ReadOnly	Member
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly	Invited
timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin	Invited
Viswanadh Kotha CW	Admin	Member

## Delete User

To delete a user:

- Navigate to the **User Management** page from the left menu.

- Select the user to be deleted.

- Click the **Delete** button.

User Management

Name	Role
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly
timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin
Viswanadh Kotha CW	Admin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vkotha.cw@mmm.com	Admin

Delete

Delete users  
This action will remove the selected user from this tenant.  
 No, do not remove selected users from this tenant.

Summary  
1 Affected users

- Activate the toggle button to delete the user and the **Delete** button will be activated.

 Yes, please remove selected users from this tenant.'"/>

User Management

Name	Role
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin

Delete

Delete users  
This action will remove the selected user from this tenant.  
 Yes, please remove selected users from this tenant.

Summary  
1 Affected users

- After deleting the user we see a message that the user has been deleted.

User Management

Name	Role
TestAccount - User	ReadOnly
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly
timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin
Viswanadh Kotha CW	Admin

Delete

Delete users  
This action will remove the selected user from this tenant.  
 No, do not remove selected users from this tenant.

Summary  
1 Users deleted successfully! ✓

# Add System Admin

This feature is used to add an existing user in the system as a system admin.

The system admin is the user who has access across all the tenants.

- Navigate to the **User Management** page from the left menu
- Click on **+Add System Admin**
  - A flyout opens with a dropdown where we can see the list of existing users who are non-system admins.

The screenshot shows the 'User Management' page in the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform. On the left, there's a sidebar with various navigation options like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management (which is selected and highlighted in grey), Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main content area is titled 'User Management' and contains a search bar labeled 'Search users...'. Below the search bar is a table with columns 'Name' and 'Role'. The table lists several users: 'TestAccount - User' (ReadOnly), 'testuser.selide@mmm.com' (ReadOnly), 'testuser.selide@mmm.com' (ReadOnly), 'testuser.selide@mmm.com' (ReadOnly), 'testuser.selide@mmm.com' (ReadOnly), 'timothy.gunter@analysts.com' (Admin), and 'Viswanadh Kotha CW' (Admin). To the right of the main content, a flyout window titled 'Add System Admin' is open. It has a 'System Admin' section with a dropdown menu containing the same list of users from the table. The 'Add' button at the bottom of the flyout is highlighted with a red border.

- Select the user from the dropdown; the **Add** button will be enabled.

This screenshot is similar to the previous one, showing the 'User Management' page and the 'Add System Admin' flyout. However, the 'Select user' dropdown in the flyout now has a single user selected: 'TestAccount - Admin'. The 'Add' button at the bottom of the flyout is now highlighted with a red border, indicating it is enabled.

- On clicking on add button, the user will be added as system admin.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with a sidebar containing links like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. At the top right, there are '+ New user' and '+ Add System Admin' buttons. A search bar labeled 'Search users...' is present. The main table lists users with columns for Name, Role, and Action (checkbox). A summary message in a modal says 'Added system admin successfully!' with a checkmark icon.

Name	Role
TestAccount - User	ReadOnly
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly
timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin
Viswanad Kotha CW	Admin

## Delete System Admin

This feature is used to delete a system admin from the system.

- Navigate to **User Management** page from the left menu
- Click on **Delete System Admin**
  - A flyout opens with a dropdown where we can see the list of existing system admins.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with a sidebar containing links like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management (selected), Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. At the top right, there are '+ New user', '+ Add System Admin', 'Delete System Admin' (highlighted in dark grey), and '+ Add Service Principal' buttons. A search bar labeled 'Search users...' is present. The main table lists users with columns for Name, Role, and Type. A 'Delete' button is visible at the bottom right of the table. A 'Delete System Admin' flyout is open, listing the same users as the main table.

Name	Role	Type
TestAccount - User	ReadOnly	Member
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly	Invited
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly	Invited
testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly	Invited
timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin	Invited
Viswanad Kotha CW	Admin	Member

- [Dashboard](#)
- [Device Explorer](#)
- [Device Search](#)
- [User Management](#)
- [Rules](#)
- [Packages](#)
- [Deployments](#)
- [Maintenance](#)

[+ New user](#)   [+ Add System Admin](#)

## User Management

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Role
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestAccount - User	ReadOnly
<input type="checkbox"/>	testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly
<input type="checkbox"/>	timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Viswanadha Kotha CW	Admin

### Delete System Admin

[Delete](#)
[Cancel](#)

- Select the user from the dropdown; the **Delete** button will be enabled.

- [Dashboard](#)
- [Device Explorer](#)
- [Device Search](#)
- [User Management](#)
- [Rules](#)
- [Packages](#)
- [Deployments](#)
- [Maintenance](#)

[+ New user](#)   [+ Add System Admin](#)

## User Management

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Role
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestAccount - User	ReadOnly
<input type="checkbox"/>	testuser.selide@mmm.com	ReadOnly
<input type="checkbox"/>	timothy.gunter@analysts.com	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Viswanadha Kotha CW	Admin

### Delete System Admin

[Delete](#)
[Cancel](#)

- Click the **Delete** button; the user will be deleted as a system admin.

- [Dashboard](#)
- [Device Explorer](#)
- [Device Search](#)
- [User Management](#)
- [Rules](#)
- [Packages](#)
- [Deployments](#)
- [Maintenance](#)

[+ New user](#)   [+ Add System Admin](#)

### Delete System Admin

Summary  
Users deleted successfully! ✓

[Close](#)

## User Management

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Role
<input type="checkbox"/>	95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Anant Choudhari CW	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Andrew Schmidt	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Anup Warade CW	Contributor
<input type="checkbox"/>	atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Blake Ma	Admin

# Add Service Principal

This feature is used to add an existing user in the system to the role of service principal.

- Navigate to **User Management** page from the left menu.
- Click on **+Add Service Principal**.
  - A flyout opens to enter the **Service principal app id** and select the user role.

The screenshot shows the 'User Management' page of the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform. On the left is a sidebar with links: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area has a title 'User Management' and a search bar. Below it is a table with columns: Name, Role, and Type. The table contains the following data:

Name	Role	Type
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin	Client Credentials
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin	Invited
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin	Member
Andrew Schmidt	Admin	Member
Anup Warade CW	Contributor	Member
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin	Invited
Blake Ma	Admin	Member

The screenshot shows the same 'User Management' page as above, but with a modal window overlaid. The modal has a title 'Invite users'. It contains two input fields: 'Service principal app id' (with a placeholder value) and 'User Role' (with a dropdown menu). At the bottom right of the modal are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons, with the 'Add' button being highlighted with a blue border.

- Enter the **Service principal app id** and Select the user role from the dropdown; the **Add** button will be enabled.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with a sidebar containing links like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management (which is selected), Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area has a search bar and a table of users. A modal window titled "Invite users" is open, showing a service principal app ID (95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934) and a user role dropdown set to "Admin". A red "Add" button is at the bottom right of the modal.

Name	Role
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin
Andrew Schmidt	Admin
Anup Warade CW	Contributor
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin
Blake Ma	Admin

- Click the **Add** button, and the user will be added to the chosen role.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with the same layout as the previous one. A summary message box is displayed, stating "Summary Added service principal ✓". A "Close" button is at the bottom right of the message box.

Name	Role
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706935	Admin
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin
Andrew Schmidt	Admin
Anup Warade CW	Contributor
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin

- After adding the service principal, the user will appear in the grid with the type **Client Credentials**.

The screenshot shows the User Management page with the sidebar and table from the previous screenshots. A specific row in the table is highlighted with a blue border, showing a user with the ID "95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934" and the role "Admin". The "Type" column for this row contains the value "Client Credentials".

Name	Role	Type
95d3c662-23ea-4e2d-8d3d-ea2448706934	Admin	Client Credentials
aditya.tangirala@ggktech.com	Admin	Invited
Anant Choudhari CW	Admin	Member
Andrew Schmidt	Admin	Member
Anup Warade CW	Contributor	Member
atangirala.cw@mmm.com	Admin	Invited
Blake Ma	Admin	Member

# Rules

The **Rules** page is used to manage all the active rules. A rule ensures that warnings will be issued whenever a device satisfies the rule's condition.

This document covers the the following aspects of the **Rules** page:

1. [Rules Grid](#)
2. [Rule Details Flyout](#)
3. [Editing Rules](#)
4. [Creating a New Rule](#)
5. [Deleting a Rule](#)
6. [Rule Status](#)

## Rules Grid

- Navigate to the **Rules** page from the left menu
- The **Rules Grid** lists all the active rules for a device group.

The following table lists the columns and their usage in the **Rules Grid**.

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Rule Name	Name of the rule
Description	Describes the rule
Severity	Describes the severity level of the rule
Device Group	Indicates the device group that the rule belongs to
Trigger	Describes the rule's triggering condition
Notification Type	Describes the notification type when the rule triggers
Status	Shows whether the rule is enabled or disabled
Last Trigger	Displays the rule's last trigger date

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups + New rule

## Rules

Search rules... > Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/> Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">New rule</a>	Sample rule to test	<span>Info</span>	joetest	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule11</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule12</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule14</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule15</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule16</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule17</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule2</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Rule20</a>	TestDesc	<span>Critical</span>	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---

1 to 17 of 17 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- Note the search bar located above the grid.

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups + New rule

## Rules

New > Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/> Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">New rule</a>	Sample rule to test	<span>Info</span>	joetest	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---

1 to 1 of 1 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

## Rule Details

- Click on a rule name
- The **Rule Details** flyout displays the details of the selected rule.

The screenshot shows the 'Rules' page in the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation links: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules (which is selected and highlighted in grey), Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main content area has a header with 'Default' dropdown, 'Get Link' button, 'Devices Loaded 24/ 24' status, and 'Manage device groups' link. Below the header is a search bar with placeholder 'Search rules...'. A table lists 10 rules, each with a checkbox, name, description, severity (Info or Critical), device group, trigger, and notification type. To the right of the table is a 'Rule Details' modal window. The modal has tabs for 'Overview', 'Calculation' (selected), and 'Average'. It shows a 'Time period (in minutes)' set to 1. The 'Conditions' tab displays a condition for 'temperature' with an equals operator and value 10. The 'Severity level' is set to 'Critical'. The 'Rule status' is 'Disabled'. At the bottom of the modal, it says '24 devices affected by this rule'.

## Editing a Rule

- You can use the **Rule Details** flyout to edit a rule. Click **Edit**.

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the 'Rules' page and the 'Rule Details' modal. However, the 'Edit' button in the top right corner of the modal is now highlighted with a blue box, indicating it has been clicked.

- You will see the details of rule.

The screenshot shows the 'Rules' page with a list of existing rules. A new rule is being created, with the 'Rule name' set to 'Rule11' and a description of 'TestDesc'. The device group is set to 'Default'. The condition section shows a time period of 1 minute and a condition where the temperature equals 10.

- Update the data accordingly and click **Apply**, saving the new rule data.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit rule' dialog with the 'Conditions' section expanded. It includes fields for severity levels (Critical, Warning, Info) and actions (Email disabled). The rule status is set to 'Disabled'. The 'Apply' button at the bottom is highlighted with a red box.

## New Rule

This option is used to create a new rule associated with a device group.

- Click on **+New Rule**
- Enter your **Rule name**.
- Enter your **Rule Description**.
- Select a **Device group** for the rule.
- Select the **Calculation Type**.
- If the **Calculation Type** is **Average** then select **Time Period**.
- Add a Condition for the rule.

- Select the **Field** to be added.
- Select the **Operator** to be compared.
- Enter a **Value** to be compared.
- Select a **Severity Level** you want to assign to the rule.
- Select the **Rule Status**.

The screenshot shows the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules (selected), Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area displays a 'Rules' grid with columns: Rule name, Description, Severity, Device group, Trigger, Notification type, and Status. A search bar at the top of the grid allows filtering by rule name. To the right of the grid is a 'New rule' configuration dialog. The 'Rule name' field is set to 'Rule20'. The 'Description' field contains 'TestDesc'. The 'Severity' is set to 'Info'. The 'Device group' is 'Default'. The 'Trigger' is 'temperature'. The 'Notification type' is 'Maintenance log'. The 'Status' is 'Disabled'. The 'Device group' dropdown shows 'Default'. The 'Calculation' dropdown shows 'Average'. The 'Time period (in minutes)' dropdown shows '1'. The 'Condition 1' section has a 'Field' dropdown set to 'temperature', an 'Operator' dropdown set to '= Equals', and a 'Value' input field set to '12'. The 'Severity level' section includes radio buttons for Critical (selected), Warning, and Info. The 'Action' section has a radio button for 'Email disabled' (selected). The 'Rule status' section has a switch for 'Enabled' (selected). At the bottom right of the dialog is a red 'Apply' button. Below the dialog, a message states '24 devices affected by this rule'.

- Click the **Apply** button to save the new rule.

This screenshot is identical to the previous one, showing the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface. The 'Rules' grid is visible on the left, and the 'New rule' configuration dialog is open on the right. The configuration details are the same as in the previous screenshot. The red 'Apply' button is highlighted with a blue border, indicating it is the active or next step. The message '24 devices affected by this rule' is also present below the dialog.

- After saving the rule, the rule will appear in the **Rules Grid**.

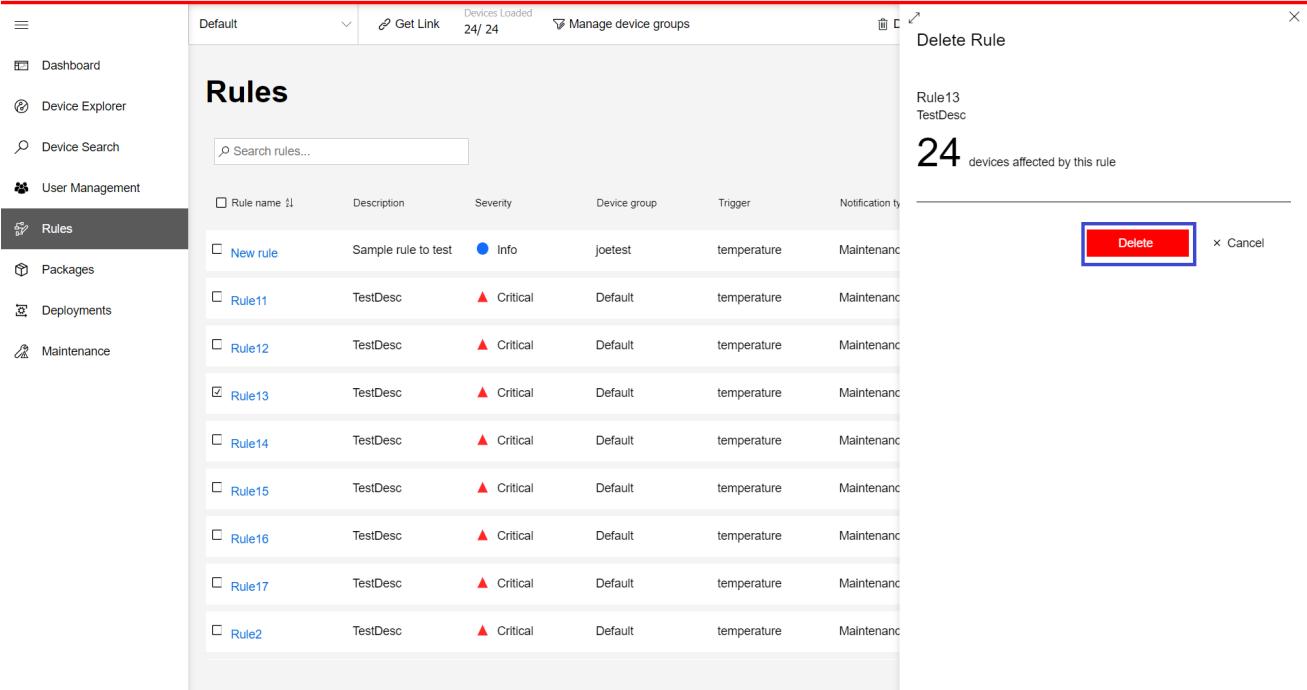
The screenshot shows the 'Rules' section of the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform. On the right, a modal window titled 'New rule' is open, prompting for a rule name ('Rule20'), description ('Rule Description'), device group ('Default'), calculation ('Average'), time period (1 minute), condition (Condition 1), and severity level (Critical). A note indicates 24 devices are affected by this rule. The main table lists various rules, including 'New rule', 'Rule11', 'Rule12', etc., with columns for Rule name, Description, Severity, Device group, Trigger, Notification type, Status, and Last trigger.

## Deleting a Rule

- Select the rule to be deleted by clicking in the checkbox next to the rule's name.
- Click the **Delete** button

The screenshot shows the 'Rules' section with the 'Delete' button highlighted in blue. The 'New rule' row has its checkbox selected. The table columns are: Rule name, Description, Severity, Device group, Trigger, Notification type, Status, and Last trigger. The status for 'New rule' is 'Disabled'.

- Activate the toggle button to delete the rule and the **Delete** button will be activated.



**Rules**

Search rules...

Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type
New rule	Sample rule to test	Info	joetest	temperature	Maintenance
Rule11	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule12	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rule13	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule14	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule15	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule16	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule17	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule2	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance

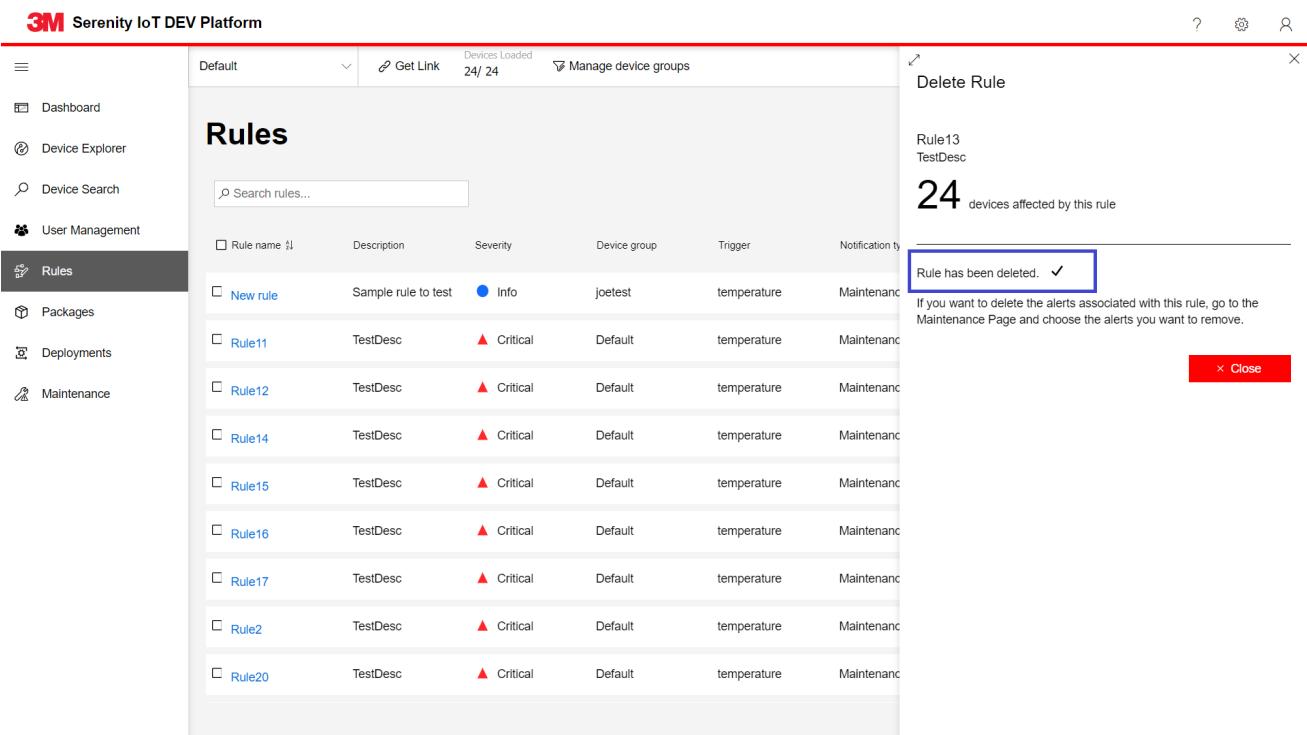
Delete Rule

Rule13  
TestDesc

24 devices affected by this rule

Delete Cancel

- After deleting the rule you will see a message confirming that the rule has been deleted.



**Rules**

Search rules...

Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type
New rule	Sample rule to test	Info	joetest	temperature	Maintenance
Rule11	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule12	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rule13	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule14	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule15	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule16	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule17	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule2	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance
Rule20	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance

Delete Rule

Rule13  
TestDesc

24 devices affected by this rule

Rule has been deleted. ✓

If you want to delete the alerts associated with this rule, go to the Maintenance Page and choose the alerts you want to remove.

Close

## Rule Status

This feature is used to enable/disable a rule.

- Select a rule by clicking the checkbox next to its name, and then click the status toggle button in the toolbar.
  - A flyout opens to change the status of the **Rule Status**.

Default Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups Delete Disable Edit + New rule

## Rules

Search rules...

	Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
<input type="checkbox"/>	New rule	Sample rule to test	Info	joetest	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Rule11	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Enabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule12	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule14	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule15	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule16	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule17	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule2	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule20	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Maintenance log	Disabled	---

1 to 17 of 17 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- After confirming that the status toggle button in the flyout is the correct action, click **Apply**.

Default Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups Delete Change status

## Rules

Search rules...

	Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	New rule	Sample rule to test	Info	joetest	temperature	Maint	Disabled
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Rule11	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Enabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule12	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule14	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule15	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule16	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule17	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule2	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule20	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main	Disabled

Rule11  
TestDesc  
**24** devices affected by this rule

Disable **Apply** Cancel

- The status of the rule will be updated accordingly.

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups

Change status

Enable

Rule11  
TestDesc

**24** devices affected by this rule ✓

Apply Cancel

	Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notifi
<input type="checkbox"/>	New rule	Sample rule to test	Info	jotest	temperature	Main
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Rule11	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule12	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule14	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule15	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule16	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule17	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule2	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule20	TestDesc	Critical	Default	temperature	Main

# Packages

**Packages** are the device configuration files which are used in the deployment process to configure the desired properties of devices.

This document covers the following aspects of packages:

1. [Packages Grid](#)
2. [Package Creation](#)
3. [Deactivate Package](#)
4. [Activate Package](#)
5. [Delete Package](#)

## Packages Grid

The **Packages** grid lists all of the packages, whether active or deactivated, that are available for Deployments.

The following are the column headings in the **Packages** grid and their usage:

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Name	Name of the package
Package Type	Describes the device category that the package is targeting
Configuration Type	Indicates whether the package is targeting firmware updates or custom updates
Date Created	Date the package was created
Active	Indicates Whether the package is active
Version	Indicates The version of the package
Last Modified Date	Date the package was created or was last modified
Last Modified By	The user who created the package or the user who last modified package

## Package Creation

Following are the steps for creating a package to update device firmware:

- Navigate to the **Packages** page from the left menu.
- Click on **+New Package**.
  - Select the **Package Type** based on the targeted device types, **Device Configuration** for IoT devices, or **Edge Manifest** for edge devices.

The screenshot shows the 3M Serenity IoT DEV Platform interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, **Packages** (which is selected), Deployments, and Maintenance. The main content area is titled "Packages" and displays a list of packages. The columns include Name, Package Type, Configuration T..., Date Created, and Active status. Several packages are listed, such as "be20e009-9664-4...", "be20e009-9664-4...", "Package1234", "sample", "SW1Package.json", and "test.json". A modal window titled "New Package" is open on the right, prompting the user to "Upload a package" and "Add a package to your solution". It includes a "Package Type \*" dropdown menu where "Edge Manifest" is selected, and a "devicegroup.\*" input field containing "devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36". A "Cancel" button is visible at the bottom right of the modal.

	Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active
<input type="checkbox"/>	be20e009-9664-4...	Device Configuration	Firmware	01:01:47 PM 10.0...	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	be20e009-9664-4...	Device Configuration	Firmware	01:02:09 PM 10.0...	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	Package1234	Device Configuration	Firmware	12:31:25 PM 08.2...	✗
<input type="checkbox"/>	sample	Device Configuration	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	SW1Package.json	Device Configuration	Firmware	01:18:38 PM 08.0...	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	test.json	Device Configuration	Firmware	07:22:57 PM 08.2...	✓

## ■ Package Type - Edge Manifest

- For edge devices, you should upload the edge device package content file for package creation.
- Click **Browse**.



## New Package

Upload a package

Add a package to your solution

Package Type \*

Edge Manifest

[Browse for a package file](#)

Tags

devicegroup.\*

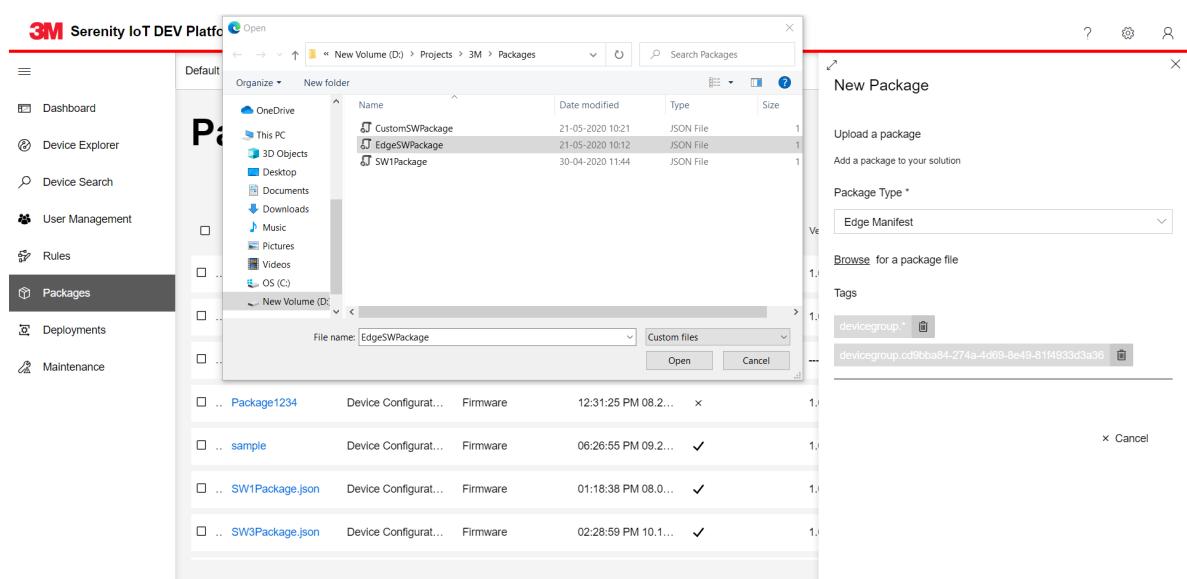


devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



[Cancel](#)

- Select the device configuration file.



- Once the file is selected, update the **Package Name**, which is prepopulated with FileName.



## New Package

Upload a package

Add a package to your solution

Package Type \*

Edge Manifest



[Browse](#) for a package file

Package Name \*

EdgeSWPackage.json

Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



1

Package

EdgeSWPackage.json

- Click on Upload to create the package.



## New Package

Upload a package

Add a package to your solution

Package Type \*

Edge Manifest



[Browse](#) for a package file

Package Name \*

EdgeSWPackage

Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



1 Package

EdgeSWPackage.json

Upload

Cancel

- Once the package is created, you will be presented with the created package information, which will also be reflected in the Packages Grid.



## New Package

Upload a package

Add a package to your solution

Package Type \*

EdgeManifest

Package Name \*

EdgeSWPackage

Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



1 Package ✓

EdgeSWPackage.json

To deploy packages, go to the [Deployments page](#), and then click **+ New Deployment**.

Close

### ■ Package Type - Device Configuration

- Select the **Configuration type**, **Firmware** or **Custom**

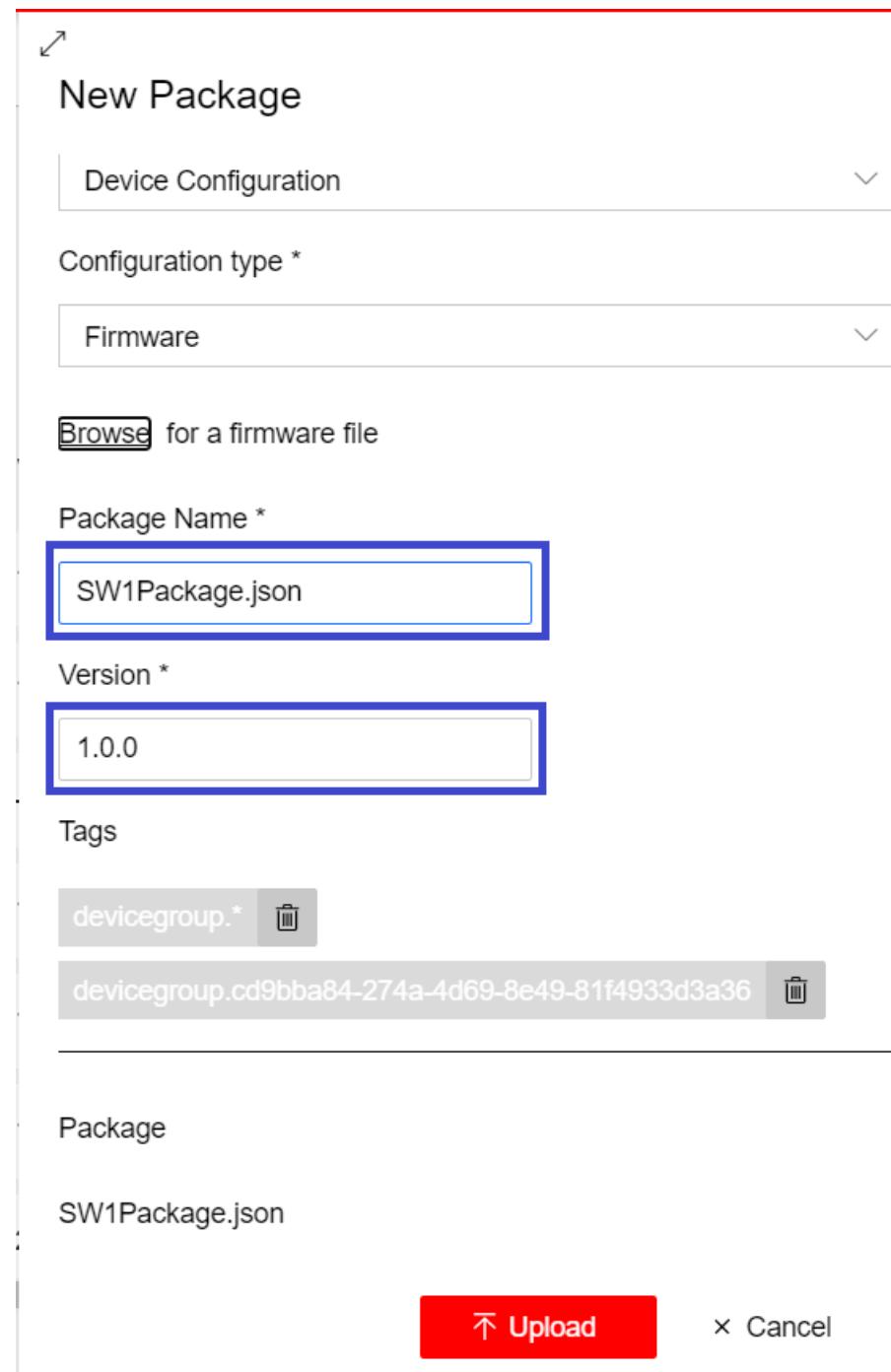
The screenshot shows the 'Packages' section of the platform. On the left, a sidebar menu includes 'Dashboard', 'Device Explorer', 'Device Search', 'User Management', 'Rules', 'Deployments', and 'Maintenance'. The 'Packages' item is selected and highlighted in grey. The main area displays a table of packages with columns: Name, Package Type, Configuration T..., Date Created, Active, Version, and Size. Several packages are listed, including '92100ad6-3f91-4...', 'DesiredPropsUpd...', 'e4b51819-79b4-4...', 'EdgeSWPackage', 'EdgeSWPackage...', 'Package1234', 'sample', 'SW1Package.json', and 'SW1Package.json'. A 'New Package' dialog is open on the right, titled 'New Package'. It contains fields for 'Upload a package' (with a 'Browse...' button), 'Add a package to your solution' (with a 'Select...' button), 'Package Type \*' (set to 'Device Configuration'), 'Configuration type \*' (set to 'Firmware'), and a 'Tags' field containing 'devicegroup.c09bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-8114933d3a36'. A red box highlights the 'Firmware' option in the configuration type dropdown.

## ■ Configuration Type - Firmware

- After selecting the **Firmware** configuration type, you should upload the package content file with the desired device updates.

The screenshot shows the 'New Package' dialog from the previous step. A file selection dialog is overlaid on the main interface, showing a list of files in a folder structure under 'OneDrive'. The 'File name' field is set to 'SW1Package'. The main area of the dialog shows the 'New Package' form with 'Package Type' set to 'Device Configuration' and 'Configuration type' set to 'Firmware'. The 'Tags' field contains 'devicegroup.c09bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-8114933d3a36'. A red box highlights the 'File name' field in the file selection dialog.

- Once the file is selected, provide a name and version for the package.

A screenshot of a 'New Package' dialog box. At the top, there's a back arrow icon and the title 'New Package'. Below the title, a dropdown menu is open, showing 'Device Configuration' with a downward arrow. Underneath, another dropdown menu is open, showing 'Firmware' with a downward arrow. A 'Browse' button is available for selecting a firmware file. The 'Package Name \*' field contains 'SW1Package.json', which is highlighted with a blue border. The 'Version \*' field contains '1.0.0', also highlighted with a blue border. The 'Tags' section lists 'devicegroup.\*' and 'devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36', each with a small trash can icon to its right. At the bottom, a red button labeled 'Upload' with a white arrow icon is positioned next to a 'Cancel' button with a white 'X' icon.

New Package

Device Configuration

Configuration type \*

Firmware

[Browse](#) for a firmware file

Package Name \*

SW1Package.json

Version \*

1.0.0

Tags

devicegroup.\* 

devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36 

---

Package

SW1Package.json

- Then Click **Upload**; once uploading completes, you will be provided with the preview of the package file contents, which can be modified as necessary.



## New Package

### Firmware JSON

```
1      {
2        content: {
3          deviceContent: {
4            'properties.desired.softwareConfig': {
5              softwareName: 'Firmware',
6              version: '1.0.0',
7              softwareURL:
8                'https://crsliotstorageacctdev.blob.core.windows.net/233a1
9                ca2-6855-43c5-8b9c-c7f85a1dd520-software-
10               package/SW1Package.json?sv=2018-03-
11               28&sr=b&sig=ioYikP%2BAxGBTXonE45z3t33MscbEqPYcmI1ay%2Bsg
12               w%3D&st=2020-10-14T08%3A28%3A52Z&se=2020-10-
13               15T08%3A33%3A52Z&sp=rw',
14               fileName: 'SW1Package.json',
15               serialNumber: '',
16               checkSum:
17                 '16b557cb7b4828cefe71b9a9fdadb534bdce6089'
18             }
19           }
20         },
21         metrics: {
22           queries: {
23             current: 'SELECT deviceId FROM devices WHERE
24             configurations.[[${$deployment.id}]].status = \'Applied\''
25             AND properties.reported.softwareConfig.version =
26             properties.desired.softwareConfig.version AND
             properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\'Success\'',
             applying: 'SELECT deviceId FROM devices WHERE
             configurations.[[${$deployment.id}]].status = \'Applied\''
             AND (
               properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\\'Downloading\''
               OR properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\\'Verifying\''
               OR
               properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\\'Applying\''),
             rebooting: 'SELECT deviceId FROM devices WHERE
             configurations.[[${$deployment.id}]].status = \'Applied\''
```



- Once you verify the JSON, click **Upload** to create the package.



## New Package

```
19      }
20  },
21  metrics: {
22    queries: {
23      current: 'SELECT deviceId FROM devices WHERE
24 configurations.[[ ${deployment.id} ]].status = \'Applied\''
25 AND properties.reported.softwareConfig.version =
26 properties.desired.softwareConfig.version AND
27 properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\'Success\'',
28      applying: 'SELECT deviceId FROM devices WHERE
29 configurations.[[ ${deployment.id} ]].status = \'Applied\''
30 AND (
31      properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\'Downloading\''
32      OR properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\'Verifying\''
33      OR
34      properties.reported.softwareConfig.status=\'Applying\'',
35      rebooting: 'SELECT deviceId FROM devices WHERE
36 configurations.[[ ${deployment.id} ]].status = \'Applied\''
37 
```

### Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



1 Package

SW1Package.json

Upload

Cancel

- Once the package is created, you can find the package in the **Packages Grid**.



## New Package

Upload a package

Add a package to your solution

Package Type \*

DeviceConfiguration

Configuration type \*

Firmware

Package Name \*

TestPackage

Version \*

1.0.0

Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36

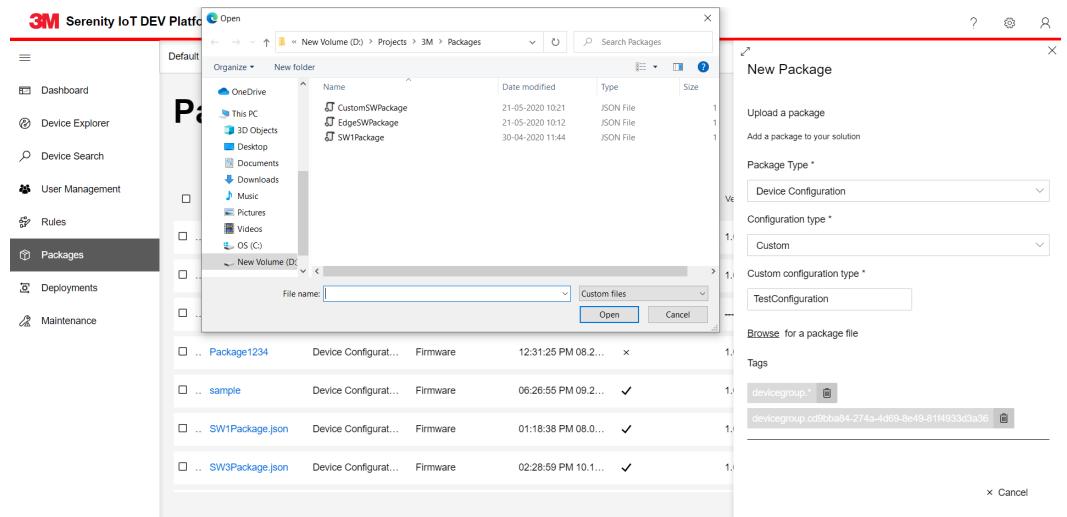


1 Package ✓

---

### ■ Configuration Type - Custom

- After selecting the **Custom** configuration type, enter a name for the configuration and browse for the **Configuration File**.



- Once the file is selected, enter a **Package Name**.



## New Package

Upload a package

Add a package to your solution

Package Type \*

Device Configuration

Configuration type \*

Custom

Custom configuration type \*

TestConfiguration

Browse for a package file

Package Name \*

TestCustomSWPackage

Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



- Click on Upload to create the package.



## New Package

Configuration type \*

Custom



Custom configuration type \*

TestConfiguration

[Browse](#) for a package file

Package Name \*

TestCustomSWPackage

Tags

devicegroup.\*



devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36



1 Package

CustomSWPackage.json

Upload

x Cancel

- Once Package is created, you will see the created package information, which will also be reflected in the **Packages Grid**.



## New Package

Package Type \*

DeviceConfiguration

Configuration type \*

Custom - TestConfiguration

Package Name \*

TestCustomSWPackage

Tags

devicegroup.\*

devicegroup.cd9bba84-274a-4d69-8e49-81f4933d3a36

1 Package ✓

CustomSWPackage.json

To deploy packages, go to the [Deployments page](#), and then click **New Deployment**.

Close

## Deactivate Package

Active packages can be deactivated, so that they are not available for deployment.

Steps to Deactivate a Package:

- Select an Active Package (which is marked with a ✓ in the **Active** column) by clicking on the checkbox adjacent to the package name in the grid.

The screenshot shows the 'Packages' section of the platform. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, **Packages**, Deployments, and Maintenance. The main area has a toolbar with 'Default', 'Get Link', 'Devices Loaded 24/ 24', 'Manage device groups', '+ New Package', and search/filter icons. Below the toolbar is a table header with columns: Name, Package Type, Configuration T..., Date Created, Active, Version, Last Modified D..., and Last Modified By. The table contains several rows of packages, with 'TestSWPackage' being the selected item.

Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	11:26:13 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...	✗	---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	✓	1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- You will be presented with two options in the toolbar:

- Deactivate
- Delete

This screenshot shows the same interface as the previous one, but with a different state. The 'Deactivate' button in the toolbar is highlighted with a blue border. In the table, the row for 'TestSWPackage' now has an 'X' in the 'Active' column, indicating it is deactivated.

Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...	✗	1.0.0	11:25:05 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...	✗	---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	✓	1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- Click on Deactivate
- The package is deactivated and is presented in the grid with a **X** in the **Active** column

Packages

Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	11:25:55 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

## Activate Package

Deactivated packages can be activated, so that they are available again for deployment.

Steps to Activate a Package:

- Select a deactivated package (which is marked with a **X** mark in the **Active** Column) by clicking on the checkbox adjacent to the package name in the grid.

Packages

Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	11:25:55 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- You will be presented with two options in the toolbar:

- o Activate
- o Delete

Default	Get Link	Devices Loaded 24/ 24	Manage device groups	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Activate	<input type="checkbox"/> Delete	+ New Package	
<h2>Packages</h2>							
							> Expand Columns
<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ... TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...		1.0.0	11:26:55 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/> ... EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...		---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/> ... TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...		---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/> ... SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...		1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/> ... TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...		1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/> ... EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...		---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/> ... sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...		1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- Click **Activate**

- The package is activated and has a mark in the **Active** column

Default	Get Link	Devices Loaded 24/ 24	Manage device groups	+ New Package	
<h2>Packages</h2>					
					> Expand Columns
<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Last Modified D...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ... TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...		1.0.0
<input type="checkbox"/> ... EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...		---
<input type="checkbox"/> ... TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...		---
<input type="checkbox"/> ... SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...		1.0.0
<input type="checkbox"/> ... TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...		1.0.0
<input type="checkbox"/> ... EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...		---
<input type="checkbox"/> ... sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...		1.0.0

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

## Delete Package

Packages which are no longer needed or that have expired package content can be deleted.

Steps to Delete a Package:

- Select a Package by clicking on the checkbox adjacent to the package name in the grid.

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups + New Package

## Packages

> Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	TestSWPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:25:05 AM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	11:26:13 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...	✗	---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	✓	1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...

1 to 10 of 10 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- You will be presented with **Delete** in the toolbar.

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups x Deactivate  Delete + New Package

## Packages

> Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SW1Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:51:24 AM 02.0...	▼	10.0.0	11:51:24 AM 02.0...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...
<input type="checkbox"/>	test.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	07:22:57 PM 08.2...	✓	2.0.0	07:22:57 PM 08.2...	Jayasimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	test.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	04:12:50 PM 02.0...	✓	2.5.0	04:12:50 PM 02.0...	Jayasimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test(3.0.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	05:15:26 PM 02.0...	✓	3.0.0	05:15:26 PM 02.0...	Jayasimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test(3.1.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:22:09 PM 02.0...	✓	3.1.0	06:22:09 PM 02.0...	Jayasimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test(3.2.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:33:56 PM 02.0...	✓	3.2.0	06:33:56 PM 02.0...	Jayasimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test(4.0.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:26:46 AM 02.0...	✓	4.0.0	11:26:46 AM 02.0...	Jayasimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	---	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Bas...

1 to 23 of 23 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- Click **Delete**.

- You will see a confirmation popup to delete the package.

Default Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups

x Deactivate Delete + New Package

## Packages

> Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	.. SW1Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:51:24 AM 02.0...		10.0.0	11:51:24 AM 02.0...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...				1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. test.json	Device Configurat...				2.0.0	07:22:57 PM 08.2...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. test.json	Device Configurat...				2.5.0	04:12:50 PM 02.0...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. Test(3.0.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	05:15:26 PM 02.0...		3.0.0	05:15:26 PM 02.0...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. Test(3.1.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:22:09 PM 02.0...	✓	3.1.0	06:22:09 PM 02.0...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. Test(3.2.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:33:56 PM 02.0...	✓	3.2.0	06:33:56 PM 02.0...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. Test(4.0.0)	Device Configurat...	Firmware	11:26:46 AM 02.0...	✓	4.0.0	11:26:46 AM 02.0...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...		---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...

Delete Package?

Deleting selected package will remove it. It will not impact any of the deployments of this package.

1 to 23 of 23 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- Click **Delete** or **Cancel** to delete the package or cancel the operation.
- Once you have deleted the package, the grid will be refreshed and populated with active and deactivated packages.

Default Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups

+ New Package

## Packages

> Expand Columns

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Package Type	Configuration T...	Date Created	Active	Version	Last Modified D...	Last Modified By
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. EdgeSWPackage	Edge Manifest	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:57:16 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. TestCustomSWPa...	Device Configurat...	Custom - TestCon...	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	✓	---	10:45:52 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. SW3Package.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	02:28:59 PM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. TestPackage	Device Configurat...	Firmware	02:04:30 PM 10.1...	✓	1.0.0	11:23:51 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. EdgeSWPackage....	Edge Manifest	---	01:55:05 PM 10.1...	✗	---	11:22:53 AM 10.1...	Ragavender Basa...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. sample	Device Configurat...	Firmware	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	✓	1.0.0	06:26:55 PM 09.2...	Jayashimha Nallag...
<input type="checkbox"/>	.. test.json	Device Configurat...	Firmware	07:22:57 PM 08.2...	✓	2.0.0	07:22:57 PM 08.2...	Jayashimha Nallag...

1 to 9 of 9 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

# Deployments

Deployments are used to manage the configuration of connected devices in bulk.

This document covers the following aspects of deployments view:

1. [Deployments Grid](#)
2. [Deployment Creation](#)
3. [Deployment Details](#)
4. [Deactivate Deployment](#)
5. [Reactivate Deployment](#)
6. [Delete Deployment](#)

## Deployments Grid

The Deployments Grid lists all the deployments which are either active or deactivated.

Following are the columns displayed and their usage in the Deployments Grid

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Name	Name of the Deployment
Package	Name of the package that is used for configuration
Device Group	Device group that is targeted by the deployment
Priority	Priority specifies which deployment will impact the devices; higher priority deployments take precedence over lower priority ones
Configuration Type	Indicates whether the Configuration is updating Device Firmware or any other custom properties. Empty for Edge Deployments
Targeted	Number of devices a configuration is targeted for
Applied	Number of devices where the configuration is currently applied for the latest deployments and previously applied if the deployment is not the latest for the device group
Success	Number of Devices where the configuration update is successful as reported by devices
Failed	Number of Devices where the configuration update failed as reported by devices
Date Created	Date the package was created
Created On	Date the deployment was created
Created By	User who created the deployment
Modified On	Date the deployment was last modified

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Modified By	User who last modified the deployment

## Deployment Creation

- Navigate to the Deployments page and click on **+ New Deployment**

The screenshot shows the 3M Device Management application interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the 3M logo, user profile, and settings icons. Below the navigation bar, the main header reads "Deployments" and "0/13/87". On the left side, there is a sidebar menu with various options: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, and Deployments (which is currently selected and highlighted). The main content area displays a table with columns for Name, Path, Description, Priority, Status, Target, Application, Success, Failure, Create, and Modify. A message at the top of the content area says "Devices Loaded 1/1" and "Manage device groups". At the bottom of the content area, there are navigation links for "0 to 0 of 0", "First", "Previous", "Page 0 of 0", "Next", and "Last".

- In the flyout that is presented, enter the name for the deployment



## New deployment

Name \*

Enter name

Package type \*

Select package type

## Package \*

Priority (Higher values indicate higher priority) ? \*

Enter priority

targeted devices

\* This deployment runs continuously. Every device (and any you add in the future) in the selected device group will receive this package.

- Select package type based on the targeted device types.



## New deployment

Name \*

Package type \*

Select package type

Edge Manifest  
Device Configuration

Package \*

Priority (Higher values indicate higher priority) ? \*

targeted devices

\* This deployment runs continuously. Every device (and any you add in the future) in the selected device group will receive this package.

- Select configuration type

Note:

**Configuration Type** is needed if **Package Type** is **Device Configuration**.



## New deployment

Name \*

Package type \*



Configuration type \*



Firmware

Custom - 1

Package \*



Priority (Higher values indicate higher priority) ? \*

---

1

- Select the package based on the configuration type



## New deployment

Name \*

DeploymentSimulation

Package type \*

Device Configuration



Configuration type \*

Firmware



Package \*

Select package



Package1  
SW8Package.json  
SW2Package.json  
SW2Package.json  
SW3Package.json  
Package2  
SW2Package.json  
test0309

1

- 
- Provide a priority for deployment, the higher the priority, the higher the precedence.
  - Click on Apply.



## New deployment

Configuration type \*

 ▼

Package \*

 ▼

Priority (Higher values indicate higher priority) ② \*

---

**1**

targeted devices

\* This deployment runs continuously. Every device (and any you add in the future) in the selected device group will receive this package.

- After successfully creating a deployment, you will be presented with the confirmation details.



## New deployment

Package type \*

DeviceConfiguration

Configuration type \*

Firmware

Package \*

Priority (Higher values indicate higher priority) ? \*

4

---

1

targeted devices ✓

View your deployment status detail for [DeploymentSimulation](#).

Close

## Deployment Details

- The Deployment Details screen provides data about the metrics of a deployment, such as the number of devices targeted, applied, succeeded, pending and failed.

**3M 3M** ? ⚙️ 🌐

☰

DEPLOYMENTS

DEPLOYMENT NAME

## Deployment Simulation

1 Applied	0 Failed
1 Targeted	0 Succeeded
	1 Pending

PRIORITY

4

CONFIGURATION TYPE

Firmware

DEPLOYMENT STATUS

Active

DELETED

DOWNLOADED

DEPLOYMENT DETAILS

DEVICE GROUP	PACKAGE TYPE
SimulationGroup	Device Configuration
START	PACKAGE
02:19:03 PM 10.16.2020	Package1 (1.0.0)

DEVICES Affected

> Expand Columns

Name	Deployment Status	Firmware	Previous Firmware	Start	End
TestDevice3	Pending	--	--	--	--

The following table depicts how the metrics are defined.

Metric	Description
Targeted	Number of devices which will be impacted by the deployment
Applied	Number of devices which are impacted by Deployment
Failed	Number of devices which reported failure of firmware update
Succeeded	Number of devices which reported success of firmware update to the current version
Pending	Number of devices yet to be updated

- The Deployment Details screen also provides the following details of a Deployment.

The screenshot shows the 3M Device Management interface. The left sidebar has a dark theme with white icons and labels. The 'Deployments' tab is selected, highlighted with a dark grey background. Other tabs include Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, and Maintenance.

The main content area has a light grey background. At the top, there's a header with 'Deployments', a toggle switch for 'Active', a 'Delete' button, a 'Download' button, and a refresh icon. Below the header, the deployment name 'DeploymentSimulation' is displayed in bold black text.

Two summary sections are shown:

- Applied:** 1 Applied, 0 Failed, 0 Succeeded, 1 Pending.
- Targeted:** 1 Targeted, 0 Failed, 0 Succeeded, 1 Pending.

A large blue-bordered box contains deployment details:

DEVICE GROUP	PACKAGE TYPE
SimulationGroup	Device Configuration
START	PACKAGE
02:19:03 PM 10.16.2020	Package1 (1.0.0)

Below these details is another blue-bordered box containing configuration parameters:

PRIORITY	4
CONFIGURATION TYPE	Firmware

The section titled 'Devices Affected' lists one device:

Name	Deployment Status	Firmware	Previous Firmware	Start	End
TestDevice3	Pending	---	---	---	---

At the bottom right, there's a link 'Expand Columns'.

PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION
Device Group	Provides the information about the devices that are targeted
Package Type	Provides information about the type of package
Package	Name of the package that is used for configuration, with version
Priority	Priority specifies which deployment will impact the devices; higher priority deployments take precedence over lower priority ones
Configuration Type	Indicates whether the configuration is updating device firmware or any other custom properties; this is empty for edge deployments

- Deployment Details also provides information about the custom metrics configured for the configuration as depicted.

The screenshot shows the 'Deployment Simulation' page. On the left, a sidebar menu includes 'Dashboard', 'Device Explorer', 'Device Search', 'User Management', 'Rules', 'Packages', 'Deployments' (which is selected and highlighted in dark grey), and 'Maintenance'. The main content area has a header 'DEPLOYMENT NAME: DeploymentSimulation'. Below it, deployment statistics are shown: 1 Applied (0 Failed, 1 Succeeded, 0 Pending) and 1 Targeted (0 Failed, 1 Succeeded, 0 Pending). A blue box highlights the '1 current' entry under 'Applied'. To the right, deployment metadata is listed: DEVICE GROUP (SimulationGroup), PACKAGE TYPE (Device Configuration), START (02:30:26 PM 10.16.2020), and PACKAGE (Package1 (1.0.0)). Under 'PRIORITY', the value 4 is displayed. Under 'CONFIGURATION TYPE', Firmware is listed. The 'Devices Affected' section shows a table with columns: Name, Deployment Status, Firmware, Previous Firmware, Start, and End. One row is visible for 'TestDevice3' with status 'Succeeded', firmware '1.0.0', start '10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020', and end '10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020'. A 'Devices Affected' table at the bottom shows a single row for 'TestDevice3' with status 'Pending', firmware '---', previous firmware '---', and start/end times '---'.

- The following images depict the various stages of how a deployment affects the devices.

- The device status is Pending when the firmware update is pending on the device.

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the 'Deployment Simulation' page. The 'Deployments' tab is selected in the sidebar. The main content area displays deployment statistics and metadata. The 'Devices Affected' table at the bottom shows a single row for 'TestDevice3' with status 'Pending', firmware '---', previous firmware '---', and start/end times '---'.

- The device status is Completed when the device has successfully updated its firmware as per the configuration.

The screenshot shows the 'DeploymentDetails' screen. On the left, a sidebar menu includes options like Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (which is selected and highlighted in grey), and Maintenance. The main content area is titled 'Deployment Simulation'. It displays a summary table with two rows: 'Applied' (1 row, 0 Failed) and 'Targeted' (1 row, 1 Succeeded, 0 Pending). Below this, sections for 'PRIORITY' (set to 4) and 'CONFIGURATION TYPE' (set to Firmware) are shown. A large section titled 'Devices Affected' contains a table with columns: Name, Deployment Status, Firmware, Previous Firmware, Start, and End. One row is listed: TestDevice3, Succeeded, 1.0.0, ---, 10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020, and 10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020.

- The Deployment Details screen also lists the Devices impacted by the deployment.

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the 'DeploymentDetails' screen. The 'Devices Affected' grid is highlighted with a blue border. The grid structure and data are the same as in the first screenshot.

The Devices Affected grid displays the following columns

Column	Description
---	---
Name	Name of the device
Deployment Status	Depicts the status of the firmware update on the device
Firmware	Firmware version.
Previous Firmware	Previous Firmware version.
Start	Date and time that a device began the configuration update.
End	Date and time that a device completed the configuration update.

- The Deployment Details screen also provides the option to download the Devices Affected grid details as an Excel spreadsheet.

☰

↳ Deployments

DEPLOYMENT NAME

## DeploymentSimulation

Applied	Failed	---	DEVICE GROUP	PACKAGE TYPE
1	0	--	SimulationGroup	Device Configuration
Targeted	Succeeded	---	START	PACKAGE
1	1	--	02:19:03 PM 10.16.2020	Package1 (1.0.0)
	Pending	--		

PRIORITY

4

CONFIGURATION TYPE

Firmware

Devices Affected

Name ↴ Deployment Status Firmware Previous Firmware Start End

TestDevice3	Succeeded	1.0.0	---	10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020	10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020
-------------	-----------	-------	-----	------------------------	------------------------

Download

- Deployment Activation and Deactivation can also be performed from Deployment Details.

☰

IoT Platform

↳ Deployments

DEPLOYMENT NAME

## DeploymentSimulation

Applied	Failed	current	DEVICE GROUP	PACKAGE TYPE
1	0	--	SimulationGroup	Device Configuration
Targeted	Succeeded	---	START	PACKAGE
1	1	--	02:30:26 PM 10.16.2020	Package1 (1.0.0)
	Pending	--		

PRIORITY

4

CONFIGURATION TYPE

Firmware

Devices Affected

Name ↴ Deployment Status Firmware Previous Firmware Start End

TestDevice3	Succeeded	1.0.0	---	10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020	10:00:21 PM 10.16.2020
-------------	-----------	-------	-----	------------------------	------------------------

Inactive

Download

- On toggling the status indicator, you will be presented with a confirmation popup.

The screenshot shows the 'Deployment Simulation' details screen. On the left, a sidebar lists various management functions: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (which is selected), and Maintenance. The main area displays deployment statistics: 1 Applied (0 Failed) and 1 Targeted (1 Succeeded, 0 Pending). It also shows priority (4), configuration type (Firmware), and device group (SimulationGroup). Deployment details include Start (2:30:26 PM 10.16.2020) and End (2:30:26 PM 10.16.2020). A modal dialog box is open, asking 'Update Deployment?' with 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons. Below the stats, a table titled 'Devices Affected' lists one device: TestDevice3 with status Succeeded, firmware 1.0.0, and previous firmware ---. A 'Devices Affected' section is also present.

- The Deployment Details screen also provides the option to delete a deployment.

This screenshot is identical to the first one, showing the 'Deployment Simulation' details screen. The 'Delete' button in the top right corner of the toolbar is highlighted with a blue border. The rest of the interface, including the sidebar, deployment statistics, modal dialog, and device affected table, remains the same.

- On clicking the Delete button, you will be presented with a confirmation popup.

The screenshot shows the 3M IoT Platform interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with various navigation options: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (which is selected), and Maintenance. The main content area is titled 'Deployment Simulation'. It displays deployment statistics: 1 Applied, 0 Failed, 1 Targeted, 1 Succeeded, and 0 Pending. Below this, there are sections for 'PRIORITY' (set to 4) and 'CONFIGURATION TYPE' (set to Firmware). A 'Devices Affected' table lists one device, 'TestDevice3', which has succeeded with firmware version 1.0.0. A confirmation dialog box is overlaid on the page, asking 'Delete Deployment?' with options to 'Delete' or 'Cancel'.

## Deactivate Deployment

You can deactivate a deployment to free up the configurations in IoT Hub and still have a reference of the deployment for future use.

Note:

IoT Hub currently has a limit of 100 configurations.

Steps to deactivate a deployment.

- Click on the circle adjacent to any active deployment

### Reference:

CIRCLE COLOR	STATUS OF DEPLOYMENT
Green	Active
Black	Inactive

! [Deployment Confirmation] (../../../../images/deployment/deploymentgrid-active-deployment.png)

- You will be presented with the Deployment Status flyout, representing the current status of the Deployment.

The screenshot shows the 'Deployment Status' dialog box. At the top right are icons for 'Get Link', 'Devices Loaded 1/1', and 'Manage device groups'. On the left is a sidebar with icons for Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (which is selected), and Maintenance. The main area has a title 'Deployments' and a table with columns: Name, Pa..., De..., Pri..., Pa..., Co..., Tar..., Ap..., Su... . A single row is selected, showing 'Deploy...' as the name, 'Packa...' as the package, 'Simula...' as the priority, 'Device...' as the target, 'Firmware' as the application, and '1' as the success count. On the right, under 'Deployment Status', it says 'Your environment is currently limited to 100 active deployments.' Below that is a section for 'DeploymentSimulation' with a toggle switch labeled 'Active' which is turned on. Under 'Related Deployments', it says 'No Related deployments exist for the selected deployment.' At the bottom are 'Apply' and 'Close' buttons.

- Toggle the button to change the status of the deployment

## Deployment Status

Your environment is currently limited to 100 active deployments.

### DeploymentSimulation

Active

### Related Deployments

No Related deployments exist for the selected deployment.

Apply

Close

- Click Apply.



## Deployment Status

Your environment is currently limited to 100 active deployments.

### Deployment Simulation



### Related Deployments

No Related deployments exist for the selected deployment.

Apply

x Close

- After a successful status change, you can verify the status of a deployment will be inactive

The screenshot shows the 3M IoT Hub interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (which is selected and highlighted in blue), and Maintenance. The main area is titled "Deployments" and shows a table with one row. The table columns include: Deploy..., Packag..., Simula..., Pa..., Device..., Firmware, Tar..., Ap..., Su..., Fai..., Cr..., Cr..., Mo..., Mo..., and Mo... . The first column has a checkbox and a black circle indicating it is inactive. The second column contains the text "Deploy...". The third column contains "Packag...". The fourth column contains "Simula...". The fifth column contains "4". The sixth column contains "Device...". The seventh column contains "Firmware". The eighth column contains "1". The ninth column contains "1". The tenth column contains "1". The eleventh column contains "---". The twelfth column contains "02:19...". The thirteenth column contains "Ragav...". The fourteenth column contains "04:44...". The fifteenth column contains "Ragav...". The top right corner of the main area shows the date "0/13/87". The top bar includes the 3M logo, a "Get Link" button, a "Devices Loaded" counter (1/1), a "Manage device groups" button, and a "+ New deployment" button. There are also icons for help, search, and user profile.

## Reactivate Deployment

You can reactivate a deployment if necessary.

Note:

IoT Hub currently has a limit of 100 configurations.

Steps to Reactivate a Deployment.

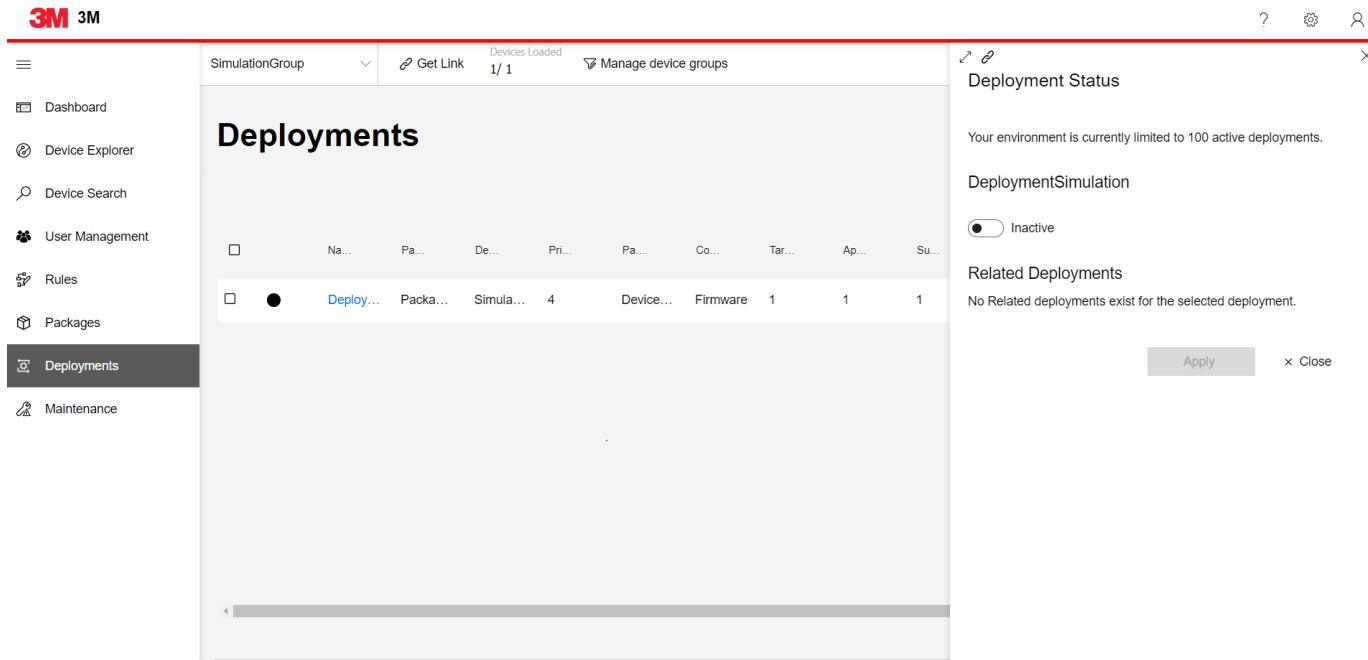
- Click on the circle adjacent to any inactive deployment

**Reference:**

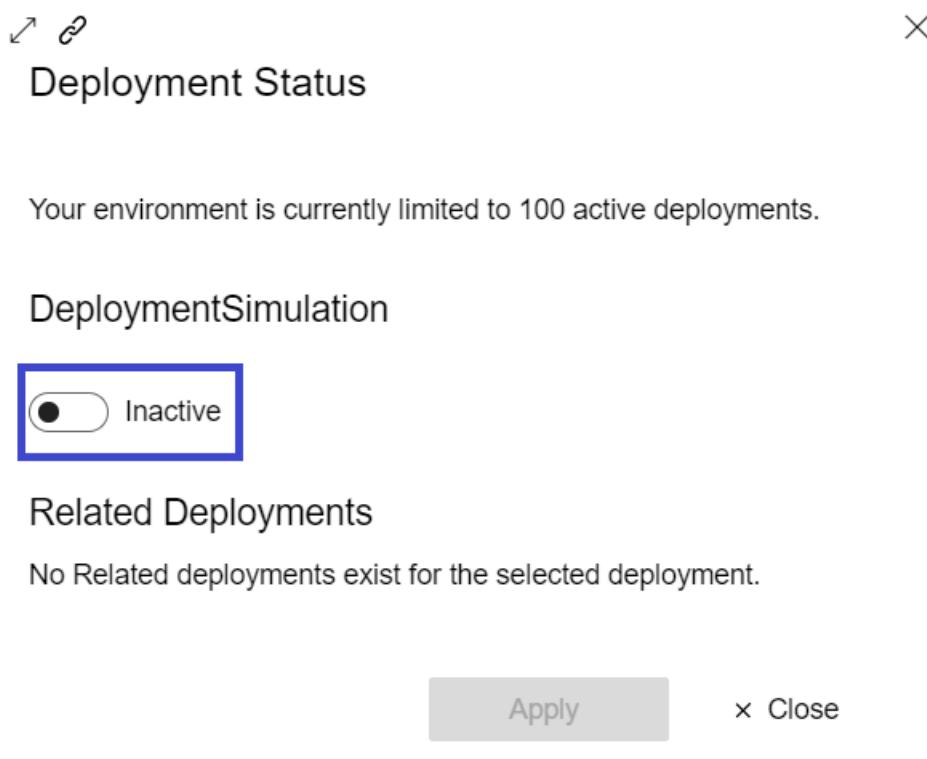
CIRCLE COLOR	STATUS OF DEPLOYMENT
Green	Active
Black	Inactive

! [Deployment Confirmation] (../../../../images/deployment/deploymentgrid-inactive-deployment.png)

- You will be presented with the Deployment Status flyout, representing the current status of the Deployment.



- Toggle the button to change the status of the deployment



- Click Apply.



## Deployment Status

Your environment is currently limited to 100 active deployments.

### Deployment Simulation



### Related Deployments

No Related deployments exist for the selected deployment.



- After successfully changing its status, you can verify the deployment is active

The screenshot shows the 3M Deployment Management interface. The left sidebar has a "Deployments" tab selected. The main area displays a table titled "Deployments" with one row of data. The columns include: Selection CheckBox, Name (Deploy...), Package (Packa...), Simulation (Simula...), Priority (4), Device Type (Device...), Firmware (Firmware), Target (1), Success (1), Failure (---), Creation Time (02:19...), Creator (Ragav...), and two more columns with ---. The top navigation bar includes "SimulationGroup" dropdown, "Get Link" button, "Devices Loaded 1/1", "Manage device groups" button, and "New deployment" button. The date "1/14/86" is displayed at the top right. A "Deploy..." link in the Name column is highlighted in blue.

## Delete Deployment

You can delete any deployment when it is considered unnecessary.

Steps to Delete a Deployment.

- Select a deployment by clicking in the Selection CheckBox.

**3M**

The screenshot shows the 3M Deployment Management interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with icons for Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments (which is selected and highlighted in blue), and Maintenance. The main area is titled "Deployments" and shows a table with one row of data. The table columns are: ID (checkbox), Status (green dot), Name (Deploy...), Package (Packa...), Simulation (Simula...), Priority (4), Target (Device...), Firmware (Firmware), Appliance (1), Success (1), Failure (---), Created (02:19:...), Created By (Ragav...), Modified (04:44:...), and Modified By (Ragav...). At the top right, the date "0/13/87" is displayed. The top bar includes "SimulationGroup" dropdown, "Get Link" button, "Devices Loaded 1/1" status, "Manage device groups" link, and "+ New deployment" button.

ID	Status	Name	Package	Simulation	Priority	Target	Firmware	Appliance	Success	Failure	Created	Created By	Modified	Modified By
<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	Deploy...	Packa...	Simula...	4	Device...	Firmware	1	1	---	02:19:...	Ragav...	04:44:...	Ragav...

1 to 1 of 1 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

- Once you select a deployment, the Delete option will be available in the toolbar

The screenshot shows the 3M Deployment Management interface. The "Deployments" table now has a checked checkbox in the first column of the selected row. The "Delete" button in the toolbar is highlighted with a blue border. The rest of the interface is identical to the first screenshot, including the navigation sidebar, table headers, and footer pagination.

- After clicking the Delete button, the Delete Confirmation popup will be presented for final confirmation.

**3M 3M**

SimulationGroup | Get Link | Devices Loaded 1/1 | Manage device groups | Delete | + New deployment | ? | ☰ | ☰

## Deployments

0/13/87

Expand Columns

Su...	Fai...	Cr...	Cr...	Mo...	Mo...
1	---	02:19:...	Ragav...	04:44:...	Ragav...

Delete Deployment?

Deleting selected deployment(s) will stop deployment from being applied to the devices. It may result in a lower priority deployment being applied if any.

1 to 1 of 1 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

This screenshot shows the 3M Deployment Grid interface. A modal dialog box is centered over the grid, asking for confirmation to delete a deployment. The dialog contains a message about the consequences of deletion and two buttons: 'Delete' (highlighted with a red box) and 'Cancel'. The grid itself shows one deployment entry with columns for Success, Failure, Creation, Completion, and Modification times, along with names like Ragav and a timestamp of 04:44:... . The navigation bar at the top includes links for SimulationGroup, Get Link, Manage device groups, Delete, + New deployment, and various help/sync icons.

- Click on the Delete button in the popup to confirm deletion.

**3M 3M**

SimulationGroup | Get Link | Devices Loaded 1/1 | Manage device groups | Delete | + New deployment | ? | ☰ | ☰

## Deployments

0/13/87

Expand Columns

Su...	Fai...	Cr...	Cr...	Mo...	Mo...
1	---	02:19:...	Ragav...	04:44:...	Ragav...

Delete Deployment?

Deleting selected deployment(s) will stop deployment from being applied to the devices. It may result in a lower priority deployment being applied if any.

1 to 1 of 1 First Previous Page 1 of 1 Next Last

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the same deployment grid and delete confirmation dialog. The 'Delete' button in the dialog is highlighted with a red box, indicating the user's intended action to confirm the deletion.

- After performing a successful deletion, you will not be able to find the deployment in the Deployment Grid.

SimulationGroup ▾ [Get Link](#) Devices Loaded 1/ 1 [Manage device groups](#)

+ New deployment

Dashboard Device Explorer Device Search User Management Rules Packages Deployments Maintenance

## Deployments

0/13/87

> Expand Columns

□	Na...	Pa...	De...	Pri...	Pa...	Co...	Tar...	Ap...	Su...	Fai...	Cr...	Mo...	Mo...
0 to 0 of 0 First Previous Page 0 of 0 Next Last													

# Maintenance

The **Maintenance** page allows users to view alerts from devices and different jobs that are running against devices. Below is the information a user can find on the **Maintenance** page:

1. [Summary](#)
  - [Alert counts](#)
  - [Job counts](#)
2. [Alerts Grid](#)
  - [Alert details](#)
3. [Jobs Grid](#)
  - [Job details](#)

## Summary

Click Maintenance from the left menu. A user can refer to this section to find the summary of counts for alerts and jobs based on their statuses.

### Alert counts

This section displays the number of alerts based on their statuses and severity:

- Open: Total open alerts
- Critical: Total Critical alerts
- Warning: Total Warning alerts

The screenshot shows the Maintenance page interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with a menu icon, a dropdown set to 'Default', a 'Get Link' button, and status indicators for 'Devices Loaded 24/24' and 'Manage device groups'. On the left is a sidebar with icons for Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance (which is highlighted). The main area has a title 'Maintenance' and a summary box. The summary box contains '158 Open Alerts' (with '158' highlighted), '0 Failed jobs', and '6 Total' (with '6 Succeeded'). Below this is a tabbed section with 'Alerts' selected. A table below shows a single row: Rule name 'TestRule', Description 'Ttest', Severity 'Critical' (indicated by a red triangle icon), and Total count '158'.

Rule name	Description	Severity	Total count
TestRule	Ttest	▲ Critical	158

### Job counts

This section displays the counts of jobs based on their statuses:

- Total: Total jobs

- Failed: Total failed jobs
- Succeeded: Total succeeded jobs

The screenshot shows the Maintenance page of the Serenity IoT DEV Platform. On the left is a sidebar with icons for Dashboard, Device Explorer, Device Search, User Management, Rules, Packages, Deployments, and Maintenance. The Maintenance icon is highlighted with a dark grey background. At the top right, there are dropdowns for 'Default' and 'Devices Loaded 24/ 24', along with 'Get Link' and 'Manage device groups' buttons. The main area has a large 'Maintenance' title. Below it, a summary box shows '158 Open Alerts' (158 Critical, 0 Warning), '0 Failed jobs', and '6 Total' (6 Succeeded). A red bar highlights the 'Alerts' tab in the 'Alerts Jobs' navigation. Below this is a grid table with columns: Rule name, Description, Severity, and Total count. One row is shown: 'TestRule' with 'Ttest' description, 'Critical' severity, and '158' total count.

Rule name	Description	Severity	Total count
TestRule	Ttest	▲ Critical	158

## Alerts Grid

Clicking the **Alerts** tab reveals a grid that shows the list of alerts based on the rules defined on the [Rules page](#)

This screenshot shows the Maintenance page with the 'Alerts' tab selected, revealing a detailed grid of alerts. The grid has columns: Rule name, Description, Severity, Total count, Open, Acknowledged, Closed, and Last occurrence. One alert is listed: 'TestRule' with 'Ttest' description, 'Critical' severity, '158' total count, and '0' in all other columns. A blue box highlights the 'Alerts' tab in the navigation bar.

Rule name	Description	Severity	Total count	Open	Acknowledged	Closed	Last occurrence
TestRule	Ttest	▲ Critical	158	158	0	0	03:52:27 PM 02.05..

Following are the columns displayed in the **Alerts** grid.

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Rule Name	Name of the rule
Description	Describes the rule that is being created
Severity	Describes the severity of the rule
Total Count	Indicates the number of total alerts
Open Count	Indicates the number of open alerts
Acknowledged Count	Indicates the number of acknowledged alerts
Closed Count	Indicates the number of closed alerts
Last Occurrence	Describes the rule's last occurrence date

## Alert details

Clicking on the row of an alert will navigate to the **Alert details** view, which displays the following information:

- When the alert was triggered
- Statuses of the devices associated with the alert
- Telemetry from the devices associated with the alert

The screenshot shows the 'Alert details' view for a rule named 'TestRule'. At the top, there are summary statistics: TOTAL 178, OPEN 178, ACKNOWLEDGED 0, and CLOSED 0. To the right, it shows the 'LAST EVENT' as 03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021 and 'SEVERITY' as Critical (indicated by a red triangle icon). Below this, a message says: 'Manage alert occurrences associated to this rule in the section below, and use the associated information to troubleshoot each occurrence.' The main area is divided into two sections: 'Rule detail' and 'Alert Occurrences'.

**Rule detail:**

Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
TestRule	Ttest	Critical	Default		Maintenance log	Enabled	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021

**Alert Occurrences:**

Occurrence	Description	Severity	Trigger device	Time	Status
TestRule		Critical	Test	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	open
TestRule		Critical	Test	03:52:25 PM 02.05.2021	open

Details about the Rule are shown in the **Rule detail** grid. A user can perform the below operations from this grid, similar to the actions available on the [Rules page](#):

- View Rule details
- Edit Rule
- Disable Rule
- Delete Rule

The **Alert Occurrences** grid depicts the occurrences of alerts. A user can perform the below operations inside this grid:

- [Acknowledge Alerts](#)
- [Close Alerts](#)
- [Delete Alerts](#)

## Acknowledge Alerts

To acknowledge alerts:

1. Select the alerts to acknowledge from grid.
2. An **Acknowledge** button appears in the tool bar.
3. Click the button.

The screenshot shows the 'Alert Occurrences' grid for the 'TestRule'. At the top, there's a toolbar with buttons for 'Get Link', 'Manage device groups', 'Close', 'Acknowledge' (which is highlighted with a blue border), 'Delete', and date/time filters ('Last month'). Below the toolbar, the rule summary shows: TOTAL 178, OPEN 178, ACKNOWLEDGED 0, CLOSED 0, LAST EVENT 03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021, and SEVERITY Critical. A message below says 'Manage alert occurrences associated to this rule in the section below, and use the associated information to troubleshoot each occurrence.' The 'Rule detail' section has a search bar and a table with columns: Rule name, Description, Severity, Device group, Trigger, Notification type, Status, and Last trigger. One row is selected for 'TestRule'. The 'Alert Occurrences' section has a search bar and a table with columns: Occurrence, Description, Severity, Trigger device, Time, and Status. Two rows are listed: one for 'TestRule' with a checked checkbox and another for 'TestRule' with an unchecked checkbox.

TOTAL	OPEN	ACKNOWLEDGED	CLOSED	LAST EVENT	SEVERITY
178	178	0	0	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	▲ Critical

Manage alert occurrences associated to this rule in the section below, and use the associated information to troubleshoot each occurrence.

Rule detail

Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
TestRule	Ttest	▲ Critical	Default		Maintenance log	Enabled	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021

Alert Occurrences

Occurrence	Description	Severity	Trigger device	Time	Status
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TestRule		▲ Critical	Test	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	open
<input type="checkbox"/> TestRule		▲ Critical	Test	03:52:25 PM 02.05.2021	open

## Close Alerts

To close alerts:

1. Select the alerts to close from grid.
2. A **Close** button appears in the tool bar.
3. Click the button.

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups Close Acknowledge Delete Last month Expand Columns

## TestRule

TOTAL	OPEN	ACKNOWLEDGED	CLOSED	LAST EVENT	SEVERITY
178	178	0	0	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	<span>▲ Critical</span>

Manage alert occurrences associated to this rule in the section below, and use the associated information to troubleshoot each occurrence.

Rule detail

Search rules... Expand Columns

Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
<span>TestRule</span>	Ttest	<span>▲ Critical</span>	Default		Maintenance log	Enabled	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021

Alert Occurrences Expand Columns

Occurrence	Description	Severity	Trigger device	Time	Status
<span>TestRule</span>		<span>▲ Critical</span>	Test	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	open
<span>TestRule</span>		<span>▲ Critical</span>	Test	03:52:25 PM 02.05.2021	open

## Delete Alerts

To delete alerts:

1. Select the alerts to delete from grid.
2. A **Delete** button appears in the tool bar.
3. Click the button.

Default Get Link Devices Loaded 24/ 24 Manage device groups Close Acknowledge Delete Last month Expand Columns

## TestRule

TOTAL	OPEN	ACKNOWLEDGED	CLOSED	LAST EVENT	SEVERITY
178	178	0	0	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	<span>▲ Critical</span>

Manage alert occurrences associated to this rule in the section below, and use the associated information to troubleshoot each occurrence.

Rule detail

Search rules... Expand Columns

Rule name	Description	Severity	Device group	Trigger	Notification type	Status	Last trigger
<span>TestRule</span>	Ttest	<span>▲ Critical</span>	Default		Maintenance log	Enabled	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021

Alert Occurrences Expand Columns

Occurrence	Description	Severity	Trigger device	Time	Status
<span>TestRule</span>		<span>▲ Critical</span>	Test	03:52:27 PM 02.05.2021	open
<span>TestRule</span>		<span>▲ Critical</span>	Test	03:52:25 PM 02.05.2021	open

## Jobs Grid

The **Jobs** tab displays a grid that lists the jobs for devices.

The screenshot shows the 'Maintenance' section of the platform. At the top, there are summary statistics: 158 Open Alerts (158 Critical, 0 Warning), 0 Failed jobs, and 6 Total (6 Succeeded). Below this, there are two tabs: 'Alerts' (selected) and 'Jobs'. A blue box highlights the 'Jobs' tab. To the right, there is a link to 'Expand Columns'. The main area displays a table of completed jobs with the following columns: Job Name, Status, Operation, No. of devices, Succeeded, Failed, Start time, and End time. Six rows of job data are listed.

Job Name	Status	Operation	No. of devices	Succeeded	Failed	Start time	End time
Test-a499890b-737...	Completed		1	1	0	03:18:57 PM 02.05....	03:19:01 PM 02.05....
2c6ac38e-5a99-4b5...	Completed		1	1	0	03:32:39 PM 02.05....	03:32:43 PM 02.05....
Test-a7e8f5ba-15c5...	Completed		1	1	0	03:17:42 PM 02.05....	03:17:47 PM 02.05....
ee2562f-dcc3d02b...	Completed		1	1	0	03:22:00 PM 02.05....	03:22:05 PM 02.05....
f45e8329-49ba-4c3...	Completed		1	1	0	03:32:15 PM 02.05....	03:32:20 PM 02.05....
a3e08078-dcc9-42a...	Completed		1	1	0	03:32:28 PM 02.05....	03:32:33 PM 02.05....

The following columns are displayed in the **Jobs** grid.

COLUMN NAME	DESCRIPTION
Job Name	Name of the job
Status	Status of the job
Operation	Describes the severity of the rule
No. of devices	Total number of affected devices
Succeeded	Number of devices with a succeeded status
Failed	Number of devices with a failed status
Start time	Datetime when the job started running
End time	Datetime when the job completed running

## Job details

Clicking on the row of a job navigates to **Job details** view. This view shows:

- Jobs list
- Devices affected

- ≡
- Dashboard
- Device Explorer
- Device Search
- User Management
- Rules
- Packages
- Deployments
- Maintenance

## Test-a499890b-737b-4519-85a8-ef42c162046c

[Expand Columns](#)

Job Name	Status	Operation	No. of devices	Succeeded	Failed	Start time	End time
Test-a499890b-737b-4519-85a8-ef42c162046c	Completed		1	1	0	03:18:57 PM 02.05.2021	03:19:01 PM 02.05.2021

[Expand Columns](#)

Job Name	Status	Device ID affected	Last return message	Start time	End time
Test-a499890b-737b-4519-85a8-ef42c162046c	Completed	Test	Completed	03:18:57 PM 02.05.2021	03:19:01 PM 02.05.2021

## Useful References

- [Alerts](#)

# Get Involved

There are many ways to help make this platform better. You can get involved in the community to share ideas or make direct contributions to the platform.

The following table describes the common ways to initialize improvements to the platform:

RESOURCE	DESCRIPTION
<b>Issues List</b>	Offers the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Report Bugs</li><li>• Request Features</li><li>• Influence Priorities</li><li>• Track Progress</li></ul>
<b>Documentation</b>	All documentation offers community contributions.
<b>Development</b>	You can make direct contributions to the code.
<b>Community Involvement</b>	Join the 3M IoT Platform Community.

## Issues List

Use the links below to get more information on each topic:

- [How to Report a Bug](#)
- [How to Request a Feature](#)
- [How to Influence Priorities](#)
- [How to Track Development](#)
- [How to Track Releases](#)

## Documentation

- [How to Improve Documentation](#)

## Development

- [How to Make Code Contributions](#)

## Community Involvement

- [How to Make Code Contributions](#)



# IoT Platform Community

Get involved in the 3M IoT Platform Community.

Details coming soon.

Emails will go out announcing the first event that is scheduled to start between October 15th and the 23rd.

# How to Request a Feature

To request a feature to improve the 3M IoT Platform on Azure, follow the steps below:

1. Open the [Issues List](#)
2. Navigate to the Issues List
3. Click **New issue**
4. Click **Get started** on the Feature request row
5. Populate the request (See section: *How to Complete Feature Request*)
6. Submit Issue
7. Track Progress (See [How to Track Progress](#))
8. Add Tag Name for the group requesting: e.g. CHIM

## How to Complete Feature Request

- Title
- Describe Need
- Describe Improvement
- Describe Alternatives
- Attachments



# How to Report a Bug

To report a bug related to the 3M IoT Platform on Azure, follow the steps below:

1. Open the [Issues List](#)
2. Navigate to the Issues List
3. Click **New issue**
4. Click **Get started** on the Bug report row
5. Populate the report (See section: How to Complete Bug Report)
6. Submit Issue
7. Track Progress (See [How to Track Progress](#))
8. Add Tag Name for the group requesting: e.g. CHIM

## How to Complete Bug Report

A Bug Report consists of the following sections:

- Title
- Description
- Steps to Reproduce
- Expected Behavior
- Screenshots
- Desktop
- Additional context
- Attachments

The remaining sections will describe how to complete each section.

### Title

TODO

### Description

### Steps to Reproduce

### Expected Behavior

### Screenshots

### Desktop

### Additional context

### Attachments



# How to Influence Priorities

This article describes how you can influence platform improvements by voting on issue prioritization.



# How to Track Progress

# How to Track Releases

Versions record what improvements are associated with a given release. When a new release is deployed to your environment, the version number is reflected in the UI. Versions organize platform improvements into identifiable releases. What's included in each version is recorded in the ChangeLog which is publicly available on [GitHub](#). A new version must be deployed to each environment. As such, environments typically run on different releases.

## How to check the current version

To see the list of improvements by version, open the [Change Log](#).

## How to check the improvements per version

From the releases page, click the link to the changelog for the version you're interested in or simply click the first link. Improvements for all other versions will also be listed. Here's what it looks like:

## How to check which version you're running

The easiest way to identify which version an environment has deployed is through the user interface. By clicking on the gear icon in the upper right, the current version is easily identified as depicted below:

The link **[View release notes](#)** offers a quick way to open the ChangeLog on the public repo.



# How to Improve Documentation



# Overview on Contributing Platform Enhancements



# Getting Started for Web Developers

This document provides setup instructions for contributing to the 3M IoT Platform as a *Web Developer*. In addition, it outlines relevant skills and helpful links to learn about or brush up on related topics.

## Common Contributions

Web Developers typically contribute to the platform in the following ways:

- Enhancing the web User Interface
- Communicating with the Backend Services

## Tools to Install

- [Git](#)
- [PowerShell](#)
- [NodeJS](#)
- [NPM](#)
- [VS Code](#)

## Useful Skills

Be familiar with the following:

- JavaScript
- CSS/Sass
- [ReactJS](#)
- [Redux \(a ReactJS event management tool\)](#)
- IoT
- [Azure IoT UX Fluent Controls](#)
- [Git](#)

## Helpful Resources

- [IoT School](#)
- [Microsoft IoT](#)



# Getting Started for API Developers

This document provides setup instructions for contributing to the 3M IoT Platform as an *API Developer*. In addition, it outlines relevant skills and helpful links to learn about or brush up on related topics.

## Useful Skills

- C#
- .Net core
- IoT
- Azure services- IoTHub, Azure Storage, Cosmos DB
- Containerization
- Dev spaces (optional)
- Azure functions
- Kubernetes (optional)
- Docker (optional)
- Git

## Common Contributions

API Developers typically contribute to the platform in the following ways:

- Updating/enhancing back-end services
- Building service to interact with IoTHub to configure devices and provide configuration updates to devices via IoTHub
- Building Analytics to check for anomalies
- Services to store data for Audit

## Tools to Install

- Visual Studio 2019 (or above) / VS Code
- Docker desktop (optional)
- Azure CLI (optional)
- Git

## Helpful Resources

- [IoT School](#)
- [Microsoft IoT](#)
- [Azure CLI](#)
- [Azure Storage](#)
- [Cosmos DB](#)
- [Azure IoT Hub](#)
- [Git](#)



# Getting Started for Azure Developers

This document provides setup instructions for contributing to the 3M IoT Platform as a *Azure Developer*. In addition, it outlines relevant skills and helpful links to learn about or brush up on related topics.

## Useful Skills

Be familiar with the following list of Azure services

- AKS
- Storage Account
- DPS (Device Provisioning Service)
- Function App
- App Configuration
- Cosmos DB
- Event Hub
- Key Vault
- Send Grid
- IOT Hub
- Stream Analytics Job
- Azure Maps

## Common Contributions

Azure Developer typically contribute to the platform in the following ways:

- Should have knowledge on Azure Services and how to deploy code to these services.
- Enhancing the Azure Services and integration between the services.

## Tools

- Az cli
- Azure Storage Explorer
- Azure Devspaces cli and extension
- Azure IOT Explorer
- VS Code
- Docker

## Helpful Resources

- [IoT School](#)
- [Microsoft IoT](#)
- [Azure Storage Explorer](#)
- [Az Cli](#)
- [Devspaces](#)

# Getting Started for DevOps Engineers

This document provides setup instructions for contributing to the 3M IoT Platform as a *DevOps Engineer*. In addition, it outlines relevant skills and helpful links to learn about or brush up on related topics.

## Useful Skills

- Azure Services
  - AKS
  - Storage Account
  - DPS (Device Provisioning Service)
  - Function App
  - App Configuration
  - Cosmos DB
  - Event Hub
  - Key Vault
  - Send Grid
  - IOT Hub
  - Stream Analytics Job
  - Azure Maps
  - Application Insights
  - Application Gateway
  - Log Analytics
  - Azure Automation Account
  - Virtual Network
  - Network Security Group
  - DNS Zone
  - Load Balancer
  - VM Scale set
- Azure Devops
- Powershell
- Bash
- Kubernetes
- Helm
- Docker
- Docker Compose

## Helpful Resources

- [Microsoft IoT](#)
- [Azure Cli](#)
- [Azure IOT Explorer](#)
- [Git](#)
- [Git Desktop](#)
- [Helm](#)
- [Kubernetes](#)
- [Storage Explorer](#)
- [Devspace](#)
- [Azure Devops](#)

DevOps Engineer typically contribute to the platform in the following ways:

- Enhancing existing CI/CD pipelines.
- Creating new pipelines if there are any
- Creating the infrastructure in Azure through Infrastructure as a Code.

## Tools

- Az cli
- Azure Storage Explorer
- Azure Devspaces cli and extension
- Azure IOT Explorer
- VS Code
- Docker
- Bash
- Kubernetes
- Helm
- Git
- GitHub Desktop
- Docker Desktop
- Docker Compose
- Powershell
- VS Code



## Getting Started for Document Contributors

This document provides setup instructions for contributing to the 3M IoT Platform as a *Document Contributor*. In addition, it outlines relevant skills and helpful links to learn about or brush up on related topics.

### Useful Skills

- Markdown
- IoT (optional)
- Git

### Common Contributions

Documentation Contributors typically contribute in the following ways:

- Add new content to the documentation
- Improve or organize the existing documentation

### Tools to Install

- VS Code
- [Docfx](#)
- Git

### Helpful Resources

- [Docfx User manual](#)
- [Docfx - API Documentation](#)
- [Docfx - Rest API](#)
- [IoT School](#)
- [Microsoft IoT](#)
- [Git](#)



# 3M IoT Development Environment Setup Instructions

This document provides detailed documentation on setting up a development environment to contribute to 3M's IoT Azure Platform, called Bluebird. Note: If you're using a 3M Virtual Machine, it's possible some of the products to install may exist already.

## Products to Install

Please install the following products in the order listed below. Click the project name to open the specific steps for each product below. Wherever relevant, OS specific steps will be provided for both Mac and PC. I would like to also point out that we are not allowed to be admins on our 3M machines, we use elevated access. This is accomplished by right clicking and selecting the elevated access option.

**Note:** Install Issues not specifically addressed in the specific product install guides below should be recorded here. Since we have moved into an open source environment for Odin it is not unreasonable to use our own machines for dev. Sometimes this proves less restrictive and has better up-time.

### Product Install Guides (by install order)

- [Virtualization](#) (only necessary if developing on Windows)
- [.NET Core 3.1](#)
- [PowerShell](#)
- [Azure CLI](#) (plus extensions)
- [Visual Studio Code](#)
- [Git / Bash](#)
- [NodeJS / npm](#)
- [Visual Studio 2019](#)
- [Azure Data Studio](#)
- [Storage Explorer](#)
- [Azure IoT Explorer](#)
- [Docker](#)
- [Terraform](#)
- [Kubernetes](#)
- [Helm](#)
- [Redux](#)
- [Postman](#)
- [Dev Spaces](#)
- [XUnit](#)

## Next Steps

Once you're done installing the tools, you need to get access to the solution's source code. To do so, please follow the steps here:  
[Source Code](#)



# Whats new in VS 2019

Check the details here

Use the community edition if you don't have a licensed version: <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/downloads/>

## Download

Download Visual Studio 2019 from [here](#)



# Overview

VS Code is an editor developed by Microsoft for Windows, Linux and macOS.

## Prerequisites

Before installing VS Code, be sure the following are installed:

- [Git](#)
- [PowerShell](#)
- [NodeJS](#)
- [NPM](#)

## Download Media

VS Code can be downloaded from: <https://code.visualstudio.com/download>

Recommended install settings on Windows:

- Check Add to Windows Explorer Shortcut

## Extensions: Required

- [PowerShell](#)
- [Chrome Debugger](#)
- [React Native Tools](#)
- [YAML](#)

## Extensions: Optional

### General

- For additional React Sugar: <https://medium.com/productivity-freak/the-ultimate-vscode-setup-for-js-react-6a4f7bd51a2>

### For Kubernetes Development

Docker should already be installed. Then consider installing the following extensions:

- [Cloud Code](#) for
- [Docker](#)
- [C#](#)

### For Test Development

- [Nxunit Test Explorer](#)

### For Documentation

Have DocFx already installed

- [DocFX](#)
- [docs-preview]<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=docsmsft.docs-preview>

# Overview

If your development environment runs on Windows you must setup virtualization in order to run docker containers locally since some of them run on Linux which Windows does not natively support. This is not necessary on a MacOS since it's based on Unix. Which virtualization product you use is a matter of preference and is typically influence by the OS of your host machine. Historically, Hyper-V was popular for servers and VirtualBox on clients.

## Virtualization Product

PRODUCT	VENDOR	GUIDES
Hyper-V	Microsoft	<a href="#">MS Install Guide</a>
Virtual Box	Oracle	- <a href="#">Docker for Mac - Using Docker with Virutal Box on Windows</a>

## Prepare Virtual Machine using Hyper-V

1. Enable Hyper-V. [Click for more details.](#)
2. Create a Virtual Machine. [Click for more details.](#) Note: Microsoft offers instances of Ubuntu and an evaluation copy of Windows. Currently the evaluation only last 5 days so it's not a great option unless you have an Win 10 Enterprise Key to use to upgrade. Otherwise you need an ISO and License Key for the OS you intend to install. Using the eval requires a 16GB download.
3. Prepare Installation Media
4. Create Virtual Machine

## Prepare Installation Media

If you're going to use your own copy of an operating system, you need to first create an ISO so Hyper-V or VirtualBox can use it to build the Virtual Machine. Microsoft provides a useful tool called **Create Windows 10 installation media** that can be downloaded here <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/software-download/windows10>. The link includes instructions on how to use.

The above approach can also be used for Windows 8.1 and Windows 7. Alternatively there are several open source and 3rd party products that can be used to create ISO.

## Create Virtual Machine

Once you have your ISO, you can start the create virtual machine process. To continue, follow these steps:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/hyper-v-on-windows/quick-start/quick-create-virtual-machine>

## Alternative

As untried alternative to virtualization, if you're using Windows you could try the Linux subsystem for Windows.  
Note: We have not tried this. Key consideration is whether or not docker images can be instantiated.

Use Windows Subsystem for Linux for production: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/nodejs/setup-on-windows#use-windows-subsystem-for-linux-for-production>

The Windows Subsystem for Linux, introduced in the [Anniversary Update](#), became a stable feature in the [Fall Creators Update](#). You can now run Ubuntu and openSUSE on Windows, with Fedora and more Linux distributions coming soon.

This document might be a good guide: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/windowscontainers/quick-start/set-up-environment?tabs=Windows-10-Client>



## Overview

.NET Core is a cross-platform successor to the .NET Framework that runs on Windows, Linux, and macOS operating systems. You can download from [here](#). It was open sourced by Microsoft.

## TODO

Did you choose 3.1.0 or 3.1.3 (latest as of 4/8 )?

# Overview

PowerShell is a command-line shell and associated scripting language that can run on Windows, Linux and macOS as of version 7.

## Installation Guides

- [Windows](#)
- [macOS](#)
- [Linux](#)
- [Installing PowerShell in Azure Resources via ARM](#)

To access the download packages go here: <https://github.com/PowerShell/PowerShell>

## Additional

Windows PowerShell 7 is automatically part of Windows 10 IoT Enterprise. Additional details look here:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/scripting/install/installing-powershell-core-on-windows?view=powershell-7#deploying-on-windows-10-iot-enterprise>

# Overview

The Azure command-line interface (Azure CLI) is a set of commands used to create and manage Azure resources. The Azure CLI is available across Azure services and is designed to get you working quickly with Azure, with an emphasis on automation.

Click [here](#) to get more details Be sure to add [additional extensions, see below](#).

Note: Requires Elevated Permissions on 3M's Virtual Machine

## Install the Azure CLI

The Azure CLI is available to install in Windows, macOS and Linux environments. It can also be run in a Docker container and Azure Cloud Shell.

The current version of the Azure CLI is **2.3.1**. For information about the latest release, see the [release notes](#). To find your installed version and see if you need to update, run `az --version`.

- [Install on Windows](#)
- [Install on macOS](#)
- Install on Linux or Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)
  - [Install with apt on Debian or Ubuntu](#)
  - [Install with yum on RHEL, Fedora, or CentOS](#)
  - [Install with zypper on openSUSE or SLE](#)
  - [Install from script](#)
- [Run in Docker container](#)
- [Run in Azure Cloud Shell](#)

## Use extensions with Azure CLI

The Azure CLI offers the capability to load extensions. Extensions are Python wheels that aren't shipped as part of the CLI but run as CLI commands. With extensions, you gain access to experimental and pre-release commands along with the ability to write your own CLI interfaces.

Click [here](#) to get details on how to use extensions

## Additional Extensions

Add the extensions listed below. To do so, use the following command:

```
az extension add --name {extension_name}
```

To see the list of available extensions and their details such as if they're enabled, run the following:

```
az extension list-available
```

Note: if any of your extensions need to be updated, you can swap the **add** command with **update**.

### Dev Spaces

- **Description:** Dev Spaces provides a rapid, iterative Kubernetes development experience for teams.
- **Command:** `az extension add --name dev-spaces`

- [Documentation](#)
  - **Note:** there is a preview version as well. dev-spaces-preview

## IoT

- **Description:** Comprehensive data-plane functionality to manage Internet of Things (IoT) assets.
- **Command:** `az extension add --name azure-iot`
- [Documentation](#)

## DevOps

- **Description:** Manage Azure DevOps organization level operations including pipelines, boards, repos, artifacts, etc.
- **Command:** `az extension add --name azure-devops`
- [Documentation](#)

## Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)

- **Description:** Manage Azure Kubernetes Services.
- **Command:** `az extension add --name aks-preview`
- [Documentation](#)

# Introduction

Git is a distributed version-control system for tracking changes in source code during software development. It is designed for coordinating work among programmers, but it can be used to track changes in any set of files. Its goals include speed, data integrity, and support for distributed, non-linear workflows. It is designed to handle everything from small to very large projects with speed and efficiency.

## Pre-requisites

Be sure to installed VS Code first. Then you'll have the option of hooking Git into VS Code as you're editor.

If you're going to use recommended [NVM](#) (Node Version Manager) on Windows, you'll need to **Enable symbolic links** during the installation. See settings section, install step **Configuring extra options** below for more information.

## Git

For official installation instructions, click - [Git & GitHub](#).

Click [here](#) to download git for different OS.

## Settings

Use the default values except on the screenshots below. For those steps, use the settings indicated in the screenshot (assuming Win Install). :::image type="content" source="../../images/git-settings1.PNG" alt-text="Git settings 1":::

:::image type="content" source="../../images/git-settings2.PNG" alt-text="Git settings 2":::

:::image type="content" source="../../images/git-settings3.PNG" alt-text="Git settings 3":::

:::image type="content" source="../../images/git-settings4.PNG" alt-text="Git settings 4":::

## GitHub Desktop (optional)

Click [here](#) to download GitHub Desktop for macOS, Win, and Linux.

## Connecting Your GitHub Repository to 3M

1. The repository you are look for is <https://github.com/3Mcloud/azure-iot-platform-dotnet/>
2. You will then select Fork in the top right hand corner as displayed below
  - :::image type="content" source="../../images/git-repo-fork1.PNG" alt-text="Git repo Fork":::
3. This will then allow you to tie your personal account to the 3m cloud
4. You are able to verify that you are associated by clicking the number next to fork. It will display the different accounts attached as shown below.
  - :::image type="content" source="../../images/git-repo-fork2.PNG" alt-text="Git repo Fork":::
5. You can see mine is highlighted, using this method you are able to raise PR's and also submit Reviews. Keep in mind we need two reviews for QA purposes.
6. You can also see what your teammates have been working on by clicking on their account.
7. You are able to sync data from your repo to the 3m master. There are 2 main ways to do this.
  - This way is done by the cli.
    - <https://help.github.com/en/github/collaborating-with-issues-and-pull-requests/platforms/azure> - © 3M 2020

- This is the way to do it through the web gui. I think this is the ideal way to do this. I will attach a video and screen shots.
  - <https://youtu.be/YhwBgYPfoVE>
    - As you can see my repo is 15 commits behind.
    - ::image type="content" source="../../images/pull-request1.PNG" alt="Pull request 1"::
    - After comparing it will tell me I am able to merge.
    - ::image type="content" source="../../images/pull-request2.PNG" alt="Pull request 2"::
    - You would then submit a PR to sync your fork.
    - ::image type="content" source="../../images/pull-request3.PNG" alt="Pull request 3"::

## CLI Approach to Refresh Local Master with Upstream Changes

Note: This approach will completely replace your local master (forked 3M repo) with changes upstream (3M Cloud):

```
git remote add upstream /url/to/original/repo
git fetch upstream
git checkout master
git reset --hard upstream/master
git push origin master --force
```

## CLI Approach to Creating New Branch

By on a new copy of "master" (using above approach). Then create a new branch

```
git checkout -b 1245-fix(webui)-deployment-flyout
```

# Introduction

Bash is the shell, or command language interpreter, for the GNU operating system. The name is an acronym for the 'Bourne-Again SHell', a pun on Stephen Bourne, the author of the direct ancestor of the current Unix shell sh, which appeared in the Seventh Edition Bell Labs Research version of Unix. Bash is largely compatible with sh and incorporates useful features from the Korn shell ksh and the C shell csh. It is intended to be a conformant implementation of the IEEE POSIX Shell and Tools portion of the IEEE POSIX specification (IEEE Standard 1003.1). It offers functional improvements over sh for both interactive and programming use. While the GNU operating system provides other shells, including a version of csh, Bash is the default shell. Like other GNU software, Bash is quite portable. It currently runs on nearly every version of Unix and a few other operating systems - independently-supported ports exist for MS-DOS, OS/2, and Windows platforms.

The improvements offered by Bash include:

- Command line editing
- Unlimited size command history
- Job Control
- Shell Functions and Aliases
- Indexed arrays of unlimited size
- Integer arithmetic in any base from two to sixty-four

## Download

There are many ways to install bash. A couple options are as following:

### GNU

Bash can be found on the main GNU ftp server: <http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bash/> (via HTTP) and <ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bash/> (via FTP). It can also be found on the [GNU mirrors](#); please [use a mirror](#) if possible.

Click [here](#) for more details

### Install with Git

You can get bash on windows by [installing GIT](#). This might be the easiest approach for developers using Windows. During the install, choose Windows Explorer integration: :::image type="content" source="..../images/git-install.PNG" alt="Git install":::

### VS Code

Check out this: <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/42606837/how-do-i-use-bash-on-windows-from-the-visual-studio-code-integrated-terminal>

# Overview

NodeJS is a extension from [Joyant](#) that builds on Google's V8 Engine that offers a very fast run-time environment for solutions built using JavaScript that can run both client-side (web and desktop - via Electron) and server side. The speed comes from Google's non-blocking IO model.

□□□□□ BE SURE TO TARGET VERSIONS: **NPM** 6.4.1 **NODE** 10.14.1 (local) 11.1 (prod)

For the official installation documentation, check out: [NPM & Node](#)

We recommended using Node Version Manager (NVM) for Windows to be able to support switching between NodeJS versions (which also influences the active NPM version). We have found install issues on some Windows 10 Machines running McAfee. Follow these instructions to avoid install issues: <https://medium.com/@tysonpaul89/maintain-multiple-versions-of-node-js-in-windows-operating-system-using-nvm-3c6bf5b63f29>

Alternatively, to install NodeJS directly go to <https://nodejs.org/>, but you want be able to switch versions so be sure to install the correct version (see above).

Additional details about configuring and switching versions using NVM are below

Another helpful guide is: [Set up your Node.js development environment directly on Windows](#)

## NVM Alternatives

If you have install issues with NVM or are running on a non-windows machine, try the following:

While windows-nvm is currently the most popular version manager for node, there are alternatives to consider:

[nvs](#) (Node Version Switcher) is a cross-platform nvm alternative with the ability to [integrate with VS Code](#).

[Volta](#) is a new version manager from the LinkedIn team that claims improved speed and cross-platform support.

To install Volta as your version manager (rather than windows-nvm), go to the **Windows Installation** section of their [Getting Started guide](#), then download and run their Windows installer, following the setup instructions.

**Important:** You must ensure that [Developer Mode](#) is enabled on your Windows machine before installing Volta.

To learn more about using Volta to install multiple versions of Node.js on Windows, see the [Volta Docs](#).

## Node Version Manager (NVM)

Use Node Version Manager (NVM) to support multiple versions:

- Windows: <https://github.com/coreybutler/nvm-windows>
- Linux and MAC: <https://github.com/nvm-sh/nvm>

### Note

This solution uses older versions of NodeJS. Uses older versions will cause warning to be triggered like:

npm WARN npm npm does not support Node.js vXX.XX.XX These can be ignored.

It's best to do uninstall any direct node installs before installing NVM. Even though the install on windows seems to merge existing installs, you'll likely still run into issues with the Node Package Manager (NPM). See Uninstall Existing Node Documentation below:

Once installed, run the following to install the latest version of NodeJS:

## Useful NVM Commands

### List Versions currently installed

```
"engines": { "node": ">=0.12" }
```

```
list
```

### Install version

```
nvm install "latest"
```

```
or
```

```
nvm install 10.1
```

### Set current version

```
nvm use 10.1
```

### Set NPM Versions

You can change your NPM Versions up or down using the following

#### Getting Lastest NPM

Node comes with npm installed so you should have a version of npm. However, npm gets updated more frequently than Node does, so you'll want to make sure it's the latest version.

```
npm install npm@latest -g
```

#### Targeting Specific NPM Version

Just replace @latest with the version number you want to downgrade to. I wanted to downgrade to version 3.10.10, so I used this command:

```
npm install -g npm@3.10.10
```

**Note:** If you do a lot of version switching, you might run into the following issue:

Error: Node Sass does not yet support your current operating system: Windows 64-bit with Unsupported runtime 1.0e

There's an easy fix:

```
npm rebuild node-sass
```

Additional information can be found [here](#). This approach requires python to be installed.

## Uninstall Existing Node and NPM Versions

### Uninstall existing Node Version

Please note, you need to uninstall any existing versions of nodejs before installing NVM for Windows. Also delete any existing nodejs installation directories (e.g., "C:\Program Files\nodejs") that might remain. NVM's generated symlink will not overwrite an existing (even empty) installation directory.

### Uninstall existing NPM Version

You should also delete the existing npm install location (e.g. "C:\Users<user>\AppData\Roaming\npm"), so that the nvm install

location will be correctly used instead. Backup the global `npmrc` config (e.g.

`C:\Users\<user>\AppData\Roaming\npm\etc\npmrc`), if you have some important settings there, or copy the settings to the user config `C:\Users\<user>\.npmrc`.

## Helpful Tools

TOOL	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
NPM-Check	Display package versions and if updates are available.	Warning: Careful on making updates. Those are sweeping changes that shouldn't be taken lightly (unless of course you're not installing into the solution or changing dependencies).

## ESLint Issues

Sometimes ESLint causes a lot of issues. This often happens on a fresh clone that came from a repo built by a different OS. This issue can be easily resolved by running:

```
npm run lint -- --fix
```

# Overview

npm (Node Package Manager) is a package manager for the JavaScript programming language. It is the default package manager for the JavaScript runtime environment Node.js. It consists of a command line client, also called npm, and an online database of public and paid-for private packages, called the npm registry. The registry is accessed via the client, and the available packages can be browsed and searched via the npm website. The package manager and the registry are managed by npm, Inc.

□□□□□ BE SURE TO TARGET VERSIONS: **NPM** 6.4.1 **NODE** 10.14.1 (local) 11.1 (prod)

For the official installation documentation, check out: [NPM & Node](#)

## Command Line Client

npm includes a **CLI** (Command Line Client) that can be used to download and install software:

Windows Example

```
C:\>npm install <package>
```

Mac OS Example

```
>npm install <package>
```

## Installing npm

npm is installed with Node.js This means that you have to install Node.js to get npm installed on your computer. Download Node.js from the official Node.js web site: <https://nodejs.org>



## Overview

A light-weight editor that can run on-demand SQL queries, view and save results as text, JSON, or Excel. Edit data, organize your favorite database connections, and browse database objects in a familiar object browsing experience.

## Download

Azure Data Studio can be downloaded from [here](#).



## Overview

Upload, download, and manage Azure blobs, files, queues, and tables, as well as Azure Cosmos DB and Azure Data Lake Storage entities. Easily access virtual machine disks, and work with either Azure Resource Manager or classic storage accounts. Manage and configure cross-origin resource sharing rules.

## Download

Storage Explorer can be downloaded from [here](#)

# Introduction

The Azure IoT explorer is a graphical tool for interacting with and testing your IoT Plug and Play Preview devices. After installing the tool on your local machine, you can use it to connect to a device. You can use the tool to view the telemetry the device is sending, work with device properties, and call commands.

## Download

Azure IoT Explorer can be downloaded from [here](#)

## Install and use Azure IoT explorer

Click [here](#) to know how to install and use Azure IoT explorer

## Quick Demo

Check out this video for a quick e2e [demo](#).



# Installation guide for Docker

Docker is a set of platform as a service products that uses OS-level virtualization to deliver software in packages called containers. Containers are isolated from one another and bundle their own software, libraries and configuration files; they can communicate with each other through well-defined channels. To install it, following the guides below specific to your operating system.

## Docker on Mac

Installation instructions for installing Docker on a Mac can be found [here](#).

## Docker on Windows

### What to know before installation

- Windows 10 64-bit: Pro, Enterprise, or Education (Build 15063 or later).
- Hyper-V and Containers Windows features must be enabled.
- The following hardware prerequisites are required to successfully run Client Hyper-V on Windows 10:
  - 64-bit processor with [Second Level Address Translation \(SLAT\)](#)
  - 4GB system RAM
  - BIOS-level hardware virtualization support must be enabled in the BIOS settings. For more information, see [Virtualization](#).

For additional information about requirements see: [What to know before you install](#).

### Steps to setup Docker on Windows

- Download Docker Desktop <https://hub.docker.com/editions/community/docker-ce-desktop-windows/>
- Double-click Docker Desktop Installer.exe to run the installer.
- If you haven't already downloaded the installer (Docker Desktop Installer.exe), you can get it from [Docker Hub](#). It typically downloads to your Downloads folder, or you can run it from the recent downloads bar at the bottom of your web browser.
- Follow instructions on the installation wizard to accept the license, authorize the installer, and proceed with the install.
- When prompted, authorize the Docker Desktop Installer with your system password during the install process. Privileged access is needed to install networking components, links to the Docker apps, and manage the Hyper-V VMs.
- Click Finish on the setup complete dialog and launch the Docker Desktop application.

For additional information, see [Install Docker Desktop on Windows](#). To test your installation, follow [this guide](#).

### Alternative Setup

It might now be possible to use use Docker on Windows without having to virtualize thanks to the release of the Linux subsystem for Windows. This approach has not been tested to determine if it will work for this solution. It allows you to run Unbuntu and openSUSE on Windows, with Fedora and more Linux distributions coming soon.

As untried alternative to virtualization, if you're using Windows you could try the Linux subsystem for Windows.

Note: We have not tried this. Key consideration is whether or not docker images can be instantiated.

This documented might be a good guide: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/windowscontainers/quick-start/set-up-environment?tabs=Windows-10-Client>

For additional information on the Linux Subsystem: The Windows Subsystem for Linux, introduced in the [Anniversary Update](#), became a stable feature in the [Fall Creators Update](#).

# Installation guide for Terraform

Steps to set up terraform on Windows:

- To install Terraform, find the [appropriate package](#) for your system and download it. Terraform is packaged as a zip archive.
- After downloading Terraform, unzip the package. Terraform runs as a single binary named `terraform`. Any other files in the package can be safely removed and Terraform will still function.
- The final step is to make sure that the `terraform` binary is available on the PATH.
- Verify the installation by executing `terraform` on new terminal session

# Installation guide for Kubernetes

## Steps to set up a kubectl on Windows

- Download the kubectl.exe using a [link](#) and save the file in any folder on windows file system.
- Add the kubectl.exe folder location in path variable - "Advanced System Settings -> Advanced -> Environment Variables -> Path". For example, if you have saved file to C:/kube then add this folder path to the path variable.
- Open a command prompt and type kubectl and you should see all commands supported by kubectl.

## Install minikube \*(Not Mandatory)

- VT-x or AMD-v virtualization must be enabled in your computer's BIOS.
- Install the virtualization platform such as Virtualbox or KVM. You are not really required to configure the image.
- Download the minikube-windows-amd64 file from [here](#).
- Add this folder path location in path variable: "Advanced System Settings -> Advanced -> Environment Variables -> Path." For example, if you have saved the file to C:/kube then add this folder path to the path variable.
- Open the command prompt and fire a command minikube and you should see all the commands supported by minikube.

On windows, you can get similar kind of linux kind of user experience with Cygwin. Install Cygwin by following the steps listed on [its website](#).

### Start minikube :

- Open the Cygwin terminal and run command \$ minikube start.
- Run command kubectl version to confirm the working of minikube.

# Installation guide for Helm

## Prerequisites

- You will need the command line program kubectl installed on your Windows 10 computer and configured to work with a Kubernetes Cluster.
- 7-Zip compression / decompression program is needed to extract the Helm program for Windows from the compressed file-folder from the Helm site. You can download it here: <https://www.7-zip.org/download.html>

## Steps to Install

- Download the latest version of the compressed executable from the Helm GitHub site, <https://github.com/kubernetes/helm/releases>.
- Navigate to the folder you downloaded the helm-vX.X.X-windows-amd64.tar.gz compressed file from and move the file to its own directory.
- Navigate to the new directory and right click on the tar.gz file and with 7Zip, open the tar.gz archive.
- Double click the single tar file in that directory, helm-v2.7.2-windows-amd64.tar.
- You should now see a windows file folder in the 7Zip window, windows-amd64. Right click on the folder, select Copy To, and select the directory you want to copy the folder to.
- add the helm program to the System File path to make it easily accessible from the command line.
- Open the Control Panel's System panel.
- Select the Advanced system settings link on the left.
- Select Environment Variables.
- Under System variables, select Path, and then select Edit.
- Select the New button and then add the folder path where you copied the helm folder to and then press OK.
- Open a new command line window and type helm on the command line to make sure you have access to helm from the command line.
- Assuming you have the kubectl program configured for your Kubernetes cluster you can now initialize helm.
- Now you are ready to deploy Kubernetes applications to your kube cluster.

**Note:** Ubuntu and an evaluation copy of Windows. Otherwise you need an ISO and License Key for the OS you intend to install. Using the eval requires a 16GB download.

# Overview

Redux is an open-source JavaScript library for managing application state. It is most commonly used with libraries such as React or Angular for building user interfaces. It was created by Dan Abramov and Andrew Clark.

Redux is a predictable state container for JavaScript apps.

It helps you write applications that behave consistently, run in different environments (client, server, and native), and are easy to test. On top of that, it provides a great developer experience, such as [live code editing combined with a time traveling debugger](#).

You can use Redux together with [React](#), or with any other view library. It is tiny (2kB, including dependencies), but has a large ecosystem of addons available.

## Installation

To install the stable version:

`npm install redux` This assumes you are using [npm](#) as your package manager.

If you're not, you can [access these files on unpkg](#), download them, or point your package manager to them.

Click [here](#) to get more details

# Introduction

Postman is a collaboration platform for API development. Postman's features simplify each step of building an API and streamline collaboration so you can create better APIs—faster.

Get more detail [here](#)

## Installation and updates

Postman is available as a native app for Mac, Windows (32-bit / 64-bit), and Linux (32-bit / 64-bit) operating systems.

To get the latest version of the Postman app, visit the [download page](#) and click Download for your platform.

Installing Postman

- [Mac](#)
- [Windows](#)
- [Linux](#)



# Guide

A PowerShell script for configuring DevSpaces is available [here](#). Works on Windows and macOS. Not sure about Linux. But we also have a bash version (under Files\Tools\DevSpaces). Additional documentation is [here](#).

Here are instructions on how to use:

To use this file, download DevSpaces.ps1 to your machine

Then edit DevSpaces.ps1 line 10 and change the \$script:MmmSourceDirectory variable to point to the containing folder of the Serenity repository

Then edit your PowerShell profile and add a line to "dot-source" DevSpaces.ps1 like so:

```
. 'C:\Users\aa30hzz\DevSpaces.ps1'
```

Then, restart your PowerShell Core terminal

Then, create a new DevSpace like so (creates the default/kyle DevSpace):

```
New-DevSpace -Name kyle -Parent default
```

Then, deploy Serenity to the DevSpace like so:

```
Start-SerenityDevSpace -Name kyle
```

```
Use Stop-SerenityDevSpace and Remove-DevSpace to stop the DevSpace and remove the DevSpace.
```

## Scripts

NAME	WINDOWS	MACOS	LINUX
Configure Dev Spaces	<a href="#">DevSpaces.ps1</a>	<a href="#">DevSpaces.ps1</a>	<a href="#">new_dev_space.sh</a>



# Install Guide

You can download the tool from here: <https://xunit.net/>

XUnit is a unit testing tool for the .NET Framework



# Source Code Overview

The 3M IoT Platform Source Code is open-source and located on GitHub.com here: <https://github.com/3mcloud/azure-iot-platform-dotnet> You can work with the source code locally to better understand how the solution work or make improvements to the platform.

To get started, you

# Naming Branches and Pull requests

Branch and Pull Request naming conventions are used to keep track of different builds and now, as part of our move to open source, for change log documentation. This guide documents how to format the names (or "Titles") so we all standardize on the same convention.

## Title Format

The title of a Branch and PR format should conform to the conventions defined by [Conventional Commits v.1.0.0](#). The convention describes key flags that are picked up by the build process and recommends how to frame the body of the title, a human friendly description of the changes.

In summary, conventional syntax looks like this:

```
<type>[optional scope] <description>
```

In addition to following the conventions, all branches should be prefixed with the Work Item ID. Do not include the story type (Bug, User Story, etc.) or any separators between the id and the body, such as hyphens or colons. The next section summarizes these differences.

### Stage: On Create Branch

When creating a branch, prefix the title with the work item ID and then follow the conventional format.

For example:

```
15983 fix(webui) correct minor typos in code
```

### Stage: On Merge

When merging a branch, remove the prefixed work item id. Then Squash and Merge to commit the changes into master.

For example:

```
fix(webui) correct minor typos in code  
--
```



# Prerequisites

Once you've installed the appropriate tools according to your role, you need to configure your environment to begin working with the IoT Platform source code. To do so, complete the following setup instructions.

## One-Time Setup

Ensure the `AppConfigurationConnectionString` is set before building so that the `Mmm.Iot.Config.ClassGeneration` NuGet package can execute during build to automatically generate configuration classes in `./common/Services/Config` based on key-value pairs in Azure App Configuration and Azure Key Vault. This can be done in one of two ways:

1. Set an environment variable
2. Use `dotnet user-secrets` (recommended)

Either way, you will need to choose an Azure App Configuration instance and make note of its `<name>` and `<resource-group>` for use in the steps below.

### Set an environment variable

#### Windows

In a PowerShell shell:

```
[System.Environment]::SetEnvironmentVariable('AppConfigurationConnectionString', (az appconfig credential list --name <name> --resource-group <resource-group> --query "[?name=='Primary'].connectionString | [0]" --output tsv), 'User')
```

#### Non-Windows

Set the `AppConfigurationConnectionString` environment variable in the Bash configuration file of your choice.

### Use dotnet user-secrets

#### Windows

In a PowerShell shell:

```
dotnet user-secrets set --project ./src/services/common/Services/Services.csproj  
AppConfigurationConnectionString (az appconfig credential list --name <name> --resource-group <resource-group> --query "[?name=='Primary'].connectionString | [0]" --output tsv)
```

Then check the value of the secret:

```
dotnet user-secrets list --project ./src/services/common/Services/Services.csproj --json | Select-Object -Skip 1 | Select-Object -SkipLast 1 | ConvertFrom-Json | Select-Object -ExpandProperty AppConfigurationConnectionString
```

#### Non-Windows

In a Bash shell:

```
dotnet user-secrets set --project ./src/services/common/Services/Services.csproj  
AppConfigurationConnectionString `az appconfig credential list --name <name> --resource-group <resource-group> --query "[?name=='Primary'].connectionString | [0]" --output tsv`
```

Then check the value of the secret:

```
dotnet user-secrets list --project ./src/services/common/Services/Services.csproj --json | sed '1d;$d' | jq --raw-output '.AppConfigurationConnectionString'
```

# Building

## Build all services

```
dotnet build Mmm.Iot.sln
```

## Build an individual service

```
dotnet build ./<service-name>/<service-name>.sln
```

E.g., to build the Storage Adapter service:

```
dotnet build ./storage-adapter/storage-adapter.sln
```

## Build a Docker image for an individual service

You must provide a value for the `AppConfigurationConnectionString` environment variable to the Docker build. This value is a secret and must not be set directly in the Dockerfile via the `ENV` instruction. Therefore, you must provide the value in the `--build-args` option of the `docker build` command.

```
docker build --file ./<service-name>/WebService/Dockerfile --build-arg  
AppConfigurationConnectionString=$AppConfigurationConnectionString .
```

where `$AppConfigurationConnectionString` is either an environment variable or dotnet user secret.

E.g., to build the Storage Adapter container image:

```
docker build --file ./storage-adapter/WebService/Dockerfile --build-arg  
AppConfigurationConnectionString=$AppConfigurationConnectionString .
```

# Running

## Run all services

Azure DevSpaces

Non-Windows

First, setup your Azure DevSpaces for use

```
azds use \  
--name <Name of your managed kubernetes cluster> \  
--resource-group <Name of the resource group your cluster is within>
```

After setting up Azure DevSpaces, you can build and run each microservice in Azure DevSpaces. From the root of the project, run the script `up.sh`. To build and run each service in Azure DevSpaces.

```
./up.sh
```

Each service that is built and ran by `up.sh` has a unique url in the format of `http://my-dev-space.s.default.service-name.ABC1234DE.cus.azds.io`. You can use this url to begin making requests to each service's API endpoints.

## Run an individual service

The simplest is to use `dotnet run` to spin up a service on a random port on localhost:

```
dotnet run --project ./<service-name>/WebService/WebService.csproj
```

## Debugging

Use either Visual Studio or Visual Studio Code

# Working with 3M Cloud Repository

This documentation is about understanding the process of cloning the 3M cloud repository outside the 3M network to local machines and working with it.

1. Connect to Github with SSH
2. Clone solution
3. Creating new working branch
4. Commit and push the branch
5. Raise a pull request
6. PR Approval

## Connect to Github with SSH

Using the SSH protocol, you can connect and authenticate to remote servers and services. Use the steps below for connecting to github with SSH

**Check for existing keys/ Generate new key**

Check for existing keys: Before generating a new SSH key, you can check if you have any existing keys from [here](#). Generate a new key if you don't have an existing public and private key pair, or don't wish to use any that are available to connect to GitHub.

**Generate a new SSH key**

Generate a new SSH key: If there is any existing SSH key, this step can be skipped. Follow the [steps](#) to generate a new key.

**Add SSH key to ssh-agent**

Add SSH key to the ssh-agent: Once you have the key ready, follow the steps [here](#) to add your SSH key to the ssh-agent.

**Add SSH key to Github account**

Add SSH key to Github account: Once the key is added to the ssh-agent, login to Github and follow the steps [here](#) in order to add your SSH key to Gitub account.

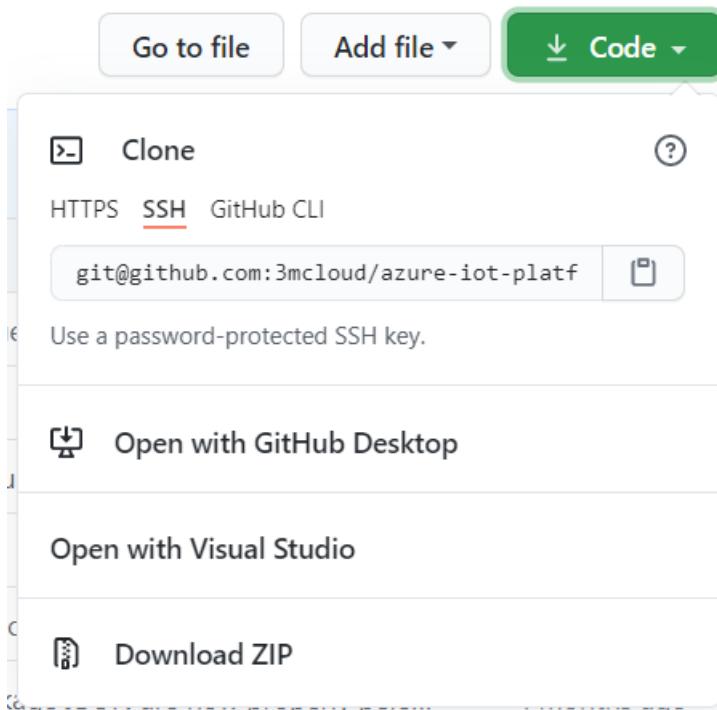
**Testing the SSH connection**

Testing the SSH connection: After you've set up your SSH key and added it to your GitHub account, you can test your connection by following the steps [here](#)

## Clone Solution

To clone the solution, do the following:

1. Login to Github
2. Navigate to 3M cloud [azure-iot-platform-dotnet](#) repository
3. Click on Code button as shown below, switch to SSH and copy the path to clone



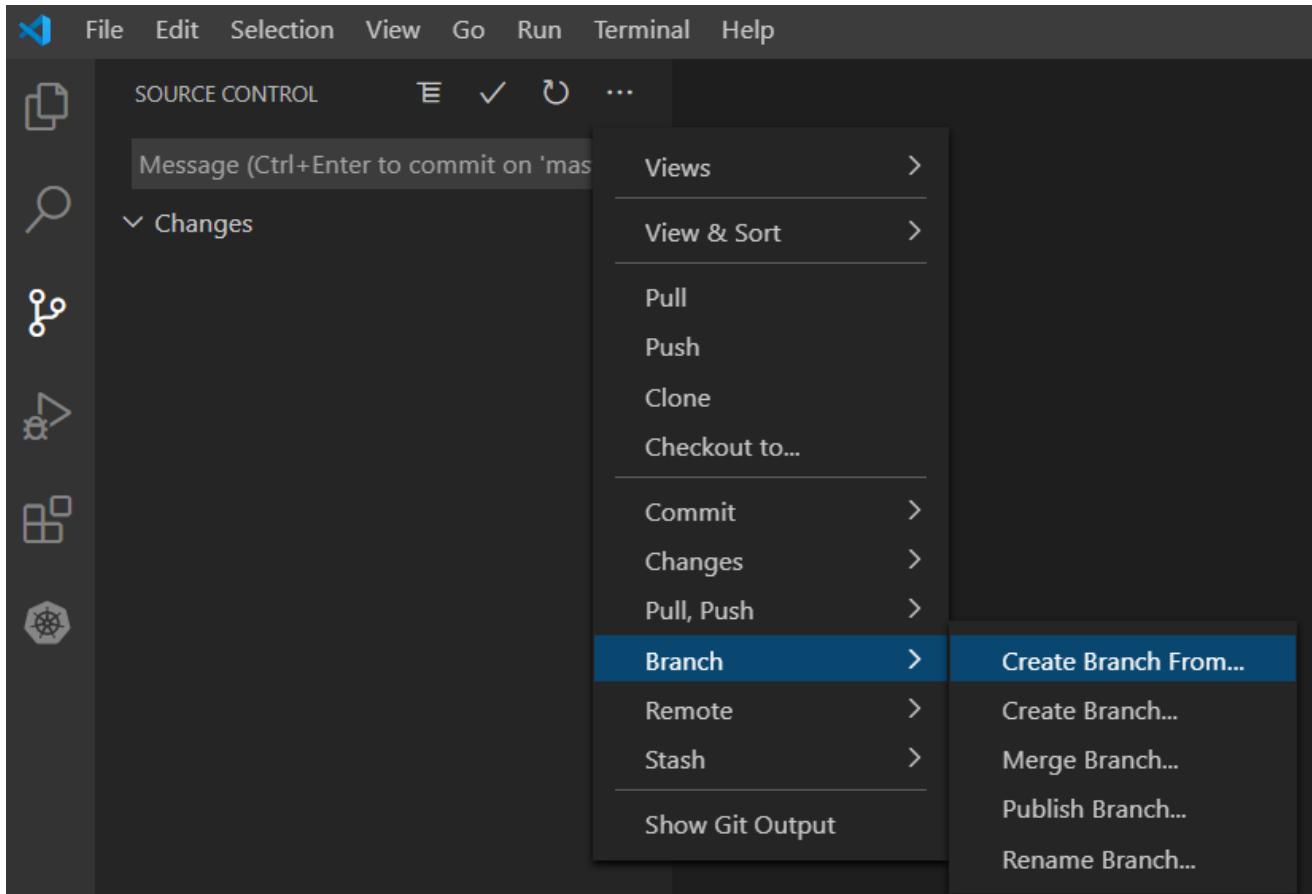
4. Clone the repository with this path from VS code/Visual Studio/Git bash or any other command liner

## Creating new working branch

1. Create a new branch from master branch either from terminal or from Source Control window/palette

Ex: Creating a new branch in VS Code:

1. Go to Source Control(Ctrl+Shift+G)
2. Click on Views and More Actions
3. Go to Branch => Create Branch From



2. The naming convention should be followed based on team guidelines for different work item types(user story/bug)

Ex: Branch name **for** a **user** story: userstory-<userstorynumber>-<title/shortdescription>

3. The new branch is setup and always make sure to keep your branch upto date before raising a pull request

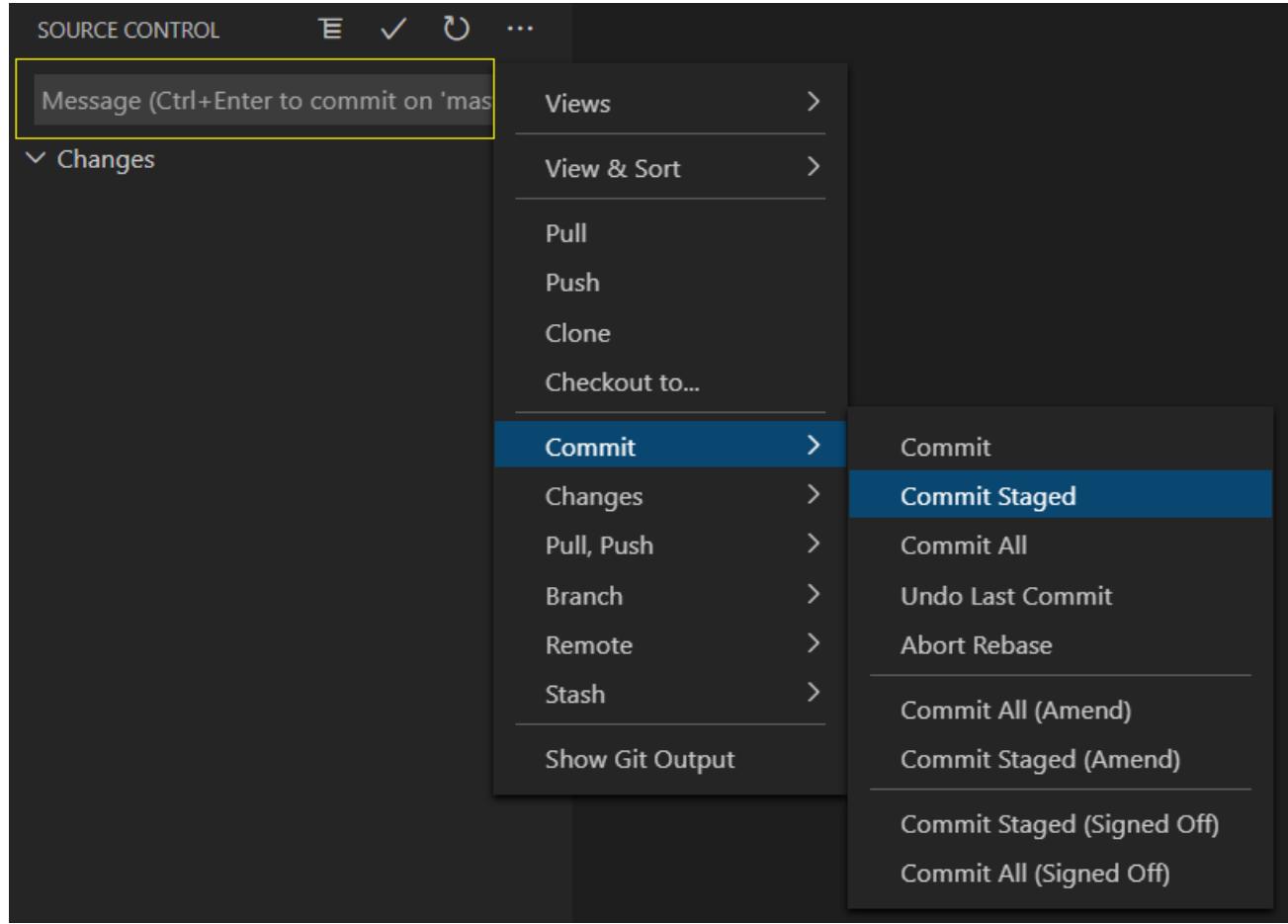
## Commit and push the branch

1. Once the changes are done, go to pending changes and stage the changes to check-in

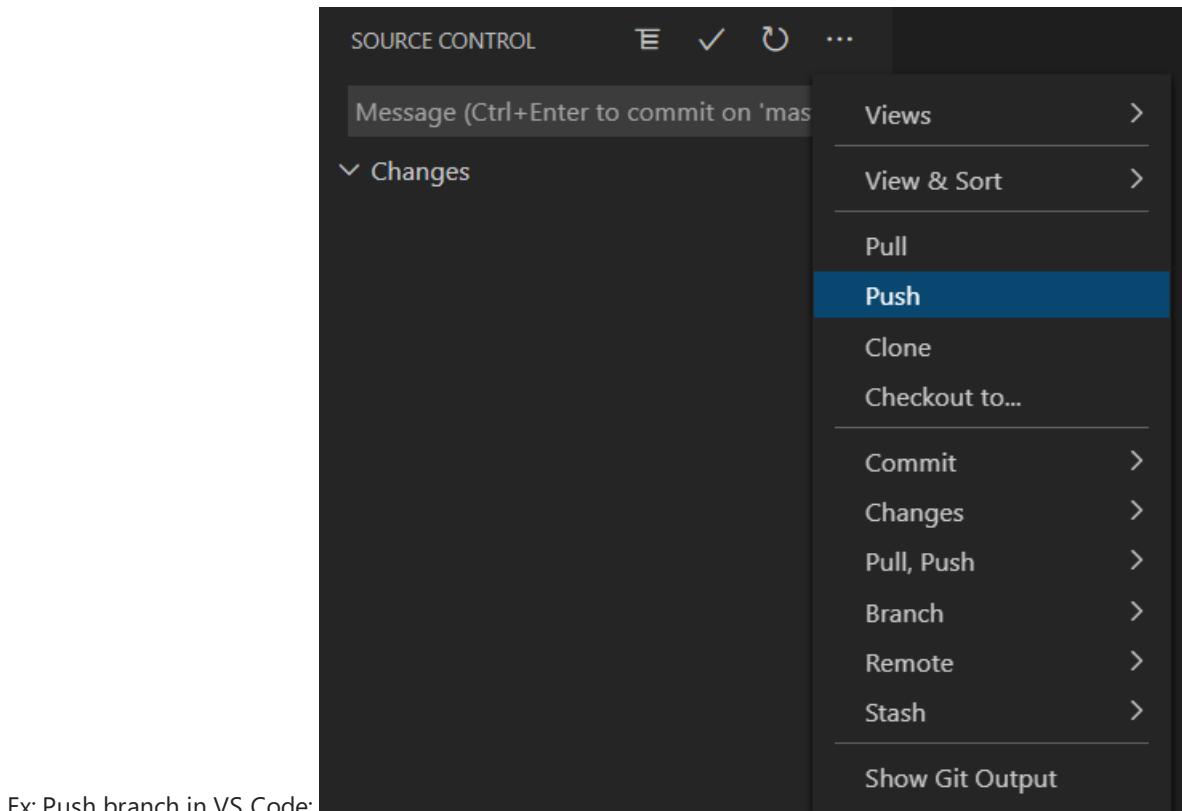
Note: Make sure to get latest/keep the branch in sync with master before committing in order to prevent any conflicts due to changes from the upstream

2. Enter the commit message with information about your changes and commit your changes

Ex: Committing staged changes in VS Code:



3. Once the changes are committed push the branch to origin



Ex: Push branch in VS Code:

## Raise a pull request

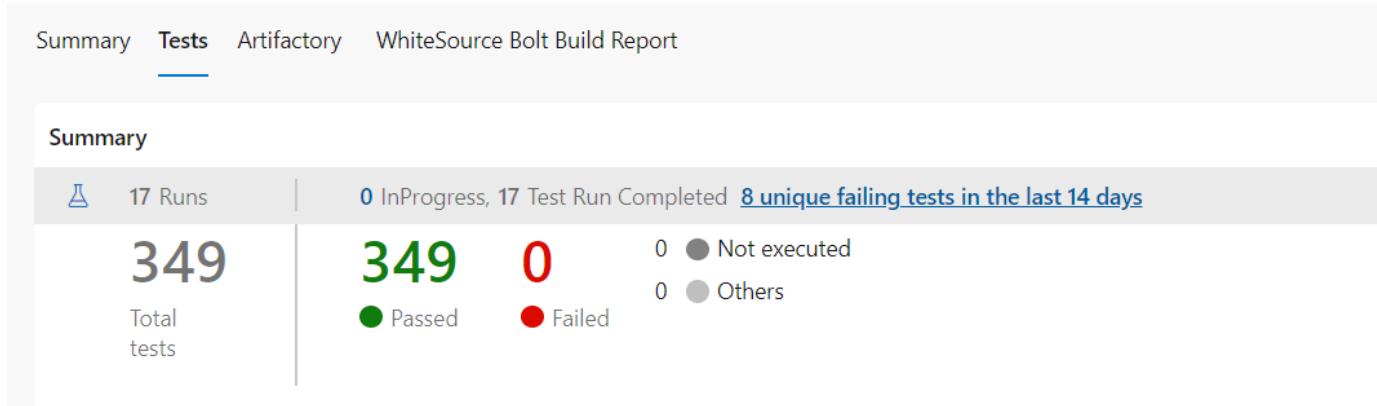
1. Login to VM
2. Open the browser and navigate to [pull requests tab](#)
3. Click "New pull request"
4. Select **base:master** and **compare:<your\_branch\_name>**
5. If required, review the commits and files changed
6. Give a brief description about the changes under Conversation tab
7. Add the revieweres if required and create the pull request

Note:

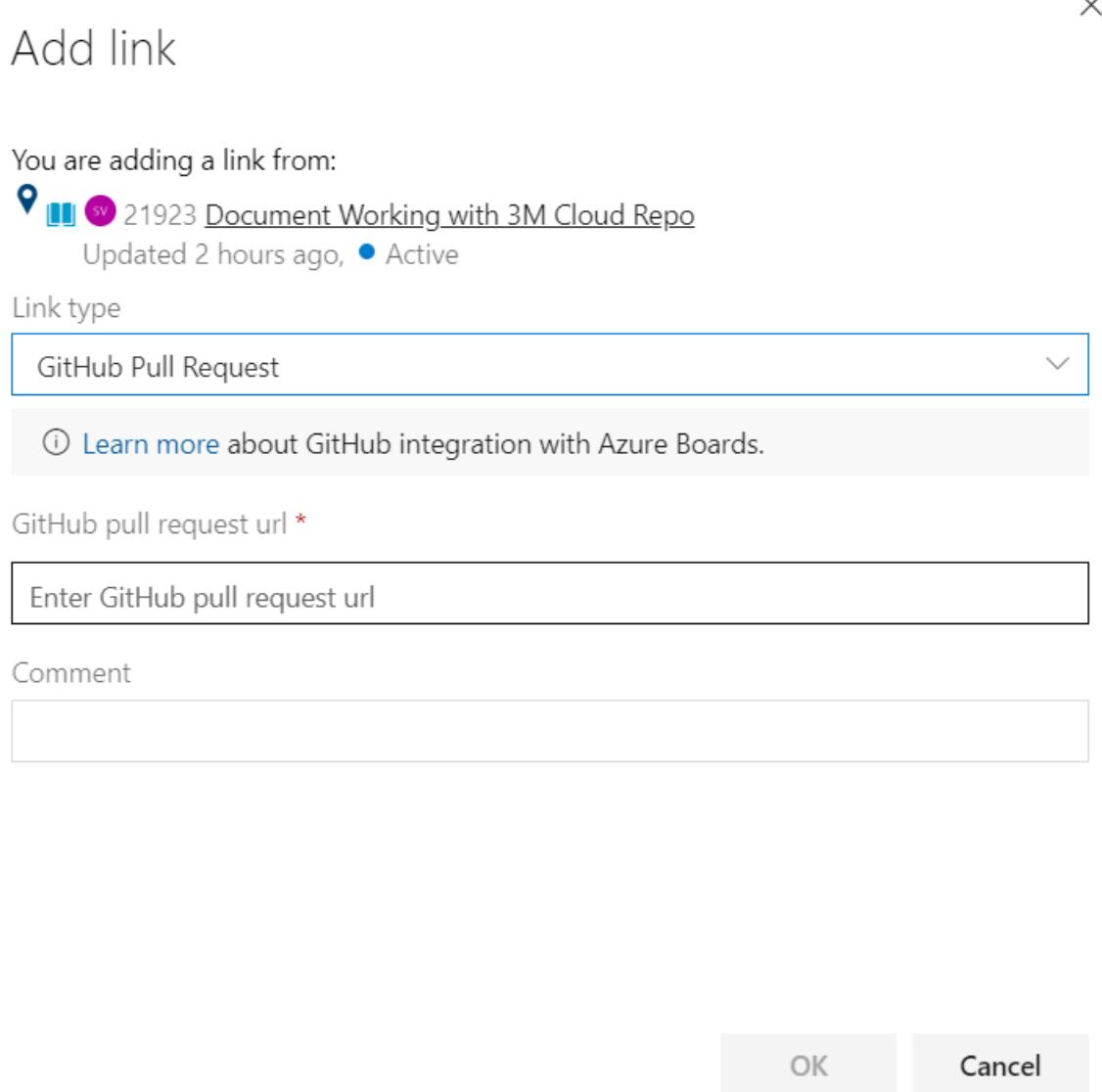
For more information on Naming branches and Pull requests, [check this](#)

## PR Approval

1. Notify others for review: Either post on Wiki or in a team's Communication channel regarding the Pull request
2. Address the changes requested or any merge conflicts
3. If a build runs with your PR, make sure that the checks are 100% passed. This can be viewed under "Checks" section.
4. Make sure that the tests are 100% passed(if there are any). Troubleshoot the errors if there are any. You can verify these under Tests tab in the build.



5. If the build fails, go through the log and address the issue/inform the team
6. If all the checks are passed, the PR is ready for approval.
7. Update the work item
  - o Set the status as Review
  - o Add discussion notes and attach any files if required for reference
  - o Link the Pull request. For this,
    1. Go to the respective work item
    2. Under Development section, select Add link
    3. Add link pop-up opens up
    4. Select the link type as "GitHub Pull request"
    5. Enter the Pull request url under "Github pull request url" field
    6. Add a comment if required and click "Ok"



- o Save the work item
8. Once the deployment to Development environment is completed:
  - o Test your changes
  - o Add appropriate notes
  - o Mark the work item as resolved

## Useful References

1. [Connecting to Github with SSH](#)

2. [Working with repositories in VS Code](#)
3. [Working with repositories in Git Extensions](#)



# Installing and Configuring 3M's Azure IoT Source Code

Assuming you've completed the major installs required to run the source code, you're now ready to clone the 3M repo and configure the solution on your local development environment.

To do so, requires the following steps:

1. Clone Repo
2. Configure Environment Settings
3. Update Source Code Dependencies
4. Build and Run

You might also want to watch the setup video: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aslCCW\\_1uiI](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aslCCW_1uiI)

## Grant KeyVault Access to Project

```
dotnet user-secrets set --project C:{your path}\src\services\common\Services\Services.csproj AppConfigConnectionString  
"Endpoint=https://crsliot-appconfig-dev.azureconfig.io;id=AMGf-l4-  
s0:rAtTcp3u1hOQszVB49Tg;Secret=R4VYRXHcDx8FqQxc9xNC4F16Mxt0yG4FReBFVxQF7ls="
```

## TODO

Organize content into the sections below and provide coverage of how/when to use: Icons in React JS Fluent Framework:  
<https://developer.microsoft.com/en-us/fluentui#/styles/web/icons>

<crsliot-aks-dev.centralus.cloudapp.azure.com>

### Web UI:

```
dotnet user-secrets set --project C:{your path}\src\services\common\Services\Services.csproj AppConfigConnectionString  
"Endpoint=https://crsliot-appconfig-dev.azureconfig.io;id=AMGf-l4-  
s0:rAtTcp3u1hOQszVB49Tg;Secret=R4VYRXHcDx8FqQxc9xNC4F16Mxt0yG4FReBFVxQF7ls="
```

```
.env NODE_PATH src/
```

### App config:

```
const baseUrl = "https://crsliot-aks-dev.centralus.cloudapp.azure.com"; //process.env.REACT_APP_BASE_SERVICE_URL || "";
```

```
dotnet user-secrets set --project C:\DevOps\OpenSource\azure-iot-platform-dotnet\src\services\common\Services\Services.csproj  
AppConfigurationConnectionString "Endpoint=https://crsliot-appconfig-dev.azureconfig.io;id=AMGf-l4-  
s0:rAtTcp3u1hOQszVB49Tg;Secret=R4VYRXHcDx8FqQxc9xNC4F16Mxt0yG4FReBFVxQF7ls="
```

```
dotnet build mmm.ios.sln C:\DevOps\OpenSource\azure-iot-platform-dotnet\webui
```

<https://github.mmm.com/mmm/azure-iot-services-dotnet>

```
npm install
```

```
npm start
```

## Clone Repo

There are many ways to clone the 3M Repo. Doing so depends on having Git installed. 3M IoT Platform on Azure - © 3M 2020

- Internal Repo: <https://github.mmm.com/mmm/azure-iot-services-dotnet>
- Public Repo: <https://github.com/3M-Company/azure-iot-platform-dotnet/>

## Configure Environment Settings

Use the relevant sections below to configure environment Settings

Follow recommendations here: <https://github.com/3M-Company/azure-iot-platform-dotnet/blob/master/docs/DEVELOPMENT.md> More information on configuring environment variables here.

WebUI Environment Variables Use the section below that matches your environment.

- Windows
- MAC
- LINUX

Docker and Kubernetes Settings

## WebUI Development Settings

It's necessary to set a few environment settings to get things up and running. Use the section below that matches your environment:

Update Source Code Dependencies

## Build and Run

If you have SASS issues run:

```
npm run lint -- --fix
```

## Check-in Changes

TODO: <https://desigmodo.com/react-ci-cd/>

## Services Development Settings

TODO: 3MC02YM21KJG5J:webui a9q25zz\$ export REACT\_APP\_BASE\_SERVICE\_URL="<https://crsliot-aks-dev.centralus.cloudapp.azure.com/>"

### References

Azure Iot UX Fluent Controls	<a href="https://www.microsoft.com/design/fluent/">https://www.microsoft.com/design/fluent/</a>	<a href="https://github.com/Azure/iot-ux-fluent-controls">https://github.com/Azure/iot-ux-fluent-controls</a>

## Library version updates in 3M source code

Web UI section

update "node-sass" version to "4.13.1"

**To install, use:**

```
npm install node-sass@4.13.1
```